GL 12 Evidence Receiving Document ID: 1401

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Page **1** of **6**

A. **PURPOSE**:

The Evidence Receiving and Case Management Units collaborate as the organizing body for the receipt and distribution of all evidence in the Division of Scientific Services (DSS). Evidence Receiving is responsible for the in-take of cases, proper temporary storage of evidence, distribution of all evidence and long term storage of evidence related to sexual assaults. Case Management vets cases and prioritizes the assignments based on customer needs. This procedure outlines in general terms the flow of evidence to the DSS, with-in the DSS and back to the submitting agency.

Part of the responsibility of the Evidence Receiving Unit is to take in drug evidence. Due to the nature of drug evidence special handling is required. Appendix A addresses the intake of drug evidence for the Controlled Substances unit and other units (when no drug analysis is required).

B. **DEFINITIONS**:

- 1. ECO (however titled): Evidence Control Officer; ECO is used in this document to mean an employee with the state title of Evidence Control Officer, or anyone assigned to work in the Evidence Receiving Unit or assigned to assist the unit temporarily.
- 2. ER: evidence receiving
- 3. CM: Case Management
- 4. PIN: Personal Identification Number
- 5. JT: JusticeTrax Computer System
- 6. COC: Chain of Custody
- 7. RFA: Request for Analysis form
- 8. CS: Controlled Substances unit

C. RESPONSIBILITIES:

- 1. Director: responsible to provide direction to the Scientific Services Administrative Manager.
- 2. Deputy Directors (DD): responsible to work with the ECO (or designees) as needed to ensure the appropriate flow of cases to and from the Units.
- 3. Scientific Services Administrative Manager (SSAM): responsible to manage the Evidence Receiving and Case Management Units. Additionally works with the CM and ER unit staff to resolve evidence intake issues.
- 4. Assistant Director (AD): responsible to work with the ECO (or designees) as needed to ensure the appropriate flow of cases to and from the Units.

| GL 12 Evidence Receiving | Document ID: 140 |
|--------------------------|------------------|
|--------------------------|------------------|

Revision: 6

Effective Date: 5/31/2019

Approved by Director: Dr. Guy Vallaro

Status: Published
Page 2 of 6

5. Quality Section (QS): Responsible to assist the SSAM and ECO as needed in matters related to the Quality System.

- 6. ECO (however titled): responsible to ensure that evidence received by the DSS meets the guidelines of the DSS.
- 7. Analysts (however titled): responsible to follow the guidance of this document as appropriate to their unit.

D. PROCEDURE:

- 1. Evidence brought into the DSS will be designated for one, or multiple units of the DSS.
- 2. The DSS accepts evidence from any state or local police department, Federal law enforcement and prosecutorial agencies, State's Attorney's Offices, and other authorized State agencies e.g. Consumer Protection and Corrections (Refer to General Statute 29-7b). Other agencies may submit evidence with *prior* authorization by the Director of the Division of Scientific Services.

Evidence previously analyzed by a laboratory, or other forensic expert outside of the DSS will not be accepted without prior approval of the Director (or Deputy Director in the Director's absence).

Evidence previously analyzed by the DSS, that is resubmitted for the same analysis must be approved by the Director or their designee prior to reanalysis.

- 3. Evidence brought to the DSS is expected to be properly sealed and labeled with the submitting agency's case and item number, whenever possible. All associated paperwork submitted with the case will also have the submitting agency case number identifier. In general, a 'Request for Analysis' form will be submitted with the evidence.
 - a. When evidence is submitted to ER that is not properly sealed the ECO may require the submitting agent to properly seal the evidence or the ECO may properly seal if a minor issue is discovered after acceptance. The ECO will make a notation in the synopsis section of JusticeTrax for that case that the evidence was sealed at the DSS. I-Prelog may be used by submitting agencies to submit evidence without having to use a Request for Analysis form. Please refer to Evidence Receiving Unit SOPs for further details.
 - b. Electronic evidence submission is allowed and covered in the individual unit SOPs (Latent Prints, Imprints, and MMIE).
- 4. All employees are expected to handle and store evidence in a manner that maintains the integrity of the evidence, specifically documenting each step of the COC and handling the evidence in a manner which prevents contamination or deleterious change. (See SOP GL-13, General Evidence Handling).
- 5. For evidence containing drugs: the evidence items containing drugs will be handled by ER as listed in appendix A. If the evidence is to be analyzed by a unit other than Controlled Substances, and it is to be stored prior to analysis it will be stored in the CS Unit until the respective Unit requires the evidence for testing.

GL 12 Evidence Receiving Document ID: 1401 Revision: 6

Effective Date: 5/31/2019

Approved by Director: Dr. Guy Vallaro

Status: Published
Page 3 of 6

When the evidence is purely drug residue, such as "empty" drug bags, pipes or other paraphernalia it can be transferred directly to the needed unit for storage/analysis.

Cases containing solid dose drugs will be stored in the Controlled Substance Unit, the Director may give approval for limited overnight storage in another Unit based on the needs of the case. If approval is obtained this will be noted to the case documentation.

- a. When the evidence is ready to be examined, the CS analyst will transfer evidence to the analyst requesting the item(s).
- b. If suspected drugs (excluding items such as drug paraphernalia and empty bags) are found on evidence during analysis (such as in a pocket of a piece of clothing) the analyst will immediately alert the Unit Lead or Supervisor.
 - i. The item(s) will be documented with photographs and/or case notes and sub-itemized in JusticeTrax. The items should be transferred to the Controlled Substance Unit for storage.
 - ii. The analyst, Lead, Supervisor or Case Management will contact the submitting agency to determine if they require the items to be tested. This information will be communicated to all needed units.
- c. The Unit performing the case analysis is responsible to inform the CS Unit that the work is complete and that the evidence can be returned to the Evidence Receiving Unit.
- 6. The following is a <u>generalized</u> description of the evidence flow throughout the DSS from the time it is accepted into the DSS Evidence Receiving Unit, to analysis and return to the submitting agency. There are exceptions to this which are documented within the Evidence Receiving SOPs and Unit specific SOPs.
 - a. Evidence is brought in by a submitting agency
 - b. Evidence is accepted by an ECO (or designee). The ECO checks for proper case seal and identification; comparing the agency case number on the submitted paperwork (Request for Analysis Form) to the agency case number on the evidence itself.
 - c. The evidence is logged into and assigned a DSS case number using the JusticeTrax computer system. (Refer to SOP GL-4 LIMS)
 - d. The ECO (or designee) places JT generated bar code labels with the case number printed on them on the paperwork, and evidence as appropriate. The bar code label is the mechanism for evidence transfer within the DSS from this point forward.
 - e. An evidence receipt is generated and signed by the submitting agent and the ECO.
 - f. An administrative case file is made containing all paperwork submitted and the evidence receipt.
 - g. The evidence is electronically and physically transferred to the proper storage location within evidence receiving, based on the type of evidence.

| GL 12 Evidence Receiving | Document ID: 1401 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| _ | Revision: 6 |
| | |

Effective Date: 5/31/2019

Approved by Director: Dr. Guy Vallaro

Status: Published
Page 4 of 6

h. Case Management vets cases for most Units to determine the best path of analysis when multiple Units are involved and to flag those that are expedited.

- i. Evidence examiners retrieve the evidence and associated paperwork from the Evidence Receiving area. This is done on a daily basis for some units and as needed by other units. All transfers are documented electronically in the JusticeTrax system. To ensure that the transfer is secure, both the ECO and the analyst will use their unique PIN for the transfer.
- j. Once the transfer is complete the analyst transports the evidence to their unit.
- k. Within the unit the analyst transfers the evidence to the proper storage location. The evidence will remain there until analysis is required. Alternatively the analysts keep possession of the evidence assigned to themselves and they store the evidence in their individual evidence storage locker.
- 1. A case file will be made for active cases, this will contain copies of the administrative case paperwork. This may be performed by the assigned Unit or the Case Management Unit.
- m. When evidence is assigned to an analyst, it is transferred to their possession when needed for analysis.
- n. The analyst will maintain the integrity of the evidence by maintaining proper storage of the items as specific in unit SOPs.
- o. The analyst will perform appropriate analysis.
- p. When analysis is complete on a case, the case report is generated, reviewed and signed.
- q. Once the case is complete and the final report is signed, the analyst retrieves the evidence from the storage location (tracking the transfer in JT), and physically brings the evidence and case reports to Evidence Receiving. In some cases, if additional testing is required by other disciplines, the evidence is transferred to the next unit for analysis.
 - i. The Toxicology unit, in general, does not return evidence to the submitting agency (See Toxicology unit specific SOPs).
 - ii. Forensic Biology sample prep cases can be returned to ER without a report.
- r. The evidence and report is transferred from the analyst to the ECO via JT; both will use their PINS during the transfer.
- s. The ECO transfers the evidence to a storage location for pick up by the submitting agency or for long term storage.
- t. The submitting agency may be contacted that evidence is ready for pick-up.
 - For OCME cases that are submitted and related to another agency's case, the OCME evidence will be transferred to the parent agency not to the OCME; unless the OCME requests that the item(s) be returned to them.
- u. When the submitting agency comes to pick up a case the ECO transfers the evidence and subitemized report from the storage location to themselves and finally to the submitting agency.

GL 12 Evidence Receiving Document ID: 1401

Revision: 6

Effective Date: 5/31/2019

Approved by Director: Dr. Guy Vallaro

Status: Published
Page 5 of 6

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i. Evidence for sexual assault cases is generally not returned to the submitting agency.

- ii. Long term storage of evidence related to sexual assaults is maintained by the Evidence Receiving unit.
- v. An outgoing evidence receipt is generated and signed by both the ECO and the representative from the submitting agency.
- w. The submitting agent is given the appropriate copies of the case report and the evidence.

Appendix A: Intake of Evidence Containing Drugs

The following is for evidence submitted specifically for the Controlled Substance unit and for evidence submitted for other units that are reported to contain drugs.

For newly received cases: lock boxes are provided that remain unlocked until evidence is placed in the box. The ECO will have the submitting agent act as witness to the evidence being placed in the lock box and sealed. The Controlled Substance unit maintains control of the keys to those boxes. Once a box is locked the ECO and the CS representative will unlock the box as each other's witness.

For cases returned from CS or to the submitting agency: a two lock storage cabinet is maintained for drug evidence. No ECO will ever have control of both keys. When an analyst returns evidence, 2 ECOs immediately lock the evidence into the 2 lock cabinet. To retrieve evidence from the 2 lock cabinet, 2 ECOs open the locker, remove the needed items and immediately relock the cabinet.

- 1. The ECO reviews the paperwork and evidence packaging to ensure the agency case number on the evidence matches the agency case number on the evidence submission form, per unit SOPs.
- 2. The ECO will enter the case into LIMS, create labels and label the individual evidence bags as normal (see unit SOPs for guidance).
- 3. The ECO will place the evidence in a lock box with the submitting agent as the witness to this act. The key to the lock box is controlled by the Controlled Substance unit. Multiple cases from a single submitting agency can be placed in a single box (based on case size).
- 4. The paperwork will be completed as per unit SOP with the submitting agent signing the evidence receipt. The submitting agent will be asked to initial the evidence receipt that they witnessed the evidence being placed in the lock box and the box sealed.
- 5. Drug cases should be picked-up from Evidence Receiving Daily.
- 6. When the evidence is to be transferred to the CS analyst the analyst will bring the lock box keys.
 - a. The lock box will be opened (with both the ECO and CS analyst present), the items will be transferred to the CS analyst in JT per normal procedure.

GL 12 Evidence Receiving Document ID: 1401

Revision: 6

Effective Date: 5/31/2019

Approved by Director: Dr. Guy Vallaro

Status: Published
Page 6 of 6

b. Evidence submissions may be placed in a convenience container and sealed. When convenience containers are used, bar code labels will be placed on the convenience container.

7. For cases that cannot be stored in a lock box, the ECO will call the CS Lead, Supervisor, Assistant Director or Deputy Director to arrange for immediate transfer to the CS storage location.

In the rare cases that the above cannot be performed the method to ensure patency will be at the discretion of the Deputy Director or their designee.

8. When evidence is returned from CS to ER, the evidence will be transferred as per section 6.r of this SOP and the evidence will be locked into the drug cabinet by the ECO. The evidence will stay locked in the 2 lock drug cabinet until it is to be picked up by the submitting agency, at that time 2 ECOs (or 1 ECO and one Management Designee) will unlock the cabinet, remove the needed items and transfer the evidence.

At no time will the 2 lock drug cabinet be left with either lock unlocked.

