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1	STATE OF CONNECTICUT
2	OFFICE OF HEALTH STRATEGY
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4	DOCKET NUMBER 22-32612-CON
5	IN RE: A HEARING REGARDING THE TERMINATION OF
6	INPATIENT LABOR & DELIVERY SERVICES BY JOHNSON MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
7	**VIA ZOOM**
8	AAVIA ZOOMAA
9	Oral Argument on Proposed Final Decision held
10	via Zoom, before the office of Health Strategy, on Friday, March 8, 2024, beginning at 2 p.m.
11	Held Before:
12	
13 14	DEIDRE SPELLISCY GIFFORD, MD, MPH, Executive Director, Office of Health Strategy, Senior Advisor to the Governor for Health and Human Services
15	ANTONY A. CASAGRANDE, ESQ., OHS General Counsel
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17	Representing Johnson Memorial Hospital: HINCKLEY, ALLEN & SNYDER LLP
18	20 Church Street Hartford, Connecticut 06013 Dhenes 860 221 2768 Four 860 278 2802
19	Phone: 860.331.2768 Fax: 860.278.3802 BY: DAVID A. DeBASSIO, ESQ.
20	ddebassio@hinckleyallen.com ANNA R. GUREVICH, ESQ.
21	Also present: Dr. Robert Roose, Johnson Memorial Hospital; Claudio Capone, Trinity Health of New
22	England; and Alicia J. Novi, Esq., DPH
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25	Reporter: Lisa L. Warner, CSR #061

(Whereupon, the proceedings commenced at 2 p.m.) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GIFFORD: So we'll get started. I have a preliminary script that I will walk through, Mr. DeBassio, and then I will invite you to formally introduce yourself and your team.

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So good afternoon. This hearing is being convened for the limited purpose of hearing oral argument in Docket Number 22-32612. The applicant in this matter, Johnson Memorial Hospital, seeks to terminate labor and delivery services.

On January 16, 2024, the hearing officer in this matter issued a proposed final decision denying the application.

On February 2, 2024, the applicant filed a brief in opposition and written exceptions to the proposed final decision and requested an opportunity to present oral argument.

On February 7, 2024, the Office of
Health Strategy issued a notice of oral argument
for today.

This hearing before the Office of Health Strategy is being held on March 8, 2024. My name is Deidre Gifford, and I'm the executive

director of the Office of Health Strategy, and I will be issuing the final decision in this matter. Also present on behalf of the agency is OHS General Counsel Antony Casagrande.

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OHS is holding this public hearing remotely by means of electronic equipment. Any person who participates orally in an electronic meeting shall make a good faith effort to state his or her name and title at the outset of each occasion as such person participates orally during an interrupted dialogue or a series of questions and answers. We ask that all members of the public mute the device that they are using to access the hearing and silence any additional devices that are around them.

This hearing concerns only the applicant's oral argument regarding its brief and exceptions to the proposed final decision, and it will be conducted under the provisions of Chapter 54 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

The Certificate of Need process is a regulatory process, and, as such, the highest level of respect will be accorded to the applicant and to our staff. Our priority is the integrity and transparency of this process. Accordingly,

decorum must be maintained by all present during these proceedings.

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This hearing is being transcribed and recorded, and the video will also be made available on the OHS website and its YouTube account. All documents related to this hearing that have been or will be submitted to OHS are available for review through our electronic certificate of need portal which is accessible on the OHS CON webpage.

Although this hearing is open to the public, only the applicant and its representatives and OHS and its representatives will be allowed to make comments. Accordingly, the chat feature in this Zoom call has been disabled.

As this hearing is being held virtually, we ask that anyone speaking, to the extent possible, enable the use of video cameras when speaking during the proceedings. In addition, anyone who is not speaking shall mute their electronic devices, including telephones, televisions and other devices not being used to access the hearing.

Lastly, as Zoom has notified you, I wish to point out that by appearing on camera in

this virtual hearing, you are consenting to being filmed. If you wish to revoke your consent, please do so at this time. However, please be advised that in such event the hearing will be continued to a later date.

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We will now proceed. Counsel for the applicant, can you please identify yourself for the record.

ATTORNEY DeBASSIO: Thank you, Madam 10 Director. My name is David DeBassio. I'm an 11 attorney at Hinckley, Allen, and I'm counsel for 12 Johnson Memorial Hospital. With me here today are 13 Dr. Robert Roose, the chief administrative officer 14 of Johnson Memorial Hospital; Claudio Capone, the 15 regional vice president of strategic planning and 16 business development of Trinity Health of New 17 England; and my colleague, Anna Gurevich, of 18 Hinckley Allen as well.

19 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GIFFORD: Thank you. 20 Are there any other housekeeping matters or 21 procedural issues that we need to address before 22 you start, Mr. DeBassio?

23 ATTORNEY DeBASSIO: I don't believe so, 24 Madam Director. We have not moved to supplement 25 the record, and we have tried to make sure that

1 our brief and our argument rely only on the submissions that have already been made to the 2 3 hearing officer for the proposed final decision. 4 And if I mention something outside the record, 5 it's inadvertent, and I probably misspoke. It is 6 not an attempt to introduce new evidence in this 7 hearing. 8 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GIFFORD: 9 Understood. Thank you very much. 10 Mr. Casagrande, anything from you 11 before we start? 12 ATTORNEY CASAGRANDE: No. T think 13 Attorney DeBassio's representations suffice. 14 Thank you. 15 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GIFFORD: Thank you. 16 All right. You may begin whenever you're ready. 17 Thank you. 18 ATTORNEY DeBASSIO: Thank you, 19 Director. At the outset, I would like to first 20 just start by thanking Hearing Officer Novi and 21 her entire staff that conducted the underlying 22 hearings that led to the proposed final decision. 23 It was a pleasure to work with them. They were 24 professional, they were courteous. And while we

disagree with some of the findings that were in

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the proposed final decision, we have nothing but the utmost respect for her and her team and do appreciate the way we were treated by all of them.

So to begin, over the last few years Johnson Memorial Hospital has experienced a declining number of births, as increasingly a significant number of expectant mothers in the Johnson Memorial Hospital service area have chosen to deliver at other hospitals. In addition, the number of overall births in the community has been in consistent decline year over year as a result of a graying demographic. Low patient volume creates an environment which is difficult for providers to maintain clinical skill sets, making it harder to recruit and retain qualified and trained nurses and other staff, making the safe operation of labor and delivery services an ongoing challenge.

Labor and delivery volume at Johnson Memorial has declined from 302 deliveries in 2008 to an average of 172 deliveries annually between 2017 and 2019. Even with the lower volume, any hospital is required to maintain certain levels of clinical staffing and resources to safely operate an inpatient labor and delivery unit. This

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includes having 24/7 physician and 24/7 nursing coverage. The services provided at the higher cost facilities such as Trinity Health reflects specialized resources for higher acuity and more complex patients. Those services were never available at Johnson Memorial Hospital.

Dr. Roose testified in the underlying hearing that the service provided at Saint Francis -- excuse me, I quote, "The service provided at Saint Francis that could not be provided at Johnson because a mother needed a higher level of care or a baby needed a neonatal intensive care unit would considerably drive up the overall costs for labor and delivery services at Saint Francis which wouldn't be a comparison to Johnson because those mothers would always be delivering at Saint Francis and not at Johnson."

18 As Johnson Memorial stated previously, 19 given the complexity of cases Saint Francis is 20 equipped to deal with, Saint Francis regularly 21 deals with a larger cohort of patients that need 22 specialized care, for example, the neonatal care 23 Dr. Roose referenced or multi-birth deliveries 24 driving their average cost numbers up 25 significantly higher than those at Johnson

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Memorial or Mercy Medical. These numbers include the costs of treating both the mother and the infant in acute cases for services which are not and have never been offered by Johnson Memorial Hospital. Patients with higher acuity cases choose to deliver, and, if needed, are transferred by Johnson Memorial Hospital to deliver at facilities with higher acuity resources. A higher average cost for these facilities reflect higher acuity and increased -- and the increased complexity of these cases. OHS in the proposed decision agreed that when Johnson Memorial had a labor and delivery unit, it did not deliver high risk pregnancies and did not have a neonatal intensive care unit.

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16 This is important to the determination 17 today that OHS is tasked with because the 18 proportion of higher risk pregnancies is also 19 accelerating nationwide and is a top national 20 trend in addition to accelerating in the proposed service area. Johnson Memorial Hospital has 21 22 demonstrated that this fact is reflected locally 23 in our primary service area with more than 80 24 percent of the deliveries occurring from Johnson 25 Memorial's primary service area taking place at

other hospitals with better resources to serve higher acuity cases, a fact which OHS has acknowledged in its proposed final decision.

There is additionally a recognized public need for post-delivery care -- excuse me, for pre and post-delivery care. This coincides with what Johnson Memorial has been transitioning to do, and with the stated mission of OHS, which is to implement comprehensive data driven strategies to promote equal access to high quality health care, control costs, and ensure better health for the people of Connecticut. OHS's planning and regulatory resonsibilities are intended to increase accessibility, continuity and quality of health services, prevent unnecessary duplication of health resources, and provide financial stability and cost containment of health care services.

19 And OHS has correctly determined in 20 their proposed final decision that Johnson 21 Memorial's proposal to close labor and delivery 22 here aligns with the overall state's plan and goal 23 of quality services. Johnson Memorial's 24 established closure aligns with that plan and as 25 set forth in Section E of the proposed decision.

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Johnson Memorial respectfully disagrees with OHS's finding on page 15 of the proposed decision that its expressed greater need in the primary service area for more wraparound services like pre and post-natal delivery should not be considered in the application's determination.

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One of OHS's burdens in evaluating whether any CON application should be granted or denied is considering whether the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated how the proposal will improve quality, accessibility and cost effectiveness of the delivery of health care in the region. As the Hearing Officer concedes in the proposed final decision, these wraparound services that we're referencing are useful to the community and should be a factor in OHS's decision-making progress. These wraparound services meet all of the touchstones we just discussed. They improve quality, access and the cost effectiveness of health care delivery in the primary service area in a way that maintaining labor and delivery services in Johnson Memorial Hospital would not.

Dr. Roose testified that closing labor and delivery, a service which has experienced

chronic issues with staffing, would improve access to care both pre and postnatal and would be cost neutral to the vast majority of patients in the primary service area. To quote Dr. Roose, The enhancements of the prenatal and postnatal delivery services will be what really increases health outcomes and health equity in the region. Studies show that the value of having access to a well organized high quality array of resources and programs is how we decrease health disparities. That is exactly what Johnson Memorial's proposal would do in terms of closing labor and delivery which is an underutilized service at the hospital and shifting and transferring those resources to these pre and postnatal services that are detailed in much greater depth in our original and our supplementary brief.

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And I want to stress, and I think the 18 19 record supports this, that this is not a cost 20 cutting measure that Johnson Memorial has taken. 21 It is not a measure to lay off staff. All of the 22 people that have been trained, and the record 23 reflects this in our appearances before OHS, have 24 either accepted positions at Trinity Health or at 25 other hospitals and were offered positions at

Johnson Memorial but chose not to come there.

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What we're talking about in switching to these wraparound services is giving nurses and doctors an opportunity to be fully utilized, to touch patient lives both pre and post-delivery in a way that has a positive impact on these high acuity and, quite frankly, on normal births.

Dr. Roose has testified that the overall cost of the state health care system is anticipated to improve with the closure of labor and delivery at Johnson Memorial since there are concurrent initiatives, as I just discussed, in place to transform Johnson Memorial Hospital to address the growing needs in that service area. By addressing the services with higher demand sooner, one of the overall goals and one of the overall results is to care for and work with patients to maintain and lower the acuity of their health care needs and lead to better results. This community care is anticipated to ultimately lower overall costs, the overall cost of health care for patients and the health care system in the years to come.

It is uncontested that there is an
aging population in the primary service area, a

trend of higher risk births and a year-to-year over decline in birth rates. The population in the primary service area are better suited to the wraparound services that we've discussed than an underutilized labor and delivery unit that cannot provide the specialized resources such as a neonatal intensive care unit that patients would have available at higher volume hospitals.

Dr. Roose has consistently testified and given supporting evidence that this proposal will save patients' costs and improve the quality 12 and access to care. And he's further testified 13 that looking simply at the charts that we've seen 14 relied on in the proposed final decision and 15 comparing the costs of Johnson Memorial Hospital 16 to these higher acuity hospitals in a vacuum is inappropriate. Those other hospital costs cited 18 all provide treatment for high risk births, higher acuity outcomes, neonatal intensive care units. 20 And there is no dispute that Johnson Memorial has 21 not and has never dealt with those types of 22 patients, therefore costs at those facilities must 23 be higher which is what's reflected in the documents.

For the last several years, due to the

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low patient volume in labor and delivery at Johnson Memorial, Johnson Memorial has been unable to recruit and retain a nursing staff in sufficient numbers to reach the target full-time employees for adequate staffing and coverage. The inability to achieve the target full-time employees to safely provide 24/7 coverage caused Johnson Memorial to suspend its labor and delivery services while they were actively trying to recruit additional nursing staff.

While Johnson Memorial was unable to reach these targeted levels of staffing despite its substantial recruiting efforts and the cooperation of Saint Francis and Trinity Health in terms of onboarding and training these nurses, as a result, the public would not be well served. And should OHS find Johnson Memorial must continue to offer these labor and delivery services as the need in the community for the service is declining, coupled with the challenges of achieving staffing levels, we would reach a situation where the costs are unsustainable given the utilization. OHS acknowledged Johnson Memorial's efforts to recruit and train providers in its proposed decision, and we agree with that.

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Johnson Memorial is simultaneously in the process of expanding its locations in Enfield to include community access to services such as OBGYN and women's health specialties, primary care, imaging and laboratory services. The infusion of these additional services into the primary service area supports the improvement of health equity and will continue to be the focus of the Trinity Health of New England system. Instead of dedicating extra resources to maintain an inpatient L&D unit that historically has been underutilized with one delivery, on average, every two days, despite the need for 24/7 staffing in order to reopen the service leading to an underutilized nursing staff, the community resources we're talking about with these wraparound services will create full-time utilization of staff in the community providing critical health care services accessible to these patients on a daily basis in the community. Finding Johnson Memorial can discontinue a service due to the low utilization of the service and Johnson Memorial's inability to

retain staff would better serve the public need

for safe and high quality labor and delivery

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1 services as the proposed final decision has found. 2 I'm happy to answer any questions or 3 provide any further information if the Hearing 4 Officer requires. 5 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GIFFORD: Thank you very much, Mr. DeBassio. I don't have any further 6 7 questions. I've reviewed your brief and the 8 record, and I have the information that I need to 9 issue a final decision. 10 Tony, do you have any additional 11 questions for the applicant? You're muted. 12 ATTORNEY DeBASSIO: We've all done it. 13 You're still muted, Attorney Casagrande. 14 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GIFFORD: I think he 15 said no he has no additional questions. 16 ATTORNEY DeBASSIO: Thank you, Madam 17 Director. 18 ATTORNEY CASAGRANDE: Can you hear me 19 now? 20 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GIFFORD: Yes. 21 ATTORNEY CASAGRANDE: I apologize, I 22 couldn't find the button. I'm usually using 23 Teams. But I don't have any questions. Thank 24 you. 25 Thank you. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GIFFORD:

ATTORNEY DeBASSIO: Thank you, Madam Director. And I should add just in closing, which is not part of our formal argument, but Johnson Memorial is always available to discuss, you know, alternatives with OHS, should they desire to. It was never our intention to get into a litigious position with OHS because we see us as cooperating in terms of providing the best health care that the citizens of the State of Connecticut deserve. So to that end, if there are any other further discussions that need to be had in the future, we would certainly be available for that.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GIFFORD: Okay, duly noted. Thank you very much, Mr. DeBassio. Thank you, Ms. Gurevich, Dr. Roose, Mr. Capone and everyone else. Thanks to the OHS team. With that, thank you very much for attending today. I will be issuing the final decision in accordance with Chapter 54 of the General Statutes. Have a good afternoon, everyone. Thank you.

ATTORNEY DeBASSIO: Thank you, Madam
Director.

Whereupon, the above proceedings
concluded at 2:20 p.m.)

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## CERTIFICATE

by certify that the foregoing 18 pages ete and accurate computer-aided on of my original stenotype notes taken Argument on the Proposed Final ld before the Office of Health Strategy KET NUMBER 22-32612-CON, A HEARING HE TERMINATION OF INPATIENT LABOR & RVICES BY JOHNSON MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, eld remotely via Zoom before DEIDRE S. , MPH, Executive Director, on March 8, Yisa Wallel Lisa L. Warner, CSR 061 Notary Public My commission expires: May 31, 2028