

DEVELOPING EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONING SKILLS IN YOUNG LEARNERS

EA Aschenbrenner, EastCONN | Nancy Sarra, Superintendent, New Britain
Elizabeth Gaffney, Primary Instructional Coach, New Britain | Michele Kushman, Primary Instructional Coach, New Britain

OUR URGENCY







IMPORTANCE OF EXECUTIVE FUNCTION

Executive Functions Deficits in Kindergarten Predict Repeated Academic Difficulties Across Elementary School

Regardless of race, income and early childhood academic abilities, the researchers found that kids who had executive function problems were more likely to struggle academically in subsequent years. This study saw stronger causal links between executive function and academic performance than previous studies had.

11,000 kindergarten students from 2010 onward through third grade Paul Morgan, co-author Penn State





IMPORTANCE OF EXECUTIVE FUNCTION

When children have had the opportunities to develop executive function and self-regulation skills successfully, both individuals and society experience lifelong benefits.

In Brief, Executive Function: Skills for Life and Learning, Center on the Developing Child, Harvard University

School Achievement

- Remember & follow directions
- Adjust when rules change
- Persist at problem solving

Positive Behaviors

- Develop teamwork skills, leadership & critical thinking
- Working toward goals
- Decision making

Good Health

Coping skills to respond to stress and reduce anxiety

Successful Work

Better organized
Solve problems that require planning
Adjust to changing circumstances



SHARING OUR JOURNEY

- Where we were with practice
- What we are doing
- What's different for children
- What's different for teachers
- Where we are headed





CSDNB MISSION STATEMENT

In partnership with family and community, the Consolidated School District of New Britain works to provide the best personalized and comprehensive whole-child education so our students will be prepared for, and positively contribute to, a profoundly different future.





OUR PATH

- Board Member Advocacy and Networking
- Parent Voice
- Whole Child Development & Whole Child Wellness
 - From NCLB to ESSA
 - SLOs
 - Report Cards
 - Domain 1 & 3 CCT rubric
 - Student Engagement Staff Engagement Family Engagement
 - Coherence Board, Superintendent, Cabinet, Administrators,
 Teachers, Families, Students





PROFILE OF A CSDNB GRADUATE

- Flexibility and Adaptability
- Metacognition
- Resilience and Perseverance
- Collaboration & Teamwork
- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- Communication
- Empathy and Perspective Taking
- Creativity & Innovation





21st CENTURY SKILLS

- Collaboration
- Communication
- Critical Thinking & Problem Solving
- Creativity







CORE EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS

Inhibitory control of actions and attention

- self-control or discipline
- selective or sustained attention

Working memory

holding information in mind & working with it

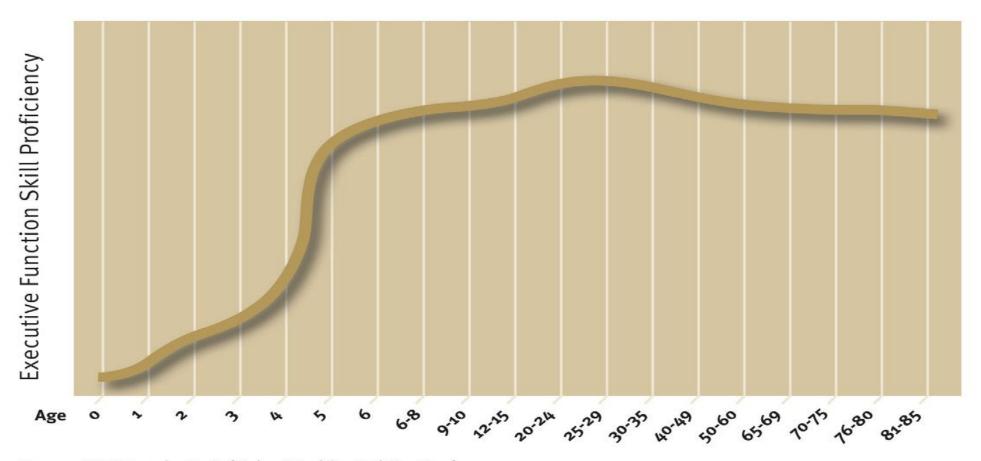
• Cognitive flexibility

- thinking "outside the box"
- adapt to different rules



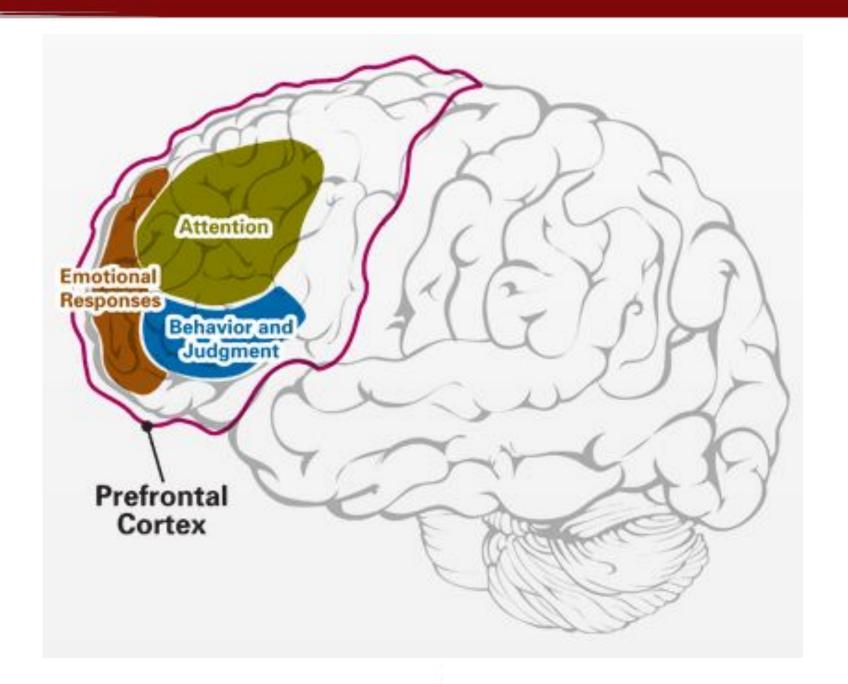


Executive Function Skills Build Into the Early Adult Years



Source: Weintraub et al. (Submitted for Publication)

Building the Brain's Air Traffic Control System, How Early Experience Shape Executive Functioning, Working Paper 11, Harvard University, Center on the Developing Child, 2011.





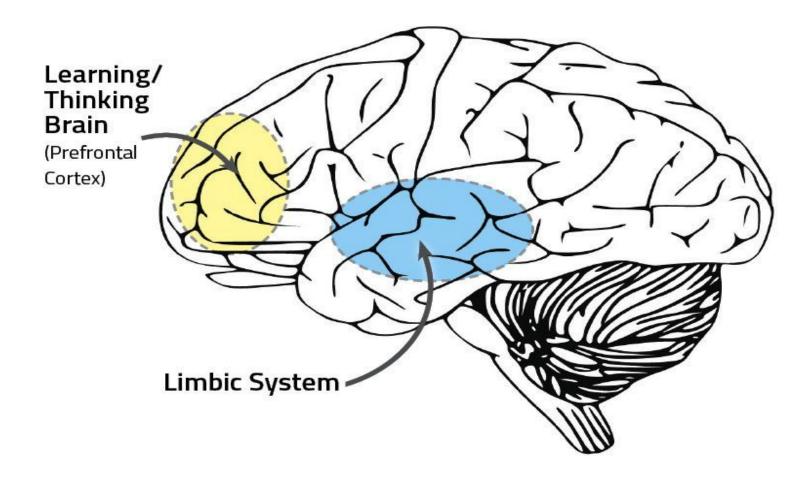
IMPACT OF STRESS ON LEARNING

- Toxic stress
- Negative stress
- Positive stress



Survival Mode: Flight/Fight/Freeze

Frontal lobe (Prefrontal cortex) goes offline Limbic system / mind and lower brain functions take over

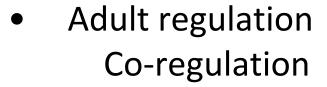




GUIDING PRINCIPLES

- Consider the whole child and all domains of development
- Have high, realistic expectations for all children
- Use standards to guide curriculum and instruction
- Engage in evidence-based practices that are hands-on and developmentally appropriate
- Promote higher order thinking and cognitive rigor
- Be accountable for all children's progress over the long term and emphasize progress over time





- Other regulation
- Self-regulation

Use of Mediators





ORGANIZING THE CLASSROOM

The Role of Visual Mediators and Visual Distractions

- Daily Schedule posted with each activity and reviewed
- Use of small group and learning centers
- Classroom environment; use of bulletin boards
- Classroom rules that are concrete actionable
- Center arrangement and management
- Who chooses first
- Linear Calendar





SUSTAINING ATTENTION AND ENGAGEMENT

- Choice
- Novelty (pattern change) correlates with attention
- Curiosity
- Prediction
- Personal relevance
- Appropriate risk or challenge
- Instruction planned with inquiry and discovery can stand alone to captivate and sustain attention
- Dopamine (enjoyment with risk-taking) release sustains interest and perseverance



COGNITIVE RIGOR

. . . is the goal of helping ALL students develop the capacity to understand content that is *complex, ambiguous, provocative,* and personally or emotionally challenging.

The DOK level should reflect the complexity of the cognitive processes demanded by the task outlined by the objective, rather than its difficulty.

Ultimately the DOK level describes the kind of thinking required by a task, not whether or not the task is "difficult."

- Karin Hess



WEBB'S DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE

Level 1 Recall and Reproduction

Level 2 Skills and Concepts

Level 3 Strategic Thinking/Reasoning

Level 4 Extended Thinking





Purposeful Play

- Kindergarten
 - 5 times a week for 60 minutes/day
 - Play planning & reflection
 - Learning scenarios 3x/yr
 - Prompts or provocations





Purposeful Play

- Grade 1
 - 3 times a week for 45 minutes/day
 - Play planning & reflection
 - Inquiry Centers with prompts/provocations
 - Connected to standards
 - Project-based learning





LEARNING SCENARIO

- Starts with a big idea
- Draws from what children know and what questions that they have
- Tied to standards and curriculum
- Builds background knowledge and context
- Builds social interaction and cooperative work





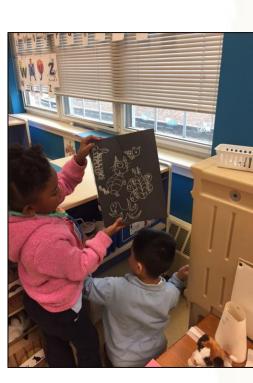
DESIGNING A LEARNING SCENARIO

- 6 8 Week Process
- Building Background Knowledge
- Developing Roles
- Creating Props
- Play Plan, Do and Review
- Engagement









WHAT ARE CHILDREN LEARNING?

You are studying community helpers, specifically the hospital.

Given the area of the hospital that your group is assigned, talk about the roles, tools or equipment that are needed.

With the materials that you have, create the tools or equipment that you will need to use.



WHAT STANDARDS ARE ADDRESSED IN THE PROCESS?

Math?

ELA?

Science?

Social studies?

Executive function?

Social skills?

21st Century skills

Creativity? Critical thinking? Collaboration? Communication?



PROVOCATIONS / PROBLEMS TO SOLVE

Challenges or problems to solve that help to guide the exploration

- → Count out 130 LEGO bricks by tens
- → Draw a design for a house or a tool/piece of equipment in the house that will make it easier for a person in a wheelchair to live there
- → Build the house or tool and be ready to explain your reasons for the design















"Our students are able to **COLLABORATE** with each other and share materials to complete a task as a team."



"Students who wouldn't necessarily work together are now getting together, **COMMUNICATING** and having fun during imagineering time."

"...students have the opportunity to engage in meaningful conversations."

"use of level 2 and level 3 vocabulary has increased.."









"Students ability to **PROBLEM SOLVE** has increased. Students are taking more responsibility in their learning by **THINKING CRITICALLY**."









"Teachers and students have more ownership and **CREATIVITY** utilizing this delivery and inquiry model."

IMPACT ON RELATIONSHIPS

- Increase frequency of meaningful conversations
 - building oral language
 - building vocabulary
- Fostering positive relationships
 - \circ teacher \rightarrow teacher
 - teacher → child
 - \circ child \rightarrow child
 - \circ family \rightarrow school
 - \circ school \rightarrow community





WHAT'S DIFFERENT FOR TEACHERS?

- Importance of building knowledge, field trips, and reinforcing concepts about the roles they are playing
- Making connections to previous learning from scenarios & inquiry centers
- More open-ended higher order questioning
- Better able to address the whole child
- Take risks
- Opportunity to plan and integrate across the curriculum



WHAT'S DIFFERENT FOR CHILDREN?

- Active engagement in learning
- More engaging and relevant instructional strategies
- Students taking more responsibility in their own learning
- Transferring inquiry into all content areas
- Less stress
- Activities that engage children in high level thinking
 - Planning, reflection and revision
 - Increased oral language, vocabulary
 - & social interaction
 - Increased collaboration and problem solving





QUESTIONS WE ARE ASKING

- Are students more actively engaged in learning?
- What is different for children over time?
- Are we impacting children's executive function skills?
- How are teachers purposely planning for increased rigor?



MAKING IT POSSIBLE

- Central Office support and commitment
- Materials / Resources
- Real-time on-site coaching
- Professional Development
 - Teachers | Administrators | Walk Throughs
- Scheduling Priority





NEXT STEPS FOR CSDNB

- Continue EF strategies and play-based learning
- Increase cognitive rigor during play-based learning
- Provocations / Inquiry Tasks (tied to CC/NGSS standards)
- Focus on intense professional learning for all staff K-12, including administrators and instructional coaches
- Monitor progress
 - Benchmarks -Play plans and EF scale
 - Performance tasks grade 1





...Let's focus on creating engaging, fun, developmentally appropriate learning experiences for all ... acknowledging the importance of embedding enriching language and numeracy experiences within those environments.

It will certainly require effort, support, and flexibility, but it is an attainable goal with the potential for a powerful payoff.

Daphna Bassok, Amy Claessens, and Mimi Engel



QUESTIONS?



RESOURCES FOR EXECUTIVE FUNCTION

Harvard Center for the Developing Child

http://developingchild.harvard.edu/science/key-concepts/executive-function/

National Center for Learning Disabilities

https://www.understood.org/en/learning-attention-issues/child-learning-disabilities/executive-functioning-issues/understanding-executive-functioning-issues?gclid=CPPMosPE3dACFYWKswodRMwFGg

Toxic Stress and Self-Regulation

https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/opre/acf_report_2_rev_022415_final_508.pdf

EF and Play

http://www.npr.org/templates/story/story.php?storyId=19212514

