



August 26, 2009

#### BY FEDERAL EXPRESS

Mr. S. Derek Phelps Executive Director Connecticut Siting Council Ten Franklin Square New Britain, Connecticut 06051

Re:

Docket No. 366

Development & Management Plan

52 Stadley Rough Road, Danbury, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Phelps:

On behalf of Optasite Towers LLC, <sup>1</sup> the Certificate holder, we are writing in response to comments filed by the City of Danbury on the development and management plan ("D&M") materials filed in Docket No. 366.

## I. City Planning Department Comments

- 1. The P.E. materials prepared by Rohn note that the lower sections of the monopole, which is a slip joint design, are overdesigned thereby creating a yield point. The CHA drawings reflect that by reference to an engineered yield point on drawing C-5 at the 100' elevation. CHA construction drawings to be submitted to the City for a building permit will note the slip joint design (as opposed to a flange plate as shown) and a copy of revised sheet C-5 is enclosed for the Siting Council.
- 2. The Rohn monopole slip joint design and initially designed structural loading for more than the number of antennas shown on CHA drawing C-5 is industry practice and does not affect the structural sufficiency of the tower or antenna locations as shown by CHA on drawing C-5.
- 3. As noted in the Rohn materials, the tower is designed to ANSI/TIA/EIA-222-G-2005 for a 110MPH gust with no ice and 50MPH gust with .75 inches of radial ice. Upon filing of a building permit application with the City of Danbury, Optasite will consult with the City Building Department regarding these requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Optasite Towers LLC is wholly owned by SBA Towers II, LLC.



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- 4. Attached is the log boring which is the geotechnical material referenced and will be submitted as part of a building permit application to the City.
  - 5. CHA drawing C-5 and the elevation are revised as noted in point 1.
  - 6. Noted.
- 7. The CHA drawings show an access drive with a hammerhead turnaround for ease of access to the site which is not a material change in the overall development which involves a reduced site footprint per Council Order #2. The added spur is further away from adjacent properties. The lease area and lease are not implicated by the potential change to the access and incorporation of a hammerhead turnaround. If required by the Siting Council, the single spur turnaround/parking space as shown on the drawings included in the Certificate application can be implemented as a condition of D&M Plan approval.
- 8. Geotextile filter fabric is standard in a tower compound for overall site weed control. See CHA Sheet C-6 for details.
- 9. Optasite has no objection to tagging those trees to remain in the field and adding a note to the CHA construction drawings to be submitted as part of a building permit application with a copy to be provided to the Council.
- 10. The boulder is to remain. Sheet C-4 is just an enlarged site plan and does not shown many existing conditions to remain including the boulder, trees, stone walls, etc.
- 11. The utility and meter board is required to be outside of the compound as part of CL&P requirements in serving the site. Optasite can incorporate a separate fenced area around the meter board which effectively extends the compound fencing for purposes of any views into the site. If required by the Siting Council, these details will be added to the CHA construction drawings to be submitted as part of a building permit application with a copy to be provided to the Siting Council.
- 12. The fence is a "dog ear" solid wood privacy fence typical of a residential area and its modesty should bring less attention to it. In the event the City has other standard residential fence requirements or suggestions, they will be taken under advisement by Optasite.
- 13. An evergreen species with a significant potential for height was selected for long term tower screening. The compound is being screened with a fence so understory loses over time are not significantly a concern. Other and/or additional species can be incorporated into the landscape plan to the extent the City has preferences or the Council requires same as part of the



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D&M plan. Optasite respectfully submits that a RLA is not necessary to implement a screening plan for the site.

- 14. Comment Noted.
- 15. The overall site disturbance of 0.4 acres during construction is below the 0.5 acres or more noted on page 3-2 of the 2002 CT Erosion Control Guidelines.
  - 16. Comment Noted.

### II. <u>Danzer Comments on City's Behalf</u>

### 1. Reconfiguration of the Compound

We note that the August 25, 2009 memorandum prepared by Steven Danzer is largely an attempt to reargue matters decided by the Siting Council as part of its issuance of a Certificate in Docket No. 366. Moreover, we note that these arguments were considered and rejected by the Council in its Findings of Fact, Opinion and Decision & Order in Docket No. 366 when it concluded the best balance was to reconfigure the compound to add buffer to the west and notwithstanding that moved the compound closer to artificially induced wetlands pockets on-site and within the lease parcel. We also note that City arguments about the Council's conditions requiring reconfiguration of the compound would only have been timely if made in a motion for reconsideration under Section of the Connecticut General Statutes.4-181a. As such, Optasite submits that it is not within the scope of D&M Plan to address Danzer comment 1 and any detailed wetlands comments related thereto which were already dismissed by the Siting Council as part of its deliberations on the Docket.

#### 2. Erosion Control Plan

As noted above in response to City Planning Comments, the erosion control plan is appropriate given the limited amount of disturbance which is under 0.5 acre in total. Additionally, the foundation was specifically designed in this case as a pier foundation to limit the potential need for any dewatering. Nevertheless, a revised sheet C-3 grading plan is enclosed which shows the location of a temporary stilling basin in the event dewatering is necessary as part of tower construction. Additionally, the following narrative and construction sequencing was provided by CHA:

- 1. MOBILIZATION: BRING MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT TO SITE
- 2. INSTALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL BARRIERS
- 3. CLEAR AND ROUGH GRADE THE ACCESS DRIVEWAY AND EQUIPMENT COMPOUND
- 4. EXCAVATION FOR TOWER FOUNDATION AND UTILITIES
- 5. INSTALL FORMS, STEEL REINFORCING, AND CONCRETE FOR TOWER FOUNDATION



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- 6. INSTALL BURIED GROUND RINGS, GROUND RODS, GROUND LEADS, UTILITY CONDUITS, AND UTILITY EQUIPMENT
- 7. BACK FILL FOUNDATION AND UTILITY TRENCHES
- 8. ERECT TOWER OR MONOPOLE
- 9. INSTALL TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT ON TOWER AND IN COMPOUND
- 10. INSTALL COMPOUND AND ROAD GRAVEL SURFACES
- 11. INSTALL FENCING
- 12. CONNECT GROUNDING LEADS AND LIGHTNING PROTECTION
- 13. FINAL GRADING AROUND COMPOUND AND ROAD
- 14. INSTALL LANDSCAPING AND MULCH
- 15. LOAM AND SEED DISTURBED AREAS OUTSIDE COMPOUND AND ACCESS DRIVEWAY
- 16. REMOVE SILT FENCING AFTER SEEDED AREAS HAVE ESTABLISHED VEGETATION
- 17. FINAL CLEANUP AND EQUIPMENT TESTING

A construction contact was also included in the original D&M plan filing.

### 3. Landscape Plan Comments

The Council ultimately concluded that wetland mitigation was not required as part of its Decision & Order for the upland disturbances. This given the lack of quality and quantity of the isolated on-site wetlands pockets that are already highly disturbed. Indeed, these isolated wetlands could qualify for a general USACOE permit to fill them entirely without the need for City measures being suggested. Given the foregoing, Kleinfelder comments were not incorporated into the D&M Plan.

As noted in response to City Planning Comments, additional varieties of plantings can be incorporated into the screening component of the plan if required by the Council. Maintenance of any plantings approved as part of the D&M Plan will be subject to the Council's enforcement powers and bonds or other requirements are unnecessary to ensure compliance.

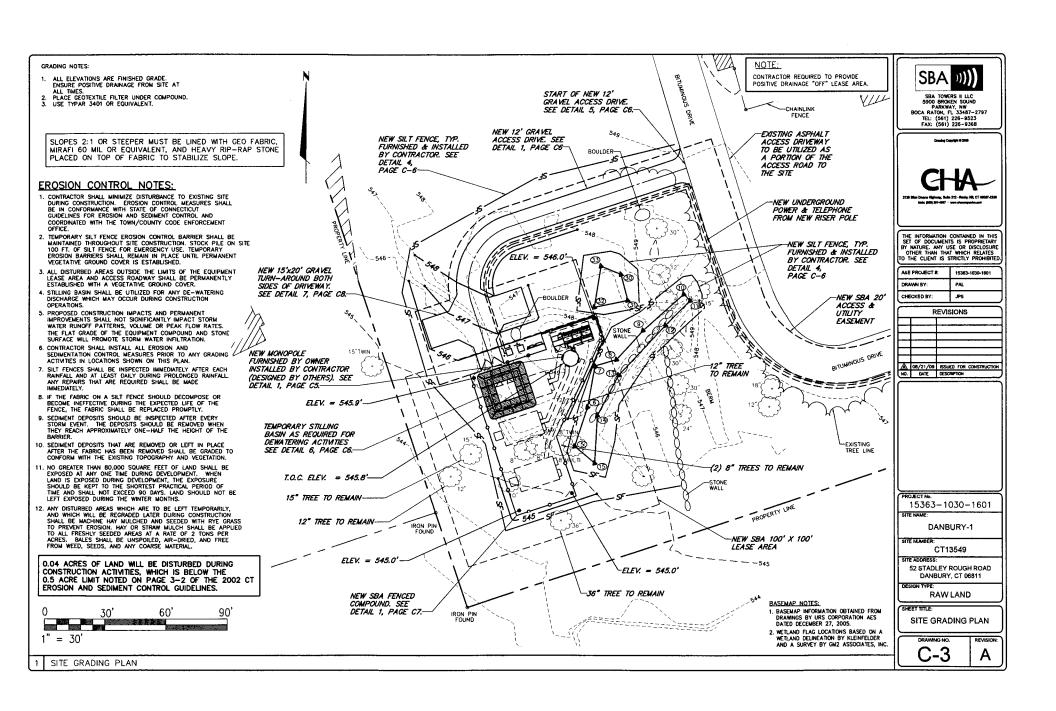
Thank you in advance for your consideration of the D&M plan in Docket 366. We respectfully submit that the plan with any reasonable Council modifications can and should be approved given its consistency with the Decision & Order in Docket 366.

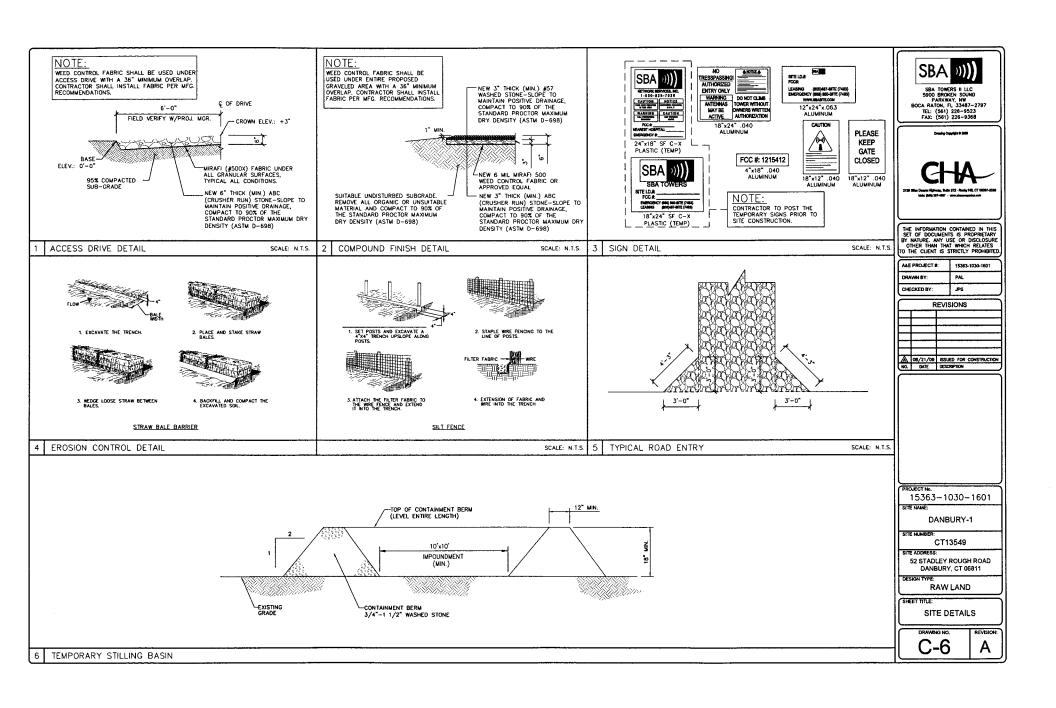
Respectfully Submitted,

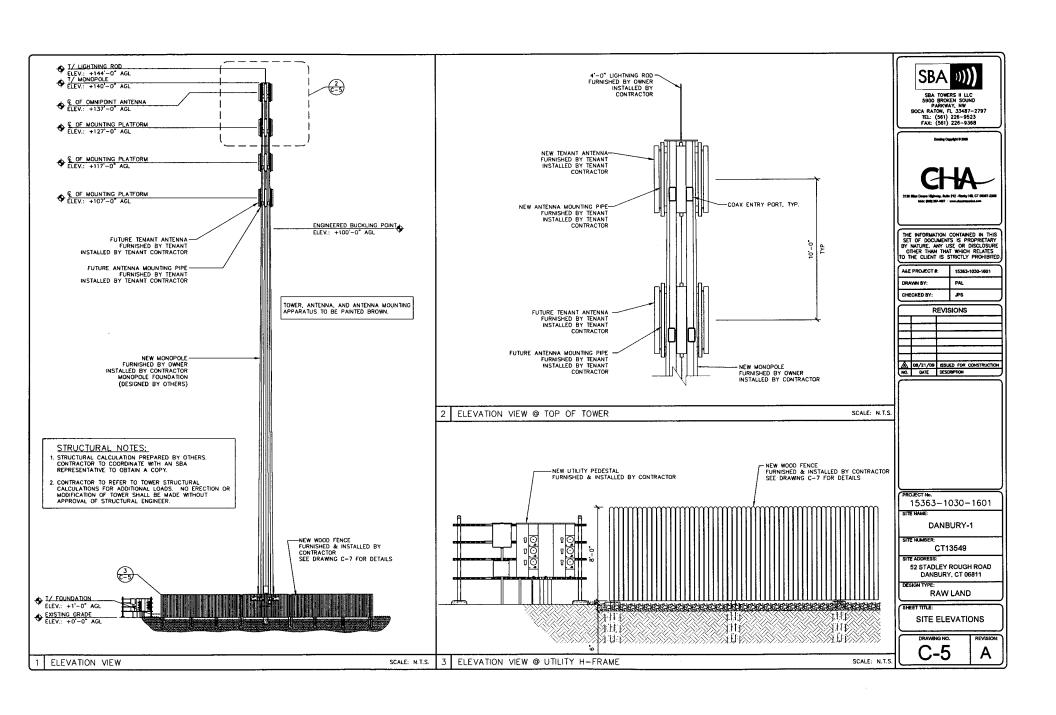
Christopher B. Fisher

Enclosures

cc: Parties & Intervenors







Project: Danbury CT 11546-S (SBA) Key to Log of Boring **Project Location: Danbury, Connecticut** Sheet 1 of 1 Project Number: 091184.01 Elevation, feel USCS Symbo REMARKS AND MATERIAL DESCRIPTION OTHER TESTS 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 **COLUMN DESCRIPTIONS** 1 Elevation, feet: Elevation (MSL, feet) Relative Consistency: Relative consistency of the subsurface material. 2 Depth, feet: Depth in feet below the ground surface. [7] USCS Symbol: USCS symbol of the subsurface material. Sample Type: Type of soil sample collected at the depth interval shown. 8 Graphic Log: Graphic depiction of the subsurface material encountered. 4 Sample Number: Sample identification number. 9 MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Description of material Sampling Resistance, blows/foot: Number of encountered. May include consistency, moisture, blows to advance driven sampler foot (or distance color, and other descriptive text. shown) beyond seating interval using the hammer identified on the boring log. **REMARKS AND OTHER TESTS:** Comments and observations regarding drilling or sampling made by driller or field personnel. FIELD AND LABORATORY TEST ABBREVIATIONS CHEM: Chemical tests to assess corrosivity SA: Sieve analysis (percent passing No. 200 Sieve) **COMP:** Compaction test UC: Unconfined compressive strength test, Qu, in ksf CONS: One-dimensional consolidation test WA: Wash sieve (percent passing No. 200 Sieve) LL: Liquid Limit, percent PI: Plasticity Index, percent TYPICAL MATERIAL GRAPHIC SYMBOLS Well graded GRAVEL (GW) Well graded SAND with Clay (SW-SC) SILTY CLAY (CL-MIL) Poorty graded GRAVEL (GP) Poorly graded SAND with Silt (SP-SM) Lean CLAY/PEAT (CL-OL) Well graded GRAVEL with Silt (GW-GM) Poorly graded SAND with Clay (SP-SC) Fat CLAY/SILT\*(CH-MH) Well graded GRAVEL with Clay (GW-GC) SINV SAND (SM) Fal CLAY/PEAT (CH-OH) Poorly graded GRAVEL with Sill (GP-GM) Clavey SAND (SC) Silty SAND to Sandy SILT (SM-ML) Poorly graded GRAVEL with Clay (GP-GC) SILT, SILT W/SAND, SANDY SILT (ML) Silty SAND to Sandy SILT (SM-MH) CT13549-S\Geotech\lssued Documents\Boring 1.bgs [Basic Boring Log.tp] SIN GRAVEL (GM) Lean CLAY, CLAY W/SAND, SANDY CLAY (CL) Clayey SAND to Sandy CLAY (SC-CL) Clayey GRAVEL (GC) SILT, SILT WSAND, SANDY SILT (MH) Clayey SAND to Sandy CLAY (SC-CH) Well graded SAND (SW) Fal CLAY, CLAY W/SAND, SANDY CLAY (CH) SILT to CLAY (CL/ML) Poorly graded SAND (SP) SILT, SILT with SAND, SANDY SILT (ML-MH) Silty to Clayey SAND (SC/SM) Well graded SAND with Sill (SW-SM) Lean-Fat CLAY, CLAY W/SAND, SANDY CLAY (CL-CH) TYPICAL SAMPLER GRAPHIC SYMBOLS OTHER GRAPHIC SYMBOLS 2-inch-OD unlined split Shelby Tube (Thin-walled, Pitcher Sample spoon (SPT) fixed head) Water level (after waiting a given time) 2.5-inch-OD Modified Minor change in material properties within Grab Sample Other sampler California w/ brass liners a stratum Inferred or gradational contact between 3-inch-OD California w/ **Bulk Sample** strata brass rings 7 – Queried contact between strata **GENERAL NOTES** 1. Soll classifications are based on the Unified Soll Classification System. Descriptions and stratum lines are interpretive, and actual lithologic changes may be gradual. Field descriptions may have been modified to reflect results of lab tests. 2. Descriptions on these logs apply only at the specific boring locations and at the time the borings were advanced. They are not warranted to be representative of subsurface conditions at other locations or times.

Figure 1

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Project: Danbury CT 11546-S (SBA)

**Project Location: Danbury, Connecticut** 

Project Number: 091184.01

# Log of Boring 1

Sheet 1 of 1

Date(s) Drilled May 6, 2009	Logged By T. McGovern	Checked By Tom Tobin
Drilling Method Hollow Stem Auger	Drill Bit Size/Type 4.5 Inch H.S.A	Total Depth of Borehole 37 feet bgs
Drill Rig Type Truck Mounted	Drilling Contractor General Borings	Approximate Surface Elevation
Groundwater Level and Date Measured 15 feet ATD	Sampling Method(s) SPT	Hammer Data 140 lb, 30 in drop, Hammer
Borehole Backfill Cuttings	Location Approximately 90 Feet North East of Proposed Monopole Tower	

