DNA SOP-20 Extraction of Unknown Samples on EZ1

Advanced XL

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20.1 PURPOSE

To purify genomic DNA from unknown biological samples using the EZ1 DNA Investigator Kit on the EZ1 Advanced XL.

20.2 RESPONSIBILITY

DNA Section personnel.

20.2.1 Document the Extraction on DNA QR-26 (non-differential & hair root) or DNA QR-27 (differential samples)

20.3 CLEANING EZ1 ADVANCED XL

Note: The reagent cartridges contain guanidine salts, which can form highly reactive compounds when combined with bleach. Do not use bleach on the EZ1 Advanced XL or to clean up EZ1 reagent spills. If reagents spill, completely soak up liquid with paper towel, then clean area with water, followed by bleach.

Note: When using the EZ1 Advanced XL DNA Investigator Flip Cap Card and Flip cap rack:

Elution tubes can either be 1.5ml flip cap tubes or the EZ1 Elution Tubes. Sample tubes (used in the EZ1) can either be 2.0ml SPIN tubes or the EZ1 Sample Tubes.

- Insert the EZ1 Advanced XL DNA Investigator Flip Cap Card (if using the flip cap racks completely into the EZ1 Advanced Card slot of the EZ1 Advanced XL. Switch on the EZ1 instrument. Prior to and after each extraction run, Press "1" on the main menu to select the UV function. Enter "20" for 20 minute duration. Press "ENT" and then press "START" to turn the UV lamp on.
- After each extraction run, discard waste in proper receptacle. Close the instrument door. Press "2" in the main menu to select the manual function. Press "3" to choose the "clean" operation. Press "START". Open the instrument door and carefully wipe the piercing unit using a soft tissue moistened with ethanol or Proprietary Solvent (caution piercing unit is sharp). Close the instrument door and press "ENT". Clean the cartridge rack and tip rack with a soft tissue moistened with ethanol or Proprietary Solvent. Document on **DNA QR-281** EZ1 Maintenance Log. It is recommended that the piercing unit be clean prior to

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extraction as well. Weekly (+/- 3 days) O-ring wiping/greasing will be documented on **DNA QR-223**.

20.4 SAMPLE PRETREATMENT

- 20.4.1 <u>Pre-treatment of Most Non-Semen Containing Body Fluid and Touch Samples on Solid</u> Substrates
- 20.4.1.1 Cut out a sample of the stain. The size of the cutting depends upon the quantity and quality of the sample. As needed, cut the stain into smaller pieces and place these in a labeled SPIN tube. Samples are not limited to stains. Samples could be swabs, cuttings, scraping, etc.
- 20.4.1.2 Make a master mix of n+1 (n = number of samples and corresponding controls):

480µl Buffer G2 or Extraction Buffer

20µl Proteinase K (20mg/ml) (Qiagen or in-house)

1μl cRNA (1μg/μl)

- 20.4.1.2.1 To each tube add 500µl of master mix.
- 20.4.1.3 Mix and centrifuge tubes as needed to force samples into extraction buffer.
- 20.4.1.4 Incubate sample tubes for 15 minutes to 18 hours on thermal shaker set to 56°C and 850rpm.
- 20.4.1.5 Pulse spin tubes as needed to collect sample condensation to bottom of tube after incubation.
- After incubation, the liquid is separated from the sample substrate by transferring the solid substrate to a spin basket and centrifuging for 2 minutes at 15,000rpm in a microfuge. Discard spin basket (containing solid substrate). If debris is present in the tube, the liquid may need to be transferred to another tube (minimizing the amount of debris transferred). This will prevent the debris from potentially clogging tips during the extraction process.
- 20.4.1.7 Add 400µl of Buffer MTL to lysate in the SPIN tube. If using an EZ1 sample tube, immediately transfer lysate/Buffer MTL mixture into a labelled EZ1 Sample Tube. Alternatively, Buffer MTL can be added to the labelled EZ1 Sample Tubes shortly prior to the addition of the lysate. In order to help prevent a precipitant from forming, the Sample Tubes (containing the MTL buffer) may be temporarily stored in 56°C oven until use or Buffer MTL can be pre-heated to 56°C.

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20.4.1.8 Go to step 20.5.

20.4.2 Pre-treatment of Semen Containing Body Fluid Samples on Solid Substrates

A reagent blank will undergo differential separation as all evidentiary samples. You will Note:

need an extraction positive and reagent blank-A for the A fraction samples and an extraction positive and reagent blank-B for the B fraction samples. The extraction

positive for the B fraction samples should be introduced at step 20.4.2.12.

In the scenario of extracting non-differential samples with differential samples in the Note:

same set, the RB-A and EP1A will also serve as the reagent blank and extraction positive

control for non-differential samples as well as for the epithelial-rich samples.

1M DTT may be added to a sample (and RB) at the analyst's discretion (e.g., samples **Note:**

that have a p30 positive result and are not undergoing a differential extraction).

Semen stains thought to be single source in origin (e.g., non-intimate samples), minute Note:

semen samples, or semen samples from putative aspermic males may be extracted without a differential where appropriate but with the addition of DTT (1M).

Follow step 20.3: CLEANING EZ1 ADVANCED XL for proper decontamination 20.4.2.1 procedures of the EZ1 Advanced XL.

20.4.2.2 Cut out a sample of the stain. The size of the cutting depends upon the quantity and quality of the sample. As needed, cut the stain into smaller pieces and place these in a labeled SPIN tube. Samples are not limited to stains. Samples could be swabs, cuttings, scraping, etc.

20.4.2.3 Make a master mix of (n+1) for samples and corresponding controls:

480ul Extraction Buffer

20µl Proteinase K (20mg/ml) (in-house)

1μl cRNA (1μg/μl)

20.4.2.3.1 To each tube add 500µl of master mix.

20.4.2.4 Mix and centrifuge tubes as needed to force samples into extraction buffer.

20.4.2.5 Incubate sample tubes for 15 minutes to 1 hour on thermal shaker set to 56°C and 850rpm.

20.4.2.6 Pulse spin tubes as needed to collect sample condensation to bottom of tube after incubation. DNA SOP-20 Extraction of Unknown Samples on EZ1 Document ID: 920 Advanced XL

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20.4.2.7 After incubation, the liquid is separated from the sample substrate by transferring the solid substrate to a spin basket and centrifuging for 2 minutes at 15,000rpm in a microfuge.

- 20.4.2.8 Discard spin basket (containing solid substrate). Carefully, transfer the supernatant to an EZ1 Sample Tube or SPIN tube (labelled A fraction), without disturbing the sperm cell pellet. A fraction samples can either be processed immediately (step 20.4.2.14), incubated in the oven or incubated on the thermal shaker with the B fraction.
- 20.4.2.9 Wash the sperm cell pellet by re-suspending the pellet in 500µl Extraction Buffer.
- Centrifuge the tube for 2 minutes at 15,000rpm and carefully remove and discard the 20.4.2.10 supernatant, without disturbing the sperm cell pellet.
- 20.4.2.11 Repeat steps 20.4.2.9 and 20.4.2.10 2-3 times.
- 20.4.2.12 Make a master mix of (n+1) for B faction samples and corresponding controls:

Extraction Buffer 460ul

Proteinase K (20mg/ml) (in-house) 20ul

20µl 1M DTT

cRNA (1µg/µl) 1μ l

- 20.4.2.12.1 To each tube add 500µl of master mix.
- Re-suspend sperm pellet and incubate each tube at 56°C for 2 to 18 hours on a thermal 20.4.2.13 shaker set to 56°C and at 850rpm.
- 20.4.2.14 Add 400ul of Buffer MTL to ALL sample tubes. If using EZ1 sample tubes, immediately, transfer each lysate/Buffer MTL mixture into labelled EZ1 Sample Tubes. Alternatively, Buffer MTL can be added to the labelled EZ1 Sample Tubes shortly prior to the addition of the lysate. In order to help prevent a precipitant from forming, the Sample Tubes (containing Buffer MTL) may be temporarily stored in 56°C oven until use or Buffer MTL can be pre-heated to 56°C.
- To process the samples and corresponding controls, go to step 20.5. 20.4.2.15

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20.4.3 <u>Pretreatment of Hair Root Samples</u>

Note: Hair can be cleaned if necessary. See mtDNA SOP-2 (2.6.3).

- 20.4.3.1 Follow step 20.3: CLEANING EZ1 ADVANCED XL for proper decontamination procedures of the EZ1 Advanced XL.
- 20.4.3.2 Using a sterile scalpel blade, cut the root and some of the hair shaft for a total length of approximately ½ cm. Place the root portion in a labeled EZ1 Sample Tube or SPIN Tube.
- 20.4.3.3 Make a master mix of (n+1) for samples and corresponding controls:

180 μl Buffer G2 or Extraction Buffer

10 μl Proteinase K (20mg/ml) (Qiagen or in-house)

20 μl 1M DTT

 $1 \mu l$ cRNA $(1 \mu g/\mu l)$

- 20.4.3.3.1 To each tube add 210µl of master mix.
- 20.4.3.4 Mix and centrifuge tubes as needed to force samples into extraction buffer.
- 20.4.3.5 Incubate sample tubes for 1-18 hour on thermal shaker set to 56°C and 850rpm.
- 20.4.3.6 Pulse spin tubes as needed to collect sample condensation to bottom of tube after incubation.
- 20.4.3.7 Remove any remaining hair sample.
- 20.4.3.8 Obtain DNA Investigator Reagent Cartridge.
- 20.4.3.9 Label the side of the EZ1 Elution Tube. Alternatively, if a 1.5ml tube is used for elution, the tube may be labeled on the side or the cap.
- 20.4.3.10 After the UV process is complete, press "ESC" to return to the main menu. Press "START" to start the protocol setup. Press ESC when asked about data tracking.
- 20.4.3.11 Press "1" for Trace protocol.
- 20.4.3.12 Go to step 20.5.5

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20.4.4 **Extraction Controls**

- 20.4.4.1 For each extraction set a reagent blank and extraction positive shall be used. If extracting a variety of substrates within a set, the reagent blank shall contain the largest volume of pretreatment buffer in comparison to the sample tubes. The reagent blank shall be extracted in parallel and concurrently with its respective samples.
- 20.5 DNA EXTRACTION ON THE EZ1 ADVANCED XL
- Obtain DNA Investigator Reagent Cartridge. 20.5.1
- Label side of EZ1 Elution Tube. Alternatively, if a 1.5ml tube is used for elution, the tube 20.5.2 may be labeled on the side or the cap.
- 20.5.3 After the UV process is complete, press "ESC" to return to the main menu. Press "START" to start the protocol setup. Press ESC when asked about data tracking.
- Press "3" for Large Volume protocol. 20 5 4
- Press "1" to elute into water and then press "2" for the 50µl elution volume. 20.5.5
- 20.5.6 Press any key to proceed through the text shown on the display and start worktable setup.
- Open the instrument door. 20.5.7
- 20.5.8 Invert the reagent cartridges twice to mix the magnetic particles. Load the reagent cartridges into the cartridge rack. Ensure that you press down on the cartridge until it clicks into place after you slide it into the rack. Prior to extraction, if cartridges are left in rack for an extended period of time and resin pellets remove cartridges and repeat this step.
- 20.5.9 Load opened elution tubes into the first row of the tip rack. Load tip holders containing filter-tips into the second row of the tip rack. Load opened sample tubes containing digested sample into the back row of the tip rack.
- Note: MAKE SURE CAPS ARE REMOVED (CUT OFF OF SPIN TUBES) FROM SAMPLE TUBES AND CAPS ARE REMOVED OR OPENED FROM ELUTION TUBES PRIOR TO CLOSING INSTRUMENT DOOR AND STARTING PROTOCOL OR INSTRUMENT WILL MALFUNCTION.

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- 20.5.10 Close the instrument door.
- 20.5.11 Press "START" to start the purification procedure.
- 20.5.12 When the protocol ends, the display shows "Protocol finished", press "ENTER".
- 20.5.13 Open the instrument door.
- 20.5.14 Check the pipette tips. Make sure the filters are not wet, salty or discolored.
- 20.5.15 Replace/close elution tube caps and remove samples from instrument.
- Visually check the volumes in the elution tubes. They should have the same volume $(50\mu L)$ with the RB being at the most stringent volume. If a discrepancy is seen, manually check the volumes of all tubes with a pipette to ensure that the RB is at the most stringent volume and record each volume on the QR worksheet. If adjustments need to be made with dH_2O , note this on the QR worksheet. If no liquid is present in a tube, note on worksheet, and troubleshoot the situation. If necessary, consult a Lead, DNA Technical Leader, or Assistant Director.
- 20.5.17 Store DNA at +4°C or -20°C for short-term storage. Store DNA at -70°C for long-term storage.
- 20.5.18 Clean instrument according to 20.3 CLEANING EZ1 ADVANCED XL.

20.6 CONCENTRATION AND PURIFICATION OF DNA SAMPLES

- 20.6.1 Please refer to DNA WI-33 "DNA Sample Concentration" for detailed guidance.
- The EZ1 DNA extract may be concentrated for STR amplification using a Microcon-100 in instances where the limited quantity of DNA recovered from the evidence indicates that it would be appropriate to amplify > than the maximum amplification volume (e.g., 15 μ l for F6C) of the purified DNA sample with Lead or TL approval. Document the sample concentration on QR-28 "Concentration Worksheet". Note; if potential PCR inhibitors are a concern concentration is not indicated, the extract (knowns or question) may be purified using the Microcon-100 protocol listed below without sample concentration, i.e., elute in 50 μ l of dH₂O.

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to 50 µl using a Microcon as described in 20.6 (final volume ~50 µl).

The reagent blank within the batch is processed with the exact same additional manipulation steps, parallel and concurrent with the sample—2 reagent blanks are processed separately as described in 20.4 - 20.5 and the elutes are combined and the final elution volume is adjusted

20.7.4

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20.7.5 The reagent blank which will go through the Microcon step also serves as the reagent blank for the other samples in the same set/batch which will not go through the Microcon step, since it is more stringent than the other samples.

