State of Connecticut Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission



Connecticut Criminal Justice Cross-Training Conference Friday, August 20, 2010

State of Connecticut OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL



Workshop on: LIABILITY ISSUES - THE ROLE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

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State of Connecticut OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL



- ☐ The role of the Public Safety Department at the Office of the Attorney General
- ☐ representing state employees, including representing public defenders, prosecutors, probation officers, parole officers and employees of the Department of Correction, and UCONN Correctional Managed Health Care.

AGENDA and OBJECTIVES



- □Role of the Attorney General's Office
- □Indemnification of State Employees
- □Personal Liability
- □How to Protect Yourself and Avoid Liability
- □2009-2010 Update of Legal Issues / Cases
- ■Questions

Attorney General's Office Department 7 – Public Safety



- <u>Dep't. Head</u> –
- □ Terrence O'Neill
- Richard Biggar
- ☐ Steven Strom
- MadelineMelchionne
- DeAnn Varunes
- Stephen Sarnoski

- Ann Lynch
- Lynn Wittenbrink
- Robert Fiske
- Matthew Beizer
- Neil Parille
- Carmel Motherway
- James Caley

Conn. Gen. Stat. 3-125

- The Attorney General shall have general supervision over <u>all legal matters</u> in which the state is an interested party, except those legal matters over which prosecuting officers have direction.
- He shall appear for the state, the Governor, ...and for all heads of departments and state boards, commissioners, agents, in all suits and other civil proceedings, ... in which the official acts and doings of said officers are called in question, ...

Civil v. Criminal Authority

State Civil Authority

State Criminal Authority





Chief State's Attorneys and State's Attorneys

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Public Safety & Special Revenue Unit Agencies, Boards & Commissions Represented



- Dept. of Public Safety
 Dept. of Correction
 Dept. of Homeland Security & Office of Adult Probation
 Emergency Management
 Police Officer Standards & Division of Criminal Justice
 Training Council
 Board of Pardons & Paroles

 - Office of the Public Defender Uvenile Justice Division
 - Board of Firearms Permit □ Court Support Services

 Examiners □ Division (Probation, Juvenile

 Detention)



Indemnification

Connecticut General Statutes 5-141d

State officers/employees to be <u>indemnified</u> for losses suffered as a result of official acts or omissions not wanton, reckless or malicious in nature

Attorney General required to provide for employee's defense unless he determines it to be inappropriate to do so

The State will pay any \$\$\$ damages if you acted "within the scope of employment" in the lawful discharge of your duties



Statutory Immunity

Connecticut General Statutes 4-165

- Individual state officer/employee immune from personal liability for official conduct not wanton, reckless or malicious
- Injured claimant must obtain permission to sue the State of Connecticut directly from Claims Commissioner
- The State, not the individual, becomes liable for any wrongdoing found



Denial of Representation

- Trooper requesting sexual favors in lieu of traffic citation
- Trooper secretly videotaping female while changing clothes
- Employee destroying legal papers which should have been stored in inmate property in retaliation for lawsuit
- Officer assaulted inmate while restrained for no legitimate purpose

Types of Lawsuits Offenders Can File



- ☐ Civil Rights Actions 42 U.S.C. 1983
- Habeas Corpus Petitions
- Claims in the Claims Commission
- ☐ State Court Tort Actions
- FOI Complaints
- CHRO Complaints



Civil Rights Lawsuits

- Plaintiff (prisoner, parolee, probationer, criminal defendant) Sues State Employee in his/her Individual capacity
- □ \$\$\$\$ Individual money damages
- Compensatory or nominal damages
 - + punitive damages
- Jury trial
- Court Order (injunction) to Prohibit Certain Conduct or Requires certain conduct



Individual Capacity

Service of Process

- 1. In-Hand
- 2. At Your "Abode" or Residence
- 3. By Mail

Waiver of Service

Notify the Office of the Attorney General explaining that you received the complaint and include a copy of the complaint and Waiver. All correspondence shall be mailed to: Office of the Attorney General, MacKenzie Hall, 110 Sherman Street, Hartford, CT 06105-2294.

Personal Liability and Individual Capacity Lawsuit



- □ Sullins v. Rodriguez, 281 Conn. 128 (2007)
- State employees may be held personally liable when sued as individuals for actions taken in their official capacities and thus,
- □ under color of law.

HABEAS CORPUS PETITIONS



Inmate Petitioner sues the Warden

- No money damages
- Court Order to Do Something
- Court Order to Prohibit Certain Conduct

- Sentence Calculations
- Parole eligibility
- Medical care
- Mental Health Care
- Personal Safety
- Special Diets
- Disciplinary Reports
- Segregation
- Vacate Plea Bargain
- Inadequate Assistance of Counsel

Freedom of Information Commission (FOIC)



- Any and all records "maintained" are "public records"
- Exemptions are narrowly construed
- Burden is on party claiming the exemption to prove the document is not a "public record" and should be exempt from disclosure

PUBLIC DEFENDER LAWSUITS



- Rodriguez v. Moscowitz CV-07-5012304S JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF NEW HAVEN 2008 Conn. Super. LEXIS 525 (March 6, 2008)
- Moscowitz was appointed as a special public defender
- motion to dismiss is granted



Public Defender Lawsuits

☐ General Statute 4-165 provides in pertinent part: "(a) No state officer or employee shall be personally liable... (b) For the purposes of this section, (1) 'scope of employment' includes but is not limited to, (A) representation by an attorney . . . appointed by the court as a special assistant public defender . . . "

Public Defender – No State Action



□ The requirement that the defendant act under color of state law is a "jurisdictional requisite for a 1983 action." Polk County v. Dodson, 454 U.S. 312, 315, 102 S.Ct 445, 70 L.Ed.2d 509 (1981).

"[A] public defender does not act under color of state law [for 42 U.S.C. 1983 purposes] when performing a lawyer's traditional functions as counsel to a defendant in a criminal proceeding." *Polk County v. Dodson, supra,* 454 U.S. 325.

Inffective Assistance of Counsel (IAC) Claims – Habeas Petitions

- □ Handled by State's Attorneys' Office - Not the AAG's
- □ claims of ineffective counsel implicate the validity of the original conviction, such claims must be introduced through a habeas corpus action or a petition for new trial." State v. Leecan, 198 Conn. 517, 541, 504 A.2d 480, cert. denied 476 U.S. 1184, 106 S. Ct. 2922, 91 L.Ed. 2d 550 (1986);

PROBATION OFFICER LAWSUITS



- ☐ KERPEN v. WILLIAM DELUCA,
 MICHAEL SANTESE, AND THOMAS
 CANNY
- state probation officers, "manufactured victim impact statements" in his presentence report.
- absolute immunity "from claims for damages in the preparation and furnishing of presentence reports to trial courts." Peary v. Ajello, 470 F. 3d 65, 68 (2d Cir. 2006)

Probation Officer Lawsuits/ Liability



- □ Failure to Supervise Failure to Enforce Conditions of Probation
- ESTATE OF LESLIE KARP Claim
- While on suspended prosecution used/tested positive for cocaine
- □ No VOP probationer drove/killed Dr.Karp discretionary not forseeable
- Claim was denied

Probation Officer Lawsuits/ Liability



- Claim of Kelly Lombard
- Murdered by inmate residing in halfway house
- Protective orders / No Contact w. victim condition
- Victim's father contacted DOC & HWH
- Victim continued to visit I/M
- ☐ HWH allowed contact and settled \$\$\$

Prosecutor Lawsuits / Liability



- □ Prosecutors have absolute immunity from civil actions. Malley v. Briggs, 475 U.S. 335, 342 (1986); Imbler v. Pachtman, 424 U.S. 409, 420, 430 (1976). "Prosecutorial immunity derives from the immunity attached to judicial proceedings." DeLaurentis v. New Haven, 220 Conn. 225, 241(1991).
- Prosecutorial immunity, while extensive, it is not all-encompassing, particularly when prosecutors act in an investigatory capacity.



Prosecutor Liability

Exculpatory result of post-trial DNA testing, was not timely disclosed to plaintiff, who was in jail for a murder that the DNA testing ultimately showed he did not commit. Because the testing was undertaken in connection with post-trial proceedings and was therefore integral to the advocacy function, the prosecutors enjoy absolute immunity under

Warney v. Monroe County, 587 F.3d 113, 115 (2d Cir. N.Y. 2009)

OUR OFFICE WILL DEFEND YOU, ... even if



- □ In Rogers v. ASA DeJoseph, the defendant prosecutor punched the plaintiff, in open court, after the plaintiff had some cross words with the criminal judge.
- not a typical case and immunity would not apply.
- Nevertheless, it may be encouraging to prosecutors to know that, provided they act in good faith, our office will defend cases such as this.

How to Protect Yourself and the State



- ALWAYS BE PROFESSIONAL
- ☐ FOLLOW ALL AGENCY POLICIES
- COMPLY WITH PROCEDURES
- RESPECT INMATE'S RIGHTS
- KEEP CAREFUL DETAILED RECORDS
- KNOW YOUR DIRECTIVES, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
- BE AWARE OF CLEARLY ESTABLISHED CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

How to Protect Yourself and the State



- Perform all duties in "good faith," in keeping with the Constitution of the United States, the State of Connecticut, existing statutes, and DOC policies and procedures
- Avoid any omissions of duties that are wanton, willful, malicious, or negligent
- Implement and enforce court orders
- When in doubt, obtain direction from your Supervisor, and/or legal counsel



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