FB SOP-23 Ouchterlony Plates QC Document ID: 1118

Revision: 1

Effective Date: 8/15/2014

Approved by Director: Dr. Guy Vallaro
Status: Retired
Page 1 of 3

Title: Ouchterlony Plates QC

A. PURPOSE:

To prepare Ouchterlony plates for species determination and to perform quality control on prepared reagents or purchased antisera/sera.

B. RESPONSIBILITY:

Forensic Science Examiners 1 and 2 in the Forensic Biology Section. Ordering information is maintained in a log book in the Forensic Biology Section.

C. SAFETY:

Use appropriate measures for the proper handling of Trypan Blue and sodium azide according to SOP-GL-2 (Safety Manual) and the Material Safety Data Sheets.

D. **DEFINITIONS**:

PBS: Phosphate Buffered Saline

E. PROCEDURE:

- 1. Materials (1% Agarose, 0.25% Trypan Blue):
 - a. Phosphate buffered saline 100mL
 - b. Type I agarose 1g
 - c. Trypan blue 0.0125g
 - d. Sodium azide ~0.025g
 - e. Sterile petri dishes (50x9mm)
 - f. Serological pipets (10ml)
 - g. Controls: Known positive control(s) and negative reagent blank(s)

2. Procedure:

- a. Heat 0.0125g of Trypan blue in 50mL PBS to dissolve (**do not boil**).
- b. In a separate container, heat 1g of agarose in 50mL PBS until dissolved. Re-measure and add distilled water to volume as needed.
- c. Add Trypan blue solution to agarose solution. Heat to boiling.
- d. Add approximately 0.025g of sodium azide.

FB SOP-23 Ouchterlony Plates QC

Document ID: 1118

Revision: 1

Effective Date: 8/15/2014

Status: Retired Page 2 of 3

Approved by Director: Dr. Guy Vallaro

E. 2. e. Swirl to mix thoroughly.

- f. Using a serological pipet, add 4mL of agarose media to each sterile petri dish and swirl gently so agarose covers the bottom of the plate. Avoid the formation of bubbles.
- g. Allow to cool, then cover with lids and place in the refrigerator in a zip lock bag, inverted to prevent condensation.
- 3. Test each new lot with the appropriate antisera and corresponding controls as needed <u>before</u> use according to SOP-FB-09 (Species Double Diffusion Test), Ouchterlony Quality Record Worksheet (FBQR-08) and the Ouchterlony Reagent Log Sheet. Record the required information.
- 4. If the appropriate results are not obtained, review the procedure and repeat the test with a 2nd plate.
- 5. If the appropriate results are still not obtained, discard and make new plates.
- 6. If the plates are suitable for use, store inverted in the refrigerator in a zip lock bag labeled with the lot # (date of preparation), control date and examiner's initials.
- 7. Discard any unused plates after six (6) months or sooner if any bacterial growth or dehydration of the gel occurs.

F. REFERENCES:

- 1. Ouchterlony, 0., 1948a, "Antigen-antibody reactions in gels," Acta. Pathol. Microbiol. Scand. 26 (1949), 507.
- 2. Ouchterlony, 0. "Antigen-antibody reaction in gels", Ark. Kemi. Mineral Geol. 26B (14).
- 3. Ouchterlony, 0. 1949b. Antigen-antibody reactions in gels II. Factors determining the site of the precipitate. Ark. Kemi. 1:43-48.
- 4. Ouchterlony, 0. 1949c. Antigen-antibody reactions in gels III. The time factor. Ark. Kemi. 1:55-59.
- 5. Ouchterlony, O. 1968. Handbook of Immunodiffusion and Immuno-electrophoresis, Ann Arbor Science Publishers, Inc., Ann Arbor, Michigan.
- 6. SOP-GL-2 (Safety Manual).

FB SOP-23 Ouchterlony Plates QC

Document ID: 1118

Revision: 1

Effective Date: 8/15/2014

Status: Retired Page 3 of 3

Approved by Director: Dr. Guy Vallaro

7. Material Safety Data Sheets.

