This document summarizes the U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) requirements for meal modifications in public schools, private schools, and residential child care institutions (RCCIs) that participate in the school nutrition programs. The school nutrition programs include the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), School Breakfast Program (SBP), Afterschool Snack Program (ASP) of the NSLP, Seamless Summer Option (SSO) of the NSLP, Special Milk Program (SMP), Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program (FFVP), and Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) At-risk Supper Program implemented in schools. For detailed guidance, refer to the CSDE's *Guide to Meal Modifications in School Nutrition Programs* and visit the Special Diets in School Nutrition Programs webpage.



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The requirements for meal modifications for children participating in the school nutrition programs are defined by the USDA's nondiscrimination regulations (7 CFR 15b) and school nutrition program regulations (7 CFR 210.10(m) and 7 CFR 220.8(m)). These regulations outline the required modifications for children whose disability restricts their diet (disability reasons) and the optional modifications for children who do not have a disability but have other special dietary needs (non-disability reasons). The different requirements for disability and non-disability meal modifications are summarized below.

Required Meal Modifications for Disability Reasons

The USDA requires that school food authorities (SFAs) must make reasonable meal modifications on a case-by-case basis for children whose disability restricts their diet, based on written documentation from a state licensed healthcare professional or registered dietitian. Meal modifications must be related to the disability or limitations caused by the disability.

- A reasonable modification is a change or alteration in policies, practices, and/or
 procedures to accommodate a disability that ensures children with disabilities have
 equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from a program. The general guideline in
 making a reasonable modification is that children with disabilities must be able to
 participate in and receive benefits from programs that are available to children without
 disabilities.
- Case-by-case basis means that the meal modifications are specific to the individual
 medical condition and dietary needs of each child, based on the specific information
 provided by the state licensed healthcare professional or registered dietitian in the
 child's medical statement or, if applicable, the child's Section 504 plan or Individualized
 Education Program (IEP).
- A state licensed healthcare professional is an individual who is authorized to write medical prescriptions under state law. The Connecticut State Department of Public Health (DPH) defines these individuals as physicians (MD), physician assistants (PA) and certified physician assistants (PAC), doctors of osteopathy (DO), and advanced practice registered nurses (APRN).
- A registered dietitian (RD) or registered dietitian nutritionist (RDN) is an individual with
 a minimum of a graduate degree from an accredited dietetics program and who
 completed a supervised practice requirement, passed a national exam, and completes
 continuing professional educational requirements to maintain registration. For more
 information, visit the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics' (AND) Registered Dietitian
 Nutritionist Fact Sheet website.

For detailed guidance on the meal modification requirements for disability reasons, refer to section 2 of the CSDE's *Guide to Meal Modifications in School Nutrition Programs*.

Optional Meal Modifications for Non-disability Reasons

SFAs may choose to make optional meal modifications within or outside the school meal patterns on a case-by-case basis for children whose dietary needs do not constitute a disability. Optional modifications for non-disability reasons include requests related to religious or moral convictions, general health concerns, and personal food preferences. An example is a family's preference for gluten-free foods, organic foods, or almond milk because they believe these foods are healthier.

The requirements for optional meal modifications for non-disability reasons depend on whether they are within or outside the USDA meal patterns.

- Modifications within the USDA meal patterns: Meal modifications are within the meal patterns if they are only modified for texture (such as chopped, ground, or pureed foods) or they only include substitutions within the same meal component, such as a banana for strawberries (fruits component), lactose-free milk for regular milk (milk component), and chicken for pork (meats/meat alternates component). These modifications do not require a medical statement. However, the CSDE recommends obtaining a medical statement to ensure clear communication between parents/guardians and the SFA regarding the appropriate meal modifications for the child. For information on the USDA meal patterns for the school nutrition programs, visit the CSDE webpages below.
 - Afterschool Snack Program Meal Patterns
 - Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs
 - Meal Patterns for Preschoolers in School Nutrition Programs
- Modifications outside the USDA meal patterns: Meal modifications are outside the meal patterns if they include noncreditable foods. Noncreditable foods are foods and beverages that do not meet the meal pattern requirements for reimbursable meals and afterschool snacks. Examples include entrees that do not meet the meats/meat alternates component and substituting rice milk for cow's milk. Meal modifications for non-disability reasons that are outside the meal patterns require a medical statement signed by a state licensed healthcare professional or registered dietitian. For information on noncreditable foods, refer to the CSDE's resources below.
 - Noncreditable Foods in the Afterschool Snack Program Meal Pattern for Grades K-12
 - Noncreditable Foods in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program Meal Patterns for Grades K-12
 - Noncreditable Foods in the Preschool Meal Patterns for the School Nutrition
 Programs

For detailed guidance on optional meal modifications for non-disability reasons, refer to section 3 of the CSDE's *Guide to Meal Modifications in School Nutrition Programs*.

Optional Fluid Milk Substitutes for Non-disability Reasons

Fluid milk substitutes are plant-based beverages designed to replace cow's milk, such as soy milk, almond milk, rice milk, and oat milk. SFAs may choose to offer one or more allowable fluid milk substitutes for children who do not consume regular cow's milk for non-disability reasons. These substitutions require a written request that identifies the reason for the milk substitute. This written request must be from the parent/guardian, a state licensed healthcare professional, or a registered dietitian.

All fluid milk substitutes for non-disability reasons must meet the USDA's nutrition standards for fluid milk substitutes. In addition, fluid milk substitutes offered in public schools must also meet the state beverage requirements for nondairy milk substitutes under Section 10-221q of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.); they cannot exceed 4 grams of sugar per ounce, 35 percent of calories from fat, and 10 percent of calories from saturated fat.

For detailed guidance on the requirements for fluid milk substitutes, refer to the CSDE's resources, Allowable Fluid Milk Substitutes for Non-Disability Reasons in the School Nutrition Programs and Identifying Products that Meet the USDA's Nutrition Standards for Fluid Milk Substitutes in the School Nutrition Programs.



Required Meal Modification Documentation for Disability Reasons

Meal modifications for disability reasons that are outside the USDA meal patterns require a medical statement signed by a state licensed healthcare professional or registered dietitian. The medical statement must include the three elements below.

- 1. Information about the child's physical or mental impairment that is sufficient to allow the SFA to understand how it restricts the child's diet.
- 2. An explanation of what must be done to accommodate the child's disability.
- 3. If appropriate, the food or foods to be omitted and recommended alternatives.

In some cases, more information may be required. For example, if the child requires caloric modifications or the substitution of a liquid nutritive formula to accommodate a disability, the state licensed healthcare professional or registered dietitian should include this information in the medical statement.

Medical information in Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 plan

SFAs are not required to obtain a separate medical statement if the child has an IEP or 504 plan that includes the three required elements, or the LEA obtains the required information during the development or review of the child's IEP or 504 plan.

Medical information in doctor's note or electronic medical statements

Acceptable documentation for meal modifications includes any written or electronic statement that includes the three required elements and is signed by a state licensed healthcare professional or registered dietitian. Examples include a doctor's note and medical statements with electronic signatures. SFAs are not required to obtain a separate medical statement when an alternate written or electronic statement provides the required information.

Determining if a Meal Modification is Required

SFAs can determine if a child requires a meal modification by reviewing question 1 in section B of the CSDE's medical statement form, *Medical Statement for Meal Modifications in the School Nutrition Programs*. This question asks the state licensed healthcare professional or registered dietitian to indicate if the child has a physical or mental impairment that restricts their diet.

- If the answer is "Yes." the SFA must make a reasonable meal modification.
- If the answer is "No," the SFA may choose to make a reasonable meal modification.

The CSDE's medical statement form and instructions are available in English and Spanish in the "Documents/Forms" section of the CSDE's Special Diets in School Nutrition Programs webpage.

Resources

- Accommodating Children with Disabilities in the School Meal Programs (USDA): https://fns-prod.azureedge.us/sites/default/files/cn/SP40-2017a1.pdf
- Allowable Fluid Milk Substitutes for Non-disability Reasons in the School Nutrition Programs (CSDE):
 - https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/sde/nutrition/nslp/specdiet/milk_substitutes_snp.pdf
- Guide to Meal Modifications in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE):
 - https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/sde/nutrition/nslp/specdiet/guide_meal_modifications_snp.pdf
- Identifying Products that Meet the USDA's Nutrition Standards for Fluid Milk Substitutes in the School Nutrition Programs (CSDE):
 - https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/sde/nutrition/nslp/specdiet/identify_allowable_nondairy_milk_substitutes_snp.pdf
- Medical Statements for School Nutrition Programs ("Documents/Forms" section of CSDE's Special Diets in School Nutrition Programs webpage)
 - https://portal.ct.gov/sde/nutrition/special-diets-in-school-nutrition-programs/documents#MedicalStatements
- NSLP regulations 7 CFR 210.10(d)(2): Fluid milk substitutes for non-disability reasons (USDA): https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-7/part-210#p-210.10(d)(2)
- NSLP regulations 7 CFR 210.10(m)(1): Modifications for disability reasons (USDA): https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-7/part-210#p-210.10(m)(1)
- NSLP regulations 7 CFR 210.10(m)(2): Variations for non-disability reason (USDA): https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-7/part-210#p-210.10(m)(2)
- Requirements for Procedural Safeguards for Meal Modifications in the school nutrition programs (CSDE):
 - https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/sde/nutrition/nslp/specdiet/procedural_safeguards_snp.pdf
- Sample Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for Meal Modifications in the School Nutrition Programs (CSDE):
 - https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/sde/nutrition/nslp/specdiet/sample_sop_meal_modifications_snp.pdf
- SBP regulations 7 CFR 220.8(m): Modifications and variations in reimbursable meals (USDA): https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-7/part-220#p-220.8(m)

Special Diets in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage):

https://portal.ct.gov/sde/nutrition/special-diets-in-school-nutrition-programs

Summary Charts of the Requirements for Meal Modifications in the School Nutrition Programs (CSDE):

https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/sde/nutrition/nslp/specdiet/summary_chart_meal_modifications_snp.pdf

USDA Memo SP 26-2017: Accommodating Disabilities in the School Meal Programs: Guidance and Questions and Answers (Q&As):

https://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/accommodating-disabilities-school-meal-programs-guidance-and-gas

USDA Memo SP 59-2016: Policy Memorandum on Modifications to Accommodate Disabilities in the School Meal Programs:

https://www.fns.usda.gov/policy-memorandum-modifications-accommodate-disabilities-school-meal-programs

For more information, visit the Connecticut State Department of Education's (CSDE) Special Diets in School Nutrition Programs webpage or contact the school nutrition programs staff at the Connecticut State Department of Education, Bureau of Child Nutrition Programs, 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 504, Hartford, CT 06103-1841. This document is available at https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/sde/nutrition/nslp/specdiet/overview meal modifications snp.pdf.

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- mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture
 Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights
 1400 Independence Avenue, SW
 Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; or
- 2. fax: (833) 256-1665 or (202) 690-7442; or
- email: program.intake@usda.gov

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