CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the Board of Aldermen and Members of the Board of Apportionment and Taxation City of Derby, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Derby, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Derby, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension and OPEB related schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Derby, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statement and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated on our consideration of the City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

AO & Company, LLC Shelton, Connecticut July 21, 2021

As management of the City of Derby, Connecticut (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financing activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars (\$000).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$32,875 (*net position*).
- The government's total net position increased by \$103.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$5,672, an increase in of \$4,260 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$3,738 or 8.35% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's governmental funds total debt increased by \$22,086 or 36.4% during the current fiscal year.
- The City's business-type activities total debt increased by \$8,462 or 113.41% during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements — The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, education, public safety, public works, and human services. The business-type activity of the City includes the Water Pollution Control Authority and the Parking Authority.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements — A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> — Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Library Endowment, the Field House Project, School Roof 2014 funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> — The City maintains two proprietary funds. These enterprise funds are used to report the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise funds to account for its Water Pollution Control Authority and its Parking Authority.

The proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Water Pollution Control Authority, which is considered to be a major fund of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds — Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-24 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements — The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-70 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information — In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Required supplementary information can be found on page 72-78 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 80-88 of this report followed by other schedules.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$21,992 (Net position) at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City's Net position (\$000)

		Govern Activ				-type ties	Total			
		2020	 2019	2020		2019		2020		2019
Current and other assets	\$	11,460	\$ 9,214	\$ 7,134	\$	4,720	\$	18,595	\$	13,934
Capital assets		95,769	 88,002	20,574		12,675		116,343		100,677
Total assets		107,229	97,216	27,708		17,395		134,938		114,611
Deferred outflows of										
resopurces	_	9,234	 			-		9,234		
Long-term liabilities										
outstanding	\$	82,822	60,736	15,924		7,462		98,746		68,198
Other liabilities	_	5,027	 7,118	901		294		5,928		7,412
Total liabilites		87,849	 67,854	16,825		7,756		104,674		75,610
Deferred inflows of										
resources		6,622	 6,229			_		6,622		6,229
Net assets:										
Invested in capital										
assets, net of										
related debt		69,903	49,713	4,650		5,213		74,553		54,926
Restricted		584	9	-		-		584		9
Unrestricted		(48,495)	 (26,589)	6,233	_	4,426	_	(42,262)		(22,163)
Total net position	\$	21,992	\$ 23,133	10,883	\$	9,639	\$	32,875	\$	32,772

At the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position as a whole for its separate governmental and business-type activities. All categories in the prior year were able to report positive net asset numbers.

The government total net position increased by \$102 in the current fiscal year. The majority of this increase was to WPCA revenues offset against depreciation of capital assets.

<u>Governmental Activities</u> — Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$1,141, thereby accounting for the decrease in the net position of City. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

CITY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION (\$000)

	Governme Activiti		Busines Activ		Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
REVENUES							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,381	\$ 1,602	\$ 4,364	\$4,317	\$ 5,745	\$ 5,919	
Operating grants and contributions	21,852	18,247	-	-	21,852	18,247	
Capital Grants and contributions	3,781	15,897	-	-	3,781	15,897	
General revenues:							
Property Taxes	30,587	28,798	-	-	30,587	28,798	
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs	4,524	2,933	=	-	4,524	2,933	
Unrestricted investment earnings	 144	223	18		162	223	
TOTAL REVENUES	62,269	67,700	4,382	4,317	66,651	72,017	
EXPENSES							
General government	14,938	14,410	-	-	14,938	14,410	
Public works	7,353	4,023	3,138	2,625	10,491	6,648	
Public safety	3,786	10,148	=	-	3,786	10,148	
Culture and recreation	1,426	1,497	=	-	1,426	1,497	
Health and welfare	1,249	1,242	=	-	1,249	1,242	
Education	32,711	30,851	=	-	32,711	30,851	
Capital outlay	211	96	=	-	211	96	
Debt service	 1,736	658			1,736	658	
TOTAL EXPENSES	 63,410	62,925	3,138	2,625	66,548	65,550	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position							
before transfers	(1,141)	4,775	1,244	1,692	103	6,467	
Transfers	 	70		(70)			
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	(1,141)	4,845	1,244	1,622	103	6,467	
Net position at beginning of year, as restated	 23,133	18,288	9,639	8,017	32,772	26,305	
NET POSITION, ending	\$ 21,992	\$ 23,133	\$ 10,883	\$ 9,639	\$ 32,875	\$ 32,772	

<u>Business-type Activities</u> — Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,244. The key element of this decrease is as follows:

• The Water Pollution Control Authority revenues were significantly higher than expenses by \$1,244, due to steady revenues and slightly reduced expenses compared to the previous year.

FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds — The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$5,672, an increase of \$4,260 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily caused by the General Fund surplus of \$6,116 offset against a Field house Project Fund deficiency of \$1,880. The deficits from the prior year were eliminated with reduced spending, increased taxes and a bond issue that refinanced debt and funded a Water Pollution Control Authority capital project amounting to \$22,695.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the unassigned fund was \$3,738. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures of \$53,813. Unreserved and total fund balance represents 6.95% of total general fund expenditures.

The general fund balance increased by \$5,828 before net other financing sources and uses of \$289, during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this incline are as follows:

- An increase in Property Taxes of \$1,253
- An increase in Intergovenmental revenues of \$2,313
- An increase in City Department revenues of \$1,610
- An increase in Investment Income of \$904
- An increase in General Government expenditures of \$556.
- A decrease in Public Safety of \$167.
- An increase in Board of Education expenditures of \$2,777.
- A decrease in Board of Education grant expenditures of \$1,360, which are offset against grant revenues.
- A decrease in Debt Service of \$775.
- A decrease in Capital Outlay of \$1,958.
- A decrease in Public Works of \$209.

Proprietary Funds — The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Water Pollution Control Authority at the end of the year amounted to \$10,190 of which \$4,066 represents an investment in capital assets net of related debt. Net position of the Parking Authority at the end of the year amounted to \$693 of which \$584 represents an investment in capital assets net of related debt. The total increase in net position for the Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Fund was \$1,244. Other factors concerning the finances of the fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget (\$1,599 increase in appropriations) can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$1,101 in increases in General Government which was primarily due to increased fund balance replenishment of \$394, medical insurance reserves of \$348, workers' compensation insurance of \$88 and general liability of \$79.
- \$242 in increases in Board of Education grants for Special Education monies that are reserved by the Board of Apportionment and Taxation.
- \$98 in increases in Culture and Recreation primarily increased in materials and allocating monies for the purchase of a new vehicle.
- \$86 in increases in capital outlay due to anticipation of acquiring new equipment.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets — The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2020, amounts to \$116 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City's governmental activities investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$10,902 increase (8.39%) and \$8,244 increase (65.04%) for business-type activities.

City's Capital Assets (\$000) (Net of depreciation)

	vernmental Activities	 Business-type Activities	Total
Land	\$ 6,552	\$ 595	\$ 7,147
Construction in progress	4,562	14,945	19,507
Buildings and system	61,730	3,720	65,450
Machinery and equipment	2,577	1,315	3,892
Infrastructure	 20,348		 20,348
	\$ 95,769	\$ 20,575	\$ 116,344

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

LONG TERM DEBT

Long-Term Debt — At the end of the current fiscal year, the City and WPCA had total bonded debt and notes payable outstanding of \$23,677 and \$15,825 respectively. The City and WPCA also have capital lease obligations of \$848 and \$99, at year end, respectively.

Net Pension Liability — At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total net pension liability of \$12,474. This obligation increased \$3,551 during the fiscal year.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total other post-employment benefit obligation of \$40,205. This obligation increased \$10,152 during the fiscal year.

City's Outstanding Debt (\$000) General Obligation Bonds

	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal	Interest		
Governmental Activities					
Due in one year	\$	258	\$	899	
Due in 2 to 6 years		6,682		3,070	
Due in 7 to 11 years		6,572		2,158	
Due in 12 to 16 years		6,645		1,165	
Due in 17 to 20 years		3,521		207	
	\$	23,677	\$	7,499	
Business-type Activities					
Due in one year	\$	820	\$	801	
Due in 2 to 6 years		4,065		2,593	
Due in 7 to 11 years		4,050		1,714	
Due in 12 to 16 years		4,035		886	
Due in 17 to 20 years		2,855		171	
	\$	15,825	\$	6,165	

The City's governmental activities total long-term debt increased by \$22,086 (36.36%) and business type activities increased by \$8,462 (113.41%) during the current fiscal year.

The City maintains an "A+" rating from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt.

The current debt limitation for the City is \$216,887, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

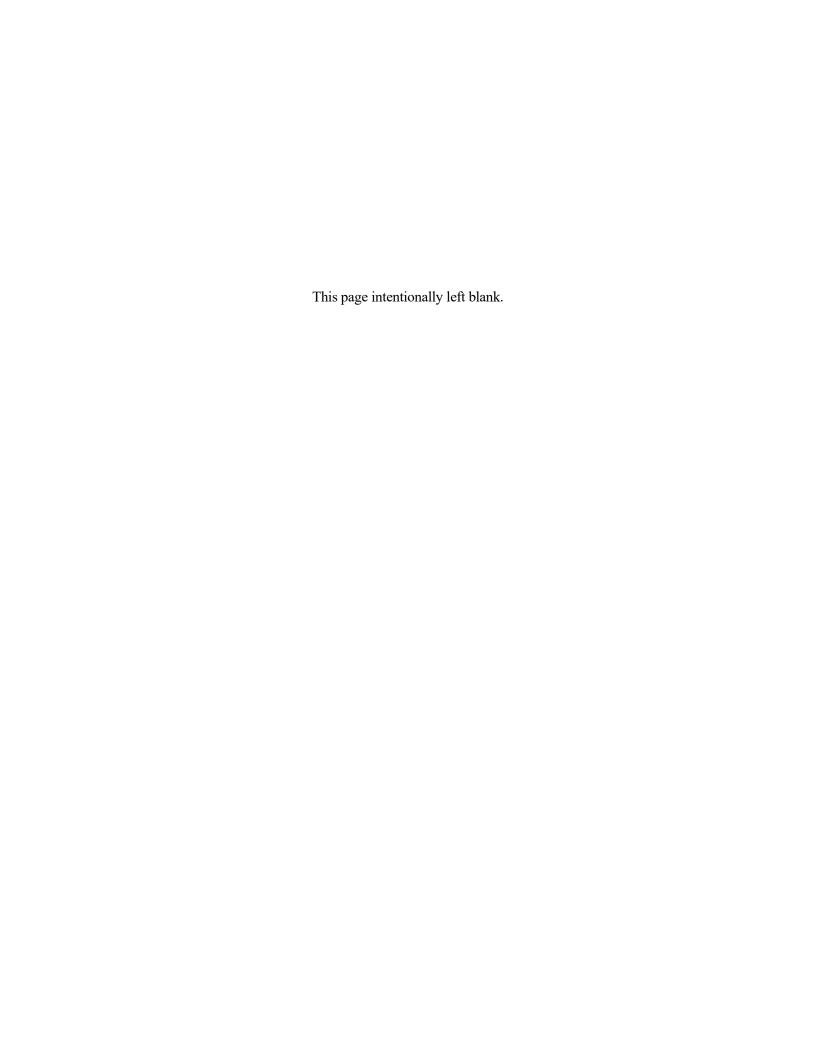
- The unemployment rate for the County for the fiscal year decreased to 4.4% vs. 4.4% in line with the prior year, consistent with the Connecticut unemployment rate.
- The Connecticut state government has been reporting an anticipated deficit for 2019-2020, which will translate into decreased State aid to the City.
- Inflationary trends in the region are comparable to the national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, undesignated and unreserved fund balance in the general fund increased to \$3,737. The City has not appropriated any amounts of fund balance for spending in the 2019-2020 fiscal year budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 1 Elizabeth Street, Derby, Connecticut, 06418.





CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Primary Government						
	Government Activities	al	Business-type Activities		Total		
ASSETS		, ,					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,017,0	059	\$ 5,170,314	\$	15,187,373		
Investments	1,017,9	923	=		1,017,923		
Property taxes, net	1,174,0	019	=		1,174,019		
Special assessments		-	292,485		292,485		
Intergovernmental	348,2	212	=		348,212		
Other	87,9	933	57,188		145,121		
Notes receivable	75,8	397	-		75,897		
Inventories	5,1	148	-		5,148		
Due from other funds	(1,265,6	666)	1,615,598		349,932		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)							
Land	6,551,7	792	594,858		7,146,650		
Buildings	61,730,2	217	3,719,985		65,450,202		
Machinery and equipment	2,576,1	193	1,314,252		3,890,445		
Construction in progress	4,562,0	020	14,945,028		19,507,048		
Infrastructure	20,348,4	<u>402</u>			20,348,402		
TOTAL ASSETS	107,229,1	149	27,709,708		134,938,857		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to pension	9,233,7	799	-		9,233,799		
TOTAL ASSETS AND					, , ,		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 116,462,9	2/18	\$ 27,709,708	\$	144,172,656		
DEFERRED OF IT EGWS OF RESOURCES	Ψ 110,402,2	/10	<u> </u>	Ψ	144,172,030		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,417,8	280	\$ 902,758	\$	5,320,638		
Deferred revenue - grants	609,2		ψ <i>7</i> 02,736	Ψ	609,289		
Notes Payable:	007,2	207			007,207		
Due within one year	13,164,2	244	845,575		14,009,819		
Due in more than one year	69,657,5		15,078,128		84,735,649		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	87,848,9		16,826,461		104,675,395		
	07,040,3	734	10,820,401		104,073,393		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to pension	1,860,6		-		1,860,628		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	4,761,5	573			4,761,573		
TOTAL DEFFERED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES	6,622,2	201			6,622,201		
NET POSITION							
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	69,903,3	378	4,650,420		74,553,798		
Restricted	588,9		-		588,924		
Unrestricted	(48,500,4		6,232,827		(42,267,662)		
TOTAL NET POSITION	21,991,8		10,883,247		32,875,060		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 116,462,9	948	\$ 27,709,708	\$	144,172,656		
	10,.02,			~	- · · , - <i>· =</i> , 000		

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in Net Assets

		Pı	rogram Revenues		Prin	Primary Government						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total					
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ (14,937,916)	\$ 485,766	\$ 381,057	\$ 555,587	\$ (13,515,506)	\$ -	\$ (13,515,506)					
Public works	(7,352,902)	1,075	-	543,823	(6,808,004)	-	(6,808,004)					
Public safety	(3,786,344)	849,799	19,000	-	(2,917,545)	-	(2,917,545)					
Culture and recreation	(1,425,509)	-	8,895	-	(1,416,614)	-	(1,416,614)					
Health and welfare	(1,248,691)	44,627	666,591	-	(537,473)	-	(537,473)					
Education	(32,710,562)	-	20,776,401	-	(11,934,161)	-	(11,934,161)					
Capital outlay	(211,056)	-	-	2,681,914	2,470,858	-	2,470,858					
Debt service	(1,735,729)				(1,735,729)		(1,735,729)					
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	(63,408,709)	1,381,267	21,851,944	3,781,324	(36,394,174)	-	(36,394,174)					
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES-												
SEWER AND PARKING AUTHORITY	(3,137,904)	4,363,747				1,225,843	1,225,843					
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ (66,546,613)	\$ 5,745,014	\$ 21,851,944	\$ 3,781,324	(36,394,174)	1,225,843	(35,168,331)					
GENERAL REVENUES												
Property taxes					30,586,811	_	30,586,811					
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific pro	ograms				4,523,910	_	4,523,910					
Unrestricted investment earnings					142,039	18,376	160,415					
	,	TOTAL GENERA	AL REVENUES AN	ID TRANSFERS	35,252,761	18,376	35,271,137					
			CHANGE IN	NET POSITION	(1,141,413)	1,244,219	102,806					
		NET POSI	TION AT JULY 1,		(, , , ,	9,639,028	32,772,254					
				-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
]	NET POSITION AT	1 JUNE 30, 2020	\$ 21,991,813	\$ 10,883,247	\$ 32,875,060					

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Library Endowment Fund	Field House Project	School Roof 2014	Other Governmental Funds	Totals Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$ 8,975,561 -	\$ 31,636 1,017,923	\$ 134,265 -	\$ 270,466	\$ 605,131	\$ 10,017,059 1,017,923
Property taxes, net of allowance of \$220,000	1,174,019	-	-	-	-	1,174,019
Intergovernmental	296,054	-	-	-	52,158	348,212
Other	87,933	-	-	-	75,897	163,830
Inventories	-	-	-	-	5,148	5,148
Prepaid Expenses	190,000					190,000
Due from other funds	737,494				21,325	758,819
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 11,461,061	\$ 1,049,559	\$ 134,265	\$ 270,466	\$ 759,659	\$ 13,675,010
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities	\$ 4,330,101	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 166,010	\$ 4,496,111
Due to other funds	1,602,285	-	-	394,685	27,517	2,024,487
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,932,386		-	394,685	193,527	6,520,598
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue-taxes	950,915	-	-	_	_	950,915
Deferred revenue-grants	256,438	_	_	_	274,619	531,057
Ş	1,207,353				274,619	1,481,972
FUND BALANCES(DEFICITS)						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	5,148	5,148
Restricted	-	1,017,923	134,265	-	116,293	1,268,481
Committed	583,776					583,776
Assigned	-	31,636	-	-	-	31,636
Unassigned	3,737,546			(124,219)		3,783,399
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	4,321,322	1,049,559	134,265	(124,219)	291,513	5,672,440
TOTAL LIABILITES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 11,461,061	\$ 1,049,559	\$ 134,265	\$ 270,466	\$ 759,659	
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities resources and, therefore, are not reported Long-term assets are not available to pay	d in the funds.					95,768,625
expenditures and, therefore, are not repo Deferred outflows and inflows of resources rel	orted in the fund	s.	narges or credits o	n debt refundi	ngs	950,915
are applicable to future reporting periods and, Long-term liabilities, including bonds pay	therefore, are n	ot reported in th	-			2,421,598
in the current period and therefore are n						(82,821,765)
Net position of governmental activities						\$ 21,991,813

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

]	Library						Other		Total
			En	ndowment	F	ield House	Sc	chool Roof	Go	overnmental	Go	overnmental
		General		Fund		Project		2014		Funds		Funds
REVENUES												
Property taxes	\$	29,993,320	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,993,320
Interest and lien fees		325,819		-		-		-		-		325,819
Intergovernmental		23,204,261		-		-		-		725,816		23,930,077
City departments		4,874,884		-		-		-		44,627		4,919,511
Net increase(decrease) in fair												
market value of investments		-		34,404		-		-		-		34,404
Other		1 242 601		16,144		2,680,000		-		- 55 607		2,696,144
Investment income	_	1,242,691	_	2,501	_	1,704	_		_	55,697	_	1,302,593
TOTAL REVENUES		59,640,975	_	53,049	_	2,681,704	_			826,140		63,201,868
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		11,740,587		_		-		_		222,846		11,963,433
Public safety		4,716,190		-		-		_		-		4,716,190
Public works		3,002,563		_		_		_		_		3,002,563
Culture and recreation		943,875		8,986		-		_		_		952,861
Health and welfare		349,184		´-		-		_		830,461		1,179,645
Board of education-operations		27,377,119		-		-		-		-		27,377,119
Board of education-grants		3,869,778		-		-		-		-		3,869,778
Capital outlay		823,871		-		4,562,020		-		62,469		5,448,360
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		391,376		_		-		-		-		391,376
Interest		598,582		_		_		_		_		598,582
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	53,813,125	_	8,986		4,562,020		_		1,115,776		59,499,907
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		5,827,850		44,063	-	(1,880,316)				(289,636)		3,701,961
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-,,		,		(2,000,000)		_		(===,===)		2,7, 2 2,5 2 2
Proceeds from bonds		13,870,000		_		-		-		_		13,870,000
Payments to escrow agent		(13,311,660)		-		-		-		-		(13,311,660)
Operating transfers in		59,598		-		-		_		305,402		365,000
Operating transfers out		(330,000)		(35,000)		-		-				(365,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING (USES) SOURCES		287,938		(35,000)						305,402		558,340
Net Changes in fund balances		6,115,788		9,063		(1,880,316)		_		15,766		4,260,301
Fund balance(deficit) at July 1, 2019, restated	_	(1,794,466)	_	1,040,496	_	2,014,581	_	(124,219)	_	275,747	_	1,412,139
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) AT JUNE 30, 2020	\$	4,321,322	\$	1,049,559	\$	134,265	\$	(124,219)	\$	291,513	\$	5,672,440

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 4,260,301

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.

However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

7,766,447

Revenues that are reported as in the year revenues provide current financial resources to governmental funds.

267,674

City pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.

5,098,966

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

(18,534,801)

Change in Net Position \$ (1,141,413)

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts						ariance with
		Original	I An	Final	•		inal Budget- Favorable
		Budget		Budget	Actual		Infavorable)
REVENUES				· ·			
Property taxes	\$	30,155,824	\$	30,396,500	\$	29,993,320	\$ (403,180)
Interest and lien fees		80,000		346,720		325,819	(20,901)
Intergovernmental		10,821,825		11,082,454		14,143,955	3,061,501
Investment income		25,000		25,000		1,242,691	1,217,691
City departments		3,454,630		4,206,015		4,874,884	 668,869
TOTAL REVENUES		44,537,279		46,056,689		50,580,669	4,523,980
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		13,403,081		14,504,278		11,740,587	2,763,691
Public safety		4,371,059		4,382,407		4,716,190	(333,783)
Public works		3,321,924		3,348,280		3,002,563	345,717
Culture and recreation		971,358		1,069,826		943,875	125,951
Health and welfare		364,320		397,914		349,184	48,730
Board of Education-operations		18,616,606		18,616,606		18,316,813	299,793
Board of Education-grants		1,892,774		2,135,109		3,869,778	(1,734,669)
Capital outlay		564,468		650,318		823,871	(173,553)
Debt service							
Principal retirements		1,031,689		1,031,689		391,376	640,313
Interest						598,582	 (598,582)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		44,537,279		46,136,427	_	44,752,819	 1,383,608
REVENUES OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		(79,738)		5,827,850	5,748,112
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Proceeds from bonds		_		_		13,870,000	13,870,000
Payments to escrow agent		_		_		(13,311,660)	(13,311,660)
Operating transfers in		_		_		59,598	59,598
Operating transfers out		-		-		(330,000)	(330,000)
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING		_		_		_	 _
SOURCES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-		-		287,938	 287,938
	\$	-	\$	(79,738)		6,115,788	\$ 6,036,050
Fund balance(deficit) at July 1, 2019					_	(1,794,466)	
FUND BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2020					\$	4,321,322	

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
		er Pollution rol Authority		Parking Authority		Total			
ASSETS									
CURRENT ASSETS									
Cash	\$	5,073,084	\$	97,230	\$	5,170,314			
Sewer assessments receivable (net of									
allowance for uncollectible of \$3,232)		292,485		-		292,485			
Grant receivable		-				-			
Accounts receivable		-		57,188		57,188			
Due from other funds		1,628,480				1,628,480			
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		6,994,049		154,418		7,148,467			
CAPITAL ASSETS (net of									
accumulated depreciation)									
Land		212,500		382,358		594,858			
Construction in progress		14,945,028		-		14,945,028			
Buildings		3,528,524		191,461		3,719,985			
Machinery and equipment		1,303,912		10,340		1,314,252			
		19,989,964		584,159		20,574,123			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	26,984,013	\$	738,577	\$	27,722,590			
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION									
CURRENT LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and									
accrued liabilities	\$	859,896	\$	42,862	\$	902,758			
Due to other funds	Ψ	10,287	Ψ	2,595	Ψ	12,882			
Capital lease-current portion		25,575		2,373		25,575			
Bonds and loan payable-current portion		820,000		_		820,000			
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILTIES		1,715,758	_	45,457		1,761,215			
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES									
Capital lease		73,128		-		73,128			
Bonds and loan payable		15,005,000				15,005,000			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		16,793,886		45,457		16,839,343			
NET POSITION									
Investment in capital assets,									
net of related debt		4,066,261		584,159		4,650,420			
Unrestricted		6,123,866		108,961		6,232,827			
TOTAL NET POSITION		10,190,127		693,120		10,883,247			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	26,984,013	\$	738,577	\$	27,722,590			

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business Type Activities- Enterprise Funds									
		er Pollution ol Authority		Parking Authority		Total				
OPERATING REVENUES										
Sewer usage fees	\$	4,118,683	\$	-	\$	4,118,683				
Rental and fees		-		130,582		130,582				
Other revenues		14,990		-		14,990				
Interest and lien fees		99,493		-		99,493				
Total operating revenues		4,233,166		130,582		4,363,748				
OPERATING EXPENSES		2,324,453		160,165		2,484,618				
OPERATING INCOME(LOSS)		1,908,713		(29,583)		1,879,130				
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Grant income		-		-		-				
Interest income		18,376		-		18,376				
Interest expense		(653,287)				(653,287)				
Total nonoperating income(expense)		(634,911)	_			(634,911)				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,273,802		(29,583)		1,244,219				
Net position at July 1, 2019		8,916,325		722,703		9,639,028				
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30, 2020	\$	10,190,127	\$	693,120	\$	10,883,247				

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water Pollution Control Authority	Parking Authority	Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users Cash payments to suppliers Due to general fund	\$ 2,692,888 (729,724)	\$ 113,681 (113,907)	\$ 2,806,569 (843,631)		
Cash payments to employees	(691,044)		(691,044)		
NET CASH PROVIDED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,272,120	(226)	1,271,894		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from capital lease Proceeds from Bonds Payment of principal and interest	(8,233,317) 128,199 8,825,000 (1,144,369)	(11,132)	(8,244,449) 128,199 8,825,000 (1,144,369)		
NET CASH FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(424,487)	(11,132)	(435,619)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND	18,376		18,376		
CASH EQUIVALENTS	866,009	(11,358)	854,651		
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1, 2019	4,207,039	108,588	4,315,627		
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2020	\$ 5,073,048	\$ 97,230	\$ 5,170,278		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	\$ 1,908,713	\$ (29,583)	\$ 1,879,130		
Depreciation	329,391	16,330	345,721		
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable	21,909	(20,084)	1,825		
Due from other funds	(1,562,052)	-	(1,562,052)		
Accounts payable	574,159	33,111	607,270		
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,272,120	\$ (226)	\$ 1,271,894		

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Fund		Agency Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	989,721	\$	789,160
Investments, at fair value		14,183,551		35,411
Other receivables		6,905		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	15,180,177	\$	824,571
LIABILITIES				
Prepaid employer contribution	\$	190,000	\$	-
Due to Others				824,571
TOTAL LIABILITIES		190,000	\$	824,571
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION				
BENEFITS AND OTHER PURPOSES	\$	14,990,177		

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Pension rust Fund
ADDITIONS		
Contributions		
City of Derby		\$ 190,000
Plan members		 687,773
Total contributions		877,773
Investment income		
Net realized/unrealized gain (loss) on investments		(160,870)
Interest and dividends		 96,892
		(63,978)
Less investment management fees		(132,579)
Net investment income (loss)		(196,557)
	TOTAL ADDITIONS	 681,216
DEDUCTIONS - benefits and other deductions		 1,404,461
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(723,245)
Net position held in trust for		
pension benefits at July 1, 2019		 15,713,422
NET POSITION H	ELD IN TRUST FOR BENFITS	
	AT JUNE 30, 2020	\$ 14,990,177

NOTE 1 — REPORTING ENTITY, DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The City of Derby, Connecticut, operates under a Mayor/Board of Alderman and Board of Apportionment and Taxation form of Government and provides services as authorized by its Charter including police and fire protection, education services, recreation and parks, health and welfare services and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the City of Derby conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. Proprietary funds and similar component units apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. A summary of the more significant policies are stated herein.

The City provides a full range of services including public safety, roads, sanitation, health, social services, culture and recreation, education, planning, zoning, and general administrative services to its residents. The accompanying financial statements confirm to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments.

The reporting entity of the City of Derby, Connecticut includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities over which the City presides. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Derby (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and/or financial relationship with the City as blended component units.

The Water Pollution Control Authority (WPCA) of the City of Derby is an entity legally separate from the City and is governed by a ten member board (Board of Apportionment and Taxation). For financial reporting purposes, the WPCA is reported as if it were part of the City's operation because its purpose is to provide sewer usage to the citizens of the City of Derby.

The Parking Authority of the City of Derby is an entity legally separate from the City and is governed by the Office of the Mayor. For financial reporting purposes, the Parking Authority is reported as if it were part of the City's operations because its purpose is to provide parking to the citizens of the City of Derby.

The City of Derby Pension Plan is an entity legally separate from the City of Derby and is governed by an eight member board appointed by the City's Mayor and Pension Charter. For financial reporting purposes, the City of Derby Pension Plan is reported as if it were part of the City's operations because its purpose is to provide retirement benefits to employees of the City of Derby.

Complete financial statements for the individual component units may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices as follows:

Derby Water Pollution Control Authority 1 Elizabeth Street Derby, Connecticut 06418 City of Derby Pension Plan 1 Elizabeth Street Derby, Connecticut 06418

The Parking Authority of Derby does not issue separate financial statements.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types, expendable trust funds and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated for payments to be made early in the following year. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expense.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments and interest revenue. Fines, permits and charges for services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. The government reports the following major governmental funds:

(i) General Fund — The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City government. All unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund. From this

fund are paid general operating expenditures, fixed charges, principal and interest on long-term debt, and capital improvement costs of the City, which are not paid through a special fund.

- (ii) Library Endowment Fund The Library Endowment Fund is a permanent fund used to account for donations used for the betterment of the City's library. Monies are restricted for the intended purpose of the donor.
- (iii) Field House Project The Field House Project is a capital project fund used to account for funds which are principally used for construction of a new field house.
- (iv) School Roof Project 2014 is a capital project fund used to account for the improvements to the school buildings.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

(i) Water Pollution Control Authority — The Water Pollution Control Authority accounts for the operations of the City's wastewater treatment plant. It is independent in terms of its relationship to other City functions. Its operations are financed from special assessments and direct charges to the users of the service.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

- (i) Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the City's Public Employee Retirement System defined benefit pension plans, which accumulate resources for pension, benefit payments to qualified employees.
- (ii) Agency Funds account for monies held as a custodian for outside groups and agencies.

Interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements except for charges between the government's sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Property Taxes — Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and are levied on the following July 1. Real estate and personal property taxes are due in two installments on July 1 and the following January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are payable on July 1 and supplemental motor vehicle taxes are payable on January 1. Liens are filed on delinquent real estate taxes within one year.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available means due or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes receivable, not expected to be collected within sixty days of year-end are reflected as deferred revenue.

Proprietary Funds – All proprietary funds are accounted using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed through user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expense from non-operating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash Equivalents — The City considers all highly liquid investments and those with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments — Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined based on quoted market prices.

Inventories — Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market using the consumption method on the first-in, first-out basis for the Board of Education School Lunch Program.

Interfund Transactions — Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursement to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditure/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

The three types of interfund transactions and the related accounting policies are as follows:

- 1. Transactions to reimburse the fund for expenditures made by it for the benefit of another fund. These transactions are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the receiving fund.
- 2. Transactions to shift revenue or contributions from the fund budgeted to receive them to the fund budgeted to expend them. These transactions are recorded as transfers in to and out of the respective funds.
- 3. Transactions to record equity contributions between funds. The receiving fund records such transactions as a transfer in and an addition to fund balance. The disbursement fund records the transaction as a transfer out and a reduction of fund balance.

Capital Assets— Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Activities

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the net asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements 20 years

Building and building

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{improvements} & 25-50 \text{ years} \\ \text{Infrastructure} & 10-65 \text{ years} \\ \text{Machinery and equipment} & 5-20 \text{ years} \\ \text{Licensed vehicles} & 8 \text{ years} \\ \end{array}$

Proprietary Fund Types — Property, plant and equipment owned by the Proprietary Funds are recorded based on cost at acquisition or if contributed property, at fair market value at the time of contribution.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$1,000 or more and over one year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20-50 years Sewer System 30-50 years

Deferred Revenue — Deferred revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenue also arises when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources —In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. As of June 30, 2020, \$6,622,201 were required to be reported as deferred inflows of resources related to the pension \$1,860,628 and OPEB \$4,761,573.

Long-Term Obligations — In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Net Position — Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted for debt service and special revenue funds. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance — Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance —amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance —when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for capital projects and debt service obligations and for other items contained in the Connecticut statutes.

Committed fund balance — amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Apportionment and Taxation and the Board of Selectmen are the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Board of Finance and Board of Representatives removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Apportionment and Taxation and the Board of Selectmen.

Assigned fund balance— in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained by Board of Apportionment and Taxation and the Board of Selectmen for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the Comptroller for amounts assigned for encumbrances. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance— in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, the City considers that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of these unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 2 — RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$88,409,126 difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$	23,677,362
Bonds premium	•	1,339,627
Note payable		5,587,362
Compensated absences		4,012,064
Net pension liability		12,474,153
Other post-employment obligations		40,204,571
Capital leases		848,257
Post-closure landfill		265,730
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental		
funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$	88,409,126

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The details of this \$7,766,447 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$	10,902,169
Depreciation expense	_	(3,135,722)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances		
- total governmental funds, to arrive at changes in net		
· position of governmental activities	\$	7,766,447

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases)" provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities."

The details of this \$27,673,490 difference are as follows:

Bond principal payments	\$ 12,080,0	00
Bond proceeds	\$ (19,457,3	62)
Bond premium	(707,1	57)
Note payable	(5,587,3	62)
Other miscellaneous long-term liabilities	20.2	81

Note payable (5,587,362)
Other miscellaneous long-term liabilities 20,281
Capital leases (77,003)
Net pension liability (3,551,327)
Compensated absenses (241,637)

Other post-employment obligations (10,151,923)

Net adjustment to decrease net position in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position

Principal repayments/(increase in long-term liabilities):

of governmental activities \$ (27,673,490)

NOTE 3 — BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

General Fund

The City establishes its budget in accordance with provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes and its Charter. The Charter requires that the Board of Apportionment and Taxation shall lay such taxes as may be required upon the Grand List of the City, which shall have been made according to law, next before the laying of such tax. Each board of the City government and each officer of the City under whose control money is expended shall, on or before the first day of April of each year, submit to said Board an estimate of the amount of money required by such board or such officer for the next ensuing year, giving details as far as practicable. The Board of Apportionment and Taxation, at a meeting thereof to be held in May of each year, shall prepare an estimate of the amounts required by each department of the City government for the ensuing year, giving particulars as far as possible and recommending appropriations for all these expenses for said year and shall cause such estimates forthwith to be published in a newspaper published in New Haven County and having a circulation in said City. The Board of Apportionment and Taxation shall hold a meeting in May in each year, and may adjourn the same from time to time to a day not later than the last business day of May and at said meeting, or any adjournment thereof, it shall hear all parties who may desire to be heard relative to any alterations in such estimates and appropriations, and may make any alterations in such estimates and appropriations, and may make such additional appropriations as it shall deem proper. The Board of Apportionment and Taxation, having made such alterations as it may determine, shall prepare a statement of appropriations and tax rates which it proposes to make and levy, and cause the same to be published in a newspaper published in New Haven County and having a circulation in said City, not later than three days after the last business day in May in said year. The Board of Apportionment and Taxation is authorized to make appropriations and lay taxes for all City purposes and for all other purposes required by law and may fix the time when any tax laid by it shall become due and payable. The Board of Apportionment and Taxation shall have no authority to make appropriations in excess of the revenues of the City for any year, and in no case shall the expenses of the City exceed its revenue for any year, except in cases and for purposes for which the City is authorized by special act of general assembly to issue bonds and when bonds are in fact issued. The budget for the current year was adopted by the Board of Apportionment and Taxation and transfers and supplemental appropriations were approved during the year in accordance with provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes and the Charter of the City of Derby.

Annual budgets are prepared and employed for management control for the General Fund. Appropriations typically lapse at year end, except appropriations for capital projects which continue until completion of the project. Supplemental appropriations in the amount of \$1,599,148 were approved by the Board of Apportionment and Taxation during the fiscal year. The budget for the General Fund is presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The level of control for the General Fund is the legally adopted budget at the department/major activity level which is authorized by Charter. The level of control for Capital Projects Funds is the appropriations at the project level. Total expenditures cannot exceed total appropriations at the department/major activity level or the project authorization, over the length of the project. The level of control for Special Revenue Funds is at the project or program level in accordance with agreement provisions and various budgetary periods.

The City's formal budgeting system is employed as a management control device only for the General Fund and requires accounting for certain transactions to be on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis. The General Fund budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. There are two major differences between the budget and GAAP basis. The first is the requirement of the City to report onbehalf contributions made by the State of Connecticut to the Connecticut Teacher's Retirement System and State Teacher's OPEB, whereas on a budgetary basis these on-behalf payments are not reflected as expenditures. The second is the recording of revenue for items which should be reduction of expenses. A reconciliation between the accounting treatment for these items (the combined statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance), and the budgetary basis (the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance-budget and actual-general fund) is as follows:

			Fund
	Revenues	Expenditures	Balance
Balance, budgetary basis			
at June 30, 2020	\$ 50,580,669	\$ 44,752,819	\$ 4,321,322
State Teachers' Retirement			
on-behalf payments	2,960,569	2,960,569	-
State Teachers' OPEB	6,099,737	6,099,737	
Balance, GAAP basis at June 30, 2020	\$ 59,640,975	\$ 53,813,125	\$ 4,321,322

Encumbrances

Encumbrances, which are purchase orders, contracts and other legal commitments, are recorded in order to reserve the unexpended portion of the applicable appropriation. In the General Fund, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and provide the authority for the carryover of appropriations to the subsequent year in order to complete these transactions. As of June 30, 2020, there were no encumbrances outstanding.

Special Revenue Funds

The City does not have legally adopted annual budgets for the Special Revenue Funds. Budgets for the various special revenue funds which are utilized to account for specific grant programs are established in accordance with the requirements of the grantor agencies. Such budgets will carryover until completion of the grants.

Capital Projects Funds

Legal authorization for expenditures of the Capital Projects Funds is provided by the related bond ordinances and/or intergovernmental grant agreements. Capital appropriations do not lapse until completion of the applicable projects.

NOTE 4 — DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and Investment Balances

Following is a reconciliation of the City's deposit and investment balances as of June 30, 2020:

	Carrying and Fair Values			
		all values		
Deposits	\$	15,897,599		
Money market accounts		3,277		
Certificates of Deposit		1,065,378		
	\$	16,966,254		
Govt	\$	10,017,059		
Business		5,170,314		
Fiduciary		1,778,881		
	\$	16,966,254		

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$16,966,254. The bank balances of funds on deposit totaled \$17,401,982. Of the bank balances, \$1,132,035 was covered by federal depository insurance (up to \$250,000) or Security Investor Protection Corporation (up to \$500,000), \$1,726,994 was protected under provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes, which provide for protection against loss in excess of depository insurance through assessment against segregated collateral required to be maintained by public depositories, but not held in the City's name, and \$14,542,953 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The level of the City's deposits varies significantly throughout the year as a result of higher cash flows during certain periods. As a result, uninsured and/or uncollateralized amounts at those times were substantially higher than at year-end.

Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the City's investing activities are managed under the custody of the City Treasurer. Investing is performed in accordance with investment policies adopted by the Board of Aldermen complying with State Statutes and the City Charter.

The City's investments are categorized as either (1) insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agency in the City's name, (2) uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterpart's trust department or agent in the City's name or (3) uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States, including its agencies, in obligations of any state or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, provided that at the time of investment such obligations are rated within one of the top two rating categories of any recognized rating service; or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or of any political subdivision thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top three rating categories of any recognized rating service.

The pension and other trust funds may also invest in certain real estate mortgages, in certain savings banks or savings and loan associations, in stocks or bonds, or in other securities selected by the trustee with the care of a prudent investor.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City generally invests in certificates of deposit that mature in less than one year and mutual funds. The City follows the State Statutes as its investment policy.

The City's investments at June 30, 2020 are shown below:

		,	Carrying		
			and	Average Credit	Weighted Average
_	Cost	I	Fair Values	Quality Ratings	Maturity (Years)
Library Endowment Fund:					
Mutual funds-Equity	\$ 777,725	5 \$	1,017,923	N/A	N/A
School Scholarship Fund:					
Mutual funds-Equity	35,411	-	35,411	N/A	N/A
Pension Trust Fund:					
Investment at Beirne Wealth					
Aqr Small Cap Mul T1 Style FD CL R6	475,143	;	446,534	N/A	N/A
Mutual funds-Equity	2,435,204	ļ	2,696,620	N/A	N/A
Stocks	3,013,489)	4,355,367	N/A	N/A
Corporate Bonds	488,723	;	510,422	BBB	8.59
US Treasury Securities	245,228	;	264,759	AA+	10.13
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Bonds	250,497	7	258,554	AA+	25.94
Other Holdings	43,344	ŀ	54,028	N/A	N/A
Greywolf Containership Offshore Fund LP	400,285	;	426,140	N/A	N/A
Golden Tree Distresses Fund 2014	373,000)	382,066	N/A	N/A
Boyd Watterson-GSA Fund	1,885,632)	2,192,812	N/A	N/A
Boyd Watterson-State Government Fund LP	351,873	;	414,736	N/A	N/A
Verition Interenational Multi-Strategy Fund LTD.	300,000)	405,093	N/A	N/A
Mendon Capital Ltd	300,000)	83,440	N/A	N/A
EntrustPermal Structured Income Fund II-A Ltd.	839,656	,	750,961	N/A	N/A
Verition Interenational Multi-Strategy Fund LTD. 2019	300,000)	386,314	N/A	N/A
Golub Capital Partners Int'l 12, L.P.	307,433	;	315,233	N/A	N/A
Arsenal III, L.P.	197,227	<i></i>	240,472	N/A	N/A
TOTAL	\$ 13,019,870	<u>\$</u>	15,236,885		

^{*} represents investments that were greater than 5% of the total investments.

The City's investments are classified under category 1. Category 1 investments are investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

NOTE 5 — RECEIVABLES

As of June 30, 2020, receivables by type for the City's government-wide financial statements were as follows:

		N	Ionmajor			
		gov	ernmental	Wate	er Pollution	
	<u>General</u>		<u>Funds</u>	Contr	ol Authority	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:						
Taxes and interest	\$ 1,394,019	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,394,019
Accounts and Other	87,933		75,897		57,188	221,018
Sewer Assessments	-		-		295,717	295,717
Intergovernmental	 296,054		52,158			 348,212
Gross receivables	1,778,006		128,055		352,905	2,258,966
Less allowance for						
collection losses	 220,000				3,232	 223,232
Net receivables	\$ 1,558,006	\$	128,055	\$	349,673	\$ 2,035,734

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables that are not considered available to be liquidate liabilities for the current period. Governmental funds also record unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>			<u>Unearned</u>	
General Fund:					
Deliquent property taxes	\$	950,913	5 \$	-	
Various education grants				256,438	
Nonmajor govermental funds:					
Community Development		-		87,249	
Police Grant		-		187,370	
	\$	950,913	<u>\$</u>	531,057	

NOTE 6 — INTERFUND ACCOUNTS

As of June 30, 2020, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

]	Due from	Due to			
Funds	0	ther Funds	Other Funds			
Major:						
General	\$	737,495	\$	1,602,285		
Enterprise		1,628,480		12,883		
School Roof Project 2015		-		394,685		
		2,365,975		2,009,853		
Nonmajor funds:						
Middle School Project		21,325		-		
Land acquisition		-		27,517		
		21,325		27,517		
Trust and Agency Funds						
Student Activity Funds		-		349,930		
Total	\$	2,387,300	\$	2,387,300		

The General Fund interfund payable is due to various Capital Projects Funds for advances of bond monies received by the General Fund yet to be remitted to their respective Capital Project Funds. These amounts are expected to be repaid within one year. Capital Projects Funds interfund receivable and payable represent amounts due from/to the other capital projects for operations and are being repaid as funds become available. The interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Trai	nsfers from	Transfers to			
Funds	Other Funds			Other Funds		
Major:						
General Fund	\$	59,598	\$	330,000		
Library Endowment Fund		-		35,000		
		59,598		365,000		
Nonmajor funds:						
Middle School		330,000				
Total	\$	389,598	\$	365,000		

The purpose of the transfers to the general fund and Middle School Fund is for the repayments of bond anticipation notes. The Library Endowment Fund transfer was to the General fund was for library operating expenses. The transfer to the Community Development Fund from the Library Endowment fund was for library renovations.

NOTE 7 — CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental activities - capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance		Disposal/	Balance		
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Transfers	June 30, 2020		
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets, not being						
depreciated:						
Land	\$ 6,551,792	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,551,792		
Contruction in progress		4,562,020		4,562,020		
Total Capital Assets, not						
being depreciated	6,551,792	4,562,020	-	11,113,812		
Capital assets, being						
depreciated:						
Buildings	79,189,647	5,597,462	-	84,787,109		
Property under						
capital lease	4,706,966	367,673	-	5,074,639		
Rolling equipment	4,934,465	94,875	-	5,029,340		
Machinery, vehicles and						
equipment	3,701,170	126,694	-	3,827,864		
Infrastructure	37,402,451	153,445		37,555,896		
	129,934,699	6,340,149	-	136,274,848		
Less accumulated						
depreciation for:						
Buildings	21,351,737	1,705,155	-	23,056,892		
Property under						
capital lease	3,090,353	207,011	-	3,297,364		
Rolling equipment	4,432,634	99,352	-	4,531,986		
Machinery, vehicles and						
equipment	3,471,705	54,595	-	3,526,300		
Infrastructure	16,137,885	1,069,609		17,207,494		
	48,484,314	3,135,722	-	51,620,036		
Total capital assets,						
being depreciated, net	81,450,385	3,204,427		84,654,812		
Governmental activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 88,002,177	\$ 7,766,447	\$ -	\$ 95,768,624		

Depreciation expense by function for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Education	\$ 1,278,767
General	1,090,113
Public safety	222,811
Public works	288,833
Culture and recreation	 255,198
	\$ 3,135,722

Business-type activities - capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

		Balance				Balance
	J	July 1, 2019	 Additions	Disposal	Jı	ine 30, 2020
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets, not being						
depreciated:						
Land	\$	594,858	\$ -	\$ -	\$	594,858
Construction in progress		7,370,000	 7,575,028	 -		14,945,028
		7,964,858	7,575,028	-		15,539,886
Capital assets, being						
depreciated:						
Buildings		12,435,928	524,032	-		12,959,960
Machinery, vehicles and						
equipment		2,917,212	145,389	-		3,062,601
		15,353,140	669,421	-		16,022,561
Less accumulated						
depreciation for:						
Buildings		9,039,588	189,255	-		9,228,843
Machinery, vehicles and						
equipment		1,603,015	 155,406	 -		1,758,421
		10,642,603	344,661	-		10,987,264
Total capital assets,						
being depreciated, net		4,710,537	 324,760	 _		5,035,297
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	\$	12,675,395	\$ 7,899,788	\$ 	\$	20,575,183

NOTE 8 – BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES

Bond anticipation note transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Outstanding, July 1, 2019	\$ 5,330,000
New Borrowings	-
Repayments	 5,330,000
Outstanding, June 30, 2020	\$

One bond anticipation note due October 2019 at an interest rate of 2.75% per annum was fully paid through the refunding of bonds during the year ended June 30, 2020.

Subsequent to June 30, 2020, a bond anticipation note was issued in November 2020 for \$3,000,000 with an interest rate of 1.50% per annum.

NOTE 9 — LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 201	Add	Additions		Decreases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2020		Oue within One Year
Governmental Activities:					_						
General-2013	\$ 1,135,00	\$	-	\$	1,135,000	\$	-	\$	-		
General-2015	2,665,00)	-		2,665,000		-		-		
General-2015	7,290,00)	-		5,160,000		2,130,000		-		
General-2018	5,210,00)	-		3,120,000		2,090,000		-		
General-2019	-	13,8	870,000		-		13,870,000		-		
Note payable		5,:	587,362				5,587,362		257,540		
Total	16,300,00) 19,4	457,362		12,080,000		23,677,362		257,540		
Bond premium	632,47) 1,3	339,627		632,470		1,339,627		-		
Capital leases	771,25	4 3	367,673		290,670		848,257		312,551		
Net pension liability	8,922,82	3,	551,327		-		12,474,153		12,474,153		
OPEB obligation	30,052,64	3 10,	151,923		-		40,204,571		-		
Compensated absenses	3,770,42	7 2	276,122		34,485		4,012,064		100,000		
Landfill postclosure											
care costs	286,01	<u> </u>			20,281		265,730		20,000		
Total governmental											
activities long-term											
liabilities	\$ 60,735,63	\$ 35,	144,034	\$	13,057,906	\$	82,821,764	\$	13,164,244		
Business-type activities:											
Refunding-2009	\$ 7,370,00	\$	-	\$	370,000	\$	7,000,000	\$	370,000		
Bonds-2019	\$ -	\$ 8,8	825,000				8,825,000	\$	450,000		
Loan payable	78,24	3			78,248		-				
Total	7,448,24	8,8	825,000		448,248		15,825,000		820,000		
Capital lease	13,34	<u> </u>	128,199		42,836		98,703		76,346		
Total Business-type											
activities long-term											
liabilities	\$ 7,461,58	\$ 8,9	953,199	\$	491,084	\$	15,923,703	\$	896,346		

The governmental activities outstanding debt is funded through the general fund operations. The business-type activities outstanding debt is funded through the sewer use collections.

As of June 30, 2020, the City's outstanding general obligation bonds and note payable were as follows:

	<u> </u>	Outstanding Amount
Governmental Activities:		
\$5,210,000 serial bond; issue of 2018;		
due October 2038;		
effective interest ranging from 3.0%-5.0%	\$	2,090,000
\$13,870,000 serial bond; issue of 2019; due September 2029;		
effective interest ranging from 2.05%-5.0%		13,870,000
\$8,580,000 serial B bond; issue of 2015;		
due September 2035;		
effective interest ranging from 2.0%-5.0%		2,130,000
\$5,587,362 note payable in monthly payments, including		
principal and interest at 3.04%,		
issued April 9,2020; due March 2037	\$	5,587,362
		23,677,362
Less current portion	Ĺ	257,540
Long term portion	\$	23,419,822
As of June 30, 2020, the City's outstanding business-type obligation bonds were as follows:	ows:	
	C	Outstanding
		Amount
Business-type activities:		
\$7,370,000 serial bond; issue of 2018;		
due October 2038; effective interest ranging from 3.0%-5.0%	\$	7,000,000
\$13,870,000 serial bond; issue of 2019; due September 2029;		
effective interest ranging from 2.05%-5.0%		8,825,000
		15,825,000
Less current portion	ı	820,000
Long term portion	\$	15,005,000

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2021	\$ -	\$ 655,936	\$ 655,936
2022	1,135,000	496,205	1,631,205
2023	1,115,000	472,864	1,587,864
2024	1,095,000	449,385	1,544,385
2025	1,070,000	425,576	1,495,576
2026	1,050,000	401,201	1,451,201
2027	1,030,000	376,246	1,406,246
2028	1,010,000	350,751	1,360,751
2029	990,000	325,004	1,315,004
2030	970,000	299,281	1,269,281
2031	950,000	273,366	1,223,366
2032	935,000	251,613	1,186,613
2033	920,000	212,364	1,132,364
2034	905,000	180,676	1,085,676
2035	890,000	149,295	1,039,295
2036	880,000	117,946	997,946
2037	835,000	88,418	923,418
2038	810,000	61,050	871,050
2039	770,000	34,750	804,750
2040	 730,000	 10,950	 740,950
	\$ 18,090,000	\$ 5,632,877	\$ 23,722,877
Business-type activities:	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
Business-type activities: 2021	\$ 	\$ Interest 801,079	\$ Total 1,621,079
· -	\$ Principal 820,000 815,000	\$	\$
2021	\$ 820,000	\$ 801,079	\$ 1,621,079
2021 2022	\$ 820,000 815,000	\$ 801,079 598,050	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050
2021 2022 2023	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300
2021 2022 2023 2024	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625 343,294	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625 1,153,294
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625 343,294 309,500	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625 1,153,294 1,119,500
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625 343,294 309,500 275,244	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625 1,153,294 1,119,500 1,085,244
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625 343,294 309,500 275,244 241,800	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625 1,153,294 1,119,500 1,085,244 1,051,800
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625 343,294 309,500 275,244 241,800 209,400	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625 1,153,294 1,119,500 1,085,244 1,051,800 1,019,400
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625 343,294 309,500 275,244 241,800 209,400 177,100	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625 1,153,294 1,119,500 1,085,244 1,051,800 1,019,400 982,100
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2034	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625 343,294 309,500 275,244 241,800 209,400 177,100 144,900	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625 1,153,294 1,119,500 1,085,244 1,051,800 1,019,400 982,100 949,900
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 805,000 805,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625 343,294 309,500 275,244 241,800 209,400 177,100 144,900 112,700	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625 1,153,294 1,119,500 1,085,244 1,051,800 1,019,400 982,100 949,900 917,700
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 805,000 805,000 805,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625 343,294 309,500 275,244 241,800 209,400 177,100 144,900 112,700 82,700	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625 1,153,294 1,119,500 1,085,244 1,051,800 1,019,400 982,100 949,900 917,700 887,700
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038	\$ 820,000 815,000 815,000 815,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 810,000 805,000 805,000 805,000	\$ 801,079 598,050 557,300 516,550 477,775 442,825 409,725 376,625 343,294 309,500 275,244 241,800 209,400 177,100 144,900 112,700 82,700 54,900	\$ 1,621,079 1,413,050 1,372,300 1,331,550 1,287,775 1,252,825 1,219,725 1,186,625 1,153,294 1,119,500 1,085,244 1,051,800 1,019,400 982,100 949,900 917,700 887,700 887,700 859,900

Governmental Activities:

Vear	En	do	Ы
rear	P.	ar	ш

June 30,	 Principal	Interest		 Total
2021	\$ 257,540	\$	243,140	\$ 500,680
2022	260,049		249,509	509,559
2023	214,309		154,121	368,430
2024	230,328		147,606	377,934
2025	247,162		140,604	387,766
2026	264,847		133,090	397,938
2027	283,420		125,039	408,460
2028	302,920		116,423	419,343
2029	323,385		107,214	430,600
2030	344,860		97,383	442,243
2031	367,386		86,900	454,285
2032	391,007		75,731	466,739
2033	415,774		63,845	479,618
2034	441,734		51,205	492,939
2035	419,662		37,776	457,438
2036	447,006		25,019	472,025
2037	 375,972		11,430	 387,402
	\$ 5,587,362	\$	1,866,035	\$ 7,453,397

The Refunding-2009 bond issue includes an additional \$447,000 which is included in the Derby Water Pollution Control Authority's (Enterprise Fund) financial statements. That portion of the bond issue is also supported by the full faith and credit of the City of Derby, Connecticut. Additionally, upon completion of major improvements to the water pollution control facilities, the Agency issued a note payable to the State of Connecticut, with interest at 3%. This note was fully paid February 29, 2020.

Capital Lease Obligations

The City is obligated, as a lessee, under various capital leases for the acquisition of a fire trucks, other heavy equipment and computer. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum payments:

Year Ended <u>June 30,</u>	 Governmental Activities Payment	B	usiness-Type Activities Payment
2021	\$ 397,606	\$	30,184
2022	266,896		30,184
2023	165,862		30,184
2024	 75,840		18,881
	906,204		109,433
Less amount representing interest	 57,947		10,730
Net present value of lease payments	\$ 848,257	\$	98,703

Governmental Activities

Property and equipment carried at a cost of \$5,074,639 with accumulated amortization of \$3,297,364 has been acquired under capital lease arrangements. The bi-annual payments under these leases were \$198,803 at an interest rate ranging from 5.2% to 6.3%. The capital lease obligations are financed by the general fund.

Business-Type Activities

Property and equipment carried at a cost of \$167,439 with accumulated amortization of \$20,3519 has been acquired under capital lease arrangement. The annual required payments under these leases were \$13,856 at an interest rates ranging from 4.15% to 8.4%. The capital lease obligation is financed by the Water Pollution Control Authority.

Compensated Absences

There is no accrual for compensated absences that are dependent on the performance of future service by employees, or when payments are dependent on future events that are outside the control of the employer and employee. The liability for compensated absences earned but not yet paid is included in the general long-term debt account group. City employees accumulate a limited amount of sick leave until termination of their employment. These amounts are based on length of employment and/or labor contracts. Sick leave is recognized in a governmental fund in the current year to the extent it is paid or the vested amount is expected to be paid with current available resources.

Debt Limitation

The Connecticut General Statutes provide that the City's total outstanding and authorized debt shall not exceed seven times the total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) and revenues received for tax relief of the elderly for the year ended June 30, 2020 (\$218,887,132), nor shall the total authorized particular purpose debt exceed the individual debt limitations reflected in the table below:

Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) for the year ended June 30, 2020,

Reimbursement for revenue loss:

Tax Relief for Elderly

Base \$ 30,983,876

General Urban Unfunded Schools Renewal Pension **Purpose** Sewers Debt Limitation: 2 1/4 times base \$ 69,713,721 4 ½ times base \$ 139,427,442 3 ¾ times base 116,189,535 3 1/4 times base \$ 100,697,597 3 times base \$ 92,951,628 Total debt limitation 69,713,721 139,427,442 116,189,535 100,697,597 92,951,628 Indebtedness: Bonds payable 2,177,713 15,912,287 15,825,000 Note payable 5,587,362 Bonds authorized and unissued 11,867,287 18,042,713 15,415,000 19,632,362 33,955,000 31,240,000 Debt Limitation in excess of outstanding and authorized debt \$ 50,081,359 \$ 105,472,442 84,949,535 \$ 100,697,597

NOTE 10 – SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City's two Enterprise Funds account for the rental of parking spaces of the Parking Authority and operation of the Water Pollution Control Authority (WPCA) which are all supported by user charges. Segment information for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	er Pollution rol Authority	Parking Authority	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues	\$ 4,233,166	\$ 130,582	\$ 4,363,748
Operating Expenses	 2,324,453	 160,165	 2,484,618
Operating Income(Loss)	1,908,713	(29,583)	1,879,130
Non-Operating(Expenses) Revenues	 (634,911)	 	 (634,911)
Change in Net Position	1,273,802	(29,583)	1,244,219
Beginning Net Position	 8,916,325	722,703	 9,639,028
Ending Net Position	10,190,127	693,120	10,883,247
Net Cash Provided By (Used In):			
Operating Activities	1,272,120	(226)	1,271,894
Capital and Financing Activities	-	-	-
Noncapital Financing Activities	(424,487)	(11,132)	(435,619)
Investing Activities	18,376	-	18,376
Beginning Cash and Equivalents	 4,207,039	 108,588	 4,315,627
Ending Cash and Equivalents	\$ 5,073,048	\$ 97,230	\$ 5,170,278

NOTE 11 – FUND BALANCE/DEFICITS AND EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGETED AMOUNTS

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Library			Other
		Endowment	Field House	School Roof	Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Project	2014	Funds
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,148
					5,148
Restricted:					
Capital projects	-	-	134,265	-	72,122
Education	-	-	-	-	44,171
Library		1,017,923			
		1,017,923	134,265		116,293
Committed:					
Medical	348,009	-	-	-	-
Board of Education-					
Special Education	235,767				
	583,776				
Assigned:					
Library		31,636			
Unassigned:	3,737,546			(124,219)	170,072
	\$ 4,321,322	\$ 1,049,559	<u>\$ 134,265</u>	<u>\$ (124,219)</u>	\$ 291,513

The following funds had a fund deficit as of June 30, 2020:

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School Roof 2014	\$ 124,219
Nonmajor:	
Community Development	\$ 8,631

The General Fund deficit will be eliminated with additional taxation and a reduction of spending. The deficits for School Roof 2014 will be reduced or eliminated through permanent financing or the receipt of grant funds. The Community Development deficit will be eliminated the receipt of grant funds.

The following expenditure categories within the General Fund exceeded their respective budgets by the amounts indicated:

Public safety	\$ 333,783
Board of Education-grants	\$ 1,734,669
Capital outlay	\$ 173,553
Interest	\$ 598,582

NOTE 12- RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION

At year end, a restatement was necessary to properly account for beginning net position to move the capital asset purchases that were made in the Sewer Capital Project Fund to the Water Pollution Control Authority Fund in the business-type activities. The adjustment was due to properly reflect the purchase of capital assets that were purchased through the Sewer 2015 Capital Project Fund in the Water Pollution Control Authority Fund. The purchases of \$4,561,713 were recognized in the Water Pollution Control Authority Fund as construction in progress as of the beginning of the year.

	Fund Balance Sewer 2015		Fund Balance Govermental Funds		Net Position Govermental Activities	
Governmental Funds -Fund Balance (Deficit), June 30, 2019	\$	_	\$	(3,155,474)	\$	-
Governmental Activities - Net Position, June 30, 2019		-		-		18,565,613
Sewer 2015 Capital Project Fund - Fund Balance, June 30, 2019 Water Pollution Control Authority Fund - Capital		(4,567,613)		4,567,613		4,567,613
Assets		4,567,613				
Fund Balance and Net Position as restated, July 1, 2019	\$		\$	1,412,139	\$	23,133,226

NOTE 13-EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan

Organization

Connecticut's Municipal Employees Retirement System (CMERS) is the public pension plan offered by the State of Connecticut for municipal employees in participating municipalities. The plan was established in 1947 and is governed by Connecticut Statute Title 7, Chapter 113. CMERS is a multiemployer pension plan administered by the Connecticut State Retirement Commission. The State Retirement Commission is responsible for the administration of the Connecticut Municipal Employees Retirement System (CMERS). The State Treasurer is responsible for investing CMERS funds for the exclusive benefit of CMERS members.

Plan description

Municipalities may designate which departments (including elective officers if so specified) are to be covered under the Municipal Employees Retirement System. This designation may be the result of collective bargaining. Only employees covered under the State Teachers Retirement System may not be included. There is no minimum age or service requirements. Membership is mandatory for all regular full-time employees of participating departments except Police and Fire hired after age 60.

The plan has 4 sub plans as follows:

- General employees with social security
- General employees without social security
- Policemen and firemen with social security
- Policemen and firemen without social security

Benefit provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits as defined in the statues.

General Employees-Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service, or 25 years of aggregate service.

Policemen and Firemen-Compulsory retirement age for police and fire members is age 65.

Normal Retirement: For members not covered by social security, the benefit is 2% of average final compensation times years of service.

For members covered by social security, the benefit is 1.5 % of the average final compensation not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average final compensation in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service.

The maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually. Both the minimum and the maximum include workers' compensation and social security benefits.

If any member covered by social security retires before age 62, the benefit until age 62 is reached or a social security disability award is received, is computed as if the member is not under social security.

Early Retirement: Employees are eligible after 5 years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. The benefit is calculated on the basis of average final compensation and service to date of termination. Deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

Disability Retirement: Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits from being permanently or totally disabled from engaging in the service of the municipality provided such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to hypertension or heart disease, in the case of firemen and policemen, is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Disability benefits are calculated based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including workers' compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability.

Employees are eligible for non-service-related disability benefits with 10 years of service and being permanently or totally disabled from engaging in gainful employment in the service of the municipality. Disability benefits are calculated based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit: The plan also offers a lump sum return of contributions with interest or surviving spouse benefit depending on length of service.

Contributions

Employer:

Participating municipalities make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment which covers the liabilities of the system not met by member contributions. There is also an annual administrative fee per active & retired member

Employees:

For employees not covered by social security, each person is required to contribute 5% of compensation. For employees covered by social security, each person is required to contribute 2.25% of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 5% of compensation, if any, in excess of such base.

Allocation methodology for Pension Liability, Pension Expense and Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

The schedules of employer allocations were calculated based upon the 2019 actuarial (expected) payroll amounts reported by participating employers. Expected payroll adjusts actual payroll for known changes in the status of employees, annualized salaries for partial year employees and anticipated salary increases. The employer allocations were then applied to the net pension liability, pension expense, deferred inflows, sensitivity analysis and the deferred inflow amounts to be recognized in fiscal years subsequent to the reporting date to determine the amount applicable to each employer. The schedules of employer allocations reflect actuarial employer payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Based upon the employer's payroll as compared to the total, an employer allocation percentage is calculated to six decimal places and is used to allocate the elements noted above.

Pension Liability

At June 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$6,290,508 for its proportionate share of the CMERS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

The components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Derby	
	Police	
	MERS	
Total pension liability	\$ 86,421,667	7
Plan fiduciary net assets	80,131,159	<u>)</u>
Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,290,508	;
·		=
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total pension liability	92.72%	<u>⁄o</u>
•		
Percentage of the total	8.633%	<u>′o</u>
		_

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense for their portion of the CMERS of \$1,936,803. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Derby	
	Police	
	ME	ERS
	Deferred	Outflows
	of Resourses	
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$	77,203
Changes in assumptions	1	,737,924
Changes in proportion and difference between		
employers contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions		407,329
Net difference between projected and		
actual earnings on investments		290,226
Total	\$ 2	2,512,682
Percentage of total		<u>8.6333%</u>
Pension Expense	\$ 1	,936,803

Deferred outflows of resources related to CMERS pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Police
Year Ending June 30,	 MERS
2021	\$ 731,540
2022	460,624
2023	581,849
2024	117,027
Total	\$ 1,891,040

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement period:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary	3.5-10.00%, including inflation
	7% net of pension plan
	investment expense, including
Investment rate of return	inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for annuitants and non-annuitants (set forward one year for males and set back one year for females).

Future Cost-of-Living adjustments for members who retire on or after January 1, 2002 are 60% of the annual increase in the CPI up to 6%. The minimum annual COLA is 2.5%, the maximum is 6%.

Long-term rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	MERS - Target Allocation	MERS- Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	20.0%	5.3%
Developed market international	11.0%	5.1%
Emerging Markets(non-US)	9.0%	7.4%
Core fixed income	16.0%	1.6%
Inflation linked bond fund	5.0%	1.3%
Emerging market debt	5.0%	2.9%
High yield bonds	6.0%	3.4%
Real estate	10.0%	4.7%
Private equity	10.0%	7.3%
Alternative investments	7.0%	3.2%
Liquidity fund	1.0%	0.9%
	<u>100%</u>	

Sensitivity

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increased	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	to 6%	Rate 7%	to 8%	
Derby Police-MERS	\$ 9,434,516	\$ 6,290,508	\$ 3,663,736	

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Fund

Organization

The Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) is the public pension plan offered by the State of Connecticut to provide retirement, disability, survivorship and health insurance benefits for Connecticut public school teachers and their beneficiaries. The plan is governed by Connecticut Statute Title 10, Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes. TRS is a multiemployer pension plan administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB) is responsible for the administration of

the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System. The State Treasurer is responsible for investing TRS funds for the exclusive benefit of TRS members.

Plan description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System - a cost sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement: Retirement benefits for the employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

In addition, amounts derived from the accumulation of 1 % contributions made prior to July 1, 1989 and voluntary contributions are payable.

Early Retirement: Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service. Benefit amounts are reduced by 6% per year for the first 5 years preceding normal retirement age and 4% per year for the next 5 years preceding normal retirement age. Effective July 1, 1999, the reduction for individuals with 30 or more years of service is 3% per year by which retirement precedes normal retirement date.

Minimum Benefit: Effective January 1, 1999, Public Act 98-251 provides a minimum monthly benefit of \$1,200 to teachers who retire under the normal retirement provisions and who have completed at least 25 years of full time Connecticut service at retirement.

Disability Retirement: Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary. In addition, disability benefits under this plan (without regard to cost-of- living adjustments) plus any initial award of social security benefits and workers' compensation cannot exceed 75% of average annual salary.

A plan member who leaves service and has attained 10 years of service will be entitled to 100% of the accrued benefit as of the date of termination of covered employment. Benefits are payable at age 60 and early retirement reductions are based on the number of years of service the member would have had if they had continued work until age 60.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit: The plan also offers a lump-sum return of contribution with interest or surviving spouse benefit depending on length of service.

Contributions-State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut is amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions and investment earning, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employer (School Districts)

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

City's proportionate share of the net pension

Employees:

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

In addition, the City has recognized revenues and expenditures for on-behalf payments for pension contributions paid directly to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System by the State of Connecticut. Such on-behalf payments were \$4,803,619 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	<u>\$</u>	39,111,989
Total	<u>\$</u>	39,111,989
City's covered-employee payroll City's proportionate share of the net pension liability Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	\$	- <u>0%</u> <u>52.00%</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increase 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

Future cost-of-living increases for teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity - U.S. Equity	20%	8.1%
Public Equity - International Developed Equity	11%	8.5%
Public Equity - Emerging Markets Equity	9%	10.4%
Fixed Income - Inflation Linked Bonds	16%	4.6%
Fixed Income - Core Fixed Income	5%	3.6%
Fixed Income - High Yield	6%	6.5%
Fixed Income - Emerging Market Debt	5%	5.2%
Private Equity	10%	9.8%
Real Estate	10%	7.0%
Alternative Investments - Real Assets	4%	8.2%
Alternative Investments - Hedge Funds	3%	5.4%
Liquity Fund	<u>1%</u>	2.9%
	<u>100%</u>	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90% as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to	Current Discount	1% Increased to	
	5.9%	Rate 6.9%	7.9%	
State's share of NPL associated with the City	\$ 48,788,437	\$ 39,111,989	\$ 30,976,993	

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the City has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

A copy of the plan's comprehensive annual financial report can be obtained from the State of Connecticut Teachers Retirement Board.

City Employees' Retirement Plan

Plan Description

City Public Employee Retirement System – The City of Derby Pension Plan covers substantially all full-time employees of the City of Derby and its related agencies, except teachers, who are covered by the State Teacher's Retirement Fund and police employees who are covered by the State Municipal Employees Retirement Fund. The Public Employee Retirement System is the administrator of a single-employer pension plan that was established by the City in accordance with the City charter and state statutes.

As of July 1, 2019, employee membership data related to the pension plan was as follows:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	65
Terminations	
Lump sum payments	(1)
Deaths	
Without death benefits	(5)
New beneficiaries	1
New members	11
Active plan members	163
	<u>234</u>

The pension plan provides pension benefits, cost of living allowances, and death and disability benefits. A member may retire after reaching the age of 63 and completing 25 years of service, or after 5 years of service having attained age 65. Also, a member may retire early after reaching age 55 and completing 10 years of service. Employees who retire at or after age 55 with 25 or more years of service are entitled to pension payments equal to 2% of average annual pay during five consecutive highest paid years, times the number of years and completed months of service for which they were employed by the City. For employees who retire early, the normal retirement formula applies except that benefits are reduced one-half percent (.5%) for each month before the normal retirement date that the pension begins.

Employees of the City are required to pay 3.5% of their gross earnings to the pension plan. The payments are deducted from the employee's wages or salary and remitted by the City to the Public Employee Retirement System on a monthly basis. If an employee leaves the employment of the City before 25 years of service, the accumulated contributions plus earned interest are refunded to the employee or the employee's designated beneficiary.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City's total payroll for all employees amounted to \$21,303,865 and the City's total covered payroll amounted to \$4,815,629. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the City to active employees covered by the Derby Public Employee Retirement System on which contributions to the pension plan are based.

	-	Pension rust Fund
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	989,721
Investments, at fair value		14,183,551
Other receivables		6,905
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	15,180,177
LIABILITIES AND		
NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Other liabilities	\$	-
Prepaid employer contribution		190,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		190,000
NET POSITION		
Reserved for employee retirement system		14 000 177
TOTAL NET POSITION		14,990,177
	-	14,990,177
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	¢.	15 100 177
NET POSITION	\$	15,180,177
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET PO YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020	SITIC	JN
ADDITIONS		
Contributions		
Employer contributions	Ф	100.000
from general fund	\$	190,000
Employee contributions		687,773
Total contributions		877,773
Investment income		(1.60.070)
Net appreciation in fair value of investments Interest and dividends		(160,870) 96,892
interest and dividends		
Lace invactment avnences		(63,978)
Less investment expenses - investment management fees		132,579
Net investment income		(196,557)
Total additions	-	
DEDUCTIONS		681,216
Benefits and other deductions		1,404,461
Net change in net assets	-	(723,245)
Net position held in trust for pension benefits at July 1, 2019		15,713,422
		-0,7.20,122
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS AT JUNE 30, 2020	Φ	14.000.155
JOINE 30, 2020	\$	14,990,177

Investments and Rate of Return

Investment Policy: The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Pension Board. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plan. The following was the adopted allocation policy as of June 30, 2015.

	City Employees' Retirement		
	Target	Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*	Weighting
Large Cap Equity	30.00%	4.69%	1.41%
Mid/Small Cap Equity	10.00%	5.05%	0.51%
International Equity	20.00%	6.14%	1.23%
High Quality Fixed Income	35.00%	1.14%	0.40%
High Yield Fixed Income	5.00%	3.09%	0.15%
Alternatives	0.00%	2.92%	0.00%
Cash	0.00%	0.65%	0.00%
	<u>100%</u>		3.70%
Long-term inflation expectation			<u>2.50%</u>
Long-term expected nominal return			6.20%

^{*}Long Term Returns are provided by Beirne Wealth Consulting.

Rate of Return: The returns are geometric means. The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed. Best estimates of the real rates of return for each major asset class are included in the pension plan's target asset allocation. The information above is based on geometric means and does not reflect additional returns through investment selection, asset allocation and rebalancing. The investment return assumption used assumed a change in the long-term asset allocation shown above. The plan sponsor will be reviewing the plan's investment and corresponding assumptions in the coming year. Based on the results of this analysis, we expect that there will be changes in the asset allocation and/or investment return assumption. An expected rate of return of 7.00% was used. The July 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation directly calculated the July 1st, 2018 Total Pension Liability (TPL). The July 1, 2018 TPL was increased by service cost and interest and decreased by benefit payments to estimate the TPL as of June 30, 2020.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

		City
		Employees'
		Retirement
	_	2020
Total pension liability	\$	21,356,917
Plan fiduciary net assets		15,173,272
Net Pension Liability	\$	6,183,645
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total pension liability		<u>71.05%</u>
Covered-employee payroll	<u>\$</u>	4,815,629
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll		<u>128.41%</u>

The City's net pension liability is recorded on the governmental-wide statement of net position at June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions (GASB 67): The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and then was projected forward to the measurement date July 1, 2019. There have been no significant changes between the valuation date and the fiscal year end.

	City's
	Retirement
	Plan
Valuation date	July 1, 2019
	Aggregate
Actuarial cost method	Actuarial cost
	method
Actuarial accrued liability	N/A
Remaining amortization period	N/A
Asset valuation method	Expected value
Investment rate of return	6.75%
Inflation	2.50%
Retirement age	63
Mortality	RP-2014

Concentrations

Investments that represent 5% or more of net position available for benefits are listed in Note 4. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Therefore, the long-term expected rates of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the rate utilized:

	Current		
	1% Decrease to	Discount Rate	1% Increased to
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
City Employees' Retirement	\$ 8,668,611	\$ 6,183,645	\$ 4,077,206

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$690,730 for the City Pension Plan. The City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	City Pension	
	Deferred Deferre	
	Outflows of Inflows of	
	Resourses	Resourses
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 46,535	\$ (768,989)
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and	1,063,701	(894,313)
actual earnings on investments	583,477	
Total	\$ 1,693,713	\$ (1,663,302)

Actual investment earnings below (or above) projected earnings are amortized over 5 years. Change of assumption and experience losses (gains) are amortized over the average remaining service period of actives and inactives, which was also 5 years.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending Ju	ine 30,	Ci	City Pension	
2021		\$	(209,294)	
2022			(154,159)	
2023			126,439	
2024			251,576	
2025			15,849	
	Total	\$	30,411	

NOTE 14 - POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll

Active plan members

The City provides post-retirement benefits for certain employees for current and future health and life insurance benefit expenses through a single-employer defined benefit plan. An annual actuarial valuation is made to determine whether the contributions are sufficient to meet the plan obligations. The latest actuarial valuation was made July 1, 2018. The post-retirement plan does not issue stand- alone financial reports.

GASB 75 governs the specifics of accounting for public OPEB plan obligations for participating employers and is required to be implemented for employer fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. GASB 75 requires a liability for OPEB obligations, known as the Net OPEB Liability (Total OPEB Liability for unfunded plans), to be recognized on the balance sheets of participating employers. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Total OPEB Liability for unfunded plans) will be immediately recognized as OPEB Expense on the income statement or reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change.

The employer does not pre-fund benefits. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis.

267

189%

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2018, the date of the last actuarial valuation.

Retirees	77
Spouses of Retirees	_
Total members	344
The calculation of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPE Governmental Activities: Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	EB) is detailed as follows and is recorded in \$\qquad 40,204,571
Towns net OPEB liability	<u>\$ 40,204,571</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 16,298,430

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward to the measurement date. Any significant changes during this period have been reflected as prescribed by GASB 74 and 75.

Discount rate

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date July 1, 2018

Measurement date June 30, 2018

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.50%

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.5% - 4.50% over 65 years

Salary increases Grade by service for certified, 3.50% for all others

The calculation of the Total Other Post-Retirement Benefits (OPEB) is detailed as follows and is recorded in Governmental Activities:

Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 30,052,648
Service cost	1,732,574
Interest on net OPEB liability	1,104,280
Administrative expenses	-
Investment gains or losses	-
Differences between expected & actual	50,681
Expected assumptions changes or inputs	7,918,496
Contributions made	 (654,108)
Decrease in net OPEB liability	 10,151,923
Net OPEB liability, ending	\$ 40,204,571

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 1.21%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.21%)	Current Discount Rate (1.21%)	1% Increase (3.21%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 40,204,571	\$ 48,232,275	\$ 33,811,058

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

	1% Decrease		1% Increase
	(5.50%	Health care cost	(7.5%
	decreasing to	(6.5% decreasing	decreasing to
	3.5%)	e \	
Net OPEB liability	\$ 32,127,923	\$ 40,204,571	\$ 51,121,934

OPEB Expense and Deferred outflows and inflows of Resources

The City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,176,114. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	O	Deferred outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	81,157	\$ (3,695,093)		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings Changes of assumptions or other inputs Total	\$	8,962,642 9,043,799	\$ (1,066,480) (4,761,573)		

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2021	\$ (349,820)
2022	\$ (349,820)
2023	\$ (349,820)
2024	\$ (349,820)
2025	\$ (349,820)
Thereafter	(2.533.126)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board Retiree Health Insurance Plan

Plan description

Teachers, principals, superintendents, supervisors and professional employees at State schools of higher education if they choose to be covered that are currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan ("TRS-RHIP") - a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board ("TRB"). Chapter 167a Section 10-183t of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and

amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

Benefit provisions

The Plan provides for retiree health insurance benefits. Eligibility is as follows:

- Normal Retirement: Eligibility Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.
- Early Retirement: Eligibility 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service.
- Proratable Retirement: Eligibility Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.
- Disability Retirement: Eligibility 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty and no service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty.
- Termination of Employment: Eligibility 10 or more years of Credited Service.

Retiree health care coverage

Any member that is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the Plan. There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare, but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July of 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees, and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits).

Those participants electing vision, hearing, and/or dental are required by the System's funding policy to pay the full cost of coverage for these benefits, and no liability is assumed by the Plan for these benefits.

Survivor health care coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the Plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

Contributions-State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10- 183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

Employees

Each member is required to contribute 1.25% of their annual salary.

OPEB liabilities, OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

The City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amounts recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the OPEB liability liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability associated with the City	<u>\$</u>	6,099,737
Total	\$	6,099,737

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The City has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The City recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$642,117 for on-behalf amounts for the contributions to the plan by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation 2.50%

Health care cost trend rate

5.00% decreasing to 4. 75% by 2028

Salary increases

3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return

3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Year fund net position will be depleted 2019

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

Changes in assumptions and inputs

As a result of the experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2015:

- The payroll growth rate assumption was decreased from 3.75% to 3.25% to reflect the decrease in the rate of inflation and the decrease in the rate of real wage increase.
- The demographic assumptions of salary growth, payroll growth, the rates of withdrawal, the rates of retirement, the rates of mortality, and the rates of disability incidence were adjusted based upon the experience study's findings and their adoption by the Board.
- The discount rate has been increased from 3.56% to 3.87% based upon the increase in the municipal bond index.

Additionally, the assumed initial per capita health care costs, the assumed rates of healthcare inflation used to project the per capita costs, and the participation assumptions have been revised.

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

All the plan assets are assumed to be invested in cash equivalents due to the need for liquidity. The expected rate of return is 3.00%.

Affordable Care Act (ACA)

The impact of the Affordable Care Act (ACA) was addressed in this valuation. Review of the information currently available did not identify any specific provisions of the ACA that are anticipated to significantly impact results. While the impact of certain provisions such as the excise tax on high-value health insurance plans beginning in 2020 (if applicable), mandated benefits and participation changes due to the individual mandate should be recognized in the determination of liabilities, overall future plan costs and the resulting liabilities are driven by amounts employers and retirees can afford (i.e., trend). The trend assumption forecasts the anticipated

increase to initial per capita costs, taking into account health care cost inflation, increases in benefit utilization, plan changes, government-mandated benefits, and technological advances.

Given the uncertainty regarding the ACA's implementation (e.g., the impact of excise tax on high-value health insurance plans, changes in participation resulting from the implementation of state-based health insurance exchanges), continued monitoring of the ACA's impact on the Plan's liability will be required.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.87%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate contribution rates and the member rate.

Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate

The City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$0 and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers' OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City of Derby, Connecticut is contingently liable in a number of lawsuits involving personal injury claims, heart and hypertension, tax appeals, negligence, zoning, personnel, and other miscellaneous suits and unasserted claims.

The City has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. The audits of these programs by the grantor agencies could result in a request for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the grant. Based upon prior experience, City management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

Construction Commitments

The fund balances in the Capital Project Funds will be used for future construction and renovation.

NOTE 16-RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and medical claims and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for these risks. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the three prior years.

NOTE 17- CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City of Derby place a final cover on its landfill when it was closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. The recognition of these landfill closure and postclosure care costs is based on the amount of landfill used during the year. The estimated remaining cost of the postclosure care is \$265,731, which is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, maintain the landfill and construct a transfer station were completed as of June 30, 2020. The actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. The landfill closure costs of \$1,100,000 was financed by general obligation bonds of \$300,000 issued during fiscal year ended June 30, 1995, and by State grants estimated at \$800,000. These landfill grants and postclosure costs have been included in Other Governmental Funds.

NOTE 18 – SELF INSURANCE

The City is self-insured for liabilities for most health benefits, third-party claims, and workers' compensation which is accounted for in the general fund. The Risk Management office actively manages risk on behalf of the City, through a combination of loss prevention and control, risk retention and risk transfer. The City continually evaluates its risk management program, including its self-insured retention levels, claims frequency and loss trends. Currently, there is a stop loss limit on claim exceeding \$100,000. A reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims (including IBNR claims) for the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year is as follows:

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	June 30, 2019		
Amount of claims liabilities at the	\$	698,156	\$	916,063	
beginning of the fiscal year					
Incurred claims		6,533,718		5,867,892	
Payments on claims		6,403,652		6,085,799	
Amount of claims liabilities at the					
end of the fiscal year	\$	828,222	\$	698,156	

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus has spread around the world resulting in business and social disruption. The coronavirus was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020. The operations results of the City of Derby, Connecticut could potentially be adversely affected by this global pandemic. The extent to which the coronavirus may impact business activity or investment results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions required to contain the coronavirus. The City of Derby, Connecticut has not included any contingencies in the financial statements specific to this issue.

Subsequent events were evaluated through July 21, 2021, the date of the financial statements were available to be issued.



CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2020

	For the Years Ended June 30,						
	2020	2020 2019		2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 840,082	\$ 811,673	\$ 1,003,231	\$ 969,392	\$ 849,200	\$ 849,200	
contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency(excess)	190,000 \$ 650,082	190,000 \$ 621,673	\$ 431,231	572,000 \$ 397,392	572,000 \$ 277,200	572,000 \$ 277,200	
City's Covered payroll	\$ 4,815,629	\$ 5,523,439	\$ 5,336,656	\$ 5,165,262	\$ 4,990,591	\$ 4,990,591	
Contribtions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>3.95%</u>	<u>3.44%</u>	<u>10.72%</u>	<u>11.07%</u>	<u>11.46%</u>	<u>11.46%</u>	

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

	City's
	Retirement
	Plan
Valuation date	July 1, 2019
	Aggregate
Actuarial cost method	Actuarial cost
	method
Actuarial accrued liability	N/A
Remaining amortization period	N/A
Asset valuation method	Expected value
Investment rate of return	6.75%
Inflation	2.50%
Retirement age	63
Mortality	RP-2014

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	Year ending June 30, 2020		Year ending one 30, 2019		Year ending one 30, 2018	Year ending one 30, 2017
		City Retirement Plan	City Retirement Plan		City Retirement Plan	City Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	676,977	\$ 654,084	\$	776,874	\$ 750,603
Interest on total pension liability		1,403,388	1,334,277		1,431,319	1,348,949
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)		(655,805)	-		(526,463)	-
Change in assumptions		1,067,879	-		(1,967,488)	-
Benefit payments		(997,055)	 (1,049,921)	_	(908,031)	 (988,834)
Net change in total pension liability		1,495,384	938,440		(1,193,789)	1,110,718
Total Pension Liability, beginning		19,861,533	 18,923,093		20,116,882	 19,006,164
Total pension liability, ending (a)		21,356,917	19,861,533		18,923,093	20,116,882
Fiduciary Net Position						
Employer contributions	\$	190,000	\$ 190,000	\$	572,000	\$ 572,000
Member contributions		82,229	182,134		91,864	101,178
Investment income net of investment expenses		212,510	583,425		1,491,886	2,000,627
Benefit payments		(997,055)	(1,049,921)		(908,031)	(988,834)
Administrative expenses		(20,929)	 (44,105)		(61,928)	 (39,030)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(533,245)	(138,467)		1,185,791	1,645,941
Fiduciary Net Position, beginning		15,713,422	15,851,889		14,666,098	13,020,157
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)		15,180,177	 15,713,422		15,851,889	 14,666,098
Net pension liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$	6,176,740	\$ 4,148,111	\$	3,071,204	\$ 5,450,784
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability		<u>71.08%</u>	<u>79.11%</u>		83.77%	<u>72.90%</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$</u>	4,815,629	\$ 5,523,439	\$	5,336,656	\$ 5,165,262
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll		<u>128.26%</u>	<u>75.10%</u>		<u>57.55%</u>	105.53%

Note: See notes to the financial statements for actuarial methods and assumptions.

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DERBY POLICE MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 2019 2018 2017 Contractually required contribution \$ 600,669 753,664 606,612 650,374 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution 753,664 606,612 600,669 650,374 Contribution defieciency(excess) City's Covered payroll \$ 3,975,436 \$ 3,424,096 \$ 3,424,096 \$ 3,424,096 Contribtions as a percentage of covered payroll 22.01% **15.26%** 17.54% 18.99%

Note: See notes to the financial statements for actuarial methods and assumptions.

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF OPEB LIABILITY

Years Ending June 30, 2020 2019 **Total OPEB liability** 2018 \$ \$ Service cost 1,732,574 1,961,535 2,024,591 Interest on net OPEB liability 1,104,280 1,209,690 1,079,295 Changes in benefit terms 292,448 Differences between expected & actual 50,681 (4,379,369)42,901 Expected assumptions changes or inputs 1,970,701 7,918,496 (1,328,731)Benefit payments (654,108)(592,335)(696,720)10,151,923 462,670 1,121,336 Total OPEB Liability - beginning 30,052,648 29,589,978 28,468,642 Total OPEB Liability - ending 40,204,571 30,052,648 29,589,978 Covered Payroll 19,546,413 16,298,430 15,900,907 Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll 246.68% 189.00% 151.38%

Note: See notes to the financial statements for actuarial methods and assumptions.

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 2019 2018 2017 City's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ \$ \$ \$ State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City \$ 39,111,989 \$ 30,157,616 31,404,825 \$ 29,767,390 Total \$ 39,111,989 \$ 30,157,616 31,404,825 \$ 29,767,390 \$ 12,983,001 City's covered-employee payroll \$ \$ 12,604,855 City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll 0% 0% 0% 0% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 52.00% 57.69% 55.93% 52.26%

Note: See notes to the financial statements for actuarial methods and assumptions.

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

	-		2020	_	2019		2018
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the City		\$	6,099,737	\$	6,028,724	\$	7,661,778
Total		\$	6,099,737	\$	6,028,724	\$	7,661,778
City's covered-employee payroll	(1)		N/A		N/A		N/A
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll			<u>0</u> %		<u>0</u> %		<u>0</u> %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability			<u>32.95600</u> %		<u>0.32956</u> %		0.32308%
Schedule of Con	<u>tribut</u>	ion	<u>18</u>				
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2)		-	\$	-	\$	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)		<u>\$</u>	-	\$		<u>\$</u> \$	-
City's covered payroll	(3)	Ψ	N/A	Ψ	N/A	Ψ	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	=		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

- (1) Not applicable since 0% proportional share of the net OPEB liability
- (2) Local employers are not required to contribute to the plan
- (3) These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

School Lunch — is used to account for a school lunch program and the federal and state grants that are included within that program.

Community Development – is used to account for community development block grants/small cities program funds which are principally used for developing viable urban communities by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment and expanding economic opportunities, principally for persons of low and moderate income

Other Special Revenue Funds — are used to account for the smaller special revenue programs not classified anywhere else.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Middle School Project — is used to account for the construction of the middle school.

Library Construction — is used to account for library improvements.

Land Acquisition — is used to account for acquisition of land designated by the City for conservation

Phase III Roadways – is used to account for pavement reconstruction and storm drainage improvements to repairs to certain City streets.

System-wide School Capital Improvements – is used to account for the improvements to the City's School improvements.

Other Capital Project Funds — are used to account for the smaller capital programs not classified anywhere else.

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue					
LOODER		School Lunch		mmunity velopment		Other Special enue Funds
ASSETS CHIRDENIT ACCETS						
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	150,417	¢	18,958	•	187,370
Receivables - intergovernmental	φ	27,158	Φ	25,000	φ	107,570
Receivables - other				75,897		_
Inventory		5,148		-		_
Due from other funds		-		_		_
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	182,723	\$	119,855	\$	187,370
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	124,773	\$	41,237	\$	-
Deferred revenue		-		87,249		187,370
Bond anticipation note payable		-		-		-
Due to other funds	_	-				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		124,773		128,486		187,370
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)		5 1 40				
Nonspendable Restricted		5,148 52,802		(8,631)		-
Assigned		52,602		(0,031)		_
Unassigned		-		_		_
Total fund balances (deficits)		57,950		(8,631)		_
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	182,723	\$	119,855	\$	187,370
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NO YEAR ENDED JUNE :			OVER	NMENTAI	. FUNI	OS
REVENUES						
Federal and State government	\$	606,837	\$	118,979	\$	-
Charges for services		44,627		-		-
Other		-		-		-
Interest on investments	_			55,487	-	
TOTAL REVENUES		651,464		174,466		-
EXPENDITURES General government				222,846		
Culture and recreation		-		-		-
Health and welfare		830,461		-		_
Capital outlay		50,975				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	881,436		222,846		
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(229,972)		(48,380)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in (out)	_			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(229,972)		(48,380)		-
Fund balance(deficit) at July 1, 2019		287,922		39,749		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)						
()						

	Middle				Capital	Pro	jects	Sv	stem-wide		Other		
	School		Library		Land	P	hase III	-	ool Capital		Capital		
	Project		nstruction	Ac	quisitions		oadways_		or capital provements		oject Funds		Total
¢	140 741	¢		¢.	60.422	¢	22.002	¢.	6.224	¢	6	\$	605 121
\$	148,741	\$	-	\$	69,423	\$	23,982	\$	6,234	\$	0	Э	605,131 52,158
	-		-		-		-		-		-		75,897
	-		-		-		-		-		-		5,148
	21 225		-		-		-		-		-		
Φ.	21,325	Φ.		Φ.	- (0. 122	Φ.	22.002	Ф		Φ.		Φ.	21,325
\$	170,066	\$		\$	69,423	\$	23,982	\$	6,234	\$	6	\$	759,659
\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	166,010
	-		_		_		_		_		-		274,619
	_		_		_		_		_		_		´-
	_		_		27,517		_		_		-		27,517
	-		-		27,517		-		-		-		468,146
													5 140
	-		-		41 006		22.092		6 224		-		5,148
	-		_		41,906		23,982		6,234		_		116,293
	170,066		-		-		-		_		6		170,072
	170,066				41,906		23,982		6,234		6	_	291,513
\$	170,066	\$	-	\$	69,423	\$	23,982	\$	6,234	\$	6	\$	759,659
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	725,816
	-		-		-		-		-		-		44,627
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		3		139		-		68		-		55,697
	-		3		139		-		68		-		826,140
	-		-		-		-		-		-		222,846
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		830,461
	2,371				-		18				9,105		62,469
	2,371						18				9,105		1,115,776
	(2,371)		3		139		(18)		68		(9,105)		(289,636)
	330,000		(106,007)		<u>-</u>				(22,254)		103,663		305,402
	327,629 (157,563)		(106,004) 106,004		139 41,767		(18) 24,000	\$	(22,186) 28,420		94,558 (94,552)		15,766 275,747
c		•		¢		¢				¢	·	¢	
\$	170,066	\$		\$	41,906	\$	23,982	\$	6,234	\$	6	\$	291,513



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others, and include Pension Trusts, Expendable Trusts, Non-Expendable Trusts and Agency Funds.

Agency Funds — utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and are used to account for student activities and school scholarship funds. The City's Agency Funds are listed below:

Student Scholarship Fund Student Activity Performance Bonds

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Balance		. d d:4:		Dalations		Balance
STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS	Ju	ly 1, 2019		Additions		Deletions	Jun	e 30, 2020
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	621,409	\$	227,892	\$	92,173	\$	757,128
LIABILITIES	-	0=1,102	*		-	, _, _, _	*	,
Due to student groups	\$	344,632	\$	154,739	\$	92,173	\$	407,198
Due to General Fund	Ψ	276,777	Ψ	73,153	Ψ	-	Ψ	349,930
Total Liabilities	\$	621,409	\$	227,892	\$	92,173	\$	757,128
STUDENT SCHOLARSHIP FUNDS	*	0==,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	, _, _, _	*	,
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	15,866	\$	70,775	\$	58,109	\$	28,532
Investments	Ψ	40,448	Ψ	2,729	Ψ	7,766	Ψ	35,411
Total Assets	\$	56,314	\$	73,504	\$	65,875	\$	63,943
LIABILITIES	Ψ	50,511	Ψ	75,501	Ψ	00,070	Ψ	03,7 13
Due to student groups	\$	56,314	\$	73,504	\$	65,875	\$	63,943
PERFORMANCE BONDS								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	3,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,500
LIABILITIES		-						
Due to developers	\$	3,500	\$		\$		\$	3,500
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS								
Cash	\$	640,775	\$	298,667	\$	150,282	\$	789,160
Investments		40,448		2,729		7,766	\$	35,411
Total Assets	\$	681,223	\$	301,396	\$	158,048	\$	824,571
LIABILITIES								
Due to student groups	\$	400,946	\$	228,243	\$	158,048	\$	471,141
Due to developers		3,500		-		-		3,500
Due to General Fund		276,777		73,153				349,930
Total Liabilities	\$	681,223	\$	301,396	\$	158,048	\$	824,571



CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Grand List Year	July 01, 2019 and Current List	Additions/ (Deductions)	to be Collected
2003	\$ 1,997	\$ (1,997)	\$ -
2004	2,080	-	2,080
2005	3,498	-	3,498
2006	5,239	-	5,239
2007	7,536	-	7,536
2008	23,938	(15,682)	8,256
2009	24,826	(16,276)	8,550
2010	33,959	(23,772)	10,187
2011	34,816	(20,211)	14,605
2012	39,562	(20,119)	19,443
2013	54,664	(20,347)	34,317
201`	96,681	(23,943)	72,738
2015	135,049	(16,187)	118,862
2016	257,608	(18,468)	239,140
2017	650,098	(20,940)	629,158
	1,371,551	(197,942)	1,173,609
2018	30,632,258	(80,922)	30,551,336
	\$ 32,003,809	\$ (278,864)	\$ 31,724,945

	Receivable			
Taxes	Interest	Lien Fees	Total	June 30, 2020
\$ -	-	-	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	2,080
1,575	2,511	48	4,13	1,923
-	-	-	-	5,239
968	63	24	1,05	6,568
1,645	991	48	2,68	6,611
468	1,357	24	1,84	9 8,082
(1,456)	691	24	(74	11,643
1,691	2,171	24	3,88	12,914
3,698	5,520	53	9,27	15,745
8,190	7,868	171	16,22	26,127
23,435	17,066	969	41,47	49,303
51,352	23,801	426	75,57	9 67,510
134,980	45,798	673	181,45	104,160
 412,738	74,628	2,056	489,42	216,420
639,284	182,465	4,540	826,28	534,325
 29,691,642	112,360	939	30,157,58	859,694
\$ 30,330,926	\$ 294,825	\$ 5,479	\$ 30,983,87	1,394,019

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED MUNICIPAL SECURITIES INFORMATION REPOSITORY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

3.54%

3.51%

2.27%

2.53%

3.54% 3.51%

2.27%

2.53%

Gross Grand List-October 1, 2018		\$ 729,210,555
Net Grand List-October 1, 2018		\$ 723,231,241
Ten Largest Taxpayers:		Grand List Assessment
United Illuminating Co.		\$ 12,927,589
Antinozzi, Peter, Concetta & Justine		77,774,240
500 NHA LLC		10,341,660
49 Pershing Drive LLC		9,425,500
Home Depot		8,203,720
Yankee Gas Services Co.		6,509,898
Realty Income SUB 318, LLC		5,441,380
Red Raider Derby LLC		5,086,620
Opuszynski Jean A		4,127,760
GMS Brothers & Sons, LLC		3,985,670
Debt Statement as of June 30, 2020:		
Short Term Debt		\$ 570,091
Long Term Debt		25,016,989
Total Direct Debt		25,587,080
Less: School construction grants		-
Total Net Direct Debt		\$ 25,587,080
Current Debt Ratios		
(Pro Forma)		
Population (2019)*		12,391
Net Grand List(Taxable) - October 1, 2018		\$ 723,231,241
Estimated Full Value (70%)		\$ 729,210,555
Equalized Net Taxable Grand List (2018)**		\$ 1,128,133,166
Money Income per Capita (2019)*		\$ 81,631
* Connecticut Economic Resource Center, Inc. (Cerc)		
** State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management		
	Total	Total Net
	Direct Debt	Direct Debt
Per Capita	2,065	2,065
	2 = 40/	2 = 40/

Ratio to Net Taxable Grand List

Ratio to Equalized Net Taxable Grand List

Per Capita to Money Income per Capita

Ratio to Estimated Full Value

FEDERAL SINGLE AUDIT AND STATE SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Board of Alderman and Members of the Board of Apportionment and Taxation City of Derby, Connecticut

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Derby, Connecticut as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Derby, Connecticut's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 22, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying *schedule of findings and questioned costs*, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City of Derby, Connecticut's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses as identified as items 20-1 to 20-7 and 20-15.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We considered the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiency as items 20-08 to 20-14.

City of Derby, Connecticut's Responses to Findings

City of Derby, Connecticut's responses to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of and questioned costs. City of Derby, Connecticut's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Derby, Connecticut's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

AO & Company, LLC Shelton, Connecticut July 22, 2021

July 22, 2021





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Board of Alderman and Members of the Board of Apportionment and Taxation City of Derby, Connecticut

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Derby, Connecticut's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Derby, Connecticut's major federal programs for the year ended City of Derby, Connecticut. City of Derby, Connecticut's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Derby, Connecticut's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, is-sued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance re-quire that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Derby, Connecticut's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Derby, Connecticut's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Derby, Connecticut complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Derby, Connecticut is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness and significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 20-15 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 20-14 to be a significant deficiency.

City of Derby, Connecticut's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Derby, Connecticut's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of City of Derby, Connecticut as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated July 22, 2021, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

AO & Company, LLC Shelton, Connecticut

July 22, 2021

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Pass-Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
Department of Education:				
Passed through the Connecticut Department of Education	ı:			
Title I, Part A	84.010	20679-2020-82070	\$ -	\$ 347,580
Title I, Part A	84.010	20679-2019-82070	-	74,109
Title I, Part A	84.010	20679-2018-82070	-	945
Title I, Part A	84.010	20679-2020-82071	-	169,093
Title I, Part A	84.010	20679-2019-82071	-	29,479
Title I, Part A	84.010	20679-2019-82071		15,551
		Title I, Part A Cluster	-	636,757
IDEA Sliver-Part B-Individuals with Disabilities	84.027	20977-2020-82032	-	292,826
IDEA Sliver-Part B-Individuals with Disabilities	84.027	20977-2019-82032	-	37,566
IDEA Part B-Preschool Grants Program	84.173	20983-2020-82032		15,320
IDEA Part B-Preschool Grants Program	84.173	20983-2019-82032		98
		Special Education Cluster	-	345,810
Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology	84.048	20742-2020-84010	-	23,183
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	20858-2020-84131	-	52,489
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	20858-2019-84131	-	2,561
				55,050
Title III-English	84.365	12060-SDE64370-20863	-	5,016
Title IV Part A Student Support Grant	84.424	22854-2020-82079	_	5,880
Title IV Part A Student Support Grant	84.424	22854-2019-82079	-	19,534
••				25,414
Educ Homeless Children & Youth	84.196	20770-2019-82079	-	22,249
Preschool development grant	84.419A	12060-2018-83004	-	23,248
Preschool development grant	84.419A	12060-2017-83004	_	42,840
Preschool development grant	84.419A	12060-2017-83004	_	1,800
Preschool development grant	84.419A	12060-2017-83004	_	4,750
Preschool development grant	84.419A	12060-2017-83004	-	6,000
1 0				78,638
	Total Departmen	nt of Education	-	1,192,117
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Passed through the Connecticut Department of Economic	-			
Small Cities Program	14.218	12060-DOH46920-20730	-	73,158
Department of Justice				
Passed through the Connecticut Office of Policy & Manag		12060 OD 120250 21021		10.000
Byrne (JAG) 2005	16.738	12060-OPM20350-21921	-	19,000
Department of Agriculture: Passed through the Connecticut Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	12060-SDE64370-20560	_	363,118
School Breakfast	10.553	12060-SDE64370-20508	_	125,366
Summer Food Program	10.559	12060-SDE64370-20540	_	43,291
Summer Food Program	10.559	12060-SDE64370-20548	-	4,455
		Child Nutrition Cluster		536,230
Passed through the Connecticut Department of Administra	ative Services:			•
Food distribution program - DAS Commodities	10.565			18,351
	Total Departmen	nt of Agriculture		554,581
TOTAL FEDER	RAL FINANCIAI	L AWARD EXPENDITURES	\$ -	\$ 1,838,856

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Derby, Connecticut, under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Derby, Connecticut, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in fund balance, changes in net position or cash flows of the City of Derby, Connecticut.

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3- NONCASH AWARDS

The City received and expended \$18,351 of USDA donated commodities under the National School Lunch Program.

NOTE 4- INDIRECT COST RECOVERY

City of Derby, Connecticut, did not recover its indirect costs using the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate provided under Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

SUMMARY STATEMENT

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements					
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmo	odified		
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness (es) identified? Significant Deficiencies identified that 		_X_	Yes		No
are not considered to be material weaknesses?		<u>X</u>	Yes		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial			•	**	
statements noted?			Yes	<u>X</u>	No
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:Material weakness(es) identified?Significant Deficiencies identified that		<u>X</u>	Yes		No
are not considered to be material weakness(es)?		<u>X</u>	Yes		None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	e	Unmoo	dified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Sect		<u>X</u>	Yes		No
Identification of major programs:					
Federal Grantor and Program	Federal <u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>E</u> 2	xpenditure		
Department of Agriculture Title I	10.555 and 10.553 84.010	<u>\$</u>	554,5 636,7 1,191,3	757	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between			\$750 OOC	.	
Type A and Type B programs:			\$750,000)	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes	X	No

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Our report on internal control over financial reporting indicated the following significant deficiencies:

*20-1 Double-Entry Accounting System

Finding: The City does not use double-entry accounting for all funds.

Criteria: The use of a double-entry accounting software system, including the preparation of a

balanced general ledger would improve the City's ability to detect accounting errors, provide the basis for monthly account and ledger reconciliations, and facilitate financial reporting for all Special Revenue Funds, Fiduciary Funds and its long-term debt and fixed

assets.

Condition: The City does not maintain a double-entry accounting system or process a general ledger

utilizing an accounting software system for all Special Revenue Funds, Fiduciary Funds and

its long-term debt and fixed assets.

Cause: The financial activity is maintained annually on ledger sheets for most of these funds and for

others the only sources of documentation are canceled checks and bank statements

Effect: The City does not have the ability to detect accounting errors, provide the basis for monthly

account and ledger reconciliations, and prepare meaningful financial reports.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City adopt a general ledger accounting software system for all funds

and activities, including federal and state financial assistance funds. The use of a double-entry accounting software system, including the preparation of a balanced general ledger would improve the City's ability to detect accounting errors, provide the basis for monthly account and ledger reconciliations, and facilitate financial reporting. The Chart of Accounts, developed for the General Fund, should be utilized for the other funds of the City to ensure consistency with account names and numbers and to develop an internal reporting package.

Management's

Response: The Board of Ed and certain small grants accounting and the Parking Garage are pending

completion. This Corrective Action is partially complete and additional set-up for the Board of Ed account needs to be completed and requires additional assistance in setting up the activity on their general ledger package. The projected completion date is June 30, 2022.

*20-2 Bank Reconciliations and Approval of Bank Reconciliations

Finding: Bank reconciliations were not formally prepared during the year for general fund checking

accounts.

Criteria: The Finance Department should be preparing the bank reconciliations and the Finance

Director should formally approve the bank reconciliations on all City bank accounts.

Cause: Lack of formal procedures.

Effect: Possible material errors could occur and not be detected timely.

Recommendation: We recommend that all bank reconciliations be prepared by the Finance department within a

reasonable period after the month end. These reconciliations should then be reviewed by the

Finance Director for accuracy and completeness.

Management's

Response: Segregation of duties were in place through December 2020. There was a reduction in staff,

which left the City with inadequate staffing levels to maintain the established segregation of duties. Funding is in place for a fully funded Finance Director, a Deputy Finance Director two assistant Finance Directors, and a part time bookkeeper. In addition, the new Finance Director is looking to assign additional duties to the elected Treasurer in this area. The

projected completion date is September 30, 2021.

*20-3 Availability of financial information

Finding: During the audit process, information from various departments related to numerous audit

schedules and related information was unavailable in a timely manner. The City's audit for the year ended June 30, 2020, did not start until November 2020. In addition, some

schedules and required information were not available for audit until June 2021.

Criteria: Information related to financial statements should be presented at the close of the fiscal year

or at a reasonable time thereafter.

Cause: Lack of year-end closing procedures.

Effect: The timely availability of information related to the financial statements has delayed the

completion of the audited financial statements and other submissions that rely upon the

audited financial statements.

Recommendation: The preparation of information relative to the financial statements in accordance with the

City of Derby, Connecticut's reporting requirements should be provided in a timely manner. Schedules, reports and other financial information related to the City's financial condition should be maintained monthly throughout the year, forwarded to the Finance Department when that information becomes available and reconciled to the books and records of the City. A review of the financial statements should be done by accounting personnel to

determine that all schedules and records are provided timely.

Management's

Response: The City held pre-audit meetings with staff to assign responsibility for providing materials,

and additional follow-up meetings will take place to ensure compliance with timely reporting and availability of information. The projected completion date is August 31, 2021.

*20-4 WPCA Purchase Order Approval Process

Finding: The bookkeeper performed recordkeeping, custodial and approval functions.

Criteria: The WPCA should have adequate segregation of duties and responsibilities to assure the

safeguarding of assets and the proper preparation of financial statements.

Cause: The WPCA (Agency) did not have adequate segregation of duties and responsibilities to

assure the safeguarding of assets and the proper preparation of financial statements. Certain

functions, such as receipt and listing of checks, preparation and review of bank reconciliations, approval of purchase orders and invoices and signing and distribution of checks, to provide the necessary checks and balances of the Agency's internal control, are performed by the same individual. This lack of segregation of duties results in inadequate financial control over the operation of the Agency.

Effect: Lack of segregation of duties may lead to errors, or improprieties could occur and go

undetected.

Recommendation: We recommend that the WPCA consider assigning additional personnel, independent of the

accounting function, to duties such as, receipt and listing of checks, preparation and review of bank reconciliations, approval of purchase orders and invoices and signing and distribution of checks to provide the necessary checks and balances of the Agency's internal control. Consideration should also be given to utilizing the cash receipts procedure and the purchase order and cash disbursement process of the WPCA to compensate for the lack of

personnel and segregation of duties in this Agency.

Management's

Response: In Fiscal Year 2019-2020 and Fiscal Year 2020-2021, additional signers were added were

added to the purchase order, check issuing process. In addition, a revenue clerk was hired to

assist with allowing for the adequate segregation of duties within the WPCA office.

*20-5 Accounts Payable Cut-off-Board of Education

Finding: The Board of Education's accounts payable were not properly recorded at year end on the

City's general ledger.

Criteria: Expenditures should be accrued when incurred in accordance with accounting principles

generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cause: Lack of monthly reconciliations with the City and Board Education ledgers.

Effect: Account payable and accrued payroll in the amount of \$2,146,114 were incurred as of June

30, 2020 and were not properly recorded.

Recommendation: We recommend that accounts payable and accrued payroll be recorded when incurred

monthly. A reconciliation with the City's general ledger and the Board of Education ledger should be done monthly to ensure that liabilities and expenditures are properly recorded.

Management's

Response: In 4th quarter Fiscal year 2019-2020, the Board of Education committed to adhering to cut-

off requirements are specified by the City and Auditor and use the cut-off date of September

30th going forward.

*20-6 Reconciliation of City and Board of Education Accounts

Finding: The Board of Education cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, income and

expenditures and City corresponding accounts were not reconciled at year end. In addition, there were several instances of netting of revenues against expenditures in the Board of

Education expenditures.

Criteria: A formal reconciliation should be performed monthly to ensure agreement of the City's

general ledger accounts with the Board of Education records.

Cause: No formal reconciliation process is being performed between the City and Board of

Education monthly.

Effect: Adjustment to various cash accounts and liability accounts were required.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Board of Education utilize the accounting system to reconcile cash,

accounts receivable, accounts payable, deferred inflows of financial resources in addition to the income and expenditure ledgers that are already being utilized to have a complete self-balancing set of accounts. The reconciliations should be to the general ledger. This will assist to quickly identify variances. That information should be timely shared between the City and Board of Education to ensure that both the City and Board of Education ledgers agree. Expenditures should be reported at gross amounts and any amounts received should be communicated to the City so those receipts can be properly classified and recorded. Various refunds that take place after the fiscal year for the previous fiscal year's

expenditures that were incurred and paid by the City should be returned to the City.

Management's

Response: This reconciliation was started as per the above in the 4th quarter Fiscal Year 2019-2020 and

continues improvement to comply with the Auditors Recommendation. Further work is being performed on the reconciliation process to ensure both ledgers agree, expenditures are

reported in gross amounts.

*20-7 Cash Account Activity- General Fund Operating and Board of Education

Finding: Various cash accounts had activity that was found not to be recorded in net

amounts.

Criteria: All cash activity should be recorded in the City's general ledger.

Cause: Lack of policies and procedures.

Effect: Cash accounts were contained significant errors that were not corrected by the Finance

Department timely.

Recommendation: We recommend that all cash transactions be reflected in the general ledger and that

transactions are reported at their gross amounts. In addition, accounts that have separate bank statements have separate general ledger accounts. All cash accounts should be

reconciled monthly and reviewed by the comptroller.

Management's

Response: This was implemented in 1st quarter Fiscal Year 2020-2021.

*20-8 Encumbrance System

Finding: The City departments are not fully utilizing the encumbrance system.

Criteria: The City's formal purchase order encumbrance system should be monitored to control its

appropriation expenditures.

Condition: The City has a formal purchase order encumbrance system in place to monitor and control

its appropriation expenditures. However, it appears that not all departments are fully utilizing the encumbrance system, and in some cases, purchase orders are dated after the

invoice and check date.

Cause: Lack of monitoring of the purchase order system.

Effect: Purchase orders are not used on a timely basis and encumbrances are not placed on

appropriation accounts.

Recommendation: For a fully effective purchase order system, all purchase orders should be prepared and

approved prior to the actual date of ordering the goods or services. When this process is being utilized, appropriation expenditures, which may be over expended, will be flagged

prior to any over expenditure.

Management's

Response: The City began utilization of the Encumbrance System in Fiscal Year 2019-2020 with full

utilization was completed in 2nd Fiscal Year 2020-2021.

*20-9 Interfund Transfers

Finding: Interfund balances are not repaid timely.

Criteria: Interfund transfers had been made by the City between projects in the Capital Projects and

Enterprise Funds that should be repaid on a timely basis.

Condition: Interfund transfers have been made by the City primarily between projects in the Capital

Projects funds and Enterprise Funds. In some cases, the transfers were not repaid when the

funds were available and interfund balances are outstanding at the balance sheet date.

Cause: No timely repayment procedures have been established.

Effect: Interfund transfers are outstanding for extended periods of time.

Recommendation: We recommend that all interfund transfers be repaid as soon as the funds are available, and

transfers be properly authorized by the appropriate board before being made.

Management's

Response: This practice was stopped in 4th quarter Fiscal Year 2019-2020.

*20-10 Compensated Absences-City

Finding: There is no formal reconciliation of compensated absences.

Criteria: The City should establish a policy of reconciling, on a regular basis or at year end, the

departmental employees' days for vacation, sick or personal leave to the payroll records.

Condition: Individual departments currently maintain compensated absence records for their

departmental employees entitled to compensated absences as dictated by various union

bargaining agreements

Cause: Individual departments currently maintain compensated absence records.

Effect: Lack of consistency of reporting compensated absences.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City establish a procedure for maintaining centralized records

related to available used and unused vacation, sick and personal leave days to properly evaluate the liability for compensated absences. This process should include a summary of the bargaining agreement provisions related to the various employee categorizes to be used by the individuals who are summarizing the compensated absence data. This centralized record should be related to the employee history files as generated from the payroll system

and should be reconciled to departmental records quarterly or semi-annually.

Management's

Response: The City is developing a formal manual process for tracking absences. Currently

implementing electronic badge reader for on-line recording which is tied into the payroll system. The third-party payroll system I sin test for electronically requesting, approving and

tracking time and time off. The projected completion date is September 30, 2021.

*20-11 Parking Authority

Finding: Parking ticket revenues are not recorded on an accrual basis.

Criteria: The revenue from the parking tickets should be recorded on the general ledger when they are

issued (accrual basis).

Condition: While the parking ticket system put in place in January of 1999 on a computerized parking

ticket system appears to be working properly, the revenue from the parking tickets is not being recorded on the general ledger until the tickets are paid (cash basis) instead of when they are issued (accrual basis). Parking tickets deemed uncollectible are not being written off nor is there a formal procedure for the acting director to authorize such write-offs, although in some cases, the acting director alone is authorizing corrections and write-offs.

Cause: Lack of understanding by the bookkeeper.

Effect: Untimely recording of revenues from parking tickets.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City of Derby consider assigning additional personnel, independent

of the accounting function to duties such as receipt and listing of checks, preparation and review of bank reconciliations, approval of purchase orders and invoices and signing and distribution of checks, to provide the necessary checks and balances of the internal control system. Consideration should also be given to utilizing the cash receipts procedure of the General Fund of the City of Derby to compensate for the lack of personnel and segregation of duties in this Division. We also recommend that all checks be issued to an individual or a company as opposed to cash as the payee and that for all subcontractors paid more than

\$600, that the appropriate 1099s be filed with the Internal Revenue Service.

Management's Response:

The City agrees with this Finding, Condition, and Recommendation. The current system deployed is not adequate. There was a change is staffing, and combined with COVID, the City stopped ticketing. The management of the facilities will soon transfer to a third party in 3rd quarter Fiscal Year 2021-2022. The city will reconcile with third party going forward for

revenue and expenses associated with the garage. The projected completion date is

September 30, 2021

*20-12 Revenues Classification

Finding: Revenues were not properly recorded in their respective general ledger accounts

Criteria: Revenues should be classified in their budgeted general ledger accounts.

Cause: There is no review of the revenue accounts done on a regular basis.

Effect: Audit adjustments of \$2,692,348 were proposed to reclassify grant revenues. Improper

assumptions can be made for budgeting revenues in future periods.

Recommendation: We recommend a review of the miscellaneous, grant and deferred revenue accounts prior to

internal and external reporting of financial information.

Management's

Response: It includes periodic review of the miscellaneous revenue account, in addition to how revenue

were classified prior to posting and during the reconciliation process. This was implemented

effective in the 4th quarter of Fiscal Year 2019-2020.

*20-13 Comingling of Funds

Finding: The Board of Education maintains one cash account for operations and grant. The

comingling of operational and grant monies makes it difficult if not impossible to reconcile

with the City.

Criteria: A separate bank account should be maintained for grant income and expenditures to

properly track inflows and outflows of grant monies. Assets such as grants receivable and liabilities such as deferred inflows and accounts payable should also be recorded and

reconciled monthly.

Cause: Improper classification of grant funds.

Effect: Significant errors can occur and not be timely detected. Also see findings 20-01, 20-05, 20-

06.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Board of Education utilize the accounting system to reconcile cash,

accounts receivable, accounts payable, deferred inflows of financial resources in addition to the income and expenditures for educational grants. In addition, we recommend moving the grant accounting from the General Fund to a Special Revenue Fund where it is better

classified.

Management's

Response: This was completed in Fiscal Year 2019-2020, when a new account was opened for the

Board of Ed to prevent the comingling of funds at the Board of Education. They are working

to complete this corrective action in Fiscal Year 2020-2021.

*20-14 Federal and State Single Audit Schedules

Finding: The Finance Department did not prepare a schedule of expenditures of federal awards and

state financial assistance for the year ended June 30, 2020. These schedules are derived from federal and state grant awards received by the General Government and the Board of Education of the City. The Board of Education grant awards primarily are passed through the State Department of Education, while the City receives their grants primarily through the State Department of Housing and Urban Development, the State Department of Health and Human Resources, the State Department of Agriculture and the Office of Policy and Management. The preparation of these schedules of expenditures has, in the past, been made by the auditors, including decision making concerning the federal CFDA number, the pass-through entity number and the amount of federal and state expenditures incurred by the City for the fiscal year. The auditor then reports on the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Assistance and renders his opinion with respect to the compliance with laws, regulations, contracts and grants and with the City's internal control

over compliance with requirements of the laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

Criteria: The schedules of federal awards and state financial assistance are required to be prepared by

the City.

Cause: Lack of a staff member assigned to identify and obtain grant revenue and prepare the

appropriate federal and state financial schedules.

Effect: The auditor is preparing these schedules and auditing them.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Finance Department and/or the Board of Education annually

prepare the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance to be presented to the auditor for audit. The auditor can then render an opinion with respect to compliance with and internal control over compliance with laws, regulations, contracts and grants. This will provide the proper segregation of responsibilities over the preparation of

the schedules and the rendering of an opinion of these schedules.

Management's

Response: The City will work with the auditor in the coming months to establish protocols and

determine staffing required to meet this recommendation. The projected completion date is

September 30, 2021.

*20-15 Community Development Agency

Finding: The bookkeeper performs recordkeeping, custodial and approval functions.

Criteria: The Community Development Agency should have adequate segregation of duties and

responsibilities to assure the safeguarding of assets and the proper preparation of financial

statements.

Cause: The Community Development Agency (Agency) does not have adequate segregation of

duties and responsibilities in order to assure the safeguarding of assets and the proper preparation of financial statements. Certain functions, such as receipt and listing of checks, preparation and review of bank reconciliations, approval of purchase orders and invoices and signing and distribution of checks, to provide the necessary checks and balances of the Agency's internal control, are performed by the same individual. This lack of segregation of duties results in inadequate financial control over the operation of the Agency. Additionally, certain administrative expenses (wages, payroll taxes etc.) and the corresponding appropriation (revenue), paid by the City of Derby's General Fund, are not being timely

recorded on the books of the Agency.

Effect: Lack of segregation of duties may lead to errors, or improprieties could occur and go

undetected.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City consider assigning additional personnel, independent of the

accounting function, to duties such as, receipt and listing of checks, preparation and review of bank reconciliations, approval of purchase orders and invoices and signing and distribution of checks to provide the necessary checks and balances of the Agency's internal control. Consideration should also be given to utilizing the cash receipts procedure and the purchase order and cash disbursement process of the General Fund of the City of Derby to compensate for the lack of personnel and segregation of duties in this Agency. Additionally, procedures should be established to timely allocate and record certain administrative expenses on the books and records of the Agency to specific funds received for Community

Development and various grant purposes.

Management's

Response: Funding is in place to fully staff the finance department, which will allow the new Finance

Director the staff and availability to comply with the recommendation from the auditor. The

projected completion date is September 30, 2021.

^{*} indicates that these findings are repeated from the previous year.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Findings or questioned costs relating to Federal Award Programs are as follows: Items 20-14 and 20-15 (page 19 to 20) of which we consider item 20-15 to be a material weakness.

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

*19-1 Double-Entry Accounting System

Finding: The City does not use double-entry accounting for all funds.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-1.

*19-2 Bank Reconciliations and Approval of Bank Reconciliations

Finding: Bank reconciliations were not formally prepared during the year for general fund checking

accounts.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-2.

*19-3 Availability of financial information

Finding: During the audit process, information from various departments related to numerous audit

schedules and related information was unavailable in a timely manner. The City's audit for the year ended June 30, 2019, did not start until November 2019. In addition, some

schedules and required information were not available for audit until January 2020.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-3.

*19-4 WPCA Purchase Order Approval Process

Finding: The WPCA's bookkeeper is performed recordkeeping, custodial and approval functions.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-4.

*19-5 Accounts Payable Cut-off-Board of Education

Finding: The Board of Education's accounts payable were not properly recorded at year end on the

City's general ledger.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-5.

19-6 Reconciliation of City and Board of Education

Finding: The Board of Education and City were not reconciled at year end.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-6.

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

*19-7 Cash Account Activity- General Fund Operating, Board of Education and Self Insurance Accounts

Finding: Various cash accounts had activity that was found not to be recorded or recorded in net

amounts.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-7.

19-8 Budgeting

Finding: The City significantly overestimated grant revenues in the original budget.

Disposition: This finding has been corrected.

*19-9 Encumbrance System

Finding: The City departments are not fully utilizing the encumbrance system.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-8.

*19-10 Special Assessments/Collection Efforts

Finding: Special Assessments are not actively collected.

Disposition: This finding has been corrected.

*19-11 Interfund Transfers

Finding: Interfund balances are not repaid timely.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-9.

*19-12 Compensated Absences-City

Finding: There is no formal reconciliation of compensated absences.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-10.

*19-13 Parking Authority

Finding: Parking ticket revenues are not recorded on an accrual basis.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-11.

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

*19-14 Revenues Classification

Finding: Revenues were not properly recorded in their respective general ledger accounts

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-12.

*19-15 Accounts Receivable Cut-off

Finding: Accounts Receivable were not recorded at year end.

Disposition: This finding has been corrected.

19-16 Comingling of Funds

Finding: The Board of Education maintains one cash account for operations and grant. The

comingling of operational and grant monies makes it difficult if not impossible to reconcile

with the City.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-13.

*19-17 Federal and State Single Audit Schedules

Finding: The Finance Department did not prepare a schedule of expenditures of federal awards and

state financial assistance for the year ended June 30, 2020. These schedules are derived from federal and state grant awards received by the General Government and the Board of Education of the City. The Board of Education grant awards primarily are passed through the State Department of Education, while the City receives their grants primarily through the State Department of Housing and Urban Development, the State Department of Health and Human Resources, the State Department of Agriculture and the Office of Policy and Management. The preparation of these schedules of expenditures has, in the past, been made by the auditors, including decision making concerning the federal CFDA number, the pass-through entity number and the amount of federal and state expenditures incurred by the City for the fiscal year. The auditor then reports on the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Assistance and renders his opinion with respect to the compliance with laws, regulations, contracts and grants and with the City's internal control

over compliance with requirements of the laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-14.

*19-18 Community Development Agency

Finding: The bookkeeper performs recordkeeping, custodial and approval functions.

Disposition: This finding is repeated in the current year's finding as 20-15.

^{*} indicates that these findings are repeated from the previous year.





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT ACT

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Board of Alderman and Members of the Board of Apportionment and Taxation City of Derby, Connecticut

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited City of Derby, Connecticut's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Office of Policy and Management's *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Derby, Connecticut's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. City of Derby, Connecticut's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Derby, Connecticut's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Single Audit Act (C.G.S. Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Those standards and the State Single Audit Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Derby, Connecticut's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Derby, Connecticut's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, City of Derby, Connecticut, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of City of Derby, Connecticut, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State Single Audit Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Derby, Connecticut's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness and significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 20-15 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 20-14 to be significant deficiency.

City of Derby, Connecticut's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Derby, Connecticut's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of State Single Audit Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act

We have audited the financial statements of City of Derby, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated July 22, 2021, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State Single Audit Act and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

AO & Company, LLC Shelton, Connecticut July 22, 2021

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	State Grant Program Identification Number	Pass-Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures	
Department of Education:				
Alliance Grant	11000-SDE64370-17041	\$ -	\$ 1,347,733	
Alliance Grant	11000-SDE64370-17041	-	133,725	
Talent Development	11000-SDE64370-12552	-	5,000	
Commissioner's Network	11000-SDE64370-12547	-	69,460	
Extended School Hours	11000-SDE64370-17108	-	7,402	
School Accountability	11000-SDE64370-17109	-	29,025	
Adult Education	11000-SDE64370-17030	-	129,816	
Priority School Districts	11000-SDE64370-17043	-	434,593	
Priority School Districts	11000-SDE64370-17043	-	173,273	
Pri Priority School Districts-Summer school	11000-SDE64370-17043	-	7,257	
Healthy Foods	11000-SDE64370-16212	-	14,115	
Breakfast Program	11000-SDE64370-17046	-	11,468	
Child Nutrition State Match	11000-SDE64370-16211	_	7,409	
Youth Service Bureau	11000-SDE64370-16201	_	8,656	
Youth Service Bureau	11000-SDE64370-17052	_	14,000	
Health and Welfare - Private Schools	11000-SDE64370-17034	_	8,917	
		-	2,401,849	
Office of Early Childhood:				
School Readiness	11000-OEC64845-16274-83014	-	121,812	
Preschool Development Grant	12052-OEC64845-22705-83004	-	64,260	
Smart Start	12052-OEC64845-16279-83004	-	150,000	
Child Care Quality Enhancement	11000-OEC64845-16158-82079		3,881	
		-	339,953	
Office of Policy and Management:	11000 071 (2000 1700 1		20.550	
PILOT: State owned property	11000-OPM20600-17004	-	29,550	
Reimburse Prop Tax-Disability Exemption	11000-OPM20600-17011	-	2,228	
Property Tax Relief for Veterans	11000-OPM20600-17024	-	17,250	
PILOT: Private Colleges and General Hospitals	11000-OPM20600-17006	-	690,309	
Local Capital Improvement Program	12050-OPM20600-40254	-	279,908	
Municipal Grants-in-Aid	12052-OPM20600-43587		14,728	
		-	1,033,973	
Department of Transportation:				
Fees and Permits	12062-DOT57124-22108	_	42	
Fees and Permits	13033-DOT57124-41390	_	148	
Town Aid Road Grant-STO	12052-DOT57131-43459	_	131,958	
Town Aid Road Grants muni	12052-DOT57131-43455	_	131,958	
		-	264,106	
Department of Economic and Community Development	nent:			
Urban Act Grant	13019-ECD46210-41240	-	45,821	

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	State Grant Program Identification Number	Pass-Through to Subrecipients	Ех	penditures
Department of Environmental Protection:				
Municipal Loan-Land Acquisition	12052-DEP43153-43615	_		551,750
Environmental Conservation Fund	11000-DEP44910-12491	-		1,801
Nitrogen credits	21016-OTT14230-42407	-		10,704
5		-		564,255
Department of Justice:				
Other expenses	11000-JUD95405-10020	-		4,649
Non-Budgeted Operating Appropriation	34006-JUD95162-40001			5,925
		-		10,574
Connecticut State Library:				
Connecticard	11000-CSL66051-17010	-		3,395
Historic Document Preservation Grant	11000-CLS66094-35150			5,500
		-		8,895
TOTAL STATE FINANCIAL ASSIST	-		4,669,426	
EXEMPT PROGRAMS				
Department of Education:				
Education Cost Sharing	11000-SDE64370-17041	-		6,841,961
Special Education-Excess Costs	11000-SDE64370-17047	-		778,102
Municipal Stabilization Grant	1100-OPM20600-17104			205,327
Office of Policy and Management:		-		7,825,390
Mashantucket Pequot	12009-OPM20600-17005	_		207,304
manantucket i equot	TOTAL EXEMPT PROGRAMS			8,032,694
TOTAL		<u>-</u>	Φ.	
101	AL STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE	2 -	<u>\$</u>	12,702,120

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Various departments and agencies of the State Government have provided financial assistance to the City of Derby, Connecticut through grants and other authorizations in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. This financial assistance funds several programs including housing, education, health and human services and general government activities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies relating to the aforementioned grant programs.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements contained in the City's annual audit report are prepared on the modified accrual basis. The following is a summary of such basis:

- Revenues are recognized when earned. Certain grants are recognized based on grant award since they are considered entitlement grants; other grants, which are dependent upon expenditure factors for determining eligibility, recognize grant revenue to the extent of expenditures.
- Expenditures are recorded on the accrual basis; i.e. recognized when incurred.

The Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, contained in this report, is prepared based on regulations established by the State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management. In accordance with these regulations (Section 4-236-22), certain grants are not dependent on expenditure activity, and accordingly, are considered to be expended in the fiscal year of receipt. These grant program receipts are reflected in the expenditures column of the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance.

2. LOAN PROGRAM

In accordance with Section 4-236-23(a)(4)(F) of the Regulations to the State Single Audit Act, the notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance shall include loans and loan activities. The following is a summary of the loan program activity for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Department of Environmental Protection:

Clean Water Funds 21014-OTT14230-4001:

Issue	Interest	Original	Balance				Bala	nce
Date	Rate	Amount	July 1, 2019	Issued]	Retired	June 3	0, 2020
367CFeb 200	1 2%	\$ 2,347,440	\$ 78,248	\$	- \$	78,248	\$	-0-

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements		
Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
 Material weakness (es) identified? Significant deficiencies identified? Noncompliance material to financial statem 		No No _X No
State Financial Assistance		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiencies identified?	X Yes X Yes	No No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 4-236-24 of the Regulations to the State Single Audit Act? • The following schedule reflects the major progr State Grantor	x Yes rams included in the audit:	No
And Program	Identification Number	Expenditures
Office of the Policy and Management: PILOT: Private Colleges and General Hospitals Local Capital Improvement Program	11000-OPM20600-17006 12050-OPM20600-40254	\$ 690,309 279,908
Department of Education:		
Priority School Districts Alliance Grant	11000-SDE64370-17043 11000-SDE64370-17041	607,866 1,347,733
Department of Environmental Protection:		
Municipal Loan-Land Acquisition	12052-DEP43153-43615	551,750
Department of Transportation: Town Aid Road Grant-STO Town Aid Road Grants muni	12052-DOT57131-43459 12052-DOT57131-43455	131,958 131,958
	Total	\$ 3,741,482
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	<u>\$200,00</u>	<u>0</u>

CITY OF DERBY, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

II. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

- We issued reports, dated July 22, 2021, on compliance and on internal control over financial reporting based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- Our report on compliance indicated no reportable instances of noncompliance.
- Our report on internal control over financial reporting indicated significant deficiencies as items 20-1 to 20-15 (page 12 to 20) of which we consider items 20-1 to 20-7 and 20-15 to be material weaknesses.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Findings or questioned costs relating to State financial assistance programs are as follows: Items 20-14 and 20-15 (page 19 to 20) of which we consider item 20-15 to be a material weakness.

DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

The dispositions of prior year's significant deficiencies are reported as items 19-1 to 19-18 on pages 22 to 24.



Mayor Richard Dziekan

One Elizabeth Street City of Derby, Connecticut 06418 rdziekan@derbyct.gov

*20-1 Double-Entry Accounting System

Finding:

The City does not use double-entry accounting for all funds.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action:

The Board of Ed and certain small grants accounting and the Parking Garage are pending completion. This Corrective Action is partially complete and additional setup for the Board of Ed account needs to be completed and requires additional

assistance in setting up the activity on their general ledger package.

Name of Contact Person:

Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456,

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

John Passarelli Business Manager Derby Public Schools, (203) 446-3933,

ipassarelli@derbyps.org

Projected Completion Date: June 30, 2022

*20-2 Bank Reconciliations and Approval of Bank Reconciliations

Finding:

Bank reconciliations were not formally prepared during the year for general fund checking accounts.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with this Finding, Condition, and Recommendation.

Corrective Action:

Segregation of duties were in place through December 2020. There was a reduction in staff, which left the City with inadequate staffing levels to maintain the established segregation of duties. Funding is in place for a fully funded Finance Director, a Deputy Finance Director two assistant Finance Directors, and a part time bookkeeper. In addition, the new FD is looking to assign additional duties to the

elected Treasurer in this area.

Name of Contact Person:

Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456.

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

Projected Completion Date: September 30, 2021

*20-3 Availability of financial information

Finding: The City's audit for the year ended June 30, 2020, did not start until November

2020. In addition, some schedules and required information were not available for

audit until June 2021.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action:

The City held pre-audit meetings with staff to assign responsibility for providing materials, and additional follow-up meetings will take place to ensure compliance

with timely reporting and availability of information.

Name of Contact Person:

Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456,

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

John Passarelli Business Manager Derby Public Schools, (203) 446-3933,

jpassarelli@derbyps.org

Projected Completion Date: August 31, 2021

*20-4 WPCA Purchase Order Approval Process

Finding: The bookkeeper performed recordkeeping, custodial and approval functions.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action:

In Fiscal Year 2019-2020 and Fiscal Year 2020-2021, additional signers were added were added to the purchase order, check issuing process. In addition, a revenue clerk was hired to assist with allowing for the adequate segregation of duties within the

WPCA office.

Name of Contact Person:

Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456.

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

Marcy McGuire, WPCA (203) 736-1465, mmcquire@derbyct.gov

Projected Completion Date: This has been correct June 30, 2020.

*20-5 Accounts Payable Cut-off-Board of Education

Finding: The Board of Education's accounts payable were not properly recorded at year end

on the City's general ledger.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action: In 4th quarter Fiscal year 2019-2020, the Board of Education committed to adhering

to cut-off requirements are specified by the City and Auditor and use the cut-off date

of September 30th going forward.

Name of Contact Person: John Passarelli Business Manager Derby Public Schools, (203) 446-3933,

jpassarelli@derbyps.org

Projected Completion Date: June 30, 2021

*20-6 Reconciliation of City and Board of Education Accounts

Finding: The Board of Education cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, income and

expenditures and City corresponding accounts were not reconciled at year end. In addition, there were several instances of netting of revenues against expenditures in

the Board of Education expenditures.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence: The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action: This reconciliation was started as per the above in the 4th quarter Fiscal Year 2019-

2020 and continues improvement to comply with the Auditors Recommendation. Further work is being performed on the reconciliation process to ensure both ledgers

agree, expenditures are reported in gross amounts.

Name of Contact Person: Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456,

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

John Passarelli Business Manager Derby Public Schools, (203) 446-3933,

jpassarelli@derbyps.org

Projected Completion Date: June 30, 2021

*20-7 Cash Account Activity- General Fund Operating and Board of Education

Finding: Various cash accounts had activity that was found not to be recorded in

net amounts.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence: The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action: Transaction will be recorded in gross amounts, and

Name of Contact Person: Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456,

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

John Passarelli Business Manager Derby Public Schools, (203) 446-3933,

jpassarelli@derbyps.org

Projected Completion Date: This was implemented in 1st quarter Fiscal Year 2020-2021.

*20-8 Encumbrance System

Finding: The City departments are not fully utilizing the encumbrance system.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence: The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action: The City began utilization of the Encumbrance System in Fiscal Year 2019-2020.

Name of Contact Person: Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456,

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

Projected Completion Date: Full utilization was completed in 2nd Fiscal Year 2020-2021.

*20-9 Interfund Transfers

Finding:

Interfund balances are not repaid timely.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action:

The City will stop or minimize Inter-Fund Transfers.

Name of Contact Person:

Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456,

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

Projected Completion Date: This practice was stopped in 4th quarter Fiscal Year 2019-2020.

*20-10 Compensated Absences-City

Finding:

There is no formal reconciliation of compensated absences.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action:

The City is developing a formal manual process for tracking absences. Currently implementing electronic badge reader for on-line recording which is tied into the payroll system. The third-party payroll system I sin test for electronically

requesting, approving and tracking time and time off.

Name of Contact Person:

Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456,

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

Projected Completion Date: September 30, 2021

*20-11 Parking Authority

Finding:

Parking ticket revenues are not recorded on an accrual basis.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action:

The City agrees with this Finding, Condition, and Recommendation. The current system deployed is not adequate. There was a change is staffing, and combined with COVID, the City stopped ticketing. The management of the facilities will soon transfer to a third party in 3rd quarter Fiscal Year 2021-2022. The city will reconcile with third party going forward for revenue and expenses associated with the garage.

Name of Contact Person:

Andrew Baklik 203 736-1450

Projected Completion Date: September 30, 2021

*20-12 Revenues Classification

Finding:

Revenues were not properly recorded in their respective general ledger accounts

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence.

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action:

It includes periodic review of Miscellaneous Revenue account, in addition to how

revenue were classified prior to posting and during the reconciliation process.

Name of Contact Person:

Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456,

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

Projected Completion Date: This was implemented effective in the 4th quarter of Fiscal Year 2019-2020.

*20-13 Comingling of Funds

Finding:

The Board of Education maintains one cash account for operations and grant. The comingling of operational and grant monies makes it difficult if not impossible to

reconcile with the City.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action:

This was completed in Fiscal Year 2019-2020, when a new account was opened for the Board of Ed to prevent the comingling of funds at the Board of Education. They

are working to complete this corrective action in Fiscal Year 2020-2021.

Name of Contact Person:

John Passarelli Business Manager Derby Public Schools, (203) 446-3933,

jpassarelli@derbyps.org

Projected Completion Date: December 30, 2021

*20-14 Federal and State Single Audit Schedules

Finding:

The Finance Department did not prepare a schedule of expenditures of federal

awards and state financial assistance for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action:

The City will work with the auditor in the coming months to establish protocols and

determine staffing required to meet this recommendation.

Name of Contact Person:

Agata Herasimowicz Finance Director, (203) 736-1456,

aherasimowicz@derbyct.gov

John Passarelli Business Manager Derby Public Schools, (203) 446-3933,

jpassarelli@derbyps.org

Projected Completion Date: September 30, 2021

*20-15 Community Development Agency

Finding:

The bookkeeper performs recordkeeping, custodial and approval functions.

Statement of Concurrence

or Nonconcurrence:

The City agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action:

Funding is in place to fully staff the finance department, which will allow the new Finance Director the staff and availability to comply with the recommendation from

the auditor.

Name of Contact Person:

Andrew Baklik (203) 736-1496, abaklik@derbyct.gov

Projected Completion Date: September 30, 2021

* indicates that these findings are pepeated from the previous year.

Signed:

Title: Mayor, City of Derby