

STATE OF CONNECTICUT Office of Policy and Management

State Strategic Plan for 2018 JAG Application August 2018

Office of Policy and Management
Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division
450 Capitol Avenue Hartford, CT 06106

Background

The State of Connecticut has a centralized and unified criminal justice system. Connecticut is divided into 169 municipalities. There is no county government. There is no overlap of functions such as might arise with county government or a multi-tier court system. The Judicial Branch operates a single tier, unified court system with an intermediate appellate court and a supreme court. With the exception of local police services in the larger communities, all criminal justice functions are provided by state agencies.

All of the criminal and juvenile justice formula grant programs emanating from the U. S. Department of Justice, except the Victims of Crime Act, are administered by the same unit within the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division of the Office of Policy and Management (OPM). The Office of Policy and Management, the state administrative agency (SAA) for the JAG Grant, is well positioned to coordinate JAG Grant activities with other federal and state initiatives given that it is the state's budget and planning agency.

In addition to serving as the SAA for the JAG grant, the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD) of OPM is statutorily required to develop strategic plans to improve the outcomes and operation of the criminal justice system. The CJPPD collaborates with the state criminal justice agencies and local governments in assessing and analyzing existing functions and identifying opportunities for improvements in services to promote greater public safety. The CJPPD Undersecretary serves as the chair of the **Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission (CJPAC)**. By statute (Sec. 4. Section 18-87j), the CJPAC is directed to:

- (1) Develop and recommend policies for preventing prison and jail overcrowding;
- (2) Examine the impact of statutory provisions and current administrative policies on prison and jail overcrowding and recommend legislation to the Governor and the General Assembly;
- (3) Research and gather relevant statistical data and other information concerning the impact of efforts to prevent prison and jail overcrowding and make such information available to criminal justice agencies and members of the General Assembly;
- (4) Advise the undersecretary of the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division on policies and procedures to promote more effective and cohesive state criminal justice and juvenile justice systems and to develop and implement the offender reentry strategy.

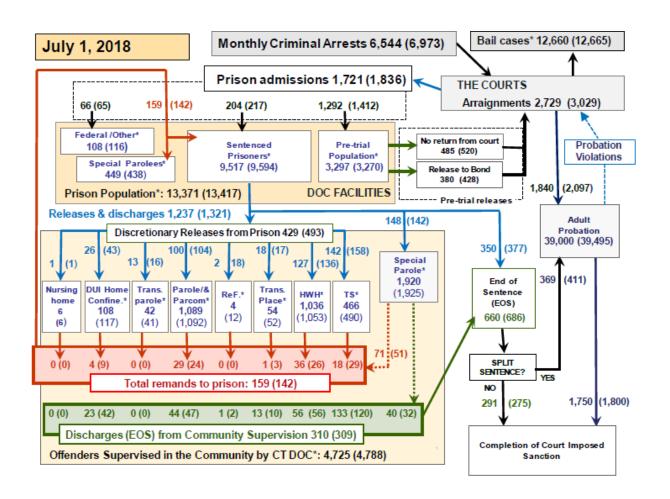
Needs Statement

Connecticut's use of JAG funds will focus on two principle subject areas: addressing systemic issues in the Connecticut criminal justice system regarding: (1) reducing recidivism in the Connecticut criminal justice system and building and implementing a comprehensive reentry strategy, and (2) development of services and programs to address the opioid and heroin addiction epidemic both within the correctional system as well as to provide (a) provide access and resources for in-state training for local

law enforcement response to heroin and opioid epidemic and (b) provide technical assistance to implement OJP promising practices for street-level police intervention and diversion.

Systemic Decision Points in the Connecticut Criminal Justice System: Chart 1 below explains the monthly input and output model designed to explain the flow of offenders through the Connecticut criminal justice system – from arrest to admissions status to release status and discharge. These statistics are adjusted every month (and published regularly) based on actual counts of offender movements through the system.

Chart 1: Connecticut Criminal Justice System: Monthly Counts and Flows



Source: July 2018 Monthly Indicator Report (July 2018). I. Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula, Office of Policy and Management, Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division

Opioid and Heroin Epidemic: Connecticut data systems indicate 917 people died of drug overdose in 2016, a 27% increase over the 2015 figure. Detailed analysis indicates 52% of 2016 overdose victims been admitted to the DOC prison system and assigned a DOC inmate number; overdoses are probably the single most common cause of death among prisoners within 60 days of release from prison.

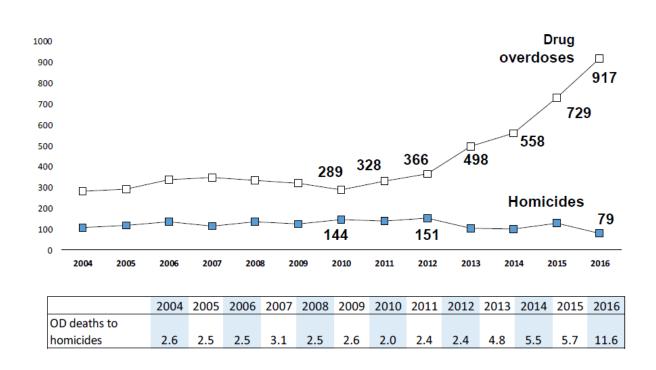
Detailed Data:

http://www.ct.gov/opm/lib/opm/cjppd/cjresearch/monthlyindicators/monthlyindicatorsreport_june 2017.pdf

http://www.ct.gov/opm/lib/opm/cjppd/cjresearch/monthlyindicators/monthlyindicatorsreport_july 2017.pdf

Chart 3: Overdose Deaths and Homicides in CT, 2004 to 2016

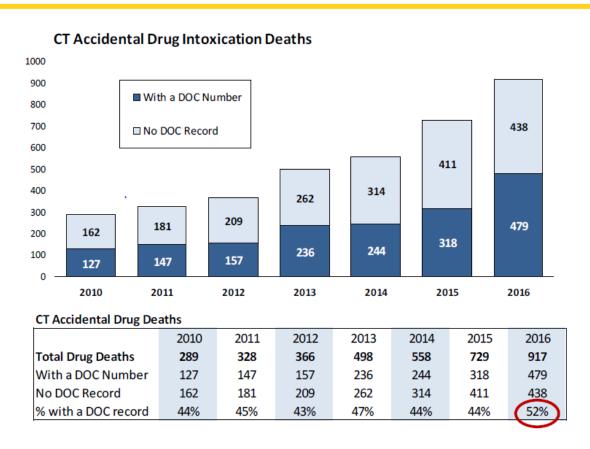
Overdose deaths and homicides in CT, 2004 to 2016



Source: I. Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula, Office of Policy and Management, Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (June 2017); Data supplied by Connecticut Office of the Chief Medical Examiner.

Chart 4: Overdose Deaths and the prison System, 2010 to 2016

Overdose deaths and the prison system



The State of Connecticut will utilize Federal grant funds received to analyze, evaluate and/or implement evidenced based programming to address one or more of the following activities relative to improving and enhancing the Connecticut criminal justice system:

- Advise and assist the General Assembly in developing plans, programs and proposed legislation for improving the effectiveness of the Connecticut criminal justice system;
- Determine the long-range needs of the Connecticut criminal justice system and recommend policy priorities for the system;

- Identify critical problems in the Connecticut criminal justice system and recommend strategies to solve those problems;
- Determine long-range information needs of the Connecticut criminal justice system and acquire that information;
- Analyze and assess the cost-effectiveness of the use of state and local funds in the Connecticut criminal justice system;
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure the success of community-based services and programs in reducing recidivism in the Connecticut criminal justice system;
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to build and implement a comprehensive reentry strategy for Connecticut criminal justice system;
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to address the opioid and heroin addiction epidemic within the Connecticut Criminal Justice system;
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to ensure community safety and
 prevent gun violence through the support of multi-jurisdictional Task Forces to ensure
 community safety and prevent gun violence through enforcement of firearms laws and
 reduction in trafficking of illegal firearms; support evidence-based gun violence intervention and
 prevention strategies;
- Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to address the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) promulgated by the FBI in order to achieve compliance by the nation Year 2020 deadline.

Strategic Planning Process

1. CJPAC and Stakeholder Agencies/Organizations

The Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission, commonly referred to as CJPAC, is the principle cross-branch, interagency planning group that meets regularly to address strategic planning and policy issues affecting the Connecticut Criminal Justice system. By statute, the CJPAC is chaired by the Undersecretary for Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division of the Office of Policy and Management.

CJPAC includes the following state and local government agencies and non-profit community-based organizations:

- <u>Department of Correction</u> (DOC)
 All jails and prisons in Connecticut are operated under authority of DOC.
- <u>Judicial Branch Courts</u>
 All criminal courts in Connecticut are operated under authority of the Judicial Branch.
- Judicial Branch Court Support Services Division (JB CSSD)

The Court Support Services Division (CSSD) oversees pretrial services, family services, divorce and domestic violence, probation supervision of adults and juveniles as well as juvenile residential centers including Juvenile Detention. CSSD also administers a network of statewide contracted community providers that deliver treatment and other support services.

• Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS)

DMHAS is responsible for publicly funded mental health and substance abuse services statewide. DMHAS Forensic Division (DMHAS DFS) funds services and housing for people with mental illness and/or addictions who are justice involved.

Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection (DESPP)

DESPP includes the Division of State Police and serves as the local law enforcement agency for sixty-eight small local government jurisdictions.

Division of Public Defender Services (DPDS)

DPDS provides legal counsel to "indigent" accused adults and juveniles state-wide.

• <u>Division of Criminal Justice (DCJ)</u> (Prosecutors)

All criminal matters in Connecticut are prosecuted under authority of DCJ.

• Connecticut Police Chiefs Association (CPCA)

Represents local government law enforcement perspective of policy reform.

<u>Connecticut Coalition Against Domestic Violence</u> (CCADV) (victim advocacy organization) CCADV is a non-profit organization which advocates for policy reforms to protect victims of domestic violence.

<u>Connecticut Alliance to End Sexual Violence</u> (CAESV) (victim advocacy organization) CAESV is a non-profit organization which advocates for policy reforms to protect victims of sexual violence.

Public Members

CJPAC has met regularly, virtually every month, since 2006. CPAC's member list, agendas, meeting minutes, presentations and meeting videos are available at this <u>web address</u>. Appendix A of this document includes those same items for the 12 month period June 2017 to June 2018.

2. Criminal Justice Stakeholder Policy and Planning Groups

In addition to the CJPAC, there are additional criminal justice stakeholder policy and planning groups that meet regularly to more concisely address individual structural components of the criminal justice system and attendant policy and planning issues regarding the Connecticut criminal justice system.

A. Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) Governing Board

The CJIS Governing Board, created by Public Act 99-14, in 1999 was charged with the following: "design and implement a comprehensive, state-wide system to facilitate the immediate, seamless and comprehensive sharing of information between all state agencies, departments, boards and commissions having any cognizance over matters relating to law enforcement and criminal justice, and organized local police departments and law enforcement officials."

Additionally, P.A. 08-01 expanded the membership of the governing board and added provisions for an executive director and staff to fulfill the requirements of the statutory mandates. The new system was established as the Connecticut Information Sharing System (CISS). CISS is the technical capability to be used by agencies with criminal justice responsibilities to improve the sharing of actionable information to those agencies involved in the management of crime data and criminal offenders.

CJIS Governing Board stakeholder agencies include:

- Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection
- Judicial Branch's Office of Chief Court Administrator
- Judicial Branch's Court Support Services Division
- Judicial Branch's Superior Court Operations
- Division of Criminal Justice, Office of the Chief State's Attorney
- Division of Public Defender Services, Office of Chief Public Defender
- Department of Correction
- Board of Pardons and Paroles
- Department of Motor Vehicles
- Office of Victim Advocate
- Office of Policy and Management, Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division
- Department of Administrative Services
- Connecticut Police Chiefs Association

A more complete and comprehensive explanation of the CJIS Governing Board is available at this <u>web</u> <u>address</u>.

B. Connecticut Sentencing Commission

The Connecticut Sentencing Commission has been established by Connecticut General Statutes Sec. 54-300. The Connecticut Sentencing Commission has been assigned to the Office of Policy and Management for administrative purposes only.

The mission of the organization is also articulated within the enabling statute: "the mission of the commission shall be to review the existing criminal sentencing structure in the state and any proposed changes thereto, including existing statutes, proposed criminal justice legislation and existing and

proposed sentencing policies and practices and make recommendations to the Governor, the General Assembly and appropriate criminal justice agencies."

The Commission is made up of members from the Judicial Branch, Executive Branch criminal justice stakeholder agencies, police chiefs, private sector citizens and includes the Undersecretary of Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division of the Office of Policy and Management. The complete membership list is available at this <u>web address</u>.

A more complete and comprehensive explanation of the CJIS Governing Board is available at this <u>web</u> address.

C. Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee (JJPOC)

The Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee (JJPOC) was established by Section 79, of Public Act 14-217 "to evaluate policies related to the Juvenile Justice system and the expansion of juvenile jurisdiction to include persons sixteen and seventeen years of age".

The JJPOC has met regularly (every 4-6 weeks), beginning in October of 2014. In addition, the JJPOC includes 4 major working groups encompassing approximately 100 participants across all the major juvenile justice stakeholder agencies and Connecticut child advocacy organizations: 1) Cross Agency Data Sharing Workgroup; 2) Recidivism Reduction Work Group; 3) Incarceration Work Group and 4) Diversion Work Group. The work of the committee is facilitated by its research partner: Tow Youth Justice Institute at the University of New Haven Henry C. Lee College of Criminal Justice and Forensic Sciences.

A more complete and comprehensive explanation of the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee (JJPOC), the membership list, agendas, meeting minutes, presentations and meeting videos are available at this <u>web address</u>.

D. Racial Profiling Prohibition Project Advisory Board

The Alvin W. Penn Racial Profiling Prohibition Act (Public Act 99-198) was first enacted in 1999 in the State of Connecticut. The law prohibits any law enforcement agency in the state from stopping, detaining, or searching motorists when the stop is motivated solely by considerations of the race, color, ethnicity, age, gender, or sexual orientation of that individual (Connecticut General Statutes Sections 54-11 and 54-1m).

In 2012, the Racial Profiling Prohibition Project Advisory Board was established to advise the Office of Policy and Management (OPM) in adopting the law's standardized methods and guidelines. The Institute for Municipal and Regional Policy (IMRP) at Central Connecticut State University was tasked to help oversee the design, evaluation, and management of the racial profiling study mandated by Public Act No. 12-74 and Public Act No. 13-75, "An Act Concerning Traffic Stop Information." The project staff

worked with the state's Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) to develop a system to collect consistent and universal traffic stop information and submit it to CJIS electronically on a monthly basis.

The Advisory Board is made up of members from Executive Branch criminal justice stakeholder agencies, the Connecticut Department of Motor Vehicles, the Connecticut Department of Transportation, police chiefs, members of the Connecticut General Assembly and human rights and opportunities advocacy organizations - both internal and external to state government. The complete membership list is available at this web address.

A more complete and comprehensive explanation of the Connecticut Racial Profiling Prohibition Project, its annual reports and data repositories is available at this **web address**.

Data Development, Research, Analysis and Evaluation

The Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD) contains a 3 person Research Unit – led by the director of the state Statistical Analysis Center (SAC). The work of the unit is generally defined by (1) regular (mandated) scheduled reports and (2) special studies and statistical analyses - generally original research - aimed at (1) identifying critical policy and planning issues through the examination of the demographics or criminogenic behaviors or risk factors of a particular cohort of the incarcerated (or paroled, etc.) inmate population or, (2) endeavoring to understand baseline business process flows of the stakeholder agencies within the Connecticut criminal justice system and the impact of those business process flows on the efficient movement of offenders into and out of the system.

The work of the Research unit can be found (or referenced) on the home page of the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division at this <u>web address</u>.

Additional geospatial analyses can be found on the CT Statistical Analyses Center website.

Specific links to a representative sample of the Research unit's work can be found in Appendix B.

Priority Policy, Planning and Program Areas

Priority #1: Support the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD) in continuing to coordinate and lead the development of criminal justice policy and planning in the State of Connecticut.

Objectives

- 1. Advise and assist the General Assembly in developing plans, programs and proposed legislation for improving the effectiveness of the Connecticut criminal justice system;
- 2. Determine the long-range needs of the Connecticut criminal justice system and recommend policy priorities for the system;

- 3. Identify critical problems in the Connecticut criminal justice system and recommend strategies to solve those problems;
- 4. Determine long-range information needs of the Connecticut criminal justice system and acquire that information;
- 5. Analyze and assess the cost-effectiveness of the use of state and local funds in the Connecticut criminal justice system;

Priority #2: Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to address the opioid and heroin addiction epidemic within the Connecticut Criminal Justice system;

Objectives

- 1. Collaborate with the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services to provide technical assistance to implement OJP promising practices for street-level police intervention and diversion:
- 2. Collaborate with local police agencies to improve awareness and engage in statewide initiatives to provide access and resources for in-state training for local law enforcement response to the heroin and opioid epidemic.
- 3. Collaborate with the Department of Correction to continue to implement the evidence based medication assisted treatment (MAT) for incarcerated offenders. Connecticut's MAT program is a component of the Governor's Second Chance Society Initiative that provides offenders with services to help avoid future re-arrest and re-incarceration;

Priority #3: Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to build and implement a comprehensive reentry strategy for Connecticut criminal justice system;

Objectives

- 1. Support initiatives to reduce recidivism and provide low-risk offenders with opportunities to be productive members of society;
- 2. Assess and evaluate a statewide, multiagency system that assesses the risk and needs of each offender, targets those needs through provision of evidence based programs and interventions, then employs management and supervision techniques in accordance with identified risks requirements of offenders.
- 3. Identify and address barriers to the successful transition of offenders from incarceration to the community;
- 4. Encourage and provide facilitation for Connecticut criminal justice stakeholder agencies and community partners to work collaboratively to ensure that offenders in the criminal justice system successfully reintegrate into their home communities.

Priority #4: Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure the success of institutional and community-based services and programs in reducing recidivism in the Connecticut criminal justice system;

Objectives

- 1. Support initiatives to reduce recidivism and provide low-risk offenders with opportunities to be productive members of society;
- Expand interventions and treatment options for women offenders held in jail and prison facilities as well as women offenders in a community-based corrections program. Reduce risk of recidivism through evidence-based protocols and practices;
- 3. Assess and evaluate programs that are tailored specifically to the individual, or cohorts with a similar criminogenic profile, that comprehensively addresses their recidivism risk factors,

Priority #5: Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs through the support of approximately 100 local police agencies and 2 to 3 multi-jurisdictional Task Forces to ensure community safety and prevent gun violence through enforcement of firearms laws and reduction in trafficking of illegal firearms; support evidence-based gun violence intervention and prevention strategies;

Objectives

- 1. Continue to fund the ongoing DESPP-led Statewide Narcotics Task Force; facilitate the provision of local office stipends to sustain local police department participation;
- 2. Continue to use the JAG Variable Pass-through (VPT) and "Less than 10K" allocations to fund local police agency initiatives designed to ensure community safety, prevent gun violence
- 3. (Within available funding) Fund one or more multi-jurisdictional Task Forces who are engaged in activities designed to ensure community safety and prevent gun violence;

Priority #6: Fund, analyze, evaluate and measure services and programs to address the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) promulgated by the FBI in order to achieve compliance by the nation Year 2021 deadline.

Objectives

- 1. Collaborate with the Crimes Analysis unit at the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection to facilitate and ensure their crime data repository is National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) compliant by the Federal mandated deadline of 2021;
- Identify and collaborate with non-NIBRS compliant local police departments to facilitate and ensure their crime data reporting and local crime data repositories are National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) compliant by the Federal mandated deadline of 2021;

Appendix A

Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission

The Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission, commonly referred to as CJPAC was established under <u>Public Act 06-193</u>. It was formerly the Prison and Jail Overcrowding Commission.

CJPAC is chaired by the OPM Undersecretary for the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD). The current Undersecretary is Mike_Lawlor@ct.gov; (860) 418-6394.

The meeting schedule for Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission can be found at: http://www.ct.gov/opm/cwp/view.asp?a=2970&Q=383604

The meeting schedule for that last State Fiscal year (July 2017 to June 2018) is presented in the table below and includes links to videos of each meeting, which are provided through the web based Connecticut Network (CT-N) and are made available for broader viewing to the general public through cable television public access channels.

June 28, 2018	VIEW VIDEO - CJPAC June 2018 Meeting Agenda / Minutes POF Julie Revas, Deborah Fuller, Cathy Foley-Geib, CSSD, Update: Transfer of Juvenile Justice Functions from DCF to the Judicial Branch Presentation
May 31, 2018	Agenda / Minutes POF Agenda / Minutes POF Pred Hodges, Director of Community Affairs and Jeff Grant, Executive Director, Family Reentry Inc. H.B.No5035Testimony1, H.B.No5035Testimony2 and Family Reentry Information Packet
April 26, 2018	PDF Agenda / Minutes PDF Connecticut Department of Education Condition of Education Document AIC Report Card - CSSD Document
Mar. 29, 2018	VIEW VIDEO - CJPAC March 2018 Meeting Agenda/ Minutes
Feb. 22, 2018	Agenda / Minutes PDF Agenda / Minutes Raren Jarmoc, CCADV, Presentation PDF Ivan Kuzyk and Kyle Baudoin, Statistical Analysis Center, OPM Presentation
Jan. 25, 2018	VIEW VIDEO - CJPAC January 2018 Meeting Agenda / Minutes

	Alex Johnson, CEO, Workforce Partners Presentation **Post-*** Alex Johnson, CEO, Workforce Partners Presentation **Post-*** Kyle Baudoin, Statistical Analysis Center, OPM Presentation
Dec 28, 2017	VIEW VIDEO - CJPAC December 2017 Meeting PDF Agenda / Minutes PDF Frank Carino, State's Attorney Office Presentation PDF Susan Hamilton, Public Defenders Office Presentation PDF Commissioner Dora Schriro and Lt Col Battle, DESPP Presentation PDF Undersecretary Mike Lawlor, Office of Policy and Management Presentation
Nov 16, 2017	Agenda/ Minutes PDF Agenda/ Minutes PDF Agenda/ Minutes PowerPoint and Cargill, Karen Jarmoc, and Steve Grant, CCADV, LAP Presentation PowerPoint and Report
Oct 26, 2017	Agenda /Minutes
Sept 28, 2017	VIEW VIDEO - CJPAC September 2017 Meeting PDF Agenda / Minutes PDF Ken Barone, IMRP, Briefing on the 2016 Electronic Defense Weapon Report PDF Kyle Baudoin and Ivan Kuzyk OPM-CJPPD, Trends in the Criminal Justice System
June 29, 2017	VIEW VIDEO - CJPAC June 2017 Meeting PDF Agenda / Minutes PDF Mike Lawlor, Ivan Kuzyk, and Kyle Baudoin OPM-CJPPD, Special Topics in Criminal Justice Presentation

Appendix B

Data Development, Research, Analysis and Evaluation

The **Research**, **Analysis & Evaluation Unit** produces research and analysis on a range of criminal justice issues in Connecticut. In addition to its regularly scheduled publications, the Unit also publishes studies on special topics for executive branch criminal justice agencies. The unit, which includes two additional staff members (Kyle Baudoin and Kendall Bobula), is directed by Ivan Kuzyk - who is also the CT Statistical Analysis Center SAC director. Examples of the unit's work, which directly influence the policy and planning decisions of CPAC and its stakeholder agencies, are listed below

Regularly Scheduled Publications

- 1. Monthly Indicators Report: The Monthly Indicators Report collects and publishes data from a variety of state criminal justice agencies. The primary goals of the Report are to monitor trends in prison admissions and releases and to provide policy makers and the public with a current look at the state's prison system and its prisoners. The Monthly is required by <u>Public Act 05-249</u>. Twelve years of Monthly Indicator Reports are available at this web page address:
 - http://www.ct.gov/opm/cwp/view.asp?a=2976&Q=383680&opmNav GID=1797
- 2. Annual Correctional Population Forecast: The State of Connecticut Annual Correctional Population Forecast Report is published in response to the statutory requirements outlined in Public Act 05-249 that created the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division (CJPPD) within the Office of Policy and Management (OPM) and tasked the Division with developing annual population projections for Connecticut's correctional system for planning purposes. Twelve years of Monthly Indicator Reports are available at this web page address:
 - http://www.ct.gov/opm/cwp/view.asp?a=2976&Q=383682&opmNav_GID=1797&opmNav=146658|
- 3. Annual Connecticut Recidivism Study: The State of Connecticut Annual Recidivism Study is generated by the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division of the Office of Policy and Management (OPM). Seven years of completed recidivism studies are available at this web page address:
- 4. **Risk Reduction Earned Credit Report:** The Risk Reduction Earned Credit (RREC) Report collects and publishes data from a variety of state criminal justice agencies. The primary goals of the Report are to monitor trends in the RREC Program and provide policy makers and the public with a current look at the state's RREC Program and its participants. The Risk Reduction Earned Credit Report is published by the Connecticut Department of Corrections and Connecticut Office of Policy and Management and is required by Public Act No 15-216. Thirty months of data are available at:
 - http://www.ct.gov/opm/cwp/view.asp?a=2967&Q=577316&PM=1

Special Studies

The following are examples of special studies and statistical analyses that have been prepared by the staff of the **Research**, **Analysis & Evaluation Unit of** the Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division:

Daily CT Correctional Facility Population Count

http://www.ct.gov/opm/cwp/view.asp?a=2967&Q=382106&opmNav GID=1797

Juvenile Detention in CT, (April 2018)

I. Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

http://www.ct.gov/opm/cwp/view.asp?a=2967&Q=382106&opmNav GID=1797

Trends in the (Connecticut) Criminal Justice System (February 2018); Mike Lawlor, Undersecretary

http://www.ct.gov/opm/cwp/view.asp?a=2967&Q=382106&opmNav GID=1797

Opioids and Criminal Justice in Connecticut - June 2017

I. Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

https://connecticutsac.wixsite.com/sac1746/opioid-related-data

Mortality among Ex-prisoners (March 2018)

I. Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

http://www.ct.gov/opm/cwp/view.asp?a=2967&Q=382106&opmNav GID=1797

Violent Crime Rates (September 2017)

I. Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

http://www.ct.gov/opm/cwp/view.asp?a=2967&Q=382106&opmNav GID=1797

Total Population by Controlling Offense (March 2015)

I. Kuzyk, K. Baudoin, K. Bobula

http://www.ct.gov/opm/cwp/view.asp?a=2967&Q=382106&opmNav GID=1797

Community Supervision Maps

https://connecticutsac.wixsite.com/sac1746/sac-maps

K. Bobula

Opioid Epidemic Maps (2014-2017)

https://connecticutsac.wixsite.com/sac1746/sac-maps

K. Bobula

School and Day Care Map (2015)

https://connecticutsac.wixsite.com/sac1746/sac-maps

K. Bobula