ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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29 South Main Street P.O. Box 272000 West Hartford, CT 06127-2000 Tel 860.561.4000

blumshapiro.com

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Finance
Town of Ellington, Connecticut

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Restatement

As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, the 2019 financial statements have been restated to correct a misstatement. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2020 on our consideration of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

October 27, 2020

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The management of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut (the "Town"), offers the readers of its financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$87,054,377 (net position). Of this amount, \$12,980,984 represents the Town's unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The Town's change in net position for the year ended June 30, 2020 amounted to an increase of \$3,202,880.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,262,948, an increase of \$2,194,689 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the Town's General Fund was \$14,236,292, an increase of \$2,119,917 in comparison with the prior year.
- The Town's total long-term debt decreased by \$1,750,352 or 9.7% due to scheduled principal repayments, offset by new capital lease financing.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference between these elements reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements are intended to distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, recreation, library, human services and education. The business-type activities of the Town include sewer and solid waste activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Crystal Lake School Addition/Renovation Fund, and the Small Cities Loan Program Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 22 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer and solid waste disposal operations.

The Town maintains four individual enterprise funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Information is presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements for the Sewer Authority Fund and the Crystal Lake Sewers Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 25 of this report.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 and 27 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 67 of this report.

#### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information and combining and individual fund statements and schedules that can be found on pages 68 through 101 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Net Position**

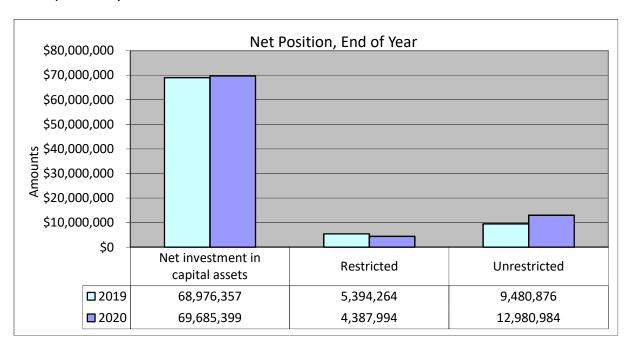
Over time, net position may serve as one measure of a government's financial position. Total net position (governmental and business-type activities combined) of the Town totaled \$87,054,377 and \$83,851,497 as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and are summarized below. Certain amounts reported as of June 30, 2019 have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

	_		nental ties		Business-Type Activities					Tota	al	
	_	2020		2019 (as restated)	. <u>-</u>	2020		2019	. <u>-</u>	2020		2019 (as restated)
Current assets Capital assets, net of	\$	23,339,625	\$	19,401,269	\$	9,509,229	\$	8,720,237	\$	32,848,854	\$	28,121,506
accumulated depreciation		76,818,453		78,021,883		9,389,211		9,266,861		86,207,664		87,288,744
Total assets	_	100,158,078		97,423,152	_	18,898,440		17,987,098		119,056,518	-	115,410,250
Deferred outflows of resources	_	6,582,913		6,291,875	_					6,582,913		6,291,875
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities		5,551,132		2,950,852		643,377		42,755		6,194,509		2,993,607
outstanding		30,684,318		33,730,055		600,000		800,000		31,284,318		34,530,055
Total liabilities	-	36,235,450		36,680,907	_	1,243,377		842,755		37,478,827	-	37,523,662
Deferred inflows of resources	_	1,106,227		326,966	_					1,106,227		326,966
Net Position: Net investments in												
capital assets		60.996.188		60,509,496		8,689,211		8,466,861		69,685,399		68,976,357
Restricted		4,387,994		5,394,264		-,,		-		4,387,994		5,394,264
Unrestricted	-	4,015,132		803,394	_	8,965,852		8,677,482		12,980,984		9,480,876
Total Net Position	\$	69,399,314	\$	66,707,154	\$	17,655,063	\$	17,144,343	\$	87,054,377	\$	83,851,497

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)**

#### **Net Position (Continued)**



80.0% of the Town's net position reflect its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

5.0% of the Town's net position are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and are therefore presented as restricted net position.

The remainder of the Town's net position is considered unrestricted and may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Overall, net position increased by \$3,202,880 in comparison to the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)**

#### **Changes in Net Position**

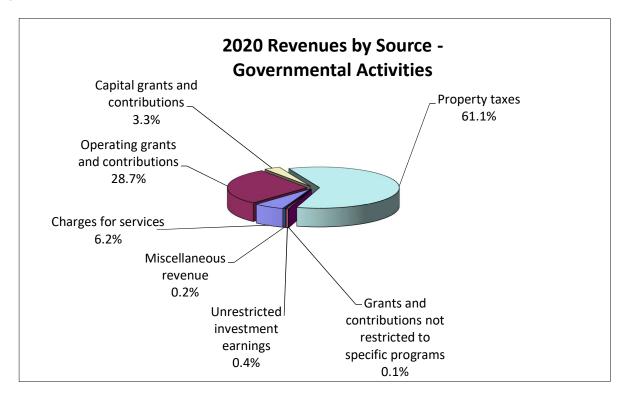
Changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows. Certain amounts reported for the year ended June 30, 2019 have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

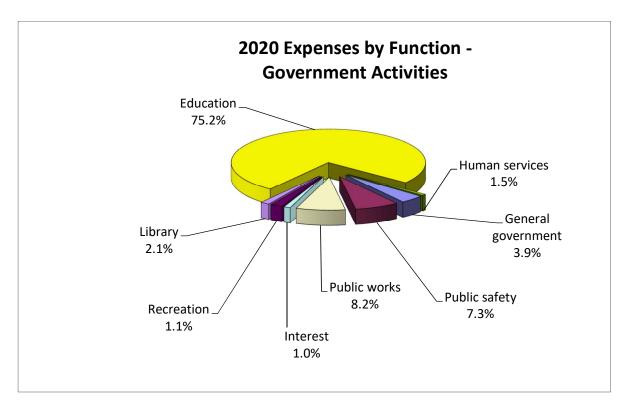
		nmental vities		Busine Acti		• •		Total			
•		2019	_						-	2019	
	2020	(as restated)	_	2020	_	2019		2020	_	(as restated)	
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services \$	4,738,854	\$ 3,787,561	\$	3,374,575	\$	2,933,221	\$	8,113,429	\$	6,720,782	
Operating grants and											
contributions	21,839,596	15,242,912						21,839,596		15,242,912	
Capital grants and											
contributions	2,514,966	591,871						2,514,966		591,871	
General revenues:											
Property taxes	46,552,654	44,468,447						46,552,654		44,468,447	
Grants not restricted to											
specific programs	50,613	26,898						50,613		26,898	
Unrestricted investment											
earnings	301,052	427,497		125,741		183,999		426,793		611,496	
Miscellaneous revenue	175,709							175,709	_		
Total revenues	76,173,444	64,545,186	_	3,500,316		3,117,220		79,673,760		67,662,406	
Expenses:											
General government	2,892,490	3,488,861						2,892,490		3,488,861	
Public safety	5,367,237	4,653,766						5,367,237		4,653,766	
Public works	5,997,920	5,355,904						5,997,920		5,355,904	
Recreation	806,586	689,235						806,586		689,235	
Library	1,518,703	1,209,463						1,518,703		1,209,463	
Human services	1,109,667	1,153,003						1,109,667		1,153,003	
Education	55,226,175	47,615,905						55,226,175		47,615,905	
Interest expense	529,006	668,700						529,006		668,700	
Sewer and solid waste			_	3,023,096	_	2,917,743		3,023,096		2,917,743	
Total expenses	73,447,784	64,834,837	_	3,023,096		2,917,743		76,470,880	_	67,752,580	
Change in net position before transfers	2,725,660	(289,651)		477,220		199,477		3,202,880		(90,174)	
Transfers	(33,500)	(37,500)		33,500		37,500		-		·	
Change in net position	2,692,160	(327,151)	_	510,720	_	236,977		3,202,880	_	(90,174)	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	66,707,154	67,034,305	_	17,144,343		16,907,366	_	83,851,497	_	83,941,671	
Net Position at End of Year \$	69,399,314	\$ 66,707,154	\$	17,655,063	\$_	17,144,343	\$	87,054,377	\$_	83,851,497	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)**

#### **Changes in Net Position (Continued)**





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)**

#### **Changes in Net Position (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$2,692,160 during fiscal year 2020, compared to a prior year decrease of \$327,151.

Overall revenues increased by \$11,628,258 or 18.02% over the prior year. Revenues from operating and capital grants increased by \$8,519,779 primarily due to a \$780,681 increase in Public Works relating to LOTCIP State Grant and Local Capital Improvement Program, an increase of \$7,208,598 due to State Teachers Retirement, State Teachers Retirement OPEB and Excess Cost Grant revenue. Revenues from charges for services increased by \$951,293 or 25.1%. This increase was primarily due to an increase in the ambulance fee program in addition to an increase in charges for police special duty. Revenues from property taxes increased by \$2,084,207 or 4.7%, which was driven by an overall increase in the taxable grand list.

Overall expenses increased by \$8,612,947 or 13.3% over the prior year. Expenses include an increase of \$713,471 for public safety which included Ambulance Fee program expenditures and special duty expenditures. An increase of \$7,610,270 in Education which included an increase of \$135,674 from the Board of Education Dental Self Insurance, insurance and administration costs, an increase of \$5,976,062 in State Teacher Retirement expenses and an increase of \$169,698 from Open Choice Tuition expenditures.

#### **Business-type Activities**

Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$510,720 during fiscal year 2020, compared to a prior year increase of \$236,977.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,262,948, an increase of \$2,194,689 in comparison with the prior year. Of the total governmental fund balances, \$147,709 constitutes unassigned fund balance. This is derived from a deficit within the Crystal Lake School Addition/Renovation Fund in the amount of \$3,195,890, which is expected to be funded by a combination of the remaining school construction grant held by the State of Connecticut pending completion of a project audit and the issuance of long-term debt. The remainder of the Town's fund balance has been classified as either restricted, committed or assigned and is not available for other uses without authorization from the governing bodies of the Town or external parties.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS (Continued)

#### **Governmental Funds (Continued)**

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,403,758, while total fund balance was \$14,236,292. In addition to unassigned fund balance, the Town maintains a capital reserve pursuant to its Charter in the amount of \$6,478,650. The remaining General Fund fund balance has been committed or assigned for various other purposes, including \$1,767,645, which has been assigned for use in the Town's fiscal year 2021 budget.

The fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$2,119,917 in comparison with the prior year.

#### Crystal Lake School Addition/Renovation Fund

The deficit fund balance in the Town's Crystal Lake School Addition/Renovation Fund remained the same. The current deficit of \$3,195,890 is expected to be funded by a combination of the remaining school construction grant held by the State of Connecticut pending completion of a project audit and the issuance of long-term debt.

#### Small Cities Program Income Fund

The fund balance of the Town's Small Cities Loan Program Fund decreased by \$9,839 to \$3,043,340.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Unrestricted net position of the Sewer Authority Fund as of June 30, 2020 totaled \$7,379,024. Unrestricted net position of the Crystal Lake Sewer Fund as of June 30, 2020 totaled \$1,523,685.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The original budget for 2020 planned for the utilization of fund balance of \$1,613,410. The final budget for 2020 included additional appropriations of \$240. The actual net change in fund balance of the General Fund on a budgetary basis was an increase of \$3,771,907. Revenues were higher than budgeted by \$895,243 and expenditures were \$2,876,664 less than budgeted. The Town recognized a favorable variance in tax collections as the percent of collection ended higher than budgeted. Expenditures were generally under budget across all departments. Final budgetary results also reflected continued funding of the Town's Reserve for Other Post-employment Benefits in the amount of \$100,000.

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 totaled \$86,207,664 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes an art collection, land, property development rights, buildings and improvements, machinery, equipment and vehicles, and infrastructure. The total decrease in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1,081,080 or 1%. The decrease is due to current year depreciation and amortization in the amount of \$4,145,899, offset by current year capital asset additions of \$3,064,819.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)**

#### **Capital Assets (Continued)**

Significant capital asset additions included the following:

- Town Hall renovation in the amount of \$510,557;
- Town wide sidewalks improvements made in the amount of \$727,003;
- replacement ambulance in the amount of \$211,912;
- DPW snow plow dump truck in the amount of \$199,583;
- infrastructure improvements made to various Town roads;
- infrastructure improvements made to sewer authority

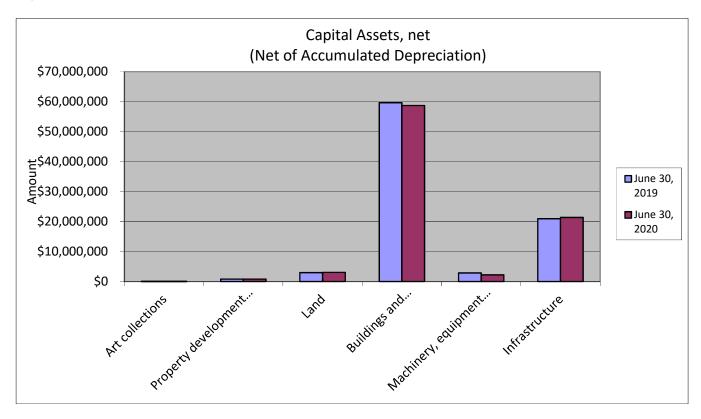
The following table is a two year comparison of the investment in capital assets presented for both governmental and business-type activities:

		Gove	rnm	ental	ntal Business-Type							
		Ac	Activities			Act	tiviti	es	Total			
	2020 (		2019 (as restated)		2020		2019	2020		2019 (as restated)		
Art collections	\$	35,598	\$	35,598	\$		\$	\$	35,598	\$	35,598	
Property development rights		817,877		817,877					817,877		817,877	
Land		3,056,666		2,961,989					3,056,666		2,961,989	
Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and		58,704,238		59,639,405					58,704,238		59,639,405	
vehicles		2,214,554		2,857,176				17,627	2,214,554		2,874,803	
Infrastructure	_	11,989,520		11,709,838		9,389,211	_	9,249,234	21,378,731	-	20,959,072	
Total	\$_	76,818,453	\$	78,021,883	\$_	9,389,211	\$_	9,266,861 \$	86,207,664	\$_	87,288,744	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)**

#### **Capital Assets (Continued)**



Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Long-term Debt**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total general obligation debt outstanding of \$14,935,000. This entire amount is comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. In addition, the Town had capital leases from direct borrowings outstanding of \$1,383,629, which is collateralized by the related capital assets.

The Town's total debt decreased by \$1,750,352 or 9.7% due to scheduled principal repayments of \$2,047,280, offset by new capital lease financing arrangements in the amount of \$396,928.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to approximately seven times its annual receipts from taxation, as defined by the statutes. The current debt limitation for the Town is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

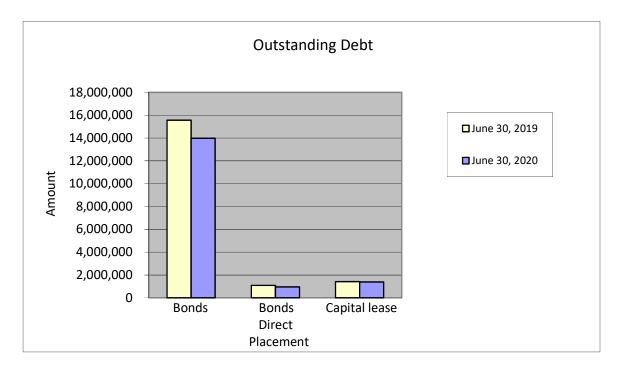
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)**

#### Long-term Debt (Continued)

The following table is a two-year comparison of long-term debt presented for both governmental and business-type activities:

		Governm	nental	Business	-Type				
		Activit	ies	Activit	ies	Total			
	-	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
General obligation bonds General obligation bonds -	\$	13,280,000 \$	14,760,000 \$	700,000 \$	800,000	\$ 13,980,000 \$	15,560,000		
direct placement		955,000	1,095,000			955,000	1,095,000		
Capital leases	_	1,383,629	1,413,981			1,383,629	1,413,981		
	\$_	15,618,629 \$	17,268,981 \$	700,000 \$	800,000	\$ 16,318,629 \$	18,068,981		



Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

A summary of key economic factors affecting the Town are as follows:

- The Town receives intergovernmental revenues from the State of Connecticut. Connecticut's economy moves
  in the same general cycle as the national economy, which may affect the amount of intergovernmental
  revenues the Town will receive in fiscal year 2021 and thereafter.
- The State imposes a cap on municipal spending to limit the budgeted expenditures to 2.5% above the previous year, or the rate of inflation, whichever is greater. The cap includes certain exemptions relating to increases in debt service, special education costs, claims and judgements and costs incurred related to major disaster or emergency declarations. Municipalities that increase their adopted budget expenditures over the previous fiscal year by an amount that exceeds the cap may receive a reduced municipal revenue sharing grant.
- The State has established a minimum budget requirement ("MBR") for budgeted education expenditures. The
  MBR prohibits towns from budgeting less for education than it did in the previous year unless, and within limits,
  the Town can demonstrate a decrease in school enrollment or savings through increased efficiencies. Any
  increases or decreases that the Town receives in its Education Cost Sharing grant will result in a corresponding
  increase or decrease in the Town's MBR.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.
- The financial implications of COVID-19 in which costs have increased and revenue has decreased.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for fiscal year 2021.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Officer, Town of Ellington, 55 Main Street, Ellington, CT 06029.

## TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Governmental Activities	•	Business-Type Activities	_	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,596,007	\$	8,309,544	\$	24,905,551
Investments	•	952,883	•	2,222,211	•	952,883
Receivables		5,937,250		466,832		6,404,082
Internal balances		(175,082)		175,082		-
Inventories		26,067		,		26,067
Prepaid items		2,500				2,500
Assessments receivable - long term portion				557,771		557,771
Capital assets, nondepreciable		3,910,141				3,910,141
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		72,908,312		9,389,211		82,297,523
Total assets	-	100,158,078		18,898,440	_	119,056,518
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred charge on refunding		41,662				41,662
Deferred outflows related to LOSAP		169,231				169,231
Deferred outflows related to MERS		4,678,839				4,678,839
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	_	1,693,181			_	1,693,181
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	6,582,913			_	6,582,913
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,063,475		500,000		3,563,475
Due to fiduciary funds		9,707				9,707
Unearned revenue		246,317		43,377		289,694
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		2,231,633		100,000		2,331,633
Due in more than one year	_	30,684,318		600,000	_	31,284,318
Total liabilities	-	36,235,450		1,243,377	_	37,478,827
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows related to LOSAP		20,912				20,912
Deferred inflows related to MERS		901,496				901,496
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	_	183,819			_	183,819
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,106,227			_	1,106,227
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		60,996,188		8,689,211		69,685,399
Restricted for:		0.004.000				0.004.000
Housing rehabilitation loan program		3,221,822				3,221,822
Endowments - expendable		1,113,675				1,113,675
Endowments - nonexpendable		52,497		0.005.050		52,497
Unrestricted	-	4,015,132		8,965,852	_	12,980,984
Total Net Position	\$_	69,399,314	\$	17,655,063	\$_	87,054,377

		P	rogram Revenue	s	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position						
Function/Program Activities	_	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total			
Primary Government: Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	2,892,490 \$	481,078 \$	385,684	\$ 500,000 \$	(1,525,728) \$	\$	(1,525,728)			
Public safety	•	5,367,237	1,813,375	28,140	,	(3,525,722)	•	(3,525,722)			
Public works		5,997,920	125,172	410,069	835,008	(4,627,671)		(4,627,671)			
Recreation		806,586	180,212			(626,374)		(626,374)			
Library		1,518,703				(1,518,703)		(1,518,703)			
Human services		1,109,667	25,579	148,658		(935,430)		(935,430)			
Education		55,226,175	2,113,438	20,867,045	1,179,958	(31,065,734)		(31,065,734)			
Interest and fiscal charges		529,006				(529,006)		(529,006)			
Total governmental activities	_	73,447,784	4,738,854	21,839,596	2,514,966	(44,354,368)		(44,354,368)			
Business-type activities:											
Sewer Authority Fund		2,144,828	2,457,611				312,783	312,783			
Crystal Lake Sewers Fund		254,322	263,235				8,913	8,913			
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	_	623,946	653,729				29,783	29,783			
Total business-type activities	_	3,023,096	3,374,575				351,479	351,479			
	\$_	76,470,880 \$	8,113,429 \$	21,839,596	\$ 2,514,966	(44,354,368)	351,479	(44,002,889)			
	O	General revenues	:								
		Property taxes				46,552,654		46,552,654			
		Grants and contr	ibutions not restric	ted to specific pro	grams	50,613		50,613			
		Unrestricted inve	estment earnings			301,052	125,741	426,793			
		Miscellaneous				175,709		175,709			
	Т	ransfers				(33,500)	33,500	-			
		Total general re	evenues and trans	fers		47,046,528	159,241	47,205,769			
		Change in net	position			2,692,160	510,720	3,202,880			
	let Position at Be	ginning of Year, a	s Restated		66,707,154	17,144,343	83,851,497				
	N	let Position at En	d of Year		\$	69,399,314 \$	17,655,063 \$	87,054,377			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	General	_	Crystal Lake School Addition Renovation Fund	-	Small Cities Program Income Fund	•	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,911,146	\$		\$	129,805	\$	2,555,056	\$	16,596,007
Investments		4 054 005		4 470 050		2 002 225		952,883		952,883
Receivables  Due from other funds		1,051,095 4,805,436		1,179,958		2,993,285 27,840		591,949 1,525,416		5,816,287 6,358,692
Prepaid and other assets		4,000,430				27,040		2,500		2,500
Inventories								26,067		26,067
mventones	-		-		-			20,007		20,007
Total Assets	\$_	19,767,677	<b>\$</b>	1,179,958	\$	3,150,930	\$	5,653,871	\$	29,752,436
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RI	ESO	URCES AND	FI	IND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES, DEI ERRED IN LOWS OF THE	_00	ONOLO AND		NID BALANGEO						
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,771,034	\$		\$		\$	227,347	\$	2,998,381
Due to other funds		2,209,088		3,195,890		107,590		1,030,913		6,543,481
Unearned revenue	_	29,912	_		_			216,405		246,317
Total liabilities	-	5,010,034	-	3,195,890	-	107,590		1,474,665		9,788,179
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		452,023								452,023
Unavailable revenue - grants		69,328		1,179,958						1,249,286
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	521,351	-	1,179,958		-		-		1,701,309
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable								78,564		78,564
Restricted						3,043,340		1,811,161		4,854,501
Committed		9,008,378				, ,		2,349,640		11,358,018
Assigned		1,824,156								1,824,156
Unassigned		3,403,758		(3,195,890)				(60,159)		147,709
Total fund balances	_	14,236,292	-	(3,195,890)		3,043,340		4,179,206		18,262,948
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	19,767,677	\$	1,179,958	\$	3,150,930	\$	5,653,871	\$.	29,752,436

(Continued on next page)

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020**

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

18,262,948

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

> Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets

138,218,706 (61,400,253)

76,818,453

Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	452,023
Interest receivable on property taxes	120,963
Grant receivable greater than 60 days	1,249,286
Deferred outflows related to MERS	4,678,839
Deferred outflows related to LOSAP	169,231
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,693,181

Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds payable	(14,235,000)
Unamortized premium on bonds payable	(245,298)
Deferred charge on refunding	41,662
Obligations under capital lease	(1,383,629)
Interest payable on bonds	(65,094)
Total OPEB liability	(6,555,095)
Compensated absences	(1,119,378)
Total MERS liability	(8,425,498)
Total LOSAP liability	(952,053)
Deferred inflows related to MERS	(901,496)
Deferred inflows related to LOSAP	(20,912)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(183,819)

69,399,314 Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	General		Crystal Lake School Addition Renovation Fund	Small Cities Program Income Fund	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Property taxes, interest and lien fees Intergovernmental revenues	\$	46,433,841 18,493,085	\$	\$		\$	1,956,227	\$	46,433,841 20,449,312
Charges for services Investment income Other		1,985,263 261,446 107,714			1,411		2,910,394		1,985,263 262,857 3,018,108
Total revenues	-	67,281,349	- :		1,411	_	4,866,621	-	72,149,381
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		1,483,544					251,197		1,734,741
Boards and agencies Public safety		101,470 3,124,346					785,462		101,470 3,909,808
Public salety Public works		4,666,249					705,402		4,666,249
Recreation		435,600							435,600
Library		677,084					2,570		679,654
Human services		698,630			11,250		166,669		876,549
Town properties		749,294			,		,		749,294
Education		45,076,799					3,575,727		48,652,526
Other		3,076,672					, ,		3,076,672
Debt service:									
Principal payments		2,018,399							2,018,399
Interest and fiscal charges		575,697							575,697
Capital outlay		2,841,076					385		2,841,461
Total expenditures	-	65,524,860		_	11,250	_	4,782,010	_	70,318,120
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures	-	1,756,489			(9,839)	_	84,611	-	1,831,261
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Capital lease		396,928							396,928
Transfers out	_	(33,500)				_			(33,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	363,428				-		-	363,428
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,119,917		-	(9,839)	)	84,611		2,194,689
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	-	12,116,375		(3,195,890)	3,053,179	-	4,094,595	-	16,068,259
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	14,236,292	\$	(3,195,890)	3,043,340	<b>\$</b>	4,179,206	\$_	18,262,948

# TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund

Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV) \$ 2,194,689 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay 2,513,288 Depreciation expense (3,716,718)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes collected after 60 days (2,150)Change in interest receivable on property taxes 120,963 Grants collected after 60 days 1,249,286 Deferred outflows related to MERS 742,345 Deferred outflows related to LOSAP (1,264,243)Deferred outflows related to OPEB 861,154 The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Lease proceeds (396, 928)Principal payments on bonds payable 1,620,000 Principal payments on capital lease payable 427,280 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(48,218)
Amortization of premium	87,988
Accrued interest	6,921
Change in total OPEB liability	(1,193,026)
Change in long-term compensated absences	(14,439)
Change in net pension liability - MERS plans	388,946
Change in net pension liability - LOSAP plan	(105,717)
Deferred inflows related to MERS plans	(827,933)
Deferred inflows related to LOSAP plan	630
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	48,042
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$2,692,160_

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	_	Sewer Authority Fund	•	Crystal Lake Sewers Fund	_	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total
Assets:								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,085,067	\$	1,224,477	\$		\$	8,309,544
Receivables		336,191		94,037		36,604		466,832
Due from other funds		352,592		203,732		97,897		654,221
Total current assets	-	7,773,850	•	1,522,246	-	134,501		9,430,597
Noncurrent assets:								
Assessments receivable		518,149		1,439		38,183		557,771
Capital assets, net of accumulated								
depreciation	_	6,224,531		3,164,680	_			9,389,211
Total noncurrent assets	-	6,742,680		3,166,119	-	38,183		9,946,982
Total assets	-	14,516,530		4,688,365	-	172,684		19,377,579
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		500,000						500,000
Bonds payable - current		100,000						100,000
Due to other funds		369,598				109,541		479,139
Unearned revenue	_	43,377			_			43,377
Total current liabilities		1,012,975		-		109,541		1,122,516
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Bonds payable after one year	_	600,000			_			600,000
Total liabilities	-	1,612,975			-	109,541		1,722,516
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		5,524,531		3,164,680				8,689,211
Unrestricted	_	7,379,024		1,523,685	_	63,143		8,965,852
Total Net Position	\$_	12,903,555	\$	4,688,365	\$_	63,143	\$.	17,655,063

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	_	Sewer Authority Fund	_	Crystal Lake Sewers Fund	_	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	_	Total
Operating Revenues:								
User charges	\$	2,106,224	\$	216,055	\$		\$	2,322,279
Assessments		188,988		8,597				197,585
Permits and fees		6,600						6,600
Solid waste fees						653,729		653,729
Other		155,799		38,583				194,382
Total operating revenues	_	2,457,611	_	263,235	_	653,729	_	3,374,575
Operating Expenses:								
Town of Vernon fees		1,603,175						1,603,175
Town of Stafford fees				78,435				78,435
Solid waste fees						623,946		623,946
Depreciation and amortization		289,676		139,505				429,181
Salaries and benefits		100,759		19,924				120,683
Utilities		32,858		13,136				45,994
Administration		29,880		3,322				33,202
Engineering		52,286						52,286
Other		2,694	_				_	2,694
Total operating expenses		2,111,328	_	254,322	_	623,946	_	2,989,596
Operating Income (Loss)	_	346,283	_	8,913	_	29,783	_	384,979
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Income on investments		107,212		18,529				125,741
Interest expense	_	(33,500)			_		_	(33,500)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	73,712	_	18,529	_	-	_	92,241
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		419,995		27,442		29,783		477,220
Transfers in	_	33,500	_		_		_	33,500
Change in Net Position		453,495		27,442		29,783		510,720
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	12,450,060	_	4,660,923	_	33,360	_	17,144,343
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	12,903,555	\$_	4,688,365	\$_	63,143	\$_	17,655,063

	_	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	_	Sewer Authority Fund	_	Crystal Lake Sewers Fund	_	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,354,178 (1,220,893) (100,759) (380,995) 651,531	\$	215,981 (94,893) (19,924) (101,164)	\$	648,223 \$ (623,946) (24,277)	3,218,382 (1,939,732) (120,683) (506,436) 651,531	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	051,551	-		-	<u> </u>	001,001	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers in from other funds Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	_	33,500 33,500	_		-	<u> </u>	33,500 33,500	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Additions to property, plant and equipment Interest expense Principal paid on bonds outstanding Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	(551,531) (33,500) (100,000) (685,031)	-	<u>-</u>	-		(551,531) (33,500) (100,000) (685,031)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on investments Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	107,212 107,212	-	18,529 18,529	_		125,741 125,741	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		107,212		18,529		-	125,741	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	6,977,855	_	1,205,948	_	<u> </u>	8,183,803	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	7,085,067	\$_	1,224,477	\$=	\$	8,309,544	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$_	346,283	\$_	8,913	\$_	29,783_\$	384,979	
provided by (used in) operating activities:  Depreciation  Change in assets and liabilities:		289,676		139,505			429,181	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		(104,055) (28,403) 622		(47,254)		(5,506) (24)	(156,815) (24,277) (28,403) 622	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued items (Increase) decrease in due from other funds Total adjustments	_	500,000 (352,592) 305,248	-	(101,164) (8,913)	_	(29,783)	500,000 (453,756) 266,552	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	651,531	\$_		\$=	\$_	651,531	

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Pension Trust Fund (July 31, 2019)		Private Purpose Trust Funds		Agency Funds
Assets:	<b>ው</b>	45 505	Φ	204.464	Φ	000 000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,525	Ф	294,164	\$	886,926
Insurance contracts		1,086,141		247,660		
Due from other funds	-			29,451	-	
Total assets	-	1,131,666		571,275	. \$ _	886,926
Liabilities:						
Due to other funds				19,744	\$	
Fiduciary deposits				,.	*	886,926
, ,	-		•		-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total liabilities		-		19,744	\$_	886,926
Net Position: Restricted for Pension Benefits and Trust Purposes	\$	1,131,666	\$	551,531	· =	

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Fund (July 31, 2019)	)	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions:	<del>``</del>	•	
Contributions:			
Employer	\$	\$	68,293
Plan members			26,039
Total contributions	-		94,332
Investment earnings:			
Interest	34,972		3,879
Total additions	34,972		98,211
Deductions:			
Benefits	94,420		104,784
Other			2,697
Total deductions	94,420		107,481
Change in Net Position	(59,448)		(9,270)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,191,114		560,801
Net Position at End of Year	\$1,131,666	\$	551,531

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Ellington, Connecticut (the Town) was incorporated in 1786. It operates under an elected, seven-member Board of Selectmen and an elected, six-member Board of Finance form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), public works, recreation, library, human services, education and general government.

The legislative power of the Town is vested with the Board of Selectmen and Town Meeting. The Board of Selectmen may enact, amend or repeal ordinances and resolutions. The Board of Finance is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes, including presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see below for description) to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

#### **Related Organizations**

The Board of Selectmen is responsible for appointing members to the Board of the Housing Authority of the Town of Ellington, but the Town's accountability for the Housing Authority does not extend beyond making the appointments.

The Board of Selectmen is also responsible for appointing a Board member to the Town's regional group for public health, the North Central District Health Department.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town's primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds, however, have no measurement focus.

Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Crystal Lake School Addition/Renovation Fund accounts for funds to be used for the addition to and renovation of the Crystal Lake School.
- The Small Cities Loan Program Fund accounts for activities related to housing rehabilitation loans.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The Sewer Authority Fund accounts for all sewer use activities and assessments in the Hockanum river section of the Town.
- The *Crystal Lake Sewers Fund* accounts for all sewer use activities and assessments in the Crystal Lake section of the Town.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

- The *Pension Trust Fund* is used to account for resources held in trust for participants in the Town's volunteer firefighters' Length of Service Awards Program.
- The *Private Purpose Trust Funds* are used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.
- The *Agency Funds* account for resources held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. The Town utilizes these funds to account for assets held for student activities and for performance bonds.

#### C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents consist of all cash on hand, checking, savings, money market accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

#### D. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

#### E. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of donated commodities are stated at fair market value. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

The Town provides low interest loans in connection with the Town's small business and residential housing rehabilitation loan programs. Loans made by the Town under the program bear an interest rate of 0% and repayment of the loans is deferred. These loans become due and payable only upon sale or transfer of the property, the owner's demise, or when the subject property is no longer the applicant's principal place of residence. The Town records loans receivable at the time the loan proceeds are advanced, and such amounts are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

#### G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include arts collection, property development rights, land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Property, equipment and infrastructure of the Town is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years	
lu fina dan sahara	50	
Infrastructure	50	
Building and improvements	40	
Vehicles	5-10	
Equipment	3-7	

#### H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs, and difference between projected and actual earnings on investments. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plans (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports deferred inflows of resources for pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plans (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

#### I. Compensated Absences

Town and Board of Education employees accumulate vacation and sick leave for subsequent use or for payment upon termination or retirement. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary or fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

#### K. Total Other Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) Liability

The total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year and no later than the end of the current fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

#### L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### M. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

#### **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

#### Restricted

Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### Unrestricted

This component of net position consists of amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

### Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

#### **Committed Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town of Ellington Board of Finance). Amounts remain committed until action is taken by the Board of Finance (resolution) to remove or revise the limitations.

### **Assigned Fund Balance**

This includes amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Board of Finance that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

### N. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and are levied on the following July 1. Real estate and personal property taxes are due in two installments, July 1 and the following January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are payable on July 1 and supplemental motor vehicle taxes are payable on January 1. Interest at the rate of 1.5% per month accrues on all overdue taxes. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of appraised market value. A lien is placed on the property if real estate taxes are unpaid as of May 15 following the payable date. The Town establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on historical collections, experience and other factors.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available means due or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town defines the current period to mean within 60 days after year end. Property taxes receivable not expected to be collected during the available period are reflected as a deferred inflow in the fund financial statements. The entire receivable is recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Property taxes collected prior to June 30 that are applicable to the subsequent years' assessment are reflected as a deferred inflow in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

### O. Sewer User Charges and Assessments

User charges and assessments are due and payable within thirty days and delinquent amounts are subject to interest at prevailing rates. Upon completion of sewer projects, sewer assessments are levied and assessed to the users. The Town establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on historical collections, experience and other factors.

### P. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Q. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is October 27, 2020.

### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### A. Budgetary Information

The annual budget is prepared by the Board of Finance and employed for management control of the General Fund.

The budget is adopted via Town Meeting. The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund financial statements:

- The Board of finance submits a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1 to a public budget hearing, at which taxpayer comments are obtained. The Board of Finance then prepares the recommended Town budget, which it presents at the annual Town Meeting held on the second Tuesday in May. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Expenditures are budgeted by function, department and object. Management may not exceed appropriations at the department level and must seek approval from the Board of Finance to reassign resources within a department, except for the Board of Education. The Board of Education may reassign resources within its department without seeking Board of Finance approval.
- The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the object level, except for the Board of Education, which is the department level. The Board of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and between departments and objects.
- Additional appropriations of less than one half of one percent of the total annual budget must be approved by the Board of Finance. Appropriations in excess of one half of one percent of the total annual budget must be approved at a Town Meeting. During the year, the Board of Finance and, where required, Town Meeting(s), approved additional appropriations of \$240.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

- The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Intergovernmental and
  other reimbursement for certain special education costs are recorded as reductions to
  expenditures for budgetary purposes, and "on-behalf" payments made by the State of
  Connecticut into the State Teachers' Retirement System are not recorded for budgetary
  purposes.
- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year.
- All unexpended appropriations lapse at year end, except capital projects.

### **B.** Deficit Fund Equity

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the following funds had deficit balances:

High School Construction	\$ 3,195,890
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Permanent Funds:	
Windemere School Alterations Fund	60,159
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:	
Watermains Tripp and Middle Roads Fund	71,358

These amounts will be funded through bonds, contributions and future revenues.

### C. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the following line items had overexpended appropriations:

		Final		Expenditures, Encumbrances and Other	Balance		
	Арр	propriations	-	Financing Uses	Overexpended		
Capital Outlays	\$	2,132,262	\$	2,248,523	\$ (116,261)		

### 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by the Statutes or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). This investment pool is under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

### **Deposits**

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$1,933,229 of the Town's bank balance of \$2,533,786 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	1,689,906
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the Town's name		243,323
	•	
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Risk	\$	1,933,229

### **Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2020, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$21,878,607. The following table provides summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	Standard <u>&amp; Poor's</u>
State of Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) People's Unite Bank Empire Bank	AAAm * *

<sup>\*</sup> Not Rated

### **Investments**

As of June 30, 2020, the Town had the following investments:

				Inves	tme	nt Maturities	s (Ye	ars)
				Less				More
Investment Type		Value	_	Than 1		1 - 10	_	than 10
Interest-bearing investments:								
U.S. Government Securities	\$	91,962	\$		\$	91,962	\$	
U.S. Government Agencies		112,248				112,248		
Corporate Bonds	_	202,527	_	15,316	_	187,211		
Total		406,737	\$=	15,316	\$_	391,421	\$=	-
Other investments:								
Mutual Funds	\$	547,352						
Common Stock		246,454						
Insurance Contracts	_	1,086,141						
Total Investments	\$_	2,286,684	:					

### **Investment Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value if its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

### **Credit Risk**

The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State statutes governing investments in obligations of any state or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision.

Average Rating		Corporate Bonds		U.S. Government Securities		U.S. Government Agencies
Aaa	\$	22,483	\$	91,962	\$	112,248
Aa2		21,939				
Aa3		31,789				
A1		21,952				
A2		16,475				
A3		54,759				
Baa1		16,543				
Baa2	_	16,587	_			
	. –					
	\$=	202,527	\$.	91,962	\$.	112,248

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Town places no limit on the amount invested in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2020, 100% of the investments of the Volunteer Firefighters' Length of Service Award Program were invested in an insurance contract held with First Security Benefit Life Insurance and Annuity Company of New York. Fully guaranteed insurance contracts totaled \$1,086,141 as of June 30, 2020.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Pension Trust Fund is also authorized to invest in corporate bonds, domestic common stocks, domestic equity real estate and international equities. The investments of this fund are held in trust by a trustee bank, which executes investment transactions under the direction of the pension plan's investment manager.

#### Fair Value

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

		June 30,	_	Fair V	alue	Measureme	nts l	Jsing
	_	2020	_	Level 1		Level 2	_	Level 3
Investments by fair value level:								
U.S. Government Securities	\$	91,962	\$	91,962	\$		\$	
U.S. Government Agencies		112,248		112,248				
Corporate Bonds		202,527				202,527		
Common Stock		246,454		246,454				
Mutual Funds	_	547,352		547,352				
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	_	1,200,543	\$_	998,016	\$_	202,527	\$=	
Investments not recorded at fair value: Insurance contracts	_	1,086,141						
Total Investments	\$_	2,286,684	ı					

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

### **Donor-Restricted Endowments**

The original principal received remains in the net position on the statement of net position and is restricted for the trust principal, and in nonspendable fund balance on the balance sheet - governmental funds. The net appreciation on investments available for expenditures is included in unrestricted net position on the statement of net position, and in committed fund balance on the balance sheet - governmental funds, and is spent based on the original criteria established by the trust. The Town's policy is to spend only investment income for the purposes of the trust.

The Town has interpreted the Connecticut Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (CTPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Town classifies as nonspendable fund balance (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in nonspendable fund balance is classified as committed fund balance until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Town in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by CTPMIFA. In accordance with CTPMIFA, the Town considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds: the duration and preservation of the fund; the purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund; general economic conditions; the possible effect of inflation and deflation; the expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments; other resources of the Town; the investment policies of the Town.

#### B. Receivables

Receivables by type at year end for the Town's government-wide financial statements, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

-	General Fund	Crystal Lake School Addition Renovation Fund	3	ne 	Sewer Authority Fund		Crystal Lake Sewers Fund		Nonmajor and Other Funds		Total
Property taxes receivable \$	559,144	\$	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	559,144
Sewer usage					141,550		38,894				180,444
Assessments					168,639		48,995				217,634
Solid waste									36,604		36,604
Grants and contracts	205,377	1,179,958							113,020		1,498,355
Loans			2,993,285						199,769		3,193,054
Other	312,943				30,369		7,332		279,160		629,804
Less allowance for											
uncollectible accounts	(26,369)				(4,367)	_	(1,184)	_			(31,920)
Net Accounts Receivable \$	1,051,095	\$ 1,179,958	\$ 2,993,285	\$	336,191	\$_	94,037	\$_	628,553	\$_	6,283,119

### C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	_	nning ance	Increases	Decreases	-	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Arts collection	\$	35,598 \$		\$	\$	35,598
Property development rights	8	17,877				817,877
Land	2,9	61,989	94,677			3,056,666
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,8	15,464	94,677	-	-	3,910,141
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	100.9	83,044	1,810,606			102,793,650
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		46,719	,,			14,946,719
Infrastructure		60,191	608,005			16,568,196
Total capital assets being depreciated		89,954	2,418,611	-	-	134,308,565
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	41,3	43,639	2,745,773			44,089,412
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		89,543	642,622			12,732,165
Infrastructure		50,353	328,323			4,578,676
Total accumulated depreciation		83,535	3,716,718	-	_	61,400,253
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	74,2	06,419	(1,298,107)			72,908,312
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 78,0	21,883 \$	(1,203,430)	\$	\$_	76,818,453
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Equipment - Sewer Authority	2	22,854				222,854
Infrastructure - Sewer Authority		31,152	551,531			13,282,683
Infrastructure - Solid Waste		62,015	001,001			162,015
Equipment - Crystal Lake		23,135				23,135
Infrastructure - Crystal Lake	6.0	62,205				6,962,205
Total capital assets being depreciated		01,361	551,531		-	20,652,892
rotal suprial accord boiling appropriated	20,1	01,001	001,001		_	20,002,002
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Equipment - Sewer Authority	2	06,861	15,993			222,854
Infrastructure - Sewer Authority	6,7	84,469	273,683			7,058,152
Infrastructure - Solid Waste	1	62,015				162,015
Equipment - Crystal Lake		21,501	1,634			23,135
Infrastructure - Crystal Lake	3,6	59,654	137,871		_	3,797,525
Total accumulated depreciation	10,8	34,500	429,181	-	_	11,263,681
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	9,2	66,861	122,350			9,389,211
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 9,2	66,861 \$	122,350	\$	\$_	9,389,211

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	297,337
Public safety		557,508
Public works		408,839
Library		111,502
Education	_	2,341,532
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	3,716,718
	Ť <b>=</b>	
Business-type activities:		
Sewer	\$_	429,181
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$_	429,181

### D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Crystal Lake School Addition Renovation Fund Small Cities Sewer Authority Nonmajor Enterprise Private Purpose Trust Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 3,195,890 107,590 369,598 109,541 19,744 1,003,073 4,805,436
Small Cities Program Income Fund	Nonmajors Governmental Funds	27,840
Nonmajor Enterprise	General Fund	97,897
Sewer Authority	General Fund	352,592
Crystal Lake Sewers Fund	General Fund	203,732
Private Purpose Trust	General Fund	29,451
Nonmajor Funds	General Fund	 1,525,416
Total		\$ 7,042,364

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that:

1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

The transfers that occurred during the year are as follows:

	Tra	ansfers In
		onmajor iness-Type Funds
Transfers out: General Fund	\$	33,500

Transfers are used to move funds from the General Fund to the other funds in accordance with budget authorizations. Transfers from the General Fund to the nonmajor business-type funds in the current year were a result of interest payments on long term debt.

### E. Long-Term Debt

### **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions	_	Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds General obligation bonds -	\$	14,760,000	\$		\$	1,480,000	\$	13,280,000	\$	1,465,000
direct placement		1,095,000				140,000		955,000		140,000
Unamortized premium		333,286	_		_	87,988		245,298	_	
Total bonds payable	_	16,188,286		-		1,707,988		14,480,298		1,605,000
Capital leases		1,413,981		396,928		427,280		1,383,629		514,633
Compensated absences		1,104,939		124,439		110,000		1,119,378		112,000
Net pension liability - LOSAP		846,336		105,717				952,053		
Net pension liability - MERS		8,814,444				388,946		8,425,498		
Total OPEB liability	_	5,362,069	_	1,193,026	_		_	6,555,095	_	
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	33,730,055	\$_	1,820,110	\$_	2,634,214	\$_	32,915,951	\$_	2,231,633

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, net pension liability and total OPEB liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

	_	Beginning Balance	. <u>-</u>	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities: Bonds payable:	•	000 000	•		•	400,000	•	700 000	•	400,000
General obligation bonds	\$_	800,000	\$_	-	. \$_	100,000	\$	700,000	\$.	100,000

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	 Amount of Original Issue		Balance Outstanding June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities						
General obligation	2011	9/15/23	2-4.0%	\$ 8,240,000	\$	2,440,000
General obligation	2013	9/15/33	2-4.0%	4,205,000		2,885,000
General obligation	2015	6/15/35	2-4.0%	10,630,000		7,955,000
Direct placement:						
General obligation	2017	6/15/27	2.06%	1,375,000		955,000
Total governmental act	ivities				-	14,235,000
Business-Type Activities						
General obligation	2007	6/15/27	4-5.5%	1,750,000	-	700,000
Total Outstanding					\$_	14,935,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

### **General Obligation**

	_	Governme	ntal	Activities	_	Business-type Activities				
	_	General Ob	ligat	tion Bonds		General Ob	liga	ation Bonds		
	_	Principal	_	Interest		Principal	Interest			
2021	\$	1,465,000	\$	457,294	\$	100,000	\$	29,375		
2022		1,455,000		398,794		100,000		25,250		
2023		1,445,000		341,844		100,000		21,125		
2024		1,045,000		294,119		100,000		17,000		
2025		735,000		260,569		100,000		12,750		
2026-2030		3,675,000		962,847		200,000		12,750		
2031-2035	_	3,460,000	_	341,988	_					
	_		_							
	\$_	13,280,000	\$_	3,057,455	. \$ _	700,000	\$	118,250		

Direct Placen	<u>nent</u> _	Governme	ntal <i>i</i>	Activities
	_	General Ob	ligati	on Bonds
		Principal		Interest
2021	\$	140,000	\$	16,789
2022		140,000		13,905
2023		135,000		11,124
2024		135,000		8,343
2025		135,000		5,562
2026-2027		270,000		2,781
	\$	955,000	\$	58,504

The Town is subject to the General Statutes of Connecticut, which limits the amount of debt outstanding at June 30, 2020 to the following:

Category	Debt Limit	 Net Indebtedness	_	Balance
General purpose Schools Sewers Urban renewal Pension deficit	\$ 99,980,462 199,960,925 166,634,104 144,416,223 133,307,283	\$ 4,570,000 13,455,658 700,000	\$	95,410,462 186,505,267 165,934,104 144,416,223 133,307,283

Total debt outstanding may not exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation of \$311,050,327.

### **Authorized but Unissued Bonds**

The total of authorized but unissued bonds at June 30, 2020 is \$3,790,658. In most cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

### **Capital Leases**

The Town has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for public safety equipment, public works equipment and Board of Education computers. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes (title transfer at end of lease terms) and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

Asset:	
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	\$ 1,760,690
Less accumulated depreciation	 595,005
Total	\$ 2,355,695

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2021	\$ 555,930
2022	483,706
2023	256,676
2024	86,919
2025	 86,919
Total future minimum lease payments	1,470,150
Less Interest on future lease payments	 (86,521)
Principal Balance of Future Minimum Payments	\$ 1,383,629

### F. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		eneral Fund		Crystal Lake School Addition/ Renovation Fund		Small Cities Program Income Fund	. ,	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	. <u>-</u>	Total
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Inventory	\$		\$		\$		\$	26.067	\$	26.067
Endowments	•		Ť		•		•	52,497	•	52,497
Restricted for:								5_,		,
Small cities rehabilitation loan program	1					3,043,340		178,482		3,221,822
Education						, ,		519,004		519,004
Special reserves - external								1,113,675		1,113,675
Committed to:								, ,		, ,
General government								202,846		202,846
Capital reserves	6	478,650								6,478,650
Capital and nonrecurring reserves		994,618								994,618
Road projects								27,322		27,322
OPEB	1	483,774								1,483,774
Land acquisition								500,934		500,934
Road repair and sidewalk								24,146		24,146
Public safety								317,560		317,560
Education								1,063,555		1,063,555
Sanitation		51,336								51,336
Various capital projects								213,277		213,277
Assigned to:										
General government encumbrances		24,611								24,611
Public safety encumbrances		12,500								12,500
Culture and recreation encumbrances		19,400								19,400
Use in subsequent budget		,767,645								1,767,645
Unassigned	3	403,758	-	(3,195,890)	_			(60,159)	_	147,709
Total Fund Balances	\$ <u>14</u>	236,292	\$_	(3,195,890)	\$_	3,043,340	\$	4,179,206	\$=	18,262,948

Major encumbrances are reported in the assigned fund balance of the General Fund totaling \$56,511.

### 4. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

### A. Defined Contribution Money Purchase Plan

The Town provides retirement benefits for full-time and part-time eligible employees of the Town through a noncontributory money purchase plan. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. The Town's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested from the date of employment. The Town is required to contribute 7.1% of the payroll of active employees. In addition, the Town matches employee contributions up to an additional 4.64% of the employee's salary.

The Town's contribution amounted to \$416,009 the year ended June 30, 2020. All monies contributed are used to purchase insurance contracts on-behalf of the participates, therefore, the assets of the plan are not included in the Town's basic financial statements.

### **B.** Deferred Compensation Plan

The Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Town employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Employee deferrals amounted to \$183,631 for the year ended June 30, 2020. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. Accordingly, the assets of the trust are not included in the Town's basic financial statements.

### C. Volunteer Firefighters' Length of Service Award Program

The Town sponsors a defined benefit Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) for active volunteer firefighters of the Crystal Lake Fire Department and the Ellington Fire Department. The program was established pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes and provides municipally-funded pension-like benefits to facilitate the recruitment and retention of active volunteer firefighters.

### Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Active volunteer firefighters who have reached the age of 17 and who have completed 1 year of firefighting service are eligible to participate in the program. Participants acquire a nonforfeitable right to a service award after being credited with 5 years of firefighting service or upon attaining the program's entitlement age. The program's entitlement age is 65.

A participant's benefit under the program is the actuarial equivalent of a monthly payment for life equal to \$8.00 multiplied by the person's total number of years of firefighting service. The number of years of firefighting service used to compute the benefit cannot exceed 35 years. Except in the case of disability of death, benefits are payable when a participant reaches entitlement age. The program also provides certain death and disability benefits on some active participants, which is provided through a group term life insurance policy.

The Town funds the plan based on an actuarial recommended contribution, which includes the current year cost plus a payment to amortize the unfunded liability. The plan actuarial required contribution for the year was \$101,156, and the Town did not contribute any money to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2020.

At August 1, 2019, plan membership consisted of the following:

Entitled participants	44
Inactive participants with deferred benefits	89
Active participants	87
Total Participants	220

### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

### **Basis of Accounting**

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the LOSAP. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

#### **Method Used to Value Investments**

Investments are reported at fair value. Investments in insurance contracts are measured at contract value, which approximates fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

### **Investment Policy**

The allocation of invested assets for the LOSAP is developed by Town management and the investment advisor. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes.

### Rate of Return

For the year ended July 31, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 3.82%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

### **Net Pension Liability of the Town**

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at July 31, 2019 were as follows:

Total LOSAP liability	\$	2,083,719
Plan fiduciary net position	_	1,131,666
Net LOSAP liability	\$_	952,053
Plan fiduciary net position as a		
percentage of the total LOSAP liability		54.31%

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was measured as of July 31, 2019 and it was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return, including inflation	4.25%
Discount rate	4.21%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Insurance contract	100_%	5.00 %
Total	100_%	

### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total LOSAP Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net LOSAP Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances as of August 1, 2018	\$.	2,037,450 \$	1,191,114_\$	846,336		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		23,340		23,340		
Interest on total pension liability		84,438		84,438		
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,974)		(1,974)		
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		34,885		34,885		
Net investment income			34,972	(34,972)		
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions	_	(94,420)	(94,420)	-		
Net changes	-	46,269	(59,448)	105,717		
Balances as of July 31, 2019	\$	2,083,719 \$	1,131,666_\$	952,053		

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.21%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. For this purpose, only Town contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the LOSAP's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted prior to making all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments up to the depletion date and the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods after the depletion date to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
		1%		Discount		1%
		Decrease		Rate		Increase
		(3.21%)		(4.21%)		(5.21%)
	_		. –		_	
Employee's Net Pension Liability	\$	1,279,000	\$	952,053	\$	687,000

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$58,800 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	i	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	11,046	\$	1,782
Changes of assumptions		31,492		19,130
Net difference between projected and				
actual earning on pension plan investments		19,012		
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		107,681	_	
Total	\$	169,231	\$	20,912

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	\$ 7,502
2022	7,502
2023	7,502
2024	5,233
2025	2,182
Thereafter	 10,717
	\$ 40,638

### D. Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Veer Ending June 20

### **Plan Description**

All full-time employees participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). MERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits to employees of participating municipalities. Chapters 7-425 to 7-451 of the State of Connecticut General Statutes, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes MERS benefits, member contribution rates and other plan provisions. MERS is considered to be part of the State of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

### **Benefit Provisions**

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service or 25 years of aggregate service. In addition, compulsory retirement is at age 65 for police and fire members. Employees under the age of 55 are eligible to retire with 25 years of service.

### **Normal Retirement**

For members not covered by Social Security, retirement benefits are calculated as 2% of the average of the three highest paid years of service times the years of service. For members covered by Social Security, retirement benefits are calculated as 1½% of the average of the three highest paid years of service not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average of the three highest paid years of service in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service. The year's breakpoint is defined as \$10,700 increased by 6.0% each year after 1982, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$100. Maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation, and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually.

### **Early Retirement**

Members must have 5 years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance on the basis of the average of the three highest paid years of service to the date of termination. Benefits are deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

### **Disability Retirement - Service Connected**

This applies to employees who are totally and permanently disabled, and such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to heart and hypertension in the case of fire and police, who began employment prior to July 1, 1996, is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including worker's compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability.

### **Disability Retirement - Non-Service Connected**

This applies to employees who have 10 years of service and are totally and permanently disabled. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

### **Pre-Retirement Death Benefit**

The plan offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest, or, if vested and married, the surviving spouse will receive a lifetime benefit.

#### Contributions

#### Member

Contributions for members not covered by Social Security are 5% of compensation; for members covered by Social Security, 21/4% of compensation up to the Social Security taxable wage base plus 5%, if any, in excess of such base.

### Employer

Participating employers make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment, which covers the liabilities of MERS not met by member contributions. In addition, there is also an annual administrative fee per active and retired member.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reports a liability of \$8,425,498 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at June 30, 2019. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Town's proportion was 0.82%. The decrease in proportion from the prior year was 0.10%.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,501,372. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

		erred Outflows f Resources	, ,	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	342,999	\$	
Change in proportionate share	·	383,040	•	142,086
Change of assumptions		2,225,288		
Net difference between projected and actual actuarial				
experience		917,521		759,410
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		809,991		
Total	\$	4,678,839	\$	901,496

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Town contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	<b>Ending</b>	June 30

2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 1,169,676 902,441 1,021,614 (126,379)
	\$ 2,967,352

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement period:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increase 3.50-10.00%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on:

RP-2014 Combined Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for General Employees.

RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for Police and Fire.

For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 was used.

Future cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) for members who retire on or after January 1, 2002 are 60% of the annual increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) up to 6%. The minimum annual COLA is 2.5%; the maximum is 6%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	20.0%	5.3%
Developed market international	11.0%	5.1%
Emerging market international	9.0%	7.4%
Core fixed income	16.0%	1.6%
Inflation linked bond fund	5.0%	1.3%
Emerging market debt	5.0%	2.9%
High yield bond	6.0%	3.4%
Real estate	10.0%	4.7%
Private equity	10.0%	7.3%
Alternative investments	7.0%	3.2%
Liquidity fund	1.0%	0.9%
Total	100.0%	

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		1%	Current	1%
	_	Decrease (6.00%)	 Discount Rate (7.00%)	 Increase (8.00%)
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	12,245,331	\$ 8,425,498	\$ 5,227,906

### E. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System - Pension

### **Plan Description**

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ct.gov">www.ct.gov</a>.

### **Benefit Provisions**

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

#### **Normal Retirement**

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

### **Early Retirement**

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

### **Disability Retirement**

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

### **Contributions**

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$5,976,062 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

### **Employees**

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the Town	-	78,949,572
Total	\$	78,949,572

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2020, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$9,696,353 in Exhibit II.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%
Salary increase 3.25-6.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the CPI, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Expected Return	Target Allocation	Standard Deviation
Public Equity - US Equity Public Equity - International Developed Equity Public Equity - Emerging Markets Equity Fixed Income - Core Fixed Income Fixed Income - Inflation Linked Bonds Fixed Income - High Yield Fixed Income - Emerging Market Debt Private Equity Real Estate		20.00 11.00 9.00 16.00 5.00 6.00 5.00 10.00	% 17.00 % 19.00 24.00 7.00 7.00 11.00 11.00 23.00 15.00
Alternative Investments - Real Assets Alternative Investments - Hedge Funds Liquidity Fund  Total	8.20 5.40 2.90	4.00 3.00 1.00	17.00 17.00 7.00 1.00

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

### **Other Information**

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

#### 5. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

### A. Town and Board of Education Program

### **Plan Description**

The Town provides eligible retirees and their spouses with other post-employment benefits (OPEB Program) for medical and dental coverage through the Town's group health insurance plans, which cover both active and retired members. Benefit and contribution provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the union representing Town employees, and are renegotiated between three-year and five-year bargaining periods.

The Town currently pays for postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. As of June 30, 2020, the Town has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund liability associated with the postemployment benefits, which would require the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines.

### **Funding Policy**

Participant contribution requirements are established and may be amended through negotiations between the Town and the respective labor union. Board of Education employees age 55 with 5 or more consecutive years of service or any age with 25 years of service in the Ellington school system are eligible to receive benefits. Town employees with 25 or more years of service, and age plus service greater than or equal to 75 years, are eligible to receive benefits. Retirees contribute 100% towards dental and medical premiums. For nonunion employees, the Town contributes 100% of the premium cost for retiree's health and dental insurance coverage. For Town Hall employees, the Town

contributes 85% towards pre-age 65 retiree medical and dental premiums and 100% of the premium cost for Medicare and dental coverage for retirees age 65 and older. Employees hired on or after December 4, 2008 are not eligible for any post-employment premium cost share by the Town. For public works department employees, the Town contributes 85% towards pre-age 65 retiree and medical and dental premiums and 100% of the premium cost for Medicare and dental coverage for retirees age 65 and older. Employees hired on or after September 28, 2009 are not eligible for any post-employment premium cost share by the Town.

At July 1, 2018, plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees, beneficiaries, and dependents currently receiving benefits	61
Active participants	433
	494

### **Total OPEB Liability**

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$6,555,095 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2018.

### **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation rate	2.50%
Discount rate	3.87%
Dental trend rates	5.00%
Medical trend rates	7.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index as of the measurement date. This represents municipal bond trends based on a portfolio of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years. Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 combined Male and Female Generational Mortality Table using Scale AA. Other significant assumptions were as follows:

- 85.0% of the current Town active employees covered under the active plan on the day before retirement would enroll in the retiree medical plan upon retirement.
- 30.0% of the current school active employees covered under the active plan on the day before retirement would enroll in the retiree medical plan upon retirement.
- 0.0% of retirees would elect Medicare Plan F upon attainment of age 65 due to the change in the Town's subsidy level.
- 50.0% of the male and 50.0% of the female employees who elect retiree health care coverage for themselves would also elect coverage for their spouse upon retirement.

### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

	Total OPEB Liability
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$5,362,069
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments Net changes	108,160 186,939 1,158,435 (260,508) 1,193,026
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$6,555,095_

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current				
1% Decrease (1.21%)		_	Discount Rate (2.21%)		1% Increase (3.21%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$_	7,728,001	\$_	6,555,095	\$	5,628,314

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	_	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 4.00%)	Trend Rates (7.00% decreasing to 5.00%)		-	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 6.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$_	5,525,871	\$_	6,555,095	\$	7,898,106

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$544,338. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$_	273,428 S 1,419,753	\$ 183,819
Total	\$_	1,693,181	\$ 183,819

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30		
2021	\$	249,239
2022		249,239
2023		249,407
2024		258,756
2025		281,653
Thereafter	_	221,068
	_	
	\$_	1,509,362

### B. Other Post Employment Benefit - Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan

### **Plan Description**

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools, plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education, are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="www.ct.gov/trb">www.ct.gov/trb</a>.

### **Benefit Provisions**

There are two types of health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer, and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

### **Survivor Health Care Coverage**

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

### **Eligibility**

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

### **Credited Service**

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

#### **Normal Retirement**

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

### **Early Retirement**

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

### **Proratable Retirement**

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

### **Disability Retirement**

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

### **Termination of Employment**

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

#### **Contributions**

#### State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

### Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$163,331 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

### Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers pay for one third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated		
with the Town	_	12,312,630
	-	
Total	\$	12,312,630

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2020, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$(900,996) in Exhibit II.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Health care costs trend rate

Pre-Medicare 5.95% decreasing to 4.75% by 2025
Medicare 5.00% decreasing to 4.75% by 2028
Salary increases 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Year fund net position will

be depleted 2019

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.41%).

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. No future State contributions were assumed to be made. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2019 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0-, and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

#### Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at <a href="https://www.ct.gov">www.ct.gov</a>.

#### 6. OTHER INFORMATION

### A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties except for workers' compensation and Liability-Automobile-Property insurance, for which the Town participates in risk-sharing pools. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2020.

The Town is a member of CIRMA's Liability-Automobile-Property Pool, a risk-sharing pool. The Liability-Automobile-Property Pool provides general liability, automobile liability, employee benefit liability, law enforcement liability, public officials and property coverage. The premium is subject to these coverages, and claims and expense payments falling within the deductible amounts are the responsibility of the Town. CIRMA's Liability-Automotive-Property Pool retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence for each line of liability coverage.

The Town is a member of CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool, a risk-sharing pool. The Workers' Compensation Pool provides statutory benefits pursuant to the provisions of the Connecticut Workers' Compensation Act. The coverage is subject to an incurred loss retrospective rating plan, and losses incurred in the coverage period will be evaluated at 18, 32 and 40 months after the effective date of coverage. The premium is subject to payroll audit at the close of the coverage period. CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

### **B.** Contingent Liabilities

There are various suits and claims pending against the Town, none of which, individually or in the aggregate, is believed by counsel to be likely to result in judgment or judgments that could materially affect the Town's financial position.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The Town may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### 7. RESTATEMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the beginning net position of the government-wide net position was restated for an error in the calculation of depreciation. This resulted in an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$3,672,214 and a decrease in net position of \$3,672,214.

### 8. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus to be a public health emergency. On March 10, 2020, the Governor of the State of Connecticut declared a public health emergency and a civil preparedness emergency due to COVID-19.

The Town derives a significant portion of its revenues from property taxes. While the Town has not experienced any significant increase in the amount of delinquency from its taxpayers, the situation creates uncertainty about the impact of future revenues that might be generated. In addition, at this time, it is uncertain what the effects of the pandemic will be on the Town's health care costs, changes in interest rates, investment valuation, and future federal or state fiscal relief.

# TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxation:	<b>A</b> 45 744 000	<b>45.744.000</b>	40.050.000	
Current year levy	\$ 45,711,996	\$ 45,711,996	\$ 46,059,889	\$ 347,893
Prior year levy	110,000	110,000	190,751	80,751
Interest and lien fees	140,000	45,961,996	183,201	43,201
Total property taxation	45,961,996	45,961,996	46,433,841	471,845
State and Federal Grants:				
Education Cost Sharing Grant	9,826,217	9,826,217	9,830,116	3,899
Teacher Pension Contribution	(32)	(32)		32
Adult Education and Vocational Agriculture	17,557	17,557	31,873	14,316
Town Road Aid	339,811	339,811	340,741	930
Disability Reimbursement	4.540	4.540	1,611	1,611
State Property Forest	4,540	4,540	4,540	-
Pequot/Mohegan Funds	4,081	4,081	4,081	-
Circuit Court Fines	6,417	6,417	6,417	(050)
Telecomm Serv Pers Prop Tax	17,303	17,303	16,645	(658)
Additional Income Veterans	16,732	16,732	15,083	(1,649)
Local Capital Improvement Program DWI Grant	106,377	106,377	108,005	1,628
Erase Grant	50,000	50,000	13,834	(36,166)
Historical Preserve Award	3,907	3,907	3,905	(2)
	4,000	4,000	5,500	1,500
Emergency Management	7,889	7,889	7,889	(2.426)
North Central Area Agency on Aging	4,000	4,000	864	(3,136)
Municipal Grants-in-Aid	223,527	223,527	223,527	(0.004)
NCAAA-Nutrition PP (ENPP)	4,000	4,000	696	(3,304)
MIRA Distribution NCRMH Opioid Use			17,698 (773)	17,698 (773)
CT Fair Plan Anti Arson Grant			775	775
STEAP-Town Hall Renovation	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Total state and federal grants	11,136,326	11,136,326	11,133,027	(3,299)
Total state and lederal grants	11,100,020	11,100,020	11,100,021	(0,200)
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Building department	300,000	300,000	308,924	8,924
Rights of way permits	2,000	2,000	3,735	1,735
Fire marshal	250	250	285	35
Planning and zoning	35,000	35,000	36,822	1,822
Recreation program receipts	302,225	302,225	180,212	(122,013)
Town clerk conveyance tax	150,000	150,000	165,633	15,633
Town clerk record fees and license	100,000	100,000	153,991	53,991
Aircraft registration	1,440	1,440	1,260	(180)
Animal control officer fees and licenses	21,000	21,000	20,844	(156)
Animal control donations	100	100	882	782
Adhoc Patriotic Committee	100	100		(100)

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (CONTINUED)
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	_	Original	_	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Adhoc Ell Beautification Committee	\$	100	\$	100	\$	\$ (100)
Adhoc Ell Trails Committee		100		100	1,475	1,375
Board Of Education		500		500		(500)
Police-Special Duty		75,000		75,000	438,494	363,494
Police-Dare Donations		500		500		(500)
Youth Services Donations		500		500		(500)
Youth Services Activities		8,000		8,000	11,284	3,284
Human Services-Municipal Agent		100		100		(100)
Human Services-Fuel Administration		200		200	3,552	3,352
Human Services Donations		1,000		1,000	3,963	2,963
Senior Center Donations		500		500	70	(430)
Senior Center Emats		750		750	254	(496)
Senior Center Transportation Center		500		500	210	(290)
Senior Center Programs		15,000		15,000	6,246	(8,754)
Senior Center Rental Income		500		500		(500)
Total charges for goods and services	_	1,015,365		1,015,365	1,338,136	322,771
Investment Earnings:						
Interest on earnings	_	250,000		250,000	260,672	10,672
WPCA	_	100,000	_	100,000	100,000	
Other Revenues:						
Ambulance fee program		423,496		423,496	523,927	100,431
Insurance claims and refunds		7,500		7,500	7,618	118
WPCA reimbursement					33,200	33,200
WPCA reimbursement maintenance budget		149,016		149,016	121,437	(27,579)
Snow removal charge - developers		5,000		5,000		(5,000)
Sundry refunds and receipts		70,000		70,000	59,748	(10,252)
Rental income of town property		6,475		6,475	3,238	(3,237)
Sale of property	_	100		100	5,673	5,573
Total other revenues	_	661,587		661,587	754,841	93,254
Total revenues	_	59,125,274	_	59,125,274	60,020,517	895,243
Other Financing Sources:		4 040 440		4 040 440		(4.040.440)
Appropriation of fund balance		1,613,410	_	1,613,410		(1,613,410)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$_	60,738,684	\$_	60,738,684	60,020,517	\$ (718,167)
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues be State of Connecticut on-behalf payments related to the Retirement Pension System for Town teachers are no	Conne	ecticut State Te	acher	rs'	5,976,062	
State of Connecticut on-behalf payments related to the Retirement OPEB System for Town teachers are not be	Conne	ecticut State Te	acher	rs'	163,331	
CRRA Sanitation fund not budgeted	_				774	
State of Connecticut grants for Special Education Exces	ss Cos	ts are netted to	r		400.000	
budgetary purposes					493,662	
Capital lease issuance, not budgeted for					396,928	
WPCA debt payment receipts not included for GAAP Proceeds for certain grants for capital projects that were	not b	udgeted for			(100,000) 727,003	
		_				
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Repor Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Govern				evenues,	\$ 67,678,277	

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with
	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:							
General government:							
Board of Selectmen \$	321,871	\$	287,890	\$	277,426	\$	10,464
Board of Finance	9,850	·	10,578		10,578		· -
Auditors	46,500		47,250		47,250		_
Auditors - special project	100		100		,		100
Finance Officer	331,035		364,680		337,929		26,751
Tax Assessor	209,251		213,315		171,378		41,937
Tax Collector	181,235		186,352		168,607		17,745
Board of Assessment Appeals	400		400		110		290
Insurance Advisory Board	100		100				100
Town Clerk	199,923		204,929		178,538		26,391
Town Counsel	110,000		110,000		71,980		38,020
Probate Court	7,353		7,353		7,353		-
Town Planner	237,068		245,104		237,006		8,098
·	1,654,686	: =	1,678,051	_	1,508,155	_	169,896
Boards and agencies:							
Registrars and electors	81,844		81,844		61,627		20,217
Economic Development Commission	6,000		6,000		1,833		4,167
Planning and Zoning	30,600		30,600		29,544		1,056
Design Review Board	100		100		_0,0		100
Zoning Board of Appeals	4,500		4,500		1,796		2,704
Shared Services Commission	100		100		1,1 00		100
Permanent Building Commission	1,750		1,750				1,750
Ethics Commission	1,710		1,710				1,710
Inland Wetland Agency	5,600		5,600		5,250		350
Flood and Erosion Control Board	100		100				100
Conservation Commission	3,500		3,500		1,420		2,080
WPCA	1		1				1
	135,805	_	135,805	_	101,470		34,335
Public safety:							
Center Fire Department	219,140		219,140		205,025		14,115
Crystal Lake Fire Department	66,674		67,805		67,805		-
Fire protection hydrants	384,466		384,466		371,883		12,583
Emergency 911	50,816		50,816		50,728		88
Police	1,440,243		1,449,526		1,278,847		170,679
Police special duty	20,000		252,970		252,968		2
Police drug abuse resistance education	1,500		1,500		549		951
Animal Control Officer	103,407		105,664		94,808		10,856
Emergency Management	56,254		58,176		52,721		5,455
Building Department	157,319		162,237		155,006		7,231
Volunteer ambulance	281,017		285,730		285,729		1
Emergency service incentive program	157,000		157,000		131,901		25,099
Adhoc Emergency Service Committee	200		200		-		200
Public Safety Commission	100		100				100
Fire Marshall	181,655		197,504		188,876		8,628
	3,119,791	_	3,392,834	_	3,136,846	_	255,988

TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (CONTINUED)
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Budgeted Amounts			-			Variance with inal Budget - Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Public works:								
General town roads	\$	2,070,229	\$	2,121,601	\$	1,936,114	\$	185,487
New equipment		10,000		10,000		9,830		170
Equipment maintenance		228,100		228,100		214,990		13,110
Town garage maintenance		74,000		74,090		74,090		-
Street signs		17,500		17,500		9,661		7,839
Grounds maintenance - BOE/parks		115,000		115,000		111,803		3,197
Town Aid Road - winter		255,000		255,000		246,674		8,326
Town Aid Road - materials		275,000		275,000		261,036		13,964
Sanitary landfill		472,412		472,412		415,547		56,865
Sanitary recycling		377,200		377,200		360,976		16,224
Household hazardous waste		15,000		15,000		12,254		2,746
WPCA maintenance - Hockanum		80,162		88,310		88,309		. 1
WPCA maintenance - Crystal Lake		35,854		35,854		26,282		9,572
Street lighting		97,235		97,235		83,507		13,728
Engineering and inspections		125,000		125,000		88,173		36,827
	_	4,247,692	_	4,307,302	_	3,939,246		368,056
Recreation:								
		500 657		522 200		430,000		92,200
Parks recreation equipment		500,657 12,500		522,200 12,901		430,000		12,901
Inter-agency after school program		25,000		25,000		25,000		12,901
Crystal Lake water monitor	_	538,157	_	560,101		455,000	-	105,101
	_	200,101	_	333,131	-	,	_	,
Library:								_
Hall Memorial Library	_	663,417		677,087		677,084	_	3
Human services:								
Public health nursing		2,100		2,100		864		1,236
Nutmeg Big Brothers Big Sisters		500		500		500		-
Cornerstone Foundation, Inc.		1,500		1,500		1,500		_
Connecticut Legal Services		2,200		2,200		2,200		_
YWCA/SACS		2,000		2,000		2,000		-
Regional Mental Health Board		1,092		1,092		1,092		_
Kidsafe CT		1,500		1,500		1,500		_
Hockanum Valley Community Council		35,000		35,000		35,000		_
Youth activity programs		202,653		202,653		186,733		15,920
Hartford Interval House		2,500		2,500		2,500		· -
Human services		194,943		201,483		191,603		9,880
North Central Health District		75,631		75,631		75,631		-,
Municipal agent		2,500		2,500		1,286		1,214
Senior center		237,088		239,308		196,221		43,087
	_	761,207	_	769,967		698,630	-	71,337
	_	, =	-			,	_	,

TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (CONTINUED)
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	-	rinai	-	Actual	_	(Negative)
Town properties:							
Town Hall \$	467,872	\$	467,872	\$	421,668	\$	46,204
Center Cemetery	3,700		3,700				3,700
Hall Memorial Library building	112,350		119,626		119,626		-
EVAC building	36,500		36,500		30,087		6,413
Crystal Lake fire building	21,000		21,000		18,880		2,120
Crystal Fire Building - Main Street	34,565		34,565		29,622		4,943
Crystal Fire Building - Nutmeg Drive	24,300		24,300		17,781		6,519
Arbor Commons - human services	27,350		27,350		19,467		7,883
Arbor Commons - police	23,150		23,150		12,643		10,507
Animal control facility	500		500		146		354
Senior Center building	78,608		78,608		70,302		8,306
Pinney House	1,500		2,212		2,211		1
Old Crystal Lake school house	18,200		18,200		6,861	_	11,339
	849,595	_	857,583	_	749,294	_	108,289
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	2,118,402		2,118,402		2,118,399		3
Interest	609,201		609,201		609,197		4
	2,727,603		2,727,603		2,727,596	_	7

# TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (CONTINUED) BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Other:								
Social Security	\$	465,230	\$	465,230	\$	431,853	\$	33,377
Insurance	Ψ	2,991,015	Ψ	2,719,916	Ψ	2,465,042	Ψ	254,874
Insurance reimbursement and claims		7,500		7,500		5,101		2,399
Insurance prior year		100		100		3, . 3 .		100
Service insurance		107,681		107,681		107,681		-
Contingency Fund		200,000		200,000		,		200,000
Capital Reserve Fund		200,000		200,000				200,000
AD HOC Prevention Council Developing		10,000		10,000		10,000		
Erase		3,907		3,911		3,911		_
AD HOC Patriotic Committee		4,700		4,700		4,438		262
AD HOC Beautification Committee		2,200		2,200		371		1,829
AD HOC Trails Committee		8,000		8,000		7,668		332
Charter Revision Commission		100		100		7,000		100
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		1,266		734
GASB-OPEB		100,000		100,000		100,000		754
Referendum		18,000		18,000		100,000		18,000
		10,000				9.470		1,521
Building demolition/eviction		152,227		10,000		8,479		10,119
Salary adjustment				10,119				
Employee education development		7,500 22,538		7,500		40.000		7,500
Town communications				22,538		10,026		12,512
Town website		11,787		11,787		11,287		500
Grant applications		2,000		2,000		26		1,974
GIS		6,000		6,000		4,700		1,300
GIS Centric permitting and license program	_	4 000 405	-	4,823	_	4,823	_	
	-	4,332,485	-	3,924,105	-	3,176,672	_	747,433
Education	_	39,576,224	_	39,576,224	_	38,443,744	_	1,132,480
Capital outlays	_	2,132,022	-	2,132,262	_	2,248,523	_	(116,261)
Total Budgetary Expenditures	\$_	60,738,684	\$_	60,738,924	\$_	57,862,260	\$_	2,876,664
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues State of Connecticut on-behalf payments related to the Retirement Pension System for Town teachers are State of Connecticut on-behalf payments related to the Retirement OPEB System for Town teachers are not State of Connecticut grants for Special Education Examples budgetary purposes.  Change in designations recorded as expenditures for Capital reserve OPEB Reserve Capital lease issuance, not budgeted for WPCA debt payment receipts not included for GAAP Proceeds for certain grants for capital projects that we Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2020  Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Re	the ( not the ( ot b ccess r bu	Connecticut Star budgeted Connecticut Star udgeted s Costs are nett dget purposes:	te T ed f	eachers'	\$	5,976,062 163,331 493,662 195,625 (100,000) 396,928 (100,000) 727,003 (56,511)		
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Bal	-							
Exhibit IV					\$ =	65,558,360		

## TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.82%	0.92%	1.32%	1.16%	0.86%	0.90%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$_	<u>8,425,498</u> \$	8,814,000 \$	3,265,400 \$	3,877,319 \$	2,853,323 \$	2,143,846
Town's covered payroll	\$	5,895,137 \$	6,487,231 \$	5,641,060 \$	4,702,434 \$	4,624,684 \$	4,624,684
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		142.92%	135.87%	57.89%	82.45%	61.70%	46.36%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.69%	73.60%	91.68%	88.29%	92.72%	90.48%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2020	2019	_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012		2011
Actuarially determined contribution* Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	809,991 \$ 809,991	692,362 692,362	\$ 	662,260 \$ 662,260	535,138 \$ 535,138	587,703 \$ 587,703	526,289 \$ 526,289	531,269 \$ 531,269	512,950 512,950	\$ 452,8 452,8	74 \$ 74 _	449,486 449,486
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	<u> </u>	-	\$_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$_	
Covered payroll	\$	6,770,657 \$	6,487,231	\$	5,641,060 \$	4,702,434 \$	4,624,684 \$	4,624,684 \$	4,434,633 \$	4,281,720	\$ 3,841,1	70 \$	3,888,287
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.96%	10.67%		11.74%	11.38%	12.71%	11.38%	11.98%	11.98%	11.79%	6	11.56%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2019 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

The actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of June 30, each biennium for the fiscal years ending two and three years after the valuation date.

Entry age

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 21 years

Asset valuation method 5 years smoothed market (20% write up)

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 4.25% - 11%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.0%, net of investment related expense

Changes in assumptions In 2019, the latest experience study for the System updated most of the actuarial assumptions

utilized in the June 30, 2019 valuation to include: rates of inflation, real investment return mortality, withdrawal, disability, retirement and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study

for the System for the five year period ended June 30, 2017.

<sup>\*</sup> Contribution amounts for fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 and prior are Annual Required Contribution (ARC) under GASB 27.

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARD PROGRAM LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	_	2020	2019
Total LOSAP liability:			
Service cost	\$	23,340 \$	31,255
Interest on total pension liability	,	84,438	84,051
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,974)	13,832
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		34,885	(23,954)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(94,420)	(100, 133)
Net change in total LOSAP liability		46,269	5,051
Total LOSAP liability - beginning		2,037,450	2,032,399
Total LOSAP liability - ending		2,083,719	2,037,450
Plan fiduciary net position:     Contributions - employer     Net investment income (loss)     Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions     Net change in plan fiduciary net position     Plan fiduciary net position - beginning     Plan fiduciary net position - ending  Town's net LOSAP liability	- - \$_	34,972 (94,420) (59,448) 1,191,114 1,131,666 952,053 \$	107,681 36,735 (100,133) 44,283 1,146,831 1,191,114 846,336
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total LOSAP liability		54.31%	58.46%
Covered payroll		N/A	N/A
Town net LOSAP liability as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A	N/A

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARD PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2020		2019		2018	201	7	2016		2015	 2014		2013	- –	2012		2011
Actuarially determined contribution* Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	101,15	6 \$	107,681 107,681		93,306 \$ 93,306		,911 \$ ,000	96,34 96,34		99,463 90,200	\$ 65,123 79,200		68,082 68,100		67,730 67,180	\$	69,440 67,180
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	101,15	<u>6</u> \$_	-	_ \$	\$		(89) \$		_ \$_	9,263	\$ (14,077	<u></u> \$	(18)	<u></u> \$_	550	= <sup>\$</sup> =	2,260
Covered payroll	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A \$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	4	N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: August 1, 2019
Measurement date: July 31, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on actuarial valuation as of August 1 of the beginning of each fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Unit credit
Amortization method 10 and 30 years
Single equivalent amortization period 10 year/30 year
Asset valuation method Market value
Inflation 2.0%

Investment rate of return 4.21%, net of investment related expense

Mortality Table RP2000 - Combined Unisex

<sup>\*</sup> Contribution amounts for fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 and prior are Annual Required Contribution (ARC) under GASB 27.

## TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARD PROGRAM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense:	3.82%	3.93%	4.22%	3.59%	3.82%	3.57%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	=
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributed to the Town	_	78,949,572	60,875,000	59,744,000	63,060,000	48,421,000	44,756,000
Total	\$_	78,949,572 \$	60,875,000 \$	59,744,000 \$	63,060,000 \$	48,421,000 \$	44,756,000
Town's covered payroll	\$	20,202,945 \$	18,831,000 \$	18,122,000 \$	17,669,000 \$	17,616,000 \$	17,176,000
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%	61.51%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Single equivalent amortization period

Asset valuation method

Salary increase

Changes in benefit terms

HB 7424 made the following provision changes:

- Beginning July 1, 2019, annual interest credited on mandatory contributions set at 4.0%.
- For members retiring on or after July 1, 2019 with a partial refund option election (Plan N), if 50% of the benefits paid prior to death do not exceed the Member's mandatory contributions plus interest frozen at the date of benefit commencement, the difference is paid to the Member's beneficiary.

Changes of assumptions HB 7424 made the following assumption changes:

- Reduce the inflation assumption from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- Reduce the real rate of return assumption from 5.25% to 4.40% which, when combined with the inflation assumption change, results in a decrease in the investment rate of return assumption from 8.00% to 6.90%.
- Increase the annual rate of wage increase assumption from 0.50% to 0.75%.
- Phase in to a level dollar amortization method for the June 30, 2024 valuation.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of pay, closed

17.6 years

4-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

3.25%-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of investment related expense

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability:				
Service cost	\$	108,160 \$	96,754 \$	134,486
Interest		186,939	194,158	170,578
Changes of benefit terms			(1,791)	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses				
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		1,158,435	849,238	(192,419)
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
member contributions	_	(260,508)	(244,996)	(543,651)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,193,026	893,363	(431,006)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	5,362,069	4,468,706	4,899,712
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	_	6,555,095	5,362,069	4,468,706
Covered payroll	\$	26,874,892 \$	26,219,407 \$	N/A
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		24.39%	20.45%	N/A

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions

Discount rate changed from 3.50% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.21% as of June 30, 2020.

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2020	2019	2018
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability attributed to the Town	_	12,312,630	12,169,000	15,377,000
Total	\$_	12,312,630 \$	12,169,000 \$	15,377,000
Town's covered payroll	\$	20,202,945 \$	18,831,000 \$	18,122,000
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		2.08%	1.49%	1.79%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes in benefit terms The plan was amended by the Board, effective January 1, 2019, during the September 12, 2018

meeting. The Board elected a new prescription drug plan, which is expected to reduce overall costs and allow for the Board to receive a government subsidy for members whose claims reach a catastrophic level. These changes were communicated to retired members during the months leading up to the open enrollment period that preceded the January 1, 2019 implementation date.

Changes of assumptions Based on the procedure described in GASB 74, the discount rate used to measure plan obligations

for financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2019 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond

Index Rate of 3.50% as of June 30, 2019.

Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience both before and after the plan change that became effective on

July 1, 2019.

The expected rate of inflation was decreased, and the real wage growth assumption was

increased.

Amortization method Level percent of payroll over an open period

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of investment related expense including price inflation

Price inflation 2.75%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

# TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2020

	_	General		CRRA Sanitation		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,859,810	\$	51,336	\$	13,911,146
Receivables		1,051,095				1,051,095
Due from other funds	_	4,805,436				4,805,436
Total Assets	\$_	19,716,341	\$=	51,336	\$	19,767,677
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND	) FUN	D BALANCES				
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,771,034	\$		\$	2,771,034
Due to other funds		2,209,088				2,209,088
Unearned revenue		29,912				29,912
Total liabilities	_	5,010,034	_	-		5,010,034
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		452,023				452,023
Unavailable revenue - grants		69,328				69,328
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	521,351	_	-		521,351
Fund balances:						
Committed		8,957,042		51,336		9,008,378
Assigned		1,824,156				1,824,156
Unassigned		3,403,758				3,403,758
Total fund balances	_	14,184,956	_	51,336	-	14,236,292
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	19,716,341	\$_	51,336	\$	19,767,677

## TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	General	. <u> </u>	CRRA Sanitation	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	•	10 100 011	•		_	40 400 044
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	46,433,841	\$		\$	46,433,841
Intergovernmental revenues		18,493,085				18,493,085
Charges for services		1,985,263				1,985,263
Investment income		260,672		774		261,446
Other	_	107,714			_	107,714
Total revenues	-	67,280,575	-	774	-	67,281,349
Expenditures: Current:						
		1,483,544				1 400 544
General government						1,483,544
Boards and agencies		101,470				101,470
Public safety		3,124,346				3,124,346
Public works		4,666,249				4,666,249
Recreation		435,600				435,600
Library		677,084				677,084
Human services		698,630				698,630
Town properties		749,294				749,294
Education		45,076,799				45,076,799
Other		3,076,672				3,076,672
Debt service:		0.040.000				0.040.000
Principal payments		2,018,399				2,018,399
Interest and fiscal charges		575,697				575,697
Capital outlay	_	2,841,076			_	2,841,076
Total expenditures	-	65,524,860	_		-	65,524,860
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	_	1,755,715	_	774	_	1,756,489
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Capital lease proceeds		396,928				396,928
Transfers out to other funds		(33,500)				(33,500)
Total other financing sources	-	363,428	_		-	363,428
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	2,119,143		774	_	2,119,917
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	12,065,813	_	50,562	_	12,116,375
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ _	14,184,956	\$_	51,336	\$ =	14,236,292

TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

								Special F	Reve	enue Funds					
	_	Dog Fund		Education Programs Fund		Education Grants Fund		Education Special Revenue Fund	_	School Lunch Fund	Self Insured Dental Fund		Ambulance Fee Program Fund		Youth Service Bureau Fund
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$		\$		\$	313,499	\$		\$	98,838 \$		\$	628,402	\$	
Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid and other assets				129,383 931,672 2,500		2,760		322,575		16,670	168,168		149,152		
Inventory				2,000					_	26,067					
Total Assets	\$_	-	\$	1,063,555	\$_	316,259	\$_	322,575	\$_	141,575 \$	168,168	\$	777,554	\$_	-
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities:	Φ		•		Φ.	F7 400	Φ.		Φ.	04.044		•	00.000	Φ.	
Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$		\$		\$	57,189 12,808	Ф		\$	81,044 \$		\$	89,000	Ф	
Due to other funds Total liabilities	_	_				246,262 316,259	-		_	6,203 87,247			370,994 459,994		_
Fund Balances:						·	-		_	,			,		
Nonspendable										26,067					
Restricted Committed Unassigned				1,063,555				322,575		28,261	168,168		317,560		
Total fund balances	_	-		1,063,555		-	-	322,575	_	54,328	168,168		317,560	- -	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$		\$	1,063,555	\$	316,259	\$	322,575	\$_	141,575_\$	168,168	\$	777,554	\$	

TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

				Speci	al F	Revenue Funds	6					
	HUD Small Cities Housing Rehab rogram Fund	Historic Document Preservation Fund	-	Town Land Preservation Fund	_	DOT Elderly and Disabled Fund		Land Use Fees Fund		Open Space Fund		mall Cities Regular Rehab 13 Fund
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 143,893 \$	81,341	\$	54,815	\$		\$	49,969	\$	788,447	\$	10
Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid and other assets Inventory		20,675	-		_			625	_			
Total Assets	\$ 143,893 \$	102,016	\$	54,815	\$_	-	\$	50,594	\$_	788,447	\$	10
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$ \$		\$		\$		\$		\$	203,597	\$	
Due to other funds	66,988			2,631				1,948		203,59 <i>1</i> 83,916		
Total liabilities	66,988	-	•	2,631	_	-	_ :	1,948	_	287,513		
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable												
Restricted Committed Unassigned	76,905	102,016		52,184				48,646		500,934		10
Total fund balances	 76,905	102,016	•	52,184	_	-		48,646	_	500,934	_	10
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 143,893 \$	102,016	\$	54,815	\$_		\$	50,594	\$	788,447	\$	10

TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds					Capital Project Funds												
	·	Small Cities Regular Rehab 16 Fund		Small Cities Regular Rehab 17 Fund		Windsorville Road mprovement Fund	· <del>-</del>	Town Sidewalk Fund	_	Windemere Road Improvements Fund	_	Department of Public Works Maintenance Fund		Senior Center Building Fund		Windemere School Alterations Fund		
ASSETS																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10	\$	10	\$	27,322	\$	4,643	\$	19,503	\$	208,357	\$		\$			
Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid and other assets Inventory		184,346		109,013	_				_		_			4,920	_	_		
Total Assets	\$	184,356	\$	109,023	\$_	27,322	\$_	4,643	\$	19,503	\$_	208,357	\$	4,920	\$_			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	83,925 83,925	\$	107,887 107,887	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	60,159 60,159		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted		100,431		1,136			· -				_				· <del>-</del>			
Committed Unassigned Total fund balances					_	27,322		4,643	-	19,503	_	208,357		4,920	_	(60,159)		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	_ \$_	184,356	 \$	1,136	- \$_	27,322 27,322	\$	4,643 4,643	- \$	19,503 19,503	- \$_	208,357		4,920 4,920	- \$_	(60,159)		

TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

					Perm	an	ent Funds	<u> </u>						-	
		Marshall E. Charter Fund	Kimball Memorial Fund	 John T. McKnight Maintenance Fund	 Eugene K. Mosley Fund	_	Arthur Hyde Fund		Sarah H. McKinney Fund	Mary Wadsworth Gardner Fund	Hall Memor Librar Fund	y	Wiley Fund		Total
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$	103,723 498,880	\$ 6,499 112,605	\$ 1,303 22,569	\$ 106	\$	212	\$	532 \$	8,939 \$ 82,872	13,61 235,95		1,064	\$	2,555,056 952,883 591,949
Due from other funds Prepaid and other assets Inventory		27,394	 14,014	 2,809	 	_				3,824	29,36	 			1,525,416 2,500 26,067
Total Assets	\$	629,997	\$ 133,118	\$ 26,681	\$ 106	\$_	212	\$	532_\$	95,635	278,94	<u>1</u> \$	1,064	\$_	5,653,871
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	6														
Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds	\$		\$	\$	\$ 6	\$	12	\$	32 \$	\$	i	\$	64	\$	227,347 216,405 1,030,913
Total liabilities			 _	 	 6	-	12		32			<u>=</u>	64		1,474,665
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		29,697 600,300	5,000 128,118	1,000 25,681	100		200		500	5,000 90,635	10,00 268,94		1,000		78,564 1,811,161 2,349,640 (60,159)
Total fund balances		629,997	 133,118	 26,681	 100	-	200		500	95,635	278,94	1	1,000		4,179,206
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	629,997	\$ 133,118	\$ 26,681	\$ 106	\$_	212	\$	532 \$	95,635_\$	278,94	<u>1</u> \$	1,064	\$_	5,653,871

## TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

							Special Revenu	ie Funds					
	Dog Fund		Education Programs Fund	_	Education Grants Fund	_	Education Special Revenue Fund	School Lunch Fund	Self Insured Dental Fund		Ambulance Fee Program Fund		Youth Service Bureau Fund
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Other local revenues:	\$	\$	649,754	\$	803,139	\$	33,788 \$	261,229 \$		\$		\$	22,656
Charges for services Investment earnings	94,953		208,451				1,156,941	355,719 141	392,327		425,066 7,948		
Other revenue  Total revenues	94,953		19,016 877,221	-	803,139	_	1,190,729	617,089	392,327	- -	433,014	_	22,656
Expenditures: General government Public safety Human services Education Library	94,953		804,894		803,139		1,027,102	662,074	278,518		690,509		22,656
Capital outlay Total expenditures	94,953		804,894	-	803,139	_	1,027,102	662,074	278,518	_	690,509	_	22,656
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		72,327		-		163,627	(44,985)	113,809		(257,495)		-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year			991,228	_		_	158,948	99,313	54,359	_	575,055	_	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	_ \$	1,063,555	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	322,575 \$	54,328 \$	168,168	\$_	317,560	\$_	<u>-</u>

## TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					Spe	cial	Revenue Funds				
	-	HUD Small Cities Housing Rehab Program Fund	Historic Document Preservation Fund		Town Land Preservation Fund	_	DOT Elderly and Disabled Fund		Land Use Fees Fund	Open Space Fund	Small Cities Regular Rehab 13 Fund
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Other local revenues:	\$		\$ 8,911	\$		\$	27,023	\$	Ş	\$ \$	
Charges for services Investment earnings Other revenue		1,992	1,227		120,134 826				755 16,659	11,888 32,320	
Total revenues	_	1,992	10,138		120,960	_	27,023	_	17,414	44,208	
Expenditures: General government Public safety Human services Education Library		19,248			138,992		27,023		13,739	90,000	
Capital outlay Total expenditures	-	19,248			138,992	-	27,023	-	13,739	90,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(17,256)	10,138		(18,032)		-		3,675	(45,792)	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	94,161	91,878		70,216	_	<u>-</u>	_	44,971	 546,726	10
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	76,905	\$102,016	\$_	52,184	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	48,646	\$ 500,934 \$	10_

## TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Special Re	ver	nue Funds	unds Capital Project Funds									
	_	Small Cities Regular Rehab 16 Fund		Small Cities Regular Rehab 17 Fund		Windsorville Road Improvement Fund	_	Town Sidewalk Fund	_	Windemere Road Improvements Fund	Department of Public Works Maintenance Fund		Senior Center Building Fund	Windemere School Alterations Fund
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Other local revenues: Charges for services Investment earnings	\$	40,714	\$	109,013	\$	412	\$	70	\$	295	\$ 3,141	\$		\$
Other revenue Total revenues	-	40,714	· -	109,013		412	-	70	-	295	3,141	_		
Expenditures: General government Public safety Human services Education Library Capital outlay		1,654		96,088									385	
Total expenditures	-	1,654	-	96,088		-	-		-	-	-	-	385	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	39,060		12,925	•	412	_	70	-	295	3,141	_	(385)	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	61,371	. <u>-</u>	(11,789)		26,910	_	4,573	_	19,208	205,216	_	5,305	(60,159)
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	100,431	\$	1,136	\$	27,322	<b>\$</b>	\$4,643_	\$_	19,503	\$ 208,357	= \$	4,920	\$ (60,159)

TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Perma	anent Funds					
	Marshall E. Charter Fund	Kimball Memorial Fund	John T. McKnight Maintenance Fund	Eugene K. Mosley Fund	Arthur Hyde Fund	Sarah H. McKinney Fund	Mary Wadsworth Gardner Fund	Hall Memorial Library Fund	Wiley Fund	Total
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Other local revenues:	\$ \$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ \$	\$	1,956,227
Charges for services Investment earnings Other revenue	5,486 26,334	972 6,022	196 1,207	1	3	8	780 4,432	2,038 12,618	16	2,753,591 38,195 118,608
Total revenues	31,820	6,994	1,403	1	3	8	5,212	14,656	16	4,866,621
Expenditures: General government Public safety Human services Education	5,363	1,226	847	1	3	8	1,002		16	251,197 785,462 166,669 3,575,727
Library Capital outlay								2,570		2,570 385
Total expenditures	5,363	1,226	847	1	3	8	1,002	2,570	16	4,782,010
Net Change in Fund Balances	26,457	5,768	556	-	-	-	4,210	12,086	-	84,611
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	603,540	127,350	26,125	100	200	500	91,425	266,855	1,000	4,094,595
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 629,997 \$	133,118	\$26,681	\$ <u>100</u>	\$ 200	\$500	\$ 95,635	278,941 \$	1,000 \$	4,179,206

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Solid Waste Collection Fund	Watermains Tripp and Middle Roads Fund	Total
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 36,604	\$	36,604
Due from other funds	97,897		97,897
Total current assets	134,501	-	134,501
Noncurrent assets:			
Receivables		38,183	38,183
Total assets	134,501	38,183	172,684
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Due to other funds		109,541	109,541
Net Position:			
Unrestricted	134,501	(71,358)	63,143
Total Net Position	\$ 134,501	<u>(71,358)</u> \$	63,143

# TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Solid Waste Collection Fund	Watermains Tripp and Middle Roads Fund		Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$_	653,729	\$ 	\$_	653,729
Operating Expenses: Solid waste fees	_	623,946		_	623,946
Operating Income (Loss)	_	29,783		_	29,783
Change in Net Position		29,783	-		29,783
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	104,718	(71,358)		33,360
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	134,501	\$ (71,358)	\$_	63,143

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Solid Waste Collection Fund	Watermains Tripp and Middle Roads Fund	_	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Interfund activities Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	648,223 \$ (623,946) (24,277)		\$ 	648,223 (623,946) (24,277)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	-		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	-			_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	<u> </u>		\$_	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$_	29,783_\$	<u>-</u>	.\$_	29,783
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net (Increase) decrease in due from other funds Total adjustments		(5,506) (24,277) (29,783)		· <u>-</u>	(5,506) (24,277) (29,783)
Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	\$		\$_	

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	-	Municipal Land Trust Fund		Public Health Nursing Fund		John T. McKnight Fund		Hall Memorial Library Fund		Senior Center Donation Fund		Graduation Fund
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds	\$	20,515	\$	2,409	\$	27,142	\$	120,651	\$	1	\$	51,613
Total Assets	\$ <u>_</u>	20,515	\$_	2,409	\$_	27,142	\$_	120,651	\$	1	\$_	51,613
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities: Due to other funds	\$_		_\$_		. \$_		_\$_		_\$_		\$_	9,482
Net Position: Restricted for trust purposes	_	20,515		2,409	. <u>-</u>	27,142		120,651		1_		42,131
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	20,515	\$	2,409	\$	27,142	\$	120,651	\$	1	\$	51,613

# TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Senior Center Activity Fund		Hall Memorial Endowment Fund	 Hall Memorial Myrtle Eddy Fund	<u> </u>	Hall Memorial Moriarty Fund	_	Ellington Senior Center Building Fund	_	Total
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds	\$	40,144	\$ _	12,992 225,091 28,013	\$ 434 7,523 479	\$	868 15,046 958	\$	17,396	\$ _	294,164 247,660 29,451
Total Assets	\$_	40,144	\$_	266,096	\$ 8,436	\$	16,872	\$	17,396	\$_	571,275
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities: Due to other funds	\$_		\$_		\$	_\$_		\$	10,262	\$_	19,744
Net Position: Restricted for trust purposes	_	40,144		266,096	8,436		16,872	_	7,134		551,531
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	40,144	\$_	266,096	\$ 8,436	\$_	16,872	\$	17,396	\$_	571,275

# TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Municipal Land Trust Fund		Public Health Nursing Fund	. <u>-</u>	John T. McKnight Fund	_	Hall Memorial Library Fund	. <u>-</u>	Senior Center Donation Fund		Graduation Fund
Additions:											
Contributions	\$	\$		\$		\$	30,482	\$		\$	4,886
Other		_		_		_	12,795	_			
Total contributions and other		_		_		_	43,277		-		4,886
Investment earnings:											
Interest	310		37		410		55		1		643
Total additions	310	-	37	-	410	_	43,332	-	1		5,529
Deductions:											
Program expenses Other							52,508				16,718
Total deductions	-	· -	-	- -		_	52,508	- -	-		16,718
Change in Net Position	310		37		410		(9,176)		1		(11,189)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	20,205		2,372		26,732	_	129,827		-		53,320
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 20,515	\$_	2,409	\$_	27,142	\$_	120,651	\$_	1	_\$_	42,131

# TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Senior Center Activity Fund	Hall Memorial Endowment Fund	Hall Memorial Myrtle Eddy Fund		Hall Iemorial Moriarty Fund	 Ellington Senior Center Building Fund		Total
Additions:									
Contributions	\$	32,925	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	68,293
Other			12,037	402		805			26,039
Total contributions and other	_	32,925	12,037	402		805	 -		94,332
Investment earnings:									
Interest		21	1,944	65		130	263		3,879
Total additions	_	32,946	13,981	467	_	935	 263		98,211
Deductions:									
Program expenses		35,558							104,784
Other		•	2,451	82		164			2,697
Total deductions	_	35,558	2,451	82		164	 -		107,481
Change in Net Position		(2,612)	11,530	385		771	263		(9,270)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	42,756	254,566	8,051		16,101	 6,871	<b>.</b> .	560,801
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	40,144	\$ 266,096	\$ 8,436	\$	16,872	\$ 7,134	\$	551,531

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Balance July 01, 2019		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2020
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	_	-			•		_	
Ellington Center School	\$	12,618	\$	8,501	\$	10,614	\$	10,505
Ellington High School		230,879		333,495		343,721		220,653
Ellington Middle School		126,017		104,705		147,443		83,279
Crystal Lake School		7,168		7,082		5,612		8,638
Windemere School		21,431		18,722		18,124		22,029
Ellington School Use Activity		2,102		4,642		1,010		5,734
Special Education Preschool Department		51,925		146,772		72,740		125,957
Board of Education Educational Services		55,137		12,820		64,531		3,426
Special Education Petty Cash Reimbursement		1,023		2,722		2,734		1,011
Petty Cash - All Schools		943		22				965
Central Office Flex Spending		22,930		59,105		62,205		19,830
COBRA Reimbursement		155,421		248,488		220,658		183,251
EHS The Knight Spot				3,699		1,813		1,886
Construction Performance Bonds		199,462		20,748		20,448		199,762
Total cash and cash equivalents	_	887,056		971,523		971,653	-	886,926
Total Assets	\$_	887,056	\$ :	971,523	\$	971,653	\$ _	886,926
Due to Others:								
Ellington Center School		12,618		8,501		10,614		10,505
Ellington High School		230,879		333,495		343,721		220,653
Ellington Middle School		126,017		104,705		147,443		83,279
Crystal Lake School		7,168		7,082		5,612		8,638
Windemere School		21,431		18.722		18,124		22,029
Ellington School Use Activity		2,102		4,642		1,010		5,734
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Central Office Flex Spending		22,930		59,105		62,205		19,830
COBRA Reimbursement		155,421		248,488		220,658		183,251
EHS The Knight Spot		,		3,699		1,813		1,886
Construction Performance Bonds		199,462		20,748		20,448		199,762
Total due to others	-	887,056		971,523		971,653		886,926
Total Liabilities	\$_	887,056	\$	971,523	\$	971,653	\$_	886,926

### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Grand List of		Uncollected Taxes July 1, 2019		Lawful Co	orrections	٦	Transfers to	Adjusted Tax				Collecti	ons			Uncollected Taxes June 30,
October 1,	aı	nd Current Levy		Additions	Deductions		Suspense	Levy		Taxes		Interest	Liens	Total	_	2020
2018 2017	\$	46,738,036 282,949	\$	67,852 146	66,108	\$	20.250	216,987	\$	46,043,904 93,449	\$	99,944 \$ 36,050	168 \$ 1,008	46,144,016 130,507	\$	392,003 123,538
2016 2015		115,291 24,373		40 112	1,428 754		30,258	83,645 23,731		65,303 13,677		22,137 6,075	325 72	87,765 19,824		18,342 10,054
2014 2013		12,996 3,282		277 151	754 710			12,519 2,723		6,747		4,448	24	11,219		5,772 2,723
2012 2011		1,554 1,700		555 373	703 690			1,406 1,383						-		1,406 1,383
2010		1,480		1,041	680			1,841		478		14		492		1,363
2009 2008		1,537 1,062		373 240	626 619			1,284 683						-		1,284 683
2007 2006		495 488		221 268	604			112 756		606		960 1,318	24	960 1,948		112 150
2005		678 527		124 19				802 546		601 416		1,416	24 24	2,041		201
2004		321	_							410	-	1,197	24	1,637	_	130
	\$	47,186,448	\$_	71,792	\$ 443,657	= \$ =	30,258	46,784,325	•	46,225,181	\$_	173,559 \$	1,669	46,400,409	\$_	559,144
						S	Suspense co	llections	-	9,965				9,965		
						-	Total collect	ions	\$_	46,235,146			\$	46,410,374		

### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total Tax Collections, (Including Interest and Lien Fees) Received by Treasurer as of 6/30/19	\$	44,417,484
Reimbursement for Revenue Loss on: Tax relief for elderly	_	18,277
Base	\$	44,435,761

	_	General Purposes		Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal	_	Pension Deficit
Debt Limitation: 2,25 times base 4,50 times base	\$	99,980,462	\$	199,960,925	\$		\$		\$	
3.75 times base 3.25 times base 3 times base	_					166,634,104		144,416,223		133,307,283
Total debt limitation	_	99,980,462		199,960,925		166,634,104		144,416,223	_	133,307,283
Indebtedness: General obligation bonds Authorized but unissued debt	_	4,570,000		9,665,000 3,790,658		700,000			_	
Total indebtedness	_	4,570,000		13,455,658		700,000		-	_	
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Debt	\$_	95,410,462	\$_	186,505,267	\$_	165,934,104	\$_	144,416,223	\$_	133,307,283

Note: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$311,050,327.

Note: School bonds authorized and unissued of \$3,790,658 are presented net of State grants in the amount of \$8,749,342.

## TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT

FEDERAL SINGLE AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2020



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#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT FEDERAL SINGLE AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2020 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Members of the Board of Finance Town of Ellington, Connecticut

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Town of Ellington, Connecticut's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's compliance.



#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities. each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2020, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Blum, Shapins + Company, R.C.
West Hartford, Connecticut

October 27, 2020

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		al Federal enditures
United States Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through the State of Connecticut Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	12060-SDE64370-20560	\$ 179,485	
National School Lunch Program (Cares Act Lunch)	10.555	12060-SDE64370-29572	20,734	
National School Lunch Program (Cares Act Breakfast)	10.555	12060-SDE64370-29576	8,472	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	12060-SDE64370-20508	19,793	- \$ 228,484
United States Department of Transportation				
Passed Through the State of Connecticut Department of Transporta	tion:			
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	12062-DOT57513-22091		13,834
United States Department of Education				
Passed Through the State of Connecticut Department of Education:				
0 1151 (1 0) (1 (1054)				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):	04.007	12060 CDE64270 20077 2020	424 277	
Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States	84.027 84.027	12060-SDE64370-20977-2020 12060-SDE64370-20977-2019	,	
Special Education Grants to States  Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	12060-SDE64370-20983-2020	,	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	12060-SDE64370-20983-2019	•	
·			· ·	464,969
Title I County to I and Educational Associat	04.040	40000 CDE04070 00070 0000		60.507
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	12060-SDE64370-20679-2020		60,507
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	12060-SDE64370-20858-2020	30,604	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	12060-SDE64370-20858-2019	1,285	_
				31,889
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	12060-SDE64370-22854-2020	3	
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	12060-SDE64370-22854-2019	10,000	
				10,003
Total United States Department of Education				F67 260
Total United States Department of Education				567,368_
United States Department of Homeland Security				
Passed Through the State of Connecticut Department of Emergency	/ Services a	and Public Protection:		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	12060-DPS32160-21881		7,889
Emolgono, managomonti onomiano oranie	07.012	12000 B1 002100 21001		7,000
Passed Through the Federal Emergency Management Agency:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially				
Declared Disasters)	97.036	Project #145176		69,328
Total United States Department of Homeland Security				77,217
United States Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through the United Way of Connecticut:				
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects				
of Regional and National Significance	93.243			15,694
Total Federal Awards				\$902,597

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in fund balance, changes in net position or cash flows of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### 2. INDIRECT COST RECOVERY

Town of Ellington, Connecticut, has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate provided under Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

#### 3. NONCASH AWARDS

Donated commodities in the amount of \$49,626 are included in the Department of Agriculture's National School Lunch Program, CFDA #10.555. The amount represents the market value of commodities received.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Board of Finance Town of Ellington, Connecticut

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2020.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2020-001 and 2020-002, that we consider to be material weaknesses.



#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### The Town of Ellington, Connecticut's Response to Findings

The Town of Ellington, Connecticut's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town of Ellington, Connecticut's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

October 27, 2020

#### **TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT** SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issued:			Unmodified
nternal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	_X yes yes yes	X X	no none reported no
nternal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes yes	X	no none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major prog	rams:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported i accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	n yes	_X	no
Major programs:			
CFDA # Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
84.027/84.173 Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type	B programs:		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	_X	no
I. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS			
Finding 2020-001: Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting			

#### Criteria

The financial statements should be prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Condition

Numerous audit adjustments were required in order to prepare the financial statements.

#### **Questioned Costs**

Not applicable.

#### **Effect**

There is a risk that information necessary to make appropriate fiscal decisions may not be readily available or lead to misleading or misstated information. This could significantly affect the Town's financial reporting processes, including but not limited to budgeting, budgeting compliance and overall financial reporting.

#### Cause

Deficiencies in the design and effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting due to the following:

- The use of a single accounting ledger to account for multiple funds of the Town,
- The use of manual journal entries as part of the year-end closing process to reclassify activity recorded in one general ledger account to another general ledger account for fund reporting purposes,
- A lack of formal documented closing procedures to help ensure that accounts are reconciled and properly reported at year end in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the Town develop and implement a comprehensive plan to overhaul its current system of internal control over financial reporting. We recommend that the Town develop formal closing procedures to help ensure that accounts are reconciled and properly reported at year end. This includes maintaining detailed subsidiary ledgers or schedules to support all adjustments required to convert the Town's governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions**

The Town intends to take the appropriate actions to strengthen its internal control and remedy the conditions giving rise to this reported deficiency.

#### Finding 2020-002: Prior Period Adjustment

#### Criteria

Capital assets are depreciated using straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets per the Town's accounting policy.

#### Condition

Depreciation was erroneously calculated in prior years, thereby overstating the capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Questioned costs**

The calculation error resulted in a restatement of the government-wide financial statements of \$3,672,214.

#### **Effect**

Prior period restatement within the government-wide financial statements.

#### Cause

The Town uses a manual spreadsheet to calculate depreciation, which is prone to error.

#### Recommendation

The Town should consider implementing a fixed assets accounting system.

#### **Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions**

The Town intends to implement a fixed assets accounting system within the new accounting system beginning July 1, 2021.

#### III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

# TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT

STATE SINGLE AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2020

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### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATE SINGLE AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2020 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act

To the Members of the Board of Finance Town of Ellington, Connecticut

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Office of Policy and Management's *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Town of Ellington, Connecticut's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Single Audit Act (C.G.S. Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Those standards and the State Single Audit Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's compliance.



#### Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State Single Audit Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Single Audit Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2020, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State Single Audit Act and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves. and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

West Hartford, Connecticut October 27, 2020

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

## TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	State Grant Program Core-CT Number	Expenditures		
Department of Education				
Early Childhood Quality Improvements - Cognitive Disabilities	12060-SDE64215-20977	\$	6,000	
Improving Outcomes for Students with Cognitive Disabilities	12060-SDE64215-20977		6,000	
Sheff Settlement	11000-SDE64370-12457		97,325	
Talent Development	11000-SDE64370-12552		7,000	
Child Nutrition State Match	11000-SDE64370-16211		7,324	
Health Foods Initiative	11000-SDE64370-16212		13,953	
Adult Education	11000-SDE64370-17030		21,680	
School Breakfast Program	11000-SDE64370-17046		11,468	
Open Choice Program Open Choice Program	11000-SDE64370-17053-82060 \$ 11000-SDE64370-17053-82162	551,659 55,000	606,659	
Total Department of Education			777,409	
Connecticut State Library				
Connecticard Payments	11000-CSL66051-17010		1,682	
Historic Document Preservation	12060-CSL66094-35150		5,500	
Total Connecticut State Library			7,182	
Department of Children and Families				
Youth Service Bureaus	11000-DCF91141-17052		14,000	
Youth Service Bureau Enhancement	11000-DCF91141-17107		8,656	
Total Department of Children and Families			22,656	
Department of Transportation				
Bus Operations	12001-DOT57931-12175		27,023	
Town Aid Road Grants-Municipal Town Aid Road-STO	12052-DOT57131-43455 13033-DOT57131-43459	170,370 170,370	340,740	
Local Transportation Capital Improvement Program	13033-DOT57197-43584		727,003	
Total Department of Transportation	.5555 20.57 107 10001		1,094,766	
Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection			,,. 00	
Fire School Training and Education Extension	12060-DPS32251-35180		275	
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## TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	State Grant Program Core-CT Number	Expenditures
Department of Social Services		
Medicaid	11000-DSS60000-16020	\$38,453
Office of Early Childhood		
Child Care Quality Enhancement	11000-OEC64845-16158	3,881
Early Care and Education	11000-OEC64845-16274	134,565
Total Office of Early Childhood		138,446
Office of Policy and Management		
Payment in Lieu of Taxes on State-Owned Property	11000-OPM20600-17004	4,540
Property Tax Relief on Property of Totally Disabled Persons	11000-OPM20600-17011	1,611
Property Tax Relief for Veterans	11000-OPM20600-17024	15,083
Local Capital Improvement Program	12050-OPM20600-40254	108,005
Municipal Grants-In-Aid	12052-OPM20600-43587	223,527
Small Town Economic Assistance Program Grant	12052-OPM20870-40530	500,000
Total Office of Policy and Management		852,766
Total State Financial Assistance Before Exempt Programs		2,931,953
Exempt	Programs	
Department of Education		
Education Cost Sharing	11000-SDE64370-17041-82010	9,830,116
Excess Cost - Student Based	11000-SDE64370-17047	493,662
Total Department of Education		10,323,778
Office of Policy and Management		
Grants To Towns	12009-OPM20600-17005	4,081
Total Exempt Programs		10,327,859
Total State Financial Assistance		\$ 13,259,812

#### TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance (the Schedule) includes the state grant activity of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, under programs of the State of Connecticut for the year ended June 30, 2020. Various departments and agencies of the State of Connecticut have provided financial assistance through grants and other authorizations in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in fund balance, changes in net position or cash flows of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The accounting policies of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental organizations. The information in the Schedule is presented based upon regulations established by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. In accordance with Section 4-236-22 of the Regulations to the State Single Audit Act, certain grants are not dependent on expenditure activity and, accordingly, are considered to be expended in the fiscal year of receipt. These grant program receipts are reflected in the expenditures column of the Schedule.



29 South Main Street P.O. Box 272000 West Hartford, CT 06127-2000 Tel 860.561.4000

blumshapiro.com

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

To the Members of the Board of Finance Town of Ellington, Connecticut

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2020.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2020-001 and 2020-002, that we consider to be material weaknesses.



#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### The Town of Ellington, Connecticut's Response to Findings

The Town of Ellington, Connecticut's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town of Ellington, Connecticut's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Ellington, Connecticut's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Stapino + Company, P.C.

October 27, 2020

# TOWN OF ELLINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements				
Type of auditors' report issued:				Unmodified
<ul><li>Internal control over financial reporting:</li><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li><li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified?</li></ul>	_X	_ yes _ yes	X	_ no _ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		_ yes	_X	_ no
State Financial Assistance				
<ul><li>Internal control over major programs:</li><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li><li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified?</li></ul>		_ yes _ yes	X	_ no none reported
		_ yes		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major progra	ams:			Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 4-236-24 of the Regulations to				
the State Single Audit Act?		_ yes	<u>X</u>	_ no
The following schedule reflects the major programs included i	n the a	udit:		

State Grantor and Program	State Core-CT Number		Expenditures
Department of Education: Open Choice Program	11000-SDE64370-17053	\$	606,659
Department of Transportation: Local Transportation Capital Improvement	42022 DOTEZ40Z 42504		707.000
Program Office of Policy and Management:	13033-DOT57197-43584		727,003
Small Town Economic Assistance Program Grant	12052-OPM20870-40530		500,000

200,000

#### **II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

#### Finding 2020-001: Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

#### Criteria

The financial statements should be prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Condition

Numerous audit adjustments were required in order to prepare the financial statements.

#### **Questioned Costs**

Not applicable.

#### Effect

There is a risk that information necessary to make appropriate fiscal decisions may not be readily available or lead to misleading or misstated information. This could significantly affect the Town's financial reporting processes, including but not limited to budgeting, budgeting compliance and overall financial reporting.

#### Cause

Deficiencies in the design and effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting due to the following:

- The use of a single accounting ledger to account for multiple funds of the Town,
- The use of manual journal entries as part of the year-end closing process to reclassify activity recorded in one general ledger account to another general ledger account for fund reporting purposes,
- A lack of formal documented closing procedures to help ensure that accounts are reconciled and properly reported at year end in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the Town develop and implement a comprehensive plan to overhaul its current system of internal control over financial reporting. We recommend that the Town develop formal closing procedures to help ensure that accounts are reconciled and properly reported at year end. This includes maintaining detailed subsidiary ledgers or schedules to support all adjustments required to convert the Town's governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions**

The Town intends to take the appropriate actions to strengthen its internal control and remedy the conditions giving rise to this reported deficiency.

#### Finding 2020-002: Prior Period Adjustment

#### Criteria

Capital assets are depreciated using straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets per the Town's accounting policy.

#### Condition

Depreciation was erroneously calculated in prior years, thereby overstating the capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Questioned costs**

The calculation error resulted in a restatement of the government-wide financial statements of \$3,672,214.

#### **Effect**

Prior period restatement within the government-wide financial statements in the current year.

#### Cause

The Town uses a manual spreadsheet to calculate depreciation, which is prone to error.

#### Recommendation

The Town should consider implementing a fixed assets accounting system.

#### **Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions**

The Town intends to implement a fixed assets accounting system within the new accounting system beginning July 1, 2021.

### III. STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.