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## V-BID Plan Guiding Principles

1. V-BID options are clinically nuanced i.e. medical services differ in the benefit provided and that the clinical benefit derived from a specific service depends on the patient using it, as well as when, where, and by whom the service is provided.

- 2. V-BID options should be flexible, allowing for adoption of select provisions, or all provisions, in order to meet diverse employers' needs and readiness for adoption.
- 3. Allows for gradual implementation of options to gain employee buy-in on key aspects, and then builds upon these as employee acceptance grows.
- 4. V-BID is promoted as part of a comprehensive approach to benefit design that also includes provider side reforms (e.g. pay for performance, global budget, etc.).
- 5. V-BID options recognize that mental health parity is required in any plan design.
- 6. V-BID plan is implemented as part of a consumer-centric approach that incorporates:
  - a. A collaborative care model focused on quality and accessibility of the provider, effective patient communication, and shared decision making between the provider and patient;
  - b. Alignment of consumer benefits and incentives with provider incentives;
  - c. Health navigation services and coordination of community services across the care continuum; and
  - d. Consumer engagement strategies that provide patients with resources and education materials on V-BID, health monitoring tools, and flexible communication methods.
- 7. In this initial phase, high value providers are identified using transparent cost and quality of care metrics. Future iterations may measure other dimensions, such as provider accessibility, patient-centeredness, and care collaboration. In identifying high value providers:
  - a. Method is transparent
  - b. Data are shared with providers
  - c. Definition of high value includes both cost of care and quality of care
  - d. Cost should not be determined solely as price, but rather as a reflection of total cost of care (incorporating both price and utilization rates)
  - e. Quality measurement should use validated and accepted measures
  - f. Quality measures should address clinical quality and patient experience, as well as other domains that are accepted as valid and important.
- 8. V-BID recommended options are varied for different types of employers to help meet employers where they are at and promote specific V-BID benefits for various employer types and cultures.
  - a. V-BID options take into account various employer perspectives, including recognizing regulatory barriers for innovative plan design, and how V-BID designs may affect short and long-term cost savings and Return on Investment.
  - b. Examples of V-BID variations may include small group v. large group, self-insured v. fully insured, employers with Health Reimbursement Account or Health Savings Account-eligible High Deductible Health Plans v. traditional cost sharing models.