

Westwood

STORMWATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN (SWPCP)

Fisk Solar Project

Hampton, Connecticut

March 2019



Prepared For:

Jefferson Solar, LLC
222 South 9th St., Suite 1600
Minneapolis, MN 55402

Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (SWPCP) Narrative

Fisk Solar Project

Hampton, Connecticut

Permittee Name	Owner	DEEP Identification Number
Jefferson Solar, LLC	Jefferson Solar, LLC	[pending]

Prepared for:

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Suite 1600
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Prepared by:

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(952) 937-5150

Project Number: 0008566.00

March 8, 2019

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ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A: USGS Quad Map and Vicinity Map
Attachment B: Documentation Related to Coastal Consistency Review (Not applicable)
Attachment C: Threatened and Endangered Species Form, NDDDB Documentation and Archaeological Survey
Attachment D: Conservation or Preservation Restriction Information (if applicable)
Attachment E: Stormwater Pollution Control Plans (Plan Set)
Attachment F: General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities: DEEP-WPED-GP-015(General Permit)
Attachment G: Permitting Documentation (NOI, Permit Authorization)
Attachment H: Soil Maps
Attachment I: Pre and Post Drainage Maps, Impaired Water Maps
Attachment J: SWPCP Plan Checklist
Attachment K: Training Documentation
Attachment L: Inspection and Maintenance Forms

1.0 INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

This SWPCP is prepared to conform to the required elements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities: DEEP-WPED-GP-015, State of Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection, dated: August 21, 2013 (Expiration date: August 21, 2018). The General Permit provides the framework of requirements for compliance to discharge stormwater from a construction site.

This SWPCP is for implementation by the owner and/or operator (Registrant), as listed in Section 4.0 of this SWPCP, at the Fisk Solar site, with the project location as defined in Section 5.1 of this SWPCP. This report shall be on the site at all times during construction.

The following are outlined in this site specific SWPCP:

- Control measures for stormwater pollution prevention during each phase of construction;
- Installation of control measures for stormwater pollution prevention after construction;
- Sources of stormwater and non-stormwater pollution; and
- Inspection and maintenance procedures.

2.0 REGISTRANT AND DESIGN PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION STATEMENT AND SIGNATURE

Registrant (Permittee):

"I hereby certify that I am making this certification in connection with a registration under such general permit, submitted to the commissioner by Fisk Solar for an activity located at 395 Hartford Turnpike, Hampton, CT 06247, and that all terms and conditions of the general permit are being met for all discharges which have been initiated and such activity is eligible for authorization under such permit. I further certify that a system is in place to ensure that all terms and conditions of this general permit will continue to be met for all discharges authorized by this general permit at the site. I certify that the registration filed pursuant to this general permit is on complete and accurate forms as prescribed by the commissioner without alteration of their text. I certify that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information that provides the basis for this certification, including but not limited to all information described in Section 3(b)(8)(A) of such general permit, and I certify, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining such information, that the information upon which this certification is based is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I certify that I have made an affirmative determination in accordance with Section 3(b)(8)(B) of this general permit. I understand that the registration filed in connection with such general permit is submitted in accordance with and shall comply with the requirements of Section 22a-430b of Connecticut General Statutes. I also understand that knowingly making any false statement made in the submitted information and in this certification may be punishable as a criminal offense, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment, under section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes and any other applicable law."


Signature

Owner/Sr. Project Manager

03/08/2019

Title

Date

Steve Broyer

612-326-1500

Jefferson Solar, LLC

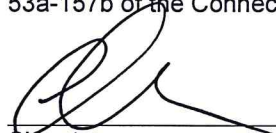
Printed Name

Contact Number

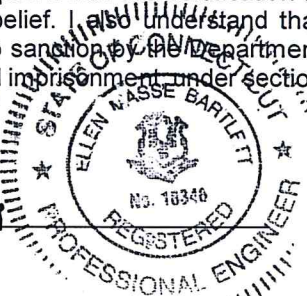
Company

Design Professional:

"I hereby certify that I am a professional engineer licensed in the State of Connecticut. I am making this certification in connection with a registration under such general permit, submitted to the commissioner by Fisk Solar for an activity located at 395 Hartford Turnpike, Hampton, CT 06247. I certify that I have thoroughly and completely reviewed the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan for the project or activity covered by this certification. I further certify, based on such review and on the standard of care for such projects, that the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan has been prepared in accordance with the Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, as amended, the Stormwater Quality Manual, as amended, and the conditions of the general permit, and that the controls required for such Plan are appropriate for the site. I further certify, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining such information, that the information upon which this certification is based is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I also understand that knowingly making any false statement in this certification may subject me to sanction by the Department and/or be punishable as a criminal offense, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment, under section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes and any other applicable law."


 Signature

 P.E., CPSWQ
 Title

 3/19/19
 Date

 ELLEN BARTLETT
 Printed Name

 860-886-1966
 Contact Number

 CLA ENGINEERS
 Company
SWPCP Plan Preparer:

"I hereby certify that I am a qualified professional engineer or qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional, or both, as defined in the General Permit for Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities and as further specified in sections 3(b)(11)(A) and (B) of such general permit. I am making this certification in connection with a registration under such general permit, submitted to the commissioner by Fisk Solar for an activity located at 395 Hartford Turnpike, Hampton, CT 06247. I have personally examined and am familiar with the information that provides the basis for this certification, including but not limited to all information described in Section 3(b)(11)(C) of such general permit, and I certify, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining such information, that the information upon which this certification is based is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further certify that I have made the affirmative determination in accordance with Sections 3(b)(11)(D)(i) and (ii) of this general permit. I understand that this certification is part of a registration submitted in accordance with Section 22a-430b of Connecticut General Statutes and is subject to the requirements and responsibilities for a qualified professional in such statute. I also understand that knowingly making any false statement in this certification may be punishable as a criminal offense, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment, under section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes and any other applicable law."




Construction Stormwater Manager

03/08/2019

Signature

Title

Date

Aaron Mlynek, CPESC

952-697-5710

Westwood Professional Services

Printed Name

Contact Number

Company

3.0 SWPCP AMENDMENTS

This SWPCP shall be amended within seven (7) days:

- Whenever there is a plan failure to prevent pollution or fail to otherwise comply with any other provision of the general permit;
- Whenever there is a change in contractors or subcontractors at the site;
- Whenever there is a change in design, construction, operation or maintenance at the site which has the potential for the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the state and which has not otherwise been addressed in the plan;
- If any condition of the General Permit is violated or the general objective of reducing or eliminating pollutants in stormwater discharges has not been achieved; and
- When deemed necessary by the commissioner, developer, permittee, or qualified inspector. Within seven days of such notice by the commissioner, the permittee shall make the required changes to the plan and perform all actions required by such revised plan. Within 15 days of such notice (or other time frame specified by the commissioner) the permittee shall submit to the commissioner a written certification that the requested changes have been made and implemented and such other information as the commissioner requires.

The following items will be included in each amendment:

- Who requested the amendment;
- The location of proposed change;
- The reason for change;
- The original Best Management Practices (BMP) proposed, if any;
- The new BMP proposed; and
- Design Professional Certification.

3.1 SWPCP Amendment Log

The following table should be completed as necessary during construction to document changes and amendments to this document. Place the Amendment Number next to all application changes, redlines and information in the document to reference back to the changes summarized below. If an additional sheet is necessary attach the additional sheet to the SWPCP.

Table 1: Amendment Log

Amend #	Date	Reason, location and brief description of change or amendment	Requested by:	Prepared by:

3.2 SWPCP Amendment Design Professional Certification

"I hereby certify that I am a qualified professional engineer or qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional, or both, as defined in the General Permit for Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities and as further specified in sections 3(b)(11)(A) and (B) of such general permit. I am making this certification in connection with a registration under such general permit, submitted to the commissioner by Fisk Solar for an activity located at 395 Hartford Turnpike, Hampton, CT 06247. I have personally examined and am familiar with the information that provides the basis for this certification, including but not limited to all information described in Section 3(b)(11)(C) of such general permit, and I certify, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining such information, that the information upon which this certification is based is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further certify that I have made the affirmative determination in accordance with Sections 3(b)(11)(D)(i) and (ii) of this general permit. I understand that this certification is part of a registration submitted in accordance with Section 22a-430b of Connecticut General Statutes and is subject to the requirements and responsibilities for a qualified professional in such statute. I also understand that knowingly making any false statement in this certification may be punishable as a criminal offense, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment, under section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes and any other applicable law."

Amendment #: _____

Signature_____
Printed Name and Title_____
Date

Amendment #: _____

Signature_____
Printed Name and Title_____
Date

Amendment #: _____

Signature_____
Printed Name and Title_____
Date

Amendment #: _____

Signature_____
Printed Name and Title_____
Date

4.0 REGISTRATION TYPE AND REGISTRANT AND CONTACT INFORMATION

4.1 Registration Type

The site registration type is:

☐ Locally Approvable ☒ Locally Exempt ☐ Re-registration ☐ New Registration

4.2 Registrant and Contact Information

Table 2: Registrant and Primary Contacts

Registrant Information	Primary Contact Person Information
Jefferson Solar, LLC	Jefferson Solar, LLC
Steve Broyer	Steve Broyer
222 South 9 th St Suite 1600 Minneapolis, MN 55402	222 South 9 th St Suite 1600 Minneapolis, MN 55402
612-326-1500 Steve.broyer@ecosrenewable.com	612-326-1500 Steve.broyer@ecosrenewable.com

Table 3: Developer and Contractor Contacts

Developer's Information	General Contractor Contact Information
Jefferson Solar, LLC	
Steve Broyer	
222 South 9 th St Suite 1600 Minneapolis, MN 55402	
612-326-1500 Steve.broyer@ecosrenewable.com	

4.3 Project Contacts and Chain of Responsibility

Table 4: Project Contacts

Responsibility	Company	Name	Contact Number	Email
Developer	Jefferson Solar LLC	Steve Broyer	612-326-1500	Steve.broyer@ecosrenewable.com
Operator	Jefferson Solar LLC	Steve Broyer	612-326-1500	Steve.broyer@ecosrenewable.com
Project Engineer	CLA Engineers Inc.	Ellen Bartlett	860-886-1966	ebartlett@claengineers.com
SWPCP Plan Preparer	Westwood Professional Services	Aaron Mlynek	952-697-5710	Aaron.mlynek@westwoodps.com
Grading / Excavation	TBD			
Infrastructure Construction	TBD			
SWPCP Inspector	CLA Engineers Inc.	Bob Russo	860-227-4895	brusso@claengineers.com
BMP Installer	TBD			

5.0 SITE INFORMATION

5.1 Site Name and Location

The Fisk Solar site is located approximately 1.5 miles southwest of Hampton in Windham County, Connecticut. The nearest intersection is US-6 and Fisk St. The site address is: 395 Hartford Turnpike, Hampton, CT 06247. The site vicinity map is included in Attachment A.

Table 5: Project Location

Latitude and Longitude Points (Decimal)	
Latitude	41.76833333
Longitude	-72.07722222

5.2 Duration of Construction Activities

Table 6: Project Schedule and Normal Working Hours

Activity	Start Date	End Date
Overall Project	4/29/2019	5/15/2020
Site Clearing / Install Erosion Control	4/29/2019	5/13/2019
Stormwater Basin Grading, Swales	5/13/2019	6/7/2019
Roadway and Perimeter Fence Install	5/27/2019	6/17/2019
PV Array & Electrical Construction Grading Maintenance	6/10/2019	9/13/2019
PV Array Racking Install	5/27/2019	7/26/2019
PV Electrical Construction	6/17/2019	8/12/2019
Project Energization and Commissioning	9/2/2019	9/13/2019
Site Seeding / Restoration	6/17/2019	11/1/2019
Spring 2020 Additional Restoration	5/1/2019	5/15/2020
Work Days	Normal Start Time (daily)	Normal End Time (daily)
Monday – Saturday	07:00 AM	07:00 PM

6.0 ENDANGERED SPECIES AND HISTORICAL PROPERTIES

6.1 Endangered or Threatened Species

A determination on endangered and threatened species for the Fisk Solar site was made by the Natural Diversity Data Base (NDDB) dated 07/13/2018. The report states that they do not anticipate any negative impacts to State-listed species (RCSA Sec. 26-306) resulting from the proposed activity at this site. The review results do not preclude the possibility that listed species may be encountered on site and that additional action may be necessary to remain compliant with certain state permits. See Attachment C for applicable documentation.

6.2 Historical Property Preservation

A Phase I Archaeological Reconnaissance Survey was conducted by Archaeological Consulting Services (ACS) with a report dated January 2019. ACS did not document any prehistoric or historic cultural resources during the survey, besides existing stone walls. The stone walls are likely around 200 years old, although they are not the best formed and are scattered across the landscape. Substantial documentation of these stone walls has taken place on the many site plans and survey maps, therefore retaining historic information regarding agricultural lot size and orientation. While some stone walls lie within the project area, the most prominent stone walls of the area should remain mostly unaffected as they are mostly outside the project area to be disturbed lining Fisk Road.

The Phase I Archaeological Reconnaissance Survey conducted by ACS was also reviewed by the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) on March 1, 2019. In their review, the SHPO found no archaeological deposits. However, the SHPO recommends not impacting the fieldstone and stone walls noted by ACS to the greatest extent possible. See Attachment C for applicable documentation.

7.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

7.1 Nature of Construction Activities

The proposed project consists of the construction of solar panels mounted on a single-axis tracking unit, transformers, an interconnect system, a laydown area, and an access road. The SWPCP shall be amended to show locations and disturbance areas as necessary should locations change during construction. Install additional control measures if insufficient control is found at any location for any of the construction activities.

7.2 Proposed Conditions and Land Use

Non-vegetative Cover

Post-construction, added impervious cover will include aggregate access roads, transformers and electrical equipment, perimeter security fence, and solar panels. The solar panels will cover most of the project area but will allow short, vegetative undergrowth. Existing rock walls will also remain onsite.

Vegetative Cover

Post-construction, the proposed vegetative cover will consist of native grass that will provide ground cover beneath the solar panels and around all non-vegetative cover mentioned above.

Land Use

The proposed land use of the site will be a solar facility. The solar facility will consist of solar modules mounted above grade on a racking system, gravel access roads, transformers, associated electrical equipment, and a perimeter security fence. The solar modules are located above the ground, and the finished ground conditions will be completely pervious by seeding with a low-maintenance native grass seed mix.

7.3 Pre and Post Project Estimates

Table 7: Project Area Estimates

Total Project Acreage	Disturbed Acreage	Pre-Construction Runoff Coefficient	Post-Construction Runoff Coefficient
38.6 Acres	38.6 Acres	0.20	0.25

7.4 Receiving Waters

Any discharges from the project will not adversely affect human health or the environment. Nor will they cause a public nuisance or contain pollutants in quantities that threaten to cause pollution. The project will comply with local and regional water quality objectives to ensure water quality standards. Refer to Attachment I for drainage maps.

Table 8: Receiving Waters

Name of Waterbody	Immediate (I) or Ultimate (U)	Type (wetland, lake, stream, ditch)	Impaired? Y/N	Approved TMDL? Y/N
Merrick Brook	U	Brook	N	N/A
Cedar Swamp Brook	I	Brook	N	N/A
Little River	U	River	N	N/A

7.5 Other Permits or Plans Required

Table 9: Permits / Plans Summary

Name of Permit or Plan	Date of Plan or Permit	Name or Company of Author	Notes

7.6 Identified Aerial Extent of Wetlands

Within the site disturbance area, there are 0 acres of wetlands. The acreage is estimated from an aerial view of the wetlands within the site disturbance boundary. Please use the following table if the site boundaries expand and wetlands are found within the site boundaries. There are adjacent wetlands to the current site disturbance boundaries.

Table 10: Wetland Area Summary

Wetland Location (Latitude / Longitude)	Acreage of Wetland	Inland Wetland	Tidal Wetland	Fresh-Tidal Wetland
Off project Area (41.7676, - 72.0831)	22.9	X		
Off project Area (41.7693, - 72.0760)	8.85	X		
Off project Area (41.7667, - 72.0759)	0.45	X		

7.7 Existing Conditions

The slope and terrain of the site generally consists of flatter to rolling hills terrain consisting of dense forest of trees and brush. The southwest portion of the site currently has stormwater runoff flowing via overland flow to the west discharging to Merrick Brook located to the west. The northeast portion of the site currently has stormwater runoff flowing via overland flow to the east discharging to Cedar Swamp Brook and then to Little River, both located to the east.

Non-vegetative Cover

Prior to construction, the existing non-vegetative cover consists of exposed rock walls on site. No other permanent structures, roads, or improvements were observed on-site.

Vegetative Cover

Prior to construction, the existing vegetative cover consists of dense forest consisting of trees and brush throughout the site.

Land Use

Prior to construction the site area was primarily unoccupied, unused, and undeveloped woodlands. A Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment was conducted by Rincon Consultant, Inc. with a report dated 12/21/2015. In the report there were not any recognized environmental conditions found.

8.0 SITE MAP(S)

Attachment E of this plan contains the site maps which include, but not limited to:

- Existing and planned drainage patterns;
- Existing and planned elevation and slopes;
- Location of structural and non-structural controls;
- Limits of soil disturbance;
- Existing vegetation;
- Locations of E&S controls;
- Location of stabilization practices;
- Provisions for impaired waters;
- Location of post construction re-vegetation;
- Location of utilities, roads and structures;
- Locations and provisions for waste disposal;
- Locations and provision for washout areas; and

Attachment I of this plan contains the drainage maps which include, but not limited to:

- Existing and planned drainage patterns;
- Location of outfall(s) proposed for monitoring;
- Location of surface waters, impaired water, waters with TMDLs;
- Location of surface water, including inland wetlands, fresh-tidal wetlands and tidal wetlands (as applicable);
- Locations of discharges to surface waters (pre, during and post construction);
- Locations for impaired waters;
- Limits of FEMA floodplains and floodways;
- CT coastal resource limits (if applicable);
- Location of any public drinking water supply areas or watersheds.

Attachment H of this plan contains the soil maps which include, but not limited to:

- Description of existing soils,
- Erosivity information for the soils,
- RUSLE attributes of the soils, and
- Map of the soils within the site area.

8.1 Soil Descriptions

The soils present on the Fisk Solar project includes sandy loam, fine sandy loam, gravelly sandy loam soils. The soils belong to hydrologic soil groups A, B, D, B/D and C/D. Soils belonging to groups A, B and D have low, moderate and high runoff potential when wet, respectively. Soils belonging to group B/D have a moderate runoff rate when drained and a high runoff rate when undrained. Soils belonging to group C/D have a moderately high runoff rate when drained and a high runoff rate when undrained. Soil information summarized above and in the tables below is from the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soils Survey (Accessed 02/22/2019). Additional soils information can be found in Attachment H. The USDA NRCS source data for some K Factors and soil particle size is not available. Contractors should supplement information below with geotechnical reports and data.

<http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/>

Table 11: Soil K Factors and Erosivity Hazards

Soil Name / Type	K Factor	Erosivity Hazard				Reason(s) for Erosivity Rating
		Slight	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe	
Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Not Available (N/A)	X				Lack of Slope/Erodibility
Ridgebury, Leicester, and Whitman soils, 0 to 8	N/A	X				Lack of Slope/Erodibility

percent slopes, extremely stony						
Timakwa and Natchaug soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes	.55	X				Lack of Slope/Erodibility
Sudbury sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	N/A	X				Lack of Slope/Erodibility
Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	N/A	X				Lack of Slope/Erodibility
Woodbury fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	N/A	X				Lack of Slope/Erodibility
Gloucester gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	.24	X				Lack of Slope/Erodibility
Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes	.24	X				Lack of Slope/Erodibility
Charlton-Chatfield complex, 0 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky	N/A	X				Lack of Slope/Erodibility

Table 12: Soil Particle Sizes

Soil Type	% Sand	% Silt	% Clay	% Site Area
Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	N/A -	N/A -	N/A -	3.4
Ridgebury, Leicester, and Whitman soils, 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony	N/A -	N/A -	N/A -	15.7
Timakwa and Natchaug soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes	26.0	62.0	12.0	6.9
Sudbury sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	N/A -	N/A -	N/A -	3.2
Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	N/A -	N/A -	N/A -	6.5
Woodbury fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	N/A -	N/A -	N/A -	6.1
Gloucester gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	62.5	33.0	4.5	3.4
Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes	57.0	34.0	9.0	2.6
Charlton-Chatfield complex, 0 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky	N/A -	N/A -	N/A -	52.2

9.0 CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING

9.1 Project Phasing

Pre-construction:

Phase 1: Site Clearing / Install Erosion Control

Interim Activity:

Phase 2: Stormwater Basin Grading, Swales

Phase 3: Roadway and Perimeter Fence Install

Phase 4: PV Array and Electrical Construction Grading Maintenance

Phase 5: PV Array Racking Install

Phase 6: PV Electrical Construction

Post Construction:

Phase 7: Project Energization and Commissioning

Phase 8: Restoration

The contractor will limit the exposed area of unstabilized soils and disturbance per the construction sequence provided in this plan. In the areas of solar panel installation, there are several activities (site grading, footing installation, panel installation, and electrical trench work) that will disturb soil. On site soil is fine textured, erosive and must be stabilized after each activity. Identify clearing and grading limits, sensitive areas, and wetlands prior to construction.

1. Before any work takes place contact call before you dig 1-800-922- 4455 to mark utilities.
2. Notify the town of Hampton zoning and inland wetlands agents of start of construction a minimum of 48 hours in advance.
3. Have licensed surveyor stake out the clearing limits
4. Cut trees but do not grub.
5. Install construction entrance
6. Install chain link fence around perimeter
7. Install perimeter erosion and sedimentation controls (hay bales and woodchip mulch) and have inspected by site inspector.
8. Install additional erosion and sediment control as shown on plans including temporary vegetated swales and temporary vegetated sediment traps and have them inspected by the site inspector.
9. Any dewatering will be monitored by a qualified environmental professional to maintain suitable quality of discharge from the dewatering and to ensure removal of accumulated sediments at appropriate intervals. Sediments will be disposed of at an appropriate on-site location.
Dewatering will discharge into temporary sediment traps.
10. Rough grade of the site will proceed, working from north to south. Grading shall not expose more than 5 acres of soil
11. Install solar panels in phases, hydroseed or seed and mulch around panels and hydroseed or mulch and seed any exposed soil at the end of each week and before every rainfall predicted for 0.5 inches or more.
12. Trench for and install electric lines and at the end of each week hydroseed or mulch and seed any exposed soil at the end of each week and before every rainfall predicted for 0.5 inches or more.
13. Install remaining electric infrastructure and at the end of each week hydroseed or mulch and seed any exposed soil at the end of each week and before every rainfall predicted for 0.5 inches or more.
14. Overseed disturbed soils when all solar panel installation is complete.
15. Clean sediments basins and grade and re-seed for use as stormwater basins when site inspector deems soils are stabilized.

16. Install plantings
17. Maintain erosion & sediment and provide reports to towns and CTDEEP.

Table 13: Construction Activity / Phase Sequencing and Duration

Activity / Phase	Start Date	End Date	# of Days
Site Clearing / Install Erosion Control	4/29/2019	5/13/2019	15
Stormwater Basin Grading / Swales	5/13/2019	6/7/2019	26
Roadway and Perimeter Fence Install	5/27/2019	6/17/2019	22
PV Array and Electrical Construction Grading Maintenance	6/10/2019	9/13/2019	96
PV Array Racking Install	5/27/2019	7/26/2019	61
PV Electrical Construction	6/17/2019	8/12/2019	57
Project Energization and Commissioning	9/2/2019	9/13/2019	12
Restoration	6/17/2019	5/15/2020	334

9.2 Limits of Disturbance for Each Phase

The plan sheets within the erosion and sediment control plans found in Attachment E show the limits of disturbance for the construction activities. The table below summarizes the acreage associated with each activity. Where possible, the disturbance will be minimized to five acres at one time.

Table 14: Limits of Disturbance for Each Phase

Activity / Phase	Limits of Disturbance
Project Area	38.6 acres
Solar Array	27.11 acres
Grading outside array	3.2 acres
Access Roads	1.5 acres
Pre-Construction Impervious	1.28 acres
Total Disturbed Area	37.32
Restoration	37.32

10.0 CONTROL MEASURES

10.1 Checklist

The completed SWPCP Plan Checklist as established by Connecticut DEEP is found in Attachment J.

10.2 BMP Application

The Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control Plan shall include, as a minimum, best management practices, including sound conservation and engineering practices to prevent and minimize erosion and resultant sedimentation, which are consistent with, and no less stringent than, those practices contained in the "Guidelines, the Stormwater Quality Manual or the DOT Qualified Products List" (CTDEEP, 2004).

10.3 Soil Management

After clearing and grubbing, the grading contractor shall strip and stockpile topsoil material for reapplication on all future permanent pervious surface areas. A 4- to 6-inch stripping depth is common; however the depth may vary dependent upon the site specific soils. After placement of perimeter sediment BMPs and during development, grading, and utility construction, the subsoils will be compacted as necessary for construction using typical excavation techniques. During final grade, reapplication of topsoil will be done by a wide-pad dozer and/or other equipment to minimize compaction of the topsoil material.

10.4 Soil Stockpile Management

Stockpiled topsoil stripped from the site shall not obstruct natural site drainage and shall not result in off-site sediment damage. Stockpiles shall be located to maximize distance from wetlands or watercourses. The side slopes of the stockpiles shall not exceed 2:1, and perimeter sediment controls should be installed along the downgradient site to trap sediment eroded from the stockpile. Temporary stabilization of the stockpile is necessary if the stockpiles are to remain inactive within the permit time frames listed below.

10.5 Stabilization Timing for Disturbed Areas and Moderate Slopes

Temporary erosion control practices should be initiated immediately after construction activity disturbing soil in an area is temporarily or permanently ceased for a period of seven days. The application of temporary erosion control management practices should be completed prior to the seventh day of temporarily or permanently ceasing construction activity in an area of the project. For areas of the site not anticipated to be active again within thirty days, the application of temporary seed is necessary along with the temporary stabilization measures applied. If the areas are to be active again within thirty days in a portion of the site, the area anticipated to be active does not have to be temporarily seeded, but still needs the temporary stabilization BMPs (such as but not limited to; mulching, blanket applications, or hydromulch/soil stabilizers) within seven days of temporary or permanently ceasing activity. Once areas of final grade area achieved, the application of temporary stabilization with permanent seeding or vegetative BMPs must be applied within seven calendar days.

Areas of the site which are active or disturbed beyond the seeding seasons shall receive long-term, non-vegetative stabilization and protection to protect the site through the winter months.

10.6 Steep Slope Stabilization

Steep slopes which are defined as gradients of steeper than 3:1 exceeding 15 feet vertically must be temporarily or permanently (depending upon timing) stabilized and have a reverse slope bench installed for stabilization.

Sufficient erosion control materials will be maintained on-site to allow implementation in conformance with General Permit requirements and described in this SWPCP. This includes implementation requirements for active areas and non-active areas that require deployment before the onset of anticipated rain events.

10.7 Erosion Control Practices

Erosion control, also referred to as soil stabilization, consists of source control measures that are designed to prevent soil particles from detaching and becoming transported in stormwater runoff. Erosion control BMPs protect the soil surface by covering and/or binding soil particles. This project will incorporate erosion control measures required by the contract documents and other measures elected by the Developer and SWPCP Plan Preparer. This project will implement the following practices for effective temporary and final erosion control during construction:

- Preserve existing vegetation where required and when feasible;
- Apply temporary erosion control to remaining active and non-active areas. Reapply as necessary to maintain effectiveness;
- Implement temporary erosion control measures at regular intervals throughout construction to achieve and maintain the contract's disturbed soil area requirements;
- Stabilize non-active areas as soon as feasible after the cessation of construction activities;
- Control erosion in concentrated flow paths by applying erosion control blankets, erosion control seeding, and lining swales as required in the contract documents;
- Seed will be applied to areas deemed substantially complete during the construction or to areas which will not be actively worked for extended periods of time (i.e. longer than thirty calendar days); and
- At completion of construction, apply permanent erosion control to all remaining disturbed soil areas.

The following controls are anticipated to minimize soil loss from the construction site area. The controls should help to minimize soil from being transported from water and wind as well as aid in the establishment of temporary and permanent vegetation. Prior to grading and during clearing and grubbing, the areas of vegetation preservation, buffers and other areas of no-disturbance should be flagged, staked or otherwise delineated.

Table 15: Erosion Controls

Potential BMPs	Construction Phase or Activity								Application Notes
	Site Clearing / Install Erosion Control	Stormwater Basin Grading / Swales Control	Roadway and Perimeter Fence Install	PV Array and Electrical Const. Grading Maint.	PV Array Racking Install	PV Electrical Const.	Project Energization and Commissioning	Restoration	
Preserve / Conserve Topsoil (TO)	X	X	X	X				X	See section 10.3.
Tree Protection (TP)	X	X	X	X	X	X			
Vegetated Filter (VF)	X	X	X	X				X	See Section 6.0 for more information.
Straw / Hay Mulch (TSP / MS)		X	X	X	X	X		X	Apply at two tons / acre. Disc anchor to soil. Weed free mulch should be used.

Erosion Control Blanket (ECB) or Turf Reinforcement Mat (TRM)		X	X	X	X	X		X	Type of blanket (North American Green S-150). Install per manufacturer's recommendations.
Hydroseed (TSP / MS)		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Riprap (RR)		X	X	X				X	
Temporary Seeding (TS)		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Application Rate = See Below
Permanent Seeding (PS)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Application Rate = See Below

Temporary Seeding:

Figure TS-2 Temporary Seeding Rates and Dates														
Species ¹	Seeding Rates (pounds)		Optimum Seed Depth ² (inches)	Optimum Seeding Dates ¹										Plant Characteristics
	/Acre	/1000 sq. ft.		3/15	4/15	5/15	6/15	7/15	8/15	9/15	10/15			
				3/1	4/1	5/1	6/1	7/1	8/1	9/1	10/1			
Annual ryegrass <i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	40	1.0	0.5											May be added in mixes. Will mow out of most stands
Perennial ryegrass <i>Lolium perenne</i>	40	1.0	0.5											Use for winter cover. Tolerates cold and low moisture.
Winter Rye <i>Secale cereale</i>	120	3.0	1.0											Quick germination and heavy spring growth. Dies back in June with little regrowth.
Oats <i>Avena sativa</i>	86	2.0	1.0											In northern CT, will winter kill with the first killing frost and may throughout the state in severe winters.
Winter Wheat <i>Triticum aestivum</i>	120	3.0	1.0											Quick germination with moderate growth. Dies back in June with no regrowth.
Millet <i>Echinochloa crusgalli</i>	20	0.5	1.0											Warm season small grain. Dies with frost in September.
Sudangrass <i>Sorghum sudanense</i>	30	0.7	1.0											Tolerates warm temperatures and droughty conditions.
Buckwheat <i>Fagopyrum esculentum</i>	15	0.4	1.0											Hardy plant that will reseed itself and is good as a green manure crop.
Weeping lovegrass <i>Eragostis curbula</i>	5	0.2	0.25											Warm-season perennial. May bunch. Tolerates hot, dry slopes, acid infertile soils. Excellent nurse crop. Usually winter kills.
DOT All Purpose Mix ³	150	3.4	0.5											Suitable for all conditions.

¹ May be planted throughout summer if soil moisture is adequate or can be irrigated. Fall seeding may be extended 15 days in the coastal towns.

² Seed at twice the indicated depth for sandy soils.

³ See Permanent Seeding **Figure PS-3** for seeding mixture requirements.

⁴ Listed species may be used in combinations to obtain a broader time spectrum. If used in combinations, reduce each species planting rate by 20% of that listed.

¹ May be planted throughout summer if soil moisture is adequate or can be irrigated. Fall seeding may be extended 15 days in the coastal towns.

² Seed at twice the indicated depth for sandy soils.

³ See Permanent Seeding **Figure PS-3** for seeding mixture requirements.

⁴ Listed species may be used in combinations to obtain a broader time spectrum. If used in combinations, reduce each species planting rate by 20% of that listed.

Source: USDA-NRCS

Permanent Seeding:**Figure PS-2 Selecting Seed Mix to Match Need**

Area To Be Seeded	Mixture Number ¹	
	Mowing Desired	Mowing Not Required
BORROW AREAS, ROADSIDES, DIKES, LEVEES, POND BANKS AND OTHER SLOPES AND BANKS		
A) Well or excessively drained soil ²	1,2,3,4,5 or 8	5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 16, 22
B) Somewhat poorly drained soils ²	2	5, 6
C) Variable drainage soils ²	2	5, 6, 11

Figure PS-3 Seed Mixtures for Permanent Seeding

No.	Seed Mixture (Variety) ⁴	Lbs/Acre	Lbs/1,000 Sq. Ft.
1 ⁵	Kentucky Bluegrass Creeping Red Fescue (Pennlawn, Wintergreen) Perennial Ryegrass (Norlea, Manhattan)	20 20 <u>5</u> Total 45	.45 .45 <u>.10</u> 1.00
2 ⁵	Creeping Red Fescue (Pennlawn, Wintergreen) Redtop (Streeker, Common) Tall Fescue (Kentucky 31) or Smooth Brome grass (Saratoga, Lincoln)	20 2 <u>20</u> Total 42	.45 .05 <u>.45</u> .95
3 ⁵	Creeping Red Fescue (Pennlawn, Wintergreen) Bird's-foot Trefoil (Empire, Viking) with inoculant ¹ Tall Fescue (Kentucky 31) or Smooth Brome grass (Saratoga, Lincoln)	20 8 <u>20</u> Total 48	.45 .20 <u>.45</u> 1.10
4 ⁵	Creeping Red Fescue (Pennlawn, Wintergreen) or Tall Fescue (Kentucky 31) Redtop (Streeker, Common) Bird's-foot Trefoil (Empire, Viking) with inoculant ¹	20 2 <u>8</u> Total 30	.45 .05 <u>.20</u> .70
5 ⁵	White Clover Perennial Rye Grass	10 <u>2</u> Total 12	.25 <u>.05</u> .30

¹ Use proper inoculant for legume seeds, use four times recommended rate when hydroseeding.

² Use Pure Live Seed (PLS) = $\frac{\% \text{ Germination} \times \% \text{ Purity}}{100}$

EXAMPLE: Common Bermuda seed with 70% germination and 80% purity=

$$\frac{70 \times 80}{100} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{56}{100} \quad \text{or} \quad 56\%$$

$$\frac{10 \text{ lbs PLS/acre}}{56\%} = 17.9 \text{ lbs/acre of bagged seed}$$

³ DOT All purpose mix

⁴ Wild flower mix containing New England Aster, Baby's Breath, Black Eye Susan, Catchfly, Dwarf Columbine, Purple Coneflower, Lance-leaved Coreopsis, Cornflower, Ox-eye Daisy, Scarlet Flax, Foxglove, Gayfeather, Rocky Larkspur, Spanish Larkspur, Corn Poppy, Spurred Snapdragon, Wallflower and/or Yarrow may be added to any seed mix given. Most seed suppliers carry a wild flower mixture that is suitable for the Northeast and contains a variety of both annual and perennial flowers. Seeding rates for the specific mixtures should be followed.

⁵ Considered to be a cool season mix.

⁶ Considered to be a warm season mix.

10.8 Sediment Control Practices

The following controls are anticipated to minimize sediment discharge, capture sediment in suspension and minimize sedimentation off site.

Table 16: Sediment Controls

Potential BMPs	Construction Phase or Activity								Application Notes
	Site Clearing / Install Erosion Control	Stormwater Basin Grading / Swales Control	Roadway and Perimeter Fence Install	PV Array and Electrical Const. Grading Maint.	PV Array Racking Install	PV Electrical Const.	Project Energization and Commissioning	Restoration	
Geotextile Silt fence (GSF)	X	X	X	X	X	X			Machine sliced install w/ wood posts at six feet spacing. Install perimeter sf prior to grading
Fiber Rolls	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	Leave in place until vegetation is established

10.9 Run-on and Runoff Controls

The following controls are anticipated to minimize scour, transport water across or down steep slopes or critical areas, divert clean water, and/or provide temporary or permanent conveyances to maintain drainage.

Table 17: Run-on and Runoff Controls

Potential BMPs	Construction Phase or Activity								Application Notes
	Site Clearing / Install Erosion Control	Stormwater Basin Grading / Swales Control	Roadway and Perimeter Fence Install	PV Array and Electrical Const. Grading Maint.	PV Array Racking Install	PV Electrical Const.	Project Energization and Commissioning	Restoration	
Outlet Protection (OP) / Hay Bale	X	X	X	X	X	X			See detail in plans. Install within twenty-four hours of connection to surface waters.
Level Spreader (LS)		X	X	X				X	See detail in plans.
Temporary Wood Chip Berm	X	X	X	X					See detail, use temp erosion control to stabilize berm. Install prior to disturbing downgradient areas.
Temporary Sediment Basin		X	X	X					See Section 13.0 of this SWPCP
Temporary Sediment Trap		X	X	X					See Section 13.0 of this SWPCP
Permanent Water Quality Basin		X	X	X				X	See Section 13.0 of this SWPCP

Vegetated Waterway / Swale		X	X	X				X	See detail in plans. Install within twenty-four hours of connection to surface waters.
Temporary Low Water Crossing		X	X	X					See detail, use temp erosion control to stabilize berm. Install prior to disturbing downgradient areas.

10.10 Temporary Practices

There are eight (8) temporary sediment basins planned within the site.

10.10.1 Calculations

Table 18: Temporary Sediment Basin Calculations

Refer to the hydrological report completed by CLA Engineers, Inc., dated March 2019

Basin #	Storage Volume Provided	Capacity Needed
1	15,000 Cubic Feet	14,376 Cubic Feet
2	14,472 Cubic Feet	14,472 Cubic Feet
3	7,966 Cubic Feet	7,966 Cubic Feet
4	14,000 Cubic Feet	13,068 Cubic Feet
5	17,000 Cubic Feet	15,684 Cubic Feet
6	8,694 Cubic Feet	8,694 Cubic Feet
7	15,000 Cubic Feet	13,068 Cubic Feet
8	7,966 Cubic Feet	7,966 Cubic Feet

10.11 Tracking Controls

The following controls are anticipated to minimize or prevent sediment track-out and generation of dust from construction site exits to paved surfaces or to retrieve material tracked onto paved surfaces to minimize or prevent the material from being washed into surface waters or stormwater inlets. The contractors shall construct or direct construction of stabilized construction entrances / exits for the project site as shown on the Erosion and Sediment Control Plans in Attachment E. Stabilized constructed roadways will be implemented as necessary to minimize potential of dust and erosion of exposed soils during construction.

Table 19: Tracking Controls

Potential BMPs	Construction Phase or Activity								Application Notes
	Site Clearing / Install Erosion Control	Stormwater Basin Grading / Swales Control	Roadway and Perimeter Fence Install	PV Array and Electrical Const. Grading Maint.	PV Array Racking Install	PV Electrical Const.	Project Energization and Commissioning	Restoration	
Construction Entrance	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		See detail in plans. Install at all site exits prior to grading. Maintain for duration of project.
Gravel or Aggregate Road Base			X	X	X	X		X	See detail and notes in plans.
Wet Dust Suppression	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Minimize water volume used to prevent runoff from occurring.
Street Scraping	X	X	X	X				X	Scrape large clumps/amounts of material with soft tracked or wheeled equipment prior to sweeping.
Street Sweeping	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	Sweep paved surfaces within twenty-four hours of discovery.

10.12 Dewatering and Basin Draining Practices

Dewatering of turbid water (water that is visibly cloudy or brown in color) should be discharged via pump and hose or overland flow (via temporary ditch or grade cuts) to a temporary sediment basin or de-watering enclosure for pretreatment. The use of riprap apron (energy dissipation) should be used for the discharge location. If riprap is not used, an alternative form of energy dissipation should be used to prevent scour and re-suspension of soil at the discharge point of the hose. If discharge to a temporary sediment basin is not feasible, the use of pumping settling basins, portable sediment tanks, dewatering bags or approved method shall be utilized. The use of rock checks, erosion control blanket and sumps or traps shall be considered for overland flow dewatering. After the use of BMPs, the water could be discharged through a vegetated buffer and energy dissipation. The discharge of water from the site should be visibly clear in appearance.

The discharge of accumulated water should not:

- Contain oil, grease, a sheen, odor, visible foaming, or concrete washout wastewater;
- Adversely impact adjacent properties with water or sediment;
- Adversely impact waters of the state;
- Cause erosion of slopes and channels;
- Cause nuisance conditions; and
- Contribute to inundation of wetlands which negatively impact the wetlands.

Table 20: Dewatering Controls and BMPs

Potential BMPs	Construction Phase or Activity								Application Notes
	Site Clearing / Install Erosion Control	Stormwater Basin Grading / Swales Control	Roadway and Perimeter Fence Install	PV Array and Electrical Const. Grading Maint.	PV Array Racking Install	PV Electrical Const.	Project Energization and Commissioning	Restoration	
Pump Intake and Outlet Protection	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	

11.0 OTHER MEASURES (GOOD HOUSEKEEPING)

Potential pollutant sources including construction and waste materials that are used or stored at the site are described below. Upon proper implementation of the BMPs potential pollutant sources are not reasonably expected to affect the stormwater discharges from the site. Construction materials and chemicals used or stored on-site should be kept in small quantities whenever possible. Materials shall only be stored in non-sensitive areas and not in close proximity to watercourses, wetlands or floodplains.

A spill prevention, control and countermeasure plan (SPCC) will be needed if materials or tanks present on site contain more than, or have the ability to contain more than, 1,320 gallons of petroleum products. When not in use, petroleum products should be stored in sealed containers and out of contact with the elements to prevent direct contact with stormwater. Inadvertent spills should be cleaned up immediately upon discovery and the materials should be disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal requirements. Contractors should have spill kits available on site for rapid deployment to contain and cleanup spills.

Table 21: Potential Pollutants List

Potential Pollutant	Location	Control Measure*
Antifreeze	Vehicle/Equipment	S.C./Drip pan
Diesel Fuel	Vehicle/Equipment/Fuel Tank	S.C./Drip pan
Gasoline	Vehicle/Equipment/Fuel Tank	S.C./Drip pan
Hydraulic Oils/Fluids	Vehicle/Equipment	S.C./Drip pan
Grease	Vehicle/Equipment	S.C./Drip pan
Sanitary Waste Restrooms	Portable	Service Provider To Secure Units From Tipping
Trash And Construction Debris	Various	Dumpster
Paints	Contractor	S.C. and secure/covered storage.
Glue/Adhesives/Curing Compounds	Contractor	S.C. and secure/covered storage.
Soil Amendments	Various	S.C. and secure/covered storage.
Landscaping Materials Fertilizer	Various	S.C. and secure/covered storage.
Concrete Mortar	Mobile Mixer	S.C./Washout Area and secure/covered storage
Concrete	Trucks/Washout	Washout Area/S.C.
Bentonite	Directional Boring/Utility Contractor	S.C./Sump area
Sediment	Exposed soils/Disturbed Areas	Sediment, Erosion, Tracking, and Runoff Controls

*S.C. refers to secure secondary containment unit or area.

11.1 Storage, Handling and Disposal of Construction Materials

Storage and Handling

- All products shall be kept in their original container, with original labels still attached, unless the container is not re-sealable.

- All chemicals and petroleum products containers stored on site shall be provided with impermeable containment. The containment must be sized to hold 110 percent of the volume of the largest container or 10 percent of the total volume of all containers in the areas (whichever is larger) without overflow of the containment areas.
- Hazardous materials shall be returned to the hazardous material storage area at the end of each day. All chemicals and containers shall be stored under a roofed area except for those chemicals stored in containers of 100 gallon capacity or more. Double walled tanks satisfy this requirement.
- An effort should be made to store only enough products to do the required job.
- The contractor shall provide tanks or barrels to collect liquid byproducts that pose a pollution hazard.
- The pollutants shall be removed from the site on a weekly basis and disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.
- All spills shall be cleaned up immediately after discovery, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended methods.
- Hazardous materials shall be properly stored to prevent vandalism or unauthorized access.
- Containment units shall be installed in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
- No hazardous material shall be stored within 200 feet of an identified critical area.
- If building materials, chemicals, or general refuse is being used, stored, disposed of, or otherwise managed inappropriately, the contractor shall correct such defects within twenty-four hours of detection or notification.

Disposal (Dumpsters)

- Locate dumpsters away from watercourses, streams, creeks and other surface waters or conveyances.
- Site inspector shall regularly observe for and report excess litter and solid waste and request pickup and retrieval of wastes.
- Wastes, litter, debris shall be deposited into dumpsters in a central location and / or in various satellite locations where work is active.
- Dumpsters should be supplied by and regularly maintained, emptied and removed by a waste management company.

11.2 Fueling and Maintenance of Equipment and Vehicles; Spill Response

- Routine maintenance of vehicles shall occur in staging areas only if necessary;
- Maintenance of equipment and vehicles should be avoided and done off site where feasible;
- If fueling is done by mobile tank and dispenser, the transfer of fuel should be done under close supervision and there should be drip pans and spill containment and cleanup materials readily available;
- If fueling is done via temporary tank, the tank should be stored within a bermed area and away from surface waters;
- Spill Kits with absorbent materials shall be available on site for use in cleaning up small spills.
- Where a release containing a hazardous substance in an amount equal to or in excess of a reporting quantity established under CT DEEP Emergency Response and Spill Prevention the permittee is required to notify DEEP at 860-424-3338 or 866-337-7745 and the National Response Center (NRC) at (800) 424-8802 in accordance with the requirements of The DEEP Emergency

Response Unit. Refer to the following website for more information on reporting: http://www.ct.gov/deep/cwp/view.asp?a=2692&q=322572&deepNav_GID=1648;

- Immediately after the spill you are required to report facts such as:
 - the location;
 - the quantity and type of substance, material or waste;
 - the date and the cause of the incident;
 - the name and address of the owner; and
 - the name and address of the person making the report and his relationship to the owner.

Note: Unless specifically requested, the DEEP does not require a written submission when reporting a spill; and

- If the hazardous condition involves the release of an EPA regulated material or an oil as defined by the EPA, the release may also need to be reported to the National Response Center. Federal Reporting is required within 15 minutes of event occurrence or discovery. Contact the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802. The NRC is staffed twenty-four hours a day. For more information reference the following website: <https://www.epa.gov/emergency-response/when-are-you-required-report-oil-spill-and-hazardous-substance-release>.

The table below is a summary of petroleum based spills; refer to federal reportable quantities for additional information.

Table 22: Reportable Spill Quantities

Material	Where Discharged	Reportable Spill Quantities
Petroleum Material	Land	Unknown amount or amounts exceeding federal reportable quantity
Petroleum Material	Water	Enough to create a sheen on water

11.3 Vehicle and Equipment Washing

If necessary, the contractor shall develop a designated wash area with basin containment to prevent the untreated water from discharging from the site to surface waters. BMPs include; temporary basins, inspecting the vehicles and equipment for leaks prior to washing, and prohibiting washing activity until discovered leaks are repaired and maintenance is completed of the equipment or vehicle. The area shall be shown on the site plans and shall be conducted outside of any buffers and at least fifty feet from any stream, wetland or sensitive resource or must be conducted in an entirely self-contained washout system. The water shall be contained and pumped from the site into a truck for proper disposal at a waste water facility. No overflows can occur during rainfall or snowmelt from the designated areas. No engine degreasing shall be done on site.

11.4 Concrete Washout and Other Washout

The direct discharge of concrete truck washout water to surface waters in the state, including storm sewers and other stormwater treatment facilities shall not occur. The following categories provide potential BMPs for the operator(s) to implement to avoid washout waters from impacting receiving waters.

Mobile Concrete or Mortar Mixers

The following BMPs should be considered with the use of mortar or concrete mixers:

- Store bags of concrete and mortar in dry storage;
- Position mixers fifty feet from the nearest watercourse or conveyance;

- If mixers must be positioned closer than fifty feet from a conveyance and temporary berm shall be installed to prevent runoff from the mixer from flowing into the conveyance;
- Use tarp or plastic sheeting as a liner to prevent concrete or mortar from contacting the soil;
- Use buckets to contain washout / rinse water when cleaning the mobile mixer; and
- Dump buckets of washout water in a designated concrete washout area.

Concrete Washout

The following BMPs and considerations should be implemented for concrete washout areas:

- Washout water from the tools, equipment and the chutes of concrete trucks, mobile mixers or other containers with concrete material must be contained and not allowed to be discharged into waters of the state or drain onto adjacent properties;
- The washout area should be a defined area with signage notifying the contactors of the location and use;
- The washout area should be a sufficient size to contain the expected washout material. 10'x10'x3' area should suffice for most activities;
- Multiple washout areas may be needed. Locations of the washouts should be shown on the construction plans by the contractor;
- When noting the location of the concrete washout areas, include the date of install, date of last maintenance and date of removal;
- The use of thick poly sheeting should be used to prevent contamination of the soil and prevent infiltration of the washout material; and
- The area shall be described on the site plans and shall be conducted outside of any buffers and at least fifty feet from any stream, wetland or sensitive resource or must be conducted in an entirely self-contained washout system.

Once the material is hardened it can be disposed of in a dumpster. If the material is water or not hardened, the material should be vacuumed and hauled off site to be properly disposed of or recycled at a facility. Some sites will not need the separate washout area if a truck chute washout is available from the concrete supplier.

Truck Chute Washout

Where available, all trucks with self-contained washout and water recycle systems must be used for every truck chute, tool and equipment rinse and washout. The truck should be positioned in a flat area away from inlets and surface waters where feasible. The washout of trucks during rain events should be minimized.

11.5 Portable Sanitary Facilities

All temporary portable sanitary facilities should be managed and maintained with at least the following items considered:

- Locate facilities away from watercourses, streams, creeks and other surface waters or conveyances;
- Facilities should be placed upgradient from perimeter sediment controls and not on paved or other impervious surfaces;
- Secure facilities to the soil with stakes or tether to other non-movable structure to prevent tipping from wind or other factors; and
- Schedule routine and regular cleanout and maintenance of facility from a reliable company.

11.6 Potential Non-stormwater Pollutant Sources and BMPs

Non-stormwater discharges shall be eliminated or reduced to the extent feasible, with the exception of those necessary for the completion of certain construction activities. A list of allowable non-stormwater discharges include the items below.

Table 23: Non-stormwater Discharges and Potential BMPs

Type of Allowable Non-Stormwater Discharge	Likely to be Present at Site?
Discharges from emergency fire-fighting activities	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
Fire hydrant flushing (uncontaminated and not hyperchlorinated)	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
Waters used to wash vehicles, buildings, structures and pavement (Detergents and soaps are not allowed) to remove mud, dirt or dust.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
Water used to control dust	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
Potable water including uncontaminated waterline flushing (not hyperchlorinated)	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
Uncontaminated air conditioning or compressor condensate	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
Uncontaminated, non-turbid discharges of ground water, spring water, or foundation or footing drains	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
Landscape irrigation	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
Pavement wash waters(no spills or leaks or detergent use)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
Uncontaminated flows from excavation dewatering activities if operational and structural controls are used.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO

These authorized non-stormwater discharges should be conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Construction General Permit (CGP), and every effort should be made to minimize non-stormwater runoff from these site activities.

The operators are responsible to implement the following BMPs and management for non-stormwater discharges.

Waters Used to Wash Vehicles, Buildings, Structures and Pavement (without detergents): Should washing be necessary to remove soil, mud, dirt and / or dust will likely be needed, the washing of components consists of using high powered sprayers with water could be used to clean off accumulated soil and earth materials. The washing should take place within a defined area. Existing BMPs and infiltration will likely control associated water and runoff due to the washing activity. If existing BMPs are overloaded or not functional maintenance or additional perimeter controls (such as silt fence) may be needed at the discretion of the inspector.

Water used for Dust Control: This is not anticipated to be a contamination / pollution issue. During the dry times when dust control is needed the minimal amount of water is anticipated to be absorbed into the soil. If any runoff does occur, the standard BMPs (such as silt fence, mulch and erosion control blanket, inlet controls and stormwater traps) should adequately control the runoff from reaching off-site surface waters.

Pavement wash waters (no spills or leaks or detergent use):

The use of pavement wash waters should not contribute to sediment discharge, transport or contain runoff contaminated by leaks or spills of hazardous materials. Wash water should be used sparingly and minimize

amount used which would result in runoff occurring. Should runoff occur, the typical sediment and erosion control BMPs should be employed to prevent the water from leaving the site, as feasible.

11.7 Construction Site Inspection and Maintenance Program

Construction activity and all support activities must be routinely inspected (using the inspection form found in Attachment L or an alternative form) within the parameters of the scope and schedule below. The inspector shall be a qualified SWPCP Inspector familiar with the requirements of this SWPCP Plan and the General Permit. This person is delegated by the Permittee and listed in Section 4.3. All inspection scopes outlined below shall be inspected for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system and impacts to the receiving waters. Additionally, the inspection shall evaluate the effectiveness of erosion and sediment controls.

Scope of inspections* should include:

- Inspection date;
- Weather information with estimate of beginning of storm event, duration of event, time elapsed since last storm and approximate total rainfall amounts;
- Inspect all disturbed areas;
- Soil stockpile areas;
- Areas used for storage of materials;
- Inspect all structural control measures;
- Description of inadequate BMPs;
- Describe phase of construction;
- Washout areas;
- Locations where vehicles enter or exit the site for evidence of off-site sediment tracking;
- Description of stormwater discharges from the site;
- Water quality monitoring performed during the inspection;
- Rain gauge reading**;
- Maintenance required or corrective actions required including any changes to the SWPCP and implementation dates for such actions; and
- Inspectors name, qualifications, title and signature with certification statement.

*All inspections should be documented and include a statement in the judgment of the inspector conducting the inspection, that the site is either in compliance or out of compliance with the plan and permit. If the site is out of compliance, the report shall include a summary of the remedial actions required to bring the site back into compliance

**Rainfall amounts should be taken from an onsite rain gauge. The rain gauge should be measured and maintained every twenty-four hours except any non-working Saturday, non-working Sunday and non-working federal holiday.

11.8 Inspection Personnel Qualifications

The table below summarizes the personnel involved with the project and the related qualifications commensurate with their tasks.

Table 24: Training Summary

Project Role / Task	Name	Qualifications or Certifications	Expiration Date of Certifications (if applicable)
SWPCP Inspector	Bob Russo		
Delegated/Alternate Inspector			

11.9 Inspection Schedule

Table 25: Inspection Schedule

Inspection Type	Scope of Inspection
Initial Plan Implementation Inspection	Within thirty days following commencement of construction activity on site, the permittee shall contact one of the following: (1) appropriate district; or (2) qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional (CPESC) or CT Registered Professional Engineer (PE) to inspect the site at least once and no more than three (3) times during the first 90 days to confirm compliance with the general permit and proper initial implementation or all controls designated in the plan for the initial phase of construction. *See notes below if district personnel is not used for the initial inspection.
Routine Weekly Inspection	Full site inspection with scope as listed above in section 11.7.
Post Storm Event	For storms that end on a weekend, holiday or other time after which normal working hours will not commence within twenty-four hours, an inspection is required within twenty-four hours only for storms that equal or exceed 0.5 inches. For storms of less than 0.5 inches, an inspection shall occur immediately upon the start of the subsequent normal working hours.
Reduced Inspection Frequency post temporary or Permanent stabilization	Sites which have been temporary or final stabilized shall be conducted at least once every month for a period of three (3) months

**For sites less than 15 acres, the inspector may not be an employee of the registrant and have no ownership interest of any kind in the project for which the registration is being submitted.*

**For sites greater than 15 acres the inspector may not be an employee of the registrant; a person whom has not engaged in any activities associated with the preparation, planning, designing or engineering of such plan for soil erosion and sediment control or plans for engineered stormwater management systems on behalf of such registrant; and is not under the same employ as any person who engaged in any activities associated with the preparation, planning, designing or engineering of such plans and specification for soil erosion and sediment control or plans and specifications for engineered stormwater management systems on behalf of such registrant; and has no ownership interest of any kind in the project for which the registration is being submitted.*

11.10 Maintenance Schedule

All BMPs should be maintained as soon as feasible but within the time frames listed below unless local regulations dictate more stringent time frames. The BMPs shall be maintained in good and effective operating conditions.

Table 26: Maintenance Schedule

BMP	Observed Condition for Maintenance	Maintenance Interval
All non-functional BMPs	Sediment overtopping, under water, scoured ends, undermined, destroyed, non-functional as designed, etc.	Non-engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within twenty-four hours. Engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within seven days.
Perimeter Sediment Control (silt fence, fiber logs, berms, etc.)	½ full of sediment, flattened to ½ height, driven over, undermined, scoured, moved for access etc.	Non-engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within twenty-four hours. Engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within seven days.
Inlet or culvert protection BMPs, conveyances, surface waters	Sediment deposition, sediment deltas and accumulation of sediment material.	Non-engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within twenty-four hours. Engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within seven days.
Temp sed. basins and traps; permanent sediment basins	Sediment deposition and accumulation to ½ of the storage volume.	Non-engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within twenty-four hours. Engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within seven days.
Site exit locations, rock exit pads, other anti-tracking practices	Accumulated sediment in rock or other anti-tracking BMP, tracking of sediment from the site onto paved surfaces	Non-engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within twenty-four hours. Engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within seven days.
Paved surfaces; adjacent streets	Tracked sediment and soil material from the site hauling or access	Non-engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within twenty-four hours. Engineered maintenance or replacement items should be completed within seven days.

11.11 List of Contractors and Subcontractors

All contractors and subcontractors will be notified of the requirement for stormwater management measures during the project. A list of contractors / subcontractors will be maintained. If subcontractors change during the project, the list will be updated accordingly.

Table 27: Contractors and Subcontractors

Company	Name	Contact Number	Email

12.0 IMPAIRED AND TMDL WATERS

12.1 Discharges to Impaired Waters

There are no impaired waterbodies which receiving stormwater discharge from the site disturbed area according to the following website:

http://www.ct.gov/deep/lib/deep/permits_and_licenses/water_discharge_general_permits/storm_const_impaired_waters_table.pdf. (Accessed 2/28/2019).

13.0 POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER CONTROLS

13.1 Post Construction Map(s)

The post construction BMPs are shown on the plans found in Attachment E contain the following information:

- Indicated retention standards for other development (as applicable);
- Drainage patterns and slopes after grading;
- Locations of runoff reduction measures (and if applicable LID BMPs);
- Location of other structural sedimentation / floatables treatment measures;
- Location of velocity dissipation; and
- Drawings and specifications for each stormwater measure.

13.2 Permanent Practices

13.2.1 Calculations

Refer to the hydrological report completed by CLA Engineers, Inc., dated March 2019. Additionally refer to the "Stormwater Management and Treatment Practices" worksheet in Attachment J of this binder. Each permanent BMP measure has been documented separately using the worksheet.

Basin #	Storage Volume Provided	Capacity Needed
1	22,000 Cubic Feet	20,474 Cubic Feet
2	18,500 Cubic Feet	17,522 Cubic Feet
3	10,000 Cubic Feet	9,708 Cubic Feet
4	19,000 Cubic Feet	16,988 Cubic Feet
5	24,000 Cubic Feet	22,654 Cubic Feet
6	12,000 Cubic Feet	10,001 Cubic Feet
7	18,000 Cubic Feet	16,970 Cubic Feet
8	10,000 Cubic Feet	9,404 Cubic Feet

13.3 Long Term Maintenance Plan

Long term operation and maintenance of the permanent stormwater facilities may include, but not limited to; trash pickup, mowing, vegetation management, and/or intervals of sediment cleanout. The following person, company or entity is responsible for the long term operation and maintenance of the permanent stormwater facilities for the project. The following is a contact person/organization for the long term maintenance of the permanent stormwater facilities on site:

Entity or Organization: _____

Contact Name: _____

Street address: _____

City, state, zip: _____

Phone number: _____

14.0 STORMWATER MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

This permit requires monthly monitoring of nephelometric turbidity in receiving water(s) or outfalls in accordance with this permit for all sites disturbing 5 acres or more. The following procedures constitute guidelines for sampling turbidity.

14.1 Sampling Frequency

- Sampling shall be conducted at least once every month, when there is a discharge of stormwater from the site while construction activity is ongoing, until final stabilization of the drainage area associated with each outfall is achieved.
- Samples are only required during normal working hours as defined in Section 2 of the construction general permit. If sampling is discontinued due to the end of normal working hours, sampling shall resume the following morning or the morning of the next working day following a weekend or holiday, as long as the discharge continues.
- Sampling may be temporarily suspended any time conditions exist that may reasonably pose a threat to the safety of the person taking the sample. Such conditions may include high winds, lightning, impinging wave or tidal activity, intense rainfall or other hazardous condition. Once the unsafe condition is no longer present, sampling shall resume.
- If there is no stormwater discharge during a month, sampling is not required.

14.2 Sample Collection

- All samples shall be collected from discharges resulting from a storm event that occurs at least twenty-four hours after any previous storm event generating a stormwater discharge. Any sample containing snow or ice melt must be identified on the Stormwater Monitoring Report form. Sampling of snow or ice melt in the absence of a storm event is not a valid sample.
- Samples shall be grab samples taken at least three separate times during a storm event and shall be representative of the flow and characteristics of the discharge(s). Samples may be taken manually or by an in-situ turbidity probe or other automatic sampling device equipped to take individual turbidity readings (i.e. not composite). The first sample shall be taken within the first hour of stormwater discharge from the site. In cases where samples are collected manually and the discharge begins outside of normal working hours, the first sample shall be taken at the start of normal working hours.

14.3 Sample Locations

- Sampling is required of all point source discharges of stormwater from disturbed areas except as may be modified for linear projects under subparagraph (ii) below. Where there are two or more discharge points that discharge substantially identical runoff, based on similarities of the exposed soils, slope, and type of stormwater controls used, a sample may be taken from just one of the discharge points. In such case, the permittee shall report that the results also apply to the substantially identical discharge point(s). No more than 5 substantially identical outfalls may be identified for one representative discharge. If such project is planned to continue for more than one year, the permittee shall rotate twice per year the location where samples are taken so that a different discharge point is sampled every six months. The Plan must identify each outfall authorized by this permit and describe the rationale for any substantially identical outfall determinations.
- For a linear project, as defined in Section 2, the protocols of subparagraph (i), above, shall apply except that up to 10 substantially identical outfalls may be identified for one representative discharge.

- All sampling point(s) shall be identified in the Plan and be clearly marked in the field with a flag, stake, or other visible marker.

14.4 Turbidity Values

The stormwater discharge turbidity value for each sampling point shall be determined by taking the average of the turbidity values of all samples taken at that sampling point during a given storm.

14.5 Stormwater Monitoring Reports

Within thirty (30) days following the end of each month, permittees shall enter the stormwater sampling result(s) on the Stormwater Monitoring Report (SMR) form (found in Attachment L) and submit it in accordance with the NetDMR provisions below.

- If there was no discharge during any given monitoring period, the permittee shall submit the form as required with the words "no discharge" entered in place of the monitoring results.
- If the permittee monitors any discharge more frequently than required by this general permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in additional SMRs for the month in which the samples were collected.
- If sampling protocols are modified due to the limitations of normal working hours or unsafe conditions in accordance with Section 5(c)(1)(A)(ii) or (iii) above, a description of and reason for the modifications shall be included with the SMR.
- If the permittee samples a discharge that is representative of two or more substantially identical discharge points, the permittee shall include the names or locations of the other discharge points.

14.6 NetDMR Reporting Requirements

Unless otherwise approved by the commissioner, the Permittee and/or the Signatory Authority shall electronically submit SMRs required under this permit to the Department using NetDMR in satisfaction of the SMR submission requirements of Sections 5(c)(2)(A) of the construction general permit.

SMRs shall be submitted electronically to the Department no later than the 30th day of the month following the completed reporting period. Any additional monitoring conducted in accordance with 40 CFR 136 shall be submitted to the Department as an electronic attachment to the SMR in NetDMR. NetDMR is accessed from: www.epa.gov/netdmr.

15.0 FINAL STABILIZATION

Final stabilization is achieved for the project when permanent erosion control BMPs are applied to the site. The permanent erosion control BMPs may be a combination of vegetative and no vegetative cover types. Additional requirements to achieving final stabilization include:

- All soil disturbing activity is completed;
- Permanent stormwater treatment system (if required) is constructed and accumulated sediment has been removed from construction activity;
- All temporary, synthetic BMPs have been removed from the site;
- There is no active erosion or sediment present and no disturbed areas remain exposed on site for all phases; and
- The “final stabilization inspection” has been completed (see Section 16.0 below).

16.0 NOTICE OF TERMINATION

Notice of Termination must be filed with the commissioner. This project shall be considered complete after all post construction measures are installed, cleaned, and functioning. The site must also be stabilized for at least three months following the cessation of construction activities. Stabilization for the purposes of the Notice of Termination means there is no active erosion or sedimentation present and no disturbed areas remain exposed for all phases of the project. After the post construction and final stabilization inspections (detailed below) the permittee shall complete the Termination Form (found in Attachment G) and submit to the DEEP.

16.1 Post Construction Inspection

For locally approvable projects, once all post construction stormwater measures have been installed and cleaned of any construction sediment or debris the registrant shall contact the appropriate conservation district or a qualified Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Professional (CPESC) and/or a qualified professional engineer who will inspect the site to confirm compliance with these post construction stormwater measures.

16.2 Final Stabilization Inspection

After three (3) months of stabilized condition, the registrant shall have the site inspected by a qualified inspector to confirm final stabilization is met. The registrant shall indicate compliance with this section in the Notice of Termination Form.

17.0 RECORD RETENTION

During construction:

This report, amendments and attachments, inspections, and maintenance records should be kept on site during normal business hours. The records should be kept by the Permittee listed on the Notice of Intent. The records should be in a mailbox, in a vehicle or in an on-site office trailer.

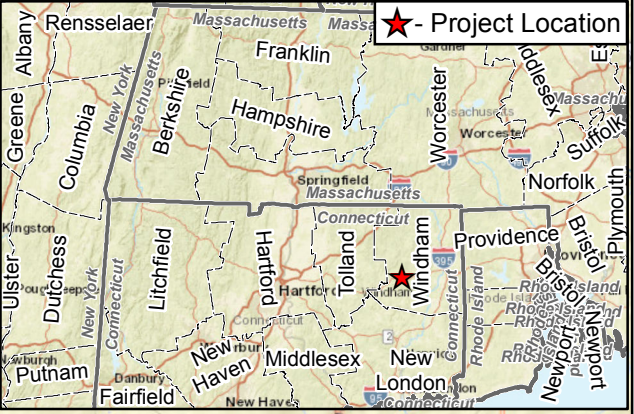
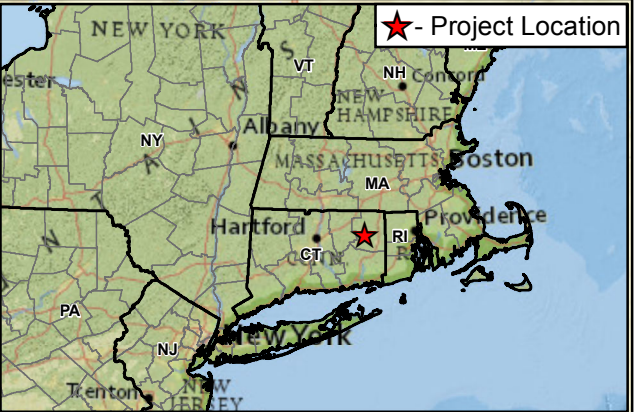
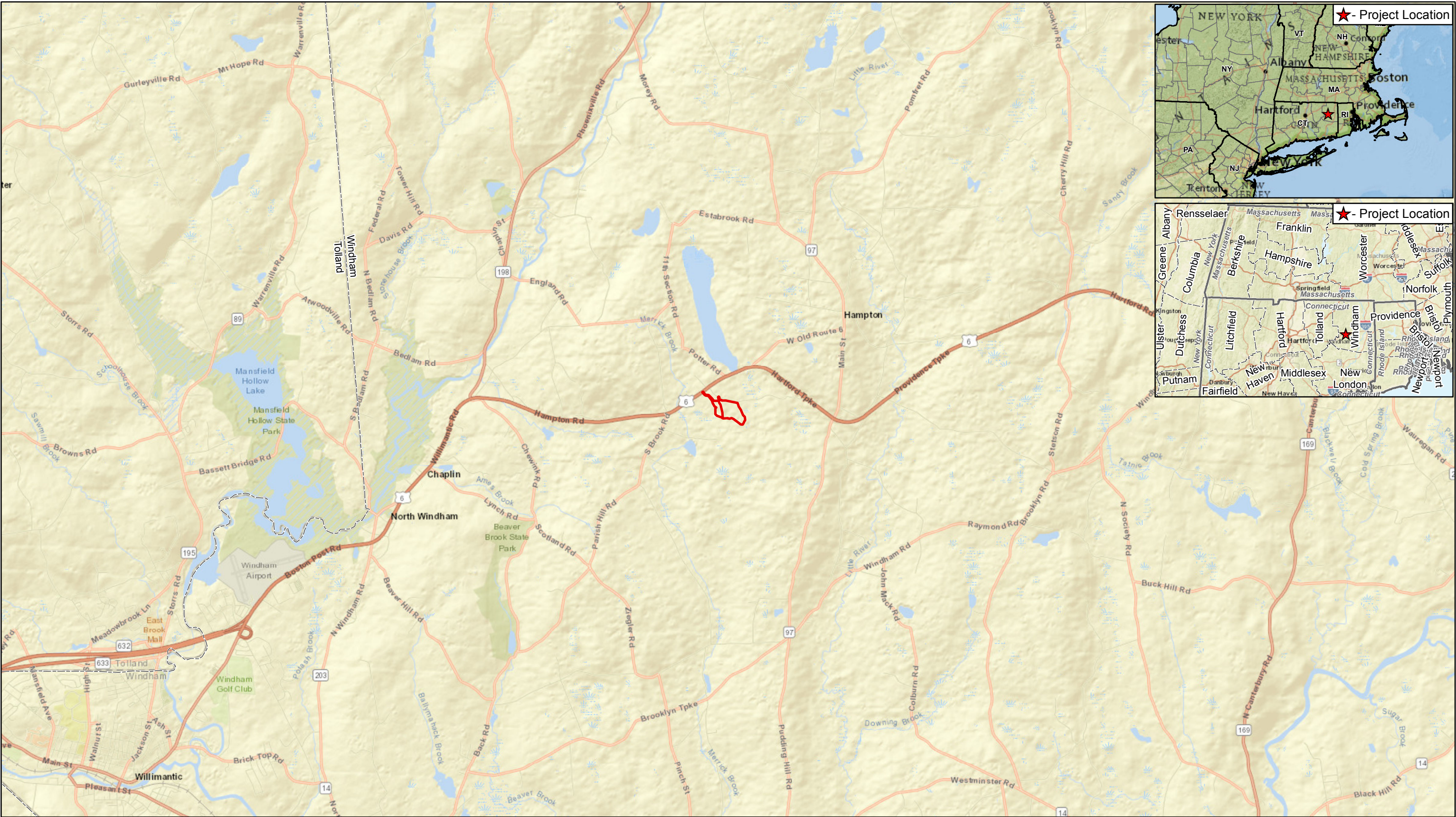
Post construction:

The permittee shall retain copies of the plan and all reports required for complying with the construction general permit. Additionally all data used to complete the registration for this general permit must be retained for at least a period of five (5) years after the authorization of the Notice of Termination. Records required for retention include but are not limited to:

- SWPCP Narrative;
- Plan sets;
- Inspection and monitoring reports;
- Permitting documentation;
- Maintenance records; and
- Agency correspondences.



Attachment A

USGS Quad Map and Vicinity Map



Data Source(s): Westwood (2019); ESRI WMS
World Streets & National Geographic Basemap
Imagery (Accessed 2019).

Legend

-  Project Boundary
-  County Boundary

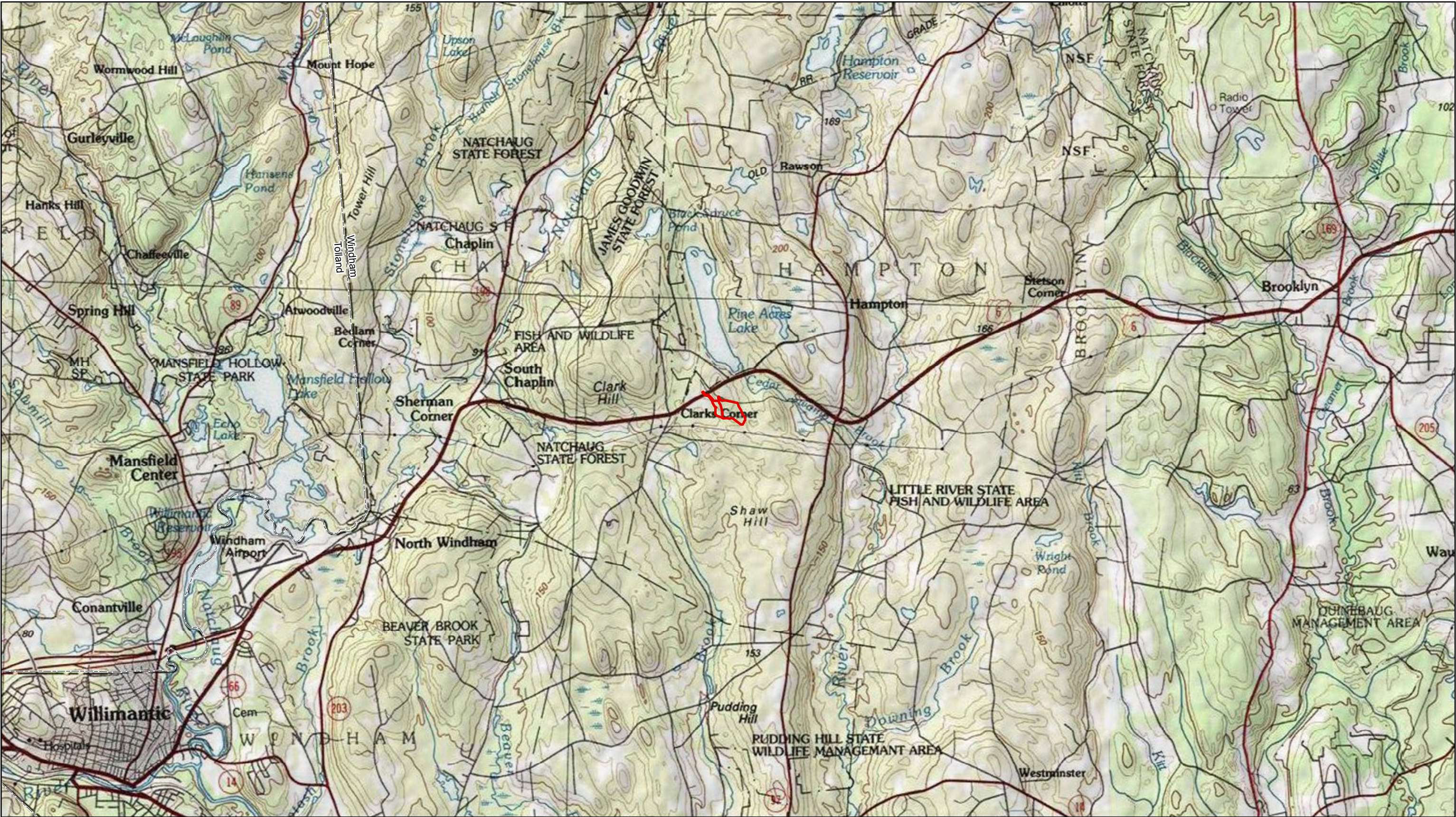
Westwood
Toll Free (888) 937-5150 westwoodps.com
Westwood Professional Services, Inc.



Fisk Solar
Windham County, CT



Vicinity Map

March 1, 2019



Data Source(s): Westwood (2019); ESRI WMS World Streets & National Geographic Basemap Imagery (Accessed 2019).

Legend

-  Project Boundary
-  County Boundary

Westwood
Toll Free (888) 937-5150 westwoodps.com
Westwood Professional Services, Inc.



Fisk Solar
Windham County, CT

USGS Topographic Map

March 1, 2019

Attachment B

Documentation Related to Coastal Consistency Review (NOTE: Not applicable)



**Connecticut Department of
Energy & Environmental Protection**
Bureau of Materials Management & Compliance Assurance
Water Permitting & Enforcement Division

**General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering
Wastewaters from Construction Activities**

APPENDIX D: Coastal Management Act Determination Form

For sites within the Coastal Boundary, please attach this form and written approval from the local governing authority (or verification of exemption) to the Registration Form for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities.

SITE INFORMATION

Future Permittee:	_____
Mailing Address:	_____
Business Phone:	_____ ext.: _____
Contact Person:	_____ Title: _____
Site Name:	_____
Site Address/ Location:	_____
Site Latitude and Longitude :	_____
Receiving Water (name, basin):	_____
Project Description:	_____

STATEMENT OF REVIEW

The above referenced project is consistent with the goals and policies in section 22a-92 of the Connecticut General Statutes and will not cause adverse impacts to coastal resources as defined in section 22a-93(15) of the Connecticut General Statutes.	
Date of Coastal Site Plan Approval: _____	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Copy of written approval attached, or
<input type="checkbox"/>	Verification of exemption attached

Attachment C

Threatened and Endangered Species Form, NDDB Documentation and Archaeological Survey

July 13, 2018

Blake Nicholson
Windham Solar LLC
222 S 9th St
Suite 1600
Minneapolis, MN 55402
blake.nicholson@ecosrenewable.com

Project: Site Preparation for Solar Energy Facility, Fisk Road, APN 2-0/25/5, 6 Volume 66 Page 414, Hampton
NDDB Determination No.: 201808861

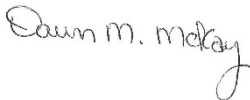
Dear Blake Nicholson,

I have reviewed Natural Diversity Data Base (NDDB) maps and files regarding the area delineated on the map provided for the proposed Site Preparation for Solar Energy Facility, Fisk Road, APN 2-0/25/5, 6 Volume 66 Page 414, Hampton, Connecticut. I do not anticipate negative impacts to State-listed species (RCSA Sec. 26-306) resulting from your proposed activity at the site based upon the information contained within the NDDB. The result of this review does not preclude the possibility that listed species may be encountered on site and that additional action may be necessary to remain in compliance with certain state permits. This determination is good for two years. Please re-submit a new NDDB Request for Review if the scope of work changes or if work has not begun on this project by July 13, 2020.

Natural Diversity Data Base information includes all information regarding critical biological resources available to us at the time of the request. This information is a compilation of data collected over the years by the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection's Natural History Survey and cooperating units of DEEP, private conservation groups and the scientific community. This information is not necessarily the result of comprehensive or site-specific field investigations. Consultations with the Data Base should not be substitutes for on-site surveys required for environmental assessments. Current research projects and new contributors continue to identify additional populations of species and locations of habitats of concern, as well as, enhance existing data. Such new information is incorporated into the Data Base as it becomes available.

Please contact me if you have further questions at (860) 424-3592, or dawn.mckay@ct.gov. Thank you for consulting the Natural Diversity Data Base.

Sincerely,



Dawn M. McKay
Environmental Analyst 3

March 1, 2019

Mr. Christopher Little
Ecos Energy
222 South Ninth Street, Suite 1600
Minneapolis, MN 55402

Subject: Cultural Resources Survey
Fisk Road Solar Field, CSC #1222
Hampton, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Little:

The State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) has received two copies of the professional archeological survey report prepared by Archaeological Consulting Services (ACS) for the referenced project, dated January 2019: one will be kept for use in the office and the other will be transferred to the Thomas J. Dodd Research Center for permanent archiving and public accessibility. The fieldwork was completed at the request of this office in a letter dated September 21, 2018. The reconnaissance survey included the excavation of 138 systematically placed and 3 judgmentally positioned shovel tests in areas that would be subject to ground disturbing impacts and that were considered archeologically sensitive. The submitted report is well-written, comprehensive, and meets the standards set forth in the *Environmental Review Primer for Connecticut's Archaeological Resources*.

Despite the comprehensive field effort, no archaeological deposits were encountered. ACS, however, did note the presence of several stone walls and their remnants. Although project plans appear to avoid these features, this office recommends refraining from impacts to fieldstone walls and stone wall segments to the greatest extent possible during construction, use, and maintenance of this facility. This office concurs that additional archeological investigations or resource documentations are not warranted at this time. Therefore, based on the information provided to our office, SHPO concurs with the findings of the report that no historic properties will be affected by the proposed solar field.

SHPO appreciates the cooperation of all interested parties in the professional management of Connecticut's archeological resources. This letter updates and supersedes all previous correspondence regarding the proposed project. For additional information, please contact me at (860) 500-2329 or catherine.labadia@ct.gov.

Sincerely,



Catherine Labadia
Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

cc: Walwer, ACS (via email)

Attachment D

Conservation or Preservation Restriction Information (if applicable)

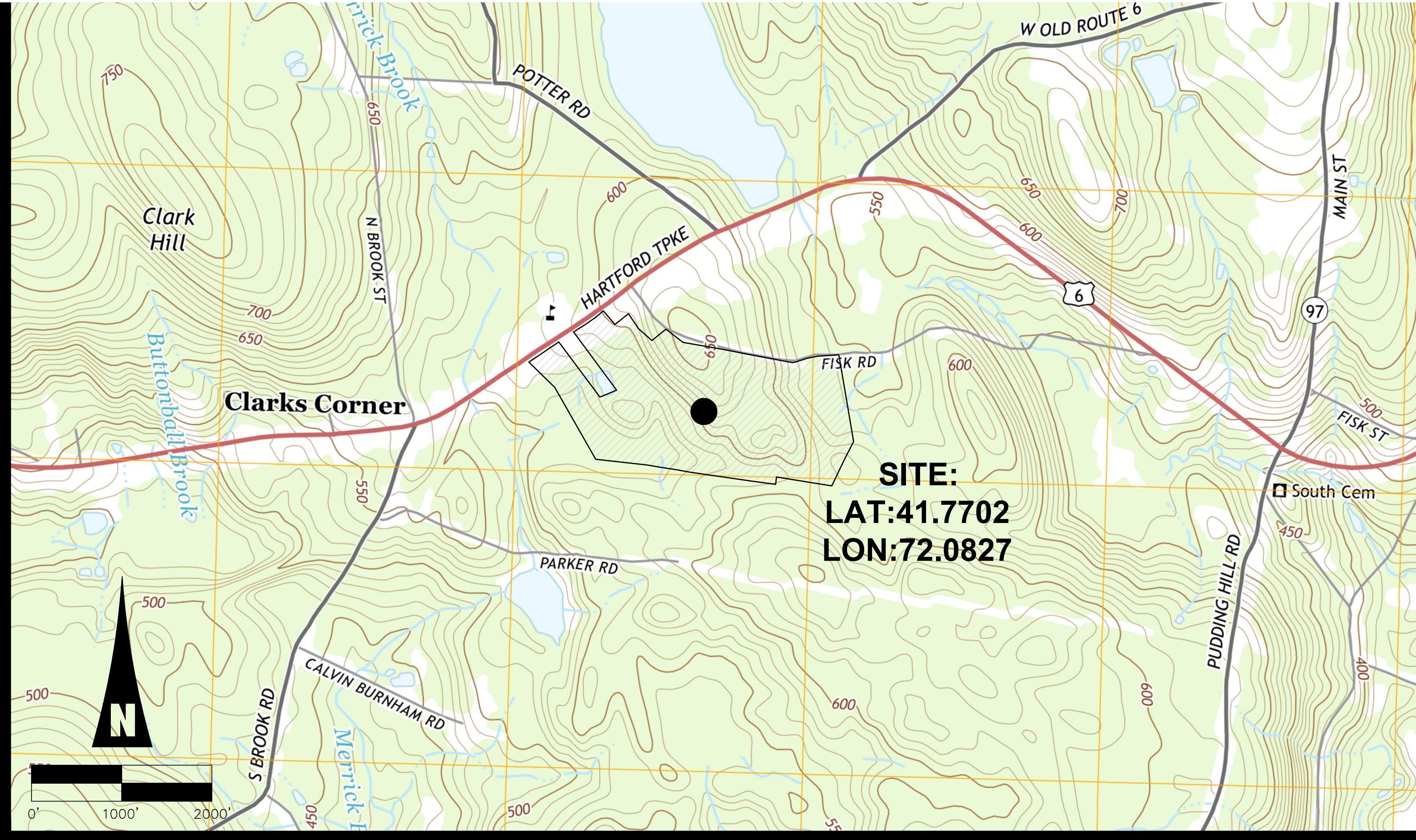
Attachment E

Stormwater Pollution Control Plans (Plan Set)

FISK ROAD SOLAR CONNECTICUT SITING BOARD DOCUMENTS

FOR
Site/Electrical Layout, Grading/Drainage/Erosion Control/Landscaping
IN
HAMPTON, CONNECTICUT

LOCATION MAP



SHEET INDEX

●	1/30/2019	1	COVER SHEET
●	1/30/2019	2	ALTA SURVEY (BY HELLSTROM L.S. LLC)
●	1/30/2019	3	ALTA SURVEY (BY HELLSTROM L.S. LLC)
●	1/30/2019	4	OVERALL SITE PLAN
●	1/30/2019	5	NORTH REMOVAL & EROSION CONTROL PLAN - 1"=60'
●	1/30/2019	5A	NORTH REMOVAL & EROSION CONTROL PLAN - 1"=60'
●	1/30/2019	6	SOUTH REMOVAL & EROSION CONTROL PLAN - 1"=60'
●	1/30/2019	7	DRAINAGE AREA 1 - SEDIMENT TRAP & WATER QUALITY BASIN
●	1/30/2019	8	DRAINAGE AREA 2 - SEDIMENT TRAP & WATER QUALITY BASIN
●	1/30/2019	9	DRAINAGE AREA 3 - SEDIMENT TRAP & WATER QUALITY BASIN
●	1/30/2019	10	DRAINAGE AREA 4 - SEDIMENT TRAP & WATER QUALITY BASIN
●	1/30/2019	11	DRAINAGE AREA 5 - SEDIMENT TRAP & WATER QUALITY BASIN
●	1/30/2019	12	DRAINAGE AREA 6 - SEDIMENT TRAP & WATER QUALITY BASIN
●	1/30/2019	13	DRAINAGE AREA 7- SEDIMENT TRAP & WATER QUALITY BASIN
●	1/30/2019	14	DRAINAGE AREA 8 - SEDIMENT TRAP & WATER QUALITY BASIN
●	1/30/2019	15	OVERALL LANDSCAPE PLAN
●	1/30/2019	16	CIVIL NOTES
●	1/30/2019	17	CIVIL DETAILS

DRAWING INDEX LEGEND

●	FILLED CIRCLE INDICATES DRAWING INCLUDED WITHIN THIS ISSUE		
-	MOST RECENT REVISION NUMBER		
-	MOST RECENT ISSUE OR REVISION DATE		
○	X/XX/201X	X	SHEET TITLE

CONTACT INFO:

RECORD LANDOWNER:
PLH, LLC
77 WATER STREET
8TH FLOOR
NEW YORK, NY 10005

OWNER/DEVELOPER:
ECOS ENERGY
222 SOUTH 9TH STREET
SUITE 1600
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402

CIVIL ENGINEER:
CLA ENGINEERS, INC.
317 MAIN STREET
NORWICH, CT 06360

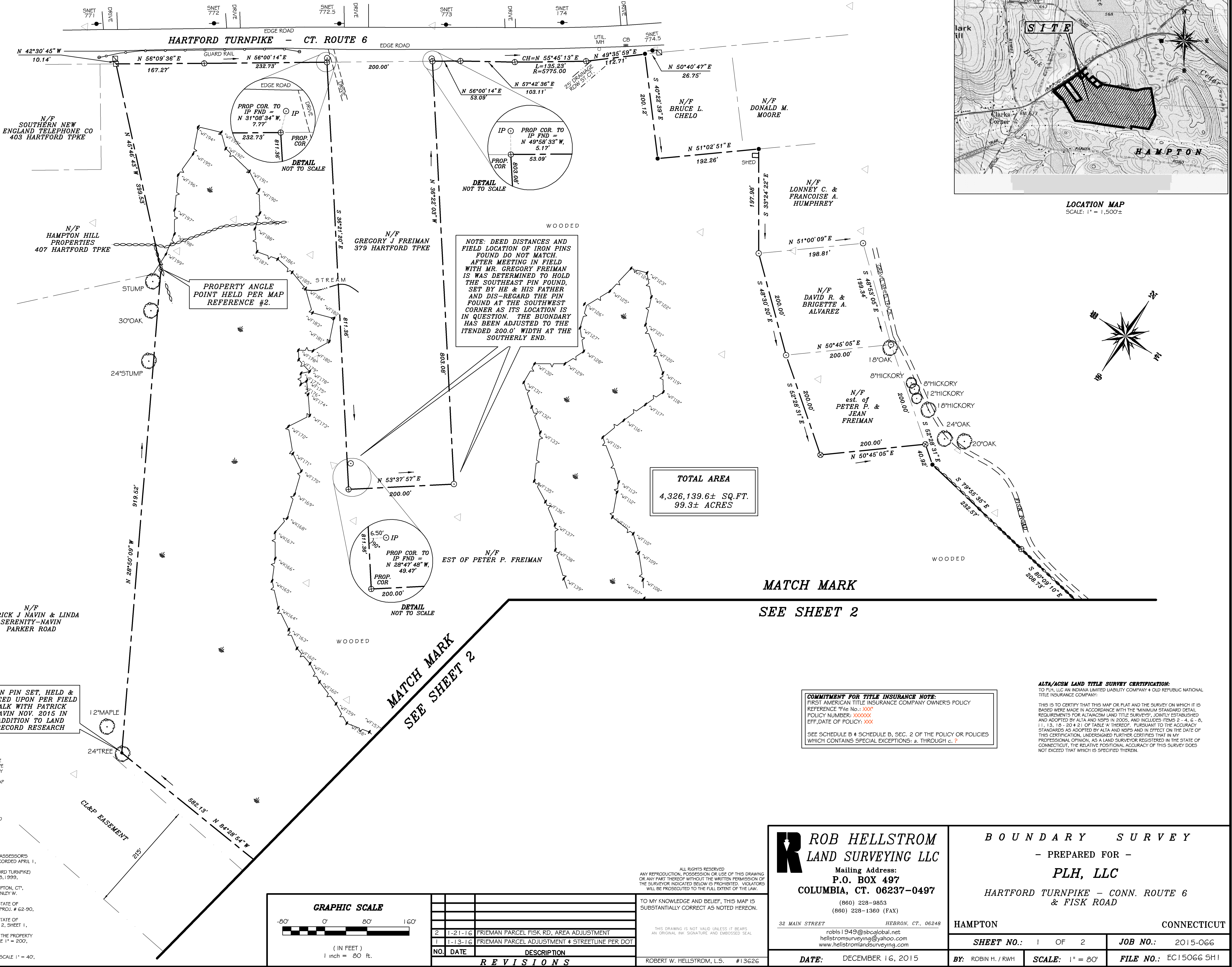
SURVEYOR:
ROB HELLSTROM LAND SURVEYING LLC
32 MAIN STREET
HEBRON, CT 06248

WETLAND DELINEATION:
HIGHLAND SOILS LLC
P.O.BOX 337
STORRS, CT 06268

			CLA Engineers, Inc. CIVIL • STRUCTURAL • SURVEYING 317 Main Street Norwich, CT 06360 (860) 886-1966 Fax (860) 886-9165	
No.	DATE	REVISION		Project No. CLA-6162
		390 Hartford Turnpike Hampton, Connecticut		Proj. Engineer E.B.
		FISK ROAD SOLAR		Date: 01/30/19
		COVER SHEET		Sheet No. 1

- LEGEND**
- PROPERTY LINE
STONE WALL
GUARDRAIL
- ANGLE POINT
IRON PIN OR PIPE FOUND
5/8" REBAR SET
DRILL HOLE SET
CHD MONUMENT FOUND
SURVEYOR CONTROL POINT
- TREES SHOWN ARE WITH WIRE AND ARE AS MARKED

ZONING TABLE TOWN OF HAMPTON	
ZONE "B" - BUSINESS DISTRICT	
MIN. LOT AREA = 50,000 SQ. FT.	
MIN. LOT WIDTH = 150'	
BUILDING SETBACKS:	
FRONT YARD = 75'	
SIDE YARD = 25/50'	
REAR YARD = 50'	
MAXIMUM BUILDING COVERAGE = 25%	
MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT = 40'	



MAP STANDARD NOTES:

1. THIS SURVEY (OR MAP) HAS BEEN PREPARED PURSUANT TO THE REGULATIONS OF CONNECTICUT STATE AGENCIES SECTIONS 20-300b-1 THRU 20-300b-20 AND THE STANDARDS FOR SURVEYS AND MAPS IN THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT AS ADOPTED BY THE CONNECTICUT ASSOCIATION OF LAND SURVEYORS, INC. ON SEPTEMBER 26, 1996. THE TYPE OF SURVEY IS A BOUNDARY SURVEY. BOUNDARY DETERMINATION IS BASED ON A RESURVEY OF PROPERTY AND CONFORMS TO THE "A-2" CLASS OF ACCURACY.

2. HORIZONTAL DATUM IS BASED ON GRID NORTH, CONNECTICUT GRID SYSTEM, MAD27 (MAP REFERENCE #6).

3. TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURES WERE PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CLASS T-D PER ECOS ENGINEERS, 1 FOOT INTERVAL CONTOURS.

4. PARCEL IS ZONED "C-1 VILLAGE COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS".

5. THE INTENDED PURPOSE OF THIS MAP/SURVEY IS TO DEMONSTRATE TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURES, WETLAND LOCATION AND TOPOGRAPHY RELATIVE TO THE BOUNDARY.

6. PARCELS ARE NOT LOCATED IN A FLOOD ZONE AS DETERMINED PER THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM, FIRM, WINDHAM COUNTY, COMMUNITY #090170, PANEL #5, EFF. DATE DEC. 4, 1985.

CRISWOLD TOWN PARCEL REFERENCE:

TOWN OF HAMPTON LOT 5.6, VOL. 66/Pg. 414

MAP REFERENCES:

1. "PLOT PLAN PREPARED FOR FELIX WINTERS, OLD FISK ROAD, HAMPTON, CONNECTICUT, ASSESSORS PARCEL NO. 151, SCALE 1" = 20', PROJ.#87-104, SHEET 1, REVISED TO DEC. 6, 1992, RECORDED APRIL 1, 1993 BY MESSIER & ASSOCIATES.

2. "SITE PLAN PREPARED FOR HAMPTON HILL GARAGE, LLC, CONNECTICUT ROUTE 6 (HARTFORD TURNPIKE) HAMPTON, CONNECTICUT, SCALE 1" = 100' (or AS NOTED), JOB #98-06-02, DATED MAY 18, 1999, REVISED TO AUG. 10, 1999 BY DATUM ENGINEERING & SURVEYING, LLC.

3. "COMPILED PLAN PREPARED FOR CORDLESS DATA TRANSFER, INC., FISK ROAD, HAMPTON, CT, SCALE 1" = 200', SHEET 1 OF 4, DATED NOV. 12, 1998, REVISED TO JUL. 3, 1999 BY STANLEY W. SZESTOWSKI.

4. "TOWN OF HAMPTON, MAP SHOWING LAND ACQUIRED FROM PETER P. FREIMAN BY THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT, DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION, U.S. ROUTE 6, SCALE 1" = 40', TOWN NO.62, PROJ. # 62-90, SERIAL NO. 2, SHEET 1, DATED OCT. 1991, REVISED TO MAR. 25, 1992.

5. "TOWN OF HAMPTON, MAP SHOWING LAND ACQUIRED FROM PETER P. FREIMAN BY THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT, U.S. ROUTE 6, SCALE 1" = 40', TOWN NO.62, PROJ. # 62-90, SERIAL NO. 12, SHEET 1, DATED OCT. 1991, REVISED TO MAY 1, 1992.

6. "LOCATION OF RIGHT OF WAY OF THE CONNECTICUT LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF PAUL NAVIN, TOWN OF HAMPTON COUNTY OF WINDHAM, STATE OF CONNECTICUT, SCALE 1" = 200', SHEET 1 & 2 OF 2, DATED OCT. 1968.

7. "CONNECTICUT STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT, RIGHT OF WAY MAP, TOWN OF HAMPTON, WILLIAMTIC HAMPTON ROAD, FROM THE CHAPLIN TOWN LINE (EAST) TO HAMPTON ST., SCALE 1" = 40', NO. 62-04, SHEET 1A, DATED NOV. 5, 1957, REVISED TO OCT. 10, 1969.

I HEREBY DECLARE THAT THE WETLANDS SHOWN ON THIS MAP (PLAN) ARE SUBSTANTIALLY CORRECT.

JOHN IANNI
SOIL SCIENTIST

IRON PIN SET, HELD & AGREED UPON PER FIELD WALK WITH PATRICK NAVIN NOV. 2015 IN ADDITION TO LAND RECORD RESEARCH

MATCH MARK
SEE SHEET 2

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

ANY REPRODUCTION, POSSESSION OR USE OF THIS DRAWING OR ANY PART THEREOF WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF THE SURVEYOR INDICATED BELOW IS PROHIBITED. VIOLATORS WILL BE PROSECUTED TO THE FULL EXTENT OF THE LAW.

THIS DRAWING IS NOT VALID UNLESS IT BEARS AN ORIGINAL INK SIGNATURE AND EMBOSSED SEAL

TO MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, THIS MAP IS SUBSTANTIALLY CORRECT AS NOTED HEREON.

ROBERT W. HELLSTROM, L.S. #13626

MAP STANDARD NOTES:
1. THIS SURVEY (OR MAP) HAS BEEN PREPARED PURSUANT TO THE REGULATIONS OF CONNECTICUT STATE AGENCIES SECTIONS 20-300b-1 THRU 20-300b-20 AND THE STANDARDS FOR SURVEYS AND MAPS IN THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT AS ADOPTED BY THE CONNECTICUT ASSOCIATION OF LAND SURVEYORS, INC. ON SEPTEMBER 26, 1996. THE TYPE OF SURVEY IS A BOUNDARY SURVEY. BOUNDARY DETERMINATION IS BASED ON A RESURVEY OF PROPERTY AND CONFORMS TO THE A-2 CLASS OF ACCURACY.
2. HORIZONTAL DATUM IS BASED ON GRID NORTH, CONNECTICUT GRID SYSTEM, NAD27 (MAP REFERENCE #6).
3. TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURES WERE PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CLASS T-D PER EGOS ENGINEERS, 1 FOOT INTERVAL CONTOURS.
4. PARCEL IS ZONED C-1 VILLAGE COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS.
5. THE INTENDED PURPOSE OF THIS MAP/SURVEY IS TO DEMONSTRATE TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURES, WETLAND LOCATION AND TOPOGRAPHY RELATIVE TO THE BOUNDARY.
6. PARCELS ARE NOT LOCATED IN A FLOOD ZONE AS DETERMINED PER THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM, FIRM, WINDHAM COUNTY, COMMUNITY #090170, PANEL #5, EFF. DATE DEC. 4, 1985.

GRISWOLD TOWN PARCEL REFERENCE:
TOWN OF HAMPTON LOT 5.6, VOL. 66 / PG. 414

MAP REFERENCES:
1. "TLOT PLAN PREPARED FOR FELX WINTERS, OLD FISK ROAD, HAMPTON, CONNECTICUT, ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO. 15", SCALE 1" = 20', PROJ.#67-104, SHEET 1, REVISED TO DEC. 8, 1992, RECORDED APRIL 1, 1993 BY MESSIER & ASSOCIATES.
2. "SITE PLAN PREPARED FOR HAMPTON HILL GARAGE, LLC, CONNECTICUT ROUTE 6 (HARTFORD TURNPIKE) HAMPTON, CONNECTICUT", SCALE 1" = 100' (or AS NOTED), JOB #96-06-02, DATED MAY 16, 1999, REVISED TO AUG. 10, 1999 BY DATUM ENGINEERING & SURVEYING, LLC.
3. "COMPILED PLAN PREPARED FOR CORDLESS DATA TRANSFER, INC., FISKE ROAD, HAMPTON, CT", SCALE 1" = 200', SHEET 1 OF 4, DATED NOV. 12, 1996, REVISED TO JUL. 3, 1999 BY STANLEY W. SZESTOWSKI.
4. "TOWN OF HAMPTON, MAP SHOWING LAND ACQUIRED FROM PETER P. FREIMAN BY THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT, DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION, U.S. ROUTE 6", SCALE 1" = 40', TOWN NO.62, PROJ. # 62-90, SERIAL NO. 2, SHEET 1, DATED OCT. 1991, REVISED TO MAR. 25, 1992.
5. "TOWN OF HAMPTON, MAP SHOWING LAND ACQUIRED FROM PETER P. FREIMAN BY THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT, U.S. ROUTE 6", SCALE 1" = 40', TOWN NO.62, PROJ. # 62-90, SERIAL NO. 12, SHEET 1, DATED OCT. 1991, REVISED TO MAY 1, 1992.
6. "LOCATION OF RIGHT OF WAY OF THE CONNECTICUT LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF PAUL NAVIN, TOWN OF HAMPTON COUNTY OF WINDHAM, STATE OF CONNECTICUT", SCALE 1" = 200', SHEET 1 & 2 OF 2, DATED OCT. 1968.
7. "CONNECTICUT STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT, RIGHT OF WAY MAP, TOWN OF HAMPTON, WILLMANTIC-HAMPTON ROAD, FROM THE CHARLTON TOWN LINE EASTERLY TO HAMPTON ST.", SCALE 1" = 40', NO. 62-04, SHEET 1A, DATED NOV. 5, 1957, REVISED TO OCT. 10, 1962.

LEGEND
--- PROPERTY LINE
--- STONE WALL
--- GUARDRAIL
● ANGLE POINT
○ IRON PIN OR PIPE FOUND
● 5/8" REBAR SET
● DRILL HOLE SET
△ CHD MONUMENT FOUND
△ SURVEYOR CONTROL POINT
"BOUNDARY" PLACARD PLACED ON TREES WITH WIRE HELD FOR BOUNDARY
TREES SHOWN ARE WITH WIRE AND ARE AS MARKED

I HEREBY DECLARE THAT THE WETLANDS SHOWN ON THIS MAP (PLAN) ARE SUBSTANTIALLY CORRECT.

JOHN IANNI
SOIL SCIENTIST

SEE SHEET 1
MATCH MARK

SEE SHEET 1
MATCH MARK

SEE SHEET 1
MATCH MARK

SEE SHEET 1
MATCH MARK

SEE SHEET 1
MATCH MARK

N/F
EST OF PETER P. FREIMAN

TOTAL AREA
4,326,139.6± SQ.FT.
99.3± ACRES

COMMITMENT FOR TITLE INSURANCE NOTE:
FIRST AMERICAN TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY OWNERS POLICY
REFERENCE FILE NO.: XXXX
POLICY NUMBER: XXXXXX
EFF. DATE OF POLICY: XXXX
SEE SCHEDULE B & SCHEDULE B, SEC. 2 OF THE POLICY OR POLICIES WHICH CONTAINS SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS: a. THROUGH c. ?

ALTA/ACSM LAND TITLE SURVEY CERTIFICATION:
TO PLH, LLC AN INDIANA LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY & OLD REPUBLIC NATIONAL TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY:
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THIS MAP OR PLAT AND THE SURVEY ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MINIMUM STANDARD DETAIL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALTA/ACSM LAND TITLE SURVEYS, JOINTLY ESTABLISHED AND ADOPTED BY ALTA AND NSPS IN 2005, AND INCLUDES ITEMS 2 - 4, 6 - 8, 11, 13, 18 - 20 & 21 OF TABLE A THEREOF. PURSUANT TO THE ACCURACY STANDARDS AS ADOPTED BY ALTA AND NSPS AND IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF THIS CERTIFICATION, UNDERSIGNED FURTHER CERTIFIES THAT IN MY PROFESSIONAL OPINION, AS A LAND SURVEYOR REGISTERED IN THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT, THE RELATIVE POSITIONAL ACCURACY OF THIS SURVEY DOES NOT EXCEED THAT WHICH IS SPECIFIED THEREIN.

N/F
PATRICK J NAVIN & LINDA
SERENITY-NAVIN
PARKER ROAD

GRAPHIC SCALE



(IN FEET)
1 inch = 80 ft.

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	1-21-16	FRIEMAN PARCEL FISK RD. AREA ADJUSTMENT
2	1-13-16	FRIEMAN PARCEL ADJUSTMENT & STREETLINE PER DOT
REVISIONS		

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TO MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, THIS MAP IS SUBSTANTIALLY CORRECT AS NOTED HEREON.

THIS DRAWING IS NOT VALID UNLESS IT BEARS AN ORIGINAL INK SIGNATURE AND EMBOSSED SEAL
ROBERT W. HELLSTROM, L.S. #13626

ROB HELLSTROM
LAND SURVEYING LLC
Mailing Address:
P.O. BOX 497
COLUMBIA, CT. 06237-0497
(860) 228-9853
(860) 228-1360 (FAX)

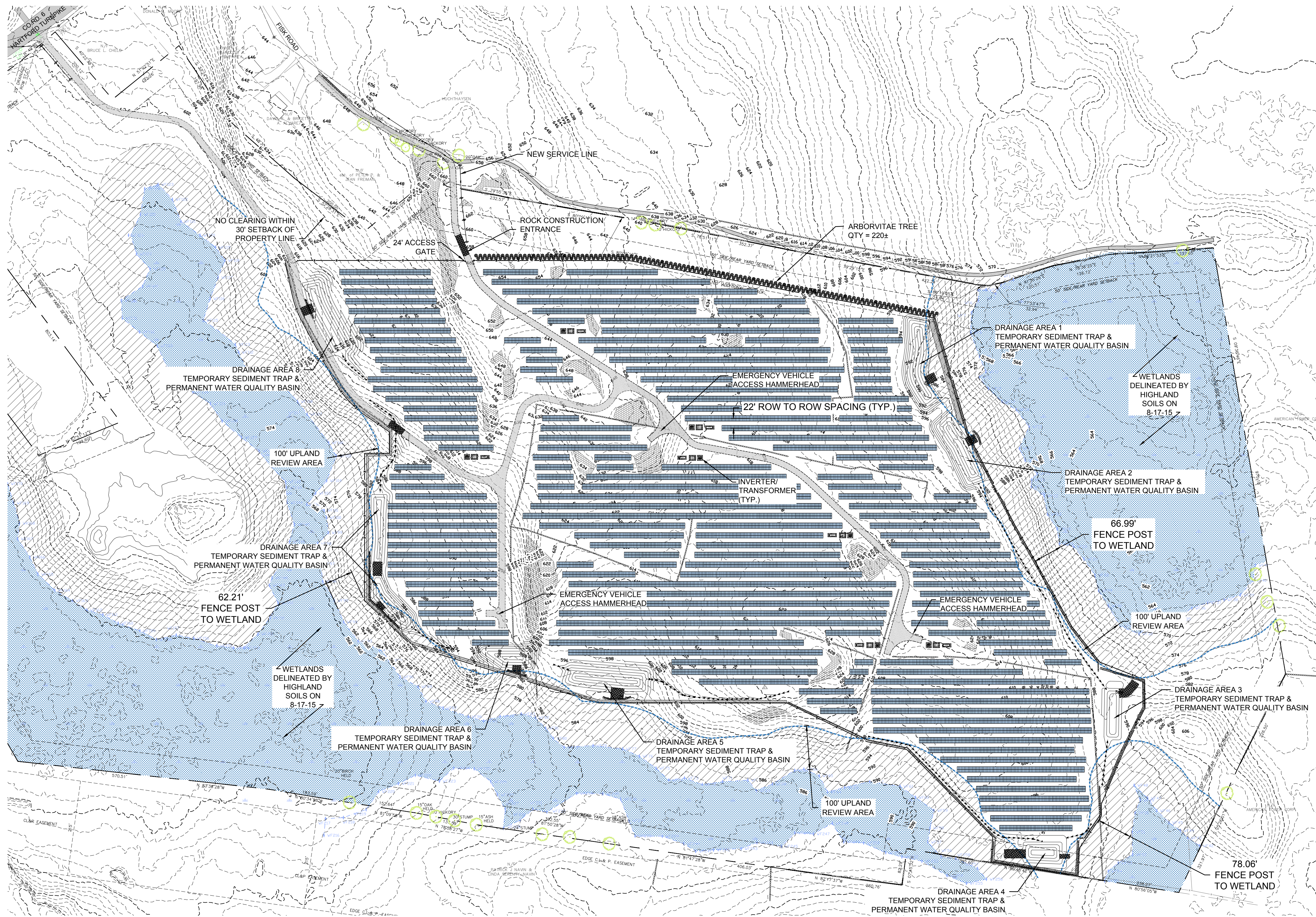
32 MAIN STREET
HEBRON, CT., 06248
robls1949@sbcglobal.net
hellstromsurveying@yahoo.com
www.hellstromlandsurveying.com

DATE: DECEMBER 16, 2015

BOUNDARY SURVEY
- PREPARED FOR -
PLH, LLC
HARTFORD TURNPIKE - CONN. ROUTE 6
& FISK ROAD

HAMPTON **CONNECTICUT**

SHEET NO.: 2 OF 2	JOB NO.: 2015-066
BY: ROBIN H. / RW1	SCALE: 1" = 80'
FILE NO.: EC15066 SH2	



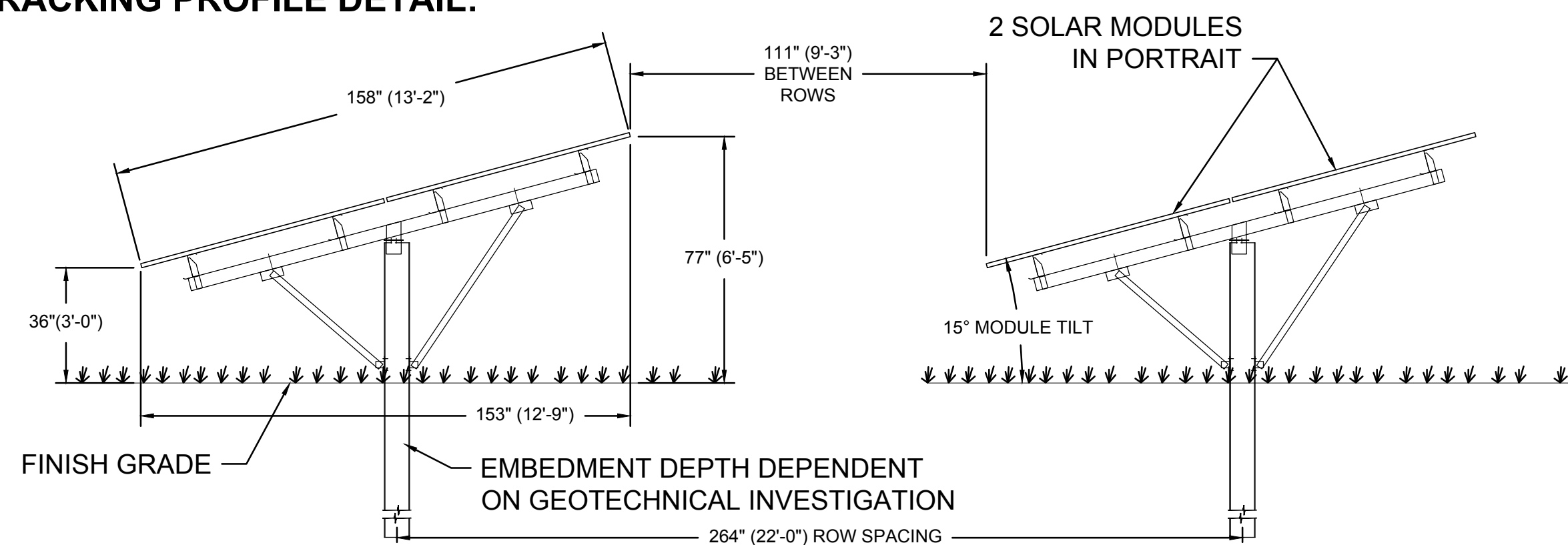
PROJECT AREAS & IMPACTS:

TOTAL SITE AREA = 99.29 ACRES PROJECT
 ARRAY FOOTPRINT= 34.8 ACRES (FULL PROJECT FENCE LINE LIMITS)
 TOTAL AREA OF DISTURBANCE= 35.4 ACRES

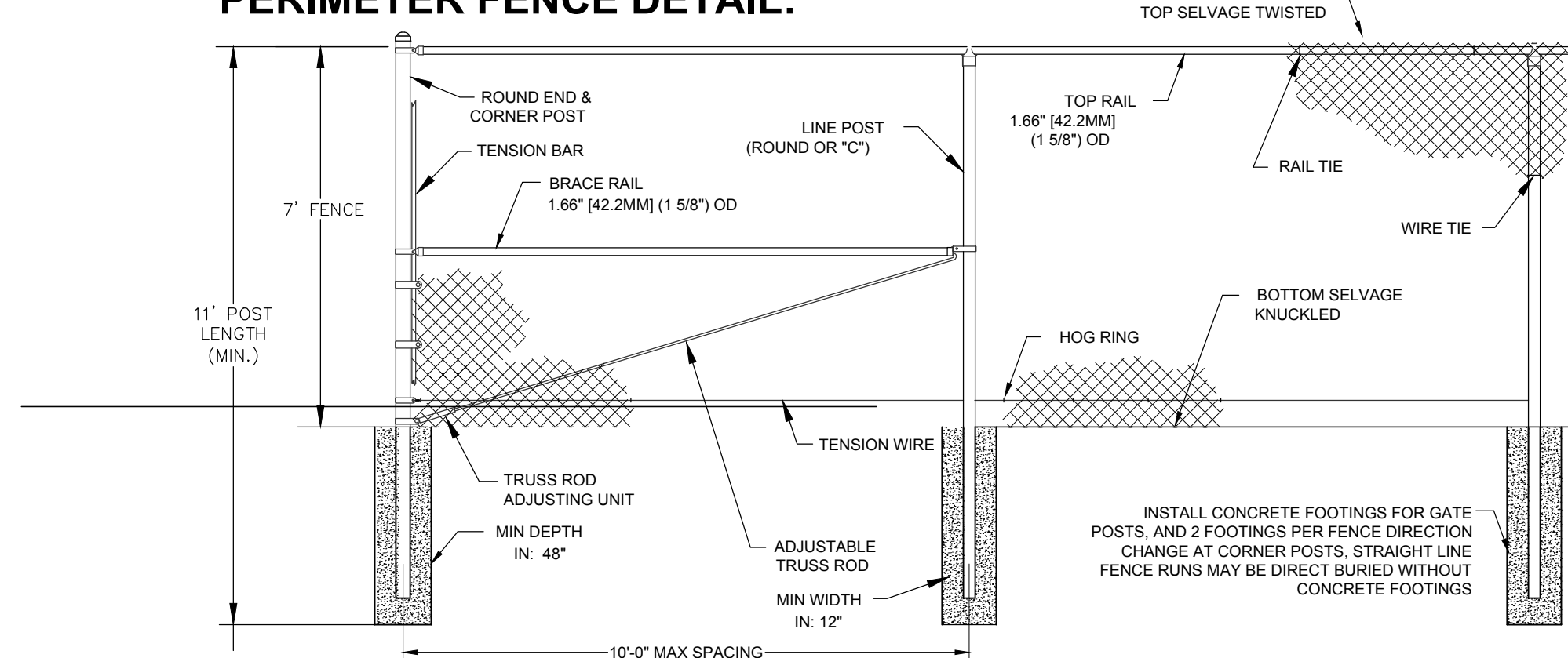
LEGEND:

- EXISTING PROPERTY LINE
- PROPOSED PROJECT FENCE
- PROPOSED GRAVEL ACCESS ROAD
- M/V PROPOSED AC DISTRIBUTION
- 9 x 4 SOLAR MODULE BOCK
- 100' WETLAND BUFFER AREA
- BEDROCK OUTCROP
- WETLAND DELINEATION LINE

RACKING PROFILE DETAIL:



PERIMETER FENCE DETAIL:



120' 0 120' 240'
 SCALE: 1"=120'

CLA Engineers, Inc.
 CIVIL • STRUCTURAL • SURVEYING

317 Main Street Norwich, CT 06360
 (860) 886-1966 Fax (860) 886-9165

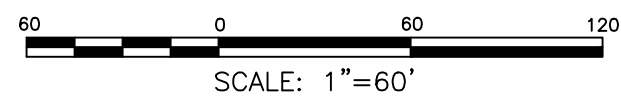
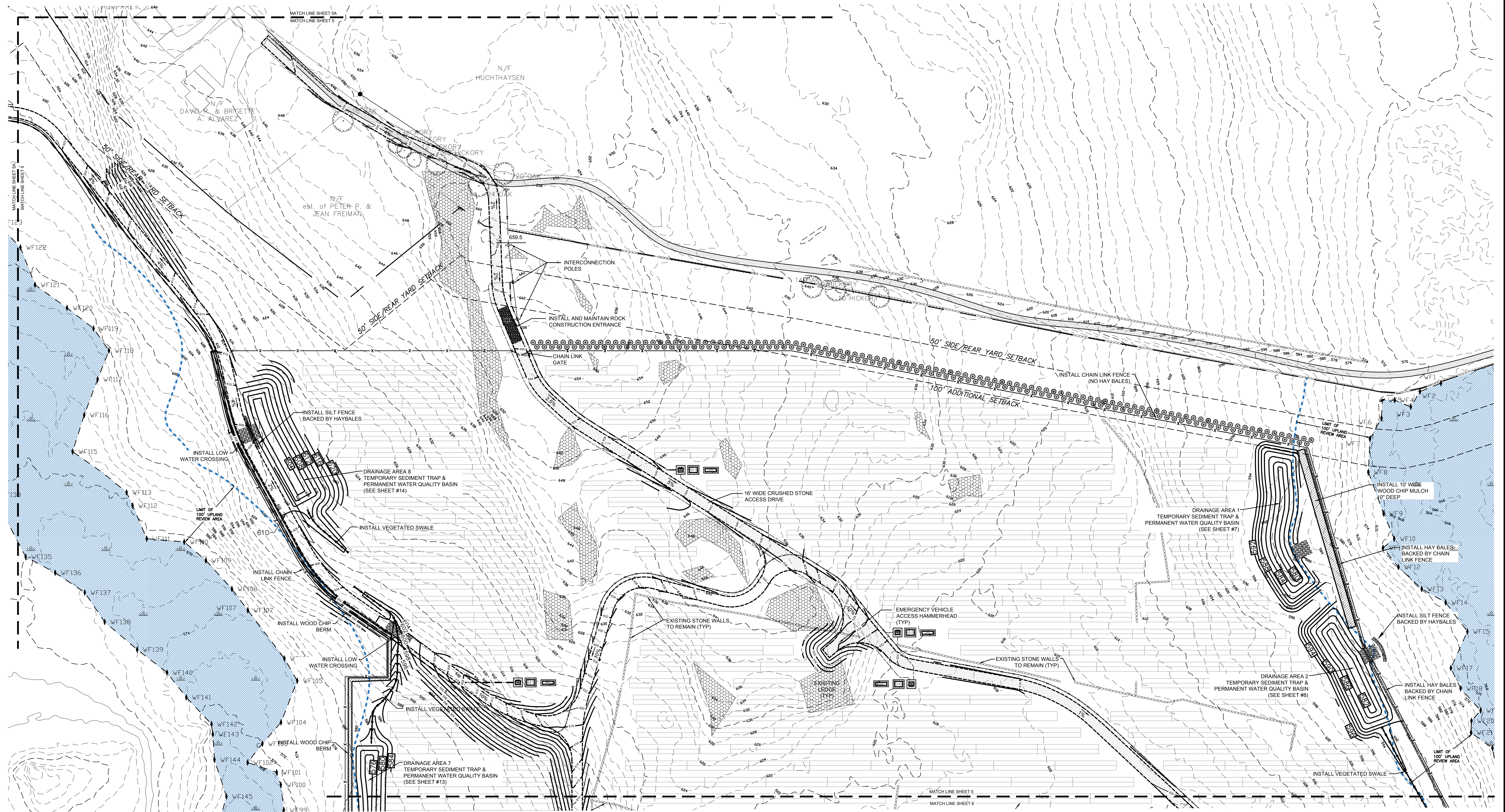
390 Hartford Turnpike
 Hampton, Connecticut

FIK ROAD SOLAR

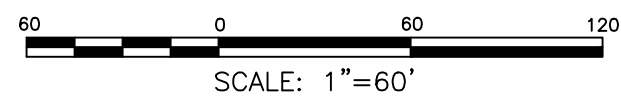
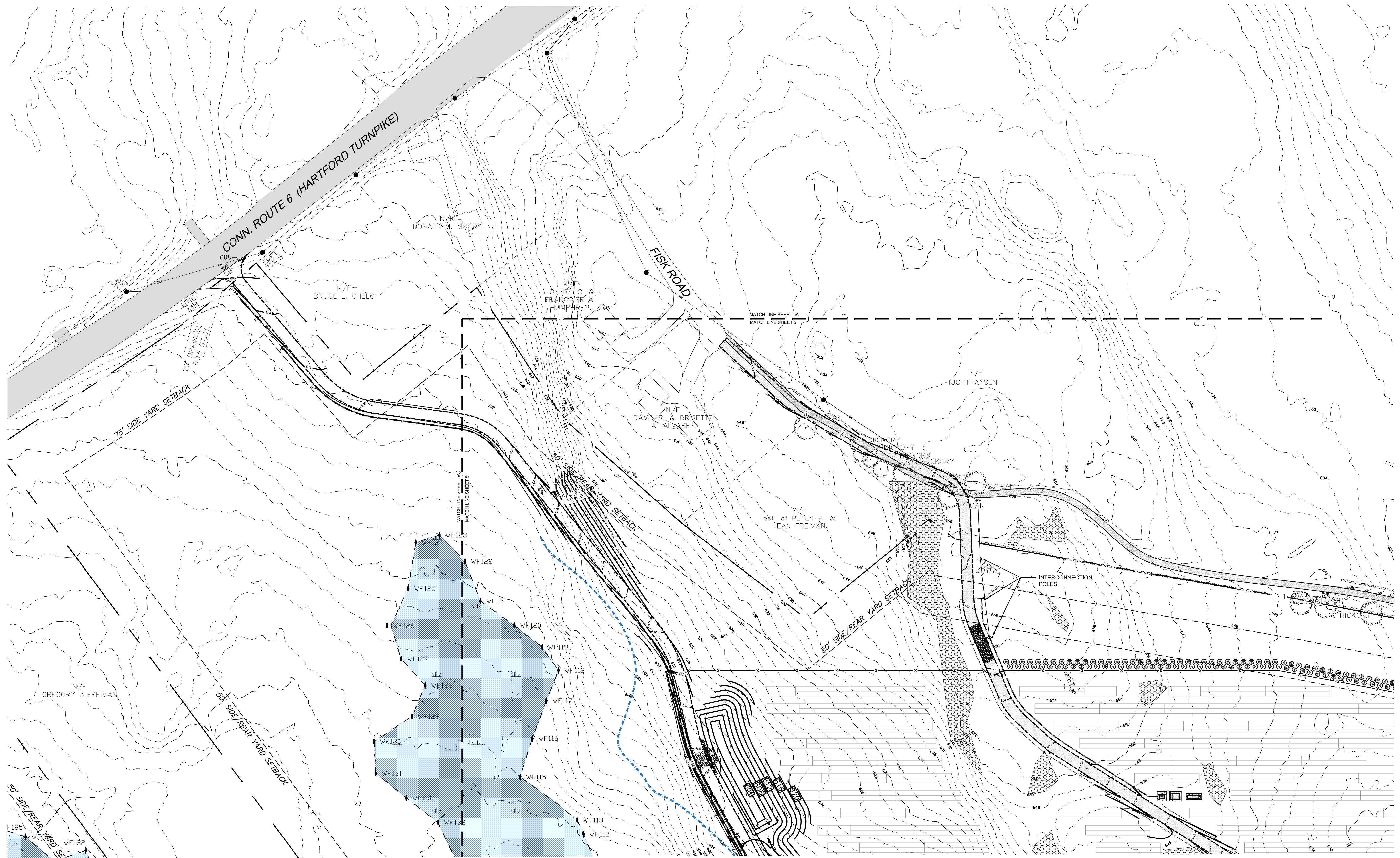
OVERALL SITE PLAN

Project No.
 CLA-6178
 Proj. Engineer
 E.M.B.
 Date:
 6/15/2018
 Sheet No.

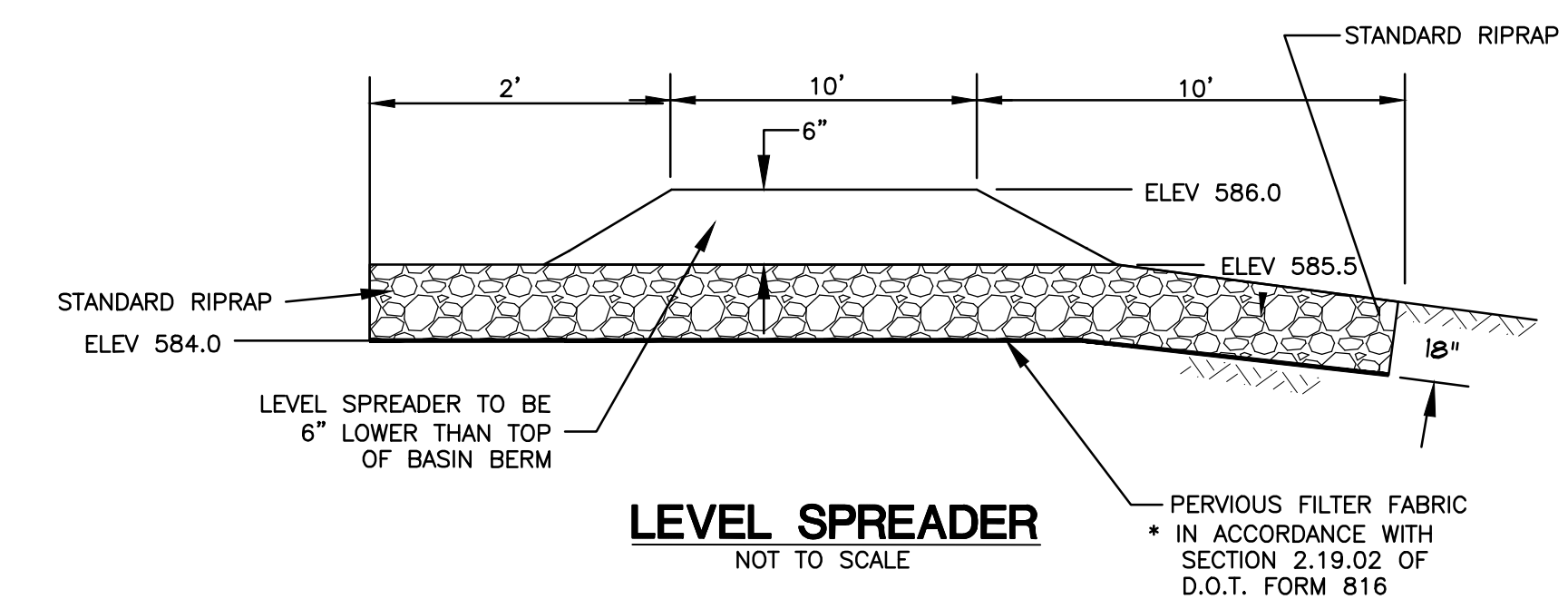
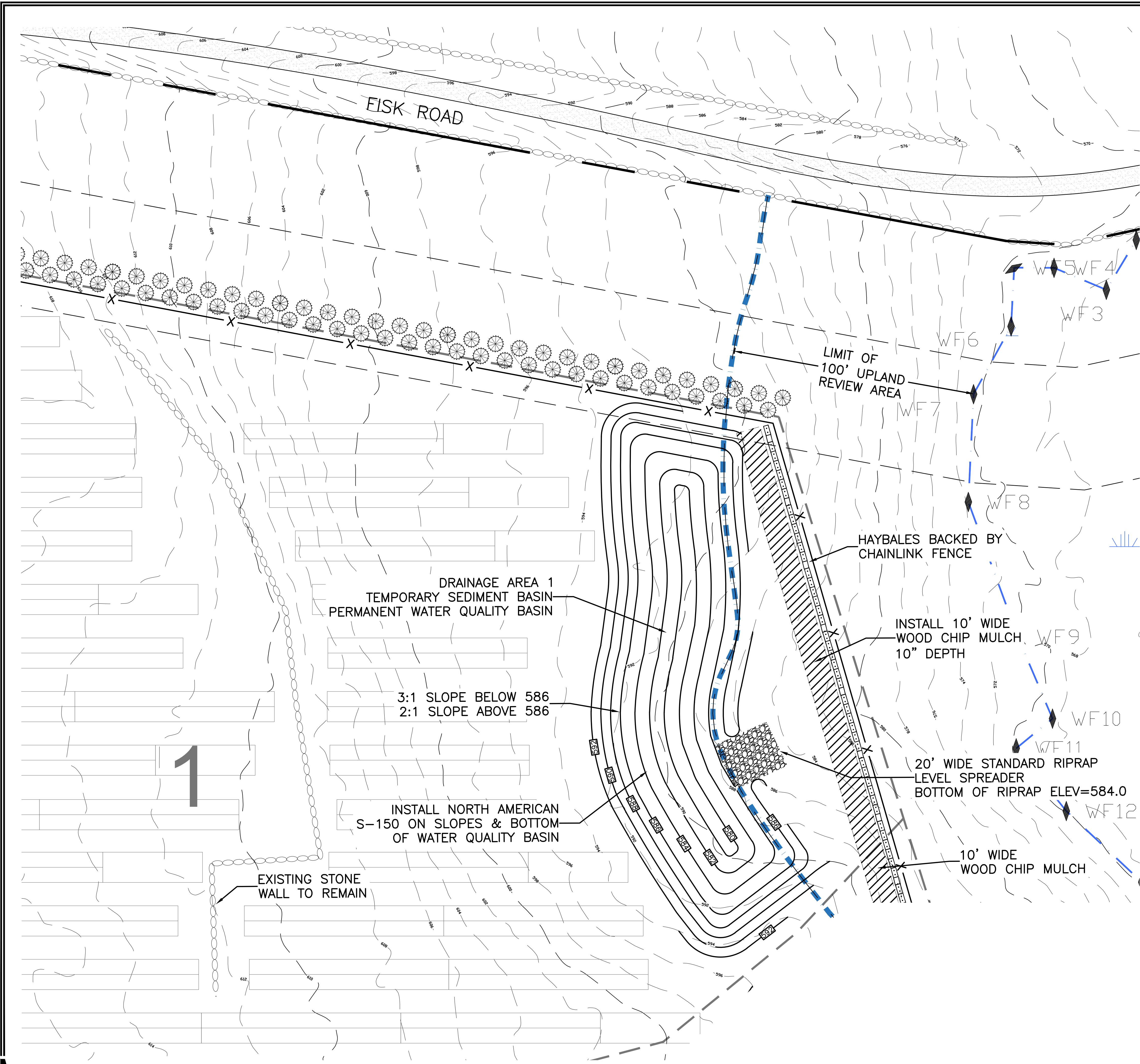
4



CLA Engineers, Inc. CIVIL • STRUCTURAL • SURVEYING 317 Main Street Norwich, CT 06360 (860) 886-1966 Fax (860) 886-9165		
No.	DATE	REVISION
390 Hartford Turnpike Hampton, Connecticut		
Project No. CLA-6178		
Proj. Engineer E.M.B.		
Date: 6/15/2018		
Sheet No. 5		
FIK ROAD SOLAR		
EROSION CONTROL PLAN		



CLA Engineers, Inc. CIVIL • STRUCTURAL • SURVEYING	
317 Main Street Norwich, CT 06360 (860) 886-1966 Fax (860) 886-9165	
Project No. CLA-6178	
Proj. Engineer E.M.B.	
Date: 6/15/2018	
Sheet No. 5A	
390 Hartford Turnpike Hampton, Connecticut	
FIK ROAD SOLAR	
EROSION CONTROL PLAN	



SEED MIX FOR STORMWATER TREATMENT BASIN
THE NEW ENGLAND EROSION CONTROL/RESTORATION MIX FOR DETENTION BASINS AND MOIST SITES
CONTAINS A SELECTION OF NATIVE GRASSES AND WILDFLOWERS DESIGNED TO COLONIZE RECENTLY DISTURBED SITES WHERE QUICK GROWTH OF VEGETATION IS DESIRED TO STABILIZE THE SOIL SURFACE. IT IS AN EXCELLENT SEED MIX FOR ECOLOGICALLY APPROPRIATE RESTORATIONS ON MOIST SITES THAT REQUIRE QUICK STABILIZATION AS WELL AS LONG-TERM ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIVE VEGETATION. THIS MIX IS PARTICULARLY APPROPRIATE FOR DETENTION BASINS THAT DO NOT NORMALLY HOLD STANDING WATER. SOME PLANTS IN THIS MIX CAN TOLERATE INFREQUENT INUNDATION, BUT NOT CONSTANT FLOODING.

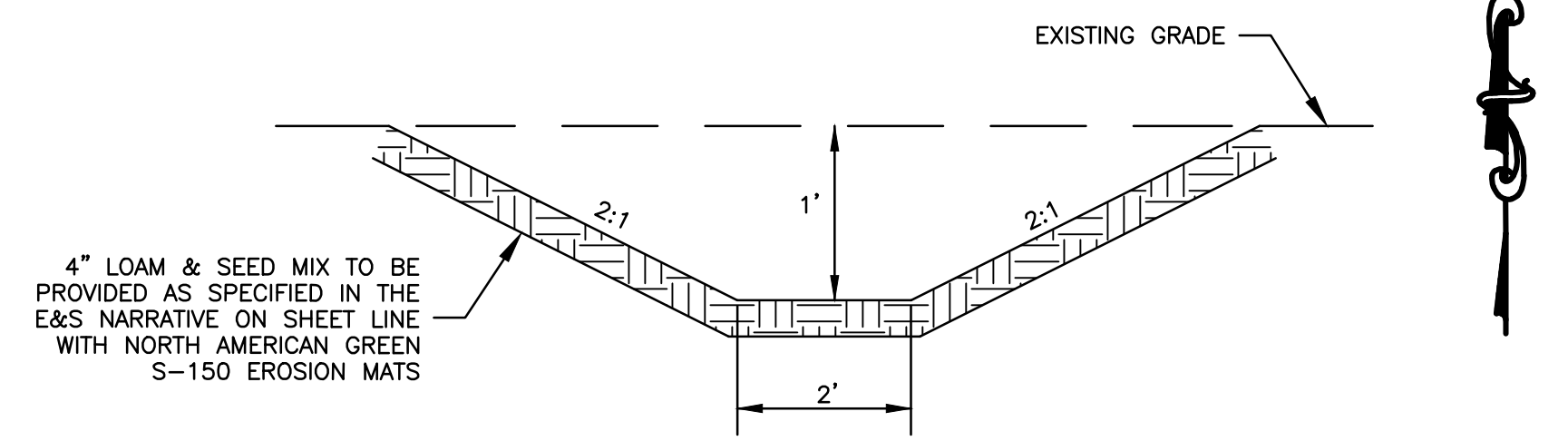
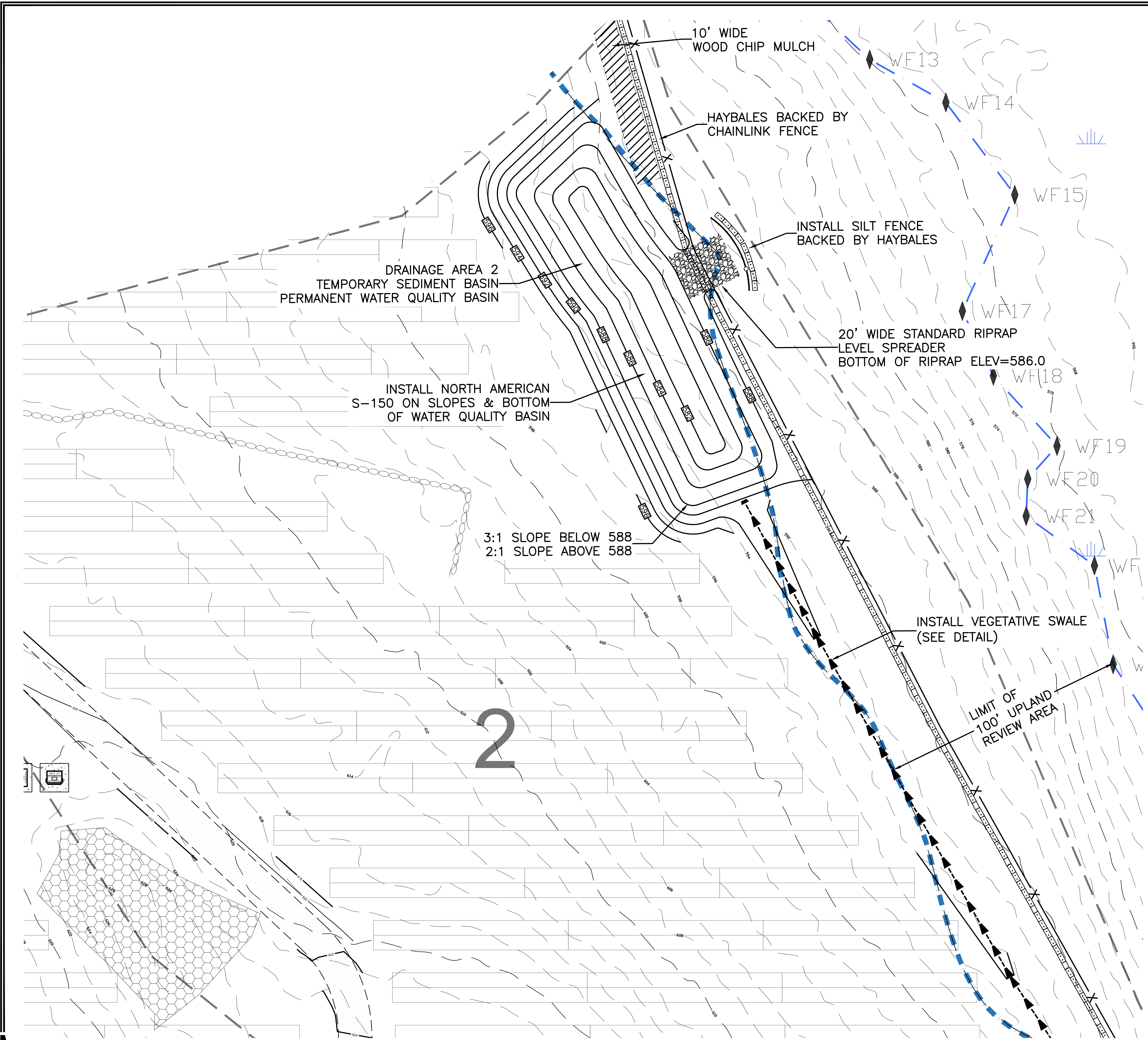
SEEDING: THE MIX MAY BE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING, BY MECHANICAL SPREADER, BY HYDRO-SEEDING OR ON SMALL SITES IT CAN BE SPREAD BY HAND. WHEN APPLYING ON BARE SOIL, RAKE THE SOIL TO CREATE GROOVES, APPLY SEED, THEN LIGHTLY RAKE OVER. IN NEW ENGLAND, THE BEST RESULTS ARE OBTAINED WITH A SPRING OR EARLY FALL SEEDING. SUMMER AND LATE FALL SEEDING WILL BENEFIT WITH A LIGHT MULCHING OF WEED-FREE STRAW TO CONSERVE MOISTURE. LATE FALL AND WINTER DORMANT SEEDING REQUIRE A SLIGHT INCREASE IN THE SEEDING RATE. FERTILIZATION IS NOT REQUIRED UNLESS THE SOILS ARE PARTICULARLY INFERTILE.

APPLICATION RATE: 35 LBS/ACRE (1250 SQ. FT./LB.)

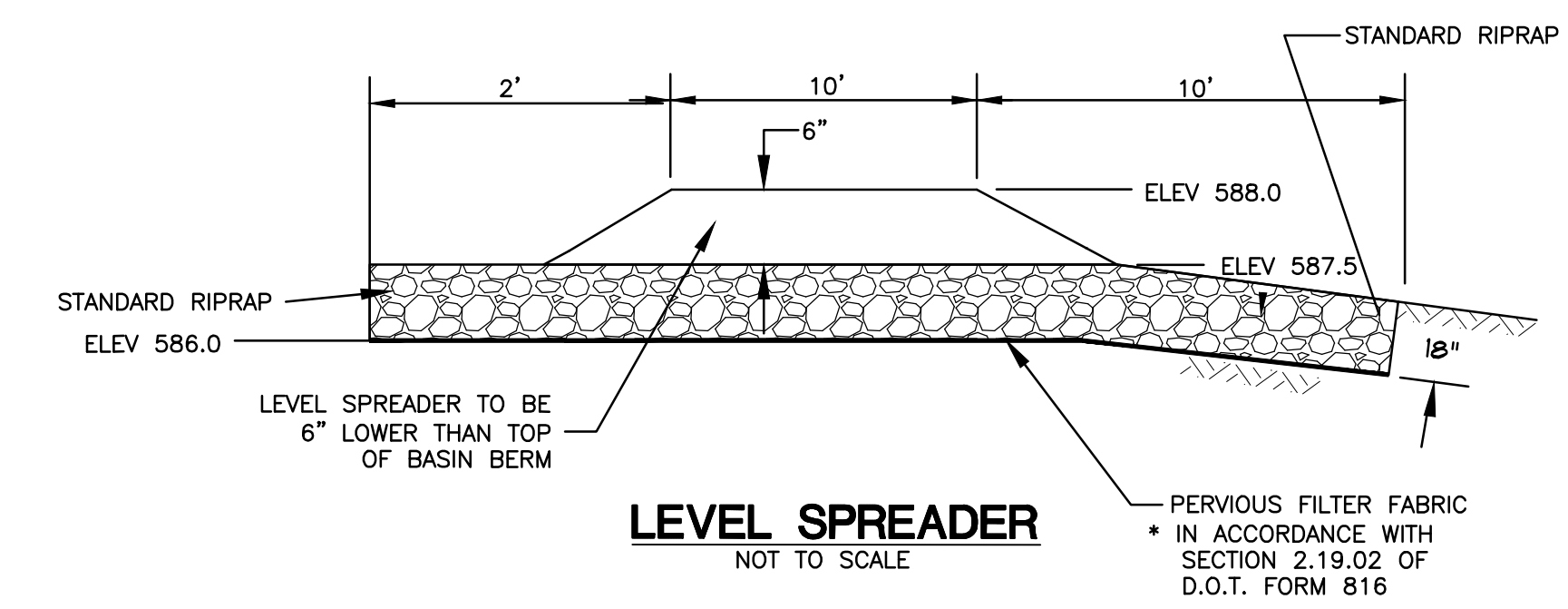
SPECIES * SWITCHGRASS (PANICUM VIRGATUM), VIRGINIA WILD RYE (ELYMUS VIRGINICUS), CREEPING RED FESCUE (FESTUCA RUBRA), FOX SEDGE (CAREX VULPINOIDEA), CREEPING BENTGRASS (AGROSTIS STOLONIFERA), SOFT RUSH (JUNCUS EFFUSUS), NEW ENGLAND ASTER (ASTER NOVAE-ANGLIAE), GRASS-LEAVED GOLDENROD (EUTHAMIA GRAMINIFOLIA), GREEN BULRUSH (SCIRPUS ATROVIRENS), BONESET (EUPATORIUM PERFOLIATUM), BLUE VERVAIN (VERBENA HASTATA) UPLAND BENTGRASS (AGROSTIS PERENNANS), BIG BLUESTEM, NIAGRA (ANDROPOGON GERARDII), SENSITIVE FERN (ONOCLEA SENSIBILIS), LITTLE BLUESTEM (SCHIZACHYRIUM SCOPARIUM), WOOLGRASS (SCIRPUS CYPERINUS).

NOTES
SOLAR MODULE FOOTPRINT WITHIN THE FENCELINE OF THE PROJECT REPRESENTED IN THESE DOCUMENTS WILL BE ADJUSTED BASED ON TOPOGRAPHICAL CONSTRAINTS PRESENTED BY SITE SLOPES AND STORMWATER BASINS. THE PROJECT FOOTPRINT IN THESE DOCUMENTS REPRESENTS THE PROJECT APPROVED BY THE CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL ON JANUARY 18, 2018





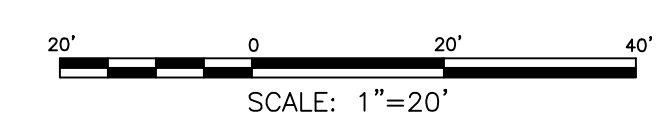
VEGETATED SWALE
NOT TO SCALE



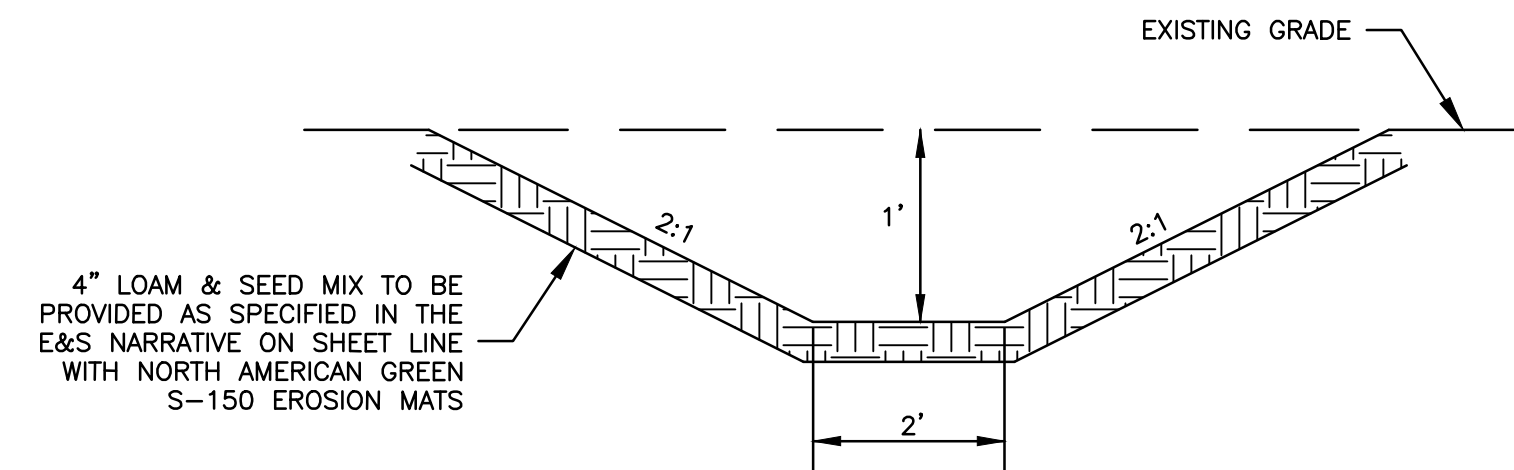
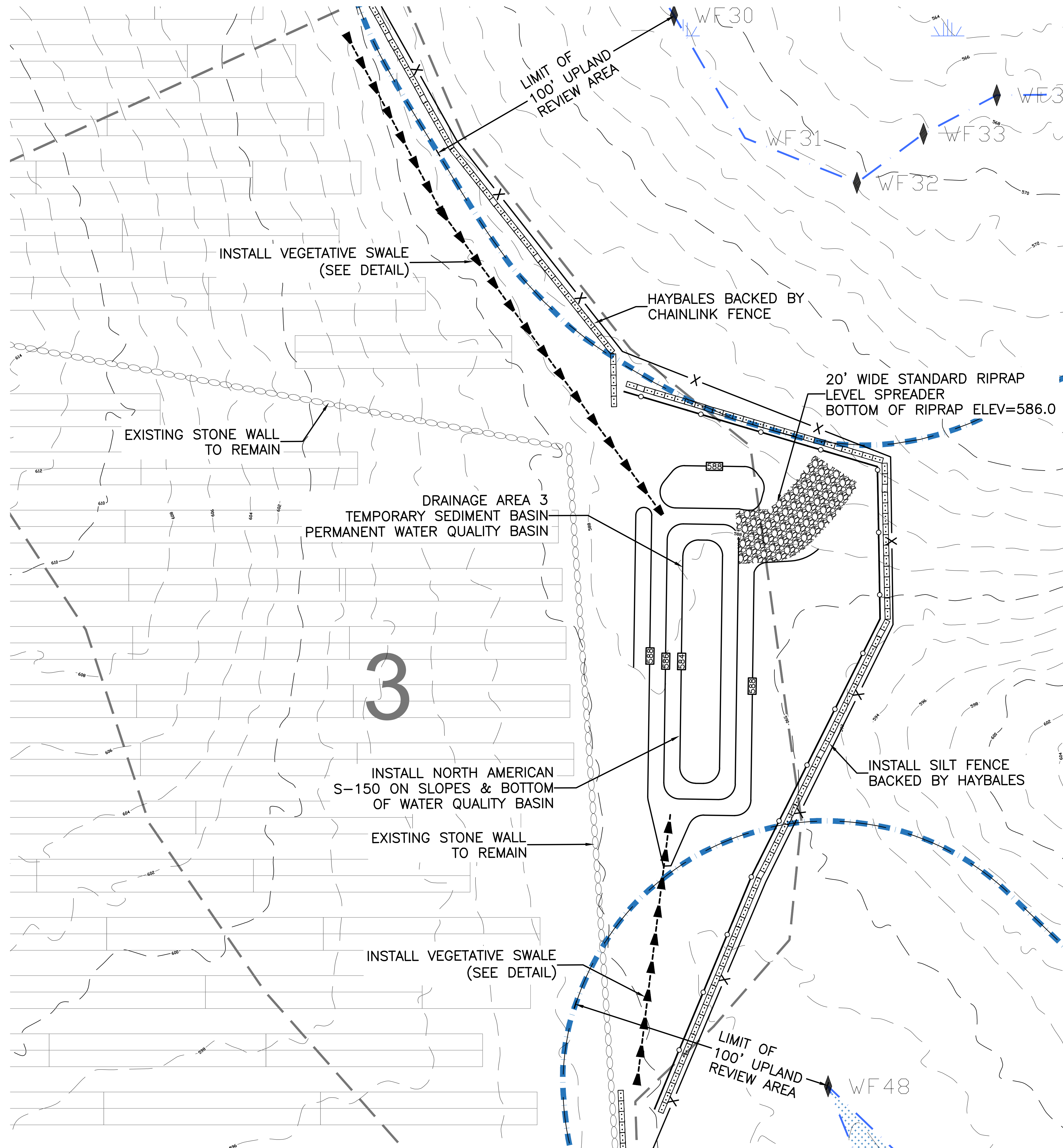
LEVEL SPREADER
NOT TO SCALE

SEED MIX FOR STORMWATER TREATMENT BASIN
THE NEW ENGLAND EROSION CONTROL/RESTORATION MIX FOR DETENTION BASINS AND MOIST SITES
CONTAINS A SELECTION OF NATIVE GRASSES AND WILDFLOWERS DESIGNED TO COLONIZE RECENTLY DISTURBED SITES WHERE QUICK GROWTH OF VEGETATION IS DESIRED TO STABILIZE THE SOIL SURFACE. IT IS AN EXCELLENT SEED MIX FOR ECOLOGICALLY APPROPRIATE RESTORATIONS ON MOIST SITES THAT REQUIRE QUICK STABILIZATION AS WELL AS LONG-TERM ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIVE VEGETATION. THIS MIX IS PARTICULARLY APPROPRIATE FOR DETENTION BASINS THAT DO NOT NORMALLY HOLD STANDING WATER. SOME PLANTS IN THIS MIX CAN TOLERATE INFREQUENT INUNDATION, BUT NOT CONSTANT FLOODING.
SEEDING: THE MIX MAY BE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING, BY MECHANICAL SPREADER, BY HYDRO-SEEDING OR ON SMALL SITES IT CAN BE SPREAD BY HAND. WHEN APPLYING ON BARE SOIL, RAKE THE SOIL TO CREATE GROOVES, APPLY SEED, THEN LIGHTLY RAKE OVER. IN NEW ENGLAND, THE BEST RESULTS ARE OBTAINED WITH A SPRING OR EARLY FALL SEEDING. SUMMER AND LATE FALL SEEDING WILL BENEFIT WITH A LIGHT MULCHING OF WEED-FREE STRAW TO CONSERVE MOISTURE. LATE FALL AND WINTER DORMANT SEEDING REQUIRE A SLIGHT INCREASE IN THE SEEDING RATE. FERTILIZATION IS NOT REQUIRED UNLESS THE SOILS ARE PARTICULARLY INFERTILE.
APPLICATION RATE: 35 LBS/ACRE (1250 SQ. FT./LB.)
SPECIES: * SWITCHGRASS (PANICUM VIRGATUM), VIRGINIA WILD RYE (ELYMUS VIRGINICUS), CREEPING RED FESCUE (FESTUCA RUBRA), FOX SEDGE (CAREX VULPINOIDEA), CREEPING BENTGRASS (AGROSTIS STOLONIFERA), SOFT RUSH (JUNCUS EFFUSUS), NEW ENGLAND ASTER (ASTER NOVAE-ANGLIAE), GRASS-LEAVED GOLDENROD (EUTHAMIA GRAMINIFOLIA), GREEN BULRUSH (SCIRPUS ATROVIRENS), BONESET (EUPATORIUM PERFOLIATUM), BLUE VERVAIN (VERBENA HASTATA) UPLAND BENTGRASS (AGROSTIS PERENNANS), BIG BLUESTEM, NIAGRA (ANDROPOGON GERARDII), SENSITIVE FERN (ONOCLEA SENSIBILIS), LITTLE BLUESTEM (SCHIZACHYRIUM SCOPARIUM), WOOLGRASS (SCIRPUS CYPERINUS).

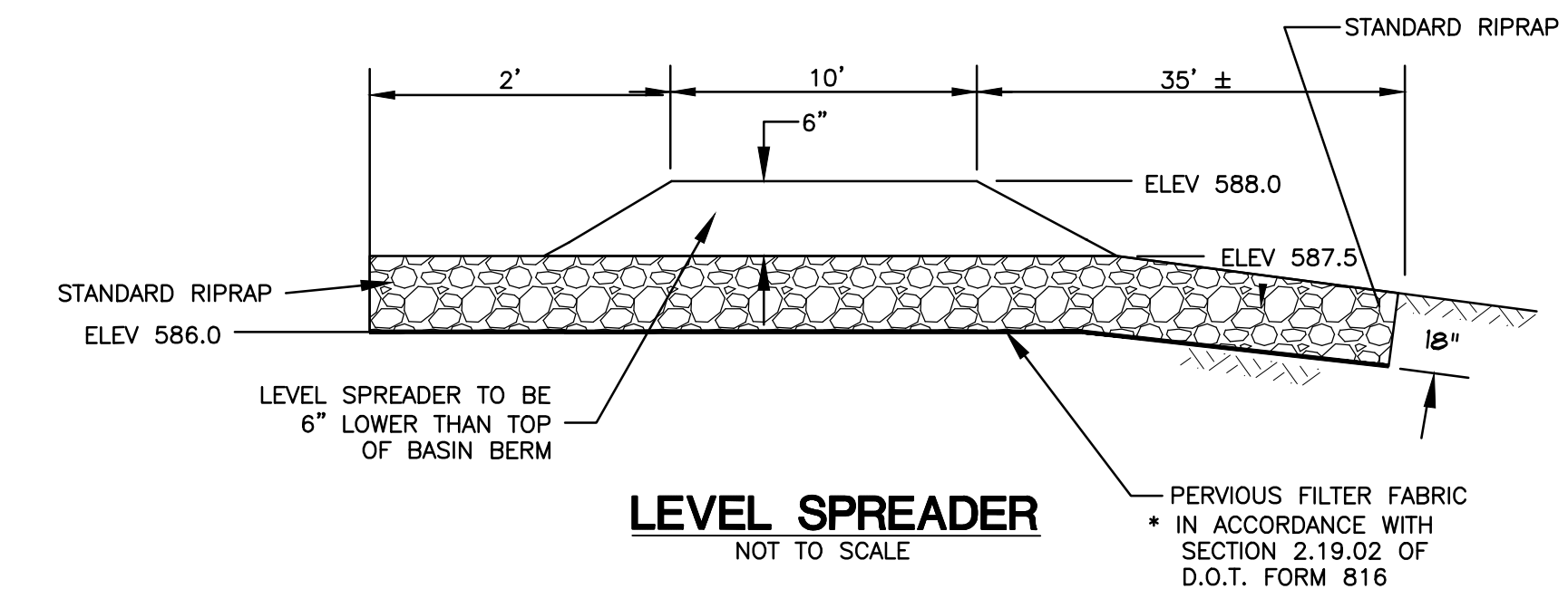
NOTES
SOLAR MODULE FOOTPRINT WITHIN THE FENCELINE OF THE PROJECT REPRESENTED IN THESE DOCUMENTS WILL BE ADJUSTED BASED ON TOPOGRAPHICAL CONSTRAINTS PRESENTED BY SITE SLOPES AND STORMWATER BASINS. THE PROJECT FOOTPRINT IN THESE DOCUMENTS REPRESENTS THE PROJECT APPROVED BY THE CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL ON JANUARY 18, 2018



				<div>CLA Engineers, Inc.</div> <div>CIVIL • STRUCTURAL • SURVEYING</div> <div>317 Main Street Norwich, CT 06360</div> <div>(860) 886-1966 Fax (860) 886-9165</div>
No.	DATE	REVISION		
			390 Hartford Turnpike Hampton, Connecticut	Project No. CLA-6178
			FISK ROAD SOLAR	Proj. Engineer E.M.B.
				Date: 6/15/2018
			AREA 2 TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP PERMANENT WATER QUALITY BASIN	Sheet No. <div>8</div>



VEGETATED SWALE
NOT TO SCALE



LEVEL SPREADER
NOT TO SCALE

SEED MIX FOR STORMWATER TREATMENT BASIN

THE NEW ENGLAND EROSION CONTROL/RESTORATION MIX FOR DETENTION BASINS AND MOIST SITES CONTAINS A SELECTION OF NATIVE GRASSES AND WILDFLOWERS DESIGNED TO COLONIZE RECENTLY DISTURBED SITES WHERE QUICK GROWTH OF VEGETATION IS DESIRED TO STABILIZE THE SOIL SURFACE. IT IS AN EXCELLENT SEED MIX FOR ECOLOGICALLY APPROPRIATE RESTORATIONS ON MOIST SITES THAT REQUIRE QUICK STABILIZATION AS WELL AS LONG-TERM ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIVE VEGETATION. THIS MIX IS PARTICULARLY APPROPRIATE FOR DETENTION BASINS THAT DO NOT NORMALLY HOLD STANDING WATER. SOME PLANTS IN THIS MIX CAN TOLERATE INFREQUENT INUNDATION, BUT NOT CONSTANT FLOODING.

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APPLICATION RATE: 35 LBS/ACRE (1250 SQ. FT./LB.)

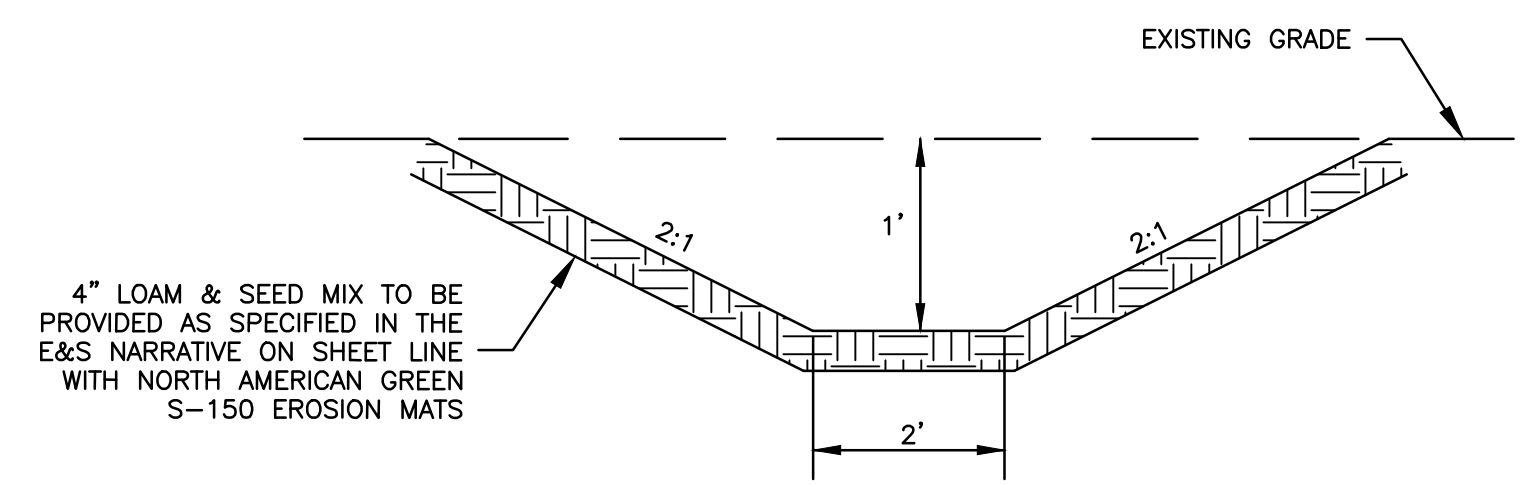
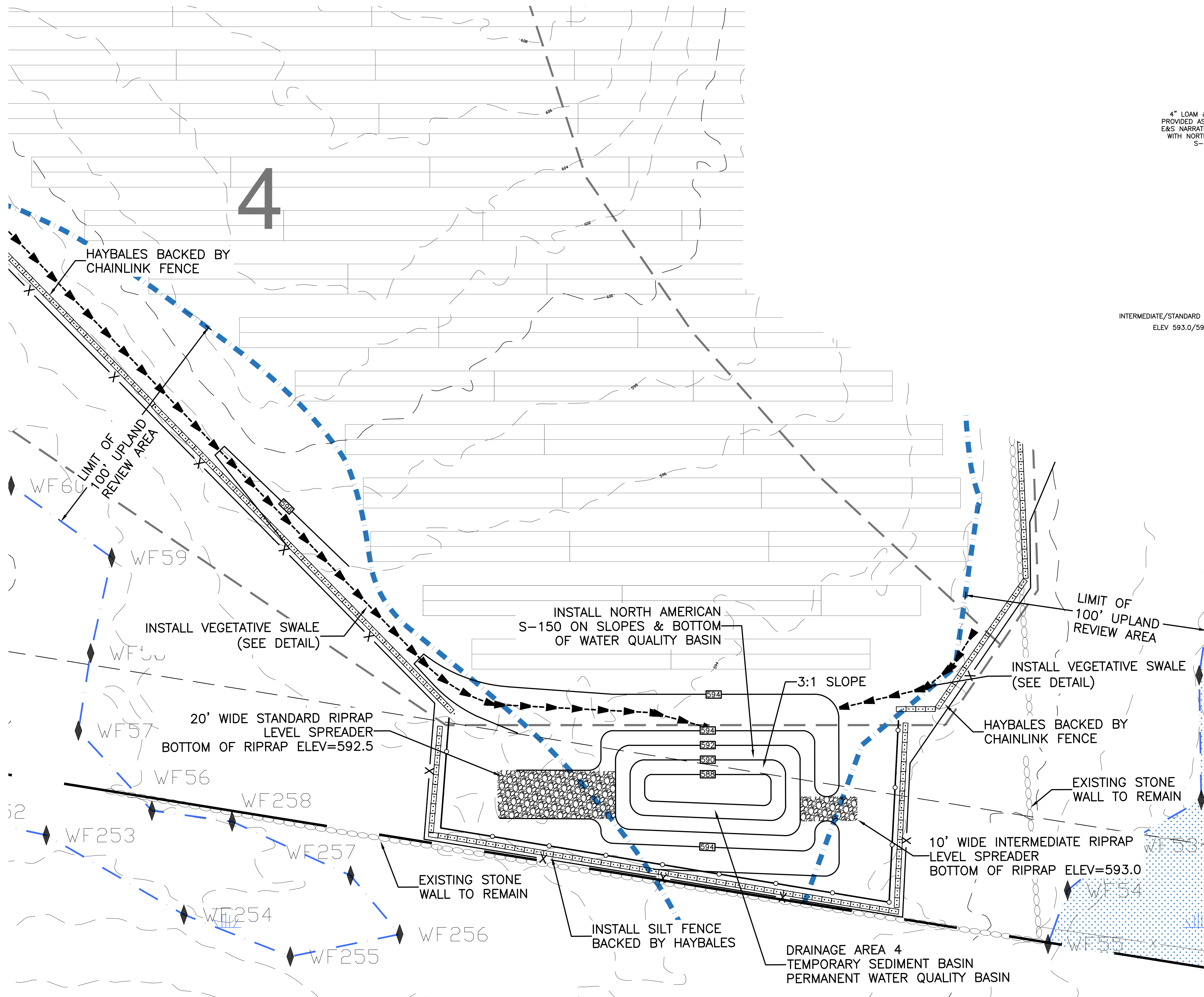
SPECIES: * SWITCHGRASS (PANICUM VIRGATUM), VIRGINIA WILD RYE (ELYMUS VIRGINICUS), CREEPING RED FESCUE (FESTUCA RUBRA), FOX SEDGE (CAREX VULPINOIDEA), CREEPING BENTGRASS (AGROSTIS STOLONIFERA), SOFT RUSH (JUNCUS EFFUSUS), NEW ENGLAND ASTER (ASTER NOVAE-ANGLIAE), GRASS-LEAVED GOLDENROD (EUTHAMIA GRAMINIFOLIA), GREEN BULRUSH (SCIRPUS ATROVIRENS), BONESET (EUPATORIUM PERFOLIATUM), BLUE VERVAIN (VERBENA HASTATA) UPLAND BENTGRASS (AGROSTIS PERENNANS), BIG BLUESTEM, NIAGRA (ANDROPOGON GERARDII), SENSITIVE FERN (ONOCLEA SENSIBILIS), LITTLE BLUESTEM (SCHIZACHYRIUM SCOPARIUM), WOOLGRASS (SCIRPUS CYPERINUS).

NOTES

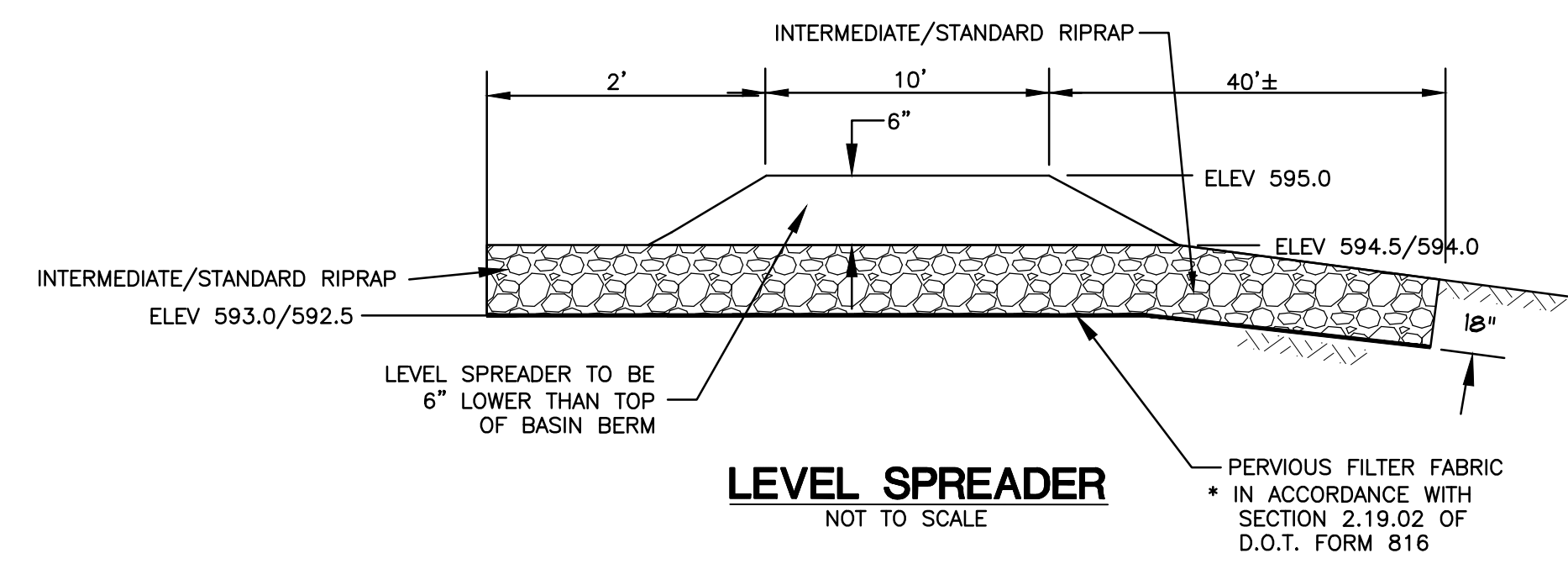
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20' 0 20' 40'
SCALE: 1"=20'

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No.	DATE	REVISION	390 Hartford Turnpike Hampton, Connecticut	
			FIK ROAD SOLAR	
			AREA 3 TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP PERMANENT WATER QUALITY BASIN	
			Project No. CLA-6178	Proj. Engineer E.M.B.
			Date: 6/15/2018	Sheet No. 9



VEGETATED SWALE
NOT TO SCALE



LEVEL SPREADER
NOT TO SCALE

SEED MIX FOR STORMWATER TREATMENT BASIN

THE NEW ENGLAND EROSION CONTROL/RESTORATION MIX FOR DETENTION BASINS AND MOIST SITES CONTAINS A SELECTION OF NATIVE GRASSES AND WILDFLOWERS DESIGNED TO COLONIZE RECENTLY DISTURBED SITES WHERE QUICK GROWTH OF VEGETATION IS DESIRED TO STABILIZE THE SOIL SURFACE. IT IS AN EXCELLENT SEED MIX FOR ECOLOGICALLY APPROPRIATE RESTORATIONS ON MOIST SITES THAT REQUIRE QUICK STABILIZATION AS WELL AS LONG-TERM ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIVE VEGETATION. THIS MIX IS PARTICULARLY APPROPRIATE FOR DETENTION BASINS THAT DO NOT NORMALLY HOLD STANDING WATER. SOME PLANTS IN THIS MIX CAN TOLERATE INFREQUENT INUNDATION, BUT NOT CONSTANT FLOODING.

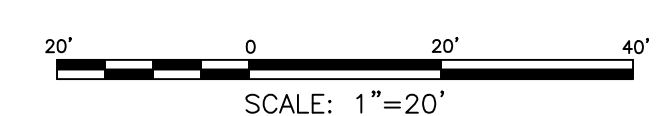
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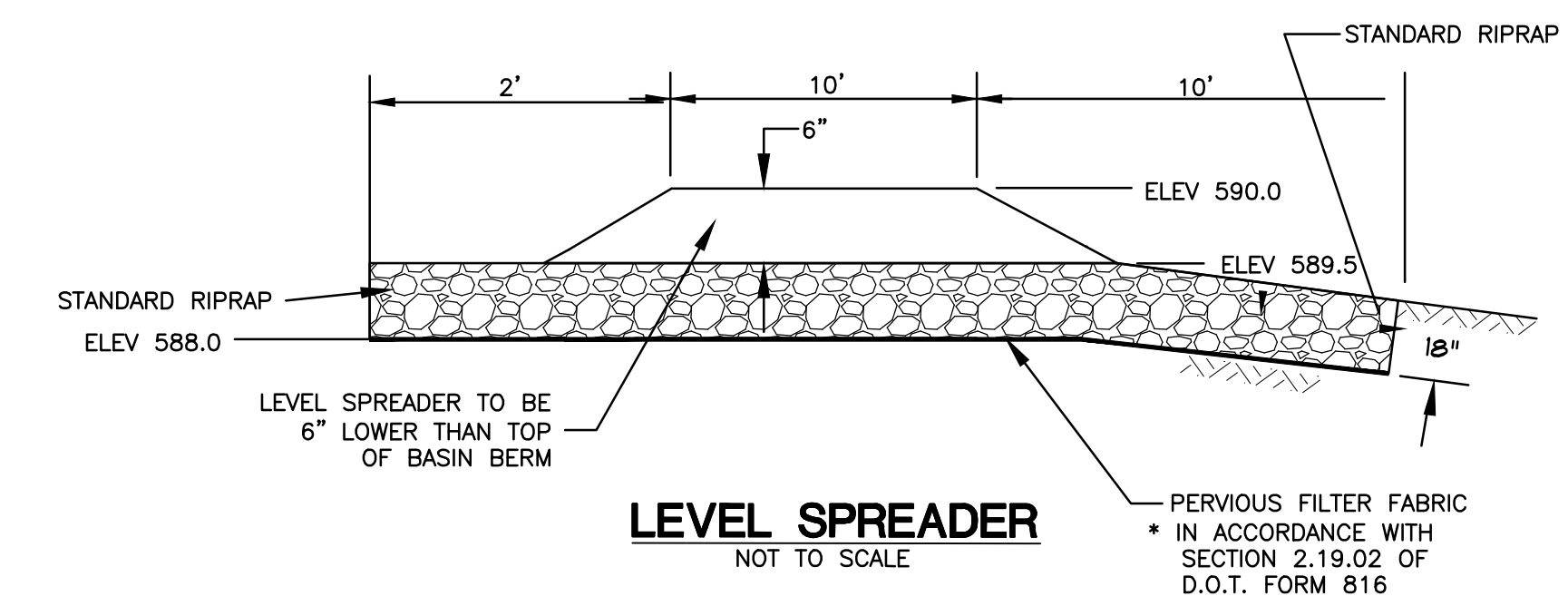
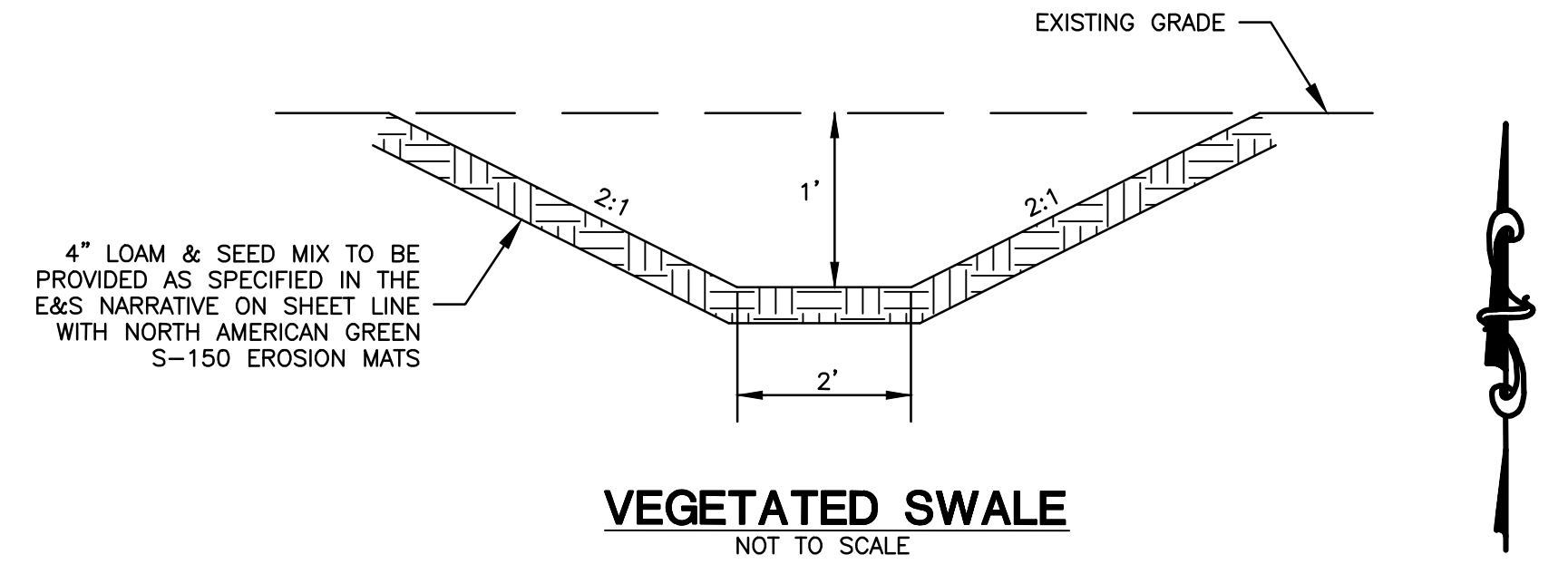
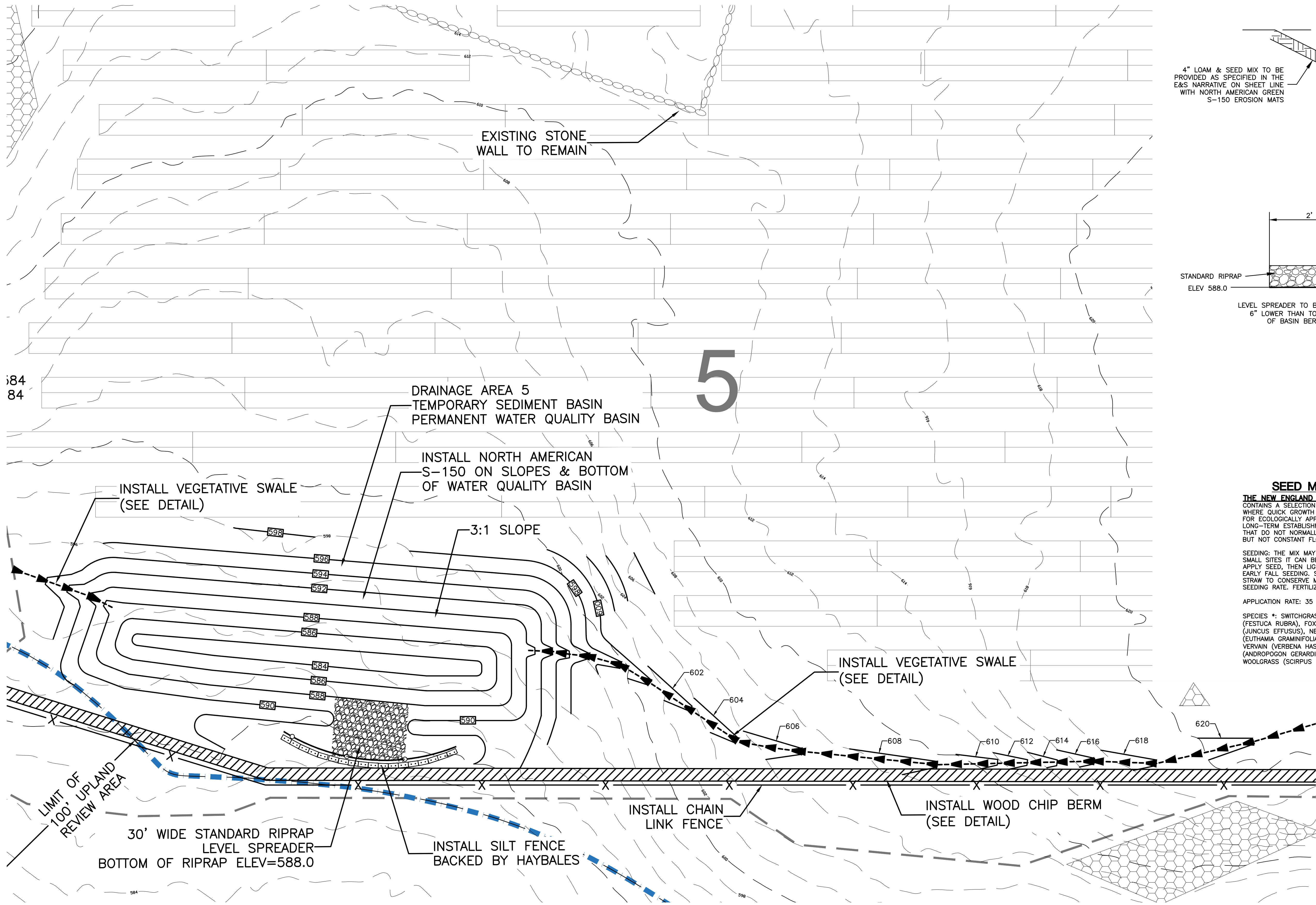
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NOTES

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CLA Engineers, Inc. CIVIL • STRUCTURAL • SURVEYING 317 Main Street Norwich, CT 06360 (860) 886-1966 Fax (860) 886-9165			Project No. CLA-6178 Proj. Engineer E.M.B. Date: 6/15/2018 Sheet No. 10
No. DATE REVISION		390 Hartford Turnpike Hampton, Connecticut FIK ROAD SOLAR AREA 4 TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP PERMANENT WATER QUALITY BASIN	



SEED MIX FOR STORMWATER TREATMENT BASIN

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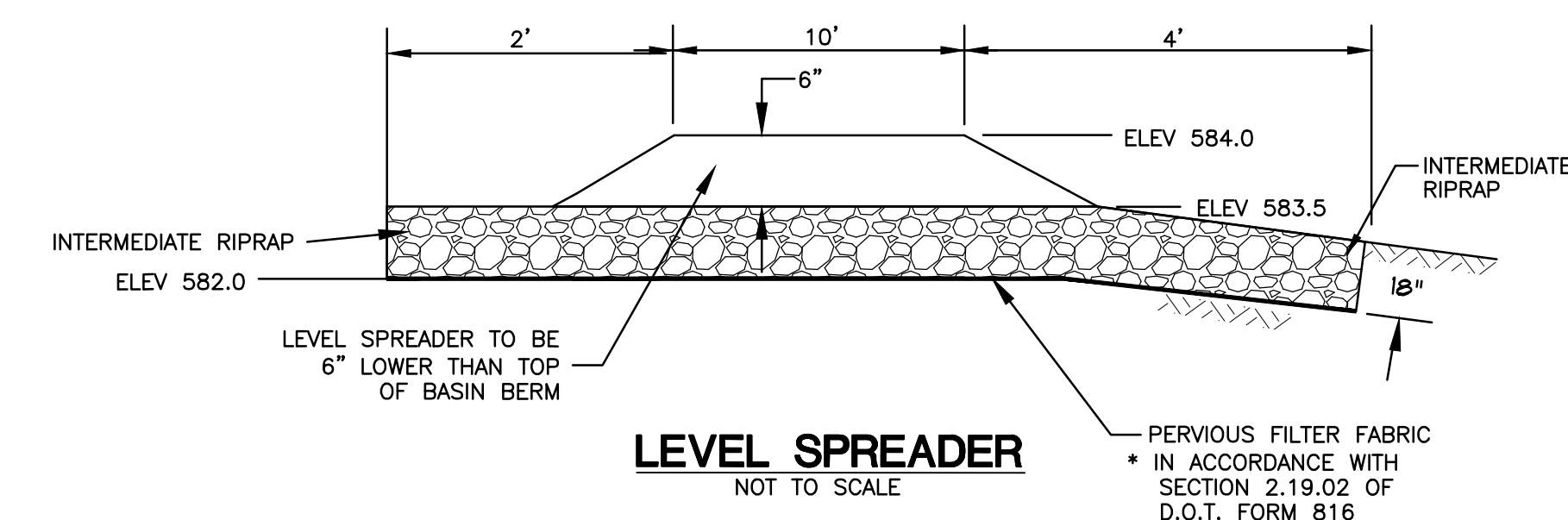
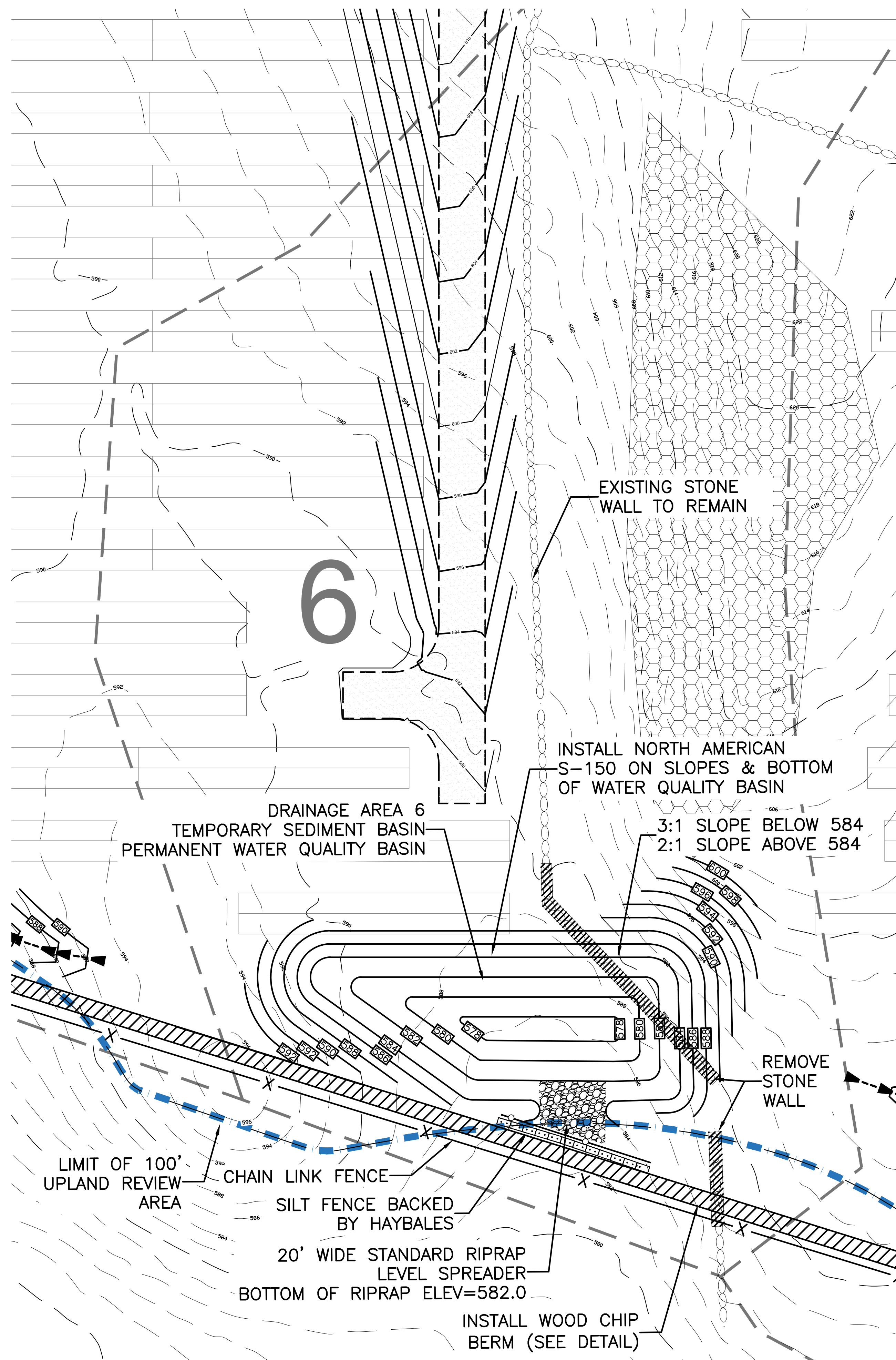
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No.	DATE	REVISION	390 Hartford Turnpike Hampton, Connecticut	Project No. CLA-6178
			FISK ROAD SOLAR	Proj. Engineer E.M.B.
				Date: 6/15/2018
			AREA 5 TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP PERMANENT WATER QUALITY BASIN	Sheet No. <div>11</div>



SEED MIX FOR STORMWATER TREATMENT BASIN

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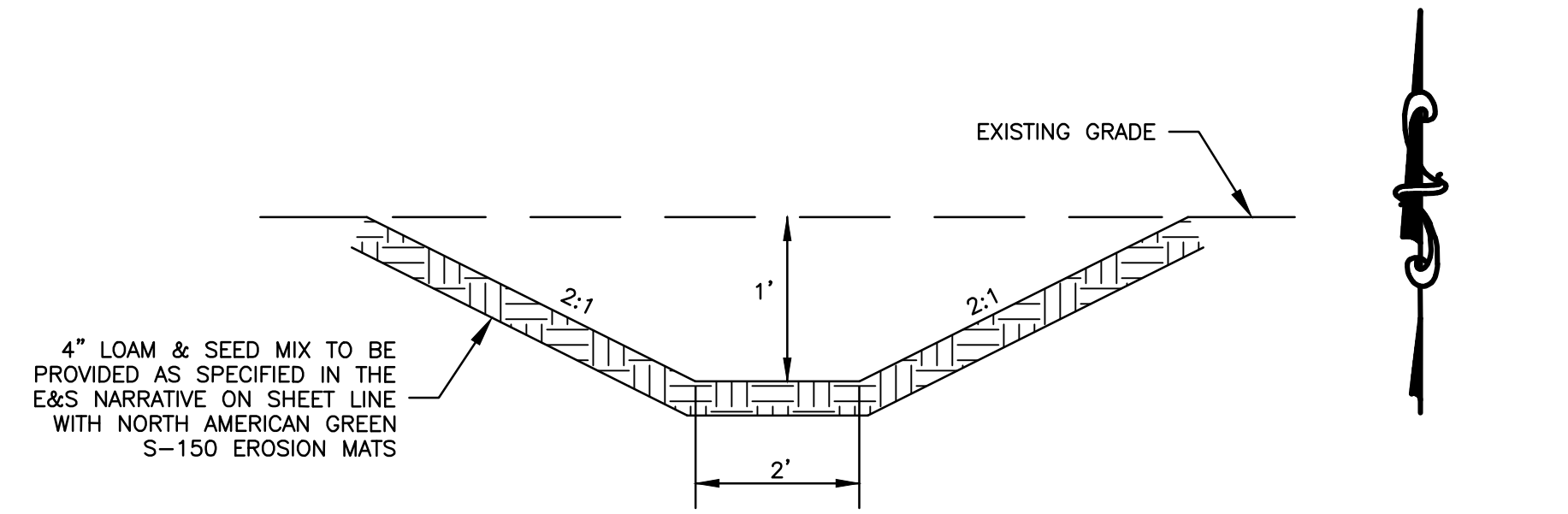
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NOTES

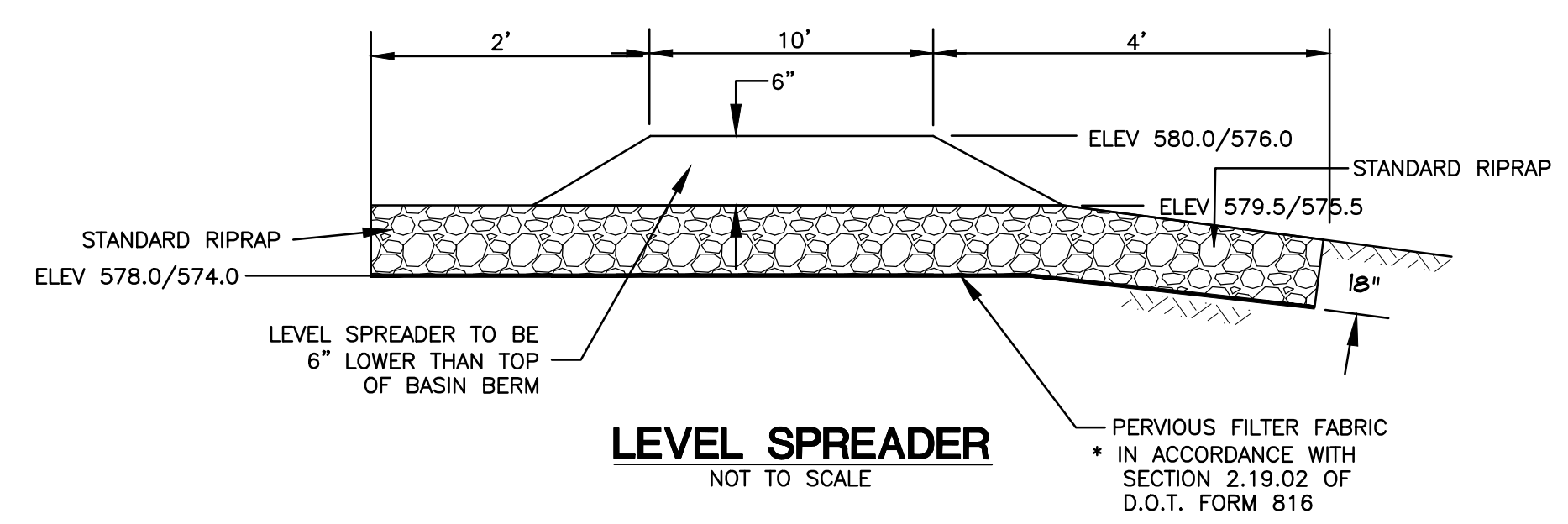
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			FIISK ROAD SOLAR	
			AREA 6 TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP PERMANENT WATER QUALITY BASIN	
			Project No. CLA-6178	Proj. Engineer E.M.B.
			Date: 6/15/2018	Sheet No. 12



VEGETATED SWALE
NOT TO SCALE



LEVEL SPREADER
NOT TO SCALE

SEED MIX FOR STORMWATER TREATMENT BASIN

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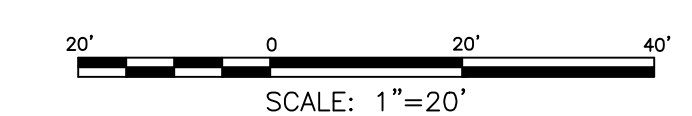
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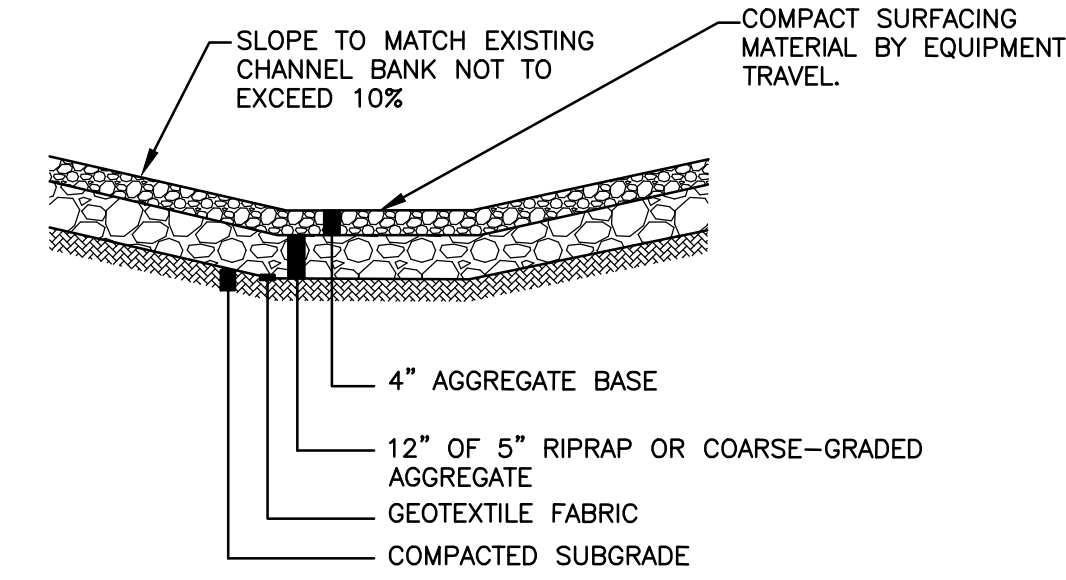
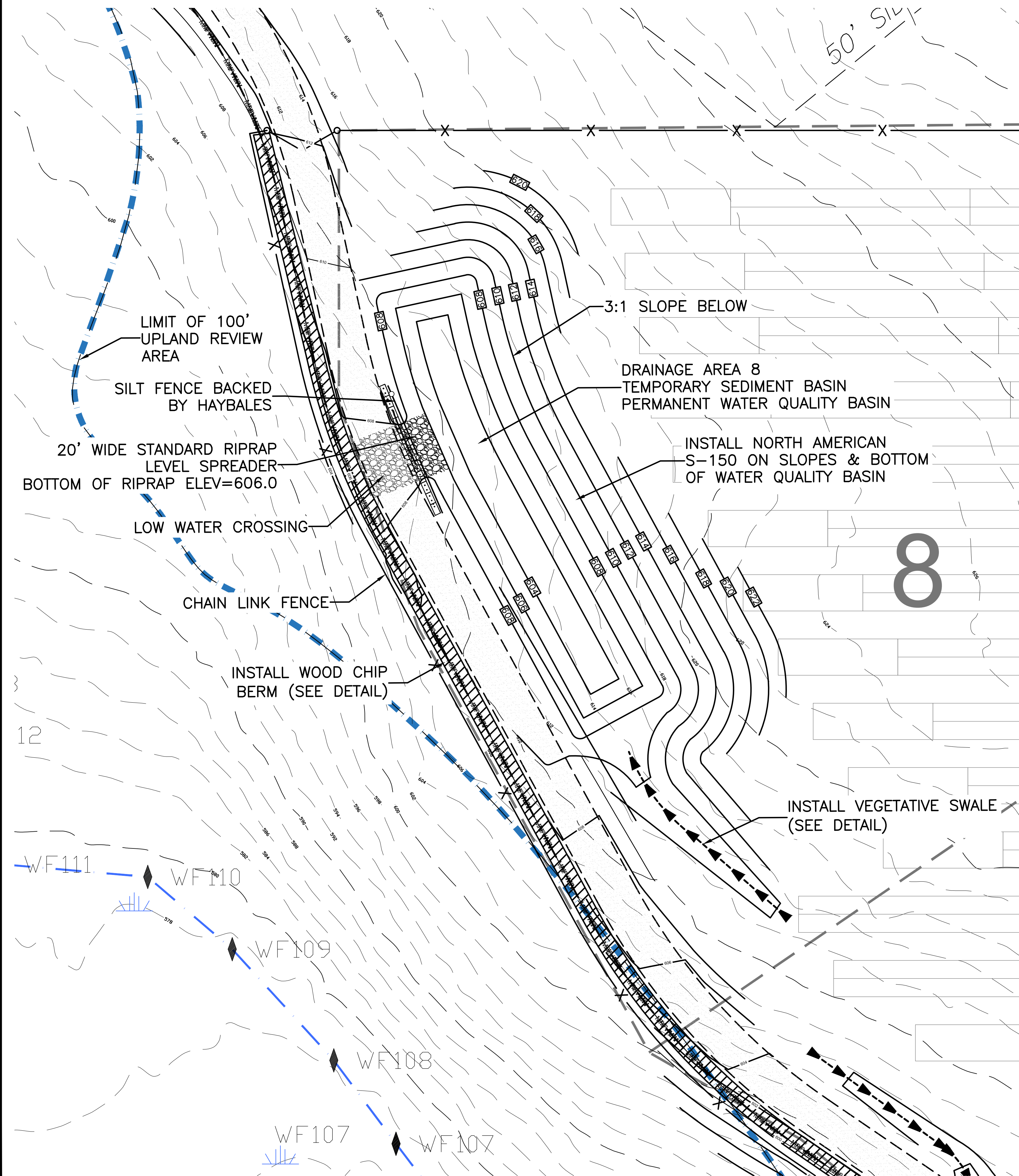
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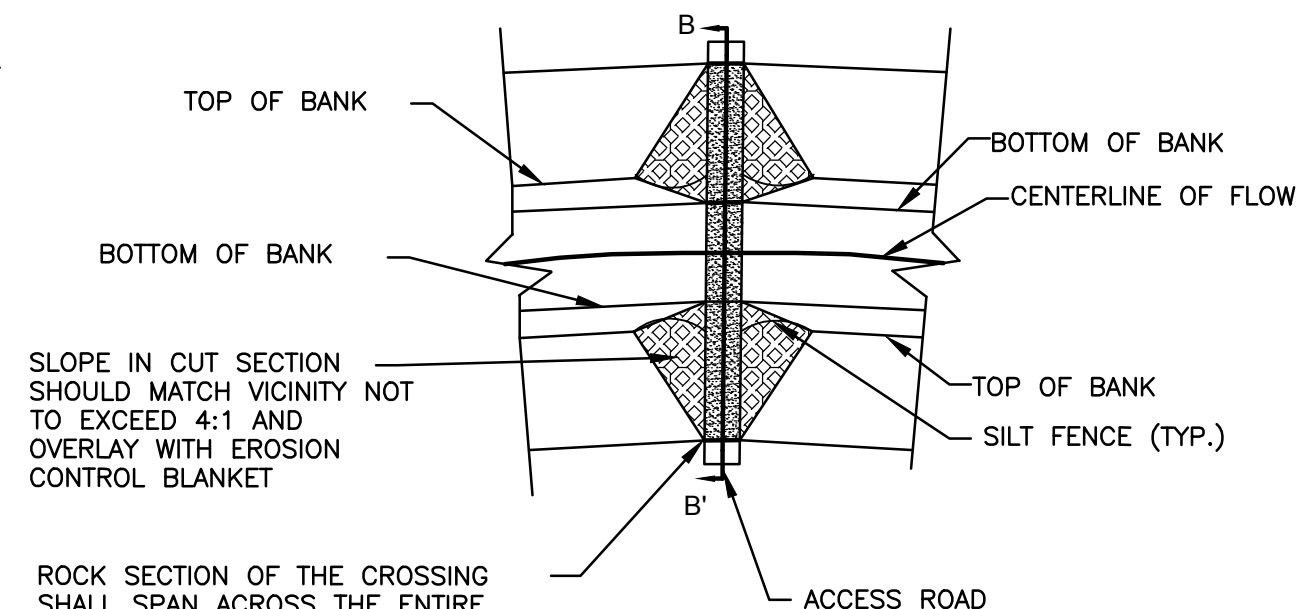
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			AREA 7 TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP PERMANENT WATER QUALITY BASIN	
			Project No. CLA-6178 Proj. Engineer E.M.B. Date: 6/15/2018 Sheet No.	13



SECTION B' - B'
PROFILE ALONG CENTERLINE OF
LOW WATER CROSSING
NOT TO SCALE



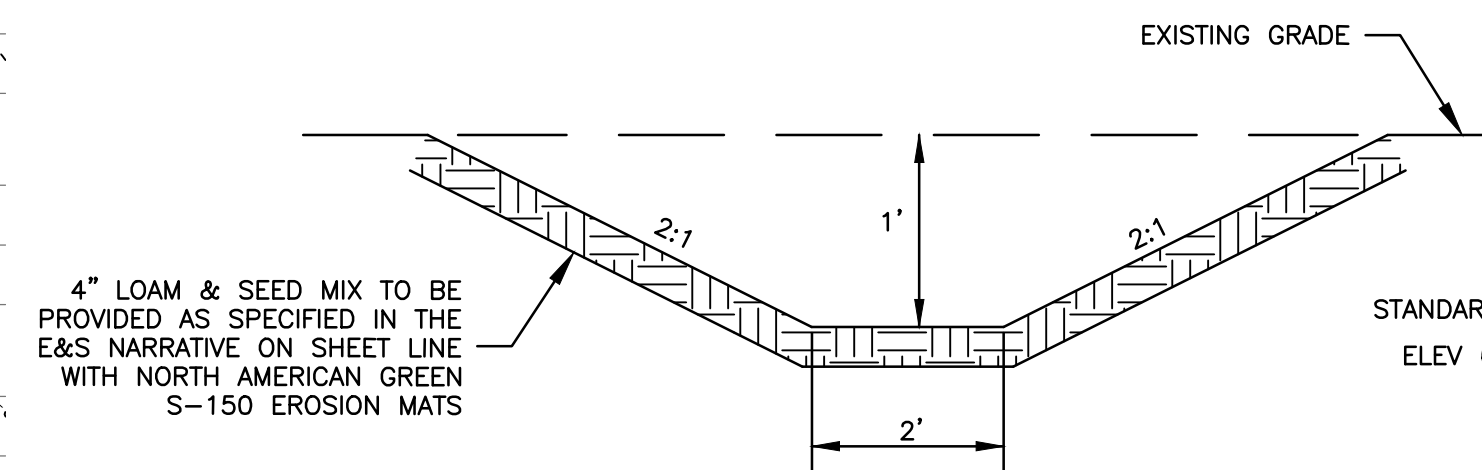
PLAN VIEW OF LOW WATER CROSSING
NOT TO SCALE

NOTE:

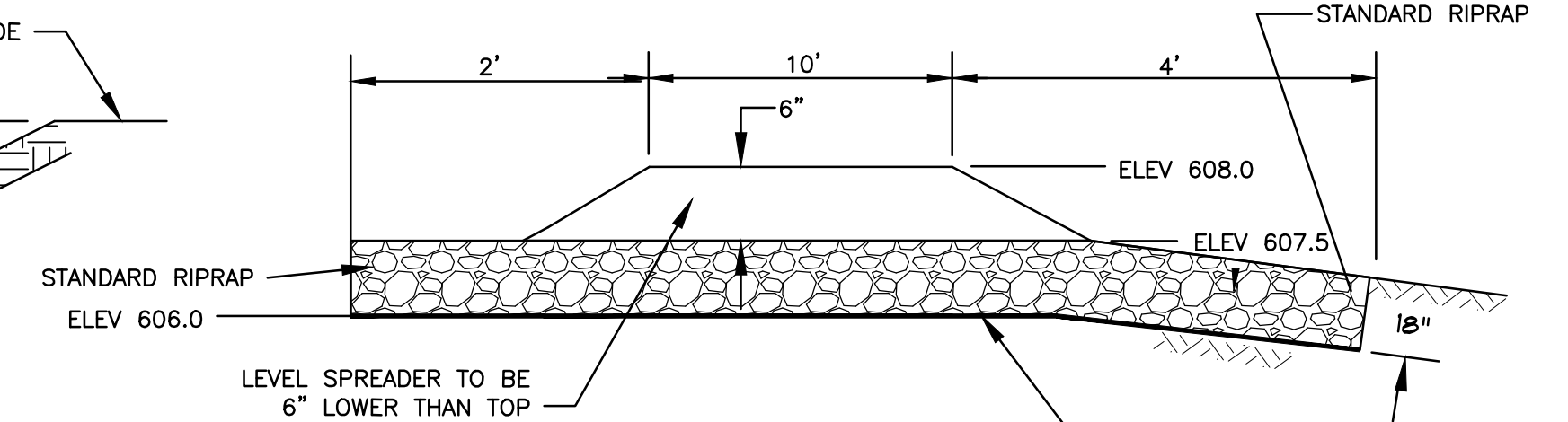
1. THE ACCESS ROAD SHALL CROSS THE CONVEYANCE AT 90° ANGLE.
2. THE TOP BED OF THE ROCK CHANNEL CROSSING SHALL CONFORM TO THE EXISTING DITCH CROSS SECTIONAL SLOPES.
3. MATERIAL THICKNESSES MAY BE FIELD ADJUSTED TO ACHIEVE SUFFICIENT BEARING CAPACITIES AS ARE NECESSARY FOR ANTICIPATED ROAD USE.

LOW WATER CROSSING

NOT TO SCALE



VEGETATED SWALE
NOT TO SCALE



LEVEL SPREADER
NOT TO SCALE

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SOLAR MODULE FOOTPRINT WITHIN THE FENCELINE OF THE PROJECT REPRESENTED IN THESE DOCUMENTS WILL BE ADJUSTED BASED ON TOPOGRAPHICAL CONSTRAINTS PRESENTED BY SITE SLOPES AND STORMWATER BASINS. THE PROJECT FOOTPRINT IN THESE DOCUMENTS REPRESENTS THE PROJECT APPROVED BY THE CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL ON JANUARY 18, 2018



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1. ROAD MAINTENANCE CAN BE EXPECTED OVER THE LIFE OF THE PERMANENT FACILITY.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS PLANNED AND SPECIFIED FOLLOWING BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS OUTLINED BY THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT AND BEING IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) GENERAL STORMWATER PERMIT. SEE THE STORMWATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN (SWPPC) FOR EROSION CONTROL AND RESTORATION SPECIFICATIONS. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED OR MODIFIED HEREIN, ALL SECTIONS OF THE GENERAL CONDITIONS SHALL APPLY.

1. CLEARING AND GRUBBING
 - A. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO REMOVE ALL TREES, STUMPS, BRUSH, AND DEBRIS WITHIN THE GRADING LIMITS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO REMOVE ONLY THOSE TREES WHICH ARE DESIGNATED BY THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE FOR REMOVAL, AND SHALL EXERCISE EXTREME CARE AROUND EXISTING TREES TO BE SAVED.
2. TOPSOIL STRIPPING
 - A. TOPSOIL SHALL BE STRIPPED FROM ALL ROADWAY AREAS THROUGH THE ROOT ZONE. TOPSOIL SHALL NOT BE STRIPPED OUTSIDE OF THE DESIGNATED DISTURBANCE AREAS.
 - B. ANY TOPSOIL, THAT HAS BEEN STRIPPED, SHALL BE RE-SPREAD OR STOCKPILED WITHIN GRADING AREAS AND/OR USED AS FILL OUTSIDE OF THE DISTURBANCE AREAS, AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
3. EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION.
 - A. EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONSIST OF THE PLACING OF SUITABLE FILL MATERIAL, AFTER TOPSOIL STRIPPING, ABOVE THE EXISTING GRADE. GENERALLY, EMBANKMENTS SHALL HAVE COMPACTED SUPPORT SLOPES OF TWO AND A HALF FEET HORIZONTAL TO ONE FOOT VERTICAL. THE MATERIAL FOR EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM THE ACCESS ROAD EXCAVATION (SEE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR RESTRICTIONS), OR ANY SUITABLE, APPROVED SOIL OBTAINED OFFSITE BY CONTRACTOR, AS DIRECTED OR APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. THIS MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN LIFTS NOT TO EXCEED 9".
 - B. SIDE SLOPES GREATER THAN 2.5:1 WILL NOT BE PERMITTED, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLAN.

1. TESTING SHALL BE PERFORMED BY A DESIGNATED INDEPENDENT TESTING AGENCY.
2. SUBMIT TESTING AND INSPECTION RECORDS SPECIFIED TO THE CIVIL ENGINEER OF RECORD FOR REVIEW.
 - A. THE ENGINEER WILL REVIEW THE TESTING AND INSPECTION RECORDS TO CHECK CONFORMANCE WITH THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS. THE ENGINEER'S REVIEW DOES NOT RELIEVE THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR FROM THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR CORRECTING DEFECTIVE WORK.
3. PROOF ROLLING:
 - A. PROOF-ROLLING SHALL BE PERFORMED IN THE PRESENCE OF THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OR QUALIFIED GEOTECHNICAL REPRESENTATIVE USING A FULLY LOADED TANDEM AXLE DUMP TRUCK WITH A MINIMUM GROSS WEIGHT OF 25 TONS OR A FULLY LOADED WATER TRUCK WITH AN EQUIVALENT AXLE LOADING. PROOF-ROLLING ACCEPTANCE STANDARDS INCLUDE NO RUTTING GREATER THAN 1.5 INCHES, AND NO "PUMPING" OF THE SOIL BEHIND THE LOADED TRUCK.
4. SIEVE ANALYSIS:
 - A. SIEVE ANALYSIS SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO T27
5. PROCTOR:
 - A. PROCTORS SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1557
6. ATTERBERG LIMITS:
 - A. ATTERBERG LIMITS SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO T89 AND T90
7. MOISTURE DENSITY (NUCLEAR DENSITY):
 - A. MOISTURE DENSITY TESTING SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO T310

1. FILL MATERIAL:
 - A. SOILS USED AS FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE TESTED FOR GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS, MOISTURE CONTENT, ATTERBERG LIMITS ON FINES CONTENT, AND PROCTOR TESTS (MODIFIED DRY MAXIMUM DENSITY).
 - a. FOR PLACED & COMPACTED FILLS, PROVIDE ONE COMPACTION TEST PER LIFT FOR EVERY 1000 FT OF ROAD LENGTH. INCLUDE THE LOCATION, DRY DENSITY, MOISTURE CONTENT, AND COMPACTION PERCENT BASED ON MODIFIED PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY.
 - B. IN ROADWAY CUT AREAS, OR WHERE EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION REQUIRES LESS THAN 12 INCHES OF FILL PLACEMENT, COMPACT TO A MINIMUM OF 95 PERCENT OF THE MATERIAL'S MODIFIED PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY.
2. COMPACTED SUBGRADE:
 - A. THE ENTIRE SUBGRADE SHALL BE PROOF-ROLLED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF THE AGGREGATE BASE TO IDENTIFY AREAS OF UNSTABLE SUBGRADE.
 - B. IF PROOF ROLLING DETERMINES THAT THE SUBGRADE STABILIZATION CANNOT BE ACHIEVED, THE FOLLOWING ALTERNATIVES WILL BE IMPLEMENTED:
 - a. REMOVE UNSUITABLE MATERIAL AND REPLACE WITH SUITABLE EMBANKMENT.
 - b. SCARIFY, DRY, AND RECOMPACT SUBGRADE AND PERFORM ADDITIONAL PROOF ROLL.
 - c. INCREASE ROAD BASE THICKNESS.
 - C. PROVIDE 1 MOISTURE DENSITY COMPACTION TESTS FOR EVERY 1000 L.F. OF ROAD LENGTH. COMPACTED SUBGRADE MUST BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% MODIFIED PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AT $\pm 3\%$ OF OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT FOR GRANULAR SOILS AND AT -1 TO +3% OF OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT FOR COHESIVE SOILS.
3. AGGREGATE BASE:
 - A. AGGREGATE BASE SHALL BE PROOF-ROLLED OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH. PROVIDE 1 SIEVE ANALYSIS PER 2500 CY OF ROAD BASE PLACED.
 - a. IF PROOF ROLLING DETERMINES THAT THE ROAD IS UNSTABLE, ADDITIONAL AGGREGATE BASE SHALL BE ADDED UNTIL THE UNSTABLE SECTION IS ABLE TO PASS A PROOF ROLL.

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1. THE PLANIMETRIC FEATURES, GROUND SURFACE CONTOURS ON A LIDAR SURFACE PROVIDED NOAA.
2. NO GRADING OR SOIL DISTURBANCE IS PERMITTED OUTSIDE OF THE GRADING LIMITS IDENTIFIED ON THE PLANS.
3. GRADE ALL PROPOSED ROADS TO THE SLOPES PROPOSED ON THE PLANS.
4. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING DRAINAGE THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL NOT BLOCK THE NATURAL OR MANMADE DRAINAGE SWALES CAUSING RAINWATER TO POND. ADDITIONAL CULVERTS IN EXCESS OF THOSE ON THE PLANS MAY BE REQUIRED AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY CONNECTICUT CALL BEFORE YOU DIG (811) AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE EXCAVATION ACTIVITIES COMMENCE.
6. WETLAND INFORMATION SHOWN ON THE PLAN WAS PROVIDED BY ROB HELLSTROM LAND SURVEYING AND FLAGGED BY HIGHLANDS SOILS.
7. ELECTRICAL COLLECTION SYSTEM SHOWN ON THE PLAN SHALL BE CONSIDERED PRELIMINARY. CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO FINAL ELECTRICAL DESIGN PLANS FOR ACTUAL DESIGN LOCATIONS.

ALL AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLAN FOR SLOPE STABILIZATION SHALL BE GRADED AND COMPACTED, SMOOTH AND CLEAN TO THE FINISH CONTOURS SHOWN ON THE PLAN, WITH A MINIMUM OF 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL PLACED ON THE AREA. STABILIZATION SHALL BE ACHIEVED IN ONE OF TWO MANNERS:

1. PLACEMENT OF RIP-RAF

RIPRAP HAND PLACED, HAND-PLACED RIPRAP SHALL CONSIST OF ROUGH UNHEWN QUARRY STONES, APPROXIMATELY RECTANGULAR, PLACED DIRECTLY ON THE SPECIFIED SLOPES OR SURFACES. IT SHALL BE SO LAID THAT THE WEIGHT OF THE LARGE STONES IS CARRIED BY THE SOIL RATHER THAN BY ADJACENT STONES. STONES SHALL WEIGH BETWEEN 50 AND 150 LB. EACH AND AT LEAST 60 % OF THEM SHALL WEIGH MORE THAN 100 LB. EACH WHEN USED ON EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION. RIP RAP FOR BMPS SHALL BE 6"-8" DIA. PREPARATION FOR HAND-PLACED RIP RAP. BEFORE ANY RIP RAP IS PLACED, THE SURFACE TO BE COVERED SHALL BE FULLY COMPACTED AND GRADED TO THE REQUIRED SLOPE. PLACE MIRAFITM8 OR APPROVED EQUAL GEOTEXTILE ON SLOPE. RIP RAP ON SLOPES SHALL COMMENCE COMMENCE IN A TRENCH BELOW THE TOW OF THE SLOPE AND SHALL PROGRESS UPWARD, EACH STONE BEING LAID BY HAND PERPENDICULAR TO THE SLOPE WITH THE LONG DIMENSION VERTICAL, FIRMLY BEDDED AGAINST THE SLOPE AND AGAINST THE ADJOINING STONE, WITH ENDS IN CONTACT, AND WITH WELL-BROKEN JOINTS. SIMILAR METHODS SHALL BE USED WHEN LAYING RIPRAP ON STREAM BEDS, IN DITCHES, AND ON LEVEL SURFACES.

THE FINISHED SURFACE OF THE RIPRAP SHALL PRESENT AN EVEN, TIGHT SURFACE, NOT LESS THAN 12 INCHES THICK, MEASURED PERPENDICULAR TO THE SLOPE.

THE STONES WEIGHING MORE THAN 100 LB. SHALL BE WELL DISPERSED THROUGHOUT THE AREA WITH THE 50-100 LB. STONES LAID BETWEEN THEM IN SUCH A MANNER THAT ALL STONES WILL BE IN CLOSE CONTACT. THE REMAINING VOIDS SHALL BE FILLED WITH SPALLS OF SUITABLE SIZE AND WELL TAMPED TO PRODUCE A FIRM AND COMPACT REVETMENT.

2. STABILIZATION WITH EROSION CONTROL AND REVEGETATION MAT (ECRM)
 - 1) AREA MUST BE GRADED SMOOTH AND CLEAN TO FINISH GRADES, AND COMPACTED.
 - 2) SEED AND MULCH AREA. USE SEED MIX APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

3) INSTALL ECRM PER MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS, HOWEVER THESE MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS:

A) GRADE GROUND TO FINISH CONTOURS. REMOVE ALL ROCKS, DIRT CLODS, STUMPS, ROOTS, TRASH, AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS LYING IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE SOIL SURFACE.

B) DIG MAT ANCHOR TRENCHES (MINIMUM 12"DEEP, 6" WIDE) AT TERMINAL ENDS AND PERIMETER SIDES WHERE MAT IS TO BE INSTALLED.

C) INSTALL MAT BY ROLLING UPHILL PARALLEL TO WATER FLOW, STARTING AT TRENCH. OVERLAP ROLLS BY MINIMUM OF 3". FASTEN TO GROUND WITH 18" PINS AND 1 1/2" WASHERS, OR EQUIVALENT. PIN MAT AT ENDS, AND EVERY 3' TO 5' ALONG OVERLAPS. DO NO STRETCH MAT. SPLICING ROLLS SHOULD BE DONE IN A CHECK SLOT. BACKFILL TO COVER ENDS AND FASTENERS. ROLLING MAT ACROSS BACKFILL AND PIN AGAIN.

FOR MAT USE NORTH AMERICAN GREEN S-150.

1. COMPOSITION OF SEED MIX CHANGES YEARLY. SEED SPECIFICATIONS MUST BE SUBMITTED TO ENGINEER 2 WEEKS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. ALL SPECIES MUST BE NATIVE TO WINDHAM COUNTY.
2. RESTORED AREAS TO BE SEEDED WITH ABOVE MIX OR EQUAL (SUBJECT TO ENGINEERS APPROVAL). SEED TO BE LIGHTLY RAKED TO ALLOW FOR PROPER SEED/SOIL CONTACT.
3. CONTRACTOR SHALL OVERSEED AND/OR RE-MULCH AS NECESSARY TO ESTABLISH A GOOD COVER OF VEGETATION, WHETHER DUE TO POOR INITIAL COVER, INCLEMENT WEATHER BEFORE/DURING/AFTER SEEDING, OR THE ONSET OF WINTER.
4. RILLING, GULLIES, OR OTHER EROSION DUE TO POOR COVER SHALL BE RAKED AND/OR REFILLED AND REMULCH/RESEEDED.
5. CONTRACTOR SHALL WARRANT SEEDING, MULCHING AND EROSION CONTROL FABRIC FOR ONE YEAR FROM THE SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION OF THE RELEVANT AREA OF WORK.

1. ALL EQUIPMENT SHALL BE INSPECTED UPON ARRIVAL. EQUIPMENT ARRIVING WITH OBSERVABLE SOIL OR PLANT FRAGMENTS WILL BE REMOVED AND CLEANED.
2. HAY BALES ARE NOT BE USED ON SITE; ONLY WEED-FREE STRAW BALES ARE APPROVED.
3. OFF-SITE TOPSOIL MUST BE FREE OF INVASIVE SPECIES. THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED OF THE TOPSOIL SOURCE 6 WEEKS BEFORE DELIVERY.

CONTACT:
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THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROJECT IS TO INSTALL APPROXIMATELY 24,000 SOLAR MODULES AND ASSOCIATED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT FOR POWER GENERATION.

THE TOTAL AREA OF THE PROJECT SITE IS APPROXIMATELY 99.29 ACRES AND THE TOTAL AREAS OF THE SITE THAT IS EXPECTED TO BE DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES IS 35.4 ACRES

THE EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN AND DETAILS HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED AS A STRATEGY TO CONTROL SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION DURING AND AFTER CONSTRUCTION. THIS PLAN IS BASED ON THE "2002 CONNECTICUT GUIDELINES FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL" BY THE CONNECTICUT COUNCIL ON SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION IN COOPERATION WITH THE CONNECTICUT DEEP.

IN THE AREAS OF SOLAR PANEL INSTALLATION, THERE ARE SEVERAL ACTIVITIES (SITE GRADING, FOOTING INSTALLATION, PANEL INSTALLATION, AND ELECTRICAL TRENCH WORK) THAT WILL DISTURB SOIL. ON SITE SOIL IS FINE TEXTURED, EROSION PRONE, MUST BE PROMPTLY STABILIZED AFTER EACH ACTIVITY.

THIS PROJECT WILL NOT BE PHASED. THE CONTRACTOR WILL LIMIT THE EXPOSED AREA OF UNSTABILIZED SOIL AND DISTURBANCE PER THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE PROVIDED ON THIS PLAN.

THE PROPOSED LOCATIONS OF SILTATION AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SILT FENCE, HAY BALES, EROSION MAT, STONE CHECK DAMS, A CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, AND/OR OTHER EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS NEEDED OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OR TOWN STAFF TO ADEQUATELY PREVENT SEDIMENT TRANSPORT.

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO SITE DISTURBANCE.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT, REPAIR AND/OR REPLACE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES EVERY 7 DAYS AND IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ANY SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL OR SNOW MELT. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS MUST BE REMOVED BEFORE DEPOSITS REACH APPROXIMATELY ONE HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER. SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE AND BE MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR UNTIL AREAS UPSLOPE ARE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

STAKED HAY BALE SILT BARRIERS OR SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED AROUND ANY TEMPORARY STOCKPILE AREAS. TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER MAY BE REQUIRED (SEE NOTE).

CONTINUOUS DUST CONTROL USING WATER OR APPROVED EQUAL SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL EARTH STOCKPILES, EARTH PILED ALONG EXCAVATIONS, SURFACES OF BACKFILLED TRENCHES AND GRAVELED ROADWAY SURFACES. THE USE OF CALCIUM CHLORIDE FOR DUST CONTROL SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED.

IF DEWATERING IS NECESSARY DURING ANY TIME OF CONSTRUCTION A CLEAR WATER DISCHARGE SHALL BE PROVIDED AS SHOWN IN THE HAY-BALE BARRIER DEWATERING DETAIL OR ALTERNATE METHOD PROPOSED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE RESTORED PER THE SLOPE STABILIZATION AND PERMANENT VEGETATION DETAILS. ALL DISTURBED AREAS THAT ARE SLOPED LESS THAN THREE HORIZONTAL TO ONE VERTICAL (3:1) SLOPE SHALL BE LOAMED, SEEDED, FERTILIZED AND MULCHED PER THE PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER SPECIFICATIONS. EROSION CONTROL MATTING SHALL BE PROVIDED ON ALL DISTURBED AREAS THAT ARE SLOPED MORE THAN THREE HORIZONTAL TO ONE VERTICAL (3:1).

IF FINAL SEEDING OF DISTURBED AREAS IS NOT TO BE COMPLETED BEFORE OCTOBER 15, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TEMPORARY MULCHING (DORMANT SEEDING MAY BE ATTEMPTED AS WELL) TO PROTECT THE SITE AND DELAY PERMANENT SEEDING.

WHEN FEASIBLE, TEMPORARY SEEDING OF DISTURBED AREAS THAT HAVE NOT BEEN FINISHED GRADED SHALL BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO OCTOBER 15.

ON EACH FRIDAY AND ALSO ON THE DAY BEFORE ANY RAIN FORECAST OF 0.5 INCHES OR MORE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAY MULCH ALL EXPOSED SOIL.

ANY EROSION WHICH OCCURS WITHIN THE DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REPAIRED AND STABILIZED. DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE, INTERCEPTED SEDIMENT SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE SITE. POST SEEDING, INTERCEPTED SEDIMENT, IF ANY, SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE TOWN AND ENGINEER.

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL VEGETATION IS RE-ESTABLISHED OR SLOPES ARE STABILIZED AND REMOVAL IS APPROVED BY THE TOWN.

UNFORESEEN PROBLEMS WHICH ARE ENCOUNTERED IN THE FIELD SHALL BE SOLVED ACCORDING TO THE "2002 CONNECTICUT GUIDELINES FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL" BY THE CONNECTICUT COUNCIL ON SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION IN COOPERATION WITH THE CONNECTICUT DEEP.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE NAME AND EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION FOR THE PROJECT PERSONNEL RESPONSIBLE FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.

THE OWNER WILL EMPLOY A CERTIFIED SOIL SCIENTIST TO PERFORM WEEKLY EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL INSPECTION.

A. ROUTINE REPAIRS OR MODIFICATIONS SHALL BE COMPLETED BY THE CONTRACTOR WITHIN 48 HOURS AFTER DIRECTION BY THE INSPECTOR.

B. EMERGENCY REPAIRS SHALL BE COMPLETED IMMEDIATELY UPON DIRECTION BY THE INSPECTOR.

THE WETLANDS ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL BE NOTIFIED AT LEAST 2 BUSINESS DAYS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION TO INSPECT EROSION CONTROLS.

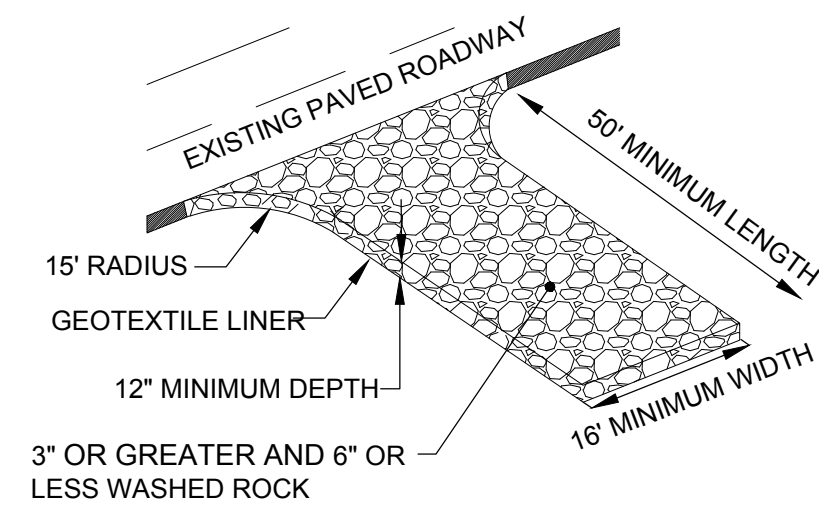
THE WETLAND ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL BE NOTIFIED AT THE COMPLETION OF WORK FOR FINAL INSPECTION AND SIGN OFF OF PERMIT COMPLIANCE.

LOCAL STATE AND FEDERAL PERMITS REQUIRED: THIS PROJECT REQUIRES A PERMIT FROM THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL.

THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS ARE CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THIS EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN: THE COMPLETE SITE PLANS, THE DRAINAGE NARRATIVE PREPARED BY CLA ENGINEERS, AND THE CTDEEP 2002 MANUAL.

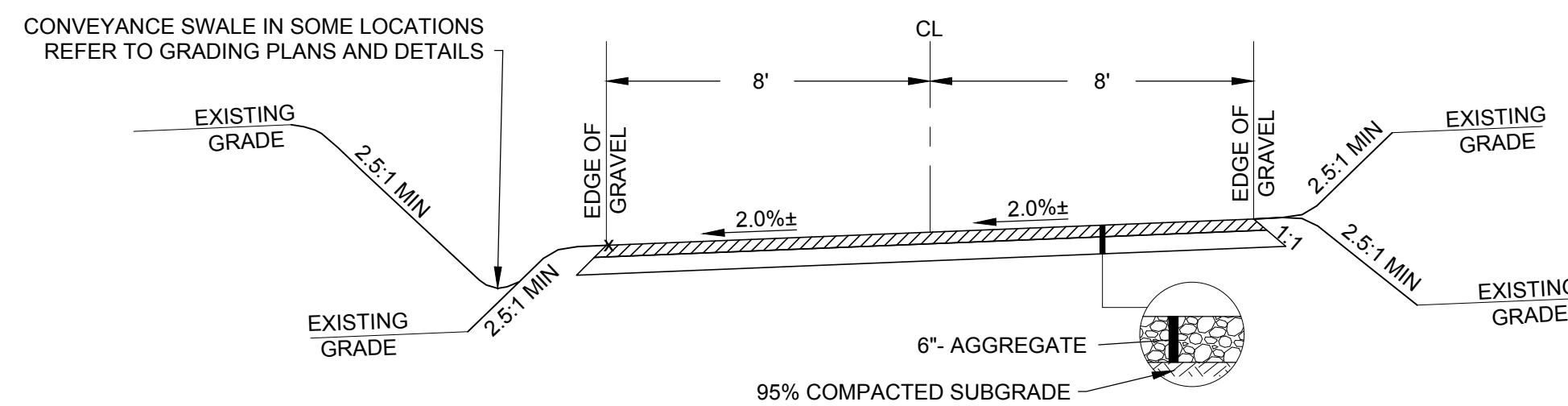
1. BEFORE ANY WORK TAKES PLACE CONTACT CALL BEFORE YOU DIG 1-800-922- 4455
TO MARK UTILITIES.
2. NOTIFY THE TOWN OF HAMPTON ZONING AND INLAND WETLANDS AGENTS OF START
OF CONSTRUCTION A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE.
3. HAVE LICENSED SURVEYOR STAKE OUT THE CLEARING LIMITS
4. CUT TREES BUT DO NOT GRUB.
5. INSTALL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
6. INSTALL PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS (PERIMETER SILT
FENCE AND WOOD CHIP BERM) AND HAVE INSPECTED BY SITE INSPECTOR.
7. INSTALL CHAIN LINK FENCE AND HAYBALES AROUND PERIMETER.
8. INSTALL ADDITIONAL E&S AS SHOWN ON PLANS INCLUDING TEMPORARY
VEGETATED SWALES AND TEMPORARY VEGETATED SEDIMENT TRAPS AND HAVE
THEM INSPECTED BY THE SITE INSPECTOR.
9. ANY DEWATERING WILL BE MONITORED BY A QUALIFIED ENVIRONMENTAL
PROFESSIONAL TO MAINTAIN SUITABLE QUALITY OF DISCHARGE FROM THE
DEWATERING AND TO ENSURE REMOVAL OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENTS AT
APPROPRIATE INTERVALS. SEDIMENTS WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT AN APPROPRIATE
ON-SITE LOCATION. DEWATERING WILL DISCHARGE INTO TEMPORARY SEDIMENT
TRAPS.
10. ROUGH GRADE SITE WILL PROCEED, WORKING FROM NORTH TO SOUTH. GRADING
SHALL NOT EXPOSE MORE THAN 5 ACRES OF SOIL.
11. INSTALL SOLAR PANELS IN PHASES, HYDROSEED OR SEED AND MULCH AROUND
PANELS AND HYDROSEED OR MULCH AND SEED ANY EXPOSED SOIL AT THE END OF
EACH WEEK AND BEFORE EVERY RAINFALL PREDICTED FOR 0.5 INCHES OR MORE.
12. TRENCH FOR AND INSTALL ELECTRIC LINES AND AT THE END OF EACH WEEK
HYDROSEED OR MULCH AND SEED ANY EXPOSED SOIL AT THE END OF EACH WEEK
AND BEFORE EVERY RAINFALL PREDICTED FOR 0.5 INCHES OR MORE.
13. INSTALL REMAINING ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE AND AT THE END OF EACH WEEK
HYDROSEED OR MULCH AND SEED ANY EXPOSED SOIL AT THE END OF EACH WEEK
AND BEFORE EVERY RAINFALL PREDICTED FOR 0.5 INCHES OR MORE.
14. OVERSEED DISTURBED SOILS WHEN ALL SOLAR PANEL INSTALLTION IS COMPLETE.
15. CLEAN SEDIMENTS BASINS AND GRADE AND RE-SEED FOR USE AS STORMWATER
BASINS WHEN SITE INSPECTOR DEEMS SOILS ARE STABILIZED.
16. INSTALL PLANTINGS
17. MAINTAIN E&S AND PROVIDE REPORTS TO TOWNS AND CTDEEP

[illegible]



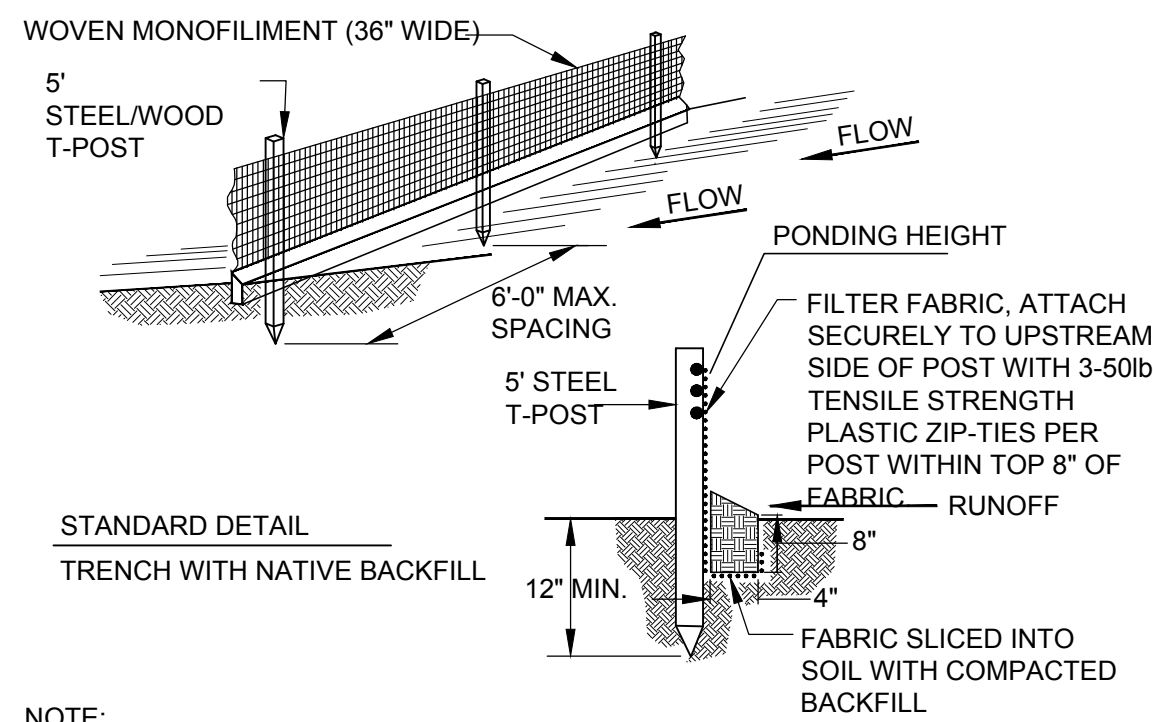
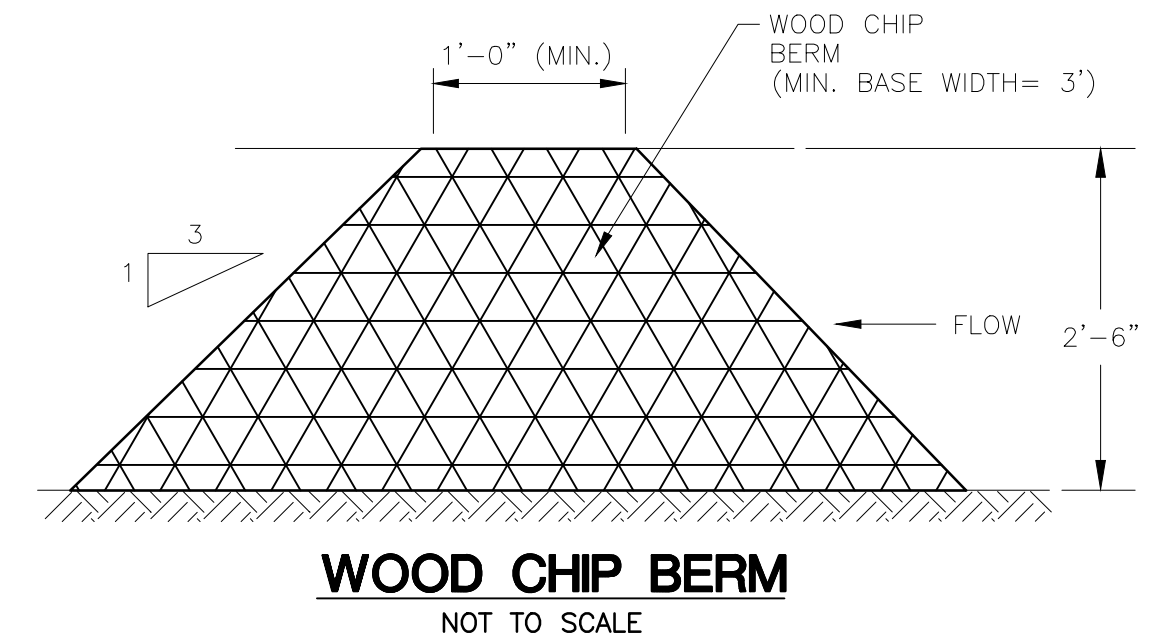
NOTE:

ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHOULD BE A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 1.0' AND CONTAIN MAXIMUM SIDE SLOPES OF 4:1. ROCK ENTRANCE SHOULD BE INSPECTED AND MAINTAINED REGULARLY. ROCK ENTRANCE LENGTH MAY NEED TO BE EXTENDED IN CLAY SOILS.



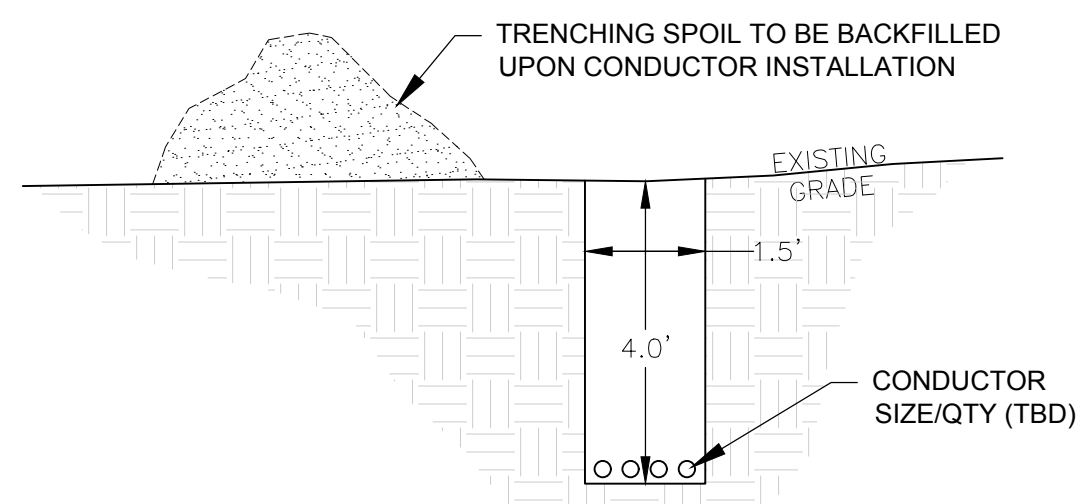
NOTES:

1. CONTRACTOR TO SUBCUT ROADWAY TO EXISTING GRADE ELEVATION TO MAINTAIN EXISTING SITE DRAINAGE PATTERNS WHEREVER POSSIBLE.
2. IN FILL LOCATIONS CONTRACTOR TO GRADE TOE OF SLOPE TO EXISTING GRADE, AND MAINTAIN NATURAL DRAINAGE PATTERNS.
3. IN CUT LOCATIONS CONTRACTOR TO CREATE SWALE ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE, REFER TO GRADING PLANS FOR DETAILS.
4. CONTRACTOR TO COMPACT AGGREGATE TO 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY.
5. REFER TO GEOTECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL ROADWAY SECTION DESIGN INFORMATION.



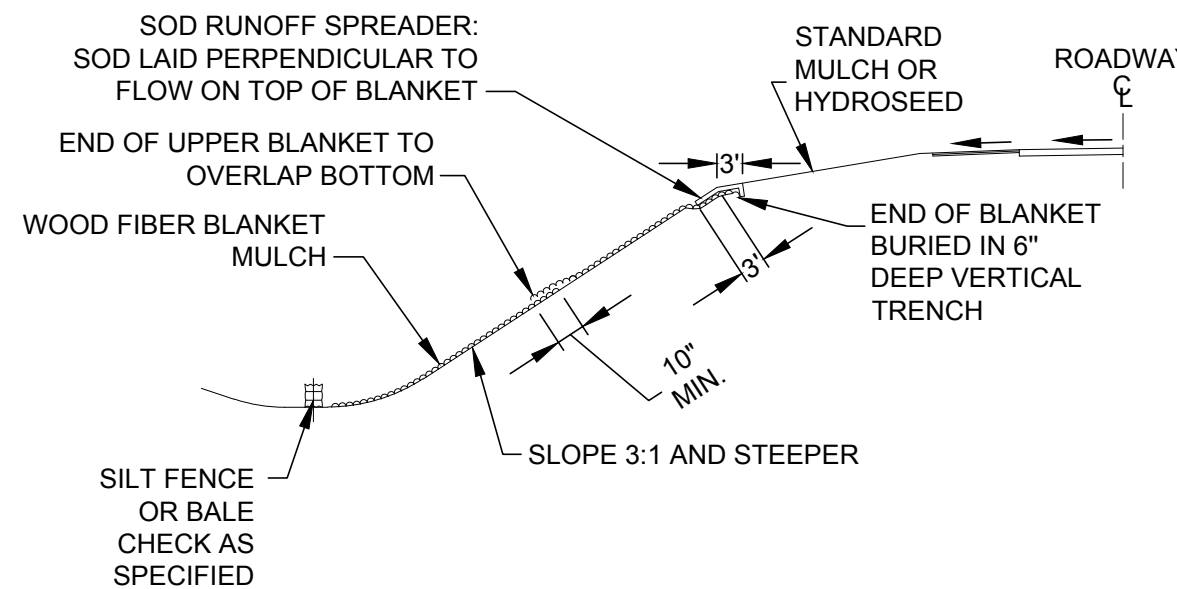
NOTE:

1. INSPECT AND REPAIR FENCE AFTER EACH STORM EVENT AND REMOVE SEDIMENT WHEN ACCUMULATED TO 1/3 THE HEIGHT OF THE FABRIC OR MORE.
2. REMOVED SEDIMENT SHALL BE DEPOSITED TO AN AREA THAT WILL NOT CONTRIBUTE SEDIMENT OFF-SITE AND CAN BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.
3. SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED ON SLOPE CONTOURS TO MAXIMIZE PONDING EFFICIENCY.
4. ALL ENDS OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE WRAPPED UPSLOPE SO THE ELEVATION OF THE BOTTOM OF FABRIC IS HIGHER THAN "PONDING HEIGHT".



NOTES

1. CONDUCTOR CLEARANCES DEPENDENT ON GEOTECHNICAL PARAMETERS AND ELECTRICAL DESIGN
2. CONDUCTOR SIZING AND QUANTITIES PER TRENCH DEPENDENT ON FINAL ELECTRICAL DESIGN TRENCH DIMENSIONS FOR EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE CONSERVATIVE.

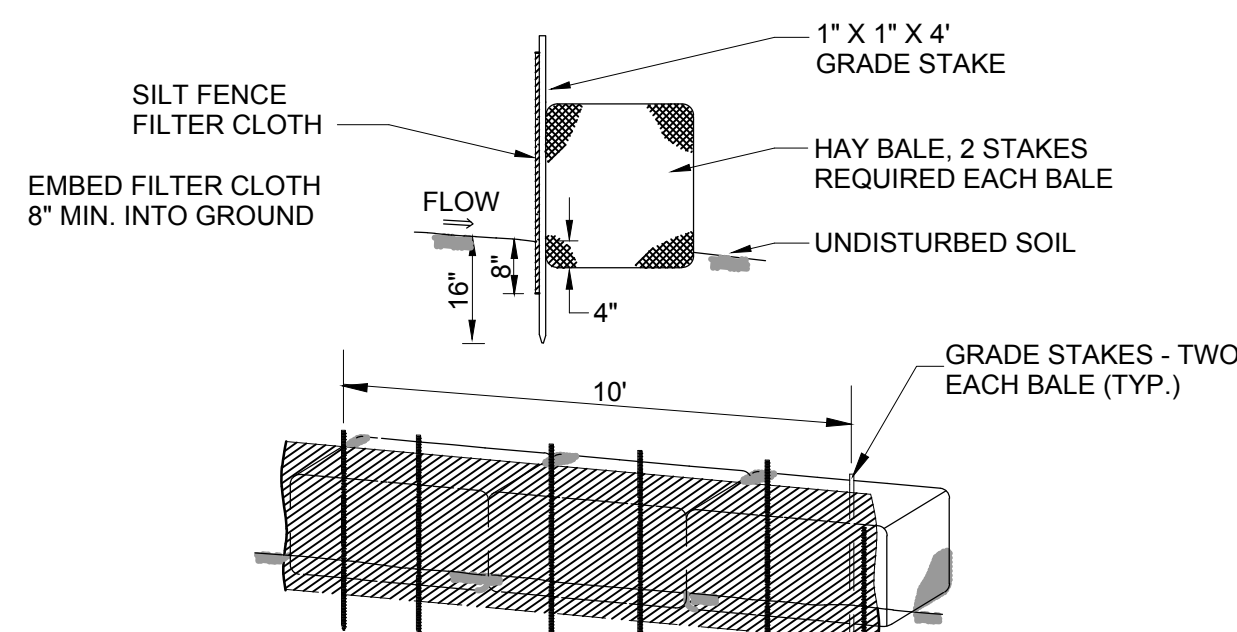


CATEGORY	SLOPE	VELOCITY
1	FLAT	-
2	3:1	< 5.0 fps
3	3:1	< 6.5 fps
4	2:1	< 7.0 fps

CATEGORY	ACCEPTABLE TYPES
1	STRAW RD 1S, WOOD FIBER RD 1S
2	STRAW 1S, WOOD FIBER 1S
3	STRAW 2S, WOOD FIBER 2S
4	STRAW/COCONUT 2S, WOOD FIBER HV 2S

THE LETTERING DESIGNATION SHALL BE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:

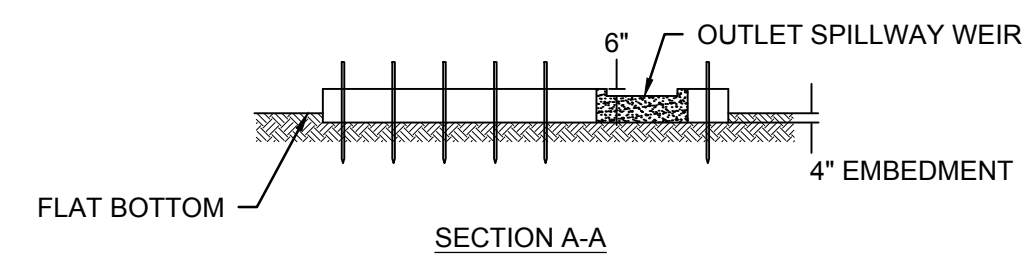
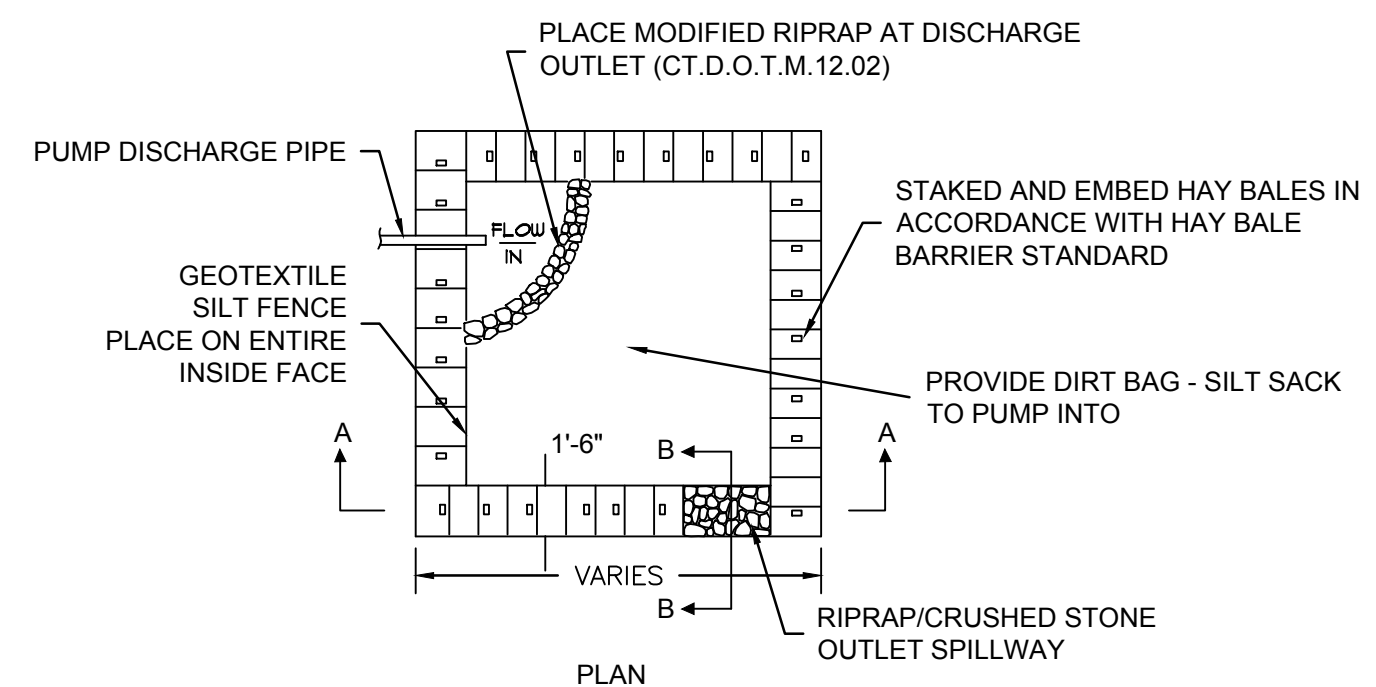
- 1S - NETTING ON ONE SIDE
RD - RAPIDLY DEGRADABLE
2S - NETTING ON TWO SIDES
HV - HIGH VELOCITY



HAY-BALE / SILT FENCE EROSION PROTECTION

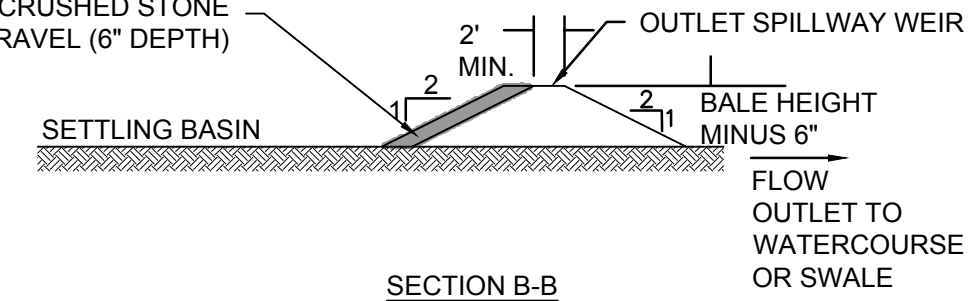
CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

1. SILT FENCE FILTER CLOTH TO BE SECURELY FASTENED TO GRADE STAKE WITH STAPLES, 6" ON CENTER.
2. WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF FILTER CLOTH ADJOIN ONE ANOTHER THEY SHALL OVERLAP BY 6" AND BE FOLDED.
3. BALES SHALL BE PLACED IN A ROW WITH ENDS TIGHTLY ABUTTING THE ADJACENT BALES.



NOTE: DIMENSIONS VARY ACCORDING TO PUMPING RATES. MINIMUM REQUIRED STORAGE IS CALCULATED FROM CREST OF SPILLWAY WEIR.

CT.D.O.T.-#3
2" CRUSHED STONE
OR GRAVEL (6" DEPTH)



SECTION B-B

DEWATERING SETTLING BASIN DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE

DEWATERING PLAN

IF DEWATERING IS NECESSARY DURING CONSTRUCTION A CLEAR WATER DISCHARGE SHALL BE PROVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

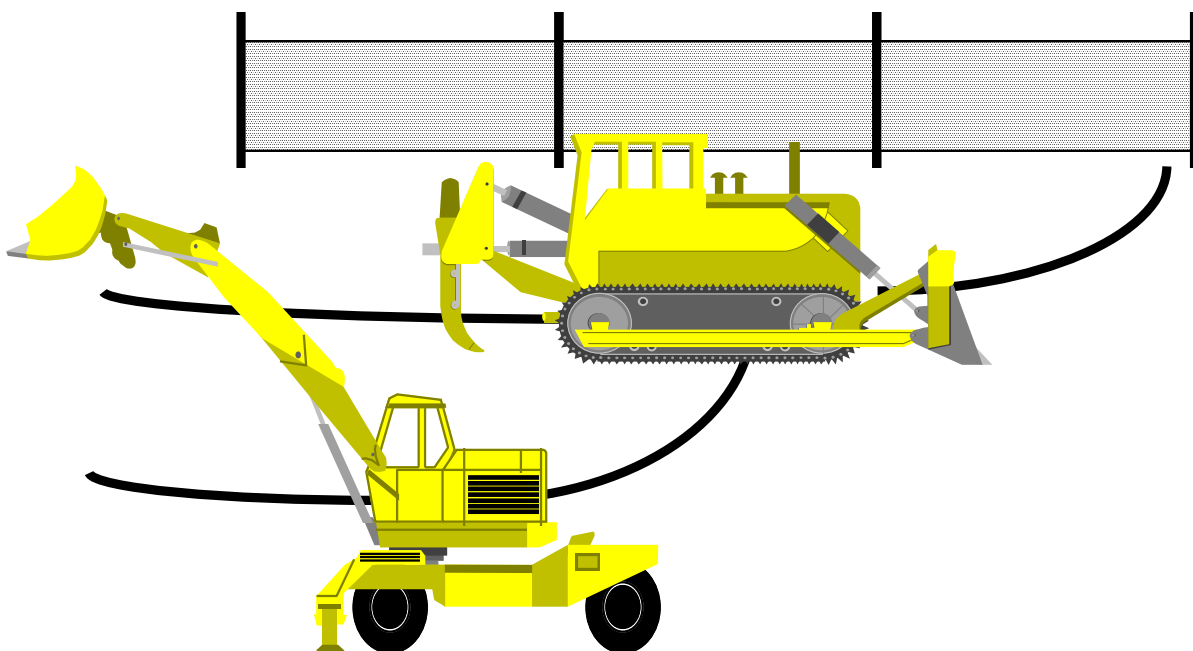
- A. THE PUMP INLET WILL BE WRAPPED IN FILTER FABRIC AND PLACED IN CRUSHED STONE WITHIN THE TRENCH.
- B. THE PUMP OUTLET WILL DISCHARGE TO THE DEWATERING ENCLOSURE PER THE DETAIL FOR DUMPWATER SETTLING BASIN TO BE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE 100' UPLAND REVIEW ZONE.
- C. THE DISCHARGE FROM THE DEWATERING ENCLOSURE WILL BE MONITORED AND ADDITIONAL MEASURES EMPLOYED IF NECESSARY.

[illegible]

Attachment F

General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities: DEEP-WPED-GP-015(General Permit)

General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities



Issuance Date: August 21, 2013
Effective Date: October 1, 2013

Printed on recycled paper

General Permit for Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities

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General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities

Section 1. Authority

This general permit is issued under the authority of section 22a-430b of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Section 2. Definitions

The definitions of terms used in this general permit shall be the same as the definitions contained in section 22a-423 of the Connecticut General Statutes and section 22a-430-3(a) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies. As used in this general permit, the following definitions shall apply:

“x-year, 24-hour rainfall event” means the maximum 24-hour precipitation event with a probable recurrence interval of once in the given number of years (i.e. x=2, 25 or 100), as defined by the National Weather Service in Technical Paper Number 40, “Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the United States,” May 1961, and subsequent amendments, or equivalent regional or state rainfall probability information developed therefrom.

“Annual sediment load” means the total amount of sediment carried by stormwater runoff on an annualized basis.

“Aquifer protection area” means aquifer protection area as defined in section 22a-354h of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“Best engineering practices” means the design of engineered control measures to control pollution to the maximum extent achievable using measures that are technologically available and economically practicable.

“CFR” means the Code of Federal Regulations.

“Coastal area” means coastal area as defined in section 22a-93(3) of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“Coastal waters” means coastal waters as defined in section 22a-93(5) of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“Commissioner” means commissioner as defined in section 22a-2(b) of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“Construction activity” means any activity associated with construction at a site including, but not limited to, clearing and grubbing, grading, excavation, and dewatering.

“Department” means the Department of Energy & Environmental Protection.

“Developer” means a person who or municipality which is responsible, either solely or partially through contract, for the design and construction of a project site.

“Dewatering wastewater” means wastewater associated with the construction activity generated from the lowering of the groundwater table, the pumping of accumulated stormwater or uncontaminated groundwater from an excavation, the pumping of surface water from a cofferdam, or pumping of other surface water that has been diverted into a construction site.

“District” means a soil and water conservation district established pursuant to section 22a-315 of the Connecticut General Statutes. Appendix E lists the Districts, their geographic delineations, and contact information.

“Disturbance” means the execution of any of the construction activity(ies) defined in this general permit.

“Effective Impervious Cover” is the total area of a site with a Rational Method runoff coefficient of 0.7 or greater (or other equivalent methodology) from which stormwater discharges directly to a surface water or to a storm sewer system.

“Engineered stormwater management system” means any control measure and related appurtenances which requires engineering analysis and/or design by a professional engineer.

“Erosion” means the detachment and movement of soil or rock fragments by water, wind, ice and gravity.

“Fresh-tidal wetland” means a tidal wetland with an average salinity level of less than 0.5 parts per thousand.

“Grab sample” means an individual sample collected in less than fifteen minutes.

“Groundwater” means those waters of the state that naturally exist or flow below the surface of the ground.

“Guidelines” means the 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, as amended, established pursuant to section 22a-328 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“High Quality Waters” means those waters defined as high quality waters in the Connecticut Water Quality Standards published by the Department, as may be amended.

“Impaired water(s)” means those surface waters of the state designated by the commissioner as impaired pursuant to Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act and as identified in the most recent State of Connecticut Integrated Water Quality Report.

“In Responsible charge” means professional experience for which the Commissioner determines that a professional’s primary duties consistently involve a high level of responsibility and decision making in the planning and designing of engineered stormwater management systems or in the planning and designing of soil erosion and sediment controls for residential and commercial construction projects. The Commissioner shall consider the following in determining whether a professional’s experience qualifies as responsible charge experience:

- (i) the level of independent decision-making exercised;
- (ii) the number of individuals and the disciplines of the other professionals that the professional supervised or coordinated;
- (iii) the extent to which a professional’s responsibilities consistently involved the review of work performed by other professionals involved the planning and designing of engineered stormwater management systems or the planning and designing of soil erosion and sediment controls for residential and commercial construction projects;
- (iv) the extent to which a professional’s responsibilities consistently involved the planning and designing of engineered stormwater management systems or the planning and designing of soil erosion and sediment controls for residential and commercial construction projects and whether such responsibilities were an integral and substantial component of the professional’s position;
- (v) the nature of a professional’s employer’s primary business interests and the relation of those interests to planning and designing of engineered stormwater management systems or to planning and designing of soil erosion and sediment controls for residential and commercial construction projects;

- (vi) the extent to which a professional has engaged in the evaluation and selection of scientific or technical methodologies for planning and designing of engineered stormwater management systems or for planning and designing of soil erosion and sediment controls for residential and commercial construction projects;
- (vii) the extent to which a professional drew technical conclusions, made recommendations, and issued opinions based on the results of planning and designing of engineered stormwater management systems or of planning and designing of soil erosion and sediment controls for residential and commercial construction projects; or
- (viii) any other factor that the Commissioner deems relevant.

“*Individual permit*” means a permit issued to a specific permittee under section 22a-430 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“*Inland wetland*” means wetlands as defined in section 22a-38 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“*Landscape Architect*” means a person with a currently effective license issued in accordance with chapter 396 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“*Linear Project*” includes the construction of roads, railways, bridges, bikeways, conduits, substructures, pipelines, sewer lines, towers, poles, cables, wires, connectors, switching, regulating and transforming equipment and associated ancillary facilities in a long, narrow area.

“*Locally approvable project*” means a construction activity for which the registration is not for a municipal, state or federal project and is required to obtain municipal approval for the project.

“*Locally exempt project*” means a construction activity for which the registration is for a project authorized under municipal, state or federal authority and may not be required to obtain municipal approval for the project.

“*Low Impact Development*” or “*LID*” means a site design strategy that maintains, mimics or replicates pre-development hydrology through the use of numerous site design principles and small-scale treatment practices distributed throughout a site to manage runoff volume and water quality at the source.

“*Minimize*”, for purposes of implementing the control measures in Section 5(b)(2) of this general permit, means to reduce and/or eliminate to the extent achievable using control measures that are technologically available and economically practicable and achievable in light of best industry practice.

“*Municipal separate storm sewer system*” or “*MS4*” means conveyances for stormwater (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels or storm drains) owned or operated by any municipality and discharging to surface waters of the state.

“*Municipality*” means a city, town or borough of the state as defined in section 22a-423 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“*Nephelometric Turbidity Unit*” or “*NTU*” means a unit measure of turbidity from a calibrated nephelometer.

“*Normal Working Hours*”, for the purposes of monitoring under Section 5(c) of this general permit, are considered to be, at a minimum, Monday through Friday, between the hours of 8:00 am and 6:00 pm, unless additional working hours are specified by the permittee.

“*Permittee*” means any person who or municipality which initiates, creates or maintains a discharge in accordance with Section 3 of this general permit.

“*Person*” means person as defined in section 22a-423 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“*Phase*” means a portion of a project possessing a distinct and complete set of activities that have a specific functional goal wherein the work to be completed in the phase is not dependent upon the execution of work in a later phase in order to make it functional.

“*Point Source*” means any discernible, confined and discrete stormwater conveyance (including but not limited to, any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, landfill leachate collection system, vessel or other floating craft) from which pollutants are or may be discharged.

“*Professional Engineer*” or “*P.E.*” means a person with a currently effective license issued in accordance with chapter 391 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“*Qualified Inspector*” means an individual possessing either (1) a professional license or certification by a professional organization recognized by the commissioner related to agronomy, civil engineering, landscape architecture, soil science, and two years of demonstrable and focused experience in erosion and sediment control plan reading, installation, inspection and/or report writing for residential and commercial construction projects in accordance with the Guidelines; or (2) five years of demonstrable and focused experience in erosion and sediment control plan reading, installation, inspection and/or report writing for residential and commercial construction projects in accordance with the Guidelines; or (3) certification by the Connecticut Department of Transportation (DOT).

“*Qualified professional engineer*” means a professional engineer who has, for a minimum of eight years, engaged in the planning and designing of engineered stormwater management systems for residential and commercial construction projects in accordance with the Guidelines and the Stormwater Quality Manual including, but not limited to, a minimum of four years in responsible charge of the planning and designing of engineered stormwater management systems for such projects.

“*Qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional*” means a landscape architect or a professional engineer who: (1) has for a minimum of eight years engaged in the planning and designing of soil erosion and sediment controls for residential and commercial construction projects in accordance with the Guidelines including, but not limited to, a minimum of four years in responsible charge of the planning and designing of soil erosion and sediment controls for such projects; or (2) is currently certified as a professional in erosion and sediment control as designated by EnviroCert International, Incorporated (or other certifying organization acceptable to the commissioner) and has for a minimum of six years experience engaged in the planning and designing of soil erosion and sediment controls for residential and commercial construction projects in accordance with the Guidelines including, but not limited to, a minimum of four years in responsible charge in the planning and designing of soil erosion and sediment controls for such projects.

“*Registrant*” means a person or municipality that files a registration.

“*Registration*” means a registration form filed with the commissioner pursuant to Section 4 of this general permit.

“*Regulated Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System*” or “*Regulated MS4*” means the separate storm sewer system of the City of Stamford or any municipally-owned or -operated separate storm sewer system (as defined above) authorized by the most recently issued General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater from Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4 general permit) including all those located partially

or entirely within an Urbanized Area and those additional municipally-owned or municipally-operated Small MS4s located outside an Urbanized Area as may be designated by the commissioner.

“Retain” means to hold runoff on-site to promote vegetative uptake and groundwater recharge through the use of runoff reduction or LID practices or other measures. In addition, it means there shall be no subsequent point source release to surface waters from a storm event defined in this general permit or as approved by the commissioner.

“Runoff reduction practices” means those post-construction stormwater management practices used to reduce post-development runoff volume delivered to the receiving water, as defined by retaining the volume of runoff from a storm up to the first half inch or one inch of rainfall in accordance with Sections 5(b)(2)(C)(i)(a) or (b), respectively. Runoff reduction is quantified as the total annual post-development runoff volume reduced through canopy interception, soil amendments, evaporation, rainfall harvesting, engineered infiltration, extended filtration or evapo-transpiration.

“Sediment” means solid material, either mineral or organic, that is in suspension, is transported, or has been moved from its site of origin by erosion.

“Site” means geographically contiguous land on which a construction activity takes place or on which a construction activity for which authorization is sought under this general permit is proposed to take place. Non-contiguous land or water owned by the same person shall be deemed the same site if such land is part of a linear project (as defined in this section) or is otherwise connected by a right-of-way, which such person controls.

“Soil” means any unconsolidated mineral and organic material of any origin.

“Stabilize” means the use of measures as outlined in the 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, as amended, or as approved by the commissioner, to prevent the visible movement of soil particles and development of rills.

“Structural measure” means a measure constructed for the temporary storage and/or treatment of stormwater runoff.

“Standard Industrial Classification Code” or *“SIC Code”* means those codes provided in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget 1987.

“Standard of care”, as used in Section 3(b), means to endeavor to perform in a manner consistent with that degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the same profession currently practicing under similar circumstances.

“Stormwater” means waters consisting of rainfall runoff, including snow or ice melt during a rain event.

“Stormwater Quality Manual” means the 2004 Connecticut Stormwater Quality Manual published by the Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection, as amended.

“Surface water” means that portion of waters, as the term “waters” is defined in section 22a-423 of the Connecticut General Statutes, located above the ground surface.

“Tidal wetland” means a wetland as that term is defined in section 22a-29(2) of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“Total disturbance” means the total area on a site where soil will be exposed or susceptible to erosion during the course of all phases of a project.

“*Total Maximum Daily Load*” or “*TMDL*” means the maximum capacity of a surface water to assimilate a pollutant as established by the commissioner, including pollutants contributed by point and non-point sources and a margin of safety.

“*Upland soils*” means soils which are not designated as poorly drained, very poorly drained, alluvial, or flood plain by the National Cooperative Soils Survey, as may be amended, of the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the United States Department of Agriculture and/or the inland wetlands agency of the municipality in which the project will take place.

“*Water company*” means water company as defined in section 25-32a of the Connecticut General Statutes.

“*Water Quality Standards or Classifications*” means those water quality standards or classifications contained in the Connecticut Water Quality Standards published by the Department, as may be amended.

“*Water Quality Volume*” or “*WQV*” means the volume of runoff generated by one inch of rainfall on a site as defined in the 2004 Connecticut Stormwater Quality Manual, as amended.

Section 3. Authorization Under This General Permit

(a) *Eligible Activities*

This general permit authorizes the discharge of stormwater and dewatering wastewaters to surface waters from construction activities on a site, as defined in this general permit, with a total disturbance of one or more acres of land area on a site, *regardless of project phasing*.

In the case of a larger plan of development (such as a subdivision), the estimate of total acres of site disturbance shall include, but is not limited to, road and utility construction, individual lot construction (e.g. house, driveway, septic system, etc.), and all other construction associated with the overall plan, regardless of the individual parties responsible for construction of these various elements.

(b) *Requirements for Authorization*

This general permit authorizes the construction activity listed in the “Eligible Activities” section (Section 3(a)) of this general permit provided:

(1) Coastal Management Act

Such construction activity must be consistent with all applicable goals and policies in section 22a-92 of the Connecticut General Statutes, and must not cause adverse impacts to coastal resources as defined in section 22a-93(15) of the Connecticut General Statutes. Please refer to the Appendix D for additional guidance.

(2) Endangered and Threatened Species

Such activity must not threaten the continued existence of any species listed pursuant to section 26-306 of the Connecticut General Statutes as endangered or threatened and must not result in the destruction or adverse modification of habitat designated as essential to such species. See Appendix A.

(3) Aquifer Protection Areas

Such construction activity, if it is located within an aquifer protection area as mapped under section 22a-354b of the General Statutes, must comply with regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-354i of the General Statutes. Please refer to the Appendix C for additional guidance.

For any construction activity regulated pursuant to sections 8(c) and 9(b) of the Aquifer Protection Regulations (section 22a-354i(1)-(10) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies), the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (Plan) must assure that stormwater run-off generated from the regulated construction activity (i) is managed in a manner so as to prevent pollution of groundwater, and (ii) complies with all the requirements of this general permit.

(4) Mining Operations Exception

The stormwater discharge resulting from an activity classified as Standard Industrial Classification 10 through 14 (the mining industry) is not authorized by this general permit and is regulated under the most recently issued General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater Associated with Industrial Activity.

(5) Discharge to POTW

The stormwater is *not* discharged to a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW).

(6) Discharge to Groundwater

The stormwater is *not* discharged entirely to groundwater, meaning a stormwater discharge to a surface water will not occur up to a 100-year, 24-hour rainfall event.

(7) Such construction activity must be consistent with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271-1287) for those river components and tributaries which have been designated as Wild and Scenic by the United States Congress. Further, such construction activities must not have a direct and adverse effect on the values for which such river designation was established. Please refer to Appendix H for additional guidance.

(8) Certification Requirements for Registrants and other Individuals

As part of the registration for this general permit, the registrant and any other individual or individuals responsible for preparing the registration submits to the commissioner a written certification which, at a minimum, complies with the following requirements:

- (A) The registrant and any other individual or individuals responsible for preparing the registration and signing the certification has completely and thoroughly reviewed, at a minimum, this general permit and the following regarding the activities to be authorized under such general permit:
 - (i) all registration information provided in accordance with Section 4(c)(2) of such general permit;
 - (ii) the project site, based on a site inspection;
 - (iii) the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan; and
 - (iv) any plans and specifications and any Department approvals regarding such Stormwater Pollution Control Plan;

- (B) The registrant and any other individual or individuals responsible for preparing the registration and signing the certification pursuant to this general permit has, based on the review described in section 3(b)(8)(A) of this general permit, made an affirmative determination to:
- (i) comply with the terms and conditions of this general permit;
 - (ii) maintain compliance with all plans and documents prepared pursuant to this general permit including, but not limited to, the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan;
 - (iii) properly implement and maintain the elements of the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan; and
 - (iv) properly operate and maintain all stormwater management systems in compliance with the terms and conditions of this general permit to protect the waters of the state from pollution;
- (C) Such registrant and any other individual or individuals responsible for preparing the registration certifies to the following statement: "I hereby certify that I am making this certification in connection with a registration under such general permit, submitted to the commissioner by [INSERT NAME OF REGISTRANT] for an activity located at [INSERT ADDRESS OF PROJECT OR ACTIVITY] and that all terms and conditions of the general permit are being met for all discharges which have been initiated and such activity is eligible for authorization under such permit. I further certify that a system is in place to ensure that all terms and conditions of this general permit will continue to be met for all discharges authorized by this general permit at the site. I certify that the registration filed pursuant to this general permit is on complete and accurate forms as prescribed by the commissioner without alteration of their text. I certify that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information that provides the basis for this certification, including but not limited to all information described in Section 3(b)(8)(A) of such general permit, and I certify, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining such information, that the information upon which this certification is based is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I certify that I have made an affirmative determination in accordance with Section 3(b)(8)(B) of this general permit. I understand that the registration filed in connection with such general permit is submitted in accordance with and shall comply with the requirements of Section 22a-430b of Connecticut General Statutes. I also understand that knowingly making any false statement made in the submitted information and in this certification may be punishable as a criminal offense, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment, under section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes and any other applicable law."
- (9) The registrant has submitted to the commissioner a written certification by a professional engineer or, where appropriate, a landscape architect licensed in the State of Connecticut for the preparation, planning and design of the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan and stormwater management systems:
- (A) The professional engineer or landscape architect shall certify to the following statement:
- "I hereby certify that I am a [professional engineer][landscape architect] licensed in the State of Connecticut. I am making this certification in connection with a registration under such general permit, submitted to the commissioner by [INSERT NAME OF REGISTRANT] for an activity located at [INSERT ADDRESS OF PROJECT OR ACTIVITY]. I certify that I have thoroughly and completely reviewed the Stormwater

Pollution Control Plan for the project or activity covered by this certification. I further certify, based on such review and on the standard of care for such projects, that the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan has been prepared in accordance with the Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, as amended, the Stormwater Quality Manual, as amended, and the conditions of the general permit, and that the controls required for such Plan are appropriate for the site. I further certify, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining such information, that the information upon which this certification is based is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I also understand that knowingly making any false statement in this certification may subject me to sanction by the Department and/or be punishable as a criminal offense, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment, under section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes and any other applicable law."

- (B) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize a professional engineer or a landscape architect to engage in any profession or occupation requiring a license under any other provision of the general statutes without such license.

(10) Plan Review and Certification by a District for Locally Approvable Projects

For those Plans not reviewed in accordance with Section 3(b)(11), below, the registrant has submitted to the commissioner a written certification by the appropriate regional District for the review of the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan pursuant to Appendix F, which, at a minimum, complies with the following requirements:

- (A) the Plan Review Certification must be signed by the District. Information on the District review process is outlined in the Memorandum of Agreement provided in Appendix F. In cases where the District is unable to complete review of the Plan within the time limits specified in the Memorandum of Agreement in Appendix F, a notice to that effect signed by the District may be submitted in lieu of the certification.
- (B) the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Section 5(b) of the general permit.
- (C) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize District personnel to engage in any profession or occupation requiring a license under any other provision of the general statutes without such license.

(11) Plan Review and Certification by a Qualified Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Professional and Qualified Professional Engineer for Locally Approvable Projects

For those Plans not reviewed in accordance with Section 3(b)(10), above, the registrant has submitted to the commissioner a written certification by a qualified professional engineer or a qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional in accordance with the following requirements:

- (A) for projects disturbing more than one acre and less than fifteen (15) acres, such qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional or qualified professional engineer:
 - (i) is not an employee, as defined by the Internal Revenue Service in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, of the registrant; and
 - (ii) has no ownership interest of any kind in the project for which the registration is being submitted.

- (B) for projects disturbing fifteen (15) acres or more, such qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional or qualified professional engineer:
 - (i) is not an employee, as defined by the Internal Revenue Service in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, of the registrant;
 - (ii) did not engage in any activities associated with the preparation, planning, designing or engineering of such plan for soil erosion and sediment control or plan for stormwater management systems on behalf of such registrant;
 - (iii) is not under the same employ as any person who engaged in any activities associated with the preparation, planning, designing or engineering of such plans and specifications for soil erosion and sediment control or plans and specifications for stormwater management systems on behalf of such registrant; and
 - (iv) has no ownership interest of any kind in the project for which the registration is being submitted.
- (C) The qualified professional engineer or qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional signing the certification has, at a minimum, completely and thoroughly reviewed this general permit and the following regarding the discharges to be authorized under such general permit:
 - (i) all registration information provided in accordance with Section 4(c)(2) of such general permit;
 - (ii) the site, based on a site inspection;
 - (iii) the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan;
 - (iv) the Guidelines;
 - (v) the Stormwater Quality Manual, if applicable; and
 - (vi) all non-engineered and engineered stormwater management systems, including any plans and specifications and any Department approvals regarding such stormwater management systems.
- (D) Affirmative Determination
 - (i) The qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional signing the certification must have made an affirmative determination, based on the review described in section 3(b)(11)(C) of this general permit that:
 - (a) the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan prepared and certified pursuant to the registration is adequate to assure that the project or activity authorized under this general permit, if implemented in accordance with the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan, will comply with the terms and conditions of such general permit; and
 - (b) all non-engineered stormwater management systems:
 - (I) have been designed to control pollution to the maximum extent achievable using measures that are technologically available and economically

practicable and that conform to those in the Guidelines and the Stormwater Quality Manual;

- (2) will function properly as designed;
- (3) are adequate to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of this general permit; and
- (4) will protect the waters of the state from pollution.

(ii) The qualified professional engineer signing the certification must have made an affirmative determination, based on the review described in section 3(b)(11)(C) of this general permit that:

- (a) the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan prepared and certified pursuant to the registration is adequate to assure that the activity authorized under this general permit, if implemented in accordance with the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan, will comply with the terms and conditions of such general permit; and
- (b) all non-engineered and engineered stormwater management systems:
 - (1) have been designed to control pollution to the maximum extent achievable using measures that are technologically available and economically practicable and that conform to those in the Guidelines and the Stormwater Quality Manual;
 - (2) will function properly as designed;
 - (3) are adequate to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of this general permit; and
 - (4) will protect the waters of the state from pollution.

(E) The qualified professional engineer or qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional shall, provided it is true and accurate, certify to the following statement:

"I hereby certify that I am a qualified professional engineer or qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional, or both, as defined in the General Permit for Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities and as further specified in sections 3(b)(11)(A) and (B) of such general permit. I am making this certification in connection with a registration under such general permit, submitted to the commissioner by [INSERT NAME OF REGISTRANT] for an activity located at [INSERT ADDRESS OF PROJECT OR ACTIVITY]. I have personally examined and am familiar with the information that provides the basis for this certification, including but not limited to all information described in Section 3(b)(11)(C) of such general permit, and I certify, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining such information, that the information upon which this certification is based is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further certify that I have made the affirmative determination in accordance with Sections 3(b)(11)(D)(i) and (ii) of this general permit. I understand that this certification is part of a registration submitted in accordance with Section 22a-430b of Connecticut General Statutes and is subject to the requirements and responsibilities for a qualified professional in such statute. I also understand that knowingly making any false statement in this certification may be

punishable as a criminal offense, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment, under section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes and any other applicable law."

- (F) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize a qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional or a qualified professional engineer to engage in any profession or occupation requiring a license under any other provision of the general statutes without such license.

(12) New Discharges to Impaired Waters

New stormwater discharges directly to an impaired water, as indicated in the State's Integrated Water Quality Report, must be in accordance with the following conditions:

- (A) Stormwater discharges that go directly to impaired waters seeking authorization under this general permit shall comply with the requirements of this subsection (B) below if the indicated cause or potential cause of the impairment is one of the following:
- Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
 - Post-Development Erosion and Sedimentation
 - Source Unknown (if cause of impairment is Sedimentation/Siltation)
- (B) Such stormwater discharge is authorized if the permittee complies with the requirements of Section 5(b)(3) of this permit and receives a written affirmative determination from the commissioner that the discharge meets the requirements of that section. In such case, the permittee must keep a copy of the written determination onsite with the Plan. If the permittee does not receive such affirmative determination, the construction activity is not authorized by this general permit and must obtain an individual permit.

(c) **Registration**

Pursuant to the "Registration Requirements" section (Section 4) of this general permit, a completed registration with respect to the construction activity shall be filed with the commissioner as follows:

(1) Locally Approvable Projects

The registration must:

- (A) Be electronically submitted, along with all required elements in subsections (B), (C) and (D), below, at least sixty (60) days prior to the planned commencement of the construction activity.
- (B) Include the Registration Form (available at www.ct.gov/deep/stormwater).
- (C) Include any additional forms and information regarding compliance and/or consistency with the Coastal Management Act, Impaired Waters (including TMDL requirements), Endangered and Threatened Species, and Aquifer Protection Areas that may be required pursuant to the "Requirements of Authorization" section (Section 3(b)).
- (D) Include a Plan Review Certification in accordance with the "Plan Review Certification" (Section 5(b)(8)).

Locally Approvable projects may also choose to make their Plan electronically available in accordance with Section 4(c)(2)(N) of this general permit. The 60 day period cited in subsection

(A), above, will not begin until all required elements have been submitted. Failure to include any of these required submissions shall be grounds to reject the registration.

(2) Locally Exempt Projects

The registration must:

- (A) Be electronically submitted, along with all required elements in subsections (B), (C) and (D), below, at least:
 - (i) sixty (60) days prior to the planned commencement of the construction activity if the site has a total disturbed area of between one (1) and twenty (20) acres; **or**
 - (ii) ninety (90) days prior to the planned commencement of construction activity if the site:
 - (a) has a total disturbed area greater than twenty (20) acres;
 - (b) discharges to a tidal wetland (that is not a fresh-tidal wetland) within 500 feet of the discharge point; **or**
 - (c) is subject to the impaired waters provisions of Section 3(b)(12).
- (B) Include the Registration Form (available at www.ct.gov/deep/stormwater).
- (C) Include any additional forms and information regarding compliance and/or consistency with the Coastal Management Act, Impaired Waters (including TMDL requirements), Endangered and Threatened Species, and Aquifer Protection that may be required pursuant to the “Requirements of Authorization” section (Section 3(b)).
- (D) Include an electronic copy of the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (Plan) (or a web address where the electronic Plan can be downloaded) for the commissioner’s review. The electronic Plan shall be in Adobe™ PDF format or similar publicly available format in common use. **DO NOT INCLUDE** in this electronic copy any pages or other material that do not pertain to stormwater management or erosion and sedimentation control (such as electrical and lighting plans, boundary or lot surveys, building plans, non-stormwater related detail sheets, etc.).

The 60 or 90 day periods cited in subsections (A), above, will not begin until all required elements have been submitted. Failure to include any of these required submissions shall be grounds to reject the registration.

(3) Re-Registration of Existing Projects

For sites previously registered under any previous version of the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities and for which no Notice of Termination has been submitted pursuant to the “Termination Requirements” section (Section 6), a Re-Registration Form (available at www.ct.gov/deep/stormwater) pursuant to Section 4(c)(3) shall be submitted on or before February 1, 2014. The re-registration fee is payable (or waived) in accordance with Section 4(c)(1)(A)(iii). Resubmission of the permittee’s Plan is not required unless specifically requested by the commissioner.

(d) Small Construction

For construction projects with a total disturbance of between one and five acres, the permittee shall adhere to the erosion and sediment control land use regulations of the municipality in which the construction activity is conducted, as well as the Guidelines and the Stormwater Quality Manual.

No registration or Plan review and certification shall be required for such construction activity provided a land-use commission of the municipality (i.e. planning/zoning, wetland, conservation, etc) reviews and issues a written approval of the proposed erosion and sediment control measures, pursuant to the requirements of section 22a-329 of the Connecticut General Statutes. In the absence of such municipal commission approval, the permittee shall register with the DEEP under the requirements for a Locally Exempt Project and comply with all applicable conditions of this general permit.

(e) Geographic Area

This general permit applies throughout the State of Connecticut.

(f) Effective Date and Expiration Date of this General Permit

The registration provisions of Section 3(c) and 4 of this General Permit, including any applicable definitions or provisions referred to in those sections insofar as they facilitate submission of a registration, shall be effective September 1, 2013. All remaining provisions of this General Permit shall be effective on October 1, 2013. The provisions of this General Permit shall expire on September 30, 2018.

(g) Effective Date of Authorization

A construction activity is authorized by this general permit at such time as specified in subsections (1) and (2), below.

(1) Authorization Timelines

The activity is authorized based on the following timelines unless superseded by subsection (2), below:

- (A) for locally approvable projects, sixty (60) days after the submission of the registration form required by Section 4(c), or
- (B) for locally exempt projects under 20 acres, sixty (60) days after the submission of the registration form required by Section 4(c), or
- (C) for locally exempt projects over 20 acres, ninety (90) days after the submission of the registration form required by Section 4(c).

(2) Alternate Authorization Timelines

If one of the following conditions for authorization applies, that condition shall supersede those of subsection (1), above:

- (A) for sites for which the registration and Plan availability and review provisions of Section 4(e) are completed prior to the authorization periods in subsection (1), above, the commissioner may authorize the activity upon such completion, or

- (B) for sites subject to the conditions of Section 3(b)(2), 3(b)(12) and/or Section 5(a)(2), the activity is authorized on the date of the commissioner's affirmative determination and/or approval, or
- (C) for sites authorized by any previous version of this general permit and for which no Notice of Termination has been submitted pursuant to the "Termination Requirements" section (Section 6), the activity is authorized effective October 1, 2013. Authorization under this general permit shall cease if a re-registration form is not submitted on or before February 1, 2014.

(h) Revocation of an Individual Permit

If a construction activity is eligible for authorization under this general permit and such activity is presently authorized by an individual permit, the existing individual permit may be revoked by the commissioner upon a written request by the permittee. If the commissioner revokes such individual permit in writing, such revocation shall take effect on the effective date of authorization of such activity under this general permit.

(i) Issuance of an Individual Permit

If the commissioner issues an individual permit under section 22a-430 of the Connecticut General Statutes, authorizing a construction activity authorized by this general permit, this general permit shall cease to authorize that activity beginning on the date such individual permit is issued.

Section 4. Registration Requirements

(a) Who Must File a Registration

With the exception noted in the "Small Construction" section (Section 3(d)) of this general permit, any person or municipality which initiates, creates, originates or maintains a discharge described in the "Eligible Activities" section (Section 3(a)) of this general permit shall file with the commissioner a registration form that meets the requirements of the "Contents of Registration" section (Section 4(c)) of this general permit (or a re-registration form) and the applicable fee within the timeframes and in the amounts specified in Sections 3(c) and 4(c)(1)(A), respectively. Any such person or municipality filing a registration remains responsible for maintaining compliance with this general permit.

(b) Scope of Registration

Each registration shall be limited to the discharge at or from one site; no registration shall cover discharges at or from more than one site.

(c) Contents of Registration

(1) Fees

(A) Registration Fee

A registration, if required, shall not be deemed complete unless the registration fee has been paid in full.

(i) Locally Approvable Projects

A registration fee of \$625.00 shall be submitted to the Department with the registration form.

(ii) Locally Exempt Projects

A registration fee shall be submitted with a registration form as follows:

- (a) For sites with total disturbance of between one (1) and twenty (20) acres, the fee shall be \$3,000.
- (b) For sites with total disturbance equal to or greater than twenty (20) acres and less than fifty (50) acres, the fee shall be \$4,000.
- (c) For sites with total disturbance equal to or greater than fifty (50) acres, the fee shall be \$5,000.

The fees for municipalities shall be half of those indicated in subsections (a), (b) and (c) above pursuant to section 22a-6(b) of the Connecticut General Statutes. State and Federal agencies shall pay the full fees specified in this subsection.

(iii) Re-registration

- (a) For sites that registered under the previous version of the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities prior to September 1, 2012 and for which no Notice of Termination has been submitted pursuant to the "Termination Requirements" section (Section 6), the re-registration fee shall be \$625 payable with submission of the re-registration form within one hundred twenty (120) days from the effective date of this general permit. If a Notice of Termination is submitted prior to that time, no registration or fee are required.
- (b) For sites that registered under the previous version of the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities on or after September 1, 2012 and for which no Notice of Termination has been submitted pursuant to the "Termination Requirements" section (Section 6), the re-registration fee is waived.

(B) The registration fee shall be paid electronically or by check or money order payable to the Department of Energy & Environmental Protection.

(C) The registration fee is non-refundable.

(2) Registration Form

A registration shall be filed electronically on forms prescribed and provided by the commissioner (available at: www.ct.gov/deep/stormwater) and shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (A) Legal name, address, and telephone number of the registrant. If the registrant is a person (as defined in Section 2 of this permit) transacting business in Connecticut and is registered with the Connecticut Secretary of the State, provide the exact name as registered with the Connecticut Secretary of the State.
- (B) Legal name, address and telephone number of the owner of the property on which the construction activity will take place.

- (C) Legal name, address and telephone number of the primary contact for departmental correspondence and inquiries, if different from the registrant.
- (D) Legal name, address and telephone number of the developer of the property on which the construction activity is to take place.
- (E) Legal name, address and daytime and off-hours telephone numbers of the general contractor(s) or other representative(s), if different from the developer.
- (F) Legal name, address and telephone number of any consultant(s), engineer(s) or landscape architect(s) retained by the permittee to prepare the registration and Stormwater Pollution Control Plan.
- (G) Location address or description of the site for which the registration is filed.
- (H) The estimated duration of the construction activity.
- (I) Indication of the normal working hours of the site.
- (J) A brief description of the construction activity, including, but not limited to:
 - (i) Total number of acres to be disturbed, regardless of phasing.
 - (ii) Assurance that construction is in accordance with the Guidelines and local erosion and sediment control ordinances, where applicable.
 - (iii) For sites in the Coastal Boundary, documentation that the DEEP Office of Long Island Sound Programs or local governing authority has issued a coastal site plan approval or a determination that the project is exempt from coastal site plan review (see Appendix D) in accordance with section 22a-92 and 22a-93(15) of the Connecticut General Statutes.
 - (iv) Documentation that the construction activity will not threaten the continued existence of any species listed pursuant to section 26-306 of the Connecticut General Statutes as endangered or threatened and will not result in the destruction or adverse modification of habitat designated as essential to such species (see Appendix A).
 - (v) For sites discharging to certain impaired waters, as specified in Section 3(b)(12), documentation that the construction activity meets the requirements of that section and Section 5(b)(3) for authorization under this general permit.
 - (vi) Assurance that the construction activity is not located within an aquifer protection area (see Appendix C) as mapped under section 22a-354b of the Connecticut General Statutes or, if it is located within an aquifer protection area, that the construction activity will comply with regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-354i of the Connecticut General Statutes.
 - (vii) For a proposed locally approvable project, a plan review certification from the appropriate District, qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional, and/or qualified professional engineer in accordance with Section 5(b)(10) or (11) or a notice from the District that they were unable to complete the Plan review within the time limits specified in the Memorandum of Agreement in Appendix F.

- (K) A brief description of the stormwater discharge, including:
- (i) The name of the municipal separate storm sewer system or immediate surface water body or wetland to which the stormwater runoff will discharge;
 - (ii) Verification of whether or not the site discharges to a tidal wetland (that is not a fresh-tidal wetland) within 500 feet of the discharge point, to a high quality water or to an impaired water with or without a TMDL;
 - (iii) The name of the watershed or nearest waterbody to which the site discharges.
 - (iv) Location of the stormwater discharge(s) including latitude and longitude.
- (L) The total effective impervious cover for the site before and after the proposed construction activity.
- (M) Documentation that the proposed construction activity has been reviewed for consistency with state Historic Preservation statutes, regulations, and policies including identification of any potential impacts on property listed or eligible for listing on the Connecticut Register of Historic Places. A review conducted for an Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 wetland permit would meet this qualification. Refer to Appendix G for guidance on conducting the required review.
- (N) Registrants for locally approvable projects may, if they choose, attach an electronic copy of their Plan to their registration or provide a web address where their Plan may be downloaded. If an electronic plan is not provided, the registrant is still subject to the requirements for submission of a Plan to the commissioner or a member of the public pursuant to the "Plan Availability" section (Section 4(e)(2)). An electronic Plan shall be in Adobe™ PDF format or similar publicly available format in common use. **DO NOT INCLUDE** in the Plan any pages or other material that do not pertain to stormwater management or erosion and sedimentation control (such as electrical and lighting plans, boundary or lot surveys, building plans, non-stormwater related detail sheets, etc.).
- (O) Registrants for all locally exempt projects must submit an electronic copy of their Plan or a web address where the electronic Plan can be downloaded. The electronic Plan shall be in Adobe™ PDF format or similar publicly available format in common use. **DO NOT INCLUDE** in this Plan any pages or other material that do not pertain to stormwater management or erosion and sedimentation control (such as electrical and lighting plans, boundary or lot surveys, building plans, non-stormwater related detail sheets, etc.).
- (P) The certification of the registrant and of the individual or individuals responsible for actually preparing the registration, in accordance with Section 3(b)(8).
- (Q) For all registrations, a design certification must be signed by a professional engineer in accordance with Section 3(b)(9):.
- (R) For registrations for locally approvable projects a review certification must be signed by either: (i) a District in accordance with Section 3(b)(10), or (ii) a qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional and/or qualified professional engineer in accordance with either Section 3(b)(11).

If the registrant is not capable of submitting electronically, a paper form may be submitted in accordance with Section 4(d).

(3) Re-Registration Form

For sites previously registered under any previous version of the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities and for which no Notice of Termination has been submitted pursuant to the “Termination Requirements” section (Section 6), a re-registration shall be filed electronically pursuant to Sections 3(c)(3) and 3(g) on forms prescribed and provided by the commissioner (available at: www.ct.gov/deep/stormwater) and shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (A) Legal name, address, and telephone number of the registrant. If the registrant is a person (as defined in Section 2 of this permit) transacting business in Connecticut and is registered with the Connecticut Secretary of the State, provide the exact name as registered with the Connecticut Secretary of the State.
- (B) The previously issued permit number (beginning with GSN).
- (C) Legal name, address and telephone number of the owner of the property on which the construction activity will take place.
- (D) Legal name, address and telephone number of the primary contact for departmental correspondence and inquiries, if different from the registrant.
- (E) Legal name, address and telephone number of the developer of the property on which the subject construction activity is to take place.
- (F) Legal name, address and daytime and off-hours telephone numbers of the general contractor(s) or other representative(s), if different from the developer.
- (G) Legal name, address and telephone number of any consultant(s) or engineer(s) retained by the permittee to prepare the registration and Stormwater Pollution Control Plan.
- (H) Location address or description of the site for which the re-registration is filed.
- (I) Indication of the normal working hours of the site.
- (J) The estimated duration of the construction activity.
- (K) The signature of the registrant and of the individual or individuals responsible for actually preparing the re-registration, each of who shall certify in writing as follows:

“I hereby certify that I am making this certification in connection with a registration under the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities, submitted to the commissioner by [INSERT NAME OF REGISTRANT] for an activity located at [INSERT ADDRESS OF PROJECT OR ACTIVITY] and that all terms and conditions of the general permit are being met for all discharges which have been initiated and such activity is eligible for authorization under such permit. I further certify that all designs and plans for such activity meet the current terms and conditions of the general permit in accordance with Section 5(b)(5)(C) of such general permit and that a system is in place to ensure that all terms and conditions of this general permit will continue to be met for all discharges authorized by this general permit at the site. I certify that the registration filed pursuant to this general permit is on complete and accurate forms as prescribed by the commissioner without alteration of their text. I certify that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information that provides the basis for this certification, including but not limited to all information described in Section

3(b)(8)(A) of such general permit, and I certify, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining such information, that the information upon which this certification is based is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I also understand that knowingly making any false statement made in the submitted information and in this certification may be punishable as a criminal offense, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment, under section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes and any other applicable law.”

If the registrant is not capable of submitting electronically, a paper form may be submitted in accordance with Section 4(d).

(d) *Where to File a Registration*

A registration (available at: www.ct.gov/deep/stormwater) shall be filed electronically with the commissioner in accordance with Section 3(c)(2) or (3). If the registrant does not have the capability to submit electronically, a paper registration may be filed at the following address:

CENTRAL PERMIT PROCESSING UNIT
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY & ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
79 ELM STREET
HARTFORD, CT 06106-5127

(e) *Availability of Registration and Plan*

By the fifteenth (15th) day of each month, the commissioner shall post on the DEEP website a list of registrations submitted in the previous month.

(1) Registration Availability

On or before fifteen (15) days from the date of posting by the commissioner, members of the public may review and comment on a registration. Any electronically available Plans will be posted with the corresponding registration.

(2) Plan Availability

(A) Electronic Plan Availability

For an electronically available Plan, on or before fifteen (15) days from the date of posting by the commissioner, members of the public may review and comment on a registrant's Plan.

(B) Non-Electronic Plan Availability

For any Plan that is not electronically available, on or before fifteen (15) days from the date of a registration posting by the commissioner, members of the public may submit a written request to the commissioner to obtain a copy of a registrant's Plan. The commissioner shall inform the registrant of the request and the name of the requesting party. If the commissioner does not already have access to a copy of the requested Plan, the registrant shall submit a copy of their Plan to the commissioner within seven (7) days of their receipt of such request. On or before fifteen (15) days from the date the commissioner makes a Plan available to the requesting party, they may submit written comments on the Plan to the commissioner.

(f) Additional Information

The commissioner may require a permittee to submit additional information that the commissioner reasonably deems necessary to evaluate the consistency of the subject construction activity with the requirements for authorization under this general permit.

(g) Additional Notification

For discharges authorized by this general permit to a regulated municipal separate storm sewer system, a copy of the registration and all attachments thereto shall also be submitted to the owner and operator of that system.

For discharges authorized by this general permit to a DOT separate storm sewer system, a copy of the registration and all attachments thereto shall also be submitted to the DOT upon request.

For discharges within a public drinking water supply watershed or aquifer area, a copy of the registration and the Plan described in subsection 5(b) of this general permit shall be submitted to the water company.

For discharges to river components and tributaries which have been designated as Wild and Scenic under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act, a copy of the registration and the Plan described in 5(b) of this general permit shall be submitted to the applicable Wild and Scenic Coordinating Committee. Please refer to Appendix H for additional guidance

In addition, a copy of this registration and the Plan shall be available upon request to the local inland wetlands agency established pursuant to section 22a-42 of the Connecticut General Statutes, or its duly authorized agent.

(h) Action by Commissioner

- (1) The commissioner may reject without prejudice a registration if it does not satisfy the requirements of the “Contents of Registration” section (subsection 4(c)) of this general permit. Any registration refiled after such a rejection shall be accompanied by the fee specified in the “Fees” subsection (subsection 4(c)(1)) of this general permit.
- (2) The commissioner may disapprove a registration if is inconsistent with the requirements for authorization under the “Requirements for Registration” section (Section 3(b)) of this general permit, or for any other reason provided by law.
- (3) Disapproval of a registration under this subsection shall constitute notice to the registrant that the subject construction activity must be authorized under an individual permit.
- (4) Rejection or disapproval of a registration shall be in writing.

(i) Transition to New General Permit

On or after August 1, 2013, up until and including August 31, 2013, a person filing a new registration for a site may file such registration: (a) under the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities that expires on September 30, 2013; or (b) this general permit. A person filing a new registration for a site shall not register under both the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities that expires on September 30, 2013 and this general permit. After August 31, 2013, a person filing a new registration for a site shall only register under this general permit and shall be authorized pursuant to Section 3(g) of this general permit.

(Note: Any person who, on or after August 1, 2013, up until and including August 31, 2013, files a new registration for a site under the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities that expires on September 30, 2013 shall, after October 1, 2013, re-register such site pursuant to Section 3(c)(3) and Section 4(c)(3) of this general permit.)

A person re-registering a site pursuant to Section 3(c)(3) and Section 4(c)(3) of this general permit may submit the required re-registration information anytime on or after August 1, 2013.

(j) *Latest Date to Submit a Registration Under this General Permit*

No person shall submit a registration under this general permit after June 30, 2018.

Section 5. Conditions of this General Permit

The permittee shall meet all requirements of this general permit at all times. In addition, a permittee shall be responsible for conducting authorized construction activities in accordance with the following conditions:

(a) *Conditions Applicable to Certain Discharges*

(1) Structures and Dredging in Coastal and Tidal Areas

Any person who or municipality that discharges stormwater into coastal tidal waters for which a permit is required under section 22a-361 of the Connecticut General Statutes (structures and dredging) or section 22a-32 of the Connecticut General Statutes (Tidal Wetlands Act), shall obtain such permit(s) from the commissioner. A tidal wetland permit is required for the placement of any sediment upon a tidal wetland, whether it is deposited directly or indirectly.

(2) Discharges to Tidal Wetlands

Any site which has a post-construction stormwater discharge to a tidal wetland (that is not a fresh-tidal wetland) where such discharge is within 500 feet of the tidal wetland, shall discharge such stormwater through a system designed to retain and infiltrate the volume of stormwater runoff generated by 1 inch of rainfall on the site. If there are site constraints that would prevent retention of this volume on-site (e.g., brownfields, capped landfills, bedrock, elevated groundwater, etc.), documentation must be submitted, for the commissioner's review and written approval, which explains the site limitations and offers an alternative retention volume. In such cases, the portion of 1 inch that cannot be retained must be provided with additional stormwater treatment so as to protect water quality. Any such treatment shall be designed, installed and maintained in accordance with the Stormwater Quality Manual.

For sites unable to comply with this section, the commissioner, at the commissioner's sole discretion, may require the submission of an individual permit in lieu of authorization under this general permit.

(3) Toxicity to Aquatic and Marine Life

The discharge shall not cause pollution due to acute or chronic toxicity to aquatic and marine life, impair the biological integrity of aquatic or marine ecosystems, or result in an unacceptable risk to human health.

(4) Water Quality Standards

The stormwater discharge shall not cause or contribute to an exceedance of the applicable Water Quality Standards in the receiving water.

(5) High Quality Waters

Any new or increased stormwater discharge to high quality waters shall be discharged in accordance with the Connecticut Anti-Degradation Implementation Policy in the Water Quality Standards.

(b) Stormwater Pollution Control Plan

All registrants shall develop and maintain on-site a Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (Plan) for the construction activity authorized by this general permit. Once the construction activity begins, the permittee shall perform all actions required by such Plan and shall maintain compliance with the Plan thereafter. The Plan shall be designed to minimize (as defined in Section 2): (1) pollution caused by soil erosion and sedimentation during and after construction; and (2) stormwater pollution caused by use of the site after construction is completed.

(1) Development and Contents of Plan

(A) The Plan shall consist of site plan drawings and a narrative. The Plan shall be prepared in accordance with sound engineering practices, and shall be consistent with the Guidelines and the 2004 Connecticut Stormwater Quality Manual (available at <http://www.ct.gov/deep/stormwater>). The Plan shall also be consistent with any remedial action plan, closure plan or other plan required by any other DEEP permit.

(B) The Plan shall include, at a minimum, the following items:

(i) Site Plan

Site drawings indicating drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities, areas of soil disturbance, the location of major structural and non-structural controls (as specified in subsection 5(b)(2), below), the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, areas which will be vegetated following construction, monitored outfalls, surface waters, impaired waters (identifying those with and without a TMDL), high quality waters, inland wetlands, tidal wetlands, fresh-tidal wetlands, and locations where stormwater will be discharged to a surface water (both during and post-construction);

(ii) Site Description

- (a) A narrative description of the nature of the construction activity;
- (b) An estimate of the total area of the site and the total area of the site that is expected to be disturbed by construction activities;
- (c) An estimate of the average runoff coefficient of the site after construction activities are completed;
- (d) The name of the immediate receiving water(s) and the ultimate receiving water(s) of the discharges authorized by this general permit; and

(e) Extent of wetland acreage on the site.

(iii) Construction Sequencing

The Plan shall clearly identify the expected sequence of major construction activities on the site and corresponding erosion and sediment controls and shall include an estimated timetable for all construction activities, which shall be revised as necessary to keep the Plan current. Wherever possible, the site shall be phased to avoid the disturbance of over five acres at one time (or a lesser area of disturbance as required in the “Impaired Waters” section (Section 5(b)(3))). The Plan shall clearly show the limits of disturbance for the entire construction activity and for each phase.

(iv) Control Measures

The Plan shall include a description, in narrative and on the site plan drawings, of appropriate control measures that will be performed at the site to minimize the discharge of pollutants to waters of the state. Control measures shall be implemented in accordance with Section 5(b)(2) below. In addition, the following information shall be provided:

- (a) Calculations supporting the design of sediment and floatables removal controls pursuant to Section 5(b)(2)(C)(ii)(b).
- (b) Calculations supporting the design of velocity dissipation controls pursuant to Section 5(b)(2)(C)(ii)(c).

(v) Runoff Reduction and Low Impact Development (LID) Information

Where runoff reduction practices and/or LID measures are utilized, the following information shall be included in the site plan and narrative:

- (a) The location of the site’s streams, floodplains, all wetlands, riparian buffers, slopes 3:1 and steeper, and vegetation identified for preservation and non-disturbance during construction such as forested areas, hay fields, and old fields;
- (b) Natural drainage patterns, swales, and other drainage ways, that are not streams, floodplains, or wetland areas;
- (c) The location of all areas with soils suitable for infiltration¹ and areas of the site best suited for infiltration for the siting of runoff reduction practices and LID design measures;
- (d) The location of all areas unsuitable or least suitable for infiltration for the siting of areas of development/building;
- (e) The location of all post-construction stormwater management measures, runoff reduction practices and LID design measures developed pursuant to subsection 5(b)(2)(C)(i) below;
- (f) Identification of areas inappropriate for the infiltration of stormwater runoff from land uses with a significant potential for groundwater pollution;

¹ Infiltration rates must be measured by a field permeability test. The measured field design infiltration rate is equal to one-half the field-measured infiltration rate.

- (g) A narrative describing the nature, purpose, implementation and long-term maintenance of the post-construction measures, runoff reduction practices and LID design measures;
- (h) Calculations, for measures developed pursuant to Section 5(b)(2)(C)(i), illustrating the retention of the water quality volume or half the water quality volume for the site, as applicable, including a discussion of the impact of any runoff reduction and/or LID practices on these calculations.
- (i) A narrative describing any site constraints that prevent retention of the appropriate volume specified in Section 5(b)(2)(C)(i) including: an explanation of the site limitations; a description of the runoff reduction practices implemented; an explanation of why the amount retained constitutes the maximum extent achievable; an alternative retention volume; and a description of the measures used to provide additional stormwater treatment for sediment, floatables and nutrients above the alternate volume up to the water quality volume.
- (j) Calculations showing the proposed effective impervious cover for the site and, where necessary or appropriate for measures developed for linear projects pursuant to Section 5(b)(2)(C)(i), each outfall drainage area.

(vi) Inspections

The Plan shall include a narrative of all inspection personnel conducting the routine inspections, their responsibilities and procedures pursuant to subsection 5(b)(4)(B) below. The Plan shall also include documentation of the qualifications of the inspector(s) and the findings, actions and results of all inspections conducted at the site.

(vii) Monitoring

The Plan shall provide a narrative of the stormwater monitoring procedures pursuant to Section 5(c). This narrative shall include documentation of the monitoring frequency, personnel conducting monitoring, identification of monitored outfalls, methodology for monitoring, provisions for monitoring a linear project (if applicable), the site's normal working hours, the method for measuring turbidity and a copy of all monitoring records.

(viii) Contractors

- (a) The Plan shall clearly identify each contractor and subcontractor that will perform construction activities on the site that have the potential to cause pollution of the waters of the State. The Plan shall include a copy of the certification statement in the "Contractor Certification Statement" section, below, signed by each such contractor and subcontractor.

(b) Contractor Certification Statement

The Plan shall include the following certification signed by each contractor and subcontractor identified in the Plan as described above:

"I certify under penalty of the law that I have read and understand the terms and conditions of the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities. I understand that as a contractor or

subcontractor at the site, I am authorized by this general permit, and must comply with the terms and conditions of this general permit, including, but not limited to, the requirements of the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan prepared for the site.”

The certification shall include the name and title of the person providing the signature; the name, address and telephone number of the contracting firm; the address (or other identifying description) of the site; and the date the certification is made.

(c) Subdivisions

Where individual lots in a subdivision or other common plan of development are conveyed or otherwise the responsibility of another person or municipality, those individual lot contractors shall be required to comply with the provisions of this general permit and the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan, and shall sign the certification statement in the “Contractor Certification Statement” section, above, regardless of lot size or disturbed area. In such cases, the permittee shall provide a copy of the Plan to each individual lot contractor, obtain signed certifications from such contractors and retain all signed certifications in the Plan.

(ix) Impaired Waters

For construction activities that discharge to impaired waters, as specified in “New Discharges to Impaired Waters” (Section 3(b)(12)), the Plan shall include a description of the provisions for controlling the construction and post-construction stormwater discharges to these waters pursuant to subsection 5(b)(3) below.

(2) Stormwater Control Measures

Control Measures are required Best Management Practices (BMPs) that the permittee must implement to minimize the discharge of pollutants from the permitted activity. The term “minimize” means reduce and/or eliminate to the extent achievable using control measures that are technologically available and economically practicable and achievable in light of best industry practice.

Control Measures shall be designed in accordance with the Guidelines, the Stormwater Quality Manual or the DOT Qualified Products List (http://www.ct.gov/dot/lib/dot/documents/dresearch/conndot_qpl.pdf). Use of controls to comply with the “Erosion and Sediment Controls” section (subsection (A) below) of this general permit that are not included in those resources must be approved by the commissioner or the commissioner’s designated agent. The narrative and drawings of controls shall address the following minimum components:

(A) Erosion and Sediment Controls

(i) Soil Stabilization and Protection

The Plan shall include a narrative and drawings of interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for managing disturbed areas and soil stockpiles, including a schedule for implementing the practices. The Permittee shall ensure that existing vegetation is preserved to the maximum extent practicable and that disturbed portions of the site are minimized and stabilized.

Where construction activities have permanently ceased or when final grades are reached in any portion of the site, stabilization and protection practices as specified in Chapter 5 of the Guidelines or as approved by the commissioner or his/ her designated agent shall be implemented within seven days. Areas that will remain disturbed but inactive for at least thirty days shall receive temporary seeding or soil protection within seven days in accordance with the Guidelines.

Areas that will remain disturbed beyond the seeding season as identified in the Guidelines, shall receive long-term, non-vegetative stabilization and protection sufficient to protect the site through the winter. In all cases, stabilization and protection measures shall be implemented as soon as possible in accordance with the Guidelines or as approved by the commissioner or his/ her designated agent.

A reverse slope bench is required for any slope steeper than 3:1 (horizontal: vertical) that exceeds 15 feet vertically, except when engineered slope stabilization structures or measures are included or a detailed soil mechanics analysis has been conducted to verify stability. Engineered analyses and measures must be designed by a CT licensed Professional Engineer with experience in geotechnical engineering or soil mechanics.

(ii) Structural Measures

The Plan shall include a narrative and drawings of structural measures to divert flows away from exposed soils, store flows or otherwise limit runoff and minimize the discharge of pollutants from the site. Unless otherwise specifically approved in writing by the commissioner or his/ her designated agent, or if otherwise authorized by another state or federal permit, structural measures shall be installed on upland soils.

For points of discharge from disturbed sites with a total contributing drainage area of between two to five acres, a temporary sediment trap must be installed in accordance with the Guidelines. For points of discharge from disturbed sites with a total contributing drainage area greater than five acres, a temporary basin must be designed and installed in accordance with the Guidelines. Such trap(s) or basin(s) must be maintained until final stabilization of the contributing area as defined in “Notice of Termination” (Section 6(a)).

The requirement for sediment traps or basins shall not apply to flows from off-site areas and flows from the site that are either undisturbed or have undergone final stabilization where such flows are diverted around the temporary sediment trap or basin. Any exceptions must be approved in writing by the commissioner or his/ her designated agent.

(iii) Maintenance

The Plan shall include a narrative of the procedures to maintain in good and effective operating conditions all erosion and sediment control measures, including vegetation, and all other protective measures identified in the site plan. Maintenance of all erosion and sediment controls shall be performed in accordance with the Guidelines, or more frequently as necessary, to protect the waters of the state from pollution.

(B) Dewatering Wastewaters

Dewatering wastewaters shall be managed in accordance with the Guidelines. Dewatering wastewaters discharged to surface waters shall be discharged in a manner that minimizes the discoloration of the receiving waters. The Plan shall include a narrative and drawings of the

operational and structural measures that will be used to ensure that all dewatering wastewaters will not cause scouring or erosion or contain suspended solids in amounts that could reasonably be expected to cause pollution of surface waters of the State. Unless otherwise specifically approved in writing by the commissioner or his/ her designated agent, or if otherwise authorized by another state or federal permit, dewatering measures shall be installed on upland soils.

No discharge of dewatering wastewater(s) shall contain or cause a visible oil sheen, floating solids, or foaming in the receiving water.

(C) Post-Construction Stormwater Management

The Plan shall include a narrative and drawings of measures that will be installed during the construction process to minimize the discharge of pollutants in stormwater discharges that will occur after construction operations have been completed. Post-construction stormwater management measures shall be designed and implemented in accordance with the Stormwater Quality Manual, the DOT Qualified Products List or as approved by the commissioner or his/ her designated agent in writing. Unless otherwise specifically provided by the commissioner in writing, or authorized by another state or federal permit, structural measures shall be placed on upland soils. The Plan shall include provisions to address the long-term maintenance of any post-construction stormwater management measure installed.

(i) Post-Construction Performance Standards

The permittee shall utilize runoff reduction practices (as defined in Section 2) to meet runoff volume requirements based on the conditions below. For sites unable to comply with these conditions, the commissioner, at the commissioner's sole discretion, may require the submission of an individual permit in lieu of authorization under this general permit.

(a) Redevelopment

For sites that are currently developed with an effective impervious cover of forty percent or more and for which the permittee is proposing redevelopment, the permittee shall design the site in such a manner as to retain on-site half the water quality volume (as defined in Section 2) for the site and provide additional stormwater treatment without retention for discharges up to the full water quality volume for sediment, floatables and nutrients to the maximum extent achievable using control measures that are technologically available and economically practicable and achievable in light of best industry practice. In cases where the permittee is not able to retain half the water quality volume, the permittee shall design the redevelopment to retain runoff volume to the maximum extent achievable using control measures that are technologically available and economically practicable and achievable in light of best industry practice. In such cases, additional stormwater treatment up to the full water quality volume is still required. Any such treatment shall be designed, installed and maintained in accordance with the Stormwater Quality Manual. If retention of the half the water quality volume is not achieved, the permittee shall submit a report to the commissioner describing: the measures taken to maximize runoff reduction practices on the site; the reasons why those practices constitute the maximum extent achievable; the alternative retention volume; and a description of the measures used to provide additional stormwater treatment above the alternate volume up to the water quality volume. In the case of linear redevelopment projects (e.g. roadway reconstruction or widening) for the developed portion of

the right of way: (1) for projects that may be unable to comply with the full retention standard, the alternate retention and treatment provisions may also be applied as specified above, or (2) for projects that will not increase the effective impervious cover within a given watershed, the permittee shall implement the additional stormwater treatment measures referenced above, but will not be required to retain half of the water quality volume.

(b) Other Development

The following performance standard applies to all sites that are currently undeveloped or are currently developed with less than forty percent effective impervious cover. For these sites, the permittee shall design the site to retain the water quality volume for the site. If there are site constraints that would prevent retention of this volume on-site (e.g., brownfields, capped landfills, bedrock, elevated groundwater, etc.), documentation must be submitted, for the commissioner's review and written approval, which: explains the site limitations; provides a description of the runoff reduction practices implemented; provides an explanation of why this constitutes the maximum extent achievable; offers an alternative retention volume; and provides a description of the measures used to provide additional stormwater treatment for sediment, floatables and nutrients above the alternate volume up to the water quality volume. Any such treatment shall be designed, installed and maintained in accordance with the Stormwater Quality Manual. In the case of linear projects that do not involve impervious surfaces (e.g. electrical transmission rights-of-way or natural gas pipelines), retention of the water quality volume is not required as long as the post-development runoff characteristics do not differ significantly from pre-development conditions.

(ii) Post-Construction Control Measures

(a) Runoff Reduction and Low Impact Development ("LID") Practices

The site design shall incorporate runoff reduction practices, low impact development ("LID") practices or other measures to meet the performance standards in subsection (i) above, promote groundwater recharge and minimize post-construction impacts to water quality. Please refer to Appendix B for additional guidance information.

(b) Suspended Solids and Floatables Removal

The permittee shall install post-construction stormwater management measures designed to minimize the discharge of suspended solids and floatables (e.g. oil and grease, other floatable liquids, floatable solids, trash, etc.) from stormwater. A goal of 80 percent removal of the annual sediment load from the stormwater discharge shall be used in designing and installing stormwater management measures. The Plan shall provide calculations supporting the capability of such measures in achieving this goal and any third-party verification, as applicable, of the sediment removal efficiencies of such measures. This goal is not intended to limit local approval authorities from requiring a higher standard pursuant to local requirements.

(c) Velocity Dissipation

Velocity dissipation devices shall be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a non-erosive velocity flow to the receiving watercourse so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected.

(D) Other Controls

The following additional controls shall be implemented:

- (i) Waste Disposal: Best management practices shall be implemented to minimize the discharge of litter, debris, building materials, hardened concrete waste, or similar materials to waters of the State. A narrative of these practices shall be provided in the Plan.

- (ii) Washout Areas

Washout of applicators, containers, vehicles and equipment for concrete, paint and other materials shall be conducted in a designated washout area. There shall be no surface discharge of washout wastewaters from this area. Such washout shall be conducted: (1) outside of any buffers and at least 50 feet from any stream, wetland or other sensitive resource; or (2) in an entirely self-contained washout system. The permittee shall clearly flag off and designate areas to be used for washing and conduct such activities only in these areas. The permittee shall direct all washwater into a container or pit designed such that no overflows can occur during rainfall or after snowmelt.

In addition, dumping of liquid wastes in storm sewers is prohibited. The permittee shall remove and dispose of hardened concrete waste consistent with practices developed for the "Waste Disposal" section (subparagraph 5(b)(2)(D)(i), above). At least once per week, the permittee must inspect any containers or pits used for washout to ensure structural integrity, adequate holding capacity, and to check for leaks or overflows. If there are signs of leaks, holes or overflows in the containers or pits that could lead to a discharge, the permittee shall repair them prior to further use. For concrete washout areas, the permittee shall remove hardened concrete waste whenever the hardened concrete has accumulated to a height of ½ of the container or pit or as necessary to avoid overflows. A narrative of maintenance procedures and a record of maintenance and inspections shall be included in the Plan.

- (iii) Off-site vehicle tracking of sediments and the generation of dust shall be minimized. Wet dust suppression shall be used, in accordance with section 22a-174-18(b) of the Connecticut General Statutes, for any construction activity that causes airborne particulates. The volume of water sprayed for controlling dust shall be minimized so as to prevent the runoff of water. No discharge of dust control water shall contain or cause a visible oil sheen, floating solids, visible discoloration, or foaming in the receiving stream.
- (iv) All post-construction stormwater structures shall be cleaned of construction sediment and any remaining silt fence shall be removed upon stabilization of the site.
- (v) All chemical and petroleum product containers stored on the site (excluding those contained within vehicles and equipment) shall be provided with impermeable containment which will hold at least 110% of the volume of the largest container, or

10% of the total volume of all containers in the area, whichever is larger, without overflow from the containment area. All chemicals and their containers shall be stored under a roofed area except for those chemicals stored in containers of 100 gallon capacity or more, in which case a roof is not required. Double-walled tanks satisfy this requirement.

(3) Additional Control Measures for Impaired Waters

For construction activities that discharge directly to impaired waters, as specified in “New Discharges to Impaired Waters” (Section 3(b)(12)), the Plan shall include the following provisions:

- (A) In lieu of the provisions of “Construction Sequencing” (Section 5(b)(1)(B)(iii)), no more than 3 acres may be disturbed at any one time. For those areas for which construction activity will be temporarily suspended for a period of greater than 14 days, temporary stabilization measures shall be implemented within 3 days of such suspension of activity. For all areas, permanent stabilization shall be implemented within 30 days of disturbance; **or**
- (B) The Plan shall document that measures are in place to ensure that there will be no discharge to the impaired water from rain events up to a 2-year, 24-hour rain event while construction activity is occurring; **or**
- (C) For discharges to impaired waters with an established TMDL:
 - (i) the Plan shall document that there is sufficient remaining Waste Load Allocation (WLA) in the TMDL to allow the discharge, **and**
 - (ii) measures shall be implemented to ensure the WLA will not be exceeded, **and**
 - (iii) stormwater discharges shall be monitored, if applicable, for any indicator pollutant identified in the TMDL for every rain event that produces a discharge to ensure compliance with the WLA. Such monitoring shall be in addition to the requirements specified in Section 5(c), **or**
 - (iv) the specific requirements for stormwater discharges specified in the TMDL are met.

Construction activities discharging to impaired waters that do not comply with this subsection are not authorized by this general permit.

(4) Inspections

All construction activities submitting a registration for this general permit shall be inspected initially for Plan implementation and then weekly for routine inspections.

(A) Plan Implementation Inspections

Within the first 30 days following commencement of the construction activity on the site, the permittee shall contact: (1) the appropriate District; or (2) a qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional or a qualified professional engineer to inspect the site. The site shall be inspected at least once and no more than three times during the first 90 days to confirm compliance with the general permit and proper initial implementation of all controls measures designated in the Plan for the site for the initial phase of construction. For sites not inspected by District personnel, the following conditions shall apply:

- (i) for projects disturbing more than one acre and less than fifteen (15) acres, the inspector shall be someone who:
 - (a) is not an employee, as defined by the Internal Revenue Service in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, of the registrant, and
 - (b) has no ownership interest of any kind in the project for which the registration is being submitted.
- (ii) for projects disturbing fifteen (15) acres or more, the inspector shall be someone who:
 - (a) is not an employee, as defined by the Internal Revenue Service in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, of the registrant, and
 - (b) has not engaged in any activities associated with the preparation, planning, designing or engineering of such plan for soil erosion and sediment control or plan for engineered stormwater management systems on behalf of such registrant, and
 - (c) is not under the same employ as any person who engaged in any activities associated with the preparation, planning, designing or engineering of such plans and specifications for soil erosion and sediment control or plans and specifications for engineered stormwater management systems on behalf of such registrant, and
 - (d) has no ownership interest of any kind in the project for which the registration is being submitted.

The permittee may use, if they wish, the same person(s) that provided the Plan Review Certification pursuant to Section 5(b)(11).

(B) Routine Inspections

The permittee shall routinely inspect the site for compliance with the general permit and the Plan for the site until a Notice of Termination has been submitted. Inspection procedures for these routine inspections shall be addressed and implemented in the following manner:

- (i) The permittee shall maintain a rain gauge on-site to document rainfall amounts. At least once a week and within 24 hours of the end of a storm that generates a discharge, a qualified inspector (provided by the permittee), as defined in the “Definitions” section (Section 2) of this general permit, shall inspect, at a minimum, the following: disturbed areas of the construction activity that have not been finally stabilized; all erosion and sedimentation control measures; all structural control measures; soil stockpile areas; washout areas and locations where vehicles enter or exit the site. These areas shall be inspected for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system and impacts to the receiving waters. Locations where vehicles enter or exit the site shall also be inspected for evidence of off-site sediment tracking. For storms that end on a weekend, holiday or other time after which normal working hours will not commence within 24 hours, an inspection is required within 24 hours only for storms that equal or exceed 0.5 inches. For storms of less than 0.5 inches, an inspection shall occur immediately upon the start of the subsequent normal working hours. Where sites have been temporarily or finally stabilized, such inspection shall be conducted at least once every month for three months.
- (ii) The qualified inspector(s) shall evaluate the effectiveness of erosion and sediment controls, structural controls, stabilization practices, and any other controls implemented

to prevent pollution and determine if it is necessary to install, maintain, or repair such controls and/or practices to improve the quality of stormwater discharge(s).

- (iii) A report shall be prepared and retained as part of the Plan. This report shall summarize: the scope of the inspection; name(s) and qualifications of personnel making the inspection; the date(s) of the inspection; weather conditions including precipitation information; major observations relating to erosion and sediment controls and the implementation of the Plan; a description of the stormwater discharge(s) from the site; and any water quality monitoring performed during the inspection. The report shall be signed by the permittee or his/her authorized representative in accordance with the "Certification of Documents" section (subsection 5(i)) of this general permit.

The report shall include a statement that, in the judgment of the qualified inspector(s) conducting the site inspection, the site is either in compliance or out of compliance with the terms and conditions of the Plan and permit. If the site inspection indicates that the site is out of compliance, the inspection report shall include a summary of the remedial actions required to bring the site back into compliance. Non-engineered corrective actions (as identified in the Guidelines) shall be implemented on site within 24 hours and incorporated into a revised Plan within three (3) calendar days of the date of inspection unless another schedule is specified in the Guidelines. Engineered corrective actions (as identified in the Guidelines) shall be implemented on site within seven (7) days and incorporated into a revised Plan within ten (10) days of the date of inspection, unless another schedule is specified in the Guidelines or is approved by the commissioner. During the period in which any corrective actions are being developed and have not yet been fully implemented, interim measures shall be implemented to minimize the potential for the discharge of pollutants from the site.

- (iv) Inspectors from the DEEP and the appropriate District may inspect the site for compliance with this general permit at any time construction activities are ongoing and upon completion of construction activities to verify the final stabilization of the site and/or the installation of post-construction stormwater management measures pursuant to Section 6(a).
- (v) Additional inspections, reports and documentation may also be required to comply with the "Monitoring Requirements" section (Section 5(c)).

(5) Keeping Plans Current

The Permittee is responsible for keeping their Plan in compliance with this general permit at all times. This may involve any or all of the following:

- (A) The permittee shall amend the Plan if the actions required by the Plan fail to prevent pollution or fail to otherwise comply with any other provision of this general permit. The Plan shall also be amended whenever there is a change in contractors or subcontractors at the site, or a change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance at the site which has the potential for the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the state and which has not otherwise been addressed in the Plan.
- (B) The commissioner may notify the permittee at any time that the Plan and/or the site do not meet one or more of the minimum requirements of this general permit. Within 7 days of such notice, or such other time as the commissioner may allow, the permittee shall make the required changes to the Plan and perform all actions required by such revised Plan. Within 15 days of such notice, or such other time as the commissioner may allow, the permittee shall submit to the commissioner a written certification that the requested changes have been

made and implemented and such other information as the commissioner requires, in accordance with the ‘Duty to Provide Information’ and ‘Certification of Documents’ sections (subsections 5(h) and 5(i)) of this general permit.

- (C) For any stormwater discharges authorized under any previous version of this general permit, the existing Plan shall be updated by February 1, 2014, as applicable, in accordance with the “Development and Contents of the Plan” (subsection 5(b)(1)), “Stormwater Control Measures” (subsection 5(b)(2)), “Routine Inspections” (subsection 5(b)(4)(B)), and “Monitoring” (subsection 5(c)) sections of this general permit, except for the post-construction measures in subsection 5(b)(2)(C)(i)(a) & (b) and 5(b)(2)(C)(ii)(a). The permittee shall maintain compliance with such Plan thereafter. For previously authorized sites discharging to impaired waters or other sensitive areas, the commissioner may require additional control measures or provide authorization under an individual permit pursuant to Sections 4(h) and 3(i).

(6) Failure to Prepare, Maintain or Amend Plan

In no event shall failure to complete, maintain or update a Plan, in accordance with the “Development of Contents of the Plan” and “Keeping Plans Current” sections (subsections 5(b)(1) and 5(b)(5)) of this general permit, relieve a permittee of responsibility to implement any actions required to protect the waters of the state and to comply with all conditions of the permit.

(7) Plan Signature

The Plan shall be signed and certified as follows:

- (A) The Plan shall be signed by the permittee in accordance with the “Certification of Documents” section (subsection 5(i)) of this general permit.
- (B) The Plan shall include certification by all contractors and subcontractors in accordance with the “Contractors” section (subsection 5(b)(1)(B)(viii)) of this general permit.
- (C) The Plan shall include a copy of the certification by a professional engineer or landscape architect made in accordance with Section 3(b)(9) of this general permit.

(8) Plan Review Certification

For a locally approvable project pursuant to Section 3(c) of this general permit, a copy of the Plan review certification made in accordance with either Section 3(b)(10) or (11) shall be maintained with the Plan. Note that construction activities reviewed and certified pursuant to those sections are still subject to the local erosion and sediment control and stormwater management regulations of the municipality in which the activity is conducted.

(9) Plan Submittal

The Plan shall be submitted to the commissioner and other certain parties under the following conditions:

- (A) All Locally Exempt Projects with greater than one acre of soil disturbance shall submit an electronic copy of the Plan and a completed Registration Form to the commissioner.
- (B) For all other projects, the permittee shall provide a copy of the Plan, and a completed Registration Form for this general permit to the following persons immediately upon request:

- (i) The commissioner at his or her request or at the request of a member of the public during the registration and Plan availability period pursuant to Section 4(e);
- (ii) The municipal planning commission, zoning commission and/or inland wetlands agency, or its respective enforcement officer or designated agent;
- (iii) In the case of a stormwater discharge through a municipal separate storm sewer system, the municipal operator of the system;
- (iv) In the case of a stormwater discharge located within a public drinking water supply watershed or aquifer area, the water company responsible for that water supply.

DO NOT SUBMIT any pages or other material that do not pertain to stormwater management or erosion and sedimentation control (such as electrical and lighting plans, boundary or lot surveys, building plans, non-stormwater related detail sheets, etc.).

(c) Monitoring Requirements

The primary requirements for monitoring turbidity are summarized in the table below:

Table 1

<i>Area of Soil Disturbance</i>	<i>Monitoring Required?</i>	<i>Monitoring Frequency</i>	<i>Sample Method</i>
Sites which disturb 1 acre or more, but less than 5 acres	Only IF a Registration is required	Monthly IF a Registration is required	Procedure consistent with 40 CFR Part 136
Sites which disturb 5 acres or more	Yes	Monthly	Procedure consistent with 40 CFR Part 136

(1) Turbidity Monitoring Requirements

(A) Monitoring Frequency

- (i) Sampling shall be conducted in accordance with Table 1, above, at least once every month, when there is a discharge of stormwater from the site while construction activity is ongoing, until final stabilization of the drainage area associated with each outfall is achieved.
- (ii) The permittee is only required to take samples during normal working hours as defined in Section 2. The site's normal working hours must be identified in the Plan pursuant to Section 5(b)(1)(B)(vii). If sampling is discontinued due to the end of normal working hours, the permittee shall resume sampling the following morning or the morning of the next working day following a weekend or holiday, as long as the discharge continues.
- (iii) Sampling may be temporarily suspended any time conditions exist that may reasonably pose a threat to the safety of the person taking the sample. Such conditions may include high winds, lightning, impinging wave or tidal activity, intense rainfall or other

hazardous condition. Once the unsafe condition is no longer present, sampling shall resume.

- (iv) If there is no stormwater discharge during a month, sampling is not required.

(B) Sample Collection

- (i) All samples shall be collected from discharges resulting from a storm event that occurs at least 24 hours after any previous storm event generating a stormwater discharge. Any sample containing snow or ice melt must be identified on the Stormwater Monitoring Report form. Sampling of snow or ice melt in the absence of a storm event is not a valid sample.
- (ii) Samples shall be grab samples taken *at least* three separate times during a storm event and shall be *representative* of the flow and characteristics of the discharge(s). Samples may be taken manually or by an in-situ turbidity probe or other automatic sampling device equipped to take individual turbidity readings (i.e. not composite). The first sample shall be taken within the first hour of stormwater discharge from the site. In cases where samples are collected manually and the discharge begins outside of normal working hours, the first sample shall be taken at the start of normal working hours.

(C) Sampling Locations

- (i) Sampling is required of all point source discharges of stormwater from disturbed areas except as may be modified for linear projects under subparagraph (ii) below. Where there are two or more discharge points that discharge substantially identical runoff, based on similarities of the exposed soils, slope, and type of stormwater controls used, a sample may be taken from just one of the discharge points. In such case, the permittee shall report that the results also apply to the substantially identical discharge point(s). No more than 5 substantially identical outfalls may be identified for one representative discharge. If such project is planned to continue for more than one year, the permittee shall rotate twice per year the location where samples are taken so that a different discharge point is sampled every six months. The Plan must identify each outfall authorized by this permit and describe the rationale for any substantially identical outfall determinations.

(ii) Linear Projects

For a linear project, as defined in Section 2, the protocols of subparagraph (i), above, shall apply except that up to 10 substantially identical outfalls may be identified for one representative discharge.

- (iii) All sampling point(s) shall be identified in the Plan and be clearly marked in the field with a flag, stake, or other visible marker.

(D) Sampling and analysis shall be prescribed by 40 CFR Part 136.

(E) Turbidity Values

The stormwater discharge turbidity value for each sampling point shall be determined by taking the average of the turbidity values of all samples taken at that sampling point during a given storm.

(2) Stormwater Monitoring Reports

- (A) Within thirty (30) days following the end of each month, permittees shall enter the stormwater sampling result(s) on the Stormwater Monitoring Report (SMR) form (available at www.ct.gov/deep/stormwater) and submit it in accordance with the NetDMR provisions in subsection F, below, or, if the permittee has opted out of NetDMR, to the following address:

Bureau of Materials Management and Compliance Assurance
Water Permitting and Enforcement Division (Attn: DMR Processing)
Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection
79 Elm Street
Hartford, CT 06106-5127

- (B) If there was no discharge during any given monitoring period, the permittee shall submit the form as required with the words “no discharge” entered in place of the monitoring results.
- (C) If the permittee monitors any discharge more frequently than required by this general permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in additional SMRs for the month in which the samples were collected.
- (D) If sampling protocols are modified due to the limitations of normal working hours or unsafe conditions in accordance with Section 5(c)(1)(A)(ii) or (iii) above, a description of and reason for the modifications shall be included with the SMR.
- (E) If the permittee samples a discharge that is representative of two or more substantially identical discharge points, the permittee shall include the names or locations of the other discharge points.
- (F) NetDMR Reporting Requirements

- (i) Prior to one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the issuance of this permit, the Permittee may either submit monitoring data and other reports to the Department in hard copy form or electronically using NetDMR, a web-based tool that allows Permittees to electronically submit stormwater monitoring reports through a secure internet connection. Unless otherwise approved in writing by the commissioner, no later than one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the issuance of this permit the Permittee shall begin reporting electronically using NetDMR. Specific requirements regarding subscription to NetDMR and submittal of data and reports in hard copy form and for submittal using NetDMR are described below:

(a) Submittal of NetDMR Subscriber Agreement

On or before fifteen (15) days after the issuance of this permit, the Permittee and/or the person authorized to sign the Permittee’s discharge monitoring reports (“Signatory Authority”) as described in RCSA Section 22a-430-3(b)(2) shall contact the Department at deep.netdmr@ct.gov and initiate the NetDMR subscription process for electronic submission of Stormwater Monitoring Report information. Information on NetDMR is available on the Department’s website at www.ct.gov/deep/netdmr. On or before ninety (90) days after issuance of this permit the Permittee shall submit a signed and notarized copy of the *Connecticut DEEP NetDMR Subscriber Agreement* to the Department.

(b) Submittal of Reports Using NetDMR

Unless otherwise approved by the commissioner, on or before one-hundred and eighty (180) days after issuance of this permit, the Permittee and/or the Signatory Authority shall electronically submit SMRs required under this permit to the Department using NetDMR in satisfaction of the SMR submission requirements of Sections 5(c)(2)(A) of this permit.

SMRs shall be submitted electronically to the Department no later than the 30th day of the month following the completed reporting period. Any additional monitoring conducted in accordance with 40 CFR 136 shall be submitted to the Department as an electronic attachment to the SMR in NetDMR. Once a Permittee begins submitting reports using NetDMR, it will no longer be required to submit hard copies of SMRs to the Department. NetDMR is accessed from: <http://www.epa.gov/netdmr>.

(c) Submittal of NetDMR Opt-Out Requests

If the Permittee is able to demonstrate a reasonable basis, such as technical or administrative infeasibility, that precludes the use of NetDMR for electronically submitting SMRs, the commissioner may approve the submission of SMRs in hard copy form (“opt-out request”). Opt-out requests must be submitted in writing to the Department for written approval on or before fifteen (15) days prior to the date a Permittee would be required under this permit to begin filing SMRs using NetDMR. This demonstration shall be valid for twelve (12) months from the date of the Department’s approval and shall thereupon expire. At such time, SMRs shall be submitted electronically to the Department using NetDMR unless the Permittee submits a renewed opt-out request and such request is approved by the Department.

All opt-out requests and requests for the NetDMR subscriber form should be sent to the following address or by email at deep.netdmr@ct.gov:

Attn: NetDMR Coordinator
Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection
79 Elm Street
Hartford, CT 06106-5127

(d) Reporting and Record Keeping Requirements

- (1) For a period of at least five years from the date that construction is complete, the permittee shall retain copies of the Plan and all reports required by this general permit, and records of all data used to complete the registration for this general permit, unless the commissioner specifies another time period in writing. Inspection records must be retained as part of the Plan for a period of five (5) years after the date of inspection.
- (2) The permittee shall retain an updated copy of the Plan required by this general permit at the construction site from the date construction is initiated at the site until the date construction at the site is completed.

(e) *Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Incorporated into this General Permit*

The permittee shall comply with sections 22a-430-3 and 22a-430-4 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies which are hereby incorporated into this general permit, as if fully set forth herein.

(f) *Reliance on Registration*

In evaluating the registrant's registration, the commissioner has relied on information provided by the registrant. If such information proves to be false or incomplete, any authorization reliant on such information may be suspended or revoked in accordance with law, and the commissioner may take any other legal action provided by law.

(g) *Duty to Correct and Report Violations*

Upon learning of a violation of a condition of this general permit, unless otherwise specified in this general permit, a permittee shall immediately take all reasonable action to determine the cause of such violation, correct and mitigate the results of such violation, prevent further such violation, and report in writing such violation and such corrective action to the commissioner within five (5) days of the permittee's learning of such violation. Such information shall be filed in accordance with the "Certification of Documents" section (Section 5(i)) of this general permit.

(h) *Duty to Provide Information*

If the commissioner requests any information pertinent to the construction activity or to compliance with this general permit or with the permittee's authorization under this general permit, the permittee shall provide such information within fifteen (15) days of such request or other time period as may be specified in writing by the commissioner. Such information shall be filed in accordance with the "Certification of Documents" section (Section 5(i)) of this general permit.

(i) *Certification of Documents*

Unless otherwise specified in this general permit, any document, including but not limited to any notice, information or report, which is submitted to the commissioner under this general permit shall be signed by the permittee, or a duly authorized representative of the permittee, and by the individual or individuals responsible for actually preparing such document, each of whom shall certify in writing as follows:

"I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments thereto, and I certify that, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining the information, the submitted information is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I understand that a false statement made in this document or its attachments may be punishable as a criminal offense, in accordance with section 22a-6 of the Connecticut General Statutes, pursuant to section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes, and in accordance with any other applicable statute."

(j) *Date of Filing*

For purposes of this general permit, the date of filing with the commissioner of any document is the date such document is received by the commissioner. The word "day" as used in this general permit means the calendar day; if any date specified in the general permit falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, such deadline shall be the next business day thereafter.

(k) *False Statements*

Any false statement in any information submitted pursuant to this general permit may be punishable as a criminal offense, in accordance with section 22a-6 of the Connecticut General Statutes, pursuant to section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(l) *Correction of Inaccuracies*

Within fifteen (15) days after the date a permittee becomes aware of a change in any information in any material submitted pursuant to this general permit, or becomes aware that any such information is inaccurate or misleading or that any relevant information has been omitted, such permittee shall correct the inaccurate or misleading information or supply the omitted information in writing to the commissioner. Such information shall be filed in accordance with the certification requirements prescribed in Section 5(i) of this general permit.

(m) *Transfer of Authorization*

Any authorization issued by the commissioner under this general permit is transferable only in accordance with the provisions of section 22a-6o of the General Statutes. Any person or municipality proposing to transfer any such authorization shall submit a license transfer form to the commissioner. The transferee is not authorized to conduct any activities under this general permit until the transfer is approved by the commissioner (typically 30 days). The transferee may adopt by reference the Plan developed by the transferor. The transferee shall amend the Plan as required by the “Keeping Plans Current” Section 5(b)(5) of this general permit).

(n) *Reopener*

At such time as the USEPA may institute a new rule for post-construction stormwater management or modify the requirements for their National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Permit for Discharges from Construction Activities (CGP) to institute a numeric Effluent Limitation Guideline (ELG) for turbidity in stormwater discharges from construction activities, the commissioner may reopen this general permit pursuant to the Section 40 Part 122.62(a) of the Code of Federal Regulations for implementation of these elements.

(o) *Other Applicable Law*

Nothing in this general permit shall relieve the permittee of the obligation to comply with any other applicable federal, state and local law, including but not limited to the obligation to obtain any other authorizations required by such law.

(p) *Other Rights*

This general permit is subject to and does not derogate any present or future rights or powers of the State of Connecticut and conveys no rights in real or personal property nor any exclusive privileges, and is subject to all public and private rights and to any federal, state, and local laws pertinent to the property or construction activity affected by such general permit. In conducting any construction activity authorized hereunder, the permittee may not cause pollution, impairment, or destruction of the air, water, or other natural resources of this state. The issuance of this general permit shall not create any presumption that this general permit should or will be renewed.

Section 6. Termination Requirements

(a) *Notice of Termination*

At the completion of a construction project registered pursuant to the “Registration Requirements” section (Section 4) of this general permit, a Notice of Termination must be filed with the commissioner. A project shall be considered complete after all post-construction measures are installed, cleaned and functioning and the site has been stabilized for at least three months following the cessation of construction activities. A site is considered stabilized when there is no active erosion or sedimentation present and no disturbed areas remain exposed **for all phases**.

(1) Post-Construction Inspection

For locally approvable projects, once all post-construction stormwater measures have been installed in accordance with the Post-Construction Stormwater Management section (subsection 5(b)(2)(C)) and cleaned of any construction sediment or debris, the registrant shall contact the appropriate Conservation District or a qualified soil erosion and sediment control professional and/or a qualified professional engineer, as appropriate, who will inspect the site to confirm compliance with these post-construction stormwater measures. This person(s) shall not be an employee, as defined by the Internal Revenue Service in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, of the permittee and shall have no ownership interest of any kind in the project for which the site’s registration was submitted.

(2) Final Stabilization Inspection

For all projects, once the site has been stabilized for at least three months, the registrant shall have the site inspected by a qualified inspector to confirm final stabilization. The registrant shall indicate compliance with this requirement on the Notice of Termination form.

(b) *Termination Form*

A termination notice shall be filed on forms prescribed and provided by the commissioner and shall include the following:

- (1) The permit number as provided to the permittee on the permit certificate.
- (2) The name of the registrant as reported on the general permit registration form (DEEP-PED-REG-015).
- (3) The address of the completed construction site.
- (4) The dates when:
 - (A) All storm drainage structures were cleaned of construction debris pursuant to the “Other Controls” section (subsection 5(b)(2)(D)) of this general permit; and
 - (B) The post-construction inspection was conducted pursuant to subsection 6(a)(1), above; and
 - (C) The date of completion of construction; and
 - (D) The date of the final stabilization inspection pursuant to subsection 6(a)(2), above.
- (5) A description of the post-construction activities at the site.

(6) Signatures of:

(A) The permittee; and

(B) The person certifying the post-construction inspection pursuant to subsection 6(a)(1), above.

(c) *Where to File a Termination Form*

A termination form shall be filed with the commissioner at the following address:

CENTRAL PERMITS PROCESSING UNIT
BUREAU OF MATERIALS MANAGEMENT & COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY & ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
79 ELM STREET
HARTFORD, CT 06106-5127

Section 7. Commissioner's Powers

(a) *Abatement of Violations*

The commissioner may take any action provided by law to abate a violation of this general permit, including but not limited to penalties of up to \$25,000 per violation per day under Chapter 446k of the Connecticut General Statutes, for such violation. The commissioner may, by summary proceedings or otherwise and for any reason provided by law, including violation of this general permit, revoke a permittee's authorization hereunder in accordance with sections 22a-3a-2 through 22a-3a-6, inclusive, of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies. Nothing herein shall be construed to affect any remedy available to the commissioner by law.

(b) *General Permit Revocation, Suspension, or Modification*

The commissioner may, for any reason provided by law, by summary proceedings or otherwise, revoke or suspend this general permit or modify to establish any appropriate conditions, schedules of compliance, or other provisions which may be necessary to protect human health or the environment.

(c) *Filing of an Individual Permit Application*

If the commissioner notifies a permittee in writing that such permittee must obtain an individual permit if he wishes to continue lawfully conducting the construction activity, the permittee shall file an application for an individual permit within thirty (30) days of receiving the commissioner's notice. While such application is pending before the commissioner, the permittee shall continue to comply with the terms and conditions of this general permit. Nothing herein shall affect the commissioner's power to revoke a permittee's authorization under this general permit at any time.

Issued:

August 21, 2013


Daniel C. Esty
Commissioner

General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities

APPENDIX A

Endangered and Threatened Species

In order to be eligible for coverage under the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities (“GP” or “the GP”), under section 3(b)(2) of the GP, a registrant must ensure that the construction activity, which includes, but is not limited to, excavation, site development or other ground disturbance activities, and stormwater flow, discharges and control measures (“construction activity”), does not threaten the continued existence of any state or federal species listed as endangered or threatened (“listed species”) or result in the destruction or adverse modification of any habitat associated with such species.

In order to prevent significant, unforeseen delays in the processing of a registration under the GP, registrants should assess compliance with section 3(b)(2) early in the planning stages of a project. The Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (“the Department”) strongly recommends that this assessment *be initiated up to one year, or more*, prior to the projected construction initiation date, and even before the purchase of the site of the construction activity. At a minimum, registrants must assess compliance with section 3(b)(2) prior to submission of the Registration Form for the GP.

This Appendix describes the ways that a registrant can comply with section 3(b)(2) of the GP. In connection with the filing of a registration a registrant can perform a self-assessment described in Section 1, seek a limited one-year determination or a safe harbor determination from the Department’s Wildlife Division under Sections 2 or 3, respectively, or stipulate in writing to the presence of listed species or any habitat associated with such species and develop a mitigation plan pursuant to Section 5 of this Appendix. While some means of compliance are more limited than others, the options set out in this Appendix are not mutually exclusive and all options remain available to a registrant. For example, a registrant may perform a self-assessment under Section 1 and seek a safe harbor determination under Section 3 of this Appendix. Provided the requirements of this Appendix are met, the choice of how to proceed is the registrant’s.

Section 1. Self Assessment through Natural Diversity Database Map Review and Screening

Before submission of a registration for coverage under this GP, a registrant must review the current versions of the Department’s Natural Diversity Data Base (“NDDB”) maps. Except as provided for in Sections 2, 3 or 5 of this Appendix, such review must occur no more than six months before such submission. Such review provides a method for screening whether the Department is already aware of listed species that may be present on the site of the construction activity. These maps can be viewed at the following locations:

1. Online at the following links:

[CT DEEP Natural Diversity Data Base Maps](#)
[CTECO Webpage](#) (in the interactive Simple Map Viewer)

2. At the DEEP Public File Room at 79 Elm Street in Hartford.

Screening

The site of the construction activity must be compared to the shaded areas depicted on the NDDDB map to determine if the site is entirely, partially, or within ¼ mile of a shaded area. If the site is entirely, partially or within a ¼ mile of a shaded area for a listed species a registrant can only achieve compliance with section 3(b)(2) of the GP by obtaining a limited one-year determination under Section 2, a safe harbor determination under Section 3, or an approved mitigation plan under Section 5 of this Appendix from the Department's Wildlife Division.

If the site of the construction activity is not entirely, partially or within ¼ mile of a shaded area, then the Department is not aware of any listed species at the site of the construction activity. Based upon this screening, and provided the registrant has no reasonably available verifiable, scientific or other credible information that the construction activity could reasonably be expected to violate section 3(b)(2) of the GP, when completing the Registration Form for this GP a registrant may check the box that indicates that the construction activity will not impact federal or state listed species.

A registrant using only self-assessment under this section may utilize the results of any such self assessment for up to, but no more than, six months from the date of such assessment. Note, however, that the NDDDB maps are not the result of comprehensive state-wide field investigations, but rather serve as a screening tool. Using such maps as a screening tool does not provide a registrant with an assurance that listed species or their associated habitat may not be encountered at the site of the construction activity. Notwithstanding the NDDDB screening results, if a listed species is encountered at the site of the construction activity, the registrant shall promptly contact the Department and may need to take additional action to ensure that the registrant does not violate section 3(b)(2) of the GP.

Section 2. Obtaining a Limited One-Year Determination

A registrant may seek a written determination from the Department's Wildlife Division, good for one-year, that the proposed construction activity complies with section 3(b)(2) of the GP. To obtain this limited one-year determination, a registrant must, in addition to conducting the NDDDB map review in Section 1 of this Appendix, provide the Department's Wildlife Division with (1) any reasonably available verifiable, scientific or other credible information about whether the construction activity could reasonably be expected to result in a violation of section 3(b)(2) of the GP, and (2) limited information about the site of the proposed construction activity, but less information than would be necessary for a safe harbor determination under Section 3 of this Appendix. The limited information necessary for a one-year determination is on the current "Request for Natural Diversity Database (NDDDB) State Listed Species Review" form on the Department's website. The form and instructions for seeking such a limited one-year determination are available at www.ct.gov/DEEP/nddbrequest.

Provided the registrant's information is accurate and the Department's Wildlife Division determines that the construction activity will not violate section 3(b)(2) of the GP, the registrant shall receive a limited one-year determination from the Department. Any such determination may indicate that the construction activity will not impact listed species or their associated habitat, or it may include specific conditions to be implemented to avoid or significantly minimize any impacts that may be encountered at the site of the construction activity. For purposes of submitting a registration for the GP, any such limited one-year determination can be relied upon by the person receiving such determination for one-year from the date of such determination. Like, however, the NDDDB screening procedure in Section 1 of this Appendix, a limited one-year determination does not provide a registrant with an assurance that listed species or their associated habitat may not be encountered at the site of the construction activity. If a listed species is encountered, the registrant shall promptly contact the Department

and may need to take additional action to ensure that the construction activity does not violate section 3(b)(2) of the GP.

If a registrant receives a limited one-year determination from the Department, the registrant should check the limited one-year determination box on the GP registration form and include the Department's one-year limited determination letter if requested on the GP Registration form. Checking the limited one-year determination box on the registration form and failing to provide the determination letter from the Department's Wildlife Division, if requested on the GP Registration form, will delay and may prevent processing of a registration.

If based upon the information provided by a registrant seeking a limited one-year determination the Department's Wildlife Division determines that the construction activity could impact listed species or their associated habitat, or that the Department needs additional information to make a limited one-year determination, the registrant may still achieve compliance with section 3(b)(2) of the GP through providing additional information pursuant to Section 4 or developing a mitigation plan pursuant to Section 5 of this Appendix.

A registrant may request one or more one-year extensions to a limited one-year determination under this section. If the Department's Wildlife Division has prescribed a form for requesting an extension, any such request shall be made using the prescribed form. There is a presumption that requests for a one-year extension of a limited one-year determination shall be granted. However, this presumption can be rebutted if the Department determines that a change in any of the following has occurred since an initial limited one-year determination or any extension was granted: the construction activity affecting or potentially affecting listed species or their associated habitat; the NDDDB maps for the site of the construction activity; the limited information upon which a limited one-year determination or any extension was granted; or other information indicative of a change in circumstance affecting listed species or their associated habitat. Any one-year extension granted under this paragraph shall run from the date the Department's Wildlife Division issues its determination to grant an extension and shall be treated as a limited one-year determination as provided for in this section. Any letter granting a one-year extension shall be included with a registration along with the original limited one-year determination as provided for in this section.

Section 3. Obtaining a Safe Harbor Determination

A registrant may seek a written determination from the Department's Wildlife Division, good for three years, with the potential to be extended for an additional year, that proposed construction activity complies with section 3(b)(2) of the GP. Any such determination shall constitute a "safe harbor" for purposes of section 3(b)(2) of the GP.

To obtain a safe harbor determination, a registrant must, in addition to conducting the NDDDB review in section 1 of this Appendix, provide the Department's Wildlife Division with any reasonably available verifiable, scientific or other credible information about whether the construction activity could reasonably be expected to result in a violation of section 3(b)(2) of the GP and specific information about the site of the construction activity. The specific information necessary for a safe harbor determination is listed in Attachment A to this Appendix. This information must be sufficient to allow the Wildlife Division to adequately assess the site for potential risks to listed species and their associated habitat. While the Department recognizes certain information is necessary to make a safe harbor determination, it also recognizes that a registrant may need to obtain a safe harbor determination early in its project's approval process in order to make prudent business decisions about purchasing a site or proceeding to final project designs. The form and instructions for seeking a safe harbor determination are available at www.ct.gov/DEEP/nddbrequest.

Provided the registrant's information is accurate and the Department's Wildlife Division determines that the construction activity will not violate section 3(b)(2) of the GP, the registrant shall receive a safe harbor determination from the Department. A safe harbor determination may indicate that the construction activity will not impact listed species or their associated habitat, or it may include specific conditions to be implemented to avoid or significantly minimize any impacts that may be encountered at the site of the construction activity. The Department shall honor the safe harbor determination for three years from the date it is issued, meaning that unlike the NDDDB review in Section 1 or the limited one-year determination in Section 2 of this Appendix, if the Department makes a safe harbor determination and a registrant remains in compliance with any conditions in any such determination, irrespective of what may be found at the site of the construction activity, a registrant shall be considered in compliance with section 3(b)(2) of the GP. However, a safe harbor determination shall not be effective if a construction activity may threaten the continued existence of any federally listed species or its critical habitat under federal law. If a federally listed species or its critical habitat is encountered on the site of the construction activity, the registrant shall promptly contact the Department and may need to take additional action to ensure that the construction activity does not violate federal law or section 3(b)(2) of the GP.

If a registrant receives a safe harbor determination from the Department, the registrant should check the safe harbor determination box on the GP registration form and include the Department's safe harbor determination if requested on the GP Registration form. Checking the safe harbor box on the registration form and failing to provide the safe harbor determination letter from the Department's Wildlife Division, if requested on the GP Registration form, will delay and may prevent processing of a registration.

If based upon the information provided by a registrant seeking a safe harbor determination the Department's Wildlife Division determines that the construction activity could impact listed species or their associated habitat, or that the Department needs additional information to make a safe harbor determination, the registrant may still achieve compliance with section 3(b)(2) of the GP through providing additional information pursuant to Section 4 or developing a mitigation plan pursuant to Section 5 of this Appendix.

If a registrant receives a safe harbor determination from the Department's Wildlife Division, anytime during the third year of such safe harbor, a registrant may request a one-year extension of that safe harbor. If the Department's Wildlife Division has prescribed a form for requesting an extension, any such request shall be made using the prescribed form. There is a presumption that a request for a one-year extension of a safe harbor shall be granted. However, this presumption can be rebutted if the Department determines that a change in any of the following has occurred since the safe harbor was granted: the construction activity affecting or potentially affecting listed species or their associated habitat; the NDDDB maps for the site of the construction activity; the information upon which the safe harbor was granted; or other information indicative of a change in circumstance affecting listed species or their associated habitat. A registrant may seek only one extension, for one-year, to a safe harbor determination. Any one-year extension granted under this paragraph shall run from the date of the Department's Wildlife Division issues its determination to grant an extension and shall be honored by the Department in the same manner as a safe harbor determination noted above. Any letter granting a one-year extension shall be included with a registration along with the original limited safe harbor determination as provided for in this section.

Section 4. Providing Additional Information

For the Department's Wildlife Division to make a limited one-year determination under Section 2 or a safe harbor determination under section 3 of this Appendix, limited additional information may be required to determine if the construction activity would impact listed species or their associated habitat. If the species in question is a state listed endangered or threatened species under section 26-306 of the general statutes, a registrant shall, in consultation with the Department's Wildlife Division, provide the limited additional

information requested by the Department's Wildlife Division. Such information may include, but is not limited to, a survey of specific listed species in question. If the species in question is a federally listed threatened or endangered species, in addition to the Department's Wildlife Division, a registrant shall also consult with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and shall provide any additional information requested by that agency. A registrant that initially sought or obtained a limited one-year determination may, after providing the additional information required under this section request a safe harbor determination under Section 3 of this Appendix.

At any time, as an alternative to proceeding under Section 2, 3 or 4 of this Appendix, a registrant may stipulate, in writing, to the presence of one or more listed species or their associated habitat. A registrant choosing this alternative shall proceed to develop a mitigation plan under Section 5 of this Appendix.

If based upon any additional information provided to the Department's Wildlife Division, and as applicable, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, the Department's Wildlife division determines that construction activity will be in compliance with section 3(b)(2) of the GP, a registrant shall receive a limited one-year determination under Section 2 or a safe harbor determination under Section 3 of this Appendix, as applicable.

If the Department's Wildlife Division determines that additional information is necessary to determine if the construction activity has the potential to impact listed species or their associated habitat, and a registrant chooses to not provide such information, a registrant shall proceed with the self assessment through an NDDB review under Section 1 of this Appendix, or stipulate to the existence of a listed species or associated habitat and develop a mitigation plan under Section 5 or such registrant shall not be eligible to register under the GP.

Section 5. Developing a Mitigation Plan

The Department's Wildlife Division may determine that the construction activity has the potential to adversely impact listed species or their associated habitat. However, it may be possible to modify the construction activity or undertake certain on-site measures to avoid or significantly minimize such impacts. If the species or associated habitat in question is a state listed endangered or threatened species under section 26-306 of the general statutes, a registrant shall consult with the Department's Wildlife Division to determine if an acceptable mitigation plan can be developed so impacts can be avoided or minimized such that a registrant remains in compliance with section 3(b)(2). If the species in question is a federally listed threatened or endangered species, any such consultation shall also include the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

If a registrant in consultation with the Department's Wildlife Division, and as applicable, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, develops a mitigation plan that is approved by the Department's Wildlife Division, or as applicable, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, the registrant shall receive a limited one-year determination under Section 2 or a safe harbor determination under Section 3 of this Appendix. In this situation, in addition to checking the one-year determination box or the safe harbor determination box, as applicable, on the registration form, the registrant shall also check the box on the registration form indicating that it has an approved mitigation plan and provide a status update on the registration form as to whether it has completed or is still in the process of implementing the approved mitigation plan.

If an approved mitigation plan has not been fully implemented by the time a registration is submitted, completing all remaining tasks in the plan shall become an enforceable condition of any registration issued to the registrant.

If the Department determines that the construction activity has the potential to adversely impact listed species or their associated habitat and the registrant and the Department, and as applicable, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, are not able to agree on an acceptable mitigation plan that is approved by the Department, and as applicable, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, any such registrant shall not be eligible to register under the GP.

APPENDIX A **ATTACHMENT A**

Specific Information Needed to Apply for a Safe Harbor Determination

A Safe Harbor Determination will be made upon the submission of a detailed report that fully addresses the matters noted below. For the Department's Wildlife Division to make a safe harbor determination, the report should synthesize and analyze this information, not simply compile information. Those providing synthesis and analysis need appropriate qualifications and experience. A request for a safe harbor determination shall include:

1) Habitat Information, including GIS mapping overlays, identifying:

- wetlands, including wetland cover types;
- plant community types;
- topography;
- soils;
- bedrock geology;
- floodplains, if any;
- land use history; and
- water quality classifications/criteria.

2) Photographs - The report should also include photographs of the site, including all reasonably available aerial or satellite photographs and an analysis of such photographs.

3) Inspection - The report should include a visual inspection(s) of the site, preferably when the ground is visible. This inspection can also be helpful in confirming or further evaluating the items noted above.

4) Biological Surveys - The report should include all biological surveys of the site where construction activity will take place that are reasonably available to a registrant. A registrant shall notify the Department's Wildlife Division of biological studies of the site where construction activity will take place that a registrant is aware of but are not reasonably available to the registrant.

5) Based on items #1 through 4 above, the report shall include a Natural Resources Inventory of the site of the construction activity. This inventory should also include a review of reasonably available scientific literature and any recommendations for minimizing adverse impacts from the proposed construction activity on listed species or their associated habitat.

6) In addition, to the extent the following is available at the time a safe harbor determination is requested, a request for a safe harbor determination shall include and assess:

- Information on Site Disturbance Estimates/Site Alteration information
- Vehicular Use
- Construction Activity Phasing Schedules, if any; and
- Alternation of Drainage Patterns

General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities

APPENDIX B

Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection Inland Water Resources Division Fact Sheet Considering Low Impact Development Principles in Site Design

In order to reduce the impact of development and address stormwater quality issues, the Department strongly encourages the use of Low Impact Development (LID) measures. LID is a site design strategy intended to maintain or replicate predevelopment hydrology through the use of small-scale controls, integrated throughout the site, to manage stormwater runoff as close to its source as possible. Infiltration of stormwater through LID helps to remove sediments, nutrients, heavy metals, and other types of pollutants from runoff.

Key Strategies for LID

Key strategies for effective LID include: infiltrating, filtering, and storing as much stormwater as feasible, managing stormwater close to where the rain/snow falls, managing stormwater at multiple locations throughout the landscape, conserving and restoring natural vegetation and soils, preserving open space and minimizing land disturbance, designing the site to minimize impervious surfaces, and providing for maintenance and education. Water quality and quantity benefits are maximized when multiple techniques are grouped together. In areas of compacted and/or possibly contaminated soils, soil suitability should be further investigated prior to selecting optimum treatment and/or remediation measures. Where soil conditions permit, the DEEP encourages the utilization of one, or a combination of, the following measures:

- the use of pervious pavement or grid pavers (which are very compatible for parking lot and fire lane applications), or impervious pavement without curbs or with notched curbs to direct runoff to properly designed and installed infiltration areas;
- the use of vegetated swales, tree box filters, and/or infiltration islands to infiltrate and treat stormwater runoff (from building roofs, roads, and parking lots);
- the minimization of access road widths and parking lot areas to the maximum extent possible to reduce the area of impervious surface;
- the use of dry wells to manage runoff from building roofs;
- incorporation of proper physical barriers or operational procedures for special activity areas where pollutants could potentially be released (e.g. loading docks, maintenance and service areas, dumpsters, etc.);
- the installation of rainwater harvesting systems to capture stormwater from building roofs for the purpose of reuse for irrigation (i.e. - rain barrels for residential use and cisterns for larger developments);
- the use of residential rain gardens to manage runoff from roofs and driveways;
- the use of vegetated roofs (green roofs) to detain, absorb, and reduce the volume of roof runoff; and
- providing for pollution prevention measures to reduce the introduction of pollutants to the environment.

The [2004 Stormwater Quality Manual LID Appendix](#) and the [2002 Erosion and Sediment Control Guidelines LID Appendix](#) both provide guidance on implementing LID measures. A guide to LID resources can also be found in the [DEEP Low Impact Development Resources Factsheet](#) (PDF).

LID in Urban Areas

If the proposed site is located in a highly urbanized area, it is likely underlain by urban land complex soils. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Soil Web Survey (<http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm>) provides information on soil textures, parent materials, slopes, height of seasonal high water table, depth to restrictive layer, and permeability. In highly developed areas, infiltration may be limited due to the high percentage of impervious cover. However, infiltration practices may be suitable at urban sites depending on:

- Potential contamination of soils in historically industrialized areas. The siting of areas for infiltration must consider any existing soil or groundwater contamination.
- Site specific soil conditions. NRCS mapping consists of a minimum 3 acres map unit and soils may vary substantially within each mapping unit. Test pits should be dug in areas
- planned for infiltration practices to verify soil suitability and/or limitations.
- Investigation of areas of compacted soils and the utilization of proper construction staging. Planning should insure that areas to be used for infiltration are not compacted during the construction process by vehicles or machinery.

Even if infiltration is limited at a site, it is still possible to implement LID practices. Specifically, potential exists for the installation of green roofs on buildings and/or the use of cisterns to capture and reuse rainwater.

LID in Areas with a High Seasonal Water Table or Hardpan Layer

- The impact of stormwater runoff to any streams and/or wetlands near the site should be considered. Water quality treatment is influenced by hydraulic conductivity and time of travel. If stormwater infiltration is limited by an impermeable layer close to the surface, the water may run laterally through the ground and discharge to the stream or wetlands, providing limited water quality treatment. However, a longer time of travel may provide sufficient treatment. Proper soil testing for infiltration potential will increase the likelihood of successful BMP design.
- In areas with a high seasonal water table, bioretention areas/rain gardens should be planted with water tolerant/wetland plants. The presence of a high seasonal water table suggests that water may drain slowly or not at all during certain parts of the year. Planting native wetland vegetation will help to ensure plant survival and increase the effectiveness of bioretention practices. Information on native plantings that are both drought tolerant and tolerant of wet conditions can be found in The UConn Cooperative Extension System's guide to building a rain garden at http://nemo.uconn.edu/publications/rain_garden_broch.pdf. Native plant lists for Connecticut can also be found at <http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/rdsduse/ct.htm>.

LID Guidance for Federal Projects

- LID techniques have been utilized by Department of Defense (DoD) agencies during the last several years. The effectiveness of these projects in managing runoff as well as reducing construction and maintenance costs has created significant interest in LID. The DoD has created a Unified Facilities Criteria document, Low Impact Development that provides guidelines for integrating LID planning and design into a facility's regulatory and resource protection programs. It is available on-line at: http://www.wbdg.org/ccb/DOD/UFC/ufc_3_210_10.pdf.
- Section 438 of the Energy Independence and Security Act (EISA) of 2007 requires federal agencies to reduce stormwater runoff from federal development projects to protect water resources. In December 2009, the EPA developed a technical guidance document on implementing the stormwater runoff requirements for federal projects under Section 438 of EISA. The document contains guidance on how compliance with Section 438 can be achieved, measured and evaluated and can be found at: http://www.epa.gov/owow/NPS/lid/section438/pdf/final_sec438_eisa.pdf.

For more information contact the CT DEEP Watershed Management/Low Impact Development Program:

Name	Area	Telephone
MaryAnn Nusom Haverstock	Program Oversight/ Low Impact Development	(860) 424-3347
Chris Malik	Watershed Manager	(860) 424-3959
Susan Peterson	Watershed Manager	(860) 424-3854
Eric Thomas	Watershed Manager	(860) 424-3548

List of Runoff Reduction/LID Practices

Re-Forestation
Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff
Disconnection of Non-Rooftop Runoff
Sheetflow to Conservation Areas
Green Roof
Permeable Pavement
Rainwater Harvesting
Submerged Gravel Wetlands
Micro-Infiltration
Rain Gardens
Bioretention
Landscape Infiltration
Grass Swales
Bio-swales
Wet Swales
Stormwater Ponds
Stormwater Wetlands
Stormwater Filtering Systems
Stormwater Infiltration



General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities

APPENDIX C

AQUIFER PROTECTION AREAS AND OTHER GROUNDWATER DRINKING SUPPLY AREAS GUIDANCE INFORMATION

The Pollution Control Plan (“the Plan”) should consider measures to reduce or mitigate potential impacts to both ground water (aquifers) and surface waters, taking into consideration both quantity and quality of the runoff. The emphasis should be to minimize, to the extent possible, changes between pre-development and post-development runoff rates and volumes.

The basic stormwater principals for Aquifer Protection Areas (and other groundwater drinking supply areas) are to prevent inadvertent pollution discharges/releases to the ground, while encouraging recharge of stormwater where it does not endanger groundwater quality. Measures include:

- prevent illicit discharges to storm water, including fuel/chemical pollution releases to the ground;
- minimize impervious coverage and disconnect large impervious areas with natural or landscape areas;
- direct paved surface runoff to aboveground type land treatment structures – sheet flow, surface swales, depressed grass islands, detention/retention and infiltration basins, and wet basins. These provide an opportunity for volatilization of volatile organic compounds to the extent possible before the stormwater can infiltrate into the ground;
- provide necessary impervious pavement in high potential pollutant release areas. These “storm water hot spots” include certain land use types or storage and loading areas, fueling areas, intensive parking areas and roadways (see table below);
- only use subsurface recharge structures such as dry wells, galleries, or leaching trenches, to directly infiltrate clean runoff such as rooftops, or other clean surfaces. These structures do not adequately allow for attenuation of salts, solvents, fuels or other soluble compounds in groundwater that may be contained in runoff; and
- restrict pavement deicing chemicals, or use an environmentally suitable substitute such as sand only, or alternative de-icing agents such as calcium chloride or calcium magnesium.

Infiltration of stormwater should be **restricted** under the following site conditions:

- ***Land Uses or Activities with Potential for Higher Pollutant Loads:*** Infiltration of stormwater from these land uses or activities (refer to Table 7-5 below), also referred to as stormwater “hotspots,” can contaminate public and private groundwater supplies. Infiltration of stormwater from these land uses or activities may be allowed by the review authority with appropriate pretreatment. Pretreatment could consist of one or a combination of the primary or secondary treatment practices described in the Stormwater Quality Manual provided that the treatment practice is designed to remove the stormwater contaminants of concern.
- ***Subsurface Contamination:*** Infiltration of stormwater in areas with soil or groundwater contamination such as brownfield sites and urban redevelopment areas can mobilize contaminants.
- ***Groundwater Supply and Wellhead Areas:*** Infiltration of stormwater can potentially contaminate groundwater drinking water supplies in immediate public drinking water wellhead areas.

Land Uses or Activities with Potential for Higher Pollutant Loads
Table 7-5 of the 2004 Stormwater Quality Manual

<u>Land Use/Activities</u>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Industrial facilities subject to the DEEP Industrial Stormwater General Permit or the U.S. EPA National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Stormwater Permit Program • Vehicle salvage yards and recycling facilities • Vehicle fueling facilities (gas stations and other facilities with on-site vehicle fueling) • Vehicle service, maintenance, and equipment cleaning facilities • Fleet storage areas (cars, buses, trucks, public works) • Commercial parking lots with high intensity use (shopping malls, fast food restaurants, convenience stores, supermarkets, etc.) • Public works storage areas 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Road salt storage facilities (if exposed to rainfall) • Commercial nurseries • Flat metal rooftops of industrial facilities • Facilities with outdoor storage and loading/unloading of hazardous substances or materials, regardless of the primary land use of the facility or development • Facilities subject to chemical inventory reporting under Section 312 of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA), if materials or containers are exposed to rainfall • Marinas (service and maintenance) • Other land uses and activities as designated by the review authority

For further information regarding the design of stormwater collection systems in Aquifer Protection Areas, contact the Aquifer Protection Area Program at (860) 424-3020 or visit www.ct.gov/deep/aquiferprotection.



**General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters
from Construction Activities**

APPENDIX D

Coastal Management Act Determination Form

For sites within the Coastal Boundary, please attach this form and written approval from the local governing authority (or verification of exemption) to the Registration Form for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters From Construction Activities.

SITE INFORMATION

Future Permittee _____
Mailing Address _____
Business Phone _____ ext.: _____ Fax: _____
Contact Person _____ Title: _____
Site Name _____
Site Address/ Location _____
Site Latitude and Longitude _____
Receiving Water (name, basin) _____
Project Description _____

STATEMENT OF REVIEW:

<p>The above referenced project is consistent with the goals and policies in section 22a-92 of the Connecticut General Statutes and will not cause adverse impacts to coastal resources as defined in section 22a-93(15) of the Connecticut General Statutes.</p> <p>Date of Coastal Site Plan Approval: _____</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Copy of written approval attached, or</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Verification of exemption attached</p>

APPENDIX E
(Exhibit 3 of District/DEEP Memorandum of Agreement)

Conservation Districts of Connecticut
Regional Delineations and Contact Information

Northwest Conservation District
1185 New Litchfield Street
Torrington, CT 06790
Ph: 860-626-7222
Fax: 860-626-7222
Email: ncd@conservect.org

Eastern Connecticut Conservation District
238 West Town Street
Norwich, CT 06360-2111
Ph: 860-887-4163 x 400 Fax: 860-887-4082
Email: kate.johnson.eccd@comcast.net

Connecticut River Coastal Conservation District, Inc.
deKoven House Community Center
27 Washington Street
Middletown, CT 06457
Ph: 860-346-3282 Fax: 860-346-3284
Email: ctrivercoastal@conservect.org

Southwest Conservation District
51 Mill Pond Road
Hamden, CT 06514
Ph: 203-287-8179 Fax: 203-288-5077
Email: swcd43@sbcglobal.net

North Central Conservation District
24 Hyde Avenue
Vernon, CT 06066
Ph: 860-875-3881 Fax: 860-870-8973
Email: tollandc@snet.net

NORTHWEST	SOUTHWEST	NORTH CENTRAL	CT RIVER COASTAL	EASTERN
Barkhamsted	Ansonia	Avon	Berlin	Andover
Bethel	Beacon Falls	Bloomfield	Chester	Ashford
Bethlehem	Bethany	Bolton	Clinton	Bozrah
Bridgewater	Branford	Bristol	Colchester	Brooklyn
Brookfield	Bridgeport	Burlington	Cromwell	Canterbury
Canaan	Cheshire	Canton	Deep River	Chaplin
Colebrook	Darien	Coventry	Durham	Columbia
Cornwall	Derby	East Granby	East Haddam	Eastford
Danbury	East Haven	East Hartford	East Hampton	East Lyme
Goshen	Easton	East Windsor	Essex	Franklin
Hartland	Fairfield	Ellington	Haddam	Griswold
Harwinton	Greenwich	Enfield	Hebron	Groton
Kent	Guilford	Farmington	Killingworth	Hampton
Litchfield	Hamden	Glastonbury	Lyme	Killingly
Morris	Meriden	Granby	Madison	Lebanon
New Fairfield	Middlebury	Hartford	Marlborough	Ledyard
New Hartford	Milford	Manchester	Middlefield	Lisbon
New Milford	Monroe	Plainville	Middletown	Mansfield
Newtown	Naugatuck	Simsbury	Newington	Montville
Norfolk	New Canaan	Somers	New Britain	New
North Canaan	New Haven	South Windsor	Old Lyme	London
Plymouth	North Branford	Stafford	Old Saybrook	North
Roxbury	North Haven	Suffield	Portland	Stonington
Salisbury	Norwalk	Tolland	Rocky Hill	Norwich
Sharon	Orange	Vernon	Salem	Plainfield
Sherman	Oxford	West Hartford	Westbrook	Pomfret
Southbury	Prospect	Wethersfield		Preston
Thomaston	Redding	Willington		Putnam
Torrington	Ridgefield	Windsor		Scotland
Warren	Seymour	Windsor Locks		Sprague
Washington	Shelton			Sterling
Watertown	Southington			Stonington
Winchester	Stamford			Thompson
Woodbury	Stratford			Union
	Trumbull			Voluntown
	Wallingford			Waterford
	Waterbury			Windham
	West Haven			Woodstock
	Weston			
	Westport			
	Wilton			
	Wolcott			
	Woodbridge			

APPENDIX F

Memorandum of Agreement Between The Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection and the Conservation Districts of Connecticut

WHEREAS, the Commissioner of the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (“Department” or “DEEP”) is authorized by section 22a-6(2)(3) and (4) of the Connecticut General Statutes (“CGS”) to enter into this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the five Conservation Districts of Connecticut (collectively, the “Districts”), are not-for-profit corporations duly authorized, organized and existing under the laws of the State of Connecticut and are authorized by section 22a-315 of the CGS and section 22a-315-14 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies to enter into this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, section 22a-430b of the Connecticut General Statutes requires the Department to regulate stormwater discharges from construction activities under the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters Associated with Construction Activities (“the Construction General Permit” or “CGP”), which has been or shall be issued on October 1, 2013. The Construction General Permit requires the implementation of erosion and sedimentation controls to control the discharge of sediment from construction and post-construction discharges; and

WHEREAS, Construction General Permits require the preparation and implementation of a Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (“Plan” or “SWPCP”) to prevent erosion and the discharge of sediment to the waters of the state; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to section 22a-315 of the CGS, soil and water conservation districts and boards were established to advise the Commissioner on matters of soil and water conservation and erosion and sedimentation control and to assist the Commissioner in implementing programs related to soil and water conservation and erosion and sediment control; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to section 22a-315 of the CGS, the soil and water conservation districts and boards may receive funds from private sources for services provided to promote soil and water conservation and to assist the Commissioner in the implementation of related programs; and

WHEREAS, section 22a-326 of the CGS declares the policy of the state “to strengthen and extend its erosion and sediment control activities and programs and to establish and implement, through the Council on Soil and Water Conservation, soil and water conservation districts, the municipalities and the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection, a state-wide coordinated erosion and sediment control program which shall reduce the danger from storm water runoff, minimize nonpoint sediment pollution from land being developed and conserve and protect the land, water, air and other environmental resources of the state;” and

WHEREAS, the Districts have understanding and experience in reviewing erosion and sediment control plans because of their longstanding participation in the municipal approval process, as required by section 22a-329 of the CGS; and

WHEREAS, DEEP and the Districts are jointly dedicated to protecting the waters of the state by controlling the discharge of sediment and the pollution resulting from stormwater runoff.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and conditions hereinafter stated, the Parties agree as follows:

I. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CONSERVATION DISTRICTS.

For locally approvable projects, as defined in the Construction General Permit, with five (5) or more acres of soil disturbance, the appropriate District (as specified in Appendix E of the Construction General Permit, appended hereto as Exhibit 3) shall review Stormwater Pollution Control Plans submitted to the District in accordance with Section 3(b)(10) of the CGP, shall determine whether each such SWPCP is consistent with the requirements of the CGP, and shall advise the Commissioner in writing of its determination regarding the SWPCP's consistency.

A. Components of the SWPCP Review by the Districts

1. Requirements for Conducting a Review:

(a) SWPCP review shall be conducted by a District representative having one or more of the following minimum qualifications: (i) a bachelor's degree in hydrology, engineering (agricultural, civil, environmental, or chemical), landscape architecture, geology, soil science, environmental science, natural resources management, or a related field and two years of professional and field experience, or (ii) the EnviroCert International, Inc. designation as a Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control, or a Certified Professional in Storm Water Quality.

(b) All SWPCP reviews undertaken by a District shall be conducted in accordance with the guidelines and procedures established by DEEP in consultation with the Districts, as further described below, and shall include at least one inspection, and no more than 3 inspections, of the project site.

(c) The District shall begin a SWPCP review upon the receipt of the all of following: the developer's request for review, two copies of the proposed SWPCP, the payment of required fee in the amount specified in Exhibit 1 and the written permission of the developer to enter onto and inspect the project site. Once the District is in receipt of all the documents and the fee as delineated above, the developer's SWPCP shall be considered submitted to the District.

2. Determinations of Consistency by the District after Review of the SWPCP and Subsequent Procedures

(a) If the District determines the developer's SWPCP is:

(i) Consistent with the requirements of the Construction General Permit, the District shall issue an affirmative determination notice to both the developer or such developer's designee and to DEEP in order to advise them of the adequacy of the SWPCP. The District shall also provide a copy of the SWPCP to DEEP if requested by the Commissioner.

(ii) Not consistent with the requirements of the Construction General Permit, the District shall provide a written notice of such inconsistency to the developer or such developer's designee; such notice shall include a list of the SWPCP's deficiencies and any appropriate explanatory comments.

(b) If the developer's SWPCP is found to be inconsistent with the CGP, the developer may revise the SWPCP (the "Revised SWPCP") to address any deficiencies noted by the District and resubmit its Revised SWPCP to the District for review.

(c) If the District receives a Revised SWPCP in accordance with subsection (b) above, the District shall perform a review of the Revised SWPCP. If the Revised SWPCP is deemed:

(i) Consistent with the requirements of the Construction General Permit, the District shall (1) issue an affirmative determination notice to both the project developer or such project developer's designee and to DEEP to advise them of the adequacy of the SWPCP and (2) provide a copy of the SWPCP to the DEEP if requested by the Commissioner; or

(ii) Not consistent with the requirements of the CGP after this review, the District shall provide a written notice of such inconsistency to the developer or such developer's designee. This notice shall include a list of all remaining SWPCP deficiencies and any explanatory comments as appropriate.

(d) In the event the District determines after review of the Revised SWPCP in accordance with subsection (c), above, that the Revised SWPCP remains inconsistent with the requirements of the Construction General Permit, and the developer resubmits its Revised SWPCP *within 180 calendar days* of the District's original determination of inconsistency, the resubmitted Revised SWPCP shall be considered a Resubmission. As such, the resubmitted Revised SWPCP shall be reviewed by the District in accordance with the timeframes set forth in Section I.B., and other applicable sections of this document, and the fee shall be in accordance with Section II, below, and the Resubmission Fee in Exhibit 1.

(e) In the event the District determines after review of the Revised SWPCP in accordance with subsection (c), above, that the Revised SWPCP remains inconsistent with the requirements of the Construction General Permit, and the developer resubmits its Revised SWPCP *more than 180 calendar days after* the District's original determination of inconsistency, the resubmitted Revised SWPCP shall be considered a new submission. The newly submitted Revised SWPCP shall be reviewed by the District in accordance with the timeframes set forth in Section I.B., and other applicable sections of this document, and the fee shall be in accordance with Section II, below, and the SWPCP Review Fee in Exhibit 1.

(f) Revisions to a SWPCP subsequent to the District's prior approval of developer's SWPCP

(i) In the event the developer revises a SWPCP after the District has determined that the developer's SWPCP, prior to this revision, was consistent with the requirements of the Construction General Permit, and the developer submits the revised SWPCP to the District for review *within 180 calendar days* of the District's original determination of consistency, the SWPCP shall be considered a Post-Approval Resubmission. As a Post-Approval Resubmission, the SWPCP shall be reviewed by the District in accordance with the timeframes set forth in Section I.B., and other applicable sections of this document, and the fee shall be in accordance with Section II, below, and the Post-Approval Resubmission Fee in Exhibit 1.

(ii) In the event the developer revises a SWPCP after the District has determined that the developer's SWPCP, prior to this revision, was consistent with the requirements of the Construction General Permit, and the developer submits the revised SWPCP to the District for review *more than 180 calendar days after* the District's original determination of consistency, the SWPCP shall be considered a new submission. The newly submitted SWPCP shall be reviewed by the District in accordance with the timeframes set forth in Section I.B., and other applicable sections of this document, and the fee shall be in accordance with Section II, below, and the SWPCP Review Fee in Exhibit 1.

B. Plan Review Timeframes

1. The District shall review a new submission of a SWPCP submitted by a developer or such developer's designee and provide review comments within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of a complete submission as specified in Section I.A.1.(c).
2. If the District identifies deficiencies in the SWPCP, the District shall allow the developer or such developer's designee the opportunity to revise their SWPCP and resubmit it to the District within fifteen (15) calendar days after the date of mailing or delivery of the District's written comments to the developer or such developer's designee.
3. The District shall review any SWPCP revised in accordance with subsection I.B.2., above, and provide a written determination of the SWPCP's consistency or inconsistency within fifteen (15) calendar days after the submission of the revised SWPCP.
4. At the request of the District or the developer and with the agreement of both the District and the developer, the deadlines stated in subsections 1. – 3., above, may be extended. However, any such extensions shall be limited to no more than double the original amount of time allowed above for the relevant action.
5. Express review of a SWPCP may be requested by a developer. However, the Districts shall have complete discretion to accept or decline such request for an express review based on the District's circumstances, including, but not limited to: their existing workload, vacation schedules and staffing. If a District grants an express review, the timeframe shall be reduced to no more than one third of the timeframes noted in subsection 1. – 3., above, and the fee shall be in accordance with the Express Reviews fee in Exhibit 1.
6. In the event a District does not complete the review of the SWPCP within sixty (60) days (or within the time allowed under any authorized extension pursuant to subsection B.4, above, but in no circumstance later than 120 days) of the date the SWPCP was initially submitted to the District, and provided such delay is not the result of the developer's or such developer's designee's failure to address SWPCP deficiencies as noted in subsection B.2, above, the District shall:
 - (a) not later than three (3) days after the District's deadline, notify the DEEP that the developer shall be initiating the registration process for the Construction General Permit in accordance with section I.B of this Agreement, for completion of the SWPCP review, and;
 - (b) provide to the DEEP, upon request, the District's complete file, including supporting documentation the developer's SWPCP consistency determination, including, but not limited to, the SWPCP, any other documentation submitted to the District by or on behalf of a developer, and any analysis already performed by the District; and
 - (c) not later than seven (7) days after the District's deadline, in accordance with section I.B of this Agreement, for completion of the SWPCP review, transfer to the DEEP, up to a maximum of \$4,500, the fees that were originally submitted by the developer.

C. Inspections of the Project Site

1. Prior to the commencement of project construction and during the course of the SWPCP review process, the District shall conduct at least one inspection of the project site.
2. Once the construction of the project has begun, a District shall make at least one, but not more than three, inspection(s) of the project site to verify that the developer's SWPCP is being

implemented as approved by the District. A District shall report the results of the inspection(s) to the developer or such developer's designee and to DEEP in a manner prescribed by the Commissioner.

3. Upon notification from the developer or developer's designee, in accordance with Section 6(a)(1) of the CGP, that construction of the stormwater collection and management system is complete, the District shall conduct one inspection of the project site to verify that the post-construction stormwater management measures were completed in accordance with the approved SWPCP. The District shall report the results of this inspection to DEEP in a manner prescribed by the Commissioner.

D. Audits

The District agrees that all records pertaining to this Agreement shall be maintained for a period of not less than five (5) years. Such records shall be made available to the DEEP and to the state auditors upon request. For the purposes of this Agreement, "Records" are all working papers and such information and materials as may have been accumulated by the District in performing the Agreement, including, but not limited to, documents, data, analysis, plans, books, computations, drawings, specifications, notes, reports, records, estimates, summaries and correspondence, kept or stored in any form.

II. FEE SCHEDULE.

A. A District may assess fees for the services it renders in conjunction with its SWPCP reviews. Such fees shall be paid as follows:

1. All fees, except those described in subsection II.A.2, below, shall be submitted by the developer to the District with the developer's request for review. These fees are non refundable.
2. The fee for Post-Approval Resubmission, as designated in Exhibit 1, shall be submitted by the developer to the District upon completion of the District's review, prior to release of the determination notice, and is non refundable.

B. The Fee Schedule shall be reviewed annually by the Parties. The Fee Schedule may be adjusted as warranted, without a formal amendment to this Agreement, by mutual agreement between the Districts and the Commissioner.

III. RESPONSIBILITIES OF DEEP.

A. In accordance with the Construction General Permit requirements for SWPCP reviews by a third party, DEEP shall conduct outreach to inform the development community that a District may review SWPCPs for consistency with the requirements of the Construction General Permit. DEEP shall also inform the development community that a registration form for authorization under the Construction General Permit may only be submitted to DEEP if: the District, or other third party in accordance with Section 3(b)(11) of the CGP, determines that the SWPCP is consistent with the requirements of the CGP, or in the event the time schedule is exceeded for a District review as described in section I.B.6, above.

B. In order to institute standard SWPCP review guidelines and procedures, DEEP shall coordinate with the Districts to prepare a SWPCP checklist. The standard review guidelines and procedures established shall be consistent with the requirements of the Construction General Permit, the 2002 CT Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control, and the 2004 Stormwater Quality Manual. The Commissioner shall have final approval of the review guidelines and procedures.

C. DEEP shall provide initial training regarding SWPCP requirements for District staff involved in SWPCP reviews. The frequency of subsequent training shall be determined by the Commissioner.

D. DEEP shall retain final decision making authority regarding the determination that a SWPCP is or is not consistent with the requirements of the Construction General Permit and shall oversee the permitting process for Construction General Permit coverage.

E. Once a SWPCP has been approved, DEEP shall oversee any subsequent compliance and/or enforcement matters related to a developer's adherence to the requirements of the Construction General Permit.

F. DEEP shall have the discretion to review any of the Districts' records pertaining to any aspect this Agreement.

IV. POINTS OF CONTACT.

The following shall be points of contact for this Agreement unless otherwise agreed to by all Parties, notwithstanding section VI. All notices, demands, requests, consents, approvals or other communications required or permitted to be given or which are given with respect to this Agreement (for the purpose of this section collectively called "Notices") shall be deemed to have been effected at such time as the notice is placed in the U.S. mail, first class and postage prepaid, return receipt requested, or, placed with a recognized, overnight express delivery service that provides for a return receipt. All such Notices shall be in writing and shall be addressed as follows:

A. DEEP

Director
Water Permitting & Enforcement Division
Bureau of Material Management & Compliance Assurance
Department of Energy & Environmental Protection
79 Elm St.
Hartford, CT 06106
Phone: 860-424-3018
Fax: 860-424-4074

B. Conservation District

Board Chairperson
Address & Phone of appropriate District:

Northwest Conservation District
1185 New Litchfield Street
Torrington, CT 06790
Ph: 860-626-7222
Fax: 860-626-7222
Email: ncd@conservect.org

Eastern Connecticut Conservation District
238 West Town Street
Norwich, CT 06360-2111
Ph: 860-887-4163 x 400 Fax: 860-887-4082
Email: kate.johnson.eccd@comcast.net

Connecticut River Coastal Conservation District, Inc.
deKoven House Community Center
27 Washington Street
Middletown, CT 06457
Ph: 860-346-3282 Fax 860-346-3284
Email: ctrivercoastal@conservect.org

Southwest Conservation District
51 Mill Pond Road
Hamden, CT 06514
Ph: 203-287-8179 Fax: 203-288-5077
Email: swcd43@sbcglobal.net

North Central Conservation District
24 Hyde Avenue
Vernon, CT 06066
Ph: 860-875-3881 Fax: 860-870-8973
Email: tollandc@snet.net

V. EXECUTIVE ORDERS AND ANTI-DISCRIMINATION. The Districts shall comply with the additional terms and conditions hereto attached as Exhibit 2.

VI. AMENDMENTS. Either the DEEP or the Districts may recommend revisions to this Agreement as circumstances may warrant; however, any revisions must be upon mutual agreement of DEEP and all five Conservation Districts. Unless otherwise stated in this Agreement, formal written amendment is required for changes to any of the terms and conditions specifically stated in the Agreement, including Exhibit 2 of the Agreement, any prior amendments to the Agreement, and any other Agreement revisions determined material by the Department.

VII. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this Agreement are severable. If any part of it is found unenforceable, all other provisions shall remain fully valid and enforceable, unless the unenforceable provision is an essential element of the bargain.

VIII. SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY. The Parties acknowledge and agree that nothing in the Agreement shall be construed as a modification, compromise or waiver by the State of any rights or defenses of any immunities provided by federal law or the laws of the State of Connecticut to the State or any of the State's, which they may have had, now have or shall have with respect to all matters arising out of the Agreement. To the extent that this section conflicts with any other section, this section shall govern.

IX. FORUM AND CHOICE OF LAW. The Agreement shall be deemed to have been made in the City of Hartford, State of Connecticut. Both Parties agree that it is fair and reasonable for the validity and construction of the Agreement to be, and it shall be, governed by the laws and court decisions of the State of Connecticut, without giving effect to its principles of conflicts of laws. To the extent that any immunities provided by federal law or the laws of the State of Connecticut do not bar an action against the State or the Districts, and to the extent that these courts are courts of competent jurisdiction, for the purpose of venue, the complaint shall be made returnable to the Judicial District of Hartford only or shall be brought in the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut only, and shall not be transferred to any other court, provided, however, that nothing here constitutes a waiver or compromise of the sovereign immunity of the State of Connecticut. The Districts waive any objection which they may now have or shall have to the laying of venue of any Claims in any forum and further irrevocably submits to such jurisdiction in any suit, action or proceeding.

X. TERMINATION. Notwithstanding any provisions in this Agreement, DEEP, through a duly

authorized employee, may terminate the Agreement whenever the Agency makes a written determination that such Termination is in the best interests of the State. The Agency shall notify the Districts in writing sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, which notice shall specify the effective date of Termination and the extent to which the Districts must complete its Performance under the Agreement prior to such date; or (b) The Districts may terminate the Agreement for good cause. The Districts shall notify DEEP by written notice at least one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the effective date of termination. In order for the Districts to terminate this Agreement, (1) there must be a consensus between all five Conservation Districts that each District shall be terminating this Agreement with the DEEP; (2) such proof of consensus shall be submitted to the DEEP in the form of a letter signed by the duly authorized agent for each District by certified mail, return receipt requested, at least one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the Districts' intention to cancel or terminate. Upon the Termination of this Agreement by either Party, the Districts shall deliver to the Agency copies of all Records no later than thirty (30) days after the Termination of the Agreement, or fifteen (15) days after the Non-terminating Party receives a written request from the Terminating Party for the Records. The Districts shall deliver those Records that exist in electronic, magnetic or other intangible form in a non-proprietary format, such as, but not limited to, PDF, ASCII or .TXT. Upon receipt of a written notice of Termination from the Agency, the Districts shall cease operations as the Agency directs in the notice, and take all actions that are necessary or appropriate, or that the Agency may reasonably direct, for the protection, and preservation of records. Except for any work which the Agency directs the Districts to Perform in the notice prior to the effective date of Termination, and except as otherwise provided in the notice, the Districts shall terminate or conclude all existing subcontracts and purchase orders and shall not enter into any further subcontracts, purchase orders or commitments. Upon Termination of the Agreement, all rights and obligations shall be null and void, so that no Party shall have any further rights or obligations to any other Party, except with respect to the sections which survive Termination. All representations, warranties, agreements and rights of the Parties under the Agreement shall survive such Termination to the extent not otherwise limited in the Agreement and without each one of them having to be specifically mentioned in the Agreement. Termination of the Agreement pursuant to this section shall not be deemed to be a breach of Agreement by the Agency.

XI. DURATION OF AGREEMENT. This Agreement shall be effective on July 1, 2013 or on the date of the last signature below, whichever is later, and shall continue in force unless canceled or terminated by either party in accordance with paragraph X above.

XII. VOID AB INITIO. Notwithstanding paragraphs X and XI, the Agreement shall be void *ab initio* if the Construction General Permit is reissued, revoked or modified to eliminate the need for the Districts to review the SWPCP pursuant to such general permit's terms and conditions or if the Construction General Permit expires and is not reissued.

XIII. INTERPRETATION. The Agreement contains numerous references to statutes and regulations. For purposes of interpretation, conflict resolution and otherwise, the content of those statutes and regulations shall govern over the content of the reference in the Agreement to those statutes and regulations.

XIV. ENTIRETY OF AGREEMENT. This Agreement is the entire agreement between the Parties with respect to its subject matter, and supersedes all prior agreements, proposals, offers, counteroffers and understandings of the Parties, whether written or oral. The Agreement has been entered into after full investigation, neither Party relying upon any statement or representation by the other unless such statement or representation is specifically embodied in the Agreement.

XV. PROTECTION OF STATE CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. *(mandatory language required for all PSAs effective 12/1/11)*

A. The Districts or District Parties, at their own expense, have a duty to and shall protect from a

Confidential Information Breach any and all Confidential Information which they come to possess or control, wherever and however stored or maintained, in a commercially reasonable manner in accordance with current industry standards.

B. Each District or District Party shall develop, implement and maintain a comprehensive data-security program for the protection of Confidential Information. The safeguards contained in such program shall be consistent with and comply with the safeguards for protection of Confidential Information, and information of a similar character, as set forth in all applicable federal and state law and written policy of the Department or State concerning the confidentiality of Confidential Information. Such data-security program shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. A security policy for employees related to the storage, access and transportation of data containing Confidential Information;
2. Reasonable restrictions on access to records containing Confidential Information, including access to any locked storage where such records are kept;
3. A process for reviewing policies and security measures at least annually;
4. Creating secure access controls to Confidential Information, including but not limited to passwords; and
5. Encrypting of Confidential Information that is stored on laptops, portable devices or being transmitted electronically.

C. The District and District Parties shall notify the Department and the Connecticut Office of the Attorney General as soon as practical, but no later than twenty-four (24) hours, after they become aware of or suspect that any Confidential Information which Parties have come to possess or control has been subject to a Confidential Information Breach. If a Confidential Information Breach has occurred, the District shall, within three (3) business days after the notification, present a credit monitoring and protection plan to the Commissioner of Administrative Services, the Department and the Connecticut Office of the Attorney General, for review and approval. Such credit monitoring or protection plan shall be made available by the District at its own cost and expense to all individuals affected by the Confidential Information Breach. Such credit monitoring or protection plan shall include, but is not limited to, reimbursement for the cost of placing and lifting one (1) security freeze per credit file pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes §36a-701a. Such credit monitoring or protection plans shall be approved by the State in accordance with this Section and shall cover a length of time commensurate with the circumstances of the Confidential Information Breach. The District's costs and expenses for the credit monitoring and protection plan shall not be recoverable from the Department, any State of Connecticut entity or any affected individuals.

D. The District shall incorporate the requirements of this Section in all subAgreements requiring each District Party to safeguard Confidential Information in the same manner as provided for in this Section.

E. Nothing in this Section shall supersede in any manner the District's and/ or the District Parties' obligations pursuant to HIPAA or the provisions of this Agreement concerning the obligations of the District as a Business Associate of the Department.

XVI. AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (*Mandatory*). The Districts shall be and remain in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 ("Act"), to the extent applicable, during the term of the Agreement. The DEEP may cancel the Agreement if the District and District Parties fail to comply with the Act.

XVII. ADA PUBLICATION STATEMENT. The following statement shall be incorporated into all **publications** prepared under the terms of this Agreement:

“The Department of Energy and Environmental Protection is an affirmative action/equal opportunity employer and service provider. In conformance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, DEEP makes every effort to provide equally effective services for persons with disabilities. Individuals with disabilities who need this information in an alternative format, to allow them to benefit and/or participate in the agency’s programs and services, should call DEEP’s Human Resources Office at (860) 424-3006, send a fax to (860) 424-3896, or email DEEP.MedRecs@ct.gov. Persons who are hearing impaired should call the State of Connecticut relay number 711.”

When advertising any **public meetings** conducted under the terms of this Agreement, the above publications language should be used as well as the following statement:

“Requests for accommodations must be made at least two weeks prior to the program date.”

All **videos** produced under the terms of this Agreement must be made available with closed captioning.

XVIII. PUBLICATION OF MATERIALS. The District must obtain written approval from the State of Connecticut prior to distribution or publication of any printed material prepared under the terms of this Agreement. Unless specifically authorized in writing by the State, on a case by case basis, the District shall have no right to use, and shall not use, the name of the State of Connecticut, its officials, agencies, or employees or the seal of the State of Connecticut or its agencies: (1) in any advertising, publicity, promotion; or (2) to express or to imply any endorsement of District’s products or services; or (3) to use the name of the State of Connecticut, its officials agencies, or employees or the seal of the State of Connecticut or its agencies in any other manner (whether or not similar to uses prohibited by (1) and (2) above), except only to manufacture and deliver in accordance with this Agreement such items as are hereby contracted for by the State. In no event may the Districts use the State Seal in any way without the express written consent of the Secretary of State.

XIX. CHANGES IN PRINCIPAL PROJECT STAFF. Any changes in the principal project staff must be requested in writing and approved in writing by the Commissioner at the Commissioner’s sole discretion. In the event of any unapproved change in principal project staff, the Commissioner may, in the Commissioner’s sole discretion, terminate this Agreement.

XX. FURTHER ASSURANCES. The Parties shall provide such information, execute and deliver any instruments and documents and take such other actions as may be necessary or reasonably requested by the other Party which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Agreement and which do not involve the vesting of rights or assumption of obligations other than those provided for in the Agreement, in order to give full effect to the Agreement and to carry out the intent of the Agreement.

XXI. ASSIGNMENT. The Districts shall not assign any of their rights or obligations under the Agreement, voluntarily or otherwise, in any manner without the prior written consent of the Agency. The Agency may void any purported assignment in violation of this section and declare the District in breach of this Agreement. Any termination by the Agency for a breach is without prejudice to the Agency’s or the State’s rights or possible Claims.

XXII. EXHIBITS. All exhibits referred to in, and attached to, this Agreement are incorporated in this Agreement by such reference and shall be deemed to be a part of it as if they had been fully set forth in it.

XXIII. FORCE MAJEUR. Events that materially affect the cost of the Goods or Services or the time schedule within which to Perform and are outside the control of the party asserting that such an event has

occurred, including, but not limited to, labor troubles unrelated to District(s), failure of or inadequate permanent power, unavoidable casualties, fire not caused by a District, extraordinary weather conditions, disasters, riots, acts of God, insurrection or war.

XXIV. INDEMNIFICATION. The Districts shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the State and its officers, representatives, agents, servants, employees, successors and assigns from and against any and all (1) Claims arising, directly or indirectly, in connection with the Agreement, including the acts of commission or omission (collectively, the "Acts") of the District or District Parties; and (2) liabilities, damages, losses, costs and expenses, including but not limited to, attorneys' and other professionals' fees, arising, directly or indirectly, in connection with Claims, Acts or the Agreement. The Districts obligations under this section to indemnify, defend and hold harmless against Claims includes Claims concerning confidentiality of any part of or all of the Districts' Records, any intellectual property rights, other proprietary rights of any person or entity, copyrighted or uncopyrighted compositions, secret processes, patented or unpatented inventions, articles or appliances furnished or used in the Performance. The Districts shall not be responsible for indemnifying or holding the State harmless from any liability arising due to the negligence of the State or any other person or entity acting under the direct control or supervision of the State. The Districts shall reimburse the State for any and all damages to the real or personal property of the State caused by the Acts of the Districts or any District Parties. The State shall give the Districts reasonable notice of any such Claims. The Districts shall carry and maintain at all times during the term of the Agreement, and during the time that any provisions survive the term of the Agreement, sufficient general liability insurance to satisfy its obligations under this Agreement. The Districts shall name the State as an additional insured on the policy and shall provide a copy of the policy to the Agency prior to the effective date of the Agreement. The Districts shall not begin Performance until the delivery of the policy to the Agency. The Agency shall be entitled to recover under the insurance policy even if a body of competent jurisdiction determines that the Agency or the State is contributorily negligent. This section shall survive the Termination of the Agreement and shall not be limited by reason of any insurance coverage.

XXV. DISTRICT PARTIES. A District's members, directors, officers, shareholders, partners, managers, principal officers, representatives, agents, servants, consultants, employees or any one of them or any other person or entity with whom the District is in privity of oral or written contract and the District intends for such other person or entity to Perform under the Agreement in any capacity

XXVI. CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION RESTRICTION. For all State contracts as defined in P.A. 07-1 having a value in a calendar year of \$50,000 or more or a combination or series of such agreements or contracts having a value of \$100,000 or more, the authorized signatory to this Agreement expressly acknowledges receipt of the State Elections Enforcement Commission's notice advising state contractors of state campaign contribution and solicitation prohibitions, and will inform its principals of the contents of the notice. See SEEC Form 11.

Authorizing Signatures

For DEEP:

Commissioner

Date

For Northwest Conservation District:

Signature

Date

Chairman

Title

For Eastern Connecticut Conservation District:

Signature

Date

Chair

Title

For Connecticut River Coastal Conservation District, Inc.:

Signature

Date

Chair

Title

For Southwest Conservation District:

Signature

Date

Vice-Chairperson SWCD

Title

For North Central Conservation District:

Signature

Date

Chairman

Title

EXHIBIT 1

Connecticut Conservation District Stormwater Pollution Control Plan Review Fee Schedule

Single Family Residential Developments Disturbing 5 or more Acres

Number of Lots	Standard Fee	Number of Lots	Standard Fee
1	\$1,500	26	\$5,625
2	\$1,665	27	\$5,790
3	\$1,830	28	\$5,955
4	\$1,995	29	\$6,120
5	\$2,160	30	\$6,285
6	\$2,325	31	\$6,450
7	\$2,490	32	\$6,615
8	\$2,655	33	\$6,780
9	\$2,820	34	\$6,945
10	\$2,985	35	\$7,110
11	\$3,150	36	\$7,275
12	\$3,315	37	\$7,440
13	\$3,480	38	\$7,605
14	\$3,645	39	\$7,770
15	\$3,810	40	\$7,935
16	\$3,975	41	\$8,100
17	\$4,140	42	\$8,265
18	\$4,305	43	\$8,430
19	\$4,470	44	\$8,595
20	\$4,635	45	\$8,760
21	\$4,800	46	\$8,925
22	\$4,965	47	\$9,090
23	\$5,130	48	\$9,255
24	\$5,295	49	\$9,420
25	\$5,460	50	\$9,585

Over 50 lots:

$\$9,585 + \$20 \times \text{number of lots over 50}$

SW PCP Review: Standard Fee (as shown above)

Resubmission: Standard Fee minus 50%

Post-Approval Resubmission: \$85 per hour, up to a maximum of the Standard Fee minus 50%

Express Reviews: The specified fee for an SW PCP Review, a Resubmission, or a Post-Approval Resubmission; plus 50% of the applicable fee and/or limit

Policies:

1. Payment due upon submission of SW PCP, with the exception of Post-Approval Resubmissions.
2. Payment for Post-Approval Resubmission review is due upon completion of review.
3. Written permission to enter onto and inspect the site: Due upon submission of SW PCP.

EXHIBIT 1

Connecticut Conservation District Stormwater Pollution Control Plan Review Fee Schedule

Commercial and Multi Family Developments

Number of Disturbed Acres	Standard Fee	Number of Disturbed Acres	Standard Fee
5	\$2,200	28	\$5,995
6	\$2,365	29	\$6,160
7	\$2,530	30	\$6,325
8	\$2,695	31	\$6,490
9	\$2,860	32	\$6,655
10	\$3,025	33	\$6,820
11	\$3,190	34	\$6,985
12	\$3,355	35	\$7,150
13	\$3,520	36	\$7,315
14	\$3,685	37	\$7,480
15	\$3,850	38	\$7,645
16	\$4,015	39	\$7,810
17	\$4,180	40	\$7,975
18	\$4,345	41	\$8,140
19	\$4,510	42	\$8,305
20	\$4,675	43	\$8,470
21	\$4,840	44	\$8,635
22	\$5,005	45	\$8,800
23	\$5,170	46	\$8,965
24	\$5,335	47	\$9,130
25	\$5,500	48	\$9,295
26	\$5,665	49	\$9,460
27	\$5,830	50	\$9,625

Over 50 acres:

$\$9,625 + \$25 \times \text{number of disturbed acres over 50}$

SW PCP Review: Standard Fee (as shown above)

Resubmission: Standard Fee minus 50%

Post-Approval Resubmission: \$85 per hour, up to a maximum of the Standard Fee minus 50%

Express Reviews: The specified fee for an SW PCP Review, a Resubmission, or a Post-Approval Resubmission; plus 50% of the applicable fee and/or limit

Policies:

1. Payment due upon submission of SW PCP, with the exception of Post-Approval Resubmissions.
2. Payment for Post-Approval Resubmission review is due upon completion of review.
3. Written permission to enter onto and inspect the site: Due upon submission of SW PCP.

EXHIBIT 2

EXECUTIVE ORDERS

The Agreement is subject to the provisions of Executive Order No. Three of Governor Thomas J. Meskill, promulgated June 16, 1971, concerning labor employment practices, Executive Order No. Seventeen of Governor Thomas J. Meskill, promulgated February 15, 1973, concerning the listing of employment openings and Executive Order No. Sixteen of Governor John G. Rowland promulgated August 4, 1999, concerning violence in the workplace, all of which are incorporated into and are made a part of the Contract as if they had been fully set forth in it. At the Districts' request, the Client Agency shall provide a copy of these orders to the Districts. The Agreement may also be subject to Executive Order No. 7C of Governor M. Jodi Rell, promulgated July 13, 2006, concerning contracting reforms and Executive Order No. 14 of Governor M. Jodi Rell, promulgated April 17, 2006, concerning procurement of cleaning products and services, in accordance with their respective terms and conditions.

NONDISCRIMINATION

(a) For purposes of this Section, the following terms are defined as follows:

- i. "Commission" means the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities;
- ii. "Contract" and "contract" include any extension or modification of this Agreement or contract;
- iii. "Districts" and "districts" include the Districts and any successors or assigns of the Districts or districts;
- iv. "Gender identity or expression" means a person's gender-related identity, appearance or behavior, whether or not that gender-related identity, appearance or behavior is different from that traditionally associated with the person's physiology or assigned sex at birth, which gender-related identity can be shown by providing evidence including, but not limited to, medical history, care or treatment of the gender-related identity, consistent and uniform assertion of the gender-related identity or any other evidence that the gender-related identity is sincerely held, part of a person's core identity or not being asserted for an improper purpose.
- v. "good faith" means that degree of diligence which a reasonable person would exercise in the performance of legal duties and obligations;
- vi. "good faith efforts" shall include, but not be limited to, those reasonable initial efforts necessary to comply with statutory or regulatory requirements and additional or substituted efforts when it is determined that such initial efforts will not be sufficient to comply with such requirements;
- vii. "marital status" means being single, married as recognized by the State of Connecticut, widowed, separated or divorced;
- viii. "mental disability" means one or more mental disorders, as defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders", or a record of or regarding a person as having one or more such disorders;
- ix. "minority business enterprise" means any small contractor, District or supplier of materials fifty-one percent or more of the capital stock, if any, or assets of which is owned by a person or persons: (1) who are active in the daily affairs of the enterprise, (2) who have the power to direct the management and policies of the enterprise, and (3) who are members of a minority, as such term is defined in subsection (a) of Connecticut General Statutes § 32-9n; and
- x. "public works contract" means any agreement between any individual, firm or corporation and the State or any political subdivision of the State other than a municipality for construction, rehabilitation, conversion, extension, demolition or repair of a public building, highway or other changes or improvements in real property, or which is financed in whole or in part by the State, including, but not limited to, matching expenditures, grants, loans, insurance or guarantees.

For purposes of this Section, the terms "Contract" and "contract" do not include a contract where each District is (1) a political subdivision of the state, including, but not limited to, a municipality, (2) a quasi-public agency, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. Section 1-120, (3) any other state, including but not limited to any federally recognized Indian tribal governments, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. Section 1-267, (4) the federal government, (5) a foreign government, or (6) an agency of a subdivision, agency, state or government described in the immediately preceding enumerated items (1), (2), (3), (4) or (5).

(b) (1) The Districts agree and warrant that in the performance of the Agreement such Districts will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity or expression, mental retardation, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such Districts that such disability prevents performance of the work involved, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the State of Connecticut; and the Districts further agree to take affirmative action to insure that applicants with job-related qualifications are employed and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity or expression, mental retardation, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by the Districts that such disability prevents performance of the work involved; (2) the Districts agree, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Districts, to state that it is

an "affirmative action-equal opportunity employer" in accordance with regulations adopted by the Commission; (3) the Districts agree to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which the Districts have a collective bargaining Agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which the Districts have a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the Commission, advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Districts' commitments under this section and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment; (4) the Districts agree to comply with each provision of this Section and Connecticut General Statutes §§ 46a-68e and 46a-68f and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said Commission pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes §§ 46a-56, 46a-68e and 46a-68f; and (5) the Districts agree to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the Commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the Districts as relate to the provisions of this Section and Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-56. If the contract is a public works contract, the Districts agree and warrant that they will make good faith efforts to employ minority business enterprises as Districts and suppliers of materials on such public works projects.

(c) Determination of the Districts' good faith efforts shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following factors: The Districts' employment and subcontracting policies, patterns and practices; affirmative advertising, recruitment and training; technical assistance activities and such other reasonable activities or efforts as the Commission may prescribe that are designed to ensure the participation of minority business enterprises in public works projects.

(d) The Districts shall develop and maintain adequate documentation, in a manner prescribed by the Commission, of its good faith efforts.

(e) The Districts shall include the provisions of subsection (b) of this Section in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the State and such provisions shall be binding on the Districts, vendor or manufacturer unless exempted by regulations or orders of the Commission. The Districts shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the Commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes §46a-56; provided if such Districts become involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with the Districts or vendor as a result of such direction by the Commission, the Districts may request the State of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to protect the interests of the State and the State may so enter.

(f) The Districts agree to comply with the regulations referred to in this Section as they exist on the date of this Agreement and as they may be adopted or amended from time to time during the term of this Agreement and any amendments thereto.

(g) (1) The Districts agree and warrant that in the performance of the Agreement such Districts will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of sexual orientation, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or the State of Connecticut, and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their sexual orientation; (2) the Districts agree to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such Districts have a collective bargaining Agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such Districts have a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Districts' commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment; (3) the Districts agree to comply with each provision of this section and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said Commission pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-56; and (4) the Districts agree to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the Commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the Districts which relate to the provisions of this Section and Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-56.

(h) The Districts shall include the provisions of the foregoing paragraph in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the State and such provisions shall be binding on the Districts, vendor or manufacturer unless exempted by regulations or orders of the Commission. The Districts shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the Commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-56; provided, if such Districts become involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with the Districts or vendor as a result of such direction by the Commission, the Districts may request the State of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP)."

Note: Place on official Letterhead. Need to document registered name with CT Secretary of State C.O.N.C.O.R.D.

CERTIFICATION

I, **XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX**, Chair of the **XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX** an entity lawfully organized and existing under the laws of Connecticut, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted on the **>>>>**day of **>>>>**, 2011, by the governing body of the **XXXXXX** in accordance with all of its documents of governance and management and the laws of Connecticut and further certify that such resolution has not been modified, rescinded or revoked, and is a present in full force and effect.

RESOLVED: That the **XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX** hereby adopts as its policy to support the nondiscrimination agreements and warranties required under Conn. Gen. Stat. § 4a-60(a)(1) and § 4a-60a(a)(1), as amended in State of Connecticut Public Act 07-245 and sections 9(a)(1) and 10(a)(1) of Public Act 07-142, as those statutes may be amended from time to time.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this certificate **this >>>>day of >>>>**, 2013.

Signature

Date

CONSERVATION DISTRICT PLAN REVIEW CERTIFICATION

Registrations submitted to DEEP for which a Conservation District has performed the Plan review pursuant to Section 3(b)(10) of the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities shall include the following certification:

"I hereby certify that I am an employee of the [INSERT NAME OF DISTRICT] Conservation District and that I meet the qualifications to review Stormwater Pollution Control Plans as specified in the Memorandum of Agreement between the Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection and the Connecticut Conservation Districts. I am making this certification in connection with a registration under the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities, submitted to the commissioner by [INSERT NAME OF REGISTRANT] for an activity located at [INSERT ADDRESS OF PROJECT OR ACTIVITY]. I have personally examined and am familiar with the information that provides the basis for this certification, including but not limited to all information described in such general permit, and I certify, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining such information, that the information upon which this certification is based is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I certify, based on my review of the requirements of such general permit and on the standard of care for such projects, that the Plan is in compliance with the requirements of the general permit. I understand that knowingly making any false statement in this certification may be punishable as a criminal offense, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment, under section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes and any other applicable law."

Registrations submitted to DEEP for which the District review was begun but **could not be completed** within the time limits specified in the Memorandum of Agreement shall include the following statement:

"I hereby certify that I am an employee of the [INSERT NAME OF DISTRICT] Conservation District and that I meet the qualifications to review Stormwater Pollution Control Plans as specified in the Memorandum of Agreement between the Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection and the Connecticut Conservation Districts. I am making this statement in connection with a registration under the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities, submitted to the commissioner by [INSERT NAME OF REGISTRANT] for an activity located at [INSERT ADDRESS OF PROJECT OR ACTIVITY]. I hereby state that the review of the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (Plan) for such registration was not completed within the time frames specified in the Memorandum of Agreement. Consequently, I cannot certify that the Plan is in compliance with the requirements of the general permit."



General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters Associated with Construction Activities

APPENDIX G

Historic Preservation Review

Pursuant to Chapter 184a, Section 10-387 of the Connecticut General Statutes, the Department of Energy & Environmental Protection (DEEP) shall review, in consultation with the Connecticut Commission on Culture and Tourism, its policies and practices for consistency with the preservation and study of CT's archaeological and historical sites. Pursuant to this requirement, DEEP has outlined the following process for assessing the potential for and the presence of historic and/or archaeological resources at a proposed development site. DEEP advises a review for the resources identified below ***be initiated up to one year*** prior to registration for this permit (*or prior to property purchase if possible*) and in conjunction with the local project approval process. However, a review conducted for an Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 wetland permit would meet this requirement.

Step 1: Determine if the proposed site is within an area of significance by consulting the following resources:

1. CT Register of Historic Places found at the link below:
<http://www.nationalregisterofhistoricplaces.com/CT/state.html#pickem>
2. The municipality of the proposed development site for its designations of local historic districts, including but not limited to, local Historic District and/or Property Statutes.

Step 2: Assess site characteristics to determine the presence of a potential archaeological site, sacred site, and/ or sacred object as described below:

Definitions:

1. "Archaeological site" means a location where there exists material evidence that is not less than fifty years old of the past life and culture of human beings in the state.
2. "Sacred site" or "sacred land" means any space, including an archaeological site, of ritual or traditional significance in the culture and religion of Native Americans that is listed or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places (16 USC 470a, as amended) or the state register of historic places defined in section 10-410, including, but not limited to, marked and unmarked human burials, burial areas and cemeteries, monumental geological or natural features with sacred meaning or a meaning central to a group's oral traditions; sites of ceremonial structures, including sweat lodges; rock art sites, and sites of great historical significance to a tribe native to this state.
3. "Sacred object" means any archaeological artifact or other object associated with a sacred site.

Site Prescreening Criteria:

1. Does the proposed development site include lands within 300 feet of surface water features, such as streams, brooks, lakes, or marshes?
If "yes", proceed to Criterion 2. If the answer to Criterion 1 is "no", then there is a low potential for prehistoric period archaeological resources - Proceed to Criterion 3.

2. Does the area of anticipated construction or ground disturbance include soils classified by the Natural Resource Conservation Service as "Sandy Loam/ Loamy sand" or "Sandy Gravel Loam" not including "Fine Sandy Loam/ Loamy sand" with slopes less than or equal to 15%? (Soil mapping information is available for free from:
<http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSoilSurvey.aspx>)

If the answer to Criterion 2 is no, then there is a low potential for prehistoric period archaeological resources - Proceed to Criterion 3. If yes, the project site may contain significant prehistoric period archaeological resources

– assess all other criteria and proceed to Step 3.

3. Are there buildings or structures over 150 years in age with the project site?

If no, proceed to Criterion 4. If yes, the project site may contain significant historic period archaeological resources – assess all other criteria and proceed to Step 3.

4. Are there buildings or structures shown within or immediately adjacent to the project site on the 1850's Connecticut County maps?

Historic County maps are here:

Fairfield - <http://www.flickr.com/photos/uconnlibrariesmagic/3387034755/>

Hartford - <http://www.flickr.com/photos/uconnlibrariesmagic/3386955421/>

Litchfield - <http://www.flickr.com/photos/uconnlibrariesmagic/3387765290/>

Middlesex - <http://www.flickr.com/photos/uconnlibrariesmagic/3386956185/>

New Haven - <http://www.flickr.com/photos/uconnlibrariesmagic/3386956345/>

New London - <http://www.flickr.com/photos/uconnlibrariesmagic/3387766080/>

Tolland - <http://www.flickr.com/photos/uconnlibrariesmagic/3386957013/>

Windham - <http://www.flickr.com/photos/uconnlibrariesmagic/3387766950/>

To look for buildings and structures click on the appropriate county map link. From the “Actions” drop-down menu choose “View all sizes”. On the “Photo/All sizes” page, choose “Original” to view the county map at an enlarged scale.

If no, there is a low potential for significant historic period archaeological resources. If yes, the site may contain significant historic period archaeological resources- assess all other criteria and proceed to Step 3.

Step 3: If you answered yes to Criterion 2, 3, or 4, please contact Daniel Forrest (860-256-2761 or daniel.forrest@ct.gov) or the current environmental review coordinator at the State Historic Preservation Office, Department of Economic and Community Development for additional guidance.

Step 4: Report in the Registration Form for the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters Associated with Construction Activities that a review has been conducted and the results of the review (i.e. the proposed site does not have the potential for historic/ archaeological resources, or that such potential exists and is being or has been reviewed by the Connecticut Commission on Culture and Tourism).

Please note that DEEP will refer all proposed sites with a historic/ archaeological resource potential (as identified in Steps 1 & 2 above) to the State Historic Preservation Office at the Department of Economic and Community Development..

Appendix H

Wild & Scenic Rivers Guidance

Overview: Wild and Scenic Rivers Act

The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (WSRA) charges administration of rivers in the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System (National System) to four federal land management agencies (Bureau of Land Management, National Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and U.S. Forest Service). However, to protect and enhance river values as directed in the WSRA, it is essential to use the authorities of a number of other federal agencies in administering the water column, river bed/bank, and upland river corridor.

Congress declared a policy to protect selected rivers in the nation through the WSRA. The river-administering agencies are to protect the river's identified values, free-flowing condition, and associated water quality. Specifically, each component is to be "administered in such manner as to protect and enhance the (outstandingly remarkable) values (**ORVs**) which caused it to be included in said system. . . ."

The WSRA also directs other federal agencies to protect river values. It explicitly recognizes the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Environmental Protection Agency, Army Corps of Engineers and any other federal department or agency with lands on or adjacent to designated (or congressionally authorized study) rivers or that permit or assist in the construction of water resources projects.

Pertinent Sections of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act

The full Wild and Scenic Rivers Act can be found at the website: www.rivers.gov

Pertinent Sections related to the mandate to protect river values through coordinated federal actions is found in several sections of the WSRA:

Section 1(b)	Section 7(a)	Section 10(a)
Section 12(a)	Section 12(c)	

Designated Rivers under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act and Contact Information

The full listing of designated rivers can be found on the website www.rivers.gov

As of the date of this publication, there are two designated rivers in Connecticut, both of which are managed under the Partnership Wild and Scenic Rivers Program, through a Coordinating Committee consisting of representatives from local communities and organizations, state government and the National Park Service. More information about these rivers, their watersheds, approved management plans, the Wild and Scenic Coordinating Committees and specific contact information can be found on the websites.

1. West Branch of the Farmington River: www.farmingtonriver.org
2. Eightmile River: www.eightmileriver.org

Attachment G

Permitting Documentation (NOI, Permit Authorization)



General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities

Notice of Termination Form

Please complete and submit this form in accordance with the general permit (DEP-PED-GP-015) in order to ensure the proper handling of your termination. Print or type unless otherwise noted.

Note: Ensure that for commercial and industrial facilities, registrations under the *General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater Associated with Industrial Activity* (DEP-PED-GP-014) or the *General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater from Commercial Activities* (DEP-PED-GP-004) have been filed where applicable. For questions about the applicability of these general permits, please call the Department at 860-424-3018.

Part I: Registrant Information

1. Permit number: **GSN**
2. Fill in the name of the registrant(s) as indicated on the registration certificate:
Registrant:
3. Site Address:
City/Town: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____
4. Date all storm drainage structures were cleaned of construction sediment:
Date of Completion of Construction: _____
Date of Last Inspection (must be at least three months after final stabilization pursuant to Section 6(b)(6)(D) of the general permit): _____
5. Check the post-construction activities at the site (check all that apply):
☐ Industrial ☐ Residential ☐ Commercial ☐ Capped Landfill
☐ Other (describe): _____

Part II: Certification

"I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments thereto, and I certify that, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining the information, the submitted information is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I understand that a false statement made in this document or its attachments may be punishable as a criminal offense, in accordance with Section 22a-6 of the Connecticut General Statutes, pursuant to Section 53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes, and in accordance with any other applicable statute."

Signature of Permittee

Date

Name of Permittee (print or type)

Title (if applicable)

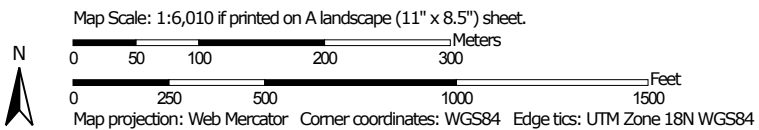
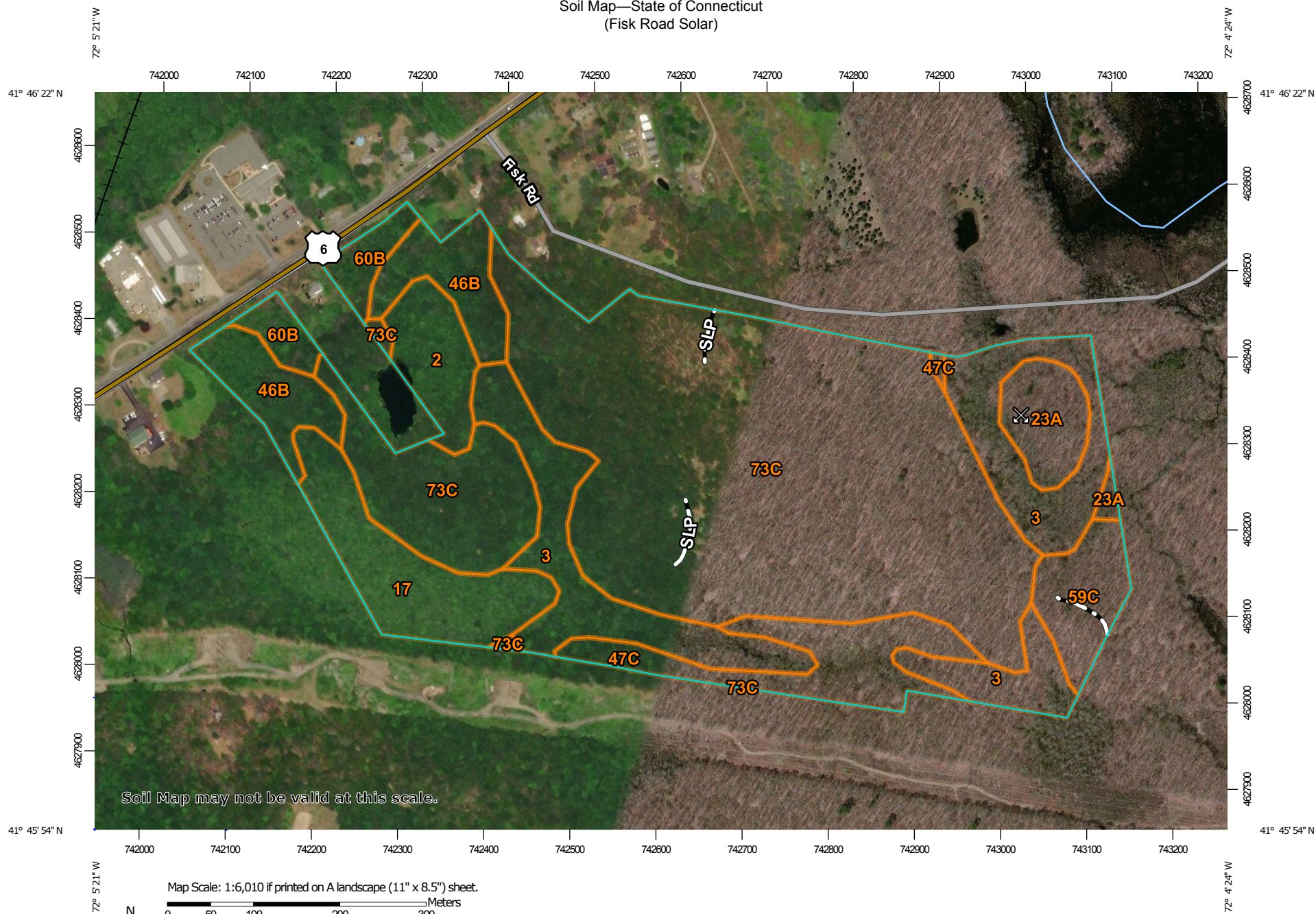
Note: Please submit this Notice of Termination Form to:

STORMWATER PERMIT COORDINATOR
BUREAU OF WATER MANAGEMENT
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
79 ELM STREET
HARTFORD, CT 06106-5127

Attachment H

Soil Maps

Soil Map—State of Connecticut (Fisk Road Solar)




**Natural Resources
Conservation Service**

Web Soil Survey
National Cooperative Soil Survey

2/22/2019
Page 1 of 3

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines

 Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features



Blowout



Borrow Pit



Clay Spot



Closed Depression



Gravel Pit



Gravelly Spot



Landfill



Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp



Mine or Quarry



Miscellaneous Water



Perennial Water



Rock Outcrop



Saline Spot



Sandy Spot



Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Slide or Slip



Sodic Spot



Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot



Other



Special Line Features

Water Features



Streams and Canals

Transportation



Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: State of Connecticut
Survey Area Data: Version 18, Dec 6, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

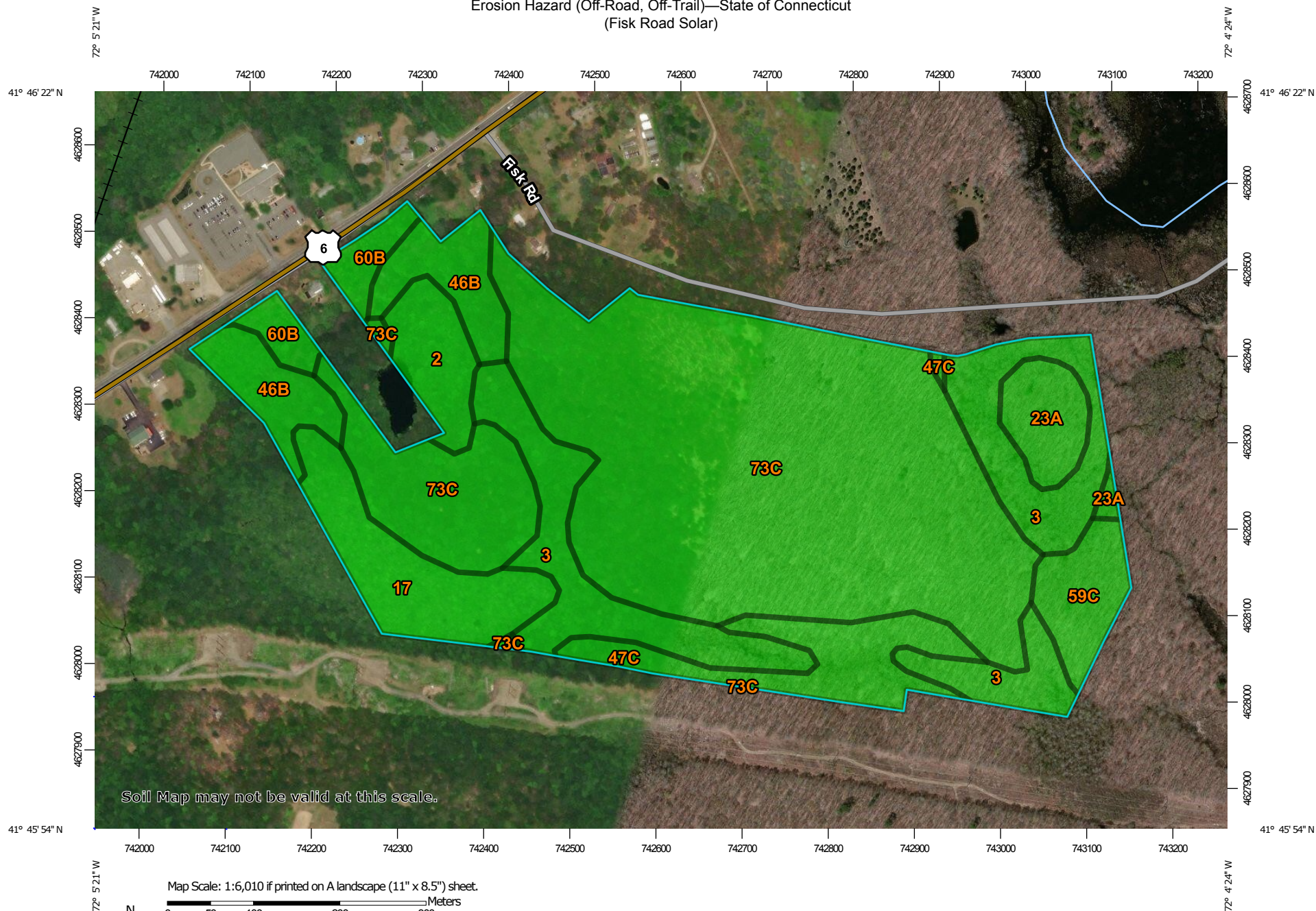
Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Mar 28, 2011—Sep 23, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
2	Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	3.4	3.4%
3	Ridgebury, Leicester, and Whitman soils, 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony	15.6	15.7%
17	Timakwa and Natchaug soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes	6.9	6.9%
23A	Sudbury sandy loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	3.2	3.2%
46B	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	6.5	6.5%
47C	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	6.1	6.1%
59C	Gloucester gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	3.4	3.4%
60B	Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes	2.6	2.6%
73C	Charlton-Chatfield complex, 0 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky	51.8	52.2%
Totals for Area of Interest		99.3	100.0%

Erosion Hazard (Off-Road, Off-Trail)—State of Connecticut
(Fisk Road Solar)



Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Map Scale: 1:6,010 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.

0 50 100 200 300 Meters

0 250 500 1000 1500 Feet

Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 18N WGS84




Natural Resources
Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey
National Cooperative Soil Survey

2/22/2019
Page 1 of 5






MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)






 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils






Soil Rating Polygons

 Very severe
 Severe
 Moderate
 Slight
 Not rated or not available


Soil Rating Lines

 Very severe
 Severe
 Moderate
 Slight
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points

 Very severe
 Severe
 Moderate
 Slight
 Not rated or not available

Water Features


 Streams and Canals

Transportation

 Rails
 Interstate Highways

 US Routes
 Major Roads
 Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: State of Connecticut
Survey Area Data: Version 18, Dec 6, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Mar 28, 2011—Sep 23, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Erosion Hazard (Off-Road, Off-Trail)

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Component name (percent)	Rating reasons (numeric values)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
2	Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Slight	Ridgebury (85%)		3.4	3.4%
			Woodbridge (9%)			
			Whitman (5%)			
			Leicester (1%)			
3	Ridgebury, Leicester, and Whitman soils, 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony	Slight	Ridgebury, extremely stony (40%)		15.6	15.7%
			Leicester, extremely stony (35%)			
			Whitman, extremely stony (17%)			
			Woodbridge, extremely stony (6%)			
			Swansea (2%)			
17	Timakwa and Natchaug soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Slight	Timakwa (45%)		6.9	6.9%
			Natchaug (40%)			
			Whitman (7%)			
			Catden (3%)			
			Maybid (3%)			
			Scarboro (2%)			
23A	Sudbury sandy loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Slight	Sudbury (80%)		3.2	3.2%
			Agawam (5%)			
			Ninigret (5%)			
			Merrimac (5%)			
			Tisbury (3%)			
			Walpole (2%)			
46B	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	Slight	Woodbridge, very stony (82%)		6.5	6.5%
			Paxton, very stony (10%)			
			Ridgebury, very stony (8%)			

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Component name (percent)	Rating reasons (numeric values)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
47C	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	Slight	Woodbridge, extremely stony (83%)		6.1	6.1%
			Paxton, extremely stony (9%)			
			Ridgebury, extremely stony (5%)			
			Sutton, extremely stony (2%)			
			Whitman, extremely stony (1%)			
59C	Gloucester gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	Slight	Gloucester (80%)		3.4	3.4%
			Canton (5%)			
			Hinckley (5%)			
			Charlton (3%)			
			Paxton (3%)			
			Sutton (2%)			
			Leicester (2%)			
60B	Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Slight	Canton (50%)		2.6	2.6%
			Charlton (35%)			
			Sutton (5%)			
			Leicester (5%)			
			Chatfield (5%)			
73C	Charlton-Chatfield complex, 0 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky	Slight	Charlton, very stony (50%)		51.8	52.2%
			Chatfield, very stony (30%)			
			Hollis, very stony (5%)			
			Sutton, very stony (5%)			
			Leicester, very stony (5%)			
Totals for Area of Interest					99.3	100.0%

Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Slight	99.3	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest	99.3	100.0%

Description

The ratings in this interpretation indicate the hazard of soil loss from off-road and off-trail areas after disturbance activities that expose the soil surface. The ratings are based on slope and soil erosion factor K. The soil loss is caused by sheet or rill erosion in off-road or off-trail areas where 50 to 75 percent of the surface has been exposed by logging, grazing, mining, or other kinds of disturbance.

The ratings are both verbal and numerical. The hazard is described as "slight," "moderate," "severe," or "very severe." A rating of "slight" indicates that erosion is unlikely under ordinary climatic conditions; "moderate" indicates that some erosion is likely and that erosion-control measures may be needed; "severe" indicates that erosion is very likely and that erosion-control measures, including revegetation of bare areas, are advised; and "very severe" indicates that significant erosion is expected, loss of soil productivity and off-site damage are likely, and erosion-control measures are costly and generally impractical.

Numerical ratings indicate the severity of individual limitations. The ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.01 to 1.00. They indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the specified aspect of forestland management (1.00) and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation (0.00).

The map unit components listed for each map unit in the accompanying Summary by Map Unit table in Web Soil Survey or the Aggregation Report in Soil Data Viewer are determined by the aggregation method chosen. An aggregated rating class is shown for each map unit. The components listed for each map unit are only those that have the same rating class as listed for the map unit. The percent composition of each component in a particular map unit is presented to help the user better understand the percentage of each map unit that has the rating presented.

Other components with different ratings may be present in each map unit. The ratings for all components, regardless of the map unit aggregated rating, can be viewed by generating the equivalent report from the Soil Reports tab in Web Soil Survey or from the Soil Data Mart site. Onsite investigation may be needed to validate these interpretations and to confirm the identity of the soil on a given site.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

RUSLE2 Related Attributes

This report summarizes those soil attributes used by the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation Version 2 (RUSLE2) for the map units in the selected area. The report includes the map unit symbol, the component name, and the percent of the component in the map unit. Soil property data for each map unit component include the hydrologic soil group, erosion factors Kf for the surface horizon, erosion factor T, and the representative percentage of sand, silt, and clay in the mineral surface horizon. Missing surface data may indicate the presence of an organic surface layer. .

Report—RUSLE2 Related Attributes

Soil properties and interpretations for erosion runoff calculations. The surface mineral horizon properties are displayed. Organic surface horizons are not displayed.

RUSLE2 Related Attributes--State of Connecticut								
Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Slope length (ft)	Hydrologic group	Kf	T factor	Representative value		
						% Sand	% Silt	% Clay
2—Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes								
Ridgebury	85	200	D	—	2	—	—	—
3—Ridgebury, Leicester, and Whitman soils, 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony								
Ridgebury, extremely stony	40	298	D	—	2	—	—	—
Leicester, extremely stony	35	298	B/D	—	5	—	—	—
Whitman, extremely stony	17	200	D	—	2	—	—	—
17—Timakwa and Natchaug soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes								
Timakwa	45	200	B/D	.05	1	84.0	12.0	4.0
Natchaug	40	200	B/D	.55	1	26.0	62.0	12.0
23A—Sudbury sandy loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes								
Sudbury	80	125	B	—	3	0.0	0.0	0.0
46B—Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony								
Woodbridge, very stony	82	161	C/D	—	3	—	—	—
47C—Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony								
Woodbridge, extremely stony	83	125	C/D	—	3	—	—	—

RUSLE2 Related Attributes--State of Connecticut								
Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Slope length (ft)	Hydrologic group	Kf	T factor	Representative value		
						% Sand	% Silt	% Clay
59C—Gloucester gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony								
Gloucester	80	125	A	.24	5	62.5	33.0	4.5
60B—Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes								
Canton	50	151	B	.24	3	61.2	31.5	7.3
Charlton	35	161	B	.24	5	57.0	34.0	9.0
73C—Charlton-Chatfield complex, 0 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky								
Charlton, very stony	50	125	B	—	5	—	—	—
Chatfield, very stony	30	125	B	—	2	—	—	—

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: State of Connecticut
Survey Area Data: Version 18, Dec 6, 2018

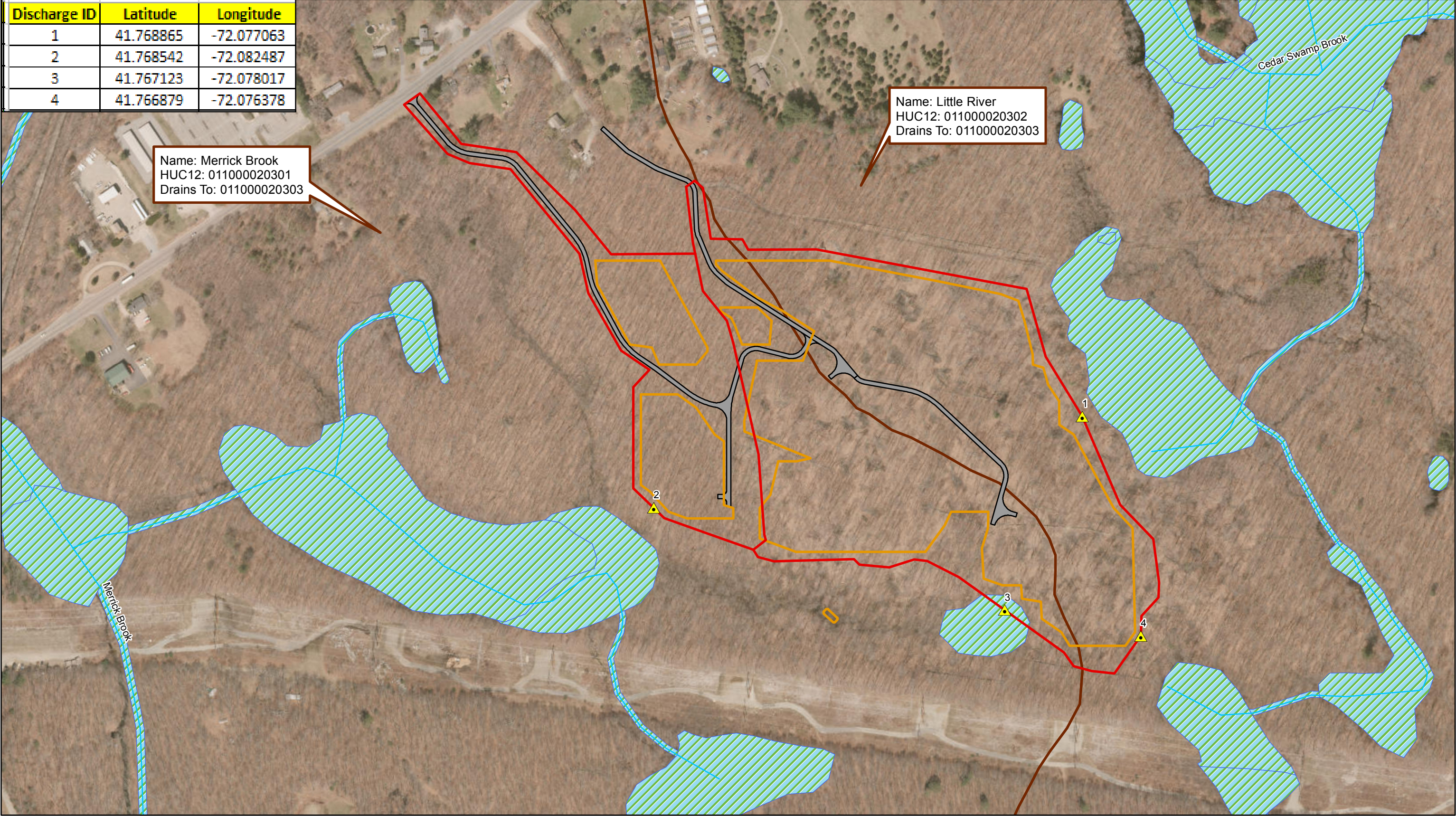
Attachment I

Pre and Post Drainage Maps, Impaired Water Maps

Discharge ID	Latitude	Longitude
1	41.768865	-72.077063
2	41.768542	-72.082487
3	41.767123	-72.078017
4	41.766879	-72.076378

Name: Merrick Brook
HUC12: 011000020301
Drains To: 011000020303

Name: Little River
HUC12: 011000020302
Drains To: 011000020303



Data Source(s): Westwood (2019); ESRI WMS World Streets & National Geographic Basemap Imagery (Accessed 2019).

Legend

- | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|--|----------------|--|--------------------|
| | Project Boundary | | Access Road | | NHD Flowline |
| | County Boundary | | Array Boundary | | Discharge Location |
| | HUC 12 Boundary | | NWI Wetlands | | |

Westwood

Toll Free (888) 937-5150 westwoodps.com
Westwood Professional Services, Inc.



Fisk Solar

Windham County, CT

Drainage Map

March 1, 2019

Impaired Waters Table for Construction Stormwater Discharges

General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities, issued August 21, 2013, effective October 1, 2013

Waterbody ID or 305B ID	Waterbody Name	Impaired Designated Use	Pollutant	Approved TMDL?
CT4500-00-3-L3_01	Union Pond (Manchester)	Habitat for Fish, Other Aquatic Life and Wildlife	Sedimentation/ Siltation	No
CT4601-00-1-L2_01	Silver Lake (Berlin/ Meriden)	Habitat for Fish, Other Aquatic Life and Wildlife	Turbidity	No
CT5111-09-2-L3_01	Branford Supply Pond, Northwest (Branford)	Habitat for Fish, Other Aquatic Life and Wildlife	Sedimentation/ Siltation	No
CT5111-09-2-L3_01	Branford Supply Pond, Northwest (Branford)	Habitat for Fish, Other Aquatic Life and Wildlife	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	No
CT5111-09-2-L3_01	Branford Supply Pond, Northwest (Branford)	Habitat for Fish, Other Aquatic Life and Wildlife	Turbidity	No
CT5112-10_01	Burrs Brook-01	Habitat for Fish, Other Aquatic Life and Wildlife	Turbidity	No
CT5200-00-4-L2_01	Hanover Pond (Meriden)	Habitat for Fish, Other Aquatic Life and Wildlife	Sedimentation/ Siltation	No
CT6016-00-1-L3_01	Hatch Pond (Kent)	Habitat for Fish, Other Aquatic Life and Wildlife	Sedimentation/ Siltation	No
CT6016-00-1-L3_01	Hatch Pond (Kent)	Recreation	Sedimentation/ Siltation	No
CT7300-00_01	Norwalk River-01	Habitat for Fish, Other Aquatic Life and Wildlife	Sedimentation/ Siltation	No

Attachment J

SWPCP Plan Checklist

Project # _____ Reviewer: _____
Review Fee \$ _____ Payment Received: ☐ Full _____
Site Visit(s) Date: _____ Date: _____ Date: _____
Tracking and Milestones:

**STORMWATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN (SWPCP) REVIEW
GENERAL PERMIT FOR DISCHARGE OF STORMWATER AND DEWATERING
WASTEWATERS ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES
(DEEP-WPED-GP-015)**

Registrant Information

Registered Business Name: _____	
Contact person: _____	Phone: _____

Site Information

Site Name: _____		
Project Type: _____		
Number of lots/acres: _____		
Address: _____		
City/Town: _____	State: _____	Zip Code: _____

List Plans, Calculations and Reports Provided by the Registrant

Registration Information

Part I: Registration Type

- ☒ Type of registration (i.e. locally approvable, locally exempt, re-registration, new registration)

Part II: Fee information

- ☒ Indication of fee payment

Part III: Registrant information

- ☒ Name, address, phone and contact person for registrant
- ☒ Registrant's Secretary of State ID # (if applicable)
- ☒ Billing contact name, address and phone (if different from registrant)
- ☒ Primary contact person (if different from registrant) with all contact information
- ☒ Property owner and contact information (if different from registrant)
- ☒ Developer's name and contact information (if different from registrant)
- ☒ General contractor and contact information (if different from registrant)
- ☒ Name of consultant(s) who assisted in registration and/or SWPCP and contact information
- ☒ Signatures of contractors/subcontractors

Part IV: Site information

- ☒ Site name and location
- ☒ Description of the project
- ☒ Duration of construction activities
- ☒ Normal working hours on-site
- ☒ Mining operation determination
- ☒ Sanitary or combined sewer discharge determination
- ☒ Federally recognized Indian lands determination
- ☒ Coastal Boundary determination
- ☒ Endangered or Threatened Species determination
- ☒ Wild and Scenic Rivers determination
- ☒ Aquifer Protection Area determination
- ☒ Identified that construction activities are in accordance with the 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control (the Guidelines)
- ☒ Historic and/or Archeological Resource determination
- ☒ Conservation or Preservation restriction determination

Part V: Stormwater Discharge information

- ☒ Stormwater Discharge Information Table 1 completed
- ☒ Stormwater Discharge Information Table 2 completed
- ☒ Impaired waters provisions (if applicable)

Part VI: Pollution Control Plan information

- ☒ SWPCP submission status

Part VII: Registrant Certification

- ☒ Certification signed by registrant or re-registrant

Part VIII: PE/LA Certification

- ☒ Design certification signed by licensed PE or LA (where appropriate)

Part IX: Third Party Qualified Professional Certification

- ☒ Review certification by Conservation District or Qualified Professional

Part X: Supporting Documents

- ☒ Attachment A: USGS Quad map (if submitting paper registration)
- ☒ Attachment B: Documentation related to Coastal Consistency Review (if applicable)
- ☒ Attachment C: Threatened and Endangered Species form (if applicable) and additional information (such as a copy of a NDDb map)
- ☒ Attachment D: Conservation or Preservation Restriction Information (if applicable)
- ☒ Attachment E: Non-electronic SWPCP (if applicable)

CONTENTS OF THE STORMWATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLAN (SWPCP)

Soil Erosion and Sediment (E&S) Controls

Site description narrative:

- ☒ Described the nature of the construction activities
- ☒ Provided total site acreage
- ☒ Provided disturbed acreage
- ☒ Estimated average runoff coefficient after construction
- ☒ Identified immediate and ultimate receiving water(s) of all discharges authorized by Permit
- ☒ Identified other permits and/or plans required
- ☒ Identified extent of inland, tidal, and fresh-tidal wetlands

Site map:

- ☒ Existing and planned drainage patterns
- ☒ Existing and planned elevations and slopes
- ☒ Location of structural and non-structural controls
- ☒ Description and map of existing soils
- ☒ Location of outfall(s) proposed for monitoring
- ☒ Limits of soil disturbance
- ☒ Location of surface waters, impaired waters, waters with TMDL's
- ☒ Existing vegetation
- ☒ Locations of E&S controls
- ☒ Location of stabilization practices
- ☒ Location of post-construction re-vegetation
- ☒ Location of utilities, roads and structures
- ☒ Location of surface water, including inland wetlands, fresh-tidal wetlands and tidal wetlands
- ☒ Locations of discharges to surface waters (pre-, during, and post-construction)
- ☒ Locations and provisions for waste disposal
- ☒ Locations and provisions for washout areas
- ☒ Locations and provisions for impaired waters
- ☒ Limits of FEMA floodplains and floodways
- ☒ CT coastal resource limits
- ☒ CT stream encroachment lines
- ☒ Location of any public drinking water supply areas or watersheds

Construction sequencing:

- ☒ Identified sequence of major construction activities and # of days for each sequence
- ☒ Estimated start and completion times for each phase
- ☒ Avoidance of disturbances over 5 acres at one time, where possible
- ☒ Identified limits of disturbance including each phase

Control Measures:

- ☐ Erosion and sediment control measures
- ☐ Provided drawings and specifications for each measure
- ☐ Identified stabilization practices for disturbed areas
- ☐ Identified stabilization practices for stockpiles
- ☐ Identified measures to preserve existing vegetation
- ☐ Provided details of planned vegetation, seed mixes and planting dates
- ☐ Provided details for short-term and long-term stabilization and/or vegetation of disturbed areas
- ☐ Identified practices for non-vegetative long-term and winter stabilization
- ☐ Provided for slope benches for all slopes exceeding 15 feet height and slopes >3:1 or
- ☐ Provided slope stability analysis for engineered slope stabilization measures
- ☐ Provided narrative and drawings for structural diversion and storage measures
- ☐ Sediment traps provided for drainage areas of 2 to 5 acres
- ☐ Temporary sediment basin provided for drainage areas >5 acres
- ☐ Described maintenance for E&S control and stabilization measures
- ☐ Narrative, drawings and calculations of control measures for dewatering wastewaters
- ☐ Description of emergency procedures (for flooding, etc.)
- ☐ Runoff Reduction and Low Impact Development (LID) Information (specific measures for run-off reduction and LID measures):

Control Measures: (continued)

- ☐ The location of the streams, floodplains, all wetlands, riparian buffers, slopes 3:1 and steeper, and vegetation identified for preservation
- ☐ Natural drainage patterns and man-made drainage features
- ☐ Location of areas with soils suitable for infiltration and areas appropriate for LID measures
- ☐ Location of all areas unsuitable or least suitable for infiltration for the siting of development
- ☐ Location of all post-construction stormwater management measures, runoff reduction practices, and LID design measures developed pursuant to subsection 5(b)(2)(C)(i)
- ☐ Identification of areas inappropriate for the infiltration due to potential for groundwater pollution
- ☐ A narrative describing the nature, purpose, implementation, and long-term maintenance of post-construction measures, runoff reduction practices and LID design measures
- ☐ Calculations for measures developed pursuant to Section 5(b)(2)(C)(i), illustrating the retention of the water quality volume or half the water quality volume
- ☐ A narrative describing any site constraints that prevent retention of the appropriate volume specified in Section 5(b)(2)(C)(i)
- ☐ Calculations showing the proposed effective impervious cover for the site and, where necessary or appropriate for measures developed for linear projects pursuant to Section 5(b)(2)(C)(i), each outfall drainage area

Other measures:

- ☒ Description of measures to manage construction waste materials
- ☒ Description of off-site sediment tracking and dust control
- ☒ Narrative, location, and drawings of washout areas
- ☒ Description of maintenance practices for washout areas
- ☐ Indicated cleaning of post-construction stormwater structures prior to termination inspection
- ☒ Indicated removal of silt fence prior to filing termination notice
- ☒ Description and location of chemical and petroleum product storage containment and controls
- ☒ Narrative describing routine inspection procedures
- ☒ Description of qualifications of inspection personnel of the Permittee
- ☐ Narrative describing monitoring procedures, including frequency and methodology
- ☒ List of all contractor and subcontractors
- ☒ Description of Endangered Species measures, if necessary
- ☒ Description of Aquifer Protection provisions, if necessary
- ☒ Description of provisions of Coastal Site Plan approval, if necessary
- ☒ Discussion of archeological or historic preservation issues on site, if necessary
- ☒ Description of activities subject to the Wild & Scenic Rivers Act, if necessary

Impaired waters controls (where applicable):

- ☐ Narrative and plan sequencing to ensure no more than 3 acres concurrent disturbance

AND

- ☐ Identified stabilization practices within 3 days for temporary suspension of activity, **OR**
- ☐ Description and calculations showing retention of 2-year, 24-hour storm, **OR**
- ☐ Compliance with WLA and/or other measures of an existing TMDL

Additional E&S Information:

- ☒ See attached reviewer's comments page
- ☒ Reviewer provided additional information to Registrant: reports, photographs, designs, etc.

Post-construction Stormwater Controls

Show on site map:

- ☒ Indicated retention standards for redevelopment or other development
- ☒ Drainage patterns and slopes after grading
- ☒ Location of LID and runoff reduction measures
- ☒ Location of other structural sedimentation/floatables treatment measures
- ☒ Location of velocity dissipation measures
- ☒ Provided drawings and specifications of each stormwater structure/measure

Narrative of post-construction controls:

- ☒ Description of control measures for post-construction stormwater discharge
- ☒ Long-term maintenance plan for cleaning of post-construction stormwater structures

Additional Stormwater Management Information:

- ☒ See attached reviewer's comments page
- ☒ Reviewer provided additional information to Registrant: reports, photographs, designs, etc.

Supporting Documents (as needed):

- ☐ Calculations supporting the design of sediment and floatables removal controls pursuant to Section 5(b)(2)(C)(ii)(b)
- ☐ Calculations supporting the design of velocity dissipation controls pursuant to Section 5(b)(2)(C)(ii)(c)
- ☐ Provided boring logs, test pit logs, soil reports, etc.
- ☐ Provided hydraulic calculations for existing and planned hydrology
- ☐ Provided calculations for LID and runoff reduction measures (WQV or ½ WQV retention)
- ☐ Provided engineering calculations for any engineered control measures
- ☐ Pre- and post-construction peak flow calculations
- ☐ 1 inch of rainfall retained onsite if within 500 feet of a non-fresh tidal wetland
- ☐ Provide a post-construction average runoff coefficient
- ☐ Off-site effect of flow and volume
- ☐ Groundwater flow estimates
- ☐ Inspection forms and checklist
- ☐ Contractor Certification Statement (including individual lot developers)
- ☐ Demonstration of compliance with TMDL, where applicable
- ☐ Plan Signature

IDENTIFIED SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES IN SITE PLANS

Function	Measure	Phase/Sheet	Engineered Design	Calculations Provided	Reviewer Comments
Protect Vegetation	Tree Protection		No		
Preserve & conserve soil	Topsoiling		No		
	Land Grading		Possibly		
	Surface Roughening		No		
	Dust Control		No		
Vegetative soil cover	Temporary Seeding		No		
	Permanent Seeding		No		
	Sodding		No		
	Landscape Planting		No		
Non-living soil protection	Temporary Soil Protection		No		
	Mulch for Seed		No		
	Landscape Mulch		No		
	Temporary Erosion Control Blanket		No		
	Permanent Turf Reinf. Mats		Yes		
	Stone Slope Protection		No		
Stabilization structures	Retaining Walls		Yes		
	Riprap		Yes		
	Gabions		Yes		
	Permanent Slope Drain		Yes		
	Channel Grade Stabilization Structure		Yes		
	Temporary Lined Chute		Yes		
	Temporary Pipe Slope Drain		Yes		
Drainageways & watercourses	Vegetated Waterway		Possibly		
	Temporary Lined Channel		No		
	Permanent Lined Waterway		Yes		
	Temporary Stream Crossing		No		
Diversions	Temporary Fill Berm		No		
	Water Bar		No		
	Temporary Diversion		Possibly		
	Permanent Diversion		Yes		
Subsurface drain	Subsurface Drain		Yes		

**IDENTIFIED SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES IN SITE PLANS
(CONTINUED)**

Detention structures	Detention Basin		Yes		
Energy dissipators	Level Spreader		Yes		
	Outlet Protection		Yes		
	Stone Check Dam		Possibly		
Sediment impoundments, barriers & filters	Temporary Sediment Basin		Yes		
	Temporary Sediment Trap		No		
	Hay Bale Barrier		No		
	Geotextile Silt Fence		No		
	Turbidity Curtain		No		
	Vegetative Filter		No		
Tire tracked soils	Construction Entrance		No		
Dewatering	Pump Intake and Outlet Protection		No		
	Pump Settling Basin		No		
	Portable Sediment Tank		No		
	Dewatering of Earth Materials		Possibly		

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS FOR E&S CONTROL MEASURES:

[illegible]

IDENTIFIED STORMWATER CONTROL MEASURES IN SITE PLANS

Primary Treatment Practices	Phase/Sheet	Engineered Design	Calculations Provided	Low Impact Development
Micropool extended detention				
Wet pond				
Wet extended detention pond				
Multiple pond system				
Pocket pond				
Shallow wetland				
Extended detention wetland				
Pond/wetland system				
Gravel wetland				
Infiltration Trench				
Infiltration Basin				
Infiltration Parking Island				
Surface sand filter				
Underground sand filter				
Perimeter sand filter				
Organic filter				
Tree box filter				
Bioretention/raingarden				
Green Roof				
Dry swales				
Wet swales				
Secondary Treatment Practices				
Dry detention pond				
Underground detention facilities				
Deep sump catch basins				
Oil/particle separators				
Dry wells				
Permeable pavement/pavers				
Vegetated filter strips				
Grass drainage channels				
Other/Innovative/Emerging Technology				
Catch basin inserts				
Hydrodynamic separators				
Media filters				
Underground filtration systems				
Alum injections				
Rainfall harvesting/cisterns				

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND TREATMENT PRACTICES

The General Permit provides goals for the post-construction stormwater management to control discharges of stormwater pollutants. Some measures may not require all of the following information.

Stormwater Control Measure: _____

Name in Plans _____ Practice _____ Location _____

(Complete this sheet for each post-construction stormwater measure)

Discharge Calculations provided:

1. Water Quality Volume (WQV) = _____ (ac-ft)

2. Water Quality Flow (WQF) = _____ (cfs)

3. Groundwater Recharge Volume (GRV) = _____ (ac-ft)

4. Runoff Capture Volume (RCV) = _____ (ac-ft)

(only required for non-fresh tidal discharges)

5. Provided Peak Discharge Rates for the following storm events:

Storm Event	Pre-Development (cfs)	Post-Development (cfs)	Change (+/- cfs)
24 hr			
2-year			
10-year			
25-year			
100-year			
500-year			

This stormwater measure (or as part of a discharge treatment train) meets the goals of the General Permit: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Comments:

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS FOR STORMWATER TREATMENT PRACTICES:

[illegible]

Site Inspection Worksheet for E&S and Stormwater Control Measures

Project #: _____ Plans Dated _____ Last Revised _____

District: _____ Reviewer: _____

Location: _____

Project Description: _____

Contact Person for the Site:

Name: _____

Company: _____ Phone: _____

Site Visit Date: _____

Weather conditions: _____

Photographs taken ☐ Yes ☐ No

Contacted Responsible Party ☐ Yes ☐ No

Inspection submitted to CT DEP ☐ Yes ☐ No

Inspection submitted to Permittee ☐ Yes ☐ No

Comments:

Attachment K

Training Documentation

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Training Log

Project Name:

Project Location:

Instructor's Name(s):

Instructor's Title(s):

Course Location:

Date of Course:

Course Length(hours):

Stormwater Training Topic: *(check as appropriate)*

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment and Erosion Controls | <input type="checkbox"/> Emergency Procedures |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stabilization Controls | <input type="checkbox"/> Inspections/Corrective Actions |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Pollution Prevention Measures | <input type="checkbox"/> Stormwater Runoff Sampling |

Specific Training Objective(s):

Attendee Roster: *(attach additional pages as necessary)*

No.	Name of Attendee	Company
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

Attachment L

Inspection and Maintenance Forms



**Connecticut Department of
Energy & Environmental Protection**
Bureau of Materials Management & Compliance Assurance
Water Permitting & Enforcement Division

**General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from
Construction Activities, issued 8/21/13, effective 10/1/13**
Stormwater Monitoring Report

SITE INFORMATION

Permittee:	_____
Mailing Address:	_____
Business Phone:	_____ ext.: _____ Fax: _____
Contact Person:	_____ Title: _____
Site Name:	_____
Site Address:	_____
Receiving Water (name, basin):	_____
Stormwater Permit No.	<u>GSN</u> _____

SAMPLING INFORMATION (Submit a separate form for each outfall)

Outfall Designation:	_____	Date/Time Collected:	_____
Outfall Location(s) (lat/lon or map link):	_____		
Person Collecting Sample:	_____		
Storm Magnitude (inches):	_____	Storm Duration (hours):	_____
Size of Disturbed Area at any time:	_____		

MONITORING RESULTS

Sample #	Parameter	Method	Results (units)	Laboratory (if applicable)
1	Turbidity			
2	Turbidity			
3	Turbidity			
4	Turbidity			

(provide an attachment if more than 4 samples were taken for this outfall)

Avg =

STATEMENT OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I certify that the data reported on this document were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with the General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities. The information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete.

Authorized Official: _____
Signature: _____ Date: _____

Please send completed form to:

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY & ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
BUREAU OF MATERIALS MANAGEMENT AND COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE
79 ELM STREET
HARTFORD, CT 06106-5127
ATTN: NEAL WILLIAMS

Site Inspection Record Template
Construction
(07-2010)

1 of 2

Project Name: _____

Coverage Number: _____

Inspector: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Precipitation Amount: _____ Date: _____

Areas Inspected (Choose Applicable): ☐ Active areas
☐ Stabilized areas with less than 70% cover
☐ Areas that have achieved final stabilization

Is there evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering drainage systems or waters of the state from:

- Material Storage Areas ☐ Y ☐ N
- Vehicle Maintenance Areas ☐ Y ☐ N

Observations / Corrective Actions:

<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Have all erosion and sediment controls and best management practices identified in the plan been installed or implemented?
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Are erosion and sediment controls operating correctly and in serviceable condition?
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Are erosion and sediment controls operating consistently and effectively?
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Are there any devices similar to silt fence or fiber rolls where sediment has reached more than 1/3 the height of the device? (Removal and repairs must be made within 24 hours.)
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Are there any sediment basins where collected sediment has reduced the storage capacity by 1/2? (Drainage and removal must be completed within 72 hours.)
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Is there evidence of sediment deposits in surface waters, drainage ditches or other stormwater conveyance systems? (Removal and stabilization must be completed within 7 days unless prohibited by legal, regulatory or physical access constraints. All reasonable efforts must be made to obtain access. Once permission is granted, removal must take place within 7 days.)
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> NA	Is there evidence of sediment being tracked off-site by vehicles or equipment? (Sediment tracked or deposited on paved surfaces must be removed within 24 hours.)
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Is there evidence of sediment depositing off-site other than in surface waters, drainage ditches and stormwater conveyance systems? (Sediment must be recovered in a manner and frequency sufficient to minimize off-site impacts – for example, sediment could wash away during the next precipitation event.)
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> NA	Is stormwater flow distributed evenly over vegetative buffers?
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> NA	Is sediment accumulating in vegetative buffers?
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> NA	Are rills forming within vegetative buffers? (If vegetative buffers are silted covered, contain rills or are otherwise rendered ineffective, other erosion and sediment controls must be implemented. Eroded areas must be repaired and stabilized.)
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Are litter, debris, chemicals and parts being managed properly to minimize stormwater pollution?
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Are liquid or soluble materials like oil, fuel, paint, etc., properly stored to prevent spills, leaks or other discharges?

Site Inspection Record Template
Construction
(07-2010)

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<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Is there evidence of concrete wash water discharging to waters of the state, storm sewer systems or onto adjacent properties?
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Is there evidence of wastewater from processing operations or sanitary facilities (i.e., portable toilets) discharging from the site? (These types of discharges are not covered by the construction general permit, NDR10-0000. They must be stopped immediately if they are not covered by another type of permit. The following non-stormwater discharges are allowable if the appropriate prevention measures are in place: fire-fighting, fire hydrant flushing, potable water line flushing, infrequent building and equipment wash down without detergents, uncontaminated foundation drains, springs, lawn watering and air conditioning condensate. Please note that discharges from temporary dewatering activities, such as hydrostatic testing or disinfection of new pipelines may require coverage under the temporary dewatering general permit, NDG07-0000.)
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	Is there evidence of wash water from tools or equipment draining to waters of the state, drainage ditches or storm sewer systems?
<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> NA	Are permanent stormwater management measures (e.g., oil-water separators, rain gardens) functioning properly?

Corrective Actions and Schedule:

- Are best management practices effective to minimize the discharge of sediment from the site?

➤ Do best management practices need to be adjusted?

➤ Are additional best management practices needed?

☐ Y ☐ N

☐ Y ☐ N

☐ Y ☐ N

Comments:

List all spills, leaks or hose-breaks that have occurred since the last inspection:

-Size	-Location	-Was it reportable?	-Was it reported?
<hr/>	<hr/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N
<hr/>	<hr/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N
<hr/>	<hr/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N

- Were Spill Prevention Procedures adequate?

➤ What Spill Response Procedures were used?

☐ Y ☐ N

Comments

- Has the SWPP Plan been updated as a result of this inspection?

➤ Has the Site Map been updated as a result of this inspection?

☐ Y ☐ N

☐ Y ☐ N

Corrective Action Report

Section A – Initial Report

(Complete this section within 24 hours of discovering the condition that triggered corrective action)

Name of Project		NDPDES Tracking No.		Today's Date	
Date Problem First Discovered		Time Problem First Discovered			
Name and Contact Information of Individual Completing this Form					

What site conditions triggered the requirement to conduct corrective action *(check the box that applies)*:

- ☐ A required stormwater control was never installed, was installed incorrectly, or not in accordance with the permit requirements
- ☐ The stormwater controls that have been installed and maintained are not effective enough for the discharge to meet applicable water quality standards or applicable requirements of the permit
- ☐ Prohibited discharge has occurred or is occurring
- ☐ An agency inspection resulted in identified noncompliant items

Provide a description of the problem:

Deadline for completing corrective action *(Enter date that is either: (1) no more than 7 calendar days after the date you discovered the problem, or (2) if it is infeasible to complete work within the first 7 days, enter the date that is as soon as practicable following the 7th day):*

If your estimated date of completion falls after the 7-day deadline, explain (1) why you believe it is infeasible to complete work within 7 days, and (2) why the date you have established for making the new or modified stormwater control operational is the soonest practicable timeframe:

Section B – Corrective Action Progress

(Complete this section no later than 7 calendar days after discovering the condition that triggered corrective action)

Section B.1 – Why the Problem Occurred

Cause(s) of Problem (Add an additional sheet if necessary)	How This Was Determined and the Date You Determined the Cause
1.	1.
2.	2.

Section B.2 – Stormwater Control Modifications to be Implemented to Correct the Problem

List of Stormwater Control Modification(s) Needed to Correct Problem (Add an additional sheet if necessary)	Date of Completion	SWPPP Update Necessary?	Notes
1.		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, provide date SWPPP modified:	
2.		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, provide date SWPPP modified:	

Corrective Action Report

Section C – Certification and Signature

Section C.1 – Certification and Signature by Inspector, Contractor or Subcontractor

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

Signature of Site Representative: _____ **Date:** _____

Printed Name and Affiliation: _____

Site Inspection Worksheet for E&S and Stormwater Control Measures

Project #: _____ Plans Dated _____ Last Revised _____

District: _____ Reviewer: _____

Location: _____

Project Description: _____

Contact Person for the Site:

Name: _____

Company: _____ Phone: _____

Site Visit Date: _____

Weather conditions: _____

Photographs taken ☐ Yes ☐ No

Contacted Responsible Party ☐ Yes ☐ No

Inspection submitted to CT DEP ☐ Yes ☐ No

Inspection submitted to Permittee ☐ Yes ☐ No

Comments: