Noncreditable Foods for Grades K-12 in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program

This guidance applies to the U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) meal patterns for grades

K-12 in the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), School Breakfast Program (SBP), and Seamless Summer Option (SSO) of the NSLP. For information on the meal pattern requirements and crediting foods for grades K-12, refer to the CSDE's Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12 and visit the CSDE's Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs and Crediting Foods in School Nutrition Programs webpages. For more information on the ASP meal patterns, visit the CSDE's ASP webpage.



Noncreditable foods are foods and beverages that do not count toward the USDA's meal patterns for Child Nutrition Programs. They include foods and beverages in amounts too small to credit (i.e., less than the minimum creditable amount) and foods and beverages that do not belong to the meal pattern components. Examples of noncreditable foods include potato chips, pudding, ice cream, gelatin, cream cheese, bacon, condiments (e.g., syrup, jam, ketchup, mustard, mayonnaise, and butter), and water. The chart on page 2 lists additional examples of noncreditable foods in the NSLP and SBP meal patterns for grades K-12. This list is not all-inclusive.

School food authorities (SFAs) may serve noncreditable foods in addition to the meal components to add variety, help improve acceptability in the meal, and satisfy appetites. Examples include maple syrup on pancakes, salad dressing on tossed greens, and condiments such as ketchup or mustard on sandwiches and other entrees.

To ensure that school meals meet children's nutritional needs, the CSDE encourages SFAs to use discretion when serving noncreditable foods. Noncreditable foods typically contain few nutrients and are higher in added sugars, saturated fats, and sodium. Menu planners should read labels, be aware of the ingredients in foods, and limit the frequency and amount of less nutritious choices.



Some noncreditable foods (such as candy, soda, coffee, tea, and sports drinks) cannot be sold in school nutrition programs due to federal or state requirements. For more information, visit the CSDE's Competitive Foods in Schools webpage and Beverage Requirements webpage.

Noncreditable foods offered as part of reimbursable meals for grades K-12 must count toward the weekly dietary specifications (nutrition standards) for school meals. They must contain zero trans fat and their inclusion cannot cause the menu to exceed the average weekly limits for calories, saturated fat, and sodium. For information on the dietary specifications, refer to section 6 of the CSDE's *Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12* and the "Dietary Specifications (Nutrition Standards for School Meals)" section of the CSDE's Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs webpage.

Examples of noncreditable foods for the NSLP and SBP meal patterns ¹

For additional guidance, refer to the footnotes on page 4.

Almond flour

Almond milk 2

Bacon (pork)

Bacon bits, regular or imitation

Banana chips

Bread products that are not whole grain-rich

(WGR) or enriched ³

Breakfast cereals (ready-to-eat and cooked) that

are not whole grain, whole grain-rich,

enriched, or fortified 4

Butter

Candy

Candy-coated popcorn

Cashew milk ²

Chili sauce

Chocolate milk-based drinks, e.g., Yoo-Hoo

Coconut flour

Coconut milk

Coffee (regular, decaffeinated, and iced)

Commercial processed products without a

Child Nutrition (CN) label or product

formulation statement (PFS), e.g., entrees,

smoothies, and breaded vegetables ⁵

Commercial smoothies that contain dietary or

herbal supplements

Condiments, e.g., ketchup, mustard,

relish, barbecue sauce

Cranberry cocktail drink

Cream, half and half

Cream cheese

Dehydrated vegetables used for

seasoning

Drinkable or squeezable yogurt

and yogurt drinks 6

Eggnog

Egg whites without the yolk

Frozen yogurt

Fruit drink, fruit beverage, powdered

fruit drink mix

Fruit leathers (100 percent fruit)

Fruit punch (not 100 percent juice)

Fruit snacks, e.g., fruit roll-ups, wrinkles,

and twists

Gelatin, regular and sugar free

Grain products that are not whole grain-

rich (WGR) or enriched ³

Home-canned products, e.g., vegetables

and fruits

Honey

Examples of noncreditable foods for the NSLP and SBP meal patterns ¹, continued

Hot chocolate

Ice cream and ice cream novelties

Ice milk
Iced coffee
Iced tea

Imitation cheese Jam and jelly

Ketchup Lemonade Limeade

Liquid egg substitutes

Maple syrup Margarine Marshmallows Mayonnaise

Milk, reduced fat (2%) and whole

Mustard

Nectar drinks

Nondairy milk substitutes that do not meet the USDA's nutrition standards for fluid milk substitutes ²

Nutrition supplement beverages, e.g., Abbott's Pediasure

Oat milk that does not meet the USDA's nutrition standards for fluid milk substitutes ²

Pickle relish

Popsicles (not 100 percent juice)

Potato chips

Powdered milk beverages, e.g., Nestle's NIDO

Probiotic dairy drinks

Pudding

Pudding pops
Rice milk ²

Salad dressings

Salt pork Scrapple Sherbet

Soda, regular and diet

Soups, commercial cream of vegetable, e.g., cream of broccoli, cream of mushroom, and cream of celery

Soups, commercial non-vegetable, e.g., beef barley, beef noodle, turkey or chicken noodle, and turkey or chicken rice

Sour cream

Soy milk that does not meet the USDA's nutrition standards for fluid milk substitutes ²

Sports drinks, regular and diet

Spreadable fruit

Syrup

Tea, regular, herbal, and iced

Tofu with less than 5 grams of protein in 2.2 ounces (weight) or ½ cup (volume) 7

Water 8

Yogurt products, e.g., drinkable or squeezable yogurt, frozen yogurt, yogurt bars, and yogurt-covered fruits and nuts

Footnotes

- Foods sold separately from reimbursable meals (a la carte) must meet the Connecticut Nutrition Standards (which apply to public school districts that participate in the healthy food option of Healthy Food Certification (HFC)) or the USDA Smart Snacks nutrition standards (which apply to public school districts that do not participate in the healthy food option of HFC, and to private schools and residential child care institutions). Beverages sold as part of and separately from reimbursable meals in public schools must comply with the state beverage requirements of Section 10-221q of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) and the USDA Smart Snacks nutrition standards. Some sales of foods and beverages are prohibited due to federal or state requirements. Review all noncreditable foods to ensure compliance before selling to students. For more information, visit the CSDE's webpages, Competitive Foods in Schools and Beverage Requirements webpages.
- Milk substitutes for children without a disability must meet the USDA's nutrition standards for fluid milk substitutes. For more information, refer to the to the CSDE's resource, Allowable Milk Substitutes for Children without Disabilities in School Nutrition Programs).
- ³ For guidance on identifying creditable grains, refer to the CSDE's resources, Crediting Whole Grains in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program, Crediting Enriched Grains in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program, and Meeting the Whole Grain-rich Requirement for the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program.
- ⁴ For guidance on creditable cereals, refer to the CSDE's resource, Crediting Breakfast Cereals for Grades K-12 in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program.
- ⁵ Commercial products without a CN label or PFS cannot credit in preschool meals and snacks. For more information, refer to the CSDE's resources, Using Product Formulation Statements in the School Nutrition Programs and Using Child Nutrition (CN) Labels in the School Nutrition Programs, and Accepting Processed Product Documentation in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program; and the USDA's Tips for Evaluating a Manufacturer's Product Formulation Statement. Additional guidance is available in the "Crediting Commercial Processed Products" section of the CSDE's Crediting Foods in School Nutrition Programs webpage. Training on the requirements for CN labels and PFS forms is available in Module 6: Meal Pattern Documentation of the CSDE's training program, What's in a Meal: National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program Meal Patterns for Grades K-12.
- ⁶ For guidance on crediting yogurt, refer to the CSDE's resource, Crediting Yogurt for Grades K-12 in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program.
- ⁷ For guidance on crediting tofu, refer to the CSDE's resource, Crediting Tofu and Tofu Products in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program.
- SFAs must make drinking water available to children at no charge where meals are served during the meal service, including the ASP. However, SFAs cannot promote or offer water or any other beverage as an alternative selection to fluid milk throughout the food service area. For more information, refer to USDA Memo SP 49-2016 and CACFP 18-2016: Resources for Making Potable Water Available in Schools and Child Care Facilities and USDA Memo SP 19-2018: Clarification on the Milk and Water Requirements in the School Meal Programs. Training on the water requirement is available in Module 14: Water Availability during Meal Service of the CSDE's training program, What's in a Meal: National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program Meal Patterns for Grades K-12.

Resources

Allowable Milk Substitutes for Children without Disabilities in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE): https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/SpecDiet/Milk_Substitutes_SNP.pdf

Calculation Methods for Grain Ounce Equivalent for Grades K-12 in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program (CSDE):

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Crediting/Grain_Calculation_SNP_grades_K-12.pdf

Comparison of Meal Pattern Requirements for Preschool and Grades K-12 in the ASP:

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/ASP/ASP_Comparison_Preschool_K12.pdf

Competitive Foods in Schools (CSDE webpage):

https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Competitive-Foods

Connecticut Nutrition Standards (CSDE webpage):

https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Connecticut-Nutrition-Standards

Crediting Commercial Meat/Meat Alternate Products in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program (CSDE):

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Crediting/Credit_Commercial_MMA_SNP.pdf

Crediting Enriched Grains in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program (CSDE):

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Crediting/Credit_Enriched_Grains_SNP.pdf

Crediting Foods in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE):

https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Crediting-Foods-in-School-Nutrition-Programs

Crediting Summary Charts for the Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in the School Nutrition Programs (CSDE):

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Crediting/Crediting_Summary_Charts_SNP_Grades_K-12.pdf

Crediting Whole Grains in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program (CSDE):

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Crediting/Credit_Whole_Grains_SNP.pdf

Food Buying Guide for Child Nutrition Programs (USDA):

https://www.fns.usda.gov/tn/food-buying-guide-for-child-nutrition-programs

Healthy Food Certification (CSDE webpage):

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https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Healthy-Food-Certification
List of Acceptable Foods and Beverages (CSDE webpage):
   https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/List-of-Acceptable-Foods-and-Beverages
Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage):
   https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Meal-Patterns-School-Nutrition-Programs
Meeting the Whole Grain-rich Requirement for the NSLP and SBP Meal Patterns for
   Grades K-12 (CSDE):
   https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Crediting/
   WGR_Requirement_SNP_grades_K-12.pdf
Menu Planning for Child Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage):
   https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Menu-Planning
Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12 in the National School Lunch Program
   and School Breakfast Program (CSDE):
   https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Menu-Planning-Guide-for-School-Meals
Resources for the School Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (CSDE):
   https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/MealPattern/
   Resources_School_Meal_Patterns_grades_K-12.pdf
USDA Memo SP 19-2018: Clarification on the Milk and Water Requirements in the School Meal
   Programs.
   https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Memos/OM2018/SP19-2018s.pdf
USDA Memo SP 49-2016 and CACFP 18-2016: Resources for Making Potable Water Available in
   Schools and Child Care Facilities:
   https://www.fns.usda.gov/resources-making-potable-water-available-schools-and-child-care-
   facilities-0
Using Child Nutrition (CN) Labels in the School Nutrition Programs (CDSE):
   https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Crediting/CN_Labels_SNP.pdf
Using Product Formulation Statements in the School Nutrition Programs (CSDE):
   https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Crediting/
   Product Formulation Statements.pdf
What's in a Meal Module 6: Meal Pattern Documentation (CSDE's Training Program,
   What's in a Meal: National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program Meal Patterns
   for Grades K-12):
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https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Meal-Pattern-Training-Materials



For more information, refer to the CSDE's *Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12* and visit the CSDE's Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs and Crediting Foods in School Nutrition Programs webpages, or contact the school nutrition programs staff at the Connecticut State Department of Education, Bureau of Child Nutrition Programs, 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 504, Hartford, CT 06103-1841.

This document is available at https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Crediting/Noncreditable_Foods_SNP_grades_K-12.pdf.

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