

# STATE OF CONNECTICUT Office of Policy and Management

## **FINAL**

# State Strategic Plan 2020 JAG Application

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Office of Policy and Management
Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division
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## 1. The Connecticut Criminal Justice System and the State Administrative Agency (SAA)

The State of Connecticut has a centralized and unified criminal justice system. Connecticut is divided into 169 municipalities. There is no county government. There is no overlap of functions such as might arise with county government or a multi-tier court system. The Judicial Branch operates a single tier, unified court system with an intermediate appellate court and a supreme court. With the exception of local police services in the larger communities, all criminal justice functions are provided by state agencies.

All of the criminal and juvenile justice formula grant programs emanating from the U. S. Department of Justice, except the Victims of Crime Act, are administered by the same unit within the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division of the Office of Policy and Management (OPM). The Office of Policy and Management, the state administrative agency (SAA) for the JAG Grant, is well positioned to coordinate JAG Grant activities with other federal and state initiatives given that it is the state's budget and planning agency.

In addition to serving as the SAA for the JAG grant, the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD) of OPM is statutorily required to develop strategic plans to improve the outcomes and operation of the criminal justice system. The CJPPD collaborates with the state criminal justice agencies and local governments in assessing and analyzing existing functions and identifying opportunities for improvements in services to promote greater public safety. The CJPPD Undersecretary serves as the chair of the **Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission (CJPAC)**. By statute (Sec. 4. Section 18-87j), the CJPAC is directed to:

- (1) Develop and recommend policies for preventing prison and jail overcrowding;
- (2) Examine the impact of statutory provisions and current administrative policies on prison and jail overcrowding and recommend legislation to the Governor and the General Assembly;
- (3) Research and gather relevant statistical data and other information concerning the impact of efforts to prevent prison and jail overcrowding and make such information available to criminal justice agencies and members of the General Assembly;
- (4) Advise the undersecretary of the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division on policies and procedures to promote more effective and cohesive state criminal justice and juvenile justice systems and to develop and implement the offender reentry strategy.

### 2. Statement of Need

The totality of the service needs of the Connecticut criminal justice system can best be demonstrated through the examination of the of the budgeted entities and organizations of Connecticut state agencies and organizations, municipal law enforcement agencies and the non-profit community sector serving offenders and victims. **Table 1** provides a comprehensive list of the budgeted entities that make up the Connecticut criminal justice system.

Table 1
Budgeted Entities and Organizations
Of the Connecticut Criminal Justice System

Entity/Organization	Proposed Gov's Budget FY 2020
Courts/Probation/Juvenile Justice	
Judicial Branch	\$516,227,000.00
Court Support Services Division (included in JUD above)	
State Law Enforcement/Prosecution	
Chief State's Attorney	\$51,147,000.00
Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection (DESPP)	\$253,281,000.00
State University Police Forces (UCONN, ECSU, CCSU, SCSU, WCSU)	
(estimated salaries - sworn staff only)	\$9,590,000.00
<u>Defender Services</u>	12,222,222
Chief Public Defender	\$66,773,000.00
Adult Corrections	
Department of Correction	\$616,477,000.00
Board of Pardons and Paroles (included in DOC above)	
Mental Health and Addiction Services	
Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS)	\$698,697,000.00
Juvenile Delinquency and Child Protective Services	
Department of Children and Families (DCF)	\$788,802,000.00
Office of the Child Advocate	\$670,000.00
Victim Advocacy	
Office of the Victim Advocate	\$406,000.00
Forensic Services	
Office of the Chief Medical Examiner	\$7,015,000.00
Data/Research/Planning and Policy/System Improvement	
Office of Policy and Management	
Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division	\$1,600,000.00
(estimated salary expense)	
Grand Total State Government	\$3,010,685,000.00
CT Municipal Law Enforcement	Estimated Budget 2019
CT Municipal Law Enforcement Agencies (estimated salaries -	
sworn staff only)	\$490,000,000.00
Grand Total Municipal Government	\$490,000,000.00
·	Estimated
Services in Private/Non-profit community	Budget 2019
Offender Services in private/non-profit community	N/A
Victim Services in private/non-profit community	N/A
Grand Total Private/Non-profit Community	N/A
	An man con cos co
Grant Total Connecticut Criminal Justice System	\$3,500,685,000.00

### 3. How the State Allocates JAG Program Funding

Connecticut's allocation of its annual JAG allocation of \$1.6 to \$1.7 million dollars is generally dependent upon an analysis of which agency/entity may be requesting/requiring funding, what is the nature of the project being proposed, does the project have performance metrics that can be adequately measured, and how, and at what decision point, will the criminal justice system is be measurably impacted through increased process flow efficiencies, firm/sustainable cost reductions and outright diversion from the criminal system.

Those allocation decisions may be further impacted by current Administration criminal justice priorities, current or unforeseen violent crime events, Federal mandates, issue areas and priorities emanating from the Connecticut General Assembly or the wide variety of criminal justice policy and planning groups that are meeting regularly to examine criminal justice issues in Connecticut.

The Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division of the Office of Policy and Management holds a unique place in the Connecticut criminal justice system owing to its enabling legislation in 2005 (see Public Act 05-249 and codified in Sec. 4-68m through 4-68r of the Connecticut General Statutes). The Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD) has been given deep and broad statutory authority and mandates to coordinate criminal justice policy, planning and data collection activities across the Executive and Judicial branches of government.

The State of Connecticut is well placed to be a national leader in its data driven criminal justice policy, planning and program evaluation analyses owing to its statutory mandates to produce (1) a monthly indicator document of system variables (which have been tracked since 2006), (2) an annual prison population forecast report and (3) an annual recidivism study of Connecticut offenders.

Chart 1 below (e.g., the process flow and systemic decision points in the Connecticut criminal Justice System) presents the monthly input and output model designed to explain the flow of offenders through the Connecticut criminal justice system – from arrest to admissions status to release status and discharge. These statistics are adjusted every month (and published regularly) based on actual counts of offender movements through the system.

The state of Connecticut will continue to use this input/output model and its more comprehensive monthly indicators report (see Appendix A: Monthly Indicators Report) to analyze and evaluate project proposals put forth under the JAG program for potential funding.

Chart 1: Connecticut Criminal Justice System: Monthly Counts and Flows

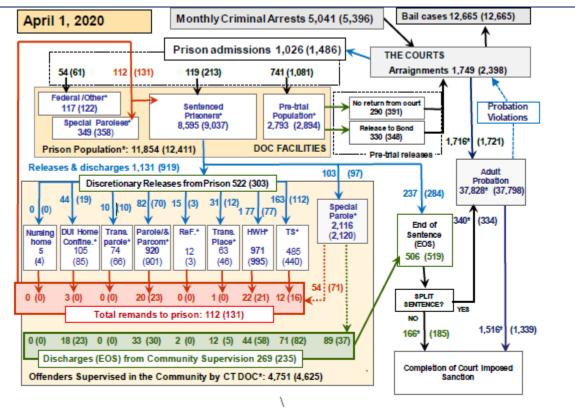


Chart 2 contains monthly operations data for March 2020 and daily counts reported on April 1, 2020. Asterisks (\*) indicate the daily count on April 1st. Figures for last month are enclosed by parentheses. Sources: Arrests – CRMVS, Court and probation data - CSSD, all other data - CT DOC.

**Source:** April 2020Monthly Indicator Report (April2020). K. Baudoin, K. Bobula, Office of Policy and Management, Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division

### 4. Consultation with Connecticut Criminal Justice Stakeholders

### A. Criminal Justice Stakeholder Policy and Planning Groups

It is important to understand the absolute number and breadth of Criminal Justice Stakeholder Policy and Planning Groups that meet regularly to analyze and evaluate the state of the Connecticut criminal justice system from unique and alternative points of view. Project proposals for the use of JAG funds can, and often do, emanate from the deliberations of these statewide criminal justice policy and planning groups.

### B. Public Access to Criminal Justice Public Policy Decision-making

It is also important to note the majority of these statewide criminal justice policy and planning meetings are televised via streaming media and dedicated cable television channels found throughout Connecticut. The Connecticut Network (CT-N) is funded by the Connecticut General Assembly and represents itself as the citizen's source for complete and balanced television and webcast coverage of Connecticut state government and public policy.

"It is the mission of the Connecticut Network to provide Connecticut's citizens with access to unbiased information about state government deliberations and public policy events through noncommercial television coverage and other relevant technologies in order to educate the public and advance the public's understanding of political processes and the development of public policy."

The Connecticut Network (CT-N) web page can be found at this web address.

On March 10, 2020, in response to the global pandemic of COVID 19, Governor Ned Lamont issued Executive Order No. 7, in which he declared a public health emergency and civil preparedness emergency throughout the State of Connecticut, pursuant to Sections 19a-131 a and 28-9 of the Connecticut General Statutes. He has issued numerous Executive Orders, including orders directing individuals to stay at home during the pandemic. Due to this change in circumstances, public meetings are being held on a variety of platforms, including via videoconference and teleconference lines. Best efforts continue to be made by CJPPD and other system stakeholders to make these meetings available to the public and stakeholders utilizing CT-N, Microsoft Teams Live Events, YouTube, the CJPPD website and other such technologies.

### C. The Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission (CJPAC)

The Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission, commonly referred to as CJPAC, is the principle cross-branch, interagency planning group that meets regularly to address strategic planning and policy issues affecting the Connecticut Criminal Justice system. By statute, the CJPAC is chaired by the Undersecretary for Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division of the Office of Policy and Management.

CJPAC includes the following state and local government agencies and non-profit community-based organizations. Each of the organizations listed below is **hyperlinked** to their home page to provide for a

more detailed evaluation and analysis of their core criminal justice functions in Connecticut State government and the non-profit community.

### • Department of Correction (DOC)

All jails and prisons in Connecticut are operated under authority of DOC.

### • <u>Judicial Branch Courts (JUD)</u>

All criminal courts in Connecticut are operated under authority of the Judicial Branch.

### • <u>Judicial Branch Court Support Services Division</u> (JB CSSD)

The Court Support Services Division (CSSD) oversees pretrial services, family services, divorce and domestic violence, probation supervision of adults and juveniles as well as juvenile residential centers including Juvenile Detention. CSSD also administers a network of statewide contracted community providers that deliver treatment and other support services

### Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS)

DMHAS is responsible for publicly funded mental health and substance abuse services statewide. DMHAS Forensic Division (DMHAS DFS) funds services and housing for people with mental illness and/or addictions who are justice involved.

### • Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection (DESPP)

DESPP includes the Division of State Police and serves as the local law enforcement agency for sixty-eight small local government jurisdictions.

### <u>Division of Public Defender Services</u> (DPDS)

DPDS provides legal counsel to "indigent" accused adults and juveniles state-wide.

### Division of Criminal Justice (DCJ) (Prosecutors)

All criminal matters in Connecticut are prosecuted under authority of DCJ.

#### Connecticut Police Chiefs Association (CPCA)

Represents local government law enforcement perspective of policy reform.

### Connecticut Coalition Against Domestic Violence (CCADV) (victim advocacy organization)

CCADV is a non-profit organization which advocates for policy reforms to protect victims of domestic violence.

### Connecticut Alliance to End Sexual Violence (CAESV) (victim advocacy organization)

CAESV is a non-profit organization which advocates for policy reforms to protect victims of sexual violence.

### Public Members

CJPAC has met regularly, virtually every month, since 2006. CPAC's member list, agendas, meeting minutes, presentations and meeting videos are available at this web address. Appendix B, Criminal

**Justice Policy Advisory Commission,** of this document includes those same items for the 22 month period June 2017 to April 2019.

### D. Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) Governing Board

The CJIS Governing Board, created by Public Act 99-14, in 1999 was charged with the following: "design and implement a comprehensive, state-wide system to facilitate the immediate, seamless and comprehensive sharing of information between all state agencies, departments, boards and commissions having any cognizance over matters relating to law enforcement and criminal justice, and organized local police departments and law enforcement officials."

Additionally, P.A. 08-01 expanded the membership of the governing board and added provisions for an executive director and staff to fulfill the requirements of the statutory mandates. The new system was established as the Connecticut Information Sharing System (CISS). CISS is the technical capability to be used by agencies with criminal justice responsibilities to improve the sharing of actionable information to those agencies involved in the management of crime data and criminal offenders.

CJIS Governing Board stakeholder agencies include the following State agencies and organizations. Each of the organizations listed below is <a href="https://example.com/hyperlinked">hyperlinked</a> to their home page to provide for a more detailed evaluation and analysis of their core criminal justice functions in Connecticut State government.

- Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection
- Judicial Branch's Office of Chief Court Administrator
- Judicial Branch's <u>Court Support Services Division</u>
- Judicial Branch's <u>Superior Court Operations</u>
- Division of Criminal Justice, Office of the Chief State's Attorney
- Division of Public Defender Services, Office of Chief Public Defender
- Department of Correction
- Board of Pardons and Paroles
- Department of Motor Vehicles
- Office of Victim Advocate
- Office of Policy and Management, Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division
- Department of Administrative Services IT Services
- Connecticut Police Chiefs Association

A more complete and comprehensive explanation of the CJIS Governing Board is available at this <u>web</u> address.

#### **E. Connecticut Sentencing Commission**

The Connecticut Sentencing Commission has been established by Connecticut General Statutes Sec. 54-300.

The mission of the organization is also articulated within the enabling statute:

"...the mission of the commission shall be to review the existing criminal sentencing structure in the state and any proposed changes thereto, including existing statutes, proposed criminal justice legislation and existing and proposed sentencing policies and practices and make recommendations to the Governor, the General Assembly and appropriate criminal justice agencies."

The Commission is made up of members from the Judicial Branch, Executive Branch criminal justice stakeholder agencies, police chiefs, private sector citizens and includes the Undersecretary of Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division of the Office of Policy and Management. The complete membership list is available at this web address.

A more complete and comprehensive explanation of the Connecticut Sentencing Commission is available at this **web address**.

### F. Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee (JJPOC)

The Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee (JJPOC) was established by Section 79, of Public Act 14-217 "to evaluate policies related to the Juvenile Justice system and the expansion of juvenile jurisdiction to include persons sixteen and seventeen years of age".

The JJPOC has met regularly (every 4-6 weeks), beginning in October of 2014. In addition, the JJPOC includes 4 major working groups encompassing approximately 100 participants across all the major juvenile justice stakeholder agencies and Connecticut child advocacy organizations: 1) Cross Agency Data Sharing Workgroup; 2) Recidivism Reduction Work Group; 3) Incarceration Work Group and 4) Diversion Work Group. The work of the committee is facilitated by its research partner: Tow Youth Justice Institute at the University of New Haven Henry C. Lee College of Criminal Justice and Forensic Sciences.

A more complete and comprehensive explanation of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee (JJPOC), the membership list, agendas, meeting minutes, presentations and meeting videos are available at this **web address**.

### G. Racial Profiling Prohibition Project Advisory Board

The Alvin W. Penn Racial Profiling Prohibition Act (Public Act 99-198) was first enacted in 1999 in the State of Connecticut. The law prohibits any law enforcement agency in the state from stopping, detaining, or searching motorists when the stop is motivated solely by considerations of the race, color, ethnicity, age, gender, or sexual orientation of that individual (Connecticut General Statutes Sections 54-11 and 54-1m).

In 2012, the Racial Profiling Prohibition Project Advisory Board was established to advise the Office of Policy and Management (OPM) in adopting the law's standardized methods and guidelines. The Institute for Municipal and Regional Policy (IMRP) at Central Connecticut State University was tasked to help oversee the design, evaluation, and management of the racial profiling study mandated by Public Act No. 12-74 and Public Act No. 13-75, "An Act Concerning Traffic Stop Information." The project staff worked with the state's Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) to develop a system to collect consistent and universal traffic stop information and submit it to CJIS electronically on a monthly basis.

The Advisory Board is made up of members from Executive Branch criminal justice stakeholder agencies, the Connecticut Department of Motor Vehicles, the Connecticut Department of Transportation, police chiefs, members of the Connecticut General Assembly and human rights and opportunities advocacy organizations - both internal and external to state government. The complete membership list is available at this <u>web address</u>.

A more complete and comprehensive explanation of the Connecticut Racial Profiling Prohibition Project, its annual reports and data repositories is available at this **web address**.

### 5. Data Gathering to Support Evidence Based Program Funding

The state of Connecticut has a multitude of existing and proposed processes for gathering data and developing and using evidence-based and evidence-gathering approaches in support of funding decisions.

### A. Statutory Foundation for Data Collection and Analysis in Connecticut

The enabling statutes (see Public Act 05-249 and codified in <u>Sec. 4-68m through 4-68r of the Connecticut General Statutes</u>) for the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division provides for comprehensive access to criminal justice system data across the Judicial Branch and key criminal justice stakeholder agencies:

Sec. 68 m (C.G.S)

- (e) (1) At the request of the division, the Department of Correction, the Board of Pardons and Paroles, the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, the Chief Court Administrator, the executive director of the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch, the Chief State's Attorney and the Chief Public Defender shall provide the division with information and data needed by the division to perform its duties under subsection (b) of this section.
- (2) The division shall have access to individualized records maintained by the Judicial Branch and the agencies specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection as needed for research purposes. The division, in collaboration with the Judicial Branch and the agencies specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection, shall develop protocols to protect the privacy of such individualized records consistent with state and federal law. The division shall use such individualized records for statistical analyses only and shall not use such records in any other manner that would disclose the identity of individuals to whom the records pertain.

The results of having this kind of comprehensive access to criminal justice system data is clearly demonstrated in the portfolio of research products developed by the **Research Unit** of the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (see next).

### B. Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division Research Unit and Statistical Analysis Center

The Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD) contains a 3 person Research Unit – led by the director of the state Statistical Analysis Center (SAC). The work of the unit is generally defined by (1) regular (mandated) scheduled reports and (2) special studies and statistical analyses - generally original research - aimed at (1) identifying critical policy and planning issues through the examination of the demographics or criminogenic behaviors or risk factors of a particular cohort of the incarcerated (or paroled, etc.) inmate population or, (2) endeavoring to understand baseline business process flows of the stakeholder agencies within the Connecticut criminal justice system and the impact of those business process flows on the efficient movement of offenders into and out of the system.

The work of the Research unit can be found (or referenced) on the home page of the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division at this <u>web address</u>.

Additional geospatial analyses can be found on the CT Statistical Analyses Center website.

Specific links to a representative sample of the Research unit's work can be found in **Appendix C**: **Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division Research Unit and Statistical Analysis Center**.

### C. Criminal Justice Information System/CISS Development

The Connecticut Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) was established to design and implement an information technology system to be used by Connecticut Criminal Justice and Law Enforcement Agencies (LEAs) to share Criminal Justice information in a secure environment, thereby enhancing informed decision-making.

As part of the changes put forth by P.A. 08-01 (later codified as CGS 54-142s), the CJIS Governing Board was charged with designing and implementing a comprehensive, State-wide system to facilitate the sharing of information between all Criminal Justice Agencies. A plan for a new information sharing system, the Connecticut Information Sharing System (CISS), was established.

Now operational, the Connecticut Information Sharing System (CISS) is a comprehensive, state-wide criminal justice information technology system that provides the ability to electronically share offender information within Connecticut's criminal justice community. CISS will take data input from criminal justice databases and make it searchable to law enforcement and justice officials with the proper security clearance and credentials. This information includes data capture of offender violations, as well as the retrieval of judicial, criminal offender, and DMV information. Data can be in text, audio, video, and graphical format. Connecticut's criminal justice community consists of eleven criminal justice agencies with over 23,000 staff members and utilizes fifty-two information systems to support its business needs.

A comprehensive presentation of the benefits of this system is available at this web address.

The development of this project has been supported by a \$60 million investment of State bond funds.

### D. Public Act 19-59: An Act Increasing Fairness and Transparency in the Criminal Justice System

A current data development activity in Connecticut, sponsored by Governor Ned Lamont, is centered on the passage of Public Act 19-59: An Act Increasing Fairness and Transparency in the Criminal Justice System.

According to the language of the Public Act, the Division of Criminal Justice (the state's prosecuting attorneys), in consultation with the Judicial Branch, the Department of Correction and the criminal Justice Information System Governing Board, shall collect:

(1) Arrests, including data on citations, summonses, custody arrests, warrants and on-site arrests;

- (2) Arraignments of individuals in custody;
- (3) Continuances;
- (4) Diversionary programs, including data on program applications, program diversions, successful completions by defendants of such programs, failures by defendants to complete such programs and people in diversion on the first of the month;
- (5) Contact between victims and prosecutorial officials, including data on cases involving victims;
- (6) Dispositions, including data on pending cases and cases disposed of;
- (7) Nonjudicial sanctions, including data on nonjudicial sanctions applied, successful completion of nonjudicial sanctions, failure of nonjudicial sanctions and persons on nonjudicial sanction status on the first of the month;
- (8) Plea agreements, including data on total plea agreements, agreements involving probation, agreements involving prison, other agreements and prosecutor's last best offer;
- (9) Cases going to trial, including data on cases added per month, pending trial cases, plea offers accepted by the court per month, plea offers rejected by the court per month, disposition by trial, disposition involving probation, disposition involving prison and other dispositions;
- (10) Demographics, including data on race, sex, ethnicity and age;
- (11) Court fees or fines, including those imposed by the court at the disposition of the defendant's case and any outstanding balance the defendant may have on such fees or fines;
- (12) Restitution amounts ordered pursuant to subsection (c) of 56 section 53a-28 of the general statutes, including any amount collected by the court and any amount paid to a victim; and (13) The zip code of the defendant's primary residence.

Per the Public Act, the Office of Policy and Management must make a presentation of their findings to the Connecticut Criminal Justice Commission regarding their findings based upon an analysis of this data.

The complete Public Act language is available at this web address.

### E. NCHIP Investment in Critical State Criminal History Repositories

The Office of Policy and Management is also the prime recipient of National Criminal History Improvement Program (NHIP) grant funds from the Department of Justice. This grant funds are being used to both enhance and rebuild the two major criminal history repositories in the Connecticut criminal justice system:

- The **Criminal Motor Vehicle System (CRMVS)** a statewide Judicial Branch Criminal and Motor Vehicle Court Case Management application.
- The Computerized Criminal History (CCH) database system managed by the Department of Emergency Management and Public Protection

Among many NCHIP projects implemented over the years, this funding stream has been used to respond to NCHIP goals and objectives for improving Connecticut's criminal history system, enhancing participation in the Interstate Identification Index (III), interfacing with NICS, implementing a sex offender registry, providing additional offender data involving stalking and child, disabled, or elder

abuse, implementing the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact, and enhancing capability to respond to the Brady Act and National Child Protection Act requirements.

Table 2
National Criminal History Improvement Program
(NCHIP)
Awards 2014-2019

Year		NCHIP Award
2014		\$1,931,188.00
2015		\$2,170,386.00
2016		\$2,157,495.00
2017		\$1,606,122.00
2018		\$3,342,734.00
2019		\$2,535,987.00
	Total	\$13,743,912.00

## 6. How Grants Will Be Used to Improve the Administration of the Criminal Justice System

### A. Priority JAG Policy, Planning and Program Areas

The State of Connecticut will utilize Federal JAG grant funds received to analyze, evaluate and/or implement evidenced based programming to address one or more of the following activities relative to improving and enhancing the Connecticut criminal justice system:

- Advise and assist the General Assembly in developing plans, programs for improving the
  effectiveness of the Connecticut criminal justice system;
- Determine the long-range needs of the Connecticut criminal justice system and recommend policy priorities for the system;
- Identify critical problems in the Connecticut criminal justice system and recommend strategies to solve those problems;
- Determine long-range information needs of the Connecticut criminal justice system and acquire that information;

- Analyze and assess the cost-effectiveness of the use of state and local funds in the Connecticut criminal justice system;
- Provide for the support of victim advocacy and enhanced victim resources to provide more transparent and understandable information
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure the success of community-based services and programs in reducing recidivism in the Connecticut criminal justice system;
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to build and implement a comprehensive reentry strategy for Connecticut criminal justice system;
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to address the opioid and heroin addiction epidemic within the Connecticut Criminal Justice system, with a focus on fentanyl detection;
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs in the criminal justice system to address the COVID-19-pandemic, to the extent that there are needs beyond what can be covered by the Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding grant;
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to ensure community safety and
  prevent gun violence through the support of multi-jurisdictional Task Forces to ensure
  community safety and prevent gun violence through enforcement of firearms laws and
  reduction in trafficking of illegal firearms; support evidence-based gun violence intervention and
  prevention strategies;
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to address the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) promulgated by the FBI in order to achieve compliance by the nation Year 2020 deadline.

**Program Priority #1:** Support the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD) in continuing to coordinate and lead the development of criminal justice policy and planning in the State of Connecticut.

### **Objectives**

- 1. Advise and assist the General Assembly in developing plans, programs for improving the effectiveness of the Connecticut criminal justice system;
- 2. Determine the long-range needs of the Connecticut criminal justice system and recommend policy priorities for the system;
- 3. Identify critical problems in the Connecticut criminal justice system and recommend strategies to solve those problems;
- 4. Determine long-range information needs of the Connecticut criminal justice system and acquire that information;
- 5. Analyze and assess the cost-effectiveness of the use of state and local funds in the Connecticut criminal justice system;

### Priority #2: Developing and Implementing programs that provide assistance to victims of crimes

 provide for the support of victim advocacy and enhanced victim resources to provide more transparent and understandable information on the following issues: the criminal justice process; victimization; victims' legal rights and protections; crisis intervention; emotional support to victims; safety planning; helping victims submit comments to courts and parole

- boards; helping victims find shelter and transportation; providing referrals for other services for victims; crime prevention.
- 2. provide for the capability to establish and maintain accountability for participants in the criminal justice system as it relates to evidence collection and analysis.

**Priority #3:** Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to address the opioid and heroin addiction epidemic within the Connecticut Criminal Justice system, with a focus on fentanyl detection;

### **BJA Area of Emphasis: Fentanyl Detection**

### **Objectives**

- 1. Collaborate with the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services to provide technical assistance to implement OJP promising practices for fentanyl detection;
- 2. Collaborate with local police agencies to improve awareness and engage in statewide initiatives to provide access and resources for in-state training for local law enforcement response to the heroin and opioid epidemic, particularly relating to fentanyl detection.
- Collaborate with the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner to continue tracking and understanding fentanyl data, particularly with regard to how that data can inform criminal justice system responses;

**Priority #4:** Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to build and implement a comprehensive reentry strategy for Connecticut criminal justice system;

### BJA Area of Emphasis: Reduce Violent CrimeObjectives

- 1. Support initiatives to reduce recidivism and provide low-risk offenders with opportunities to be productive members of society;
- 2. Assess and evaluate a statewide, multiagency system that assesses the risk and needs of each offender, targets those needs through provision of evidence based programs and interventions, then employs management and supervision techniques in accordance with identified risks requirements of offenders.
- Identify and address barriers to the successful transition of offenders from incarceration to the community, including but not limited to barriers relating to housing, education, and employment;
- 4. Encourage and provide facilitation for Connecticut criminal justice stakeholder agencies and community partners to work collaboratively to ensure that offenders in the criminal justice system successfully reintegrate into their home communities.

**Priority #5:** Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure the success of institutional and community-based services and programs in reducing recidivism in the Connecticut criminal justice system;

### Objectives

- 1. Support initiatives to reduce recidivism and provide low-risk offenders with opportunities to be productive members of society;
- 2. Expand interventions and treatment options for women offenders held in jail and prison facilities as well as women offenders in a community-based corrections program. Reduce risk of recidivism through evidence-based protocols and practices;

3. Assess and evaluate programs that are tailored specifically to the individual, or cohorts with a similar criminogenic profile, that comprehensively addresses their recidivism risk factors,

**Priority #6:** Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs through the support of approximately 100 local police agencies and 2 to 3 multi-jurisdictional Task Forces to ensure community safety, to target sources of controlled and illegal substances and to prevent gun violence through enforcement of firearms laws and reduction in trafficking of illegal firearms; support evidence-based gun violence intervention and prevention strategies;

BJA Area of Emphasis: Reducing Violent Crime
BJA Area of Emphasis: Officer Safety and Wellness

### **Objectives**

- 1. Continue to use the JAG Variable Pass-through (VPT) and "Less than 10K" allocations to fund local police agency initiatives designed to ensure community safety, prevent gun violence
- 2. Fund the ongoing DESPP-led Statewide Narcotics Task Force; facilitate the provision of local officer stipends to sustain local police department participation;
- 3. (Within available funding) Fund one or more multi-jurisdictional Task Forces who are engaged in activities designed to ensure community safety and prevent gun violence;

**Priority #7:** Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to address the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) promulgated by the FBI in order to achieve compliance by the Year 2021 deadline.

### **Objectives**

- Collaborate with the Crimes Analysis unit at the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection to facilitate and ensure their crime data repository is National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) compliant by the Federal mandated deadline of 2021;
- Identify and collaborate with non-NIBRS compliant local police departments to facilitate and ensure their crime data reporting and local crime data repositories are National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) compliant by the Federal mandated deadline of 2021;

### Appendix A

### **Monthly Indicators Report**

April 2020

# OPM - Criminal Justice Policy & Planning Division Monthly Indicators Report

#### **Highlights**

- On April 1, Connecticut's correction population (jail and prison) was 11,854, a level last seen in 1993.
- Between the beginnings of March and April, the number of people in Connecticut's jails and prisons fell 4.5% the largest monthly percent drop on record. In absolute terms, the 557-person decrease, from 12,411 to 11,854, was the secondlargest monthly decrease on record.
- Statewide arrests in March 2020 were 11 percent lower than March 2019 (chart 5). The drop in March 2020 contrasts with the first two months of the year, when arrests essentially matched the first two months of 2019. The factors causing the drop in arrests, which are the criminal justice system's primary external driver of growth, is an issue warranting further analysis as more data become available.
- March's pretrial admissions to the DOC (741) were the lowest on record. By contrast, the 2019 average monthly pretrial admission (1,200) was 62 percent higher. Pretrial admissions typically comprise approximately threequarters of DOC admissions. Admissions for the other three admission categories also dropped significantly in March (see Table 2a).
- Between February and March, the number of discretionary releases from prison increased 72 percent, from 303 to 522, as human resources were diverted to prepare for the release of approved, suitable, discretionary populations prior to the end of their term of incarceration (see Chart 2a).

#### Prison Population Forecast

This is the first Monthly Indicators Report to analyze data obtained following Governor Lamont's March 10 emergency declarations regarding the COVID-19 pandemic. The public-health emergency has required the criminal justice system to: adapt to ever-changing circumstances, address challenges around the clock, and prepare for countless contingencies. In March, thanks to exhaustive work and collaboration among practitioners and community partners, the criminal justice system maintained essential

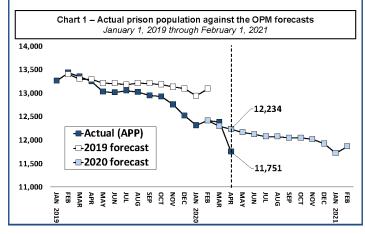
operations during the disruption cause by the publichealth emergency.

With less than a month of data to analyze following the emergency declarations, we are reluctant to note beginnings of trends or offer hypotheses about the impact of societal factors on the criminal justice system. We do observe several phenomena, which are noted under Highlights and Chart 2a.

Numerous factors, namely the sharp decrease in admissions and the increased use of discretionary release, drove to the record monthly percent

TABLE 1 - Prison Population Forecast Avg. Daily OPM 2020 Inmate Count Forecast difference JAN '20 12,315 12,413 12,413 12,293 -89 APR 11,751 12,234 483 12,163 MAY 12,120 JUN 12.072 JUL 12.074 AUG SEP 12 044 OCT 12.046 NOV 12,015 11,922 11,722 JAN '21 Avg. Daily Count (ADC) for 1st week of month

drop in the correction population. After the significant changes in March, it is not surprising that the forecasted correction population, published in in January, is 483 people above the actual population.



April 2020 – The Monthly Indicators Report Online at: https://portal.ct.gov/OPM/CJ-About/CJ-SAC/SAC-Sites/SAC-Homepage Page 1 of 4

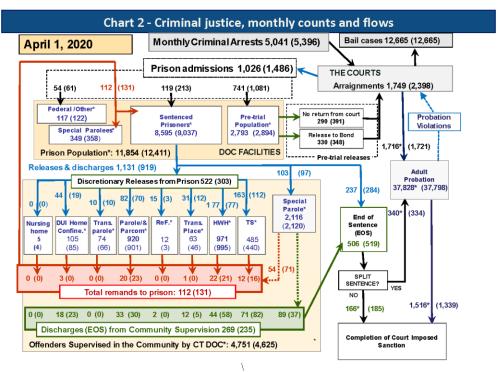
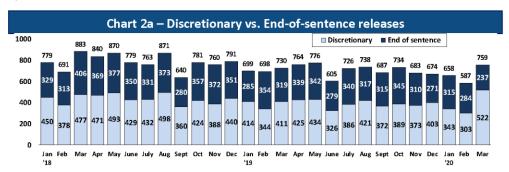


Chart 2 contains monthly operations data for March 2020 and daily counts reported on April 1, 2020. Asterisks (\*) indicate the daily count on April 1st. Figures for last month are enclosed by parentheses. Sources: Arrests – CRMVS, Court and probation data - CSSD, all other data - CT DOC.



In March, more sentenced inmates (522) were released prior to the end of their sentence through discretionary release than during any month since August 2017, when the sentenced population was 20 percent higher than today.

Every month, between 600 and 900 sentenced inmates (excluding special parolees) leave prison. On average, a little more than half are released, using one of the statutory release mechanisms shown on Chart 2, before completing the full term of their sentence. In March, however, the ratio rose to nearly seven out of 10.

transition plans, using approved home plans, halfway houses. These efforts resulted in the most discretionary

people released from correction facilities to the community without supervision. (The DOC is legally required to release inmates from its custody at the conclusion of their courtstipulated sentence.)

A tertiary effect of DOC's shifting of human resources, in partnership with its criminal justice and community partners, to focus on transition planning is the bed space created indicated its system. The additional space is helping the department respond to the impact of the public-health emergency inside its facilities.

April 2020 – The Monthly Indicators Report Online at: https://portal.ct.gov/OPM/CJ-About/CJ-SAC/SAC-Sites/SAC-Homepage Page 2 of 4

Table 2 - First-of-month totals

	2020	2020	2020	2019	2019 % Chang	
	Feb. 1	Mar. 1	Apr. 1	Apr. 1	Monthly	Annual
DOC Facilities						
Federal/Other	119	122	117	146	-4.1%	-19.9%
Sentenced	9,045	9,037	8,595	9,470	-4.9%	-9.2%
Special Parole	338	358	349	414	-2.5%	-15.7%
Pre-trial	2,884	2,894	2,793	3,190	-3.5%	-12.4%
Total	12,386	12,411	11,854	13,220	-4.5%	-10.3%
DOC Community						
Transfer Parole	63	66	74	28	0.0%	0.0%
Parole/ Parcom Total	913	901	920	965	2.1%	-4.7%
Parole	752	741	760	795	2.6%	-4.4%
Parcom @ CT	161	160	160	170	0.0%	-5.9%
Furlough	9	3	12	27	-	-
Trans Placement	41	46	63	59	37.0%	6.8%
DUI/Home confine.	88	85	105	118	23.5%	-11.0%
Halfway House Total	989	988	971	1,093	-1.7%	-11.2%
Comm Release	483	445	481	525	8.1%	-8.4%
TS	23	28	23	33	-17.9%	-30.3%
Parole	137	155	142	157	-8.4%	-9.6%
Transfer Parole	11	10	6	2	-	-
Special Parole	335	350	319	376	-8.9%	-15.2%
TS	408	412	485	421	17.7%	15.2%
Nursing home	4	4	5	5		
Special Parole	2,127	2,120	2,116	1,973	-0.2%	7.2%
Total	4,642	4,625	4,751	4,689	2.7%	1.3%

Table 2a - Monthly admissions, releases & discharges

	2019	2020 2020 <mark>2019 % Chang</mark> e			ange	
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Monthly	Annual
Admissions						
Federal/Other	70	61	54	68	-11.5%	-20.6%
Remands	162	131	112	133	-14.5%	-15.8%
DUI	5	0	3	3		
Parole	22	23	20	23	-13.0%	-13.0%
Trans Plac/Furlough	2	0	1	0		
HWH	38	21	22	29	4.8%	-24.1%
TS	20	16	12	14	-25.0%	-14.3%
Special Parole	75	71	54	63	-23.9%	-14.3%
New Sentence	299	213	119	226	-44.1%	-47.3%
VOP	79	63	28	62	-55.6%	-54.8%
Pre-trial	1,190	1,081	741	1,178	-31.5%	-37.1%
Total	1,721	1,486	1,026	1,605	-31.0%	-36.1%
Releases and discharges						
Transfer Parole	7	10	10	7		
Parole	67	70	82	66	17.1%	24.2%
Furlough	5	0	15	17	-	
Trans. Placement	14	12	31	8		
Home Confinement DUI	25	19	44	44	131.6%	0.0%
HWH	101	77	177	144	129.9%	22.9%
TS	124	112	163	125	45.5%	30.4%
Special Parole	107	97	103	127	6.2%	-18.9%
Nursing home	0	0	0	0		
End of Sentence	617	519	506	601	-2.5%	-15.8%
Total	1,067	916	1,131	1,139	23.5%	-0.7%
Pre-trial Releases*						
From Court	455	391	330	494	-15.6%	-33.2%
Release to Bond	343	348	290	340	-16.7%	-14.7%

### DOC - Community Release Unit (CRU)

Table 3 - Case reviews and release metrics

	Cases				Approval
	Reviewed	Approved	Denied	Continued	Rate
Jan. 20	632	289	116	89	46%
Feb.	665	296	104	107	45%
Mar.	768	422	105	87	55%
Mar. '19	737	341	113	115	46%

Note: Figures published here are based on the operational data available at the time of publication. Data in subsequent issues may not agree.

### **Board of Pardons and Paroles**

Table 4 - Parole hearings, new cases

	Parole Hearings	Paroles granted	Grant rate	Paroles granted, 2019	Paroles granted, 2018
Jan. '20	119	63	53%	65	87
Feb.	121	53	44%	83	77
Mar.	131	70	53%	71	91

Table 4a - Other BOPP actions

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	Reparole from revocation	Reparole from rescission	Closed interest cases	Special parole cases	Transfer parole cases
Jan.	55	1	20	22	8
Feb.	57	1	12	26	11
Mar. '20	29	2	9	13	17
Mar. '19	52	0	33	22	26

### The pre-trial population

#### Table 5 - Bond ranges for pre-trial detainees

Feb. 1, 2020	Mar. 1,	Apr. 1,	Apr. 1,
2020			
	2020	2020	2019
422	383	304	498
452	426	386	428
516	512	514	605
1,642	1,641	1,661	1,782
3,032	2,962	2,865	3,313
222	227	229	204
	452 516 1,642 3,032	452 426 516 512 1,642 1,641 3,032 2,962	452     426     386       516     512     514       1,642     1,641     1,661       3,032     2,962     2,865

#### Table 5a - Pre-trial, weeks since admission

Feb. 1,	Mar. 1,	Apr. 1,	Apr. 1,			
2019	2020	2020	2019			
368	371	81	387			
331	264	176	319			
852	614	753	695			
1,008	801	856	994			
933	916	1,011	919			
3,492	2,966	2,877	3,314			
	2019 368 331 852 1,008 933	2019         2020           368         371           331         264           852         614           1,008         801           933         916	2019         2020         2020           368         371         81           331         264         176           852         614         753           1,008         801         856           933         916         1,011			

### Table 5b - Pre-trial admits, new offenders

Table 3b - Fle-tilal admits, new offenders								
		Feb.	Mar.	Mar.				
	Jan. 2020	2020	2020	2019				
Arraignments	2,687	2,398	1,749	2,656				
Pre-trial Admits	1,190	1,081	741	1,178				
New to DOC	278	254	197	299				
% New	23%	23%	27%	25%				

#### **Court Support Services Division**

### Table 6 - The Jail Re-interview Program

	Pre-trial	Offender	Offenders	Released
	admissions	interviews	released	last year
Jan. '20	1,190	781	267	324
Feb	1,081	760	268	325
Mar.	741	535	238	328

### Table 6a - Pre-trial bail and probation caseloads

Tubic ou	i ic tilai bali	una proi	Julion Cusc	louds
	Pre-trial Bail	Client Supv.	Split Sentence	Pre-trial
	Case Starts	Starts	Starts	bail cases
Jan.	2,050*	1,730	342	12,665*
Feb.	2,050*	1,721	334	12,665*
Mar.	2,050*	1716*	340*	12,665*
Mar. '19	2,050*	1,927	341	12,665*

<sup>\*</sup> CSSD estimates

Chart 3 – Prison population

First week of the month, avg. daily count (ADC)

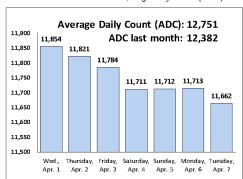


Chart 6 – Monthly DOC Admissions February 2019 through March 2020

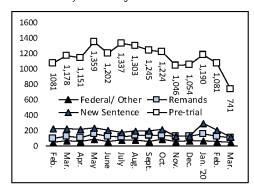


Chart 4 – Prison population, first-of-month

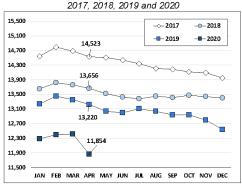


Chart 7– Remands from community release

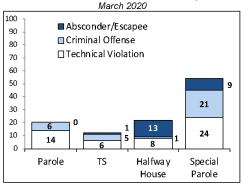


Chart 5 – Statewide criminal arrests 2019 and 2020

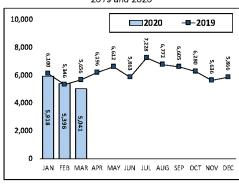
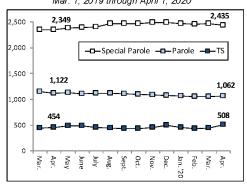


Chart 8 – DOC community supervision
Mar. 1, 2019 through April 1, 2020



Note: Data for all charts, except for Chart 5, was supplied by CT DOC. Data for Chart 5 are for new case starts in the state Criminal Motor Vehicle System (CRMVS). Chart 8 includes offenders in halfway houses.

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### Appendix B

**Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission** 

The Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission, commonly referred to as CJPAC was established under <a href="Public Act 06-193">Public Act 06-193</a>. It was formerly the Prison and Jail Overcrowding Commission.

CJPAC is chaired by the OPM Undersecretary for the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD). The current Undersecretary is <a href="mailto:Marc Pelka">Marc Pelka</a>, <a href="mailto:marc.pelka@ct.gov">marc.pelka@ct.gov</a>; (860) 418-6394.

The meeting schedule for Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission can be found on this web page:

Meetings held during the last year (April 2019 to April 2020) are also presented in the table below, which includes links to videos of each meeting that were broadcast on the Connecticut Network (CT-N) and are made available for broader viewing to the general public through cable television public access channels.

	CJPAC Video (MP4 file works best using Internet Explorer > Windows Media
	Player) - April 2020
Amril 20, 2020	Agenda/ Minutes
April 30, 2020	Undersecretary Marc Pelka and Kyle Baudoin - Lead Planning Analyst-
	Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division, Office of Policy and
	Management Trends Presentation and Monthly Indicators Report
Mar. 26, 2020	Meeting cancelled
	Agenda/ Minutes
Esh 27 2020	Charlene Russell-Tucker - Deputy Commissioner of Connecticut State
Feb. 27, 2020	Department of Education and Ajit Gopalakrishnan - Chief Performance Officer
	of Connecticut State Department of Education Presentation on the <b>2018</b> -
	2019 Report of Student Discipline in Connecticut Public Schools
	Agenda / Minutes
	Kyle Baudoin, Research Unit, CJPPD, OPM Monthly Presentation
Jan. 27, 2020	Dr. Steven Cox, CCSU, Trina Sexton, Deputy Warden, CT DOC, Maria Pirro-
	Simmons, Superintendant SD1, CT DOC ARES Grant Presentation, Job Fair
	Document, and Symposium Information
	NEW VIDEO - CJPAC December 2019 Meeting
	Agenda/ Minutes
Dec. 19, 2019	ingeriaa / Finances
	Judith R. Dicine, JD, Supervisory Assistant State's Attorney, Housing Bureau -
	Division of Criminal Justice Presentation
	Agenda/ Minutes
Nov. 21, 2019	
	Karen Jarmoc, CEO, CCADV Presentation on Safe Connect Hotline
	NEW VIDEO - CJPAC October 2019 Meeting
Oct 21 2010	Agenda / Minutes
Oct. 31, 2019	
	Kyle Baudoin, Research Unit, CJPPD, OPM <b>Presentation</b> on Pre-Trial Trends
	and Overdose Deaths

	NEW VIDEO - CJPAC September 2019 Meeting Agenda / Minutes
Sept. 26, 2019	Richard Cho, Chief Executive Officer, Connecticut Coalition to End Homelessness Presentation  Kyle Baudoin, Research Unit, CJPPD, OPM Criminal Justice Trends  Presentation
	NEW VIDEO - CJPAC June 2019 Meeting Agenda / Minutes
June 27, 2019	CJPAC Victim Issues Subcommittee, Presentation on gaps in services for crime victims. Presenters included <i>Jessica Pizzano</i> , Survivors of Homicide; <i>Karen Jarmoc</i> , Connecticut Coalition Against Domestic Violence, <i>Tracey Miller</i> , Connecticut Alliance to End Sexual Violence; <i>Natasha Pierre</i> , State Victim Advocate. <b>Presenation</b>
	Richard Cho, Chief Executive Officer, Connecticut Coalition to End Homelessness, Update on the data match between individuals entering the shelter system and the prison system. <b>Presentation</b>
	New VIDEO - CJPAC May 2019 Meeting Agenda / Minutes
May 30, 3019	Erica Nelson, Policy Analyst, Council of State Governments Justice Center - State strategies to improve employment outcomes for people with criminal records <b>Presentation</b> Karen Jarmoc, President / CEO, CT Coalition Against Domestic Violence and
	Dr. Richard Cho, CEO, CT Coalition Against Homelessness - Update on the Collaborative strategy to provide housing support to domestic violence survivors facing homelessness and employment and housing needs of crime victims Discussion
	NEW VIDEO - CJPAC April 2019 Meeting Agenda/ Minutes
April 25, 2019	Kendall Bobula and Kyle Baudoin, Research Unit, Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division, Office of Policy and Management Pre Trial Women at York CI and 2018 Drug Overdose Deaths Interactive Map Presentation Tracy Miller, Director of Post- Conviction Victim Services, CT Alliance to End Sexual Violence and Brian Battista, Chief Probation Officer II, Sex Offender Supervision and Special Projects - Collaborative Post-Conviction Supervision Model Presentation

### Appendix C

Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division Research Unit and Statistical Analysis Center The **Research**, **Analysis & Evaluation Unit** produces research and analysis on a range of criminal justice issues in Connecticut. In addition to its regularly scheduled publications, the Unit also publishes studies on special topics for executive branch criminal justice agencies. The unit has three staff members, and the Director is also the CT Statistical Analysis Center SAC director. Examples of the unit's work, which directly influence the policy and planning decisions of CPAC and its stakeholder agencies, are listed below.

### **Regularly Scheduled Publications**

- Monthly Indicators Report: The Monthly Indicators Report collects and publishes data from a
  variety of state criminal justice agencies. The primary goals of the Report are to monitor trends
  in prison admissions and releases and to provide policy makers and the public with a current
  look at the state's prison system and its prisoners. The Monthly is required by <u>Public Act 05-249</u>.
  Twelve years of Monthly Indicator Reports are available at this web page address:
- https://portal.ct.gov/OPM/CJ-About/CJ-SAC/SAC-Sites/Monthly-Indicators/Monthly-Indicators-2019
- 2. Annual Correctional Population Forecast: The State of Connecticut Annual Correctional Population Forecast Report is published in response to the statutory requirements outlined in Public Act 05-249 that created the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD) within the Office of Policy and Management (OPM) and tasked the Division with developing annual population projections for Connecticut's correctional system for planning purposes. Twelve years of Monthly Indicator Reports are available at this web page address:
- https://portal.ct.gov/OPM/CJ-About/CJ-SAC/SAC-Sites/Population-Forecast/Population-Forecast
- 3. **Annual Connecticut Recidivism Study**: The State of Connecticut Annual Recidivism Study is generated by the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division of the Office of Policy and Management (OPM). Seven years of completed recidivism studies are available at this web page address:
- https://portal.ct.gov/OPM/CJ-About/CJ-SAC/SAC-Sites/Recidivism-Study/Recidivisim-Study/
- 4. Risk Reduction Earned Credit Report: The Risk Reduction Earned Credit (RREC) Report collects and publishes data from a variety of state criminal justice agencies. The primary goals of the Report are to monitor trends in the RREC Program and provide policy makers and the public with a current look at the state's RREC Program and its participants. The Risk Reduction Earned Credit Report is published by the Connecticut Department of Corrections and Connecticut Office of Policy and Management and is required by Public Act No 15-216. Thirty months of data are available at:
- https://portal.ct.gov/OPM/CJ-About/CJ-SAC/SAC-Sites/RREC-2019

### **Special Studies**

The following are examples of special studies and statistical analyses that have been prepared by the staff of the **Research**, **Analysis & Evaluation Unit of** the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division:

### **Daily CT Correctional Facility Population Count**

https://portal.ct.gov/OPM/CJ-About/CJ-SAC/SAC-Sites/daily-Population-Counts/LineChart-Total

### Juvenile Detention in CT, (April 2018)

Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/OPM/CJPPD/CjAbout/SAC-Documents-from-2008-2017/JUVFACTFACTSHEETfinalpdf.pdf?la=en

### Trends in the (Connecticut) Criminal Justice System (February 2018);

Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

 $\frac{https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/OPM/CJPPD/CjAbout/SAC-Documents-from-2018-and-2019/20180227CJTrends2018pdf.pdf?la=en}{2019/20180227CJTrends2018pdf.pdf?la=en}$ 

### **Opioids and Criminal Justice in Connecticut - June 2017**

I. Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

https://connecticutsac.wixsite.com/sac1746/opioid-related-data

### Mortality among Ex-prisoners (March 2018)

Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

https://portal.ct.gov/-

/media/OPM/CJPPD/CjResearch/MainNav/Prisonermortalityfinal03232018pdf.pdf?la=en

### **Violent Crime Rates (September 2017)**

I. Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/OPM/CJPPD/CjAbout/SAC-Documents-from-2008-2017/20170925IIIUSViolentCrimeRateComparison2017pdf.pdf?la=en

### **Total Population by Controlling Offense (March 2015)**

I. Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/OPM/CJPPD/CjAbout/SAC-Documents-from-2008-2017/MainNav/TotalPopbyControllingOffense20150312pdf.pdf?la=en

#### **Community Supervision Maps**

https://connecticutsac.wixsite.com/sac1746/sac-maps

K. Bobula

### Opioid Epidemic Maps (2014-2017)

https://connecticutsac.wixsite.com/sac1746/sac-maps

K. Bobula

School and Day Care Map (2015)

https://connecticutsac.wixsite.com/sac1746/sac-maps

K. Bobula

### Appendix D

### **The Connecticut Opioid Crisis**

### **Responding to Opioid and Heroin Epidemic**

Connecticut data systems indicate 917 people died of drug overdose in 2016, a 27% increase over the 2015 figure. Detailed analysis indicates 52% of 2016 overdose victims been admitted to the DOC prison system and assigned a DOC inmate number; overdoses are probably the single most common cause of death among prisoners within 60 days of release from prison.

#### Detailed Data:

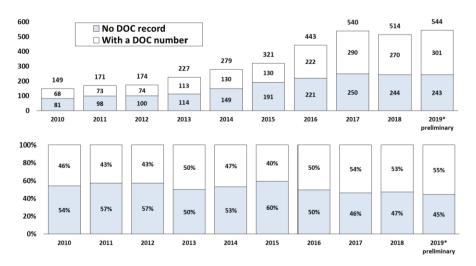
https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/OPM/CJPPD/CjResearch/MonthlyIndicators/2014-2018/2017MonthlyIndicatorsReport/MonthlyIndicatorsReportJUNE2017pdf.pdf?la=en

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/OPM/CJPPD/CjResearch/MonthlyIndicators/2014-2018/2017MonthlyIndicatorsReport/MonthlyIndicatorsReportJULY2017pdf.pdf?la=en

Chart 43 Overdose Deaths and the prison System, 2010 to 2019

### Drug overdose deaths – former prisoners

### Mid year data



**Chart 5** New information from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner indicates that accidental drug intoxication deaths due to fentanyl have increased drastically over the period of 2012 to 2019.

### Connecticut Accidental Drug Intoxication Deaths Office of the Chief Medical Examiner

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Accidental Intoxication Deaths*	357	495	568	729	917	1038	1017	1200
Opioids								
-Opioid in any death	298	419	513	663	861	961	948	1127
-% intoxication deaths with an opioid	83%	85%	90%	91%	94%	93%	93%	94%
-Fentanyl in any death	14	37	75	189	483	677	760	979
-% intoxication deaths with fentanyl	4%	8%	13%	26%	53%	65%	75%	82%
-Fentanyl + Cocaine	2	16	14	42	143	220	270	393
-Fentanyl + Prescription Opioid	4	7	14	23	72	75	119	131
-Fentanyl + Heroin	1	9	37	110	279	333	303	339
-Fentanyl/Opioid Analogues**				13	70	142	254	146
-Heroin, Morphine, and/or Codeine	195	286	349	446	541	498	407	400
-Heroin in any death	174	258	327	417	508	474	391	387
-Heroin + Fentanyl	1	9	37	110	279	333	303	339
-Heroin + Cocaine	50	69	73	107	153	169	134	143
-Morphine/Opioid/Codeine NOS	21	28	22	29	33	24	16	13
-Methadone in any death	33	48	51	71	84	99	88	92
-Oxycodone in any death	71	75	107	95	110	95	62	92
-Hydrocodone in any death	15	19	15	20	20	15	14	14
-Hydromorphone in any death	1	0	12	17	22	16	9	14
-Any Opioid + Benzodiazepine	41	60	140	221	232	313	249	269
-Buprenorphine			5	13	25	19	24	35
-Xylazine (veterinary tranquilizer)							0	71
Stimulants								
-Cocaine in any death	105	147	126	177	274	347	345	463
-Amphetamine/Methamphetamine	7	5	11	20	19	37	56	70
-MDMA	0	0	2	1	1	3	4	4

<sup>\*</sup>Some deaths had combinations of drugs; pure ethanol intoxications are not included.

<sup>\*\*</sup> These included fentanyl analogues such as Acetyl Fentanyl, para-Fluorobutyryl Fentanyl, Butyryl Fentanyl, and Valeryl Fentanyl. NOS, not otherwise specified Updated 2/14/20

### **Appendix E**

Example:
2015-2016

JAG Local Funds Distribution
Violent Crime Prevention
Allocation

OPTION C - Allocations to All Local Police Departments with an Offset Calculation for Direct JAG Recipients and Flat Grants to Underfunded Direct JAG Cities and Towns Because of This Calculation

### 2019 JAG Local VCP Grant Program Violent Crime Prevention (VCP)

(Distribution of JAG Local FY 2015 and FY 2016 Federal Grant Funds)

Option C. Allocations to All Local Police Departments with an Offset Calculation for Direct JAG recipients and flat grants to underfunded Direct JAG cities and towns because of this calculation.

Distribution to 91 Cities and Towns (Excluding Hartford, New Haven and Bridgeport)

DIRECT JAG recipients are identified by an asterisk (\*)

СПУ	2014 Population	2014# Violent crime	2015 Population	2015# Violent crime	Two Year VCR Per 1,000 Pop.	Direct JAG (Average FY14-16) USDOJ awards funds directly to high crime jurisdictions	Initial Allocation	Final Adjusted Allocation	Source of Funds
Hartford*	124,943	1,380	124,553	1,421	22.49	\$199,553	\$0	\$0	
Bridgeport*	147,822	1,338	148,313	996	15.74	\$192,873	\$0	\$0	
New London*	27,526	163	27,312	154	11.61	\$39,142	\$58,000	\$20,858	
New Haven*	130,882	1,380	71.00.00.00.00		10.54	\$224,528	\$0	\$0	
New Britain*	72,864	321	72,788	275	8.19	\$38,889	\$58,000	\$21,111	
Waterbury*	109,495	408	109,044	467	8.02	\$46,352	\$58,000	\$13,648	
Annual Control of the	700.00.000	100000			200,000		VOLUME DE PROPERTOR	220010000000000000000000000000000000000	
Norwich*	40,296	153	40,085	127	6.99	\$15,767	\$48,000	\$34,233	
Hamden*	61,599	231	61,372	189	6.84	\$36,573	\$48,000	\$13,427	
Meriden*	60,352	181	60,149	197	6.28	\$22,910	\$48,000	\$27,090	
Waterford	19,504	65	19,407	56	6.23		\$48,000	\$50,000	
East Hartford*	51,185	131	50,977	168	5.87	\$22,641	\$48,000	\$26,359	
Putnam	9,436	29	9,375	25	5.76		\$48,000	\$49,000	
Norwalk*	88,232	258	88,692	239	5.60	\$35,982	\$48,000	\$13,018	
Bloomfield	20,718	39	20,901	57	4.59		\$37,000	\$38,000	
Stamford*	127,385	306	129,682	285	4.56	\$44,466	\$37,000	\$16,000	
Derby	12,776	24	12,735	31	4.32		\$37,000	\$38,000	
Groton City	9,338	15	9,278	24	4.20		\$37,000	\$38,000	
Plainville	17,844	39	17,820	33	4.04		\$37,000	\$38,000	
West Haven*	54,917	145	54,741	68	3.89	\$36,587	\$37,000	\$8,500	FY15 LPT
Manchester*	58,204	111	58,070	104	3.70	\$14,534	\$37,000	\$23,466	
Danbury*	84,281	150	84,404	157	3.64	\$15,987	\$37,000	\$22,013	
Willimantic	17,826	38	17,807	25	3.54		\$37,000	\$38,000	
East Windsor	11,462	23	11,483	16	3.40		\$37,000	\$38,000	
Ansonia	18,964	36 78	18,887	25 64	3.23		\$37,000	\$38,000	
Middletown	47,256	2000	46,894	170.7	1717.55		\$37,000	\$38,000	
GROTON TOWN	30,339	42	30,387	46	2.90		\$14,000	\$15,000	
Clinton	13,164	18 44	13,100 34,910	18 47	2.75 2.61		\$14,000	\$15,000 \$15,000	
Torrington Watertown	35,432 22,161	31	21,931	24	2.51		\$14,000 \$14,000	\$15,000	
Stratford*	52,279	64	53,058	69	2.51	\$13,725	\$14,000	\$15,000	
Bristol*	60,590	72	60,593	78	2.48	\$13,723	\$14,000	\$8,500	
Enfield	44,769	53	44,617	52	2.35	J10,024	\$14,000	\$15,000	
Old Saybrook	10,249	12	10,213	12	2.35		\$14,000	\$15,000	
Vernon	29,158	33	29.079	29	2.13		\$14,000	\$15,000	
Plainfield	15,186	13	15,071	18	2.06		\$14,000	\$15,000	
East Haven	29,093	33	29,001	25	2.00		\$14,000	\$15,000	
Newington	30,803	23	30,714	37	1.95		\$9,000	\$10,000	

OPTION C - Allocations to All Local Police Departments with an Offset Calculation for Direct JAG Recipients and Flat Grants to Underfunded Direct JAG Cities and Towns Because of This Calculation

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Seymour								1 1	
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Milford 53,222 35 53,499 37 1.35 59,000 510,000   Guifford 22,425 17 22,421 13 1.34 59,000 510,000   Shelton 41,353 23 41,724 31 1.29 59,000 510,000   Winchester 10,960 8 10,855 6 1.29 59,000 510,000   Southington 43,786 33 43,979 22 1.25 59,000 510,000   Principle 10,000 14,786 13 1.34 1,000   Southington 43,786 33 43,979 122 1.25 59,000 510,000   Southington 43,786 33 43,979 120 1.25 59,000 510,000   Principle 11,000 5 11,837 9 1.18 59,000 510,000   South Winchester 10,960 1 1,837 9 1.18 59,000 510,000   Principle 11,000 5 11,837 9 1.18 59,000 510,000   Principle 13,951 9 13,954 7 1.15 59,000 510,000   Principle 13,951 9 13,954 7 1.15 59,000 510,000   Principle 13,951 9 13,954 7 1.15 59,000 510,000   Principle 13,951 9 12,953 1 7 1.05 59,000 510,000   Principle 13,951 9 12,953 1 7 1.05 59,000 510,000   Principle 13,954 1 1,5475 6 1.10 59,000 510,000   Principle 13,954 1 1,5475 6 1.10 59,000 510,000   Principle 13,954 6 8,907 1 1.05 59,000 510,000   Principle 13,954 6 8,907 2 0,90 55,000 56,000   Principle 6,945 6 8,907 2 0,90 55,000 56,000   Principle 6,945 6 8,907 2 0,90 55,000 56,000   Principle 61,146 33 61,762 21 0.87 55,000 56,000   Principle 61,146 33 61,762 21 0.87 55,000 56,000   Principle 61,146 33 61,762 21 0.87 55,000 56,000   Principle 61,146 7,74 7 16,719 5 0.72 55,000 56,000   Principle 15,74 7 16,719 5 0.72 55,000 56,000   Principle 15,79 8 1,523 1 0.57 55,000 56,000   Principle 15,79 8 1,523 1 0.57 55,000 56,000   Principle 15,79 8 1,523 1 0.57 55,000 56,000   Principle 11,333 3 11,317 2 0.44 50,00 55,000 56,000   Principle 11,333 3 11,317 2 0.44 50,000 55,000		1990/1907/1907					A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	- SALVALOS ALCONOMICA - ALCONOM	
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Orange         13,951         9         13,954         7         1.15         \$9,000         \$10,000           Ledyard         15,492         11         15,475         6         1.10         \$9,000         \$10,000           Farmington         25,678         20         25,696         7         1.05         \$9,000         \$10,000           South Windsor         25,877         9         25,850         17         1.01         \$9,000         \$10,000           Thomaston         7,732         3         7,635         4         0.92         \$5,000         \$6,000           Woodbridge         8,945         6         8,907         2         0.90         \$5,000         \$6,000           Fairfield         61,146         33         61,762         21         0.87         \$5,000         \$6,000           Newtown         28,243         11         28,291         12         0.81         \$5,000         \$6,000           Middlebury         7,559         4         7,594         2         0,79         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wolcott         16,734         7         16,719         5         0.72         \$5,000         \$6,000	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	THE PROPERTY OF	2001	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1.02	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Mary 2000 (2000)	\$500 March (\$500)	
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Thomaston					-				
Woodbridge	South Windsor	25,877		25,850		1.01	\$9,000	\$10,000	
Fairfield	Thomaston	7,732	3	7,635	4	0.92	\$5,000	\$6,000	
Newtown         28,243         11         28,291         12         0.81         \$5,000         \$6,000           Coventry         12,403         9         12,413         1         0.81         \$5,000         \$6,000           Middlebury         7,569         4         7,594         2         0.79         \$5,000         \$6,000           Glastonbury         34,850         10         34,832         16         0.75         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wolcott         16,734         7         16,719         5         0.72         \$5,000         \$6,000           Portland         9,445         3         9,430         3         0.64         \$5,000         \$6,000           Suffield         15,790         8         15,823         1         0.57         \$5,000         \$6,000           Brookfield         16,957         3         17,202         6         0.52         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           Greenwi	Woodbridge	8,945	1000	8,907	2	0.90	\$5,000	\$6,000	
Coventry         12,403         9         12,413         1         0.81         \$5,000         \$6,000           Middlebury         7,569         4         7,594         2         0.79         \$5,000         \$6,000           Glastonbury         34,850         10         34,832         16         0.75         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wolcott         16,734         7         16,719         5         0.72         \$5,000         \$6,000           Portland         9,445         3         9,430         3         0.64         \$5,000         \$6,000           Suffield         15,790         8         15,823         1         0.57         \$5,000         \$6,000           Brookfield         16,957         3         17,202         6         0.52         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         29,120         6         29,245         9         0.51         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           Greenwich         62,676         18         62,942         11         0.46         \$5,000         \$6,000           Reddin	Fairfield	61,146	33	61,762	21	0.87	\$5,000	\$6,000	
Middlebury         7,569         4         7,594         2         0.79         \$5,000         \$6,000           Glastonbury         34,850         10         34,832         16         0.75         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wolcott         16,734         7         16,719         5         0.72         \$5,000         \$6,000           Portland         9,445         3         9,430         3         0.64         \$5,000         \$6,000           Suffield         15,790         8         15,823         1         0.57         \$5,000         \$6,000           Brookfield         16,957         3         17,202         6         0.52         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         29,120         6         29,245         9         0.51         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           Morth Branford         14,339         3         14,300         4         0.49         \$5,000         \$6,000           Greenwich         62,676         18         62,942         11         0.46         \$5,000         \$6,000	Newtown	28,243	11	28,291	12	0.81	\$5,000	\$6,000	FY15 <10K
Glastonbury   34,850   10   34,832   16   0.75   55,000   56,000	Coventry	12,403	9	12,413	1	0.81	\$5,000	\$6,000	
Wolcott         16,734         7         16,719         5         0.72         \$5,000         \$6,000           Portland         9,445         3         9,430         3         0.64         \$5,000         \$6,000           Suffield         15,790         8         15,823         1         0.57         \$5,000         \$6,000           Brookfield         16,957         3         17,202         6         0.52         \$5,000         \$6,000           Cheshire         29,120         6         29,245         9         0.51         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           North Branford         14,339         3         14,300         4         0.49         \$5,000         \$6,000           Granby         11,333         3         11,317         2         0.44         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Morroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill </td <td>Middlebury</td> <td>V45000000000000000000000000000000000000</td> <td>1000</td> <td>The second second</td> <td>200</td> <td>0.700.70</td> <td>A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH</td> <td>AND ORGANIZATION</td> <td></td>	Middlebury	V45000000000000000000000000000000000000	1000	The second second	200	0.700.70	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	AND ORGANIZATION	
Portland         9,445         3         9,430         3         0.64         \$5,000         \$6,000           Suffield         15,790         8         15,823         1         0.57         \$5,000         \$6,000           Brookfield         16,957         3         17,202         6         0.52         \$5,000         \$6,000           Cheshire         29,120         6         29,245         9         0.51         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           North Branford         14,339         3         14,300         4         0.49         \$5,000         \$6,000           Greenwich         62,676         18         62,942         11         0.46         \$5,000         \$6,000           Granby         11,333         3         11,317         2         0.44         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Darien         21,473         5         21,925         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hi	Glastonbury		10	O'LLONGUCTU FLORE		0.00000		ON BUILDING CONTROL	
Suffield         15,790         8         15,823         1         0.57         \$5,000         \$6,000           Brookfield         12,902         3         12,854         4         0.54         \$5,000         \$6,000           Cheshire         29,120         6         29,245         9         0.51         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           North Branford         14,339         3         14,300         4         0.49         \$5,000         \$6,000           Greenwich         62,676         18         62,942         11         0.46         \$5,000         \$6,000           Granby         11,333         3         11,317         2         0.44         \$5,000         \$6,000           Redding         9,348         4         9,344         -         0.43         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hil	Wolcott						\$5,000	\$6,000	
East Hampton         12,902         3         12,854         4         0.54         \$5,000         \$6,000           Brookfield         16,957         3         17,202         6         0.52         \$5,000         \$6,000           Cheshire         29,120         6         29,245         9         0.51         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           North Branford         14,339         3         14,300         4         0.49         \$5,000         \$6,000           Greenwich         62,676         18         62,942         11         0.46         \$5,000         \$6,000           Granby         11,333         3         11,317         2         0.44         \$5,000         \$6,000           Redding         9,348         4         9,344         -         0.43         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky	Portland	9,445		9,430	3	0.64	\$5,000	\$6,000	
Brookfield         16,957         3         17,202         6         0.52         \$5,000         \$6,000           Cheshire         29,120         6         29,245         9         0.51         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           North Branford         14,339         3         14,300         4         0.49         \$5,000         \$6,000           Greenwich         62,676         18         62,942         11         0.46         \$5,000         \$6,000           Granby         11,333         3         11,317         2         0.44         \$5,000         \$6,000           Redding         9,348         4         9,344         -         0.43         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Morroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill<	Suffield	15,790			1	0.57		\$6,000	
Cheshire         29,120         6         29,245         9         0.51         \$5,000         \$6,000           Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           North Branford         14,339         3         14,300         4         0.49         \$5,000         \$6,000           Grenwich         62,676         18         62,942         11         0.46         \$5,000         \$6,000           Granby         11,333         3         11,317         2         0.44         \$5,000         \$6,000           Redding         9,348         4         9,344         -         0.43         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Darien         21,473         5         21,925         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.30         \$5,000         \$6,000           Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill		12,902			4	0.54	\$5,000	\$6,000	
Westport         27,529         8         27,848         6         0.50         \$5,000         \$6,000           North Branford         14,339         3         14,300         4         0.49         \$5,000         \$6,000           Greenwich         62,676         18         62,942         11         0.46         \$5,000         \$6,000           Granby         11,333         3         11,317         2         0.44         \$5,000         \$6,000           Redding         9,348         4         9,344         -         0.43         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Darien         21,473         5         21,925         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.30         \$5,000         \$6,000           Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill         19,964         2         20,189         3         0.25         \$5,000         \$6,000           Avon	Brookfield	16,957	3	17,202		0.52	\$5,000	\$6,000	
North Branford         14,339         3         14,300         4         0.49         \$5,000         \$6,000           Greenwich         62,676         18         62,942         11         0.46         \$5,000         \$6,000           Granby         11,333         3         11,317         2         0.44         \$5,000         \$6,000           Redding         9,348         4         9,344         -         0.43         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Darien         21,473         5         21,925         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.30         \$5,000         \$6,000           Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill         19,964         2         20,189         3         0.25         \$5,000         \$6,000           Avon         18,441         2         18,485         2         0.22         \$5,000         \$6,000           Weston	Cheshire	29,120	1000	29,245	9	0.51	\$5,000	\$6,000	
Greenwich         62,676         18         62,942         11         0.46         \$5,000         \$6,000           Granby         11,333         3         11,317         2         0.44         \$5,000         \$6,000           Redding         9,348         4         9,344         -         0.43         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Darien         21,473         5         21,925         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill         19,964         2         20,189         3         0.25         \$5,000         \$6,000           Avon         18,441         2         18,485         2         0.22         \$5,000         \$6,000           Bethel         19,425         -         19,560         4         0.20         \$5,000         \$6,000           New Canaan         <	TO STATE OF THE PARTY.	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	2007	24.000.000.000.000.000	2000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	VI. 100 C. 100 C.	A 500 M (0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Granby         11,333         3         11,317         2         0.44         \$5,000         \$6,000           Redding         9,348         4         9,344         -         0.43         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Darien         21,473         5         21,925         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.30         \$5,000         \$6,000           Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill         19,964         2         20,189         3         0.25         \$5,000         \$6,000           Avon         18,441         2         18,485         2         0.22         \$5,000         \$6,000           Bethel         19,425         -         19,560         4         0.20         \$5,000         \$6,000           Weston         10,417         2         10,437         -         0.19         \$5,000         \$6,000           New Canaan         20	PROCESSAUGE PROGRAMMENT CONTRACTOR	Laurent March 1990	70.0			0.0000000	0.000,000,000,000		
Redding         9,348         4         9,344         -         0.43         \$5,000         \$6,000           Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Darien         21,473         5         21,925         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.30         \$5,000         \$6,000           Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill         19,964         2         20,189         3         0.25         \$5,000         \$6,000           Avon         18,441         2         18,485         2         0.22         \$5,000         \$6,000           Bethel         19,425         -         19,560         4         0.20         \$5,000         \$6,000           Weston         10,417         2         10,437         -         0.19         \$5,000         \$6,000           New Canaan         20,302         1         20,449         2         0.15         \$5,000         \$6,000           Madison         1	Greenwich								
Simsbury         23,903         6         24,093         3         0.37         \$5,000         \$6,000           Darien         21,473         5         21,925         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.30         \$5,000         \$6,000           Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill         19,964         2         20,189         3         0.25         \$5,000         \$6,000           Avon         18,441         2         18,485         2         0.22         \$5,000         \$6,000           Bethel         19,425         -         19,560         4         0.20         \$5,000         \$6,000           Weston         10,417         2         10,437         -         0.19         \$5,000         \$6,000           New Canaan         20,302         1         20,449         2         0.15         \$5,000         \$6,000           Ridgefield         25,288         1         25,339         2         0.12         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wilton         <					2				
Darien         21,473         5         21,925         3         0.36         \$5,000         \$6,000           Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.30         \$5,000         \$6,000           Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill         19,964         2         20,189         3         0.25         \$5,000         \$6,000           Avon         18,441         2         18,485         2         0.22         \$5,000         \$6,000           Bethel         19,425         -         19,560         4         0.20         \$5,000         \$6,000           Weston         10,417         2         10,437         -         0.19         \$5,000         \$6,000           New Canaan         20,302         1         20,449         2         0.15         \$5,000         \$6,000           Ridgefield         25,288         1         25,339         2         0.12         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wilton         18,807         1         18,851         1         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Groton Long Point							70. 71.		
Monroe         19,916         3         19,958         3         0.30         \$5,000         \$6,000           Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill         19,964         2         20,189         3         0.25         \$5,000         \$6,000           Avon         18,441         2         18,485         2         0.22         \$5,000         \$6,000           Bethel         19,425         -         19,560         4         0.20         \$5,000         \$6,000           Weston         10,417         2         10,437         -         0.19         \$5,000         \$6,000           New Canaan         20,302         1         20,449         2         0.15         \$5,000         \$6,000           Ridgefield         25,288         1         25,339         2         0.12         \$5,000         \$6,000           Walson         18,302         2         18,254         -         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wilton         18,807         1         18,851         1         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Groton Long Point					2				
Canton         10,372         2         10,358         1         0.29         \$5,000         \$6,000           Rocky Hill         19,964         2         20,189         3         0.25         \$5,000         \$6,000           Avon         18,441         2         18,485         2         0.22         \$5,000         \$6,000           Bethel         19,425         -         19,560         4         0.20         \$5,000         \$6,000           Weston         10,417         2         10,437         -         0.19         \$5,000         \$6,000           New Canaan         20,302         1         20,449         2         0.15         \$5,000         \$6,000           Ridgefield         25,288         1         25,339         2         0.12         \$5,000         \$6,000           Waldson         18,302         2         18,254         -         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wilton         18,807         1         18,851         1         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Groton Long Point         517         -         517         -         0.00         \$5,000         \$6,000	Darien	William St. M. Andrewson,		ADDRESS AND ADDRES		100.000.000.00	- 10 months (10 months)		
Rocky Hill         19,964         2         20,189         3         0.25         \$5,000         \$6,000           Avon         18,441         2         18,485         2         0.22         \$5,000         \$6,000           Bethel         19,425         -         19,560         4         0.20         \$5,000         \$6,000           Weston         10,417         2         10,437         -         0.19         \$5,000         \$6,000           New Canaan         20,302         1         20,449         2         0.15         \$5,000         \$6,000           Ridgefield         25,288         1         25,339         2         0.12         \$5,000         \$6,000           Madison         18,302         2         18,254         -         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wilton         18,807         1         18,851         1         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Groton Long Point         517         -         517         -         0.00         \$5,000         \$6,000	The state of the s			The state of the s	7000	2010/2005/00			
Avon         18,441         2         18,485         2         0.22         \$5,000         \$6,000           Bethel         19,425         -         19,560         4         0.20         \$5,000         \$6,000           Weston         10,417         2         10,437         -         0.19         \$5,000         \$6,000           New Canaan         20,302         1         20,449         2         0.15         \$5,000         \$6,000           Ridgefield         25,288         1         25,339         2         0.12         \$5,000         \$6,000           Madison         18,302         2         18,254         -         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wilton         18,807         1         18,851         1         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Groton Long Point         517         -         517         -         0.00         \$5,000         \$6,000	TANKS WALKERS II	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		200-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-200	WWW.COMMISSION.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Bethel         19,425         -         19,560         4         0.20         \$5,000         \$6,000           Weston         10,417         2         10,437         -         0.19         \$5,000         \$6,000           New Canaan         20,302         1         20,449         2         0.15         \$5,000         \$6,000           Ridgefield         25,288         1         25,339         2         0.12         \$5,000         \$6,000           Madison         18,302         2         18,254         -         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wilton         18,807         1         18,851         1         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Groton Long Point         517         -         517         -         0.00         \$5,000         \$6,000	Rocky Hill	1,400,000,000,000,000	100	53.000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	700	A100 A100 A	Volume Vo	1000-000-000-00	
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New Canaan         20,302         1         20,449         2         0.15         \$5,000         \$6,000           Ridgefield         25,288         1         25,339         2         0.12         \$5,000         \$6,000           Madison         18,302         2         18,254         -         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wilton         18,807         1         18,851         1         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Groton Long Point         517         -         517         -         0.00         \$5,000         \$6,000			-		4				
Ridgefield         25,288         1         25,339         2         0.12         \$5,000         \$6,000           Madison         18,302         2         18,254         -         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wilton         18,807         1         18,851         1         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Groton Long Point         517         -         517         -         0.00         \$5,000         \$6,000		- //			0.00			N. 70	
Madison         18,302         2         18,254         -         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Wilton         18,807         1         18,851         1         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Groton Long Point         517         -         517         -         0.00         \$5,000         \$6,000									
Wilton         18,807         1         18,851         1         0.11         \$5,000         \$6,000           Groton Long Point         517         -         517         -         0.00         \$5,000         \$6,000	around a partition of the	The state of the s	100	The second second	2	100000000			
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	Easton	7,645	-	7,663		0.00	\$5,000	\$6,000	FY16 <10K