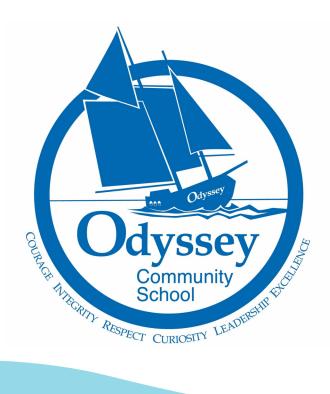
# **Odyssey Community School**

Leader and Educator
Evaluation and Support Plan
2024



Adopted with modifications from the Connecticut Leader and Educator Evaluation and Support Plans 2024



Odyssey Community School is a public charter school in Manchester, CT serving students in grades preschool through eight. Odyssey dedicates at least two hours per week to professional development in order to provide professional learning opportunities for teachers, paraprofessionals and administrators.

The plan was developed and reviewed by Odyssey's Professional Development and Evaluation Committee, composed of representative teachers and administrators.

Board Approved: July 31, 2024

Adopted with modifications from the Connecticut Leader and Educator Evaluation and Support Plans 2024

#### Introduction

Adapted single-point competencies serve as the standards for performance for all certified staff at Odyssey. These single-point competencies were adapted from The Connecticut Common Core of Teaching Rubric for Effective Teaching (2017), The Connecticut Common Core of Teaching Rubric for Effective Service Delivery (2017), and The Connecticut Leader Evaluation and Support Rubric (2017). The Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC) will continually review the applicability and validity of these rubrics. PDEC will adapt single point competencies as needed within the plan and resubmit it to the Odyssey Board of Trustees for approval, and remain in accordance with applicable CT State statutes.

Odyssey's Professional Learning and Evaluation Program has been designed to create pathways for the continuous learning and advancement of educational professionals throughout their careers. The Program components are aligned with the comprehensive educator and leader evaluation system adopted by the Connecticut State Board of Education in concert with a wide range of stakeholders and pursuant to educator evaluation regulations. Connecticut General Statutes 10-151b requires that "the superintendent of each local or regional board of education shall annually evaluate or cause to be evaluated each teacher."

Please note that the terms executive director and superintendent are used interchangeably at Odyssey.





# Connecticut Leader and Educator Evaluation and Support Plans 2024

State of Connecticut
Ned Lamont, Governor
Connecticut State Department of Education
Charlene Russell-Tucker, Commissioner
Charles Hewes, Deputy Commissioner
Sinthia Sone-Moyano, Deputy Commissioner

#### **State Board of Education**

Karen DuBois-Walton, Chair Erin D. Benham, Vice Chair Bonnie E. Burr Terrence Cheng, Ex Officio Erik M. Clemons Connor Cowan, Student Member Elwood Exley, Jr. Yasmeen Galal, Student Member Donald F. Harris, Jr. Patricia Keavney-Maruca, Ex Officio Martha Paluch Prou Malia K. Sieve Allan B. Taylor Kelli-Marie Vallieres, Ex Officio Seth D. Zimmerman

#### Acknowledgments

#### **Educator Evaluation and Support Council:**

American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education of Connecticut (AACTE-CT)

American Federation of Teachers of Connecticut (AFT-CT)

Connecticut Association of Boards of Education (CABE)

Connecticut Association of Public School Superintendents (CAPSS)

Connecticut Association of Schools (CAS)

Connecticut Education Association (CEA)

Connecticut Association of School Administrators (CASA)

Connecticut Federation of School Administrators (CFSA)

Increasing Educator Diversity (IED) Policy Oversight Council

Regional Educational Service Center (RESC) Alliance

Special recognition to the Connecticut State Department of Education Talent Office staff for their work with the Educator Evaluation and Support Council in the development of these plans.

The Connecticut State Department of Education is committed to a policy of equal opportunity/affirmative action for all qualified persons. The Connecticut Department of Education does not discriminate in any employment practice, education program, or educational activity on the basis of race; color; religious creed; age; sex; pregnancy; sexual orientation; workplace hazards to reproductive systems, gender identity or expression; marital status; national origin; ancestry; retaliation for previously opposed discrimination or coercion, intellectual disability; genetic information; learning disability; physical disability (including, but not limited to, blindness); mental disability (past/present history thereof); military or veteran status; status as a victim of domestic violence; or criminal record in state employment, unless there is a bona fide occupational qualification excluding persons in any of the aforementioned protected classes. Inquiries regarding the Connecticut State Department of Education's nondiscrimination policies should be directed to: Attorney Louis Todisco, Connecticut State Department of Education, by mail 450 Columbus Blvd., Hartford, CT 06103-1841; by telephone 860-713-6594; or by email at louis.todisco@ct.gov.

#### Contents

#### Leader Evaluation and Support Plan

- 2 Board of Trustees & PDEC Team Members
- 3 Vision
- **3 Guiding Principles**
- 4 Connecticut Guidelines for Educator and Leader Evaluation and Support 2023 Components: Reimagining Educator and Leader Evaluation and Support
- 4 Standards and Criteria for Leaders
- 5 Professional Learning Standards and Structures
- 5 The Continuous Learning Process: Goal Setting, Professional Practice, and
- 5 Evaluator/Observer/ Stakeholder Feedback and Engagement
- 7 Leader Continuous Learning Process
- 9 Definition of Cohorts
- 10 Growth Criteria
- 10 Tiered Support and Corrective Support Planning
- 11 Corrective Support Plan
- 11 Dispute Resolution
- 12 The Role of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC)
- 13 Local and State Reporting
- 14 Appendices Leader: Information and Resources to Support Effective Implementation
- 15 Appendix A: Sample Reflection Questions Leader
- 17 Appendix B: Definition of Cohorts Leader
- 18 Appendix C: Growth Criteria and Sources of Evidence Leader
- 19 Appendix D: General Glossary Leader
- 23 Appendix E: Glossary of Professional Learning Opportunities Leader
- 25 Appendix F: Continuous Learning Process Leader
- 30 Appendix G: Observation/Site Visit Forms Leader
- 34 Appendix H: Sample Corrective Support Plan Leader

#### **Educator Evaluation and Support Plan**

- 38 Vision
- 38 Guiding Principles
- 39 Connecticut Guidelines for Educator and Leader Evaluation and Support 2023 Components: Reimagining Educator and Leader Evaluation and Support
- 37 Board of Trustees & PDEC Members
- 39 Standards and Criteria for Educators
- 40 Professional Learning Standards and Structures
- 40 The Continuous Learning Process: Goal Setting, Professional Practice and Evaluator/Observer/ Stakeholder Feedback and Engagement
- 42 Educator Continuous Learning Process
- 44 Definition of Cohorts
- 45 Definition of Tiers

- 45 Growth Criteria
- 45 Tiered Support
- 46 Corrective Support Plan
- 46 Dispute Resolution
- 47 The Role of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC)
- 48 Local and State Reporting
- 49 Appendices Educator: Information and Resources to Support Effective Implementation
- 50 Appendix I: Sample Reflection Questions Educator
- 52 Appendix J: Definition of Cohorts Educator
- 53 Appendix K: Growth Criteria and Sources of Evidence Educator
- 54 Appendix L: General Glossary Educator
- 58 Appendix M: Glossary of Professional Learning Opportunities Educator
- 60 Appendix N: Continuous Learning Process Educator
- 65 Appendix O: Observation Forms Educator
- 69 Appendix P: Sample Corrective Support Plan Educator
- 71 Bibliography

# Odyssey Community School Leader Evaluation and Support Plan



Adopted with modifications from the Connecticut Leader and Educator Evaluation and Support Plans 2024

Date	Logo
May 2024	Odysey Community School To

#### **Board of Trustees Members District PDEC Members** Miriam Lewis (President) Michelle Bashaw **Parent Representative** Social Worker, Capitol Region Educational Council (CREC) Co-Principal Karen Chuong Jessica Swann **Parent Representative** Co-Principal Teacher, Manchester Public Schools Jennifer Renkiewicz Stephanie Donahue MTSS Coordinator Parent Representative Teacher, Windham Public Schools Lisa Kimyachi **Student Support Services Coordinator** Cynthia Merrill (Treasurer) **Community Representative** Giselle Ziegler CPA, Merrill & Brousseau, P.C. Pk-8 Music Teacher **Katherine Feltes Kate Duffy Community Representative** Pk-8 Art Teacher Educator/Community Health Worker **Christopher Buonacquisto Shelley Buonacquisto** Technology Director/Teacher Teacher Representative Kindergarten Teacher, OCS **Shelley Buonacquisto** Kindergarten Teacher Meghan Foley Erica Frechette **Teacher Representative** Literacy Specialist, OCS **Paraeducator Wendy Garlitz** Non Certified Staff Representative Paraeducator, OCS Erica Frechette Non Certified Staff Representative Paraeducator, OCS

#### Vision

All Connecticut educators and leaders have the opportunity for continuous learning and feedback, to develop and grow, both individually and collectively, through the educator and leader evaluation and support system so that all Connecticut students experience growth and success.

#### **Guiding Principles**

The transformational design of the leader evaluation and support model is grounded in six guiding principles that use high quality professional learning to advance leader practice, educator practice, and student learning, growth, and achievement.

Allow for differentiation of roles (for example for leaders: assistant superintendents, director of pupil services, various leaders in central office, principal, assistant principal; or for educators: teachers, counselors, instructional coaches, student support staff).

Simplify and reduce the burden (eliminate technical challenges, paperwork, steps).

**Focus on things that matter** (identify high leverage goal focus areas).

Connect to best practices aimed at the development of the whole child (including, but not limited to, academic, social, emotional, and physical development).

**Focus on leader growth and agency** (meaningfully engage professionals by focusing on growth and practice in partnership with others aligned to a strategic focus).

**Meaningful connections to professional learning** (provide multiple pathways for participants to improve their own practice in a way that is meaningful and impactful).

Specific, timely, accurate, actionable, and reciprocal feedback.

# Connecticut Guidelines for Educator and Leader Evaluation and Support 2023 Components: Reimagining Educator and Leader Evaluation and Support

The design of the Connecticut Guidelines for Educator Evaluation and Support 2023 (CT Guidelines 2023) are representative of research-based effective practice and include six elements.

- Standards and criteria
- Goal setting process
- Professional practice and educator growth
- Evaluator/observer/stakeholder feedback and engagement
- Process elements
- Dispute resolution

The combined vision, guiding principles, and overall framework for educators and leaders' evaluation and support describe a systematic process of continuous improvement and professional learning leading to high quality professional practice and improved outcomes for students. While components are similar for educators and leaders, there are components specific to educators and to leaders, resulting in two sections with similar processes within a district's evaluation and support system.

#### Standards and Criteria for Leaders

One of the primary goals of the leader evaluation and support system is to ensure the growth and development of their staff so they in turn may develop and enhance personal and professional strengths to meet the needs of all the students they serve. The PDEC team determined that the Connecticut Leader Evaluation and Support rubric would be adapted into a single point rubric is used to provide focus for high leverage goal(s) setting and professional learning.

#### Leader

- 1. Professional Standards for School Leaders (PSEL)
- 2. Learning Forward's Professional Learning Standards (2022)

#### Professional Learning Standards and Structures

Professional learning is essential to the CT Guidelines 2023 model. <u>Learning Forward Professional Learning Standards 2022</u>, serve as a useful tool to illustrate how professional learning can deepen educator and leader knowledge, promote reflection, and maximize leader impact. As a tool, the professional learning standards help educators and leaders intentionally design learning, address content, and consider how to accomplish the expected learning transformation desired. Together the professional standards for leaders, educators and professional learning serve as the three visions that work together to lay the foundation for meaningful feedback and continuous learning.



# The Continuous Learning Process: Goal Setting, Professional Practice, and Evaluator/Observer/ Stakeholder Feedback and Engagement

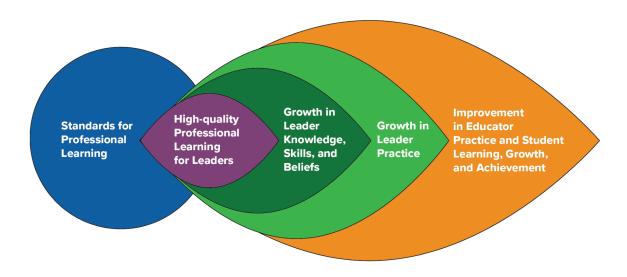
The evaluation and support model is designed as a continuous learning process. The goal of the continuous learning process is to provide leaders with continuous learning opportunities for professional growth through self-directed analysis and reflection, planning, implementation, and collaboration. Regular dialogue and feedback, coupled with the opportunity to reflect on and advance practice, drive the continuous learning process. The process provides an opportunity for leaders to address organizational system and structure questions. In this process, the leader serves as the learner who actively engages in and directs their learning and feedback. The evaluator serves as a learning partner who supports the leader through the learning and growth process. Within the process, the leader collaborates and serves as a reflective practitioner to determine mutually agreed upon leader goal(s), professional practice and leader growth, and observation/site visit and feedback focus.

Within the continuous learning process, leaders check in with their evaluator a minimum of three times a year (fall goal setting, midyear check-in, and end-of-year reflection) to provide an opportunity for a reciprocal discussion of what is happening in the school or district, a sharing of evidence of professional learning and impact on growth, and identification of needs and mutually agreed upon next steps. The meetings are approached in a spirit of continuous improvement, reflection, and collaboration. Dialogue is

important, however, there must be a balance of written and verbal feedback provided between check-ins based on observations/site visits, reviews of practice, and artifacts as required by the district plan, which must be provided periodically. Effective feedback is tied to standards and identifies strengths and areas of focus for growth.

At the core, educators and students learn best when educational leaders foster safe, caring, supportive learning communities, and promote rigorous curricula and instructional and assessment systems. This work requires educational leaders to build and strengthen a network of organizational supports — the professional capacity of teachers and staff; the professional community in which they learn and work; family and community engagement; and effective, efficient management and operations of the school/district. In all their work, educational leaders are driven by the district/school's mission, vision, and portrait of a graduate. They are called to act ethically and with professional integrity, and they promote equity and cultural responsiveness. Finally, educational leaders believe their district/schools, educators, and they themselves, can continuously grow. They are tenacious change agents who model transformational leadership (adapted from PSEL Standards).

The graphic below, adapted from Learning Forward's Standards for Professional Learning 2022, shows the relationship between professional learning for leaders, educators, and students.

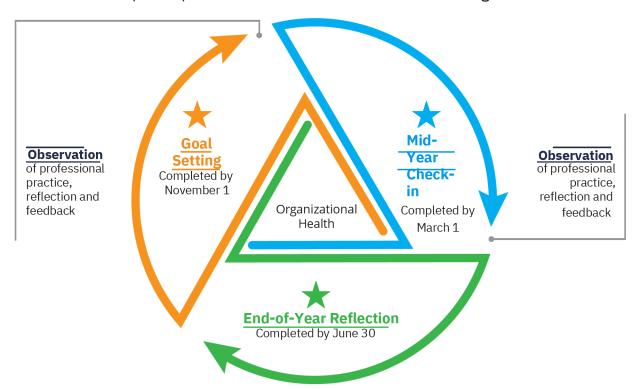


Below is a graphic with the associated steps, reflections, and linked resources associated with each step of the process to assist leaders and evaluators through the process. All leaders are assigned a primary evaluator (092 or 093).

# Leader Continuous Learning Process

#### **Evaluation Orientation**

Completed prior to the start of the Continuous Learning Process



# Goal Setting Completed by November 1

# Beginning of the Year Goal(s) and Planning

- Self reflect
- Review evidence

# Goal(s), Rationale, Alignment, and Professional Learning Plan

 Draft goal(s), rationale, alignment, professional learning plan

#### **Goal Setting Conference**

- Mutually agree on 1-, 2-, or 3-year goal(s)
- Determine individual or group goal(s)
- Mutually agree on professional learning needs and support

#### Mid-year Check-in Completed by March 1

#### Mid-Year Check-in: Reflection, Adjustments, and Next Steps

- Review & discuss currently collected evidence towards goal(s) and of practice
- Review professional learning, evidence, and impact on organization health, educator and student learning, growth and achievement

#### **Mid-Year Conference**

- Discuss evidence, reflection, and feedback from evaluator
- Adjust and revise as needed

#### End-of-Year Reflection Completed by June 30

# End-of-Year Reflection and Feedback Process

 Self-reflection: Review & discuss professional learning, evidence of impact on organizational health, educator and student learning, growth and achievement

#### End-of-Year Conference/ Summative Feedback and Growth Criteria

- Evaluator provides written summative feedback and guides next steps
- · Annual Summary sign-off

Orientation on the leader evaluation and support process shall take place prior to the start of the process, no later than October 15. The orientation shall include:

- High leverage goal setting and professional learning plans
- Use of rubrics and standards
- Observation of practice
- Tiered supports
- Dispute resolution

Annual training for evaluators as required by C.G.S. 10-151b will include engaging in and providing reciprocal feedback tied to standards and evidence of professional practice.

#### Goal(s) Setting (Completed by November 1)

Leaders and their evaluators mutually agree upon a high leverage professional practice one-, two-, or three-year goal(s) and develop a plan for professional learning and support that is consistent with their professional status and goals (see appendix B). Goals should always be connected to standards recommended by the PDEC and approved by the Board of Trustees. This is a process of feedback, reflection, goal setting, opportunities for professional learning, observations by

an evaluator, and collection of multiple measures of leader growth, educator growth, and impact on student learning, growth, and achievement. Within this process, the leader collaborates in a learning partnership with their evaluator. The continuous learning process begins with dialogue around leaders' self-reflection (based on review of evidence and practice) to the identified rubric while collecting and analyzing evidence to identify and support an area for leader practice, educator and student outcomes, and organizational growth.

#### The leader will:

- Self-assess using the identified rubric (PSEL)
- Identify a high leverage goal that impacts leadership practice and educator and organizational growth.
- Identify an individual or a collaborative goal.
- Develop a proposed professional learning plan to build knowledge and skill.

The leader shares the above with their evaluator during an initial goal setting conference that consists of dialogue around the proposed goal(s) and professional learning plan. During this conference, reciprocal dialogue between the evaluator and leader takes place to refine the proposed goal and professional learning plan as needed. In partnership, the leader and evaluator come to mutual agreement on the goal(s), multiple measures of evidence, professional learning plan, and support to drive progress toward goal attainment.

#### Midyear Check-in (Completed by March 1):

The midyear check-in provides an opportunity for the leader to self-reflect and review multiple and varied qualitative and quantitative indicators of evidence of impact on professional leadership practice; organizational growth; educator growth; and impact on student learning, growth, and achievement. Through reciprocal dialogue, the evaluator provides specific feedback based on evidence, standards, and the leader's goal(s). This is an overview of where the leader is in the process and what steps need to be taken to assist in continuous learning. During this check-in, revisions to the goal or learning plan, direction to tiered support, and next steps are documented.

#### **End-of-Year Reflection/Summative Review (Completed by June 30)**

End-of-year reflection provides an opportunity for the leader and evaluator to engage in reciprocal dialogue, similar to the midyear check-in, to discuss progress toward the leader's goal(s); professional learning as it relates to the leader's professional growth and professional practice; and impact on student learning, growth, and achievement as evidenced by multiple and varied qualitative and quantitative indicators of evidence. A written end-of-year summary includes the impact on leader practice and growth; possible next steps for the upcoming year; any concerns with the continuous learning process; new learning; and highlights of impact on educators, students, and school community; and completion of current goal or rationale for continuing the goal the following year. Analysis of evidence from the end-of-year summary is important for the leader's subsequent self-assessment and goal setting revisions or new goal(s).

This summary is based upon the mutually agreed upon goal(s) and identified standards and will make a distinction regarding the leader's successful completion of the professional learning process.

All forms for documentation are hyperlinked within the graphic of the continuous learning process, with further detail for each step.

#### **Professional Practice and Leader Growth**

The implementation of the continuous learning process is shared between the leader and evaluator. For the duration of the learning process, leaders pursue learning and attainment of their goal(s), collecting evidence of practice related to their high leverage professional learning goal. Evaluators will provide leaders with feedback from observations of professional practice/site visits and dialogue, ensure timely access to support and collect evidence of leader performance and practice toward goal(s) through multiple sources, including site visits, student and staff feedback, or family engagement (see appendix B).

#### Observation of Professional Practice and Feedback

Observation of professional practice or site visits occur throughout the continuous learning process. The identified high leverage goal(s) provides a focus for strategic evidence collection and feedback. Evaluators provide leaders with feedback based on evidence, standards, and the educator's goal(s); ensure timely access to planned support(s); and collect evidence of leader practice and progress toward goal(s) through multiple sources of evidence including site visits, feedback, written or verbal, that is provided within five school days. "Feedback is defined as a dynamic, dialogic process that uses evidence to engage a learner, internally or with a learning partner, in constructing knowledge about practice and self. Its primary purpose is learning that guides change" (Killion, 2019). Quality feedback:

- Is based on multiple and varied quantitative and qualitative indicators of evidence, standards, and goal(s)
- Is personalized
- Is learning-focused or growth-oriented
- Provides guestions for reflection to refine or revise strategies
- Expands understanding of one's experiences and their implications for future experiences
- Provides reflective opportunities to rework, refine, and reorder knowledge, attitudes, skills, and/or practices
- Is timely, frequent, and reciprocal

#### **Definition of Cohorts**

#### Cohort 1

#### Who:

- New to leadership role (first three years in this position)
- New to Odyssey (first three years)

#### What:

- Three observations of professional practice
- Feedback written and verbal within five school days.
- Additional observations of professional practice and/or site visits as mutually agreed upon or deemed necessary

#### Cohort 2

#### Who:

 Leaders who have successfully completed cohort 1 at Odyssey

#### What:

- Two observations of professional practice
- Feedback written and verbal within five school days.
- Additional observations of professional practice and/or site visits as mutually agreed upon or deemed necessary

#### Growth Criteria

Successful completion of the learning process is determined through multiple forms of evidence and reflection that is demonstrated by:

- Reflection supported with evidence of the impact of the leader's new learning on their practice/goal
- The impact the leader's new learning and practice had on the leader's practice, organizational growth, educator growth, and student outcomes.
- Next steps

See appendix C for further detail.

#### Tiered Support and Corrective Support Planning

All leaders require access to high-quality, targeted professional learning support to improve practice over time. Leaders and their evaluators thoughtfully consider and apply three tiers of support, as appropriate, with an evaluation process. All three tiers of support must be implemented prior to the development of a Corrective Support Plan.

A pattern of persistent lack of growth and reflection or resistance to growth-oriented feedback should lead to advancing levels of support with a defined process for placing a leader on a Corrective Support Plan with indicators of success for transitioning out of it. Evaluators must utilize and document all three tiers of support prior to the development of a Corrective Support Plan. The Corrective Support Plan shall be developed in consultation with the evaluator and leader.

#### Tier 1

It is the expectation that all leaders consistently access opportunities for professional growth within their district. Tier 1 supports are broadly accessible professional learning opportunities for all, inclusive of, but not limited to, collegial conversations, school site visits, available district resources (e.g., books, articles, videos, etc.), formal professional learning opportunities developed and designed by your district PDEC and other leader supports (e.g., leadership coaching). These resources should be identified through a goal setting process by mutual agreement.

#### Tier 2

In addition to Tier 1, Tier 2 supports are more intensive in duration, frequency, and focus (e.g., observation of specific leadership practices, etc.) that can be either suggested by the leader and/or recommended by an evaluator.

#### Tier 3

In addition to Tier 1 and Tier 2, Tier 3 supports are responsive to unresolved, previously discussed concerns that are collaboratively discussed and may be assigned by an evaluator. Tier 3 supports have clearly articulated areas of focus, duration of time, and criteria for success, and may include a decision to move to a Corrective Support Plan. Tier 3 supports shall be developed in consultation with the evaluator, leader and their exclusive bargaining representative for certified leaders chosen pursuant to C.G.S. §10-153b. The start date and duration of time an educator is receiving this level of support should be clearly documented (see appendix H).

#### Corrective Support Plan

A pattern of persistent lack of growth and reflection or resistance to growth-oriented feedback should lead to advancing levels of support with a defined process for placing a leader on a Corrective Support Plan with indicators of success for transitioning out of it. Evaluators must utilize and document all three tiers of support prior to the development of a Corrective Support Plan. The Corrective Support Plan shall be developed in consultation with the evaluator, leader and their exclusive bargaining representative for certified leaders chosen pursuant to C.G.S. §10-153b.

The Corrective Support Plan must contain:

- clear objectives specific to the well documented area of concern;
- resources, support, and interventions to address the area of concern;
- timeframes for implementing the resources, support, and interventions;
- supportive actions from the evaluator.

At the conclusion of the Corrective Support Plan period, a number of outcomes are possible as determined in consultation with the evaluator and leader.

See appendix H for a Corrective Support Plan form and example.

#### **Dispute Resolution**

The purpose of the dispute resolution process is to secure at the lowest possible administrative level equitable solutions to disagreements, which from time to time may arise related to the evaluation process. The right of appeal is available to all in the evaluation and support system. As our evaluation and support system is designed to ensure continuous, constructive and cooperative processes among professional educators, educators/leaders and their evaluators are encouraged to resolve disagreements informally.

Ultimately, should a leader disagree with the evaluator's assessment and feedback, the parties are encouraged to discuss these differences and seek common understanding of the issues. As a result of these discussions, the evaluator may choose to adjust the report but is not obligated to do so. The leader being evaluated has the right to provide a statement identifying areas of concern with the goals/objectives, evaluation period, feedback, and/or professional development plan, which may include the individual professional learning plan or a Corrective Support Plan.

Any such matters will be handled as expeditiously as possible, and in no instance will a decision exceed thirty (30) workdays from the date the leader initiated the dispute resolution process. Confidentiality throughout the resolution process shall be conducted in accordance with the law.

#### **Process**

- 1. Within three school days of articulating the dispute in writing to his/her/their evaluator, the leader being evaluated and the evaluator will meet with the objective of resolving the matter informally.
- 2. If there has been no resolution, the individual may choose to continue the dispute resolution process in writing. The leader being evaluated may choose between two options.

#### a. Option 1:

The issue in dispute may be referred for resolution to a subcommittee of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC), which will serve as a neutral party.\*

\*In the instance that a district is too small to have a full PDEC from which to select three individuals, the superintendent and leader may select three mutually agreed upon persons to serve as the neutral party for resolving the dispute. Each individual must be a Connecticut certified leader and may or may not be from within the district.

#### b. Option 2:

Since the Executive Director evaluates leaders at Odyssey, the leader being evaluated requests that the president of the Board of Trustees solely arbitrate the issue in dispute. In this case, the president will review all applicable documentation and meet with both parties (evaluator and leader being evaluated) as soon as possible, but no longer than five school days from the date of the written communication to the president. The BOT president will act as arbitrator and make a final decision, which shall be binding.

#### **Time Limits**

- 1. Since it is important that appeals be processed as rapidly as possible, the number of days indicated within this plan shall be considered maximum. The time limits specified may be extended by written agreement of both parties.
- 2. Days shall mean workdays. Both parties may agree, however, to meet during breaks at mutually agreed upon times.
- 3. The leader being evaluated must initiate the appeals procedure within five workdays of the scheduled meeting in which the feedback was presented. If no written initiation of a dispute is received by the evaluator within five workdays, the leader shall be considered to have waived the right of appeal.
- 4. The leader being evaluated must initiate each level of the appeal process within the number of days indicated. The absence of a written appeal at any subsequent level shall be considered as waiving the right to appeal further.

# The Role of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC)

The PDEC serves as the collaborative decision maker using the <u>consensus protocol</u> to create, revise, and monitor the evaluation and support model, as well as the professional learning plan to propose to the local board of education for mutual agreement.

Pursuant to Connecticut General Statute 10-220a and Public Act 23-159 Section 11(b)(3), each local and regional board of education must establish a professional development and evaluation committee to include at least one teacher and one administrator, selected by the exclusive bargaining representative for certified employees, at least one paraeducator selected by their exclusive bargaining representative, and other personnel as the local board deems appropriate. It is vital that individuals selected as delegates for administrators, teachers, paraeducators, and other school personnel are representative of the various classifications within the groups .

Other School Personnel	Educator	Leader
• Paraeducator	<ul> <li>Classroom teacher</li> <li>MTSS Coordinator</li> <li>Student Services coordinator</li> <li>Music teacher</li> <li>Art teacher</li> <li>Technology teacher</li> </ul>	• Co-principals

The duties of PDECs shall include, but are not limited to,

- participation in the development or adoption of a teacher evaluation and support program for the district, pursuant to section 10-151b;
- the development, evaluation, and annual updating of a comprehensive local professional development plan for certified employees of the district; and
- the development and annual updating of a comprehensive local professional development plan for paraeducators of the district.

The educator and leader evaluation and support program shall be developed through mutual agreement between the local or regional board of education and the PDEC. If the local or regional board of education and the PDEC are unable to come to mutual agreement, they shall consider the state model evaluation and support plan adopted by the State Board of Education and may, through mutual agreement, adopt such model educator and leader evaluation and support programs.

If the local or regional board of education and the PDEC are unable to mutually agree on the adoption of the State Board of Education's model program, then the local or regional board of education shall adopt and implement an educator and leader evaluation and support program developed by such board, provided that the program is consistent with the guidelines adopted by the State Board of Education.

#### Local and State Reporting

The superintendent (Executive Director) shall report:

- 1. the status of teacher evaluations to the board of trustees (BOT) on or before June 1 of each year; and
- 2. the status of the implementation of the teacher evaluation and support program, including the frequency of evaluations, the number of teachers who have not been evaluated, and other requirements as determined by the Department of Education, to the Commissioner of Education on or before September 15 of each year.

For purposes of this section, the term "teacher" shall include each professional employee of a board of education, below the rank of superintendent, who holds a certificate or permit issued by the State Board of Education.

ConnecticutLeader Evaluation and Support Plan 2024	

Appendices — Leader:

**Information and Resources to Support Effective Implementation** 

#### Appendix A: Sample Reflection Questions - Leader

#### Self-Reflection Sample Questions

- Thinking about the success and challenges you may have encountered last year, or at the start of this year, what questions do you have about leadership and organizational well-being?
- What new learning might you want to explore to inform your understanding of these questions and professional leadership practice?
- In reviewing the rubric, what areas emerge as opportunities for your professional learning and practice
- Based on your current organization's strengths and needs, and/or knowledge of district/school/ program goals, what new learning might you explore to address the needs?
- Based on knowledge of your students/adult learners, and/or knowledge of school/program goals, are there any new strategies or methods you'd like to explore and implement this year?
- How do you see yourself contributing to the school or district's mission, vision, and/or Portrait of a Graduate and what strategies can you learn more about to support that focus?
- What are you considering for your learning goal? What will it look like when you achieve your goal?

#### Professional Learning and Action Questions

#### **Indicators of success**

- What question will you focus on to address your goals?
- What are the criteria for an accomplished practice?
- How do you plan to collect and analyze evidence to assess progress toward your goals?
- What research/professional readings might you explore to support your professional learning
- and achieve your goal?
- What specific professional learning might you need to achieve your goal?
- What support might you need from your colleagues, supervisor, others? How frequently?
- How might you apply your learning to practice? How often?

#### **Determine Evidence**

- What evidence might you collect and analyze to understand progress toward your goal?
- Quantitative or qualitative or both?
- What ways would you like me as your evaluator to collect data/evidence for feedback?
- From how many different situations should we examine data/evidence?
- What are the advantages and disadvantages of the identified evidence?
- How will the data help us to analyze your practice?
- What is your timeline for collecting this evidence and measuring impact?
- What are the anticipated challenges or obstacles, and how do you plan to address them?
- How might you communicate/share your professional learning to your colleagues or families?
- What opportunities for professional learning do you believe would be beneficial for your growth as an educator?
- In what ways can we encourage collaboration and communication among colleagues to
- promote a culture of sharing best practices?

#### **Analysis of Evidence**

- What do you observe in your evidence?
- What patterns, themes, or outliers do you notice?
- What does the evidence say about how you are doing in relation to your goal and indicators of success?
- Based on the evidence and your practice overall, what are your strengths?
- In what aspect do you want to continue to grow or refine your knowledge, skill, practice?

#### **Learning Reflection and Next Steps**

- What is clear to you now?
- What are you learning?
- What do you understand now that you didn't understand as clearly before?
- How will this learning influence future actions?
- What is a single sentence conclusion that represents your learning?
- Under what circumstance might this conclusion not be true?
- What are ways you continue to refine your practice?
- What more do you want to learn and practice?
- How might you accomplish that? What is your next plan?
- What resources and support do you want or need?
- Once learning has been implemented: What effect did the learning have on practice, students?

#### Reflect on the Feedback Process

- In what ways did my engagement with you support your learning?
- What did I do as a learning partner that helped you as a learner and how did it help?

### Appendix B: Definition of Cohorts - Leader

#### **Definition of Cohorts**

#### Cohort 1

#### Who:

- New to leadership role (first three years in this position)
- New to Odyssey (first three years)

#### What:

- Three observations of professional practice
- Feedback written and verbal within five school days.
- Additional observations of professional practice and/or site visits as mutually agreed upon or deemed necessary

#### Cohort 2

#### Who:

 Leaders who have successfully completed cohort 1 at Odyssey

#### What:

- Two observations of professional practice
- Feedback written and verbal within five school days.
- Additional observations of professional practice and/or site visits as mutually agreed upon or deemed necessary

Single Point Competency Rubrics- Leaders use PSEL

# Appendix C: Growth Criteria and Sources of Evidence - Leader

### Growth Criteria

# Development of New Learning and Impact on Practice

• The leader can demonstrate how they developed new learning within the continuous learning process through multiple sources (e.g., observational feedback, data, walkthroughs, etc.) and how they used their new learning to improve practice.

#### **Impact on the Organization**

• The leader can demonstrate how they positively impacted the organizational health and can articulate connections/ rationale between the improved learning and their own changes in practice.

#### **Impact on Community**

 The leader can demonstrate how they worked effectively with colleagues/ families/community.

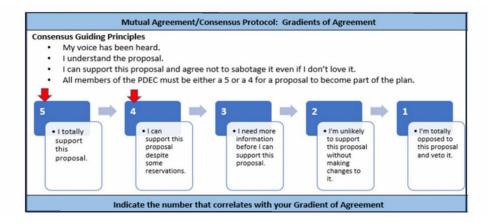
#### **Possible Sources of Evidence**

- Information from observations
- Strategic plans
- Learning walk/instructional rounds
- Self-reflection (e.g., journals, learning logs)
- Leader created professional learning materials
- Operational artifacts (e.g., schedules, procedural revisions)
- Educator learning outcomes
- Policy updates
- Community communications
- Constituent feedback
- Program development and implementation
- Quantitative measure of whole child development (including, but not limited to, academic, social, emotional, and physical development)
- Systems and structures

#### Appendix D: General Glossary - Leader

**consensus protocol:** Consensus decision-making is a creative and dynamic way of reaching agreement in a group. Instead of simply voting for an item and having the majority getting their way, a consensus group is committed to finding solutions that everyone actively supports — or at least can live with.

By definition, in consensus no decision is made against the will of an individual or a minority. If significant concerns remain unresolved, a proposal can be blocked and prevented from going ahead. This means that the whole group has to work hard to find win-win solutions that address everyone's needs.



From Consensus decision making. Seeds for Change. (n.d.). https://www.seedsforchange.org.uk/consensus

**Corrective Support Plan:** A pattern of persistent lack of growth and reflection or resistance to growth-oriented feedback should lead to advancing levels of support with a defined process for placing an educator on a Corrective Support Plan with indicators of success for transitioning out of it. The Corrective Support Plan shall be developed in consultation with the educator and their evaluator for certified teachers chosen pursuant to C.G.S. §10-153b. Corrective Support Plans shall include clear objectives specific to the well documented area of concern; resources, support, and interventions to address the area of concern; timeframes for implementing the resources, support, and interventions; supportive actions from the evaluator; and outcomes or further action as determined in consultation with the evaluator, leader, and a selected representative. **(Odyssey does not have an exclusive collective bargaining representative)** 

**check-ins:** Formal or informal meetings or conferences held in the spirit of collaboration between the leader and evaluator and to engage in reciprocal dialogue regarding what is happening in one's practice at that moment in time including goal(s), professional learning, multiple and varied forms of quantitative and qualitative evidence, adjustments, and next steps (i.e., classroom/school/building or district). During each school year, a minimum of three check-ins provide an opportunity for discussions to set and adjust goals, celebrate growth and positive impact, identify needs, assess and discuss evidence and learning, and next steps in one's learning.

**community:** A school community typically refers to the localized group of students, educators, parents, and staff within a specific school, fostering a sense of belonging and shared objectives within that school. A district community encompasses a broader scope, involving multiple schools within a school district, and often includes administrators, teachers, students, and families collaborating across various educational schools and programs within that district. The district community addresses overarching educational policies, resource allocation, and coordination among multiple schools and programs to promote consistent and effective education across a larger administrative unit.

**continuous learning process:** The continuous learning process is a cycle of feedback, reflection, goal setting, opportunities for professional learning, feedback from observations (peers or evaluators), and a collection of multiple measures of evidence. There are multiple models of continuous learning including, but not limited to:

- The Supporting Teacher Effectiveness Project (STEP)
- Massachusetts Department of Elementary and Secondary Education 5-Step Cycle and Model
- System for Educator Evaluation
- Ohio Department of Education Ohio Teacher Evaluation System (OTES 2.0) Framework
  Tennessee Educator Acceleration Model
  Connecticut TEAM Process (CAPA)

**dispute resolution:** A process for resolving disputes in cases where the evaluator and leader being evaluated cannot agree on goals/objectives, the evaluation period, feedback, or the professional learning plan or other outcomes of the evaluation process.

**evidence:** Evidence collected and presented as a part of the evaluation system may include (but is not limited to) artifacts, observations of practice, site visit feedback, and reflections of the leader impact on organizational health, educator growth, and student learning, growth, and achievement as part of the leader feedback process.

**feedback:** "Feedback is defined as a dynamic, dialogic process that uses evidence to engage a learner, internally or with a learning partner, in constructing knowledge about practice and self. Its primary purpose is learning that guides change" (Killion, 2019).

Quality feedback:

- Is based on multiple and varied quantitative and qualitative indicators of evidence, standards,
- and goal(s)
- Is personalized
- Is learning-focused or growth-oriented
- Provides questions for reflection to refine or revise strategies
- Expands understanding of one's experiences and their implications for future experiences
- Provides reflective opportunities to rework, refine, and reorder knowledge, attitudes, skills, and/
- or practices
- Is timely, frequent, and reciprocal

From Killion, J. (2019). *The feedback process: Transforming Feedback for Professional Learning.* Learning Forward.

**formal observations:** A formal observation is a structured and planned process of watching, assessing, and evaluating a leader's performance. This typically includes a pre-conference and post-conference and results in a written evaluation within five school days.

**goals and standards:** Should be a high leverage goal based on professional practice standards and consistent with the goals of the district. Clear alignment between district, school, and certified staff goals (departments, grade-level teams, or collaborations) improves the collective effectiveness of practice.

**growth criteria:** Successful completion of the Continuous Improvement Process, supported with evidence that includes the impact the leader's new learning had on their practice/goal, along with a reflection on challenges and next steps; and the impact the leader's new learning and practice had on organizational health, educator growth, student learning, growth, and/or achievement, supported by evidence.

**high leverage goals:** High leverage goals are based on professional practice standards and are transferable across roles, disciplines, and positions and aligned to a strategic focus. They address strategies for development of human capital (people), instruction (knowledge and skills), and organizational management that transcends schools (Grissom, et al., 2021).

**informal observations:** An informal observation is an unplanned visit intended to evaluate educator performance. This typically includes either verbal or written feedback provided to the educator within five school days.

**leader:** A leader is defined as someone in a leadership position who has attained the 092 certification.

This may include assistant superintendent, principal, dean of students, assistant/vice principal, pupil services director, department chair. This is not an exhaustive list, rather to illustrate the definition. Superintendents will confirm district leaders with evaluation roles.

**multiple measures:** Can include, but is not limited to, structures and systems to support educator learning and growth, culture and climate changes, student learning, growth, and achievement as mutually agreed upon during the goal-setting process. Additional evidence relative to one or more competencies.

mutual agreement: An agreement or condition that is reciprocal or agreed upon by all parties.

**organizational health:** Organizational health in schools and districts means how well the whole school system is functioning. It encompasses various interconnected elements that contribute to a positive and thriving learning environment, including leadership, culture and climate, communication, professional learning, resource management, collaboration and teamwork, student-centered focus, continuous improvement, community engagement, and innovation.

**PDEC (Professional Development and Evaluation Committee):** The Professional Development and Evaluation Committee serves as the collaborative decision maker to create, revise, and monitor the evaluation and support program for the district, as well as the professional learning plan for certified employees of the district.

**professional learning:** Professional learning and growth are centered on accelerating personal and collective learning and closing the knowing-doing gap for leaders and teachers. This includes codesigning interactive, sustained, and customized learning growth opportunities that are grounded in the evidence that is most needed and most effective. See also appendix E, Glossary of Professional Learning Opportunities.

**review of practice:** Reviews of practice are non-classroom observations and may include, but are not limited to, observation of delivery of professional learning, facilitation of meetings, coaching/mentoring other leaders or teachers, review of leader or educator work, or review of other leader artifacts.

**rubric:** A rubric is a systematic and standardized tool, designed as a continuum, and is used to communicate the performance of educators based on specific criteria. It can be used to evaluate a single criterion to emphasize specific expectations and provide targeted feedback for improvement. It can encourage a growth mindset.

**single point competency:** A description of a standard of behavior or performance that is framed only as a single set of desired outcomes rather than laid out across a rating or scale of performance like a more traditional rubric.

**site visits:** A site visit provides an opportunity for observation and dialogue with the leader that may include but is not limited to leader engagement with educators, families or other partners in the work with a focus on the leader's goal.

**student outcomes:** Student outcomes include multiple measures of student learning, growth, and achievement as mutually agreed upon during the goal setting process.

#### tiered support:

#### Tier 1

It is the expectation that all leaders consistently access opportunities for professional growth within their district. Tier 1 supports are broadly accessible professional learning opportunities for all, inclusive of, but not limited to, collegial conversations, school site visits, available district resources (e.g., books, articles, videos, etc.), formal professional learning opportunities developed and designed by your district PDEC and other leader supports (e.g., leadership coaching). These resources should be identified through a goal setting process by mutual agreement.

#### Tier 2

In addition to Tier 1, Tier 2 supports are more intensive in duration, frequency, and focus (e.g., observation of specific leadership practices, etc.) that can be either suggested by the leader and/or recommended by an evaluator.

#### Tier 3

Tier 3 supports are responsive to previously discussed concerns and are assigned by an evaluator. Tier 3 supports have a clearly articulated area of focus, duration of time, and criteria for success, and may include a decision to move to a Corrective Support Plan.

#### Appendix E: Glossary of Professional Learning Opportunities – Leader

High quality professional learning enhances both leader practice and outcomes for each and every educator and student. High quality professional learning integrates research on effective adult learning and uses interactive, flexible designs to achieve intended outcomes.

**advanced coursework:** Courses offered at a college, university, or other institution, in person or online, which further educator skills and/or provide professional training.

**case study:** A team that engages in a case study using information in a student's cumulative folder or other documented information with the intention of determining next steps, i.e., IEP review or attendance records.

**coaching:** A process based on trust in which professional colleagues work together to reflect on current practices; expand, refine, and build new skills; share ideas; teach one another; conduct classroom research; or solve problems.

**examination of student work:** Individuals or groups of educators review samples of work from various students. They identify strengths, areas for improvement, and design instructional plans as a result of the examination.

**job-embedded:** Any activity that is tied in with authentic classroom practice.

May include, but is not limited to:

- Examining student data
- Mentoring
- Book study (see below)
- Co-planning
- Investigating print and online resources
- Self-reflection
- Visitations/observations within a school

**lesson study:** Groups of teachers planning a lesson, observing one present the lesson, and then reflecting on it afterwards.

**mentoring:** A relationship between a less experienced educator and a more experienced mentor, in which the mentor provides guidance and feedback regarding practice.

**peer observation:** An opportunity for teachers to observe each other during classroom instruction. Teachers may want to observe peers to see a new teaching strategy in action, learn a new model of instruction, or analyze classroom processes and procedures.

**personal professional reading:** Individual, self-driven reading and processing of texts in order to improve one's own teaching practice.

**professional literature study:** Structures and collaborative processes in which individuals or groups of professionals engage in the examination and discussion of a relevant and informative text. The purpose of this study is to promote continuous learning, professional development, and the exchange of ideas and best practices within a specific field or industry. By engaging in a professional book study, individuals can deepen their understanding of key concepts, stay current in their field, and enhance their ability to apply new knowledge to their professional practice. This collaborative and structured approach to learning helps foster a culture of continuous improvement and professional growth within a community of practitioners.

**protocols:** A learning tool that is rule-based. Often implemented to aid in new learning for groups or individuals. May include article discussions, case studies, book reviews, and other procedures used in its workshops and other learning designs.

**school visits:** Observation of practice or teaching at a different school or institution to gain new knowledge, ideas, or activities.

**student shadow:** Follow a particular student during the academic day for a designated time, for a particular identified purpose, i.e., engagement.

walkthroughs: A team of leaders who visit classrooms to find evidence for a particular problem of practice. This evidence is reviewed, and next steps are determined as a result of this practice. web-based learning: Use of online resources or learning activities to develop new learning or techniques for the classroom.

**workshops:** Meetings where participants are involved in group discussions or learning experiences and are normally organized around one or more theme areas. Workshops allow participants with differing values and priorities to build a common understanding of the problems and opportunities confronting them. May take place at school or outside.

# Appendix F: Continuous Learning Process – Leader

#### **Evaluation Orientation**

#### Orientation to Leader Evaluation was Completed on: August 26-28, 2024

Non-negotiable Process Element of the CT Guidelines (2023)

#### **Download these forms:**



Leader/Site Visit Form

Leader Mid-Year Check-In Form

Leader End-of-Year Self-Reflection Form

Leader End-of-Year Conference Form

### Leader Information



# **Download this form**

Name:		Location:		
Select One:	Select One:	Select One:	Select One:	
Cohort 1     *New to leader role or first three years at Odyssey     Cohort 2 *Years 4 at Odyssey	<ul> <li>Individual goal</li> <li>Collaborative goal</li> <li>Decided upon mutual agreement.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>1-year goal</li><li>2-year goal</li><li>3-year goal</li><li>Decided upon mutual agreement.</li></ul>	Single Point     Competency Rubric	

# **Download this form**

Beginning-of-the-Year Goals and Planning				
Self-Reflection  Completed by Leader  See Sample Reflection Questions				
Capture your self-reflection here; consider using the Sample Questions linked above to guide your thinking. See Examples of Evidence Types				
Goal, Rationale, Alignment and Professional Learning Plan  Completed by Leader				
Based on your analysis above, what is/are your goal(s)? Include a rationale for the length of your goal (1, 2, 3 year).				
What evidence of leader learning, educator learning, and/or student growth and achievement, and/or organizational measures will you use to reflect, monitor, and adjust your goal? What is your learning plan to support achieving your goal?  See professional learning and action questions to guide your plan.				
For multi-year goal(s), what might be the potential focus of years 2 and 3 (to be revisited and revised annually and as needed throughout the learning process)?				
In what ways might this goal(s) contribute to the school and/or district's vision, mission, and strategic goals?				

Goal Setting Conference  Completed by Evaluator (By November 1)			
Date			
Notes: Supports Required/Suggested			
	<ul><li>Tier 1</li><li>Tier 2 (Link to Examples of Supports)</li><li>Tier 3 (Link to Examples of Supports)</li></ul>		



#### Planned Site Visit/Observation of Professional Practice

Non-negotiable Process Element of the CT Guidelines (2023)

Observation of Professional Practice/Site Visit #1 - Required

Additional Observation of Professional Practice/Site Visit

#### Midyear Check-in: Reflection, Adjustment(s), and Next Steps

Completed by Leader

Non-negotiable Process Element of the CT Guidelines (2023)

See Sample Reflection Questions and Professional Learning and Action Questions

What has been your progress to date on your professional learning plan and your goal(s), and how do you know? What are your next steps and why?

Links to Evidence:

Se	If_	D	of	ما	cti	i	n	
26	ІТ-	ĸ	еп	œ	CTI	ın	n	1

#### **Midyear Conference**

Completed by Evaluator (by March 1)

#### **Date**

**Feedback to Leader** (Feedback regarding progress on professional learning and progress toward goal(s). Include change in tiered supports, if recommended.):

Observation of Professional Practice/Site Visit #2 - Required

Additional Observation of Professional Practice/Site Visit



#### End-of-Year Reflection and Feedback Process

Non-negotiable Process Element of the CT Guidelines (2023)

#### **Self-Reflection**

Completed by Leader				
See Sample Reflection Questions and Professional Learning and Action Questions				
What impact did your new learning have on your practice/goal(s), and how do you know?	Self-Reflection:			
What impact did your new learning have on your leadership practice, on educator and/or student learning, growth, and/ or achievement, and/or on organizational health, and how do you know?				
What challenges did you encounter and what are your next steps with your professional learning?				
Links to Evidence:				



#### **End-of-Year Conference**

Completed by Evaluator (by June 30)

#### <u>Date</u>

#### **Summative Feedback and Growth Criteria**

Completed by Evaluator
See appendix for full description

Summative Feedback	
Development of new learning and impact on leadership practice related to goal(s).  Impact of new learning and leadership practice on	
key partners and or organizational outcomes.	
Impact of new learning on greater community.	
Successful Completion of the Evaluative Cycle	•Yes •No
Supports Required/Suggested Are tiered supports required above and beyond tier 1 (included in feedback above)?  • Not applicable Tier 2 • (Specify below) Tier 3 • (Specify below)	If Tier 2 and/or Tier 3, please specify strategies:
For multi-year goals only:  • What adjustments are needed to the goal(s)?  • Why?  • How might adjustments impact the timing of the goal(s)?	<ul> <li>Leader will continue multi-year goal.</li> <li>Leader will adjust multi-year goal.</li> <li>Leader completed multi-year goal.</li> <li>Notes:</li> </ul>
Leader Signature	Date
Evaluator Signature	:

Date

:

# Appendix G: Observation/Site Visit Forms – Leader



Leader Evaluation Observation/Site Visit #1 – Required					
Name:		Location:			
Administrator Role:		Leader Goal/Observation Focus:			
	<ul> <li>Cohort 1 (Pre-/Post-Conference Required)</li> <li>Cohort 2 (Post-Conference Required)</li> </ul>				
_	Pre-Observa				
Com	npleted by Leader (d	as needed/require	d)		
Meeting Plan and/or Context	Upload and prov	ride hyperlink here	e, as appropriate		
Pre-Conference Notes					
	Observation/Site Completed by th				
1	Post-Observation/ Completed by				
What does today's evidence tell you?					
Are there patterns, trends, or outliers?	Are there patterns, trends, or outliers?				
How will our collaborative reflection help you move forward and apply your learning in your next steps?					
Post-Observation/Visit Conference Feedback  Completed by the Evaluator					
Areas of Strengths		Competencies  the Evaluator	Areas for Growth and/or Next Steps		
		competencies			

Leader Evaluation Observation/Site Visit #2 – Required			
Name:		Location:	
Leadership Role:		Leader Goal/O	bservation Focus:
<ul> <li>Cohort 1 (Pre-/Post-Conference Rec</li> <li>Cohort 2 (Post-Conference Required</li> </ul>			
	Pre-Observation/V	/isit	
Com	pleted by Leader (as need	ded/required)	
Meeting Plan and/or Context	Upload and provide hyp	perlink here, as a	ppropriate
Pre-Conference Notes			
Observation/Site Visit Evidence  Completed by the Evaluator			
Post-Observation/Visit Reflection  Completed by the Leader			
What does today's evidence tell you?			
Are there patterns, trends, or outliers?			
How will our collaborative reflection help you move forward and apply your learning in your next steps?			
Post-Observation/Visit Conference Feedback  Completed by the Evaluator			
Areas of Strengths	Single-Point Con		Areas for Growth and/or Next Steps
	<u>Odyssey compet</u>	<u>encies</u>	

Leader Evaluation Observation/Site Visit #3			
Name:		Location:	
Leadership Role:		Leader Goal/Observation	n Focus:
<ul> <li>Cohort 1 (Pre-/Post-Conference Required</li> <li>Cohort 2 (Post-Conference Required</li> </ul>			
	Pre-Observa	tion/Visit	
Сотр	oleted by Leader (d	as needed/required)	
Meeting Plan and/or Context	Upload and prov	ride hyperlink here, as appro	ppriate
Pre-Conference Notes			
Observation/Site Visit Evidence  Completed by the Evaluator			
Post-Observation/Visit Reflection  Completed by the Leader			
What does today's evidence tell you?			
Are there patterns, trends, or outliers?			
How will our collaborative reflection help you move forward and apply your learning in your next steps?			
Post-Observation/Visit Conference Feedback  Completed by the Evaluator			
Areas of Strengths		oint Competencies ed by the Evaluator	Areas for Growth and/or Next Steps
	<u>Odyssey c</u>	competencies	

Leader Evaluation Observation/Site Visit #4			
Name:		Location:	
Leadership Role:		Leader Goal/Ol	oservation Focus:
<ul> <li>Cohort 1 (Pre-/Post-Conference Required</li> <li>Cohort 2 (Post-Conference Required</li> </ul>			
	Pre-Observat	ion/Visit	
Com	pleted by Leader (a	s needed/required	()
Meeting Plan and/or Context	Upload and provi	de hyperlink here,	as appropriate
Pre-Conference Notes			
C	Observation/Site Completed by th		
Post-Observation/Visit Reflection  Completed by the Leader			
What does today's evidence tell you?			
Are there patterns, trends or outliers			
How will our collaborative reflection help you move forward and apply your learning in your next steps?			
Post-Observation/Visit Conference Feedback  Completed by the Evaluator			
Areas of Strengths		Competencies  the Evaluator	Areas for Growth and/or Next Steps
		<u>ompetencies</u>	

#### Appendix H: Sample Corrective Support Plan - Leader

#### (Sample)

Leader A has consistently struggled with communicating appropriately with a variety of constituents. Tiered supports have been provided by the evaluator throughout the year. Leader A has demonstrated a lack of growth/improvement, which has led the evaluator to assign a Corrective Support Plan.

#### **Objective:**

To improve engagement with families in communities (PSEL – Standard 8) and to improve operations in management (PSEL – Standard 9)

#### **Resources:**

- All communications previewed by the evaluator for content and timeliness.
- Collaboration with other district leaders for exemplars of communication.

#### **Timeframes:**

- Leader A will remain on this Corrective Support Plan for six weeks.
- Improvements in communication within this six-week duration will serve as criteria for successful completion of this plan.

#### **Supportive Actions:**

- Weekly, bi-weekly meetings with progress reporting from Leader A and written feedback from
- evaluator (dependent upon need for plan).
- All resources made available.

Corrective Support Plan Template

- Modeling of effective communication practices with role play opportunities.
- Timely feedback in person and in writing (weekly/bi-weekly meetings).
   Management of access to learning opportunities in and out of building, as appropriate.

1.1	•
(Leader being evaluated) has con	sistently struggled with
	Tiered supports have been provided by the evaluator throughout
the year. (Leader being evaluated (Evaluator) to assign a Corrective	l) has demonstrated a lack of growth/improvement, which has led the Support Plan.
Objective:	
To improve	
	(Indicate specific standard in your objective language)

#### (Possible) Resources:

A blend of opportunities and resources should be extended to the Leader being evaluated being supported on the Corrective Support Plan

- Mentor
- Coach
- Reading as appropriate

#### **Timeframes:**

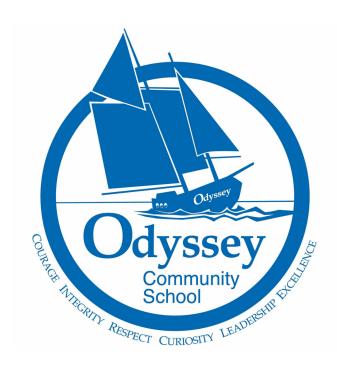
- (Length of the Corrective Support Plan typically six to eight weeks in length)
- Improvements in (standard) within this (Length of Corrective Support Plan) will serve as criteria for successful completion of this plan

#### **Supportive Actions:**

(Suggested supportive actions)

- Weekly, bi-weekly meetings with progress reporting from Leader A and written feedback from evaluator (dependent upon need for plan)
- All resources made available
- Timely feedback in person and in writing (weekly/bi-weekly meetings)
- Management of access to learning opportunities in and out of building, as appropriate.

## **Educator Evaluation and Support Plan**



Adopted with modifications from the Connecticut Leader and Educator Evaluation and Support Plans 2024

Date	Logo
July 25, 2024	Odysey

#### **Board of Trustees Members District PDEC Members** Miriam Lewis (President) Michelle Bashaw **Parent Representative** Social Worker, Capitol Region Educational Council (CREC) Co-Principal Karen Chuong Jessica Swann **Parent Representative** Co-Principal Teacher, Manchester Public Schools Jennifer Renkiewicz MTSS Coordinator Stephanie Donahue **Parent Representative** Lisa Kimyachi Teacher, Windham Public Schools **Student Support Services Coordinator** Cynthia Merrill (Treasurer) Giselle Ziegler **Community Representative** Pk-8 Music Teacher CPA, Merrill & Brousseau, P.C. **Kate Duffy** Katherine Feltes Pk-8 Art Teacher **Community Representative** Educator/Community Health Worker **Christopher Buonacquisto** Technology Director/Teacher **Shelley Buonacquisto Teacher Representative Shelley Buonacquisto** Kindergarten Teacher, OCS Kindergarten Teacher Meghan Foley Erica Frechette **Teacher Representative Paraeducator** Reading Specialist, OCS **Wendy Garlitz** Non Certified Staff Representative Paraeducator, OCS Erica Frechette Non Certified Staff Representative Paraeducator, OCS

#### Vision

All Connecticut educators and leaders have the opportunity for continuous learning and feedback, to develop and grow, both individually and collectively, through the educator and leader evaluation and support system so that all Connecticut students experience growth and success.

#### **Guiding Principles**

The transformational design of the educator evaluation and support model is grounded in six guiding principles that use high quality professional learning to advance educator practice and student learning, growth, and achievement.

- Allow for differentiation of roles (for example for leaders: assistant superintendents, director of pupil services, various leaders in central office, principal, assistant principal; or for educators: teachers, counselors, instructional coaches, student support staff).
- Simplify and reduce the burden (eliminate technical challenges, paperwork, steps).
- Focus on things that matter (identify high leverage goal focus areas).
- Connect to best practices aimed at the development of the whole child (including, but not limited to, academic, social, emotional, and physical development).
- **Focus on educator growth and agency** (meaningfully engage professionals by focusing on growth and practice in partnership with others aligned to a strategic focus).
- **Meaningful connections to professional learning** (provide multiple pathways for participants to improve their own practice in a way that is meaningful and impactful).
- Specific, timely, accurate, actionable, and reciprocal feedback.

# Connecticut Guidelines for Educator and Leader Evaluation and Support 2023 Components: Reimagining Educator and Leader Evaluation and Support

The design of the Connecticut Guidelines for Educator Evaluation and Support 2023 (CT Guidelines 2023) are representative of research-based effective practice and include six elements.

- · Standards and criteria
- Goal setting process
- Professional practice and educator growth
- Evaluator/observer/stakeholder feedback and engagement
- Process elements
- Dispute resolution

The combined vision, guiding principles, and overall framework for educators and leaders' evaluation and support describe a systematic process of continuous improvement and professional learning leading to high quality professional practice and improved learning, growth, and achievement for students. While components are similar for educators and leaders, there are components specific to educators and to leaders, resulting in two sections with similar processes within a district's evaluation and support system.

#### Standards and Criteria for Educators

The primary goal of the educator evaluation and support system is to strengthen individual pedagogy and collective practices to increase student learning, growth, and achievement. The PDEC team determined that the Connecticut Common Core of Teaching rubric would be adapted into a single point rubric is used to provide focus for high leverage goal(s) setting and professional learning. The rubric serves as support for self- evaluation, dialogue, and feedback.

#### **Educator**

- 1. CCT Rubric for Effective Teaching 2017
- 2. CCT Rubric for Effective Service Delivery 2017
- 3. Learning Forward's Professional Learning Standards (2022)
- 4. Teacher Leader Model Standards (2008)

#### **Professional Learning Standards and Structures**

Professional learning is essential to the CT Guidelines 2023 model. Learning Forward Professional Learning Standards 2022, serve as a tool for how professional learning happens to deepen one's knowledge of their practice to impact student learning, growth, and achievement. As a tool, the professional learning standards help educators and leaders intentionally design learning, address content and consider how to accomplish the expected learning transformation desired. Together the professional standards for educators, leaders and professional learning serve as the three visions that work together to lay the foundation for meaningful feedback in a continuous learning process.

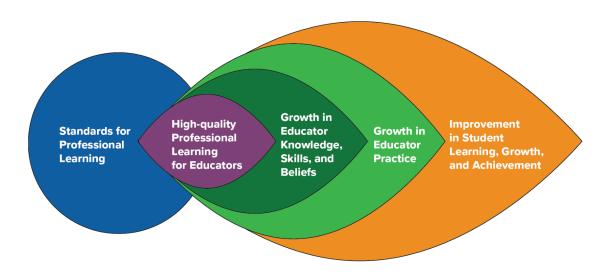


## The Continuous Learning Process: Goal Setting, Professional Practice and Evaluator/Observer/ Stakeholder Feedback and Engagement

The evaluation and support model is designed as a continuous learning process The goal of the continuous learning process is to provide educators with continuous learning opportunities for professional growth through self-directed analysis and reflection, planning, implementation, and collaboration. Regular dialogue and feedback, coupled with the opportunity to reflect on and advance practice, drive the continuous learning process. In this process, the educator serves as the learner who actively engages in and directs their learning and feedback. The evaluator serves as a learning partner who supports the educator through the learning and growth process. Within the process, the educator collaborates and serves as a reflective practitioner to determine mutually agreed upon educator goals, professional practice and educator growth, and observation and feedback focus.

During each school year, a minimum of three check-ins provide an opportunity for a reciprocal discussion of what is happening in the classroom or school, a sharing of evidence of professional learning and impact on growth, and identification of needs and mutually agreed upon next steps. The meetings are approached in a spirit of continuous improvement, reflection, and collaboration. Dialogue is important, however, there must be a balance of written and verbal feedback provided between check-ins based on observations and reviews of practice as required by the district plan.

The graphic below, adapted from Learning Forward's Standards for Professional Learning 2022, shows the relationship between professional learning for leaders, educators and students.

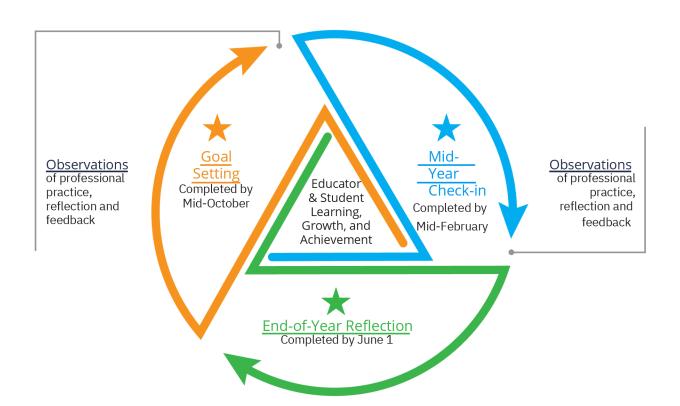


Below is a graphic with the associated steps, reflections, and linked resources associated with each step of the process to assist educators and evaluators through the process. All educators are assigned a primary evaluator (092) who has completed comprehensive orientation on this model and relevant rubrics.

## **Educator Continuous Learning Process**

**Evaluation Orientation** 

Completed prior to the start of the Continuous Learning Process



## Goal Setting Completed by Mid-October

## Beginning of the Year Goal(s) and Planning

- Self reflect
- Review evidence

## Goal(s), Rationale, Alignment, and Professional Learning Plan

 Draft goal(s), rationale, alignment, professional learning plan

#### **Goal Setting Conference**

- Mutually agree on 1-, 2-, or 3-year goal(s)
- Determine individual or group goal(s)
- Mutually agree on professional learning needs and support

#### Mid-year Check-in Completed by Mid-February

## Mid-Year Check-in: Reflection, Adjustments, and Next Steps

- Review and discuss currently collected evidence towards goal(s) and of practice
- Review professional learning, evidence, and impact on educator practice, student learning, growth, and achievement

#### **Mid-Year Conference**

- Discuss evidence, reflection, and feedback from evaluator
- Adjust and revise as needed

#### End-of-Year Reflection Completed by June 1

## End-of-Year Reflection and Feedback Process

 Self-reflection: Review and discuss professional learning, evidence of impact on practice, student learning, growth and achievement

#### End-of-Year Conference/ Summative Feedback and Growth Criteria

- Evaluator provides written summative feedback and guides next steps
- Annual Summary sign-off

Orientation on the educator evaluation and support process shall take place prior to the start of the process, no later than October 15. The orientation shall include:

- High leverage goal setting and professional learning plans
- Use of rubrics and standards
- Observation of practice/Review of practice
- Tiered supports
- Dispute resolution

Annual training for evaluators as required by C.G.S. 10-151b will include engaging in and providing reciprocal feedback tied to standards and evidence of professional practice.

#### Goal(s) Setting (Completed by mid-October)

The initial goal setting meeting includes a dialogue between the educator and their evaluator around the educator's initial self-reflection, which is based on a review of evidence and an analysis of their own practice to identify and support an area for educator practice and growth, and student learning, growth, and achievement. The educator and evaluator come to mutual agreement on high leverage professional practice one-, two- or three-year goal(s), multiple measures of evidence (at least two measures), professional learning plan, and support that is consistent with their professional status and goals to drive progress toward goal attainment (see appendix K).

For beginning educators in the Teacher Education and Mentoring (TEAM) Program, consideration for alignment between professional learning and their TEAM modules would enhance their learning and practice.

#### Midyear Check-in (Completed by mid-February):

The midyear check-in consists of reciprocal dialogue between the educator and evaluator and includes an educator self-reflection on their progress toward their goal(s) so far. The reflection shall include an analysis of the impact of their learning on their practice, student learning, growth and achievement and the school community.

- Educators self-reflect and review multiple and varied qualitative and quantitative indicators of evidence of impact on educator's growth, professional practice, and impact on student learning, growth, and achievement with their evaluator.
- The evaluator provides specific, standards-based feedback related to the educator's goal.
- Observation feedback and evidence aligned to the single point rubric.

  The midyear conversation is a crucial progress check-in. The midyear check-in provides an opportunity to discuss evidence, learning, and next steps. It is at this point that revisions to the educator's goal(s) may be considered based on multiple measures of evidence.

#### **End-of-Year Reflection/Summative Review (Completed by June 1)**

End-of-year reflection provides an opportunity for the educator and evaluator to engage in reciprocal dialogue, similar to the midyear check-in, to discuss progress toward the educator's goal(s); professional learning as it relates to the educator's professional growth and professional practice; and impact on student learning, growth, and achievement as evidenced by multiple and varied qualitative and quantitative indicators of evidence. A written end-of-year summary includes the impact of new learning on educator practice and growth, impact on student learning, growth and achievement, school community, strengths and concerns, and possible next steps for the upcoming year. Analysis of evidence from the end-of-year summary is important for the educator's subsequent self-assessment and goal setting revisions or new goal. The evaluator provides a concise summary based upon evidence related to the mutually agreed upon educator goal(s) and identified standards and will make a distinction regarding the educator's successful completion of the professional learning process.

All forms for documentation are hyperlinked within the graphic of the continuous learning process with further detail for each step.

**Professional Practice and Educator Growth** The implementation of the continuous learning process is shared between the educator and evaluator.

For the duration of the learning process, educators pursue learning and attainment of their goal(s), collecting evidence of practice related to their high leverage professional learning goal. Evaluators will provide educators with feedback from observation and dialogue, ensure timely access to supports, and collect evidence of educator performance and practice toward goal(s) through multiple sources, which include observation and may include student, staff, or family feedback (see appendix J).

#### **Observation of Professional Practice and Feedback**

Observations occur throughout the continuous learning process. The identified high leverage goal(s) provides a focus for strategic evidence collection and feedback. Evaluators provide educators with specific feedback based on evidence, standards, and the educator's goal; ensure timely access to planned support(s); and continue to collect evidence of educator practice and progress toward goal(s) through multiple sources of evidence, including observation. Feedback, written or verbal, is provided within five school days. "Feedback is defined as a dynamic, dialogic process that uses evidence to engage a learner, internally or

with a learning partner, in constructing knowledge about practice and self. Its primary purpose is learning that guides change" (Killion, 2019). Quality feedback:

- Is based on multiple and varied quantitative and qualitative indicators of evidence, standards, and goal(s)
- Is personalized
- Is learning-focused or growth-oriented
- Provides questions for reflection to refine or revise strategies
- Expands understanding of one's experiences and their implications for future experiences
- Provides reflective opportunities to rework, refine, and reorder knowledge, attitudes, skills, and/or practices
- Is timely, frequent and reciprocal

# Definition of Cohorts at Odyssey Link to teacher tenure descriptions: https://www.cga.ct.gov/2002/olrdata/ed/rpt/2002-r-0469.htm

Cohort 1  New to profession  Working on completing TEAM program  On a support plan in previous school year	Cohort 2  New to Odyssey  Non-tenured but TEAM program completed	Cohort 3 • Tenured at Odyssey
<ul> <li>Three observations of Professional Practice (minimum 30 minutes in length) with pre and post meetings</li> <li>One observation practice may be substituted for a review of practice</li> <li>Verbal and written feedback within five school days</li> <li>Additional observations of professional practice as mutually agreed upon or deemed necessary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Two observations of Professional Practice (minimum 30 minutes in length) with pre and post meetings</li> <li>One observation practice may be substituted for a review of practice</li> <li>Verbal and written feedback within five school days</li> <li>Additional observations of professional practice as mutually agreed upon or deemed necessary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Two reviews of Professional Practice with one being an observation (minimum 20 minutes in length) with post meeting.</li> <li>Verbal and written feedback within five school days</li> <li>Additional observations of professional practice as mutually agreed upon or deemed necessary</li> </ul>

#### Growth Criteria

An educator is determined to have successfully completed the learning process by demonstrating:

- Reflection supported with evidence of the impact of the educators' new learning on their practice/goal.
- The impact the educators' new learning and practice had on student learning, growth, and/or achievement, supported by evidence.
- Next steps.

#### (See appendix K)

#### **Tiered Support**

All educators require access to high-quality, targeted professional learning support to improve practice over time. Educators and their evaluators thoughtfully consider and apply three tiers of support, as appropriate, within an evaluation process. All three tiers of support must be implemented prior to the development of a corrective plan.

A pattern of persistent lack of growth and reflection or resistance to growth-oriented feedback should lead to advancing levels of support with a defined process for placing an educator on a Corrective Support Plan with indicators of success for transitioning out of it. Evaluators must utilize and document all three tiers of support prior to the development of a Corrective Support Plan. The Corrective Support Plan shall be developed in consultation with the evaluator, educator, and their exclusive bargaining representative if applicable.

#### Tier 1

It is the expectation that all educators consistently access opportunities for professional growth within their district. Tier 1 supports are broadly accessible professional learning opportunities for all, inclusive of, but not limited to, collegial professional conversations, classroom visits, available district resources (e.g., books, articles, videos etc.), formal professional learning opportunities developed and designed by district PDEC, and other general support for all educators (e.g., instructional coaching). These resources should be identified through a goal setting process by mutual agreement.

#### Tier 2

In addition to Tier 1, Tier 2 supports are more intensive in duration, frequency, and focus (e.g., engaging in a professional learning opportunity, observation of specific classroom practices, etc.) that can be either suggested by the educator and/or recommended by an evaluator.

#### Tier 3

In addition to Tier 1 and Tier 2, Tier 3 supports are responsive to unresolved, previously discussed concerns and are developed in collaboration with the educator and may be assigned by the evaluator. Tier 3 supports have clearly articulated areas of focus, duration of time, and criteria for success, and may include a decision to move to a Corrective Support Plan. Tier 3 supports shall be developed in consultation with the evaluator, educator, and their exclusive bargaining representative for certified educators chosen pursuant to C.G.S. §10-153b. The start date and duration of time an educator is receiving this level of support should be clearly documented.

#### Corrective Support Plan

A pattern of persistent lack of growth and reflection or resistance to growth-oriented feedback should lead to advancing levels of support with a defined process for placing a leader on a Corrective Support Plan with indicators of success for transitioning out of it. Evaluators must utilize and document all three tiers of support prior to the development of a Corrective Support Plan. The Corrective Support Plan shall be developed in consultation with the educator, leader and their chosen representative pursuant to C.G.S. §10-153b. (Odyssey does not have collective bargaining- teachers may select a chosen representative)

	Definition	Suggested Resources & Supports
Tier 1	This tier focuses on providing all teachers with foundational resources, professional development, and instructional strategies to meet the diverse needs of students.Resources and support are identified through the goal-setting process by mutual agreement.	<ul> <li>Professional Conversations (collaborative planning, WIN meetings, etc.)</li> <li>Classroom visits</li> <li>District resources (books, articles, videos, etc.)</li> <li>Professional Development</li> <li>Instructional Coaching</li> </ul>
Tier 2	At this tier, additional support is offered to teachers who require more specialized assistance or interventions for certain students or instructional areas. Resources and support can be suggested by the educator and/or recommended by the evaluator.	<ul> <li>Small group coaching</li> <li>Mentoring</li> <li>Observation of specific classroom practices</li> <li>Targeted professional development sessions</li> <li>Additional formal observation(s)</li> </ul>
Tier 3	The highest level of support is provided at this tier, offering individualized, intensive assistance to teachers who require extensive intervention to address specific challenges or student needs. The supports are responsive to unresolved, previously discussed concerns and are assigned by an evaluator. Tier 3 supporters have clearly articulated areas of focus, duration of time, and criteria for success, and may include a decision to move to a Corrective Support Plan.	<ul> <li>Individual coaching</li> <li>Peer Mentoring</li> <li>Observations of specific classroom practices with reflection discussions</li> <li>Observing in other classrooms</li> <li>Being observed in your own instruction {video} and getting feedback</li> <li>Targeted professional development</li> <li>Access to external experts (as needed)</li> <li>Access to multiple evaluators</li> <li>Additional Formal Observation(s)</li> </ul>

The Corrective Support Plan is separate from the normal educator growth model and must contain:

- clear objectives specific to the well documented area of concern;
- resources, support, and interventions to address the area of concern;
- well defined timeframes for implementing the resources, support, and interventions; and
- supportive actions from the evaluator.

At the conclusion of the Corrective Support Plan period, a number of outcomes are possible as determined in consultation with the evaluator, educator, and bargaining unit representative.

<u>See appendix P</u> for a Corrective Support Plan form and example.

#### **Dispute Resolution**

The purpose of the dispute resolution process is to secure at the lowest possible administrative level equitable solutions to disagreements, which from time to time may arise related to the evaluation process. The right of appeal is available to all in the evaluation and support system. As our evaluation and support system is designed to ensure continuous, constructive, and cooperative processes among professional educators, educators/leaders and their evaluators are encouraged to resolve disagreements informally.

Ultimately, should an educator disagree with the evaluator's assessment and feedback, the parties are encouraged to discuss these differences and seek common understanding of the issues. As a result of these discussions, the evaluator may choose to adjust the report but is not obligated to do so. The educator being evaluated has the right to provide a statement identifying areas of concern with the goals/objectives, evaluation period, feedback, and/or professional development plan, which may include the individual professional learning plan or a Corrective Support Plan.

Any such matters will be handled as expeditiously as possible, and in no instance will a decision exceed 30 workdays from the date the educator initiated the dispute resolution process. Confidentiality throughout the resolution process shall be conducted in accordance with the law.

#### **Process**

The educator being evaluated shall be entitled to chose a representative to support them at all levels of the process.

- 1. Within three school days of articulating the dispute in writing to his/her/their evaluator, the educator being evaluated and the evaluator will meet with the objective of resolving the matter informally.
- 2. If there has been no resolution, the individual may choose to continue the dispute resolution process in writing to the superintendent or designee within three workdays of the meeting with his/her/their evaluator (step 1). The educator being evaluated may choose between two options.

#### a. Option 1:

The issue in dispute may be referred for resolution to a subcommittee of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC), which will serve as a neutral party\*. The Executive Director and the teacher may each select one representative from the PDEC to constitute this subcommittee, as well as a neutral party as mutually agreed upon between the superintendent and the teacher. It is the role of the subcommittee to determine the resolution of the dispute and to identify any actions to be taken moving forward.

\*In the instance that a district is too small to have a full PDEC from which to select three individuals, the superintendent and educator may select three mutually agreed upon persons to serve as the neutral party for resolving the dispute. Each individual must be a Connecticut certified educator and may or may not be from within the district. (Applies to Odyssey)

#### b. Option 2:

The educator being evaluated requests that the Executive Director solely arbitrate the issue in dispute. In this case, the superintendent will review all applicable documentation and meet with both parties (evaluator and educator being evaluated) as soon as possible, but no longer than five school days from the date of the written communication to the Executive Director. The Executive Director will act as arbitrator and make a final decision, which shall be binding.

#### **Time Limits**

- 1. Since it is important that appeals be processed as rapidly as possible, the number of days indicated within this plan shall be considered maximum. The time limits specified may be extended by written agreement of both parties.
- 2. Days shall mean workdays. Both parties may agree, however, to meet during breaks at mutually agreed upon times.
- 3. The educator being evaluated must initiate the appeals procedure within five workdays of the scheduled meeting in which the feedback was presented. If no written initiation of a dispute is received by the evaluator within five workdays, the educator shall be considered to have waived the right of appeal.
- 4. The educator being evaluated must initiate each level of the appeal process within the number of days indicated. The absence of a written appeal at any subsequent level shall be considered as waiving the right to appeal further.

## The Role of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC)

The PDEC serves as the collaborative decision maker using the consensus protocol to create, revise, and monitor the evaluation and support model, as well as the professional learning plan.

Pursuant to Connecticut General Statute 10-220a and Public Act 23-159 Section 11 (b) (3), each local and regional board of education must establish a professional development and evaluation committee (PDEC) to include at least one teacher and one administrator, selected by the exclusive bargaining representative for certified employees, at least one paraeducator selected by their exclusive bargaining representative, and other personnel as the local board deems appropriate. It is vital that individuals selected as delegates for administrators, teachers, and other school personnel are representative of the various classifications within the groups (see examples below).

Other School Personnel	Educator	Leader
• Paraeducator	<ul> <li>Classroom teacher</li> <li>MTSS Coordinator</li> <li>Student Services coordinator</li> <li>Music teacher</li> <li>Art teacher</li> <li>Technology teacher</li> </ul>	• Co-principals

The duties of PDECs shall include, but are not limited to:

- participation in the development or adoption of a teacher evaluation and support program for
- the district, pursuant to section 10-151b;
- the development, evaluation, and annual updating of a comprehensive local professional development plan for certified employees of the district; and the development and annual updating of a comprehensive local professional development plan for paraeducators of the district.

The educator and leader evaluation and support program shall be developed through mutual agreement between the local or regional board of education and the PDEC. If the local or regional board of education and the PDEC are unable to come to mutual agreement, they shall consider the model educator and leader evaluation and support program adopted by the State Board of Education and may, through mutual agreement, adopt such model educator and leader evaluation and support programs.

If the local or regional board of education and the PDEC are unable to mutually agree on the adoption of the State Board of Education's model program, then the local or regional board of education shall adopt and implement an educator and leader evaluation and support program developed by such board, provided that the program is consistent with the CT Guidelines 2023 adopted by the State Board of Education.

#### Local and State Reporting

The Executive Director shall report:

- 1. the status of teacher evaluations to the local or regional board of education on or before June 1 of each year; and
- 2. the status of the implementation of the teacher evaluation and support program, including the frequency of evaluations, the number of teachers who have not been evaluated, and other requirements as determined by the Department of Education, to the Commissioner of Education on or before September 15 of each year.

For purposes of this section, the term "teacher" shall include each professional employee of a board of education, below the rank of superintendent, who holds a certificate or permit issued by the State Board of Education.

19	ConnecticutEducator Evaluation and Support Plan 2024
	Appendices — Educator:
	Information and Resources to Support Effective Implementation

#### Appendix I: Sample Reflection Questions – Educator

#### Self-Reflection Sample Questions

- Thinking about the success and challenges you may have encountered last year, or at the start of this year, what questions do you have about teaching and learning?
- What new learning might you want to explore to inform your understanding of these questions and professional practice?
- In reviewing the rubric, what areas emerge as opportunities for your professional learning and practice?
- Based on your current students'/adult learners' strengths and needs, what new learning might you explore to address the needs?
- Based on knowledge of your students/adult learners, and/or knowledge of school/program goals, are there any new strategies or methods you'd like to explore and implement this year?
- How do you see yourself contributing to the school or district's mission, vision, and/or Portrait of a Graduate and what strategies can you learn more about to support that focus? What are you considering for your learning goal?
- What will it look like when you achieve your goal?

#### Professional Learning and Action Questions

#### **Indicators of Success**

- What question will you focus on to address your goals?
- What are the criteria for an accomplished practice?
- How do you plan to collect and analyze evidence to assess progress toward your goals?
- What research/professional readings might you explore to support your professional learning and achieve your goal?
- What specific professional learning might you need to achieve your goal?
- What support might you need from your colleagues, supervisor, others? How frequently?
- How might you apply your learning to practice? How often?

#### **Determine Evidence**

- What evidence might you collect and analyze to understand progress toward your goal? Quantitative or qualitative or both?
- What ways would you like me as your evaluator to collect data/evidence for feedback?
- From how many different situations should we examine data/evidence?
- What are the advantages and disadvantages of the identified evidence?
- How will the data help us to analyze your practice?
- What is your timeline for collecting this evidence and measuring impact?
- What are the anticipated challenges or obstacles, and how do you plan to address them?
- How might you communicate/share your professional learning to your colleagues or families?
- What opportunities for professional learning do you believe would be beneficial for your growth as an educator?
- In what ways can we encourage collaboration and communication among colleagues to promote a culture of sharing best practices?

#### **Analysis of Evidence**

- What do you observe in your evidence?
- What patterns, themes, or outliers do you notice?
- What does the evidence say about how you are doing in relation to your goal and indicators of success?
- Based on the evidence and your practice overall, what are your strengths?
- In what aspect do you want to continue to grow or refine your knowledge, skill, practice?

#### **Learning Reflection and Next Steps**

- What is clear to you now?
- What are you learning?
- What do you understand now that you didn't understand as clearly before?
- How will this learning influence future actions?
- What is a single sentence conclusion that represents your learning?
- Under what circumstance might this conclusion not be true?
- What are ways you continue to refine your practice?
- What more do you want to learn and practice?
- How might you accomplish that? What is your next plan?
- What resources and support do you want or need?
- Once learning has been implemented: What effect did the learning have on practice, students?

#### Reflect on the Feedback Process

- In what ways did my engagement with you support your learning?
- What did I do as a learning partner that helped you as a learner and how did it help?

### Appendix J: Definition of Cohorts - Educator

#### Definition of Cohorts at Odyssey

#### Cohort 1

- New to profession
- Working on completing TEAM program
- On a support plan in previous school year

#### Cohort 2

- New to Odyssey
- Non-tenured but TEAM program completed
- Cohort 3
   Tenured at Odyssey

- Three observations of Professional Practice (minimum 30 minutes in length) with pre and post meetings
- One observation practice may be substituted for a review of practice
- Verbal and written feedback within five school days
- Additional observations of professional practice as mutually agreed upon or deemed necessary

- Two observations of Professional Practice (minimum 30 minutes in length) with pre and post meetings
- One observation practice may be substituted for a review of practice
- Verbal and written feedback within five school days
- Additional observations of professional practice as mutually agreed upon or deemed necessary

- Two reviews of Professional Practice with one being an observation (minimum 20 minutes in length) with post meeting.
- Verbal and written feedback within five school days
- Additional observations of professional practice as mutually agreed upon or deemed necessary

## Appendix K: Growth Criteria and Sources of Evidence – Educator

## Development of New Learning and Impact on Practice

**Growth Criteria** 

 Educator can demonstrate how they developed new learning within the continuous learning process through multiple sources (e.g., analyzing student learning, observational feedback, etc.) and how they used their new learning to improve practice aligned to their continuous learning process goal/strategy focus.

#### **Impact on Students**

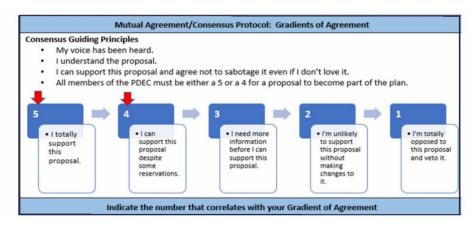
Educator can demonstrate how they
 positively impacted student learning within
 the continuous learning process using
 example evidence and can articulate
 connections/rationale between the
 improved learning and their own changes
 in practice.

- **Possible Sources of Evidence**
- Required observational evidence
- Required student learning evidence aligned to highleverage indicator focus reflection
- Practice Implementation plans/lesson plan(s) Educator learning logs/impact on practice
- Educator created learning materials Evidence from Observation of Educator
- Mastery-based demonstrations of achievement
- Numeric information about schedule, time, educator practice, student participation, resource use, classroom environment, frequency of meetings/communications, etc.
- Educator and/or student self-reflection
- Student learning artifacts
- Observational evidence of students' words, actions, interactions (including quotations when appropriate)
- Rubrics, interim or benchmark assessments, other assessments
- Other artifacts/sources

#### Appendix L: General Glossary - Educator

**consensus protocol:** Consensus decision-making is a creative and dynamic way of reaching agreement in a group. Instead of simply voting for an item and having the majority getting their way, a consensus group is committed to finding solutions that everyone actively supports — or at least can live with.

By definition, in consensus no decision is made against the will of an individual or a minority. If significant concerns remain unresolved, a proposal can be blocked and prevented from going ahead. This means that the whole group has to work hard to find win-win solutions that address everyone's needs.



From Consensus decision making. Seeds for Change. (n.d.). https://www.seedsforchange.org.uk/consensus

**continuous learning process:** The continuous learning process is a cycle of feedback, reflection, goal setting, opportunities for professional learning, feedback from observations (peers or evaluators), and a collection of multiple measures of evidence. There are multiple models of continuous learning including, but not limited to:

- The Supporting Teacher Effectiveness Project (STEP)
- Massachusetts Department of Elementary and Secondary Education 5-Step Cycle and Model
- System for Educator Evaluation
- Ohio Department of Education <u>Ohio Teacher Evaluation System (OTES 2.0) Framework</u>

  <u>Tennessee Educator Acceleration Model</u>

  <u>Connecticut TEAM Model (CAPA)</u>

Corrective Support Plan: A pattern of persistent lack of growth and reflection or resistance to growth-oriented feedback should lead to advancing levels of support with a defined process for placing an educator on a Corrective Support Plan with indicators of success for transitioning out of it. The Corrective Support Plan shall be developed in consultation with the educator and their exclusive bargaining representative for certified teachers chosen pursuant to C.G.S. §10-153b. Corrective Support Plans shall include clear objectives specific to the well documented area of concern; resources, support, and interventions to address the area of concern; timeframes for implementing the resources, support, and interventions; and supportive actions from the evaluator.

**check-ins:** Formal or informal meetings or conferences held in the spirit of collaboration between the leader and evaluator and to engage in reciprocal dialogue regarding what is happening in one's practice at that moment in time including goal(s), professional learning, multiple and varied forms of quantitative and qualitative evidence, adjustments, and next steps (i.e., classroom/school/building or district). During each school year, a minimum of three check-ins provide an opportunity for discussions to set and adjust goals, celebrate growth and positive impact, identify needs, assess and discuss evidence of learning, and next steps in one's learning.

**community:** A school community typically refers to the localized group of students, educators, parents, and staff within a specific school, fostering a sense of belonging and shared objectives within that school.

A district community encompasses a broader scope, involving multiple schools within a school district, and often includes administrators, teachers, students, and families collaborating across various educational schools and programs within that district. The district community addresses overarching educational policies, resource allocation, and coordination among multiple schools and programs to promote consistent and effective education across a larger administrative unit.

**dispute resolution:** A process for resolving disputes in cases where the evaluator and educator being evaluated cannot agree on goals/objectives, the evaluation period, feedback, or the professional learning plan or other outcomes of the evaluation process.

**evidence:** Evidence collected and presented as a part of the evaluation system may include (but is not limited to) artifacts, observations of practice, student feedback, and reflections of the educator on student learning, growth, and achievement as part of the educator feedback process.

**feedback:** "Feedback is defined as a dynamic, dialogic process that uses evidence to engage a learner, internally or with a learning partner, in constructing knowledge about practice and self. Its primary purpose is learning that guides change" (Killion, 2019).

Quality Feedback:

- Is based on multiple and varied quantitative and qualitative indicators of evidence, standards, and goal(s)
- Is personalized
- Is learning-focused or growth-oriented
- Provides questions for reflection to refine or revise strategies
- Expands understanding of one's experiences and their implications for future experiences
- Provides reflective opportunities to rework, refine, and reorder knowledge, attitudes, skills,
- and/or practices
- Is timely, frequent, and reciprocal

From Killion, J. (2019). *The feedback process: Transforming Feedback for Professional Learning*. Learning Forward.

**formal observations:** A formal observation is a structured and planned process of watching, assessing, and evaluating an educator's performance. This typically includes a pre-conference and post-conference and results in a written evaluation within five school days.

**goals and standards:** Goals and standards should be based on an evidence based, high leverage strategy or practice aligned with professional practice standards and consistent with the goals of the district. Clear alignment between district, school, and certified staff goals (departments, grade-level teams, or collaborations) improves the collective effectiveness of professional practice.

**growth criteria:** Successful completion of the Continuous Learning Process, supported with evidence that includes the impact the educators' new learning had on their practice/goal, along with a reflection on challenges and next steps, and the impact the educators' new learning and practice had on student learning, growth, and or achievement, supported by evidence.

**high leverage goal:** High leverage goals are based on professional practice standards and are transferable across roles, disciplines, and positions and aligned to a strategic focus (i.e., a portrait of a graduate). They address strategies for developing conceptual understanding and have a high standard deviation effect size (Hattie 2009).

**informal observations:** An informal observation is an unplanned visit intended to evaluate educator performance. This typically includes either verbal or written feedback provided to the educator within five school days.

**leader:** A leader is defined as someone in a leadership position who has attained the 092 certification.

This may include superintendent, principal, dean of students, assistant/vice principal, pupil services director, department chair. This is not an exhaustive list, rather to illustrate the definition. Superintendents will confirm district leaders with evaluation roles.

**multiple measures:** Can include, but is not limited to, student learning, educator learning, cultural changes, growth, and achievement as mutually agreed upon during the goal-setting process and may include additional evidence relative to one or more competencies.

mutual agreement: An agreement or condition that is reciprocal or agreed upon by all parties.

**organizational health:** Organizational health in schools and districts means how well the whole school system is functioning. It encompasses various interconnected elements that contribute to a positive and thriving learning environment, including leadership, culture and climate, communication, professional learning, resource management, collaboration and teamwork, student-centered focus, continuous improvement, community engagement, and innovation.

**PDEC (Professional Development and Evaluation Committee):** The Professional Development and Evaluation Committee serves as the collaborative decision maker to create, revise, and monitor the evaluation and support program for the district, as well as the professional learning plan for certified employees of the district.

**professional learning:** Professional learning and growth are centered around accelerating personal and collective learning and closing the knowing-doing gap for leaders and educators. This includes co-designing interactive, sustained, and customized learning growth opportunities that are grounded in the evidence that is most needed and most effective. See also appendix M, Glossary of Professional Learning Opportunities.

**review of practice:** Reviews of practice are non-classroom observations and may include, but are not limited to, observation of delivery of professional learning, data team meetings, observations of coaching/mentoring sessions, review of educator work and student work, or review of other educators' artifacts.

**rubric:** A rubric is a systematic and standardized tool, designed as a continuum, and is used to communicate the performance of educators based on specific criteria. It can be used to evaluate a single criterion to emphasize specific expectations and provide targeted feedback for improvement. It can encourage a growth mindset.

**single point competency**: A description of a standard of behavior or performance that represents the enduring understanding of content and skill from a specific domain that is framed only as a single set of desired outcomes rather than laid out across a rating or scale of performance.

**student outcomes:** Student outcomes include multiple measures of student learning, growth, and achievement as mutually agreed upon during the goal setting process.

#### tiered support:

#### Tier 1

It is the expectation that all educators consistently access opportunities for professional growth within their district. Tier 1 supports are broadly accessible professional learning opportunities for all, inclusive of, but not limited to, collegial professional conversations, classroom visits, available district resources (e.g., books, articles, videos etc.), formal professional learning opportunities developed and designed by your district PDEC, and other general support for all educators (e.g., instructional coaching). These resources should be identified through a goal setting process by mutual agreement.

#### Tier 2

In addition to Tier 1, Tier 2 supports are more intensive in duration, frequency and focus (e.g., attending a workshop, observation of specific classroom practices, etc.) that can be either suggested by the educator and/or recommended by an evaluator.

#### Tier 3

Tier 3 supports are responsive to previously discussed concerns and are assigned by an evaluator. Tier 3 supports have a clearly articulated area of focus, duration of time, and criteria for success, and may include a decision to move to a Corrective Support Plan.

## Appendix M: Glossary of Professional Learning Opportunities – Educator

High quality professional learning enhances both educator practice and outcomes for each and every student. High quality professional learning integrates research on effective adult learning and uses interactive, flexible designs to achieve intended outcomes.

**advanced coursework:** Courses offered at a college, university, or other institution, in person or online, which further educator skills and/or provide professional training.

**case study:** A team that engages in a case study using information in a student's cumulative folder or other documented information with the intention of determining next steps, i.e., IEP review or attendance records. **coaching:** A process based on trust in which professional colleagues work together to reflect on current practices; expand, refine, and build new skills; share ideas; teach one another; conduct classroom research; or solve problems.

**examination of student work:** Individuals or groups of educators review samples of work from various students. They identify strengths, areas for improvement, and design instructional plans as a result of the examination.

**job-embedded:** Any activity that is tied in with authentic classroom practice. May include, but is not limited to:

- · Examining student data
- Mentoring
- Book study (see below)
- Co-planning
- Investigating print and online resources
- Self-reflection
- Visitations/observations within a school

**lesson study:** Groups of teachers planning a lesson, observing one present the lesson, and then reflecting on it afterwards.

**mentoring:** A relationship between a less experienced educator and a more experienced mentor, in which the mentor provides guidance and feedback regarding practice.

**peer observation:** An opportunity for teachers to observe each other during classroom instruction. Teachers may want to observe peers to see a new teaching strategy in action, learn a new model of instruction, or analyze classroom processes and procedures.

**personal professional reading:** Individual, self-driven reading and processing of texts, in order to improve one's own teaching practice.

professional literature study: Structures and collaborative processes in which individuals or groups of professionals engage in the examination and discussion of a relevant and informative text. The purpose of this study is to promote continuous learning, professional development, and the exchange of ideas and best practices within a specific field or industry. By engaging in a professional book study, individuals can deepen their understanding of key concepts, stay current in their field, and enhance their ability to apply new knowledge to their professional practice. This collaborative and structured approach to learning helps foster a culture of continuous improvement and professional growth within a community of practitioners.

**protocols:** A learning tool that is rule-based. Often implemented to aid in new learning for groups or individuals. May include article discussions, case studies, book reviews, and other procedures used in its workshops and other learning designs.

**school visits:** Observation of practice or teaching at a different school or institution to gain new knowledge, ideas, or activities.

**student shadow:** Follow a particular student during the academic day for a designated time, for a particular identified purpose, i.e., engagement.

walkthroughs: A team of leaders who visit classrooms to find evidence for a particular problem of practice. This evidence is reviewed, and next steps are determined as a result of this practice. web-based learning: Use of online resources or learning activities to develop new learning or techniques for the classroom.

**workshops:** Meetings where participants are involved in group discussions or learning experiences and are normally organized around one or more theme areas. Workshops allow participants with differing values and priorities to build a common understanding of the problems and opportunities confronting them. May take place at school or outside.

## Appendix N: Continuous Learning Process - Educator

#### **Evaluation Orientation**

#### **Orientation to Educator Evaluation was completed on:**

#### Date September 2024

Non-negotiable Process Element of the CT Guidelines (2023)

#### Download these forms:



**Educator Goal-Setting Form** 



**Educator Observation Form** 



Educator Mid-Year Check-In Form



Educator End-of-Year Self-Reflection Form



Educator End-of-Year Conference Form

## **Educator Information**

## **Download this form**

Name:		Location:	
Select One:	Select One:	Select One:	Select One:
——— Cohort 1, 2, or 3	<ul><li>Individual goal</li><li>Collaborative goal</li></ul>	<ul><li>1-year goal</li><li>2-year goal</li><li>3-year goal</li></ul>	CCT Teacher Rubric     CCT Service Delivery Rubric
	Decided upon mutual agreement.	Decided upon mutual agreement.	

Beginning-of-the-Year Goals and Planning			
Complet	Self-Reflection  Completed by Educator  See Sample Reflection Questions		
Capture your self-reflection here; consider using the Sample Questions linked above to guide your thinking. See Examples of Evidence Types			
Goal, Rationale, Alignmen	t and Professional Learning Plan		
Complet	ted by Educator		
Based on your analysis above, what is/are your goal(s)? Include a rationale for the length of your goal (1, 2, 3 year).			
What evidence of leader learning, educator and/or student growth and achievement, and/or organizational measures will you use to reflect, monitor, and adjust your goal? What is your learning plan to support achieving your goal? See professional learning and action questions to guide your plan.			
For multi-year goal(s), what might be the potential focus of years 2 and 3 (to be revisited and revised annually and as needed throughout the learning process)?			
In what ways might this goal(s) contribute to the school and/or district's vision, mission, and strategic goals?			

Goal Setting Conference  Completed by Evaluator (By November 1)  Date		
Notes:	<ul> <li>Supports Required/Suggested</li> <li>Tier 1</li> <li>Tier 2 (Link to Examples of Supports)</li> <li>Tier 3 (Link to Examples of Supports)</li> </ul>	



#### Planned Observation of Professional Practice

Non-negotiable Process Element of the CT Guidelines (2023)

Observation of Professional Practice #1 - Required

Additional Observation of Professional Practice

#### Midyear Check-in: Reflection, Adjustment(s), and Next Steps

Completed by Educator

Non-negotiable Process Element of the CT Guidelines (2023)
See Sample Reflection Questions and Professional Learning and Action Questions

What has been your progress to date on your professional learning and how do you know?

**Self-Reflection:** 

#### **Links to Evidence:**

#### **Midyear Conference**

Completed by Evaluator (by March 1)

#### <u>Date</u>

**Feedback to Educator** (Feedback regarding progress on professional learning and progress toward goal(s). Include change in tiered supports, if recommended.):

Observation of Professional Practice #2 - Required

Additional Observation of Professional Practice



#### End-of-Year Reflection and Feedback Process

Non-negotiable Process Element of the CT Guidelines (2023)

#### **Self-Reflection**

Completed by Educator

See Sample Reflection Questions and Professional Learning and Action Questions

What impact did your new learning have on your practice/goal(s), and how do you know?

What impact did your new learning and practice have on your student learning, growth, and/or achievement, and how do you know?

What challenges did you encounter and what are your next steps with your professional learning?

Lin	ke to	Fyid	ence:

**Self-Reflection:** 



#### End-of-Year Conference

Completed by Evaluator (by June 1)

<u>Date</u>

#### **Summative Feedback and Growth Criteria**

Completed by Evaluator  See appendix for full description		
Summative Feedback		
Development of new learning and impact on practice related to goal(s).		
Impact on student learning, growth, and achievement		
Successful Completion of the Evaluative Cycle	• Yes • No	
Supports Required/Suggested Are tiered supports required above and beyond tier 1 (included in feedback above)?  • Not applicable • Tier 2 (Specify below) • Tier 3 (Specify below)	If Tier 2 and/or Tier 3, please specify strategies:	
For multi-year goals only:  • What adjustments are needed to the goal(s)?  • Why?  • How might adjustments impact the timing of the goal(s)?	<ul> <li>Educator will continue multi-year goal.</li> <li>Educator will adjust multi-year goal.</li> <li>Educator completed multi-year goal.</li> <li>Notes:</li> </ul>	
Educator Signature	Date:	
Evaluator Signature	Date:	

## Appendix O: Observation Forms – Educator



Educator Evaluation Observation #1 – Required			
Name:		Time/Location:	
Grade/Role:		Discipline/Focus:	
<ul> <li>Cohort 1 (Pre-/Post-Conference Required)</li> <li>Cohort 2 (Post-Conference Required)</li> <li>Additional Observation of Professional Practice (Pre-/Post-Conference Optional)</li> </ul>			tional)
Pre-Observation			
Complete Lesson Plan/Meeting Plan	ed by the Educator	(as needed/requ	iired)
Lesson i lany i leeting i lan			
Pre-Conference Notes including the identified competency focus for the observation			
Observation Evidence  Completed by the Evaluator			
Post-Observation Reflection  Completed by the Leader			
What worked and how do you know?			
What didn't work and how do you know?			
What have you learned (about your practice and your learners based on what evidence) and how will you apply that learning in the future?			
Post-Observation Conference Feedback			
	Completed by the	Evaluator	
Evidence of Strengths	Single-Point Co	-	Evidence for Growth and/or Next Steps

Educator Evaluation Observation #2 – Required			
Name:		Location:	
Grade/Role:		Discipline/Focus:	
<ul> <li>Cohort 1 (Pre-/Post-Conference Required)</li> <li>Cohort 2 (Post-Conference Required)</li> <li>Additional Observation of Professional Practice (Pre-/Post-Conference Optional)</li> </ul>			
Pre-Observation			
Completed by Educator (as needed/required)			
Lesson Plan/Meeting Plan	Upload and provide hyp	perlink here	
Pre-Conference Notes including the identified competency focus for the observation			
Observation Evidence			
	Completed by the Ev	aluator	
	Post-Observation Re		
Completed by the Leader			
What worked and how do you know?			
What didn't work and how do you know?			
What have you learned (about your			
practice and your learners based on what evidence) and how will you apply that learning in the future?			
Post	t-Observation Confere		
	Completed by the Ev	aluator	
Evidence of Strengths	Single-Point Con		Evidence for Growth and/or Next Steps
	Insert compete		

Educator Evaluation Observation #3			
Name:		Location:	
Grade/Role:		Discipline/Focus:	
<ul> <li>Cohort 1 (Pre-/Post-Conference Requ</li> <li>Cohort 2 (Post-Conference Required)</li> <li>Additional Observation of Professional F</li> </ul>		-Conference Optional)	
	Pre-Observati	·	
		s needed/required)	
Lesson Plan/Meeting Plan	Lesson Plan/Meeting Plan  Upload and provide hyperlink here		
Pre-Conference Notes including the identified competency focus for the observation			
Observation/Site Visit Evidence  Completed by the Evaluator			
Р	ost-Observation	Reflection	
	Completed by the	e Educator	
What worked and how do you know?			
What didn't work and how do you know?			
What have you learned (about your			
practice and your learners based on what evidence) and how will you apply that learning in the future?			
Post-Ol	bservation Confe	erence Feedback	
	Completed by the	Evaluator	
Evidence of Strengths		int Competencies d by the Evaluator	Evidence for Growth and/or Next Steps
	Insert	competencies	

Educator Evaluation Observation #4			
Name:		Location:	
Grade/Role:		Discipline/Focu	ıs:
<ul> <li>Cohort 1 (Pre-/Post-Conference Required)</li> <li>Cohort 2 (Post-Conference Required)</li> <li>Additional Observation of Professional Practice (Pre-/Post-Conference Optional)</li> </ul>			ional)
Pre-Observation			
Completed by Leader (as needed/required)			
Lesson Plan/Meeting Plan	Upload and provide hyperlink here, as appropriate		
Pre-Conference Notes including the identified competency focus for the observation			
Observation Evidence  Completed by the Evaluator			
Post-Observation Reflection  Completed by the Educator			
What worked and how do you know?			
What didn't work and how do you know?			
What have you learned (about your practice and your learners based on what evidence) and how will you apply that learning in the future?			
Post-Observation/Visit Conference Feedback  Completed by the Evaluator			
Evidence of Strengths	Single-Point (	Competencies	Evidence for Growth and/or Next Steps
	Completed by	the Evaluator	מווע/ טו ועפאנ אנפטי
	Insert com	petencies	

#### Appendix P: Sample Corrective Support Plan - Educator

#### (Sample)

Educator A has consistently struggled with classroom management. Tiered supports have been provided by the evaluator throughout the year. Educator A has demonstrated a lack of growth/improvement, which has led the evaluator to assign a Corrective Support Plan.

#### **Objective:**

To improve classroom management practices in order to improve a positive learning environment (CCT – 1A) to support learning.

#### (Suggested) Resources:

- Observe a mutually agreed peer for structures, systems, and dispositions that support positive
- classroom management skills.
- Read and discuss "The First Six Weeks of School" Center for Responsive Classroom with evaluator. Training in Restorative Practices.

#### **Timeframes:**

- Educator A will remain on this Corrective Support Plan for six weeks.
- Improvements in classroom management within this six-week duration will serve as criteria for successful completion of this plan.

#### **Supportive Actions:**

• All resources made available

Corrective Support Plan Template

- Timely feedback in person and in writing (weekly/bi-weekly meetings)
- Management of access to learning opportunities in and out of building, as appropriate.
- Modeling of effective classroom management strategies
- Weekly, bi-weekly meetings with progress reporting from Teacher A and written feedback from evaluator (dependent upon need for plan)

corrective support rian remplate
(Educator being evaluated) has consistently struggled with
Tiered supports have been provided by the evaluator throughout
the year. (Educator being evaluated) has demonstrated a lack of growth/improvement, which has led the (Evaluator) to assign a Corrective Support Plan.
Objective:
To improve
(Indicate
specific standard in your objective language)

#### (Possible) Resources:

A blend of opportunities and resources should be extended to the Educator being evaluated being supported on the Corrective Support Plan

- Mentor
- Coach
- Reading as appropriate

#### **Timeframes:**

- (Length of the Corrective Support Plan typically six to eight weeks in length)
- Improvements in (standard) within this (Length of Corrective Support Plan) will serve as criteria for successful completion of this plan

#### **Supportive Actions:**

(Suggested supportive actions)

- Weekly, bi-weekly meetings with progress reporting from Educator A and written feedback from evaluator (dependent upon need for plan)
- All resources made available
- Timely feedback in person and in writing (weekly/bi-weekly meetings)
- Management of access to learning opportunities in and out of building, as appropriate.

### **Bibliography**

Connecticut State Department of Education. 2023. *Connecticut Guidelines for Educator Evaluation and Support*. Hartford, CT.

Grissom, Jason A., Anna J. Egalite, and Constance A, Lindsay. 2021 *How Principals Affect Students and Schools*. The Wallace Foundation.

Hattie, John. 2009. Visible Learning. Routledge Publishing.

Killion, Joellen. 2019 The Feedback Process: Transforming Feedback for Professional Learning. Learning Forward.

Learning Forward. 2022. Learning Forward Professional Learning Standards.

MacDonald, Elisa B. 2023. Intentional Moves, How Skillful Team Leaders Impact Learning. Corwin Press.

Seeds for Change. n.d. Consensus Decision Making. https://www.SeedsforChange.org.UK/Consensus.





CONNECTICUT STATE
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION