

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YNH Network Corporation and Subsidiaries Years Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 with Report of Independent Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP



# Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Years Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

## **Contents**

Report of Independent Auditors	1
Consolidated Financial Statements	
Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets	
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Supplementary Information	
Report of Independent Auditors on Supplementary Information	59
Consolidating Balance Sheet	
Consolidating Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets	



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## Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Trustees
YNH Network Corporation and Subsidiaries

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of YNH Network Corporation and Subsidiaries ("YNHNC"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of YNH Network Corporation and Subsidiaries at September 30, 2013 and 2012, and the consolidated results of its operations and changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

### **Change in Presentation of the Provision for Bad Debts**

As discussed in Note 1 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, in 2013, YNHNC adopted the provisions of Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-07, *Presentation and Disclosure of Patient Service Revenue, Provision for Bad Debts, and the Allowance for Doubtful Accounts for Certain Health Care Entities*, which resulted in a change to the presentation of the provision for bad debts in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets effective October 1, 2011. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Ernst & Young LLP

December 23, 2013

## Consolidated Balance Sheets

	September 30			er 30
		2013		2012
		(In Thousands)		
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,312	\$	69,453
Short-term investments		709,453		613,360
Accounts receivable for services to patients, less allowance for uncollectible accounts, charity and free care of approximately \$151,699,000 in 2013 and \$59,851,000 in				
2012		238,901		205,704
Other receivables		47,794		49,207
Professional liabilities insurance recoveries				
receivable –current portion		21,142		15,739
Other current assets		63,933		49,470
Amounts on deposit with trustee in debt service fund		7,176		6,619
Total current assets		1,134,711		1,009,552
Assets limited as to use		84,095		105,688
Long-term investments		214,382		164,238
Deferred financing costs, less accumulated amortization		8,079		5,182
Professional liabilities insurance recoveries				
receivable- non-current		60,199		40,271
Goodwill		38,955		35,685
Other assets		186,969		175,044
Property, plant, and equipment:				
Land and land improvements		37,109		37,109
Buildings and fixtures		1,122,751		1,089,831
Equipment		465,434		430,266
		1,625,294		1,557,206
Less accumulated depreciation		695,193		617,488
		930,101		939,718
Construction in progress		23,639		63,603
		953,740		1,003,321
Total assets	\$	2,681,130	\$	2,538,981

	September 30 2013 2012			
		(In The	ousa	inds)
Liabilities and net assets				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	155,485	\$	136,972
Accrued expenses		171,831		170,244
Professional liabilities- current portion		21,142		15,739
Other current liabilities		15,488		3,435
Current portion capital lease obligation		2,598		56,240
Current portion of debt		11,070		45,424
Total current liabilities		377,614		428,054
Long-term debt, net of current portion		677,492		674,969
Long-term capital lease obligation, net of current portion		53,801		56,395
Accrued pension and postretirement benefit obligations		197,950		280,718
Professional liabilities		128,720		105,313
Other long-term liabilities		169,893		180,608
Deferred revenue		47,297		53,625
Total liabilities		1,652,767		1,779,682
Commitments and contingencies				
Net assets:				
Unrestricted		938,843		684,132
Temporarily restricted		59,982		46,026
Permanently restricted		27,155		26,744
Total YNH Network Corporation & Subsidiaries net assets		1,025,980		756,902
Non-controlling interest		2,383		2,397
Total net assets including non-controlling interest		1,028,363		759,299
		0.001.120	Φ.	2.520.001
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$</u>	2,681,130	\$	2,538,981

See accompanying notes.

## Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended Se 2013	eptember 30 2012
	(In Thou	sands)
Operating revenue:		
Net patient service revenue	\$ 2,382,965 \$	5 1,731,831
Less: Provision for bad debts	(65,535)	(32,854)
Net patient service revenue, less provision for bad debts	2,317,430	1,698,977
Other revenue	60,720	49,518
Total operating revenue	2,378,150	1,748,495
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	1,041,586	763,050
Supplies and other expenses	1,087,176	763,926
Depreciation	109,616	78,260
Insurance	16,811	15,815
Interest	24,246	18,104
Total operating expenses	2,279,435	1,639,155
Income from operations	98,715	109,340
Non-operating gains and losses, net	74,539	25,492
Discontinued operations	(1,844)	(1,777)
Excess of revenue over expenses, before non-controlling interest	171,410	133,055
Less: Income attributable to non-controlling interest	(2,750)	(2,639)
Excess of revenue over expenses	168,660	130,416

## Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets (continued)

	Year Ended September 3 2013 2012			0	
		(In Thousands)			
Unrestricted net assets:					
Excess of revenue over expenses (continued)	\$	168,660			
Other changes in net assets		343	342	2	
Transfer to Yale-New Haven Health Services Corporation –		(6.000)	(0.00)	٥)	
Clinical Development Fund		(6,000)	(9,000		
Transfer from Yale-New Haven Health Services Corporation Net assets released from restrictions for purchases of		2,900	2,900		
fixed assets		152	258		
Pension and other postretirement liability adjustments		88,656	(54,174		
Increase in unrestricted net assets		254,711	70,742	2	
Temporarily restricted net assets:					
Income from investments		241	280		
Net realized gains on investments		768	47]		
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on investments		5,421	6,394		
Bequests and contributions		20,777	11,847	7	
Net assets released from restrictions for purchases of			(a.=.	٥.	
fixed assets		(152)	(258		
Net assets released from restrictions for free care		(779)	(889		
Net assets released from restrictions for operations		(2,822)	(2,962	-	
Net assets released from restrictions for clinical programs		(9,498)	(12,804	_	
Increase in temporarily restricted net assets		13,956	2,079	)	
Permanently restricted net assets:					
Change in beneficial interest in perpetual trusts		411	1,221		
Increase in permanently restricted net assets		411	1,221	1	
Non-controlling interest:					
Income attributable to non-controlling interest		2,750	2,640		
Distributions to non-controlling interest		(2,764)	(2,585	_	
		(14)	55	_	
Increase in net assets		269,064	74,097	7	
Net assets at beginning of year		759,299	685,202	_	
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,028,363	759,299	9	

See accompanying notes.

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended September 30 2013 2012		
		usands)	
Operating activities		(In Tho	usurus)
Increase in net assets	\$	269,064 \$	74,097
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:		,	,
Depreciation		109,616	78,260
Net realized and change in net unrealized gains and losses on investments		(63,635)	(60,465)
Change in fair value of interest rate swap agreements		(16,946)	7,318
Amortization of long-term debt premium		(965)	(855)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		333	306
Bad debts		65,535	32,854
Change in perpetual trusts		(411)	(1,221)
Transfer to Yale-New Haven Health Services Corporation—Clinical Development Fund		6,000	9,000
Transfer from Yale-New Haven Health Services Corporation		(2,900)	(2,900)
Bequests, and contributions, net of pledges		(14,717)	(14,807)
Pension and other postretirement liability adjustments		(88,656)	54,174
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		( ) /	,
Accounts receivable, net		(98,732)	(69,102)
Other receivables		1,413	13,588
Other assets		(29,658)	9,780
Accounts payable		18,513	34,553
Accrued expenses		1,587	2,317
Professional insurance recoveries and liabilities		3,479	39,590
Other current liabilities, accrued pension and postretirement benefit obligations, other		0,	5,50
long-term liabilities, and deferred revenue		17,844	(32,424)
Net cash provided by operating activities		176,764	174,063
		170,701	27.1,002
Investing activities		(112.70()	(105 500)
Net acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment		(113,786)	(105,598)
Sale of property		53,605	1.077
Capitalized interest		146	1,977
Cash paid for acquisition, net of cash acquired		(02 (02)	(133,800)
Net change in investments		(82,602)	(173,049)
Increase in debt service fund		(557)	(299)
Assets limited as to use		22,004	25,530
Transfer to Yale-New Haven Health Services Corporation—Clinical Development Fund		(6,000)	(9,000)
Transfer from Yale-New Haven Health Services Corporation		2,900	2,900
Net cash used in investing activities		(124,290)	(391,339)
Financing activities		222.000	
Proceeds from issuance of debt		232,000	212.000
Proceeds from notes payable		-	212,000
Payments on capital lease obligations		(56,237)	(3,753)
Payments of long-term debt		(10,865)	(10,412)
Payments of bank line of credit payable		(212,000)	
Payments of notes payable		(40,000)	_
Deferred financing costs		(3,230)	-
Bequests, and contributions, net of pledges		14,717	14,807
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(75,615)	212,642
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(23,141)	(4,634)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		69,453	74,087
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	46,312 \$	69,453

See accompanying notes.

#### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2013

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Organization**

YNH Network Corporation and Subsidiaries (YNHN) is a Connecticut not-for-profit, non-stock corporation established to promote and carry out charitable, scientific and educational activities. YNHNC is the sole member of Yale-New Haven Hospital, Inc. (the Hospital), Yale-New Haven Care Continuum Corporation (YNHCCC), and the parent organization of Yale-New Haven Ambulatory Services Corporation and Subsidiaries (ASC) and York Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries (York). YNHNC controls, through contractual agreements, Quinnipiac Medical P.C. (QMPC) and Community Healthcare Physicians (CHCP). YNHNC has an affiliation agreement with Yale-New Haven Health Services Corporation (YNHHSC) in which YNHHSC is the sole member of YNHNC.

YNHHSC is also the sole member of two similar organizations. Each of these three tax-exempt organizations serves as the sole member/parent for its respective delivery network of regional health care providers and related entities. YNHNC and subsidiaries continue to operate with a separate Board of Trustees, management staff and medical staff; however, YNHHSC must approve the strategic plans, operating and capital budgets, and Board of Trustees appointments of YNHNC and subsidiaries.

The Hospital is a voluntary association incorporated under the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut.

ASC, a Connecticut non-stock, taxable corporation, operates a recovery care center and is 51% owner of Shoreline Surgery Center, LLC (SSC) and SSC II, LLC (SSC II).

York is organized as a Connecticut corporation for the purpose of initiating or acquiring business entities. Currently, York has two subsidiaries: Medical Center Pharmacy and Home Care Center, Inc. (MCP) and Medical Center Realty, Inc. (MCR). MCP is a Connecticut stock, for-profit company which operates a retail pharmacy. MCR is a Connecticut stock, for-profit company which owns or holds leases on YNHHSC's affiliated real estate, such as physician office buildings, commercial space and parking garages. York is the sole shareholder of MCP and MCR.

QMPC and CHCP are Connecticut stock, for-profit, professional corporations formed in 1994 and 1996, respectively, to employ New Haven area primary care physicians. All of the stock of QMPC and CHCP is owned by the Chief of Staff of the Hospital, who has assigned his rights in QMPC and CHCP to YNHNC.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

YNHCCC, a Connecticut non stock corporation, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Yale-New Haven Network Corporation (YNHNC). YNHCCC provides long-term care for those unable to live independently and short-term rehabilitation for patients who have experienced elective surgery, an injury, or a traumatic major illness. Its services include respite care for family members and caregivers, stroke recovery for victims of strokes, orthopedic recovery services, medications, and diagnostic services (such as radiological services).

#### Acquisition

On September 12, 2012, the Hospital, ASC, YNHCCC, and York, acquired substantially all of the business, assets, and operations and assumed certain liabilities of the Saint Raphael Healthcare System, Inc. (SRHS), including substantially all of the assets of its wholly-owned subsidiary, the Hospital of Saint Raphael (HSR), a 511-bed acute care hospital located in New Haven, CT. Other affiliates of SRHS whose assets were acquired in connection with the transaction include the following:

- Saint Regis Health Center, Inc. d/b/a Sister Anne Virginie Grimes Health Center (Grimes), a tax-exempt, skilled nursing facility that operated with 120 licensed beds which was a wholly-owned subsidiary of SRHS. In connection with the transaction, YNHCCC acquired substantially all of the land, buildings, equipment and bed licenses associated with Grimes.
- Caritas Insurance Company, Ltd. (Caritas) a Vermont-domiciled, captive insurance company licensed under Chapter 141 of Title 8 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated. Caritas is a tax-exempt supporting organization having the Hospital as its sole shareholder. Caritas provides excess professional liability coverage and general liability coverage. Caritas was a wholly-owned subsidiary of HSR.
- Lukan Indemnity Company, Ltd. (Lukan) a Bermuda-domiciled captive insurance company that provides primary professional liability coverage. Lukan was a wholly-owned subsidiary of HSR. In connection with the transaction, the Hospital acquired 100% of the stock of Lukan.
- DePaul Health Services Corporation (DePaul) a Connecticut nonstock corporation which held interests in investments and other assets on behalf of HSR. In connection with the transaction, ASC acquired certain investments from DePaul.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

• Saint Raphael Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) a tax-exempt fundraising foundation of HSR which was a subsidiary of SRHS. In connection with the transaction, certain assets of the Foundation were acquired by the Hospital.

The total consideration transferred by the Hospital, ASC, YNHCCC and York was approximately \$237.9 million, including \$160 million in cash and an installment payable plus the assumption of liabilities totaling \$77.9 million, as follows (in thousands).

Cash consideration	\$ 150,000
Installment payments	10,000
Assumption of liabilities	77,927
Total consideration transferred	\$ 237,927

The acquisition of substantially all of the business, assets, and operations and assumption of liabilities of HSR included installment payments in the amount of \$10 million payable in two equal installments which were made in October 2012 and March 2013.

The Hospital and its affiliates have accounted for the business combination applying the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic 805, *Business Combinations*.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The following table summarizes the estimated fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. Determining the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed requires judgment and involves the use of significant accounting estimates and assumptions, including assumptions with respect to future cash inflows and outflows and discount rates, among others.

	<b>Hospital</b>	ASC	Y	NHCCC York		Total
Assets acquired:						 _
Cash	\$ 16,200	\$ _	\$	- \$	; —	\$ 16,200
Other current assets	7,240	_		_	187	7,427
Other receivables	7,400	_		_	_	7,400
Goodwill	35,685	_		_	_	35,685
Other long-term assets	53,771	12,500		700	_	66,971
Property, plant, and equipment	100,156	_		4,075	13	104,244
	220,452	12,500		4,775	200	237,927
Liabilities assumed:						
Accrued expenses	36,419	_		775	_	37,194
Other long-term liabilities	40,733	_		_	_	40,733
Total	77,152	_		775	_	77,927
Assets and liabilities acquired	\$ 143,300	\$ 12,500	\$	4,000 \$	200	\$ 160,000
Cash paid for acquisition	\$ 150,000	\$ _	\$	- \$	_	\$ 150,000
Installment payments	\$ 10,000	\$ _	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	10,000
Change in net assets						\$ 

On the date of the acquisition, the Hospital recorded goodwill in the amount of \$35.7 million. In connection with the finalization of the fair value measurement of the assets and liabilities acquired, the Hospital recorded additional goodwill of approximately \$2.3 million during 2013. In determining the amount of goodwill, all assets acquired and liabilities assumed were measured at fair value as of the acquisition date. Factors contributing to goodwill that resulted from the acquisition include, but are not limited to, the efficiencies that will result from the combination of the campuses and their proximity.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

As part of the acquisition ASC acquired an non-controlling equity interest in the following three investments:

- ASC acquired a 49% equity interest in Saint Raphael Dialysis Center (SDC). SDC is an outpatient dialysis center with 4 locations to treat people with chronic kidney failure.
- ASC acquired a 50% equity interest in Saint Raphael Magnetic Resonance Partnership (SRMP) SRMP provides radiology services using a magnetic resonance imaging machine.
- ASC acquired a 49% equity interest in Connecticut CK Leasing LLC (CCK). CCK provides radiation to treat malignant and benign tumors.

Total assets and liabilities of SDC, SRMP and CCK were approximately \$17.5 million and \$1.9 million and \$4.0 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

YNHCCC, ASC and York each respectively paid amounts equal to the fair values for assets acquired, net of liabilities assumed, with cash provided by the Hospital.

The results of HSR for the period September 12, 2012 through September 30, 2012, have been combined with the Hospital and included in the consolidated financial statements.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The following table summarizes amounts attributed to SRHS since the acquisition date that are included in the accompanying 2012 consolidated financial statements (in thousands):

	Septo 2 Septo	iod From ember 12, 012 to ember 30, 2012
Total operating revenue	\$	22,907
Total operating expense		24,191
Loss from operations		(1,284)
Non-operating gains and losses, net		71
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$	(1,213)
Change in net assets:		
Unrestricted net assets	\$	(1,201)
Temporarily restricted net assets		<u>—</u>
Permanently restricted net assets		_
Total change in net assets	\$	(1,201)

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The following table represents pro forma financial information, assuming the acquisition of SRHS had taken place October 1, 2011 for the year ended September 30, 2012. The pro forma information includes adjustments for the amortization of intangible assets. The pro forma financial information is not necessarily indicative of the results of operations as they would have been had the transaction been effected on the acquisition date (in thousands).

	 2012
Total operating revenue Total operating expense	\$ 2,292,520 2,197,512
Gain from operations	 95,008
Non-operating gains and losses, net	24,220
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 119,228
Change in net assets:	
Unrestricted net assets	\$ 72,164
Temporarily restricted net assets	2,079
Permanently restricted net assets	 1,221
Total change in net assets	\$ 75,464

The other current assets and property, plant, and equipment acquired by York as part of the SRHS transaction relate to a retail pharmacy acquired that began operations as of the acquisition date.

#### **Disposal**

In August 2013, ASC discontinued the operations of Temple Recovery Care Center, a 10-bed rehabilitation center, located at the New Haven Hotel. The following table summarizes the disposal group (in *thousands*).

	September 30			
		2013	2012	
Carrying value of disposed assets	\$	136 \$	156	
Revenue		1,084	1,421	
Loss of disposed group		(1,844)	(1,776)	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Principles of Consolidation**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements present the accounts and transactions of YNHNC and its subsidiaries (the Hospital, ASC, York, YNHCCC, QMPC, and CHCP). All significant intercompany revenue and expenses and intercompany balance sheet accounts have been eliminated in consolidation. The minority interests in SSC and SSC II are not material to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, including estimated uncollectibles for accounts receivable for services to patients, and liabilities, including estimated net settlements with third-party payors and professional liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements.

Estimates also affect the amounts of revenue and expenses reported during the period. There is at least a reasonable possibility that certain estimates will change by material amounts in the near term. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

During fiscal 2013 and 2012, the Hospital recorded a change in estimate of approximately \$3.6 million and \$10.2 million, respectively. Included in the change are amounts related to favorable third-party payor settlements at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

### **Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets**

Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use by YNHNC has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose and appreciation on permanently restricted net assets. Permanently restricted net assets have been restricted by donors to be maintained by YNHNC in perpetuity. YNHNC is a partial beneficiary to various perpetual trust agreements. Assets recorded under these agreements are recognized at fair value. The investment income generated from these trusts is unrestricted and the assets are classified as permanently restricted.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The restricted funds investments are pooled with unrestricted investments to facilitate their management. Investment income is allocated to the restricted funds using the market value unit method. The Board of Trustees approves spending for certain pooled funds based on total return. Realized gains and losses from the sale of securities are computed using the average cost method.

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions receivable to be received after one year are discounted at a discount rate commensurate with the risks involved. Amortization of the discount is recognized as revenue and is classified as either unrestricted or temporarily restricted in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions, if any, on the contributions.

Contributions receivable, included in other receivables and other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2013 and 2012, are expected to be received as follows (in thousands):

	September 30			
		2013		2012
Less than one year One to five years	\$	8,691 1,158	\$	1,596 2,054
•		9,849		3,650
Less unamortized discount on contributions receivable (0.2% to 4.2%)		(60)		(108)
		9,789		3,542
Allowance for uncollectible contributions		(294)		(106)
	\$	9,495	\$	3,436

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Donor-Restricted Gifts**

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received. All gifts are reported as either temporarily or permanently restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified as unrestricted net assets.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include investments in highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased, which are not classified as assets limited as to use and which are not maintained in the short-term or long-term investment portfolios.

Cash and cash equivalents are maintained with domestic financial institutions with deposits that exceed federally insured limits. It is YNHNC's policy to monitor the financial strength of these institutions

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Patient accounts receivable result from the health care services provided by YNHNC. Additions to the allowance for doubtful accounts result from the provision for bad debts. Accounts written off as uncollectible are deducted from the allowance for doubtful accounts.

The amount of the allowance for doubtful accounts is based upon management's assessment of historical and expected net collections, business and economic conditions, trends in Medicare and Medicaid health care coverage and other collection indicators. See Note 2 for additional information relative to third-party payor programs.

#### **Investments**

YNHNC has designated its investment portfolio as trading. Investment income or loss (including realized gains and losses on investments, interest and dividends) and the change in net unrealized gains and losses are included in the excess of revenue over expenses unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and investments in debt securities are measured at fair value (quoted market prices) in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets

Certain alternative investments (non-traditional, not-readily-marketable assets) are structured such that YNHNC holds limited partnership interests or pooled units and are accounted for under the equity method and utilizing Yale University's (the University) reported net asset value per unit for measurement of the units' fair value for the Yale University investment. Individual investment holdings within the alternative investments may, in turn, include investments in both non-marketable and market-traded securities. Valuations of those investments and, therefore, YNHNC's holdings may be determined by the investment manager or general partner. Fund of funds investments are primarily based on financial data supplied by the underlying investee funds. Values may be based on historical cost, appraisals, or other estimates that require varying degrees of judgment. The equity method reflects net contributions to the investee and an ownership share of realized and unrealized investment income and expenses. The investments may indirectly expose YNHNC to securities lending, short sales of securities, and trading in futures and forwards contracts, options, swap contracts and other derivative products. While these financial instruments may contain varying degrees of risk, YNHNC's risk with respect to such transactions is limited to its capital balance in each investment. The financial statements of the investees are audited annually by independent auditors. YNHNC has made investment commitments of approximately \$37.4 million in these alternative investments, of which approximately \$34.2 million has been funded as of September 30, 2013.

YNHNC participates in the Yale New Haven Health System Investment Trust (the Trust), a unitized Delaware Investment Trust created to pool assets for investment by the Health System non-profit entities. The Trust is comprised of two pools: the Long-Term Investment Pool (L-TIP) and the Intermediate-Term Investment Pool (I-TIP). Governance of the Trust is performed by the Yale New Haven Health System Investment Committee.

Under the terms of the investment management agreement with the Trust, withdrawals of the Hospital's investment in the L-TIP can be made annually by the Hospital on July 1. Amounts withdrawn are subject to a schedule that allows larger withdrawals with longer notice periods. As of September 30, 2013, the Hospital can withdraw 100% of its investment in the L-TIP on July 1, 2014. Withdrawals of the Hospital's investment in the I-TIP in any amount can be made quarterly with 30 days advance notice.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Trust has an agreement with the University's investment office (the Investment Management Agreement) which allows the University to manage a portion of the Trust's investments as part of the University's Endowment Pool (the Pool). Under the terms of the agreement for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Trust transferred \$100.0 million and \$50.0 million, respectively, to the University in exchange for units in the Pool. The Trust's interest in the Pool is reported at fair value based on the net asset value per units held. The Pool invests in domestic equity, foreign equity, absolute return, private equity, real assets, fixed income, and cash.

Under the terms of the investment management agreement with the University, withdrawals of the Trust's investment in the Pool can be made annually by the Trust on July 1. For withdrawals of amounts less than \$150.0 million or 75% of the Trust's investment in the Pool, \$100.0 million or 50% of the Trust's investment in the Pool, and \$50.0 million or 25% of the Trust's investment in the Pool, the advance notice period is set to a maximum of 180 days, 90 days, and 30 days, respectively, prior to the University's fiscal year ending June 30. For withdrawals greater than \$150.0 million or more than 75% of the Trust's investment in the Pool, the advance notice period is set to a maximum of 270 days prior to the University's fiscal year end of June 30.

In March 2006, the Hospital entered into an arrangement with the University whereby the University will manage certain Board-designated assets of the Hospital. These Board-designated assets are commingled in the University's endowment pool. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, the carrying value of assets managed by the University under this arrangement was approximately \$9.2 million and \$8.5 million, respectively. Because of the limitations on their use, the assets are separately classified from assets invested under the Investment Management Agreement.

In 2011, the investment management agreement between the Trust and the University was modified to allow the Trust to obtain a cash advance, up to a maximum of \$75 million, on a monthly basis. For these advances interest of U.S. Prime rate, plus two percent (2%) will be paid by the Trust. Repayments on the advances are made by the Trust by way of redemptions of a sufficient number of Trust's units in the Endowment using the June 30<sup>th</sup> unit valuation. No advances have been requested or taken by the Trust.

Short-term investments represent those securities that are available for YNHNC's operations and can be converted to cash within one year.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. YNHNC values its inventories using the first-in, first-out method with the exception of pharmacy inventories, which are valued at average cost.

#### Assets Limited as to Use

Assets so classified represent assets held by trustees under indenture agreements, beneficial interest in perpetual trusts and designated assets set aside by the Board of Trustees for future capital improvements and other Board approved uses. The Board of Trustees retains control and, at its discretion, may use for other purposes assets limited as to use for plant improvements and expansion. Amounts required to meet current liabilities are reported as current assets. These funds consist primarily of U.S. Government securities, mutual funds and money market funds.

#### **Perpetual Trusts**

YNHNC is the beneficiary of certain perpetual trusts held and administered by others. The present values of the estimated future cash receipts, which are measured based on the fair value of the assets held by the trust, are recognized as assets and contribution revenue at the dates the trusts are established. Distributions from the trusts related to earnings and investment income are recorded as contributions and the carrying value of the assets is adjusted for changes in the fair value.

#### **Interest Rate Swap Agreements**

YNHNC utilizes interest rate swap agreements to reduce risks associated with changes in interest rates. Interest rate swap agreements are reported at fair value. YNHNC is exposed to credit loss in the event of non-performance by the counterparties to its interest rate swap agreements. YNHNC is also exposed to the risk that the swap receipts may not offset its variable rate debt service. To the extent these variable rate payments do not equal variable interest payments on the bonds, there will be a net loss or net benefit to YNHNC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Benefits and Insurance**

YNHNC is effectively self-insured for medical, hospitalization, dental and prescription drug benefits provided to employees. YNHNC makes annual contributions to the YNHHSC Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association (VEBA) plan to fund medical, dental, hospitalization, group term life insurance and prescription drug benefits. Annually, premiums are set to reflect the estimated cost of benefits. During the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, YNHNC made actuarially determined contributions, net of premium adjustments, to the VEBA plan of approximately \$138.6 million and \$102.5 million, respectively.

YNHNC is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. Estimated amounts are accrued for claims, including claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and are based on YNHNC-specific experience. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, the estimated discounted liabilities for self-insured workers' compensation claims and IBNR aggregated approximately \$21.1 million, discounted at 2.5%, and \$13.3 million, discounted at 3.0%, respectively, and are included in accrued expenses in the accompanying balance sheets.

#### **Professional Liability Insurance**

YNHNC participates in the YNHHSC coordinated professional liability program. Based on the terms of the agreement with YNHHSC, YNHNC records the actuarially determined liabilities for IBNR professional and general liabilities and has recorded a deposit (asset) for liabilities transferred in the year ended September 30, 1998.

#### Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment purchased are carried at cost and those acquired by gifts and bequests are carried at fair value established at the date of contribution. The carrying amounts of assets and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts when such assets are disposed of and any resulting gain or loss is included in income from operations. Depreciation of property, plant, and equipment is computed by the straight-line method in amounts sufficient to depreciate the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 50 years. The cost of additions and improvements are capitalized and expenditures for repairs and maintenance, including the cost of replacing minor items not considered substantial enhancements, are expensed as incurred.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Hospital and the Housing Authority of New Haven (HANH) have entered into an agreement to swap parcels of land on the Legion/Howard/Sylvan/Ward block located in New Haven, Connecticut. As part of the key terms of the agreement, HANH has pledged an account to the Hospital in the amount of \$5.7 million. The pledged account was established at the time the Hospital conveyed the land to HANH in July 2010. In the event that HANH fails to meet certain requirements of the agreement, including conveying its land parcel to the Hospital, the Hospital has the right to withdraw from the pledged account in the amount of \$5.2 million, unless the pledged account is extended with an annual increase of approximately \$180,000. As of September 30, 2013, no events have occurred that would require an increase to the pledged account or that would require the Hospital to withdraw funds from the pledged account.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized but instead tested at least annually for impairment or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the assets might be impaired. This impairment test is performed annually at the reporting unit level. YNHNC evaluates goodwill at the entity level as management has determined that YNHNC's operation comprise a single reporting entity. Goodwill is considered to impaired if the carrying value of the reporting unit, including goodwill, exceeds the reporting unit's fair value. Reporting unit fair value is estimated using both income (discounted cash flows) and market approaches.

The discounted cash flow approach requires the use of assumptions and judgments including estimates of future cash flows and the selection of discount rates. The market approach relies on comparisons to publicly traded stocks or to sales of similar companies. YNHNC has determined that no goodwill impairment exists at September 30, 2013.

#### **Deferred Revenue**

Deferred revenue includes amounts which have been received that relate to future years. Amounts will be reduced as revenue is earned.

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the year ended September 30, 2012 balances previously reported in the financial statements in order to conform with the year ended

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Excess of Revenue over Expenses**

In the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets, excess of revenue over expenses is the performance indicator. Peripheral or incidental transactions are included in excess of revenue over expenses. Those gains and losses deemed by management to be closely related to ongoing operations are included in other revenue; other gains and losses are classified as non-operating. Included in non-operating gains and losses are expenses incurred related to the acquisition of the Saint Raphael.

Contributions of, or restricted to, property, plant, and equipment, transfers of assets to and from affiliates for other than goods and services, and pension and other post-retirement liability adjustments are excluded from the performance indicator but are included in the change in net assets.

#### **Income Taxes**

YNHNC, YNHCCC and the Hospital are not-for-profit corporations as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code), and are exempt from Federal income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Code. YNHNC and the Hospital are also exempt from state income tax.

ASC, York, QMPC and CHCP are subject to federal and state corporate income taxes. Deferred income taxes are provided on temporary differences between financial statement and tax reporting. The provision for income taxes and deferred taxes are not material to the consolidated financial statements

#### **Operating Expenses**

YNHNC records amounts received from the University, area hospitals and other local healthcare providers for costs incurred on behalf of those organizations as reductions to expenses. For the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, YNHNC recorded approximately \$67.3 million and \$52.9 million, respectively, as reductions to expenses.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Deferred Financing Costs**

YNHNC capitalizes costs incurred in connection with the issuance of long-term debt and amortizes these costs over the life of the respective obligations using the effective interest method. The accumulated amortization of deferred financing costs was approximately \$1.5 and \$1.1 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

#### **Impairment of Assets**

YNHNC reviews property, equipment and intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. If such impairment indicators are present, YNHNC recognizes a loss on the basis of whether these amounts are fully recoverable.

#### **Change in Accounting Principle**

In July 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2011-07, *Presentation and Disclosure of Patient Service Revenue, Provision for Bad Debts, and the Allowance for Doubtful Accounts for Certain Health Care Entities* ("ASU No. 2011-07"). In accordance with ASU No. 2011-07, YNHNC changed the presentation of its consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets by reclassifying the provision for bad debts associated with patient service revenue from an operating expense to a deduction from patient service revenue, similar to contractual allowances and discounts. Additionally, YNHNC has provided enhanced disclosures about its policies for recognizing revenue and assessing bad debts, as well as qualitative and quantitative information about changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts. YNHNC adopted this accounting standard update as of October 1, 2012, and retrospectively applied the presentation of the provision for bad debts in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets to all periods presented. The enhanced disclosure requirements are required in the period of adoption and subsequent reporting periods (see Note 2). YNHNC's adoption of this update has no effect on the previously reported excess of revenue over expenses or on net assets.

September 30, 2013 presentation, including the reclassification of provision for doubtful accounts on the statements of operations related to the adoption of ASU 2011-07.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 2. Accounts Receivable for Services to Patients and Net Patient Service Revenue

YNHNC has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to YNHNC at amounts different from its established rates. The difference is accounted for as allowances. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates per discharge, reimbursed costs, fee-for-service, discounted charges and per diem payments. Net patient service revenue is affected by the State of Connecticut Disproportionate Share program, includes premium revenue and is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts due from patients, third-party payors and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments due to future audits, reviews and investigations. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and such amounts are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as years are no longer subject to such audits, reviews and investigations.

Third-party payor receivables included in other receivables were \$5.7 million and \$28.4 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Third-party payor receivables included in other long-term assets were \$7.9 million and \$16.7 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Third-party payor liabilities included in other current liabilities were \$15.1 and \$2.8 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Third-party payor liabilities included in other long-term liabilities were \$40.1 million and \$28.6 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

YNHNC has established estimates based on information presently available, of amounts due to or from Medicare, Medicaid and third-party payors for adjustments to current and prior year payment rates, based on industry-wide and YNHNC-specific data. Such amounts are included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, certain payors' payment rates for various years have been appealed by YNHNC. If the appeals are successful, additional income applicable to those years might be realized.

Revenue from Medicare and Medicaid programs accounted for approximately 32% and 14%, respectively, of YNHNC's net patient service revenue for the year ended September 30, 2013, and approximately 27% and 14%, respectively, of YNHNC's net patient service revenue for the year ended September 30, 2012. Inpatient discharges relating to Medicare and Medicaid programs accounted for approximately 36% and 28%, respectively, for the year ended September 30, 2013, and approximately 30% and 29%, respectively, for the year ended September 30, 2012. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are extremely complex and are subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by material amounts in the near term.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

# 2. Accounts Receivable for Services to Patients and Net Patient Service Revenue (continued)

YNHNC believes that it is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and is not aware of any pending or threatened investigations involving allegations of potential wrongdoing except as disclosed in Note 10. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation, as well as significant regulatory action including fines, penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Changes in the Medicare and Medicaid programs and the reduction of funding levels could have an adverse impact on YNHNC. Cost reports for the Hospital, which serve as the basis for final settlement with government payors, have been settled by final settlement for various years ranging through 2010 for Medicare and through 2009 for Medicaid. Other years remain open for settlement.

The significant concentrations of accounts receivable for services to patients include 34% from Medicare, 14% from Medicaid, and 52% from non-governmental payors at September 30, 2013, and 28% from Medicare, 11% from Medicaid, and 61% from non -governmental payors at September 30, 2012.

Net patient service revenue is comprised of the following for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands):

	 2013	2012	
Gross revenue from patients	\$ 8,355,658	\$	5,822,688
Deductions:			
Contractual allowances	5,885,526		4,011,874
Charity and free care (at charges)	87,167		78,983
Provision for doubtful accounts	65,535		32,854
Net patient service revenue	\$ 2,317,430	\$	1,698,977

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

# 2. Accounts Receivable for Services to Patients and Net Patient Service Revenue (continued)

Patient service revenue for the year ended September 30, 2012, net of contractual allowances and discounts (but before the provision for bad debts), recognized from these major payor sources based on primary insurance designation, is as follows:

	Third-		Total All
	Party	Self-Pay	Payors
		in thousands	•)
Patient service revenue (net of contractual			
allowances and discounts)	\$2,282,412	\$100,553	\$2,382,965

Deductibles and copayments under third-party payment programs within the third-party payor amount above are the patient's responsibility and YNHNC considers these amounts in its determination of the provision for bad debts based on collection experience. Accounts receivable are also reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts. In evaluating the collectability of accounts receivable, YNHNC analyzes its past history and identifies trends for each of its major payor sources of revenue to estimate the appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts and provision for bad debts. Management regularly reviews data about these major payor sources of revenue in evaluating the sufficiency of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

YNHNC's allowance for doubtful accounts totaled approximately \$151.7 million and \$59.8 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The allowance for doubtful accounts for self-pay patients was approximately 88.8% and 80.0% of self-pay accounts receivable as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Overall, the total of self-pay discounts and write-offs did not change significantly in 2013. YNHNC did not experience significant changes in write-off trends and did not change its charity care policy in 2013.

#### 3. Uncompensated Care and Community Benefit Expense

YNHNC's commitment to community service is evidenced by services provided to the poor and benefits provided to the broader community. Services provided to the poor include services provided to persons who cannot afford healthcare because of inadequate resources and/or who are uninsured or underinsured.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 3. Uncompensated Care and Community Benefit Expense (continued)

YNHNC makes available free care programs for qualifying patients. In accordance with the established policies of YNHNC, during the registration, billing and collection process a patient's eligibility for free care funds is determined. For patients who were determined by YNHNC to have the ability to pay but did not, the uncollected amounts are bad debt expense. For patients who do not avail themselves of any free care program and whose ability to pay cannot be determined by YNHNC, care given but not paid for, is classified as charity care.

Together, charity care and bad debt expense represent uncompensated care. The estimated cost of total uncompensated care is approximately \$102.1 million and \$69.8 million for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The estimated cost of uncompensated care is based on the ratio of cost to charges, as determined by claims activity.

The estimated cost of charity care provided was \$53.8 million and \$47.8 million for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The estimated cost of charity care is based on the ratio of cost to charges. The allocation between bad debt and charity care is determined based on management's analysis on the previous 12 months of hospital data. This analysis calculates the actual percentage of accounts written off or designated as bad debt versus charity care while taking into account the total costs incurred by the hospital for each account analyzed.

For the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, bad debt expense, at charges, was \$65.5 million and \$32.9 million, respectively. For the years ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012 bad debt expense, at cost, was \$48.3 million and \$22.0 million, respectively. The bad debt expense is multiplied by the ratio of cost to charges for purposes of inclusion in the total uncompensated care amount identified above.

The Connecticut Disproportionate Share Hospital Program ("CDSHP") was established to provide funds to hospitals for the provision of uncompensated care and is funded, in part, by a an assessment on hospital net patient service revenue. During the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Hospital received \$58.0 million and \$73.2 million, respectively, in CDSHP distributions, of which approximately \$33.3 million and \$51.9 million was related to charity care. The Hospital made payments into the CDSHP of \$73.5 million and \$56.5 million for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, for the assessment.

Additionally, YNHNC provides benefits for the broader community which includes services provided to other needy populations that may not qualify as poor but need special services and support. Benefits include the cost of health promotion and education of the general community,

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 3. Uncompensated Care and Community Benefit Expense (continued)

interns and residents, health screenings, and medical research. The benefits are provided through the community health centers, some of which service non-English speaking residents, disabled children, and various community support groups. YNHNC voluntarily assists with the direct funding of several City of New Haven programs, including an economic development program and a youth initiative program.

In addition to the quantifiable services defined above, the YNHNC provides additional benefits to the community through its advocacy of community service by employees. The YNHNC's employees serve numerous organizations through board representation, membership in associations and other related activities. The YNHNC also solicits the assistance of other healthcare professionals to provide their services at no charge through participation in various community seminars and training programs.

#### 4. Investments and Assets Limited as to Use

The composition of investments, including investments held by the Trust, amounts on deposit with trustee in debt service fund and assets limited as to use is set forth in the following table (in thousands):

	September 30			
		2013		2012
Money market funds U.S. equity securities U.S. equity securities –common collective trusts International equity securities <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	123,249 43,594 13,789 64,313	\$	156,663 28,378 6,331 40,019
Fixed income: U.S. government U.S. government – common collective trusts International government <sup>(b)</sup> Commodities		80,472 82,103 63,960 396		87,329 82,872 43,236 676
Hedge funds: Absolute return <sup>(c)</sup> Long/short equity <sup>(d)</sup> Real estate <sup>(e)</sup> Interest in Yale University endowment pool <sup>(f)</sup> Perpetual trusts <sup>(g)</sup>		9,383 - 9,590 511,719 12,538		48,614 12,205 9,905 361,550 12,127
Total	\$	1,015,106	\$	889,905

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 4. Investments and Assets Limited as to Use (continued)

- (a) Investments with external international equity and bond managers that are domiciled in the United States. Investment managers may invest in American or Global Depository Receipts (ADR,GDR) or in direct foreign securities.
- (b) Investments with external commodities futures manager.
- (c) Investment with external multi-strategy fund of funds manager investing in publicly traded equity and credit holdings which may be long or short positions.
- (d) Investment with an external long-short equity fund of funds manager with underlying portfolio investments consisting of publicly traded equity positions.
- (e) Investments with external direct real estate managers and fund of funds managers. Investment vehicles include both closed end REITs and limited partnerships.
- (f) Yale University Endowment Pool maintains a diversified investment portfolio, through the use of external investment managers operating in a variety of investment vehicles, including separate accounts, limited partnerships and commingled funds. The pool combines an orientation to equity investments with an allocation to non-traditional asset classes such as an absolute return, private equity, and real assets.
- (g) Investments consist of several domestic and international equity and fixed income mutual funds, REITs, commodities and money market funds. There is also an investment in a hedge fund of funds.

The Hospital's ownership percentage of the Trust was approximately 89.1% and 85.8% as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The Hospital's prorata portion of the Trust's investments are included above in the table.

Included in assets limited as to use at September 30, 2012, are funds to be used for the various renovations and expansion at the Hospital which was funded by the Series M bond (see Note 7). These funds consisted of money market funds of approximately \$13.3 million at September 30, 2012. These funds were fully exhausted during the year ended September 30, 2013.

#### 5. Endowment

YNHNC's endowment includes donor-restricted endowment funds. Net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

YNHNC has interpreted the Connecticut Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (CUPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, YNHNC classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment related to YNHNC's beneficial interest in perpetual trusts made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time of the accumulation is added to the fund.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 5. Endowment (continued)

The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by YNHNC in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by CUPMIFA. In accordance with CUPMIFA, YNHNC considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds: (1) the duration and preservation of the fund; (2) the purposes of YNHNC and the donor-restricted endowment fund; (3) general economic conditions; (4) the possible effect of inflation and deflation; (5) the expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments; (6) other resources of YNHNC; and (7) the investment and spending policies of YNHNC.

Changes in endowment net assets for the years ended September 30, 2013, are as follows (in thousands):

	nporarily estricted	manently estricted		Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 36,678	\$ 26,744	\$	63,422
Investment return:				
Investment income	200	_		200
Net appreciation (realized and unrealized)	5,570	_		5,570
Total investment return	5,770	_	·	5,770
Contributions:				
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure	(6,342)	_		(6,342)
Other changes:				
Change in value of beneficial interest trusts	 	411		411
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 36,106	\$ 27,155	\$	63,261

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 5. Endowment (continued)

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended September 30, 2012 are as follows (in thousands):

	aporarily estricted	manently estricted	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 37,338	\$ 25,523	\$ 62,861
Investment return:			
Investment income	249	_	249
Net appreciation (realized and unrealized)	6,213	_	6,213
Total investment return	6,462	_	6,462
Contributions:	2	_	2
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure	(7,124)	_	(7,124)
Other changes:			
Change in value of beneficial interest trusts	 _	1,221	1,221
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 36,678	\$ 26,744	\$ 63,422

	September 30,				
		2013		2012	
	(In Thousands)				
The portion of perpetual endowment funds subject					
to a time restriction under CUPMIFA:					
Without purpose restrictions	\$	8,199	\$	8,297	
With purpose restrictions		27,907		28,381	
Total endowment funds classified as temporarily					
restricted net assets	\$	36,106	\$	36,678	

#### **Return Objectives and Risk Parameters**

YNHNC has adopted investment and spending policies for endowed assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the organization must hold in perpetuity. Under these policies, as approved by the Board of Trustees, the endowment assets are invested

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 5. Endowment (continued)

in a manner that is intended to produce results that over time provide a rate of return that meets the spending policy objectives adjusted for inflation. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount

#### **Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives**

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, YNHNC relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). YNHNC targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

#### Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

YNHNC has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year based on a combination of the weighted average of the prior year spending adjusted for inflation and the amount that would have been spent using a predetermined percentage of the current market value of the endowment fund. In establishing this policy, YNHNC considered the long-term expected return on its endowment.

### 6. Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are available for the following purposes (in thousands):

	September 30		
	2013	2012	
Plant improvement and expansion Specific hospital operations, teaching, research, free care, and training	\$ 6,938 53,044	\$ 568 45,458	
Specific hospital operations, teaching, research, free care, and training	\$ 59,982	\$ 46,026	

Permanently restricted net assets of approximately \$27.2 million and \$26.7 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, consist of donor restricted endowment principal and beneficial interests in perpetual trusts. The income generated from permanently restricted funds is expendable for purposes designated by donors, including research, free care, health care, and other services.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

7. DebtA summary of debt is as follows (in thousands):

	September 30			
		2013	2012	
Revenue bonds financed with the State of Connecticut				
Health and Educational Facilities Authority (CHEFA):				
Series J – 5.12% effective interest rate (Hospital)	\$	156,120 \$	159,110	
Series $K - 3.11\%$ effective interest rate (Hospital)		89,005	94,955	
Series L − 3.68% effective interest rate (Hospital)		107,460	107,460	
Series M – 5.24% effective interest rate (Hospital)		98,475	100,175	
Series $N - 4.27\%$ effective interest rate (Hospital)		44,815	_	
Series O – 2.84% effective interest rate (Hospital)		50,000	_	
Series 2013 taxable bonds – 4.13% effective interest rate (Hospital)		132,000	_	
Bank line of credit payable (Hospital)		_	187,000	
Bank line of credit payable (Hospital)		_	25,000	
Bank note payable-0.08% effective interest rate (Hospital)		_	40,000	
Term loan payable (ASC)		_	225	
Capital lease obligation – November 2010 (Hospital)		_	53,827	
Capital lease obligation – December 2010 (Hospital)		52,237	53,702	
Capital lease obligations, at varying rates of imputed interest of 6.25%,				
collateralized by leased equipment (York)		4,162	5,107	
	<u> </u>	734,274	826,561	
Add premium		10,687	6,467	
Less current portion		(13,668)	(101,664)	
	\$	731,293 \$	731,364	

In September 2006, the Hospital issued Series J revenue bonds totaling approximately \$280.9 million. The proceeds, including a premium of approximately \$10.1 million, were used to finance a portion of the construction costs of the Cancer Hospital, and to pay for bond issuance costs. The bond premium was being amortized and was included in capitalized interest through March 2010. As of the opening of the Cancer Hospital, the bond premium was amortized in the statement of operations. The Series J revenue bonds were issued in three sub-series as follows: (1) Series J-1, approximately \$174.4 million, consisting of approximately \$83.7 million of serial bonds and approximately \$90.7 million in term bonds bearing interest at 5% per annum; (2) Series J-2, approximately \$40.0 million of revenue bonds bearing interest at 3.65% at September 30, 2007; (3) Series J-3, approximately \$66.5 million of revenue bonds bearing interest 3.70% at September 30, 2007. Series J-2 and J-3 revenue bonds were refunded during the year ended September 30, 2008 by the issuance of Series L revenue bonds.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 7. Debt (continued)

In May 2008, the Hospital issued Series K and Series L revenue bonds totaling approximately \$216.6 million. The Series K revenue bonds were issued as Variable Rate Demand Bonds ("VRDBs") in two sub-series, Series K-1 and K-2, approximately \$54.6 million each, with an effective rate of 0.1% in 2013 and 2012. The proceeds from the Series K issuance were used to refund the Series I revenue bonds. The Series L revenue bonds were issued as VRDBs in two sub-series, Series L-1 and L-2, approximately \$53.7 million each, with an effective rate of 0.1% and 0.8% in 2013 and 2012, respectively. The proceeds from the Series L issuance were used to refund the Series J-2 and J-3 revenue bonds.

In December 2010, the Hospital issued Series M revenue bonds totaling approximately \$104.4 million. The proceeds, including a premium of approximately \$1.0 million, were used to finance costs for the expansion and renovations to the Adult Emergency Department, the purchase and installation of machinery and equipment, various renovations and improvements to the Hospital's infrastructure, and to pay for bond issuance costs. The premium was being amortized and included in capitalized interest through December 2012. As of the completion of these projects, the bond premium was amortized in the statement of operations. The Series M revenue bonds were issued as one series consisting of approximately \$33.9 million of serial bonds bearing interest at 4.69%, and approximately \$17.6 million, \$17.8 million, and \$35.1 million in term bonds bearing interest at 5.25%, 5.75%, and 5.50%, respectively, per annum

In January 2013, the Hospital issued Series N and Series O revenue bonds totaling approximately \$100.0 million. The Series N revenue bonds were issued as fixed rate bonds with an effective interest rate of 4.27%. The Series O revenue bonds were issued as VRDBs with an effective interest rate of 2.84% at September 30, 2013. The proceeds, including a premium of approximately \$5.2 million for the Series N revenue bonds, were used to refinance the line credit used to finance the acquisition of HSR. The bond premium is being amortized as interest expense in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

The Series K, Series L and Series O VRDBs are required to be supported by letter of credit facilities ("LOCs") which have been executed with three financial institutions. These LOCs are scheduled to expire on May 2, 2016, May 14, 2016, and February 14, 2018, respectively.

In January 2013, the Hospital issued Series 2013 taxable bonds totaling approximately \$132.0 million. The Series 2013 taxable bonds were issued as fixed rate bonds with an effective interest rate of 4.13%. The proceeds were used to finance and refinance the costs of certain

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 7. Debt (continued)

projects and activities in furtherance of the Hospital's tax exempt purpose including the refinancing of certain existing indebtedness.

On August 30, 2011, the Hospital entered into a loan agreement with Bank of America, N.A. (the "Bank") for \$40.0 million. The Hospital agreed to repay the Bank the aggregate principal amount in five equal annual payments of \$8.0 million, beginning on October 1, 2012. The loan bears interest at a rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.50% per annum with an option to convert to a fixed rate loan upon formal notification to the Bank, which may include a portion of or the total outstanding loan balance at the time notification is made. The loan was fully repaid by the issuance of the Series N, Series O, and Series 2013 bonds.

In July 2012, the Hospital entered into a line of credit with the Bank in the amount of \$27.0 million which was subsequently increased to \$187.0 million upon the execution of the HSR asset purchase agreement. In July 2012, the Hospital drew the unconditional loan of \$27.0 million to outfit a new facility. In September 2012, the Hospital drew the remaining \$160.0 million to fund the acquisition of HSR. The line of credit requires the Hospital to repay the Bank in 24 equal monthly installments commencing on August 1, 2013. The full amount of the remaining balance is due on July 12, 2015. This obligation bears interest at a rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.45% per annum. The line of credit was fully repaid and cancelled by the issuance of the Series N, Series O, and Series 2013 bonds.

In September 2012, the Hospital drew on its \$50.0 million line of credit with a bank, established in January 2012, in the amount of \$25.0 million. This line of credit requires repayment of the aggregate principal amount on the 364<sup>th</sup> day subsequent to the advance. This obligation bears interest at a rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.50% per annum. The line of credit was repaid in December 2012.

The terms of the various financing arrangements between CHEFA and the Hospital, the financial institutions providing the LOCs and the Hospital, and the Bank and the Hospital provide for financial covenants regarding the Hospital's debt service coverage ratio, liquidity ratio, and debt to capitalization ratio, among others. As of September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Hospital was in compliance with these covenants.

Sinking fund installment amounts are to be made in accordance with the Series J, K, L, M, N and O financing agreements. Required monthly payments on the revenue bonds by the Hospital to a trustee are in amounts sufficient to provide for the payments of principal, interest, and sinking fund installments, in accordance with the terms of the agreements, and certain other annual costs of CHEFA.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 7. Debt (continued)

Scheduled principal payments on all debt, including capital lease obligations, are as follows (in thousands):

	 Debt	Capital Lease Obligations		
2014	\$ 11,070	\$	5,950	
2015	11,445		6,150	
2016	11,945		6,235	
2017	12,425		5,680	
2018	12,975		4,880	
Thereafter	618,015		58,930	
	\$ 677,875	_	87,825	
Less interest			(31,426)	
		\$	56,399	

Capitalized interest at September 30, 2013 and 2012, totaled \$27.0 million and \$26.9 million, respectively.

The Hospital has entered into interest rate swap agreements with financial institutions related to the Hospital's Series K and Series L debt, and future obligations. The Series K and Series L swaps were carried over as part of the refunding of the Series I and Series J debt. On September 20, 2012, the Hospital entered into a Forward Starting Interest Rate swap (the "Series O swap"), a LIBOR Swap Rate Lock and a SIFMA Rate Lock swap with two different counterparties. The agreements require the Hospital to pay a fixed rate and receive a floating rate based on LIBOR or SIFMA. The change in market value, as well as the net interest paid or received under the swap agreement, for the Series J/Series L swap has been capitalized as part of the interest costs related to construction of the Cancer Hospital until construction was complete. Once the Cancer Hospital became operational these amounts were recorded in the statements of operations and changes in net assets.

The swap agreements fix the interest rate at a level viewed as desirable by the Hospital. Such agreements expose the Hospital to credit risk in the event of non-performance by the counterparties, some of which is collateralized. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 7. Debt (continued)

of all swap agreements based on current interest rates was approximately \$22.3 million and \$39.3 million, respectively, representing a payable to the counterparties (recorded in other long-term liabilities).

For the Series K swap, there was a favorable change in fair value of approximately \$4.5 million for the year ended September 30, 2013, and an unfavorable change in fair value of approximately \$0.9 million for the year ended September 30, 2012, which was recorded in the excess of revenue over expenses. As a result of the unfavorable change in market value of the Series K swap for the year ended September 30, 2012, \$4.6 million was collateralized by the Hospital and was held by the financial institution as of September 30, 2012, as required by the swap agreement. No collateral was required under the Series K swap agreement for the year ended September 30, 2013.

For the Series L swap, there was a favorable change in fair value of approximately \$7.5 million for the year ended September 30, 2013, and an unfavorable change in fair value of approximately \$2.0 million for the year ended September 30, 2012, which was recorded in the excess of revenue over expenses. No collateral was required under the Series L swap agreement for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

For the Series O swap and the LIBOR Swap Rate Lock swap, there was a favorable change in fair value of \$2.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, for the year ended September 30, 2013 which was recorded in excess of revenue over expenses. For the Series O swap, the LIBOR Swap Rate Lock and the SIFMA Rate Lock swaps, there was an unfavorable change in fair value of \$1.0 million, \$1.9 million, and \$1.6 million, respectively, for the year ended September 30, 2012, which was recorded in excess of revenue over expenses. In February 2013, the SIFMA Rate Lock swap and the LIBOR Swap Rate Lock were terminated. Upon termination, gains of \$0.8 million and \$4.5 million, respectively, were recorded in non-operating gains and losses, net.

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 7. Debt (continued)

The following table summarizes the Hospital's interest rate swap agreements (in thousands):

	Expiration	Hospital	Hospital		Amount at nber 30,
Swap Type	Date	Receives Pays		2013	2012
Series K – Fixed to Floating	July 1, 2025	LIBOR	3.11%	\$ 59,987	\$ 63,977
Series L – Fixed to Floating	July 1, 2036	LIBOR	3.68	44,505	44,505
Forward Starting Interest					
Rate Swap	July 1, 2053	67% of LIBOR	2.84	50,000	50,000
LIBOR Swap Rate Lock	July 1, 2043	LIBOR	2.73	_	92,000
SIFMA Rate Lock	July 1, 2048	SIFMA	SIFMA 2.66 –		50,000
			<u>-</u>	\$ 154,492	\$ 300,482

For the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, YNHNC paid approximately \$23.2 million and \$16.5 million, respectively, for interest related to long-term debt.

Arbitrage rules apply for Series J-1 and Series M tax-exempt debt. The rules require that, in specified circumstances, earnings from the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds which exceed the yield on the bonds must be remitted to the Federal government.

In September 2008, SSC obtained a line of credit in the amount of \$1,000,000. The interest was payable at the bank's prime rate through March 31, 2009. On April 1, 2009, the LOC converted to a fixed term loan due in equal monthly installments through August 31, 2013. The amount outstanding at September 30, 2012 was \$226,000, respectively. The loan was repaid on August 13, 2013.

The debt agreements of SSC include the pledging as collateral SSC's owned equipment and fixtures, inventory and receivables. The debt agreements contain covenants related to the maintenance of financial ratios, including debt service coverage and days cash on hand. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, SSC was in compliance with the financial ratio covenants.

The Hospital has entered into a contract to lease space in a building adjacent to the Hospital. The Hospital's rental obligation commenced in December 2009. This lease has a term of twenty years from the commencement date with the option to extend the lease for four successive terms of ten

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 7. Debt (continued)

years. Rental payments increase by 5% every five years. The Hospital is also subject to additional rent for its share of expenses, as defined in the contract. The Hospital has the option to purchase the property at the end of the fifth, tenth, or twentieth year or at the end of each of the first three ten-year extension periods.

In January 2013, the Hospital entered into a transaction in connection with a building at 2 Howe Street, New Haven, Connecticut which was previously accounted for by the Hospital as a capital lease. Under the terms of the capital lease, the Hospital was obligated to purchase the building after an initial lease term of 3 years. In satisfaction of that obligation, the Hospital purchased the building and immediately sold the building to a third-party investor. The Hospital currently leases the building from the investor under a long-term operating lease. The Hospital owns the land on which the building is located and has entered into a prepaid long-term ground lease with the investor.

Assets recorded under the capital lease obligations totaled \$70.2 million and \$128.0 million as of September 30, 2013 and 2012. Accumulated depreciation for the capital lease obligations totaled \$16.5 million and \$17.9 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

#### 8. Pensions and Postretirement Benefits

YNHNC has qualified and non-qualified defined benefit pension plans covering substantially all employees and executives. The benefits provided are based on age, years of service and compensation. YNHNC's policy is to fund the pension benefits with at least the minimum amounts required by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

The employees formerly employed by SRHS received credit for such past service solely for purposes of determining such employee's eligibility to participate in the qualified defined benefit pension plan and vesting under this plan, but not for purposes of establishing an opening accumulation account or for any other purpose under this plan.

YNHNC also sponsors contributory 403(b) and 401(k) plans covering substantially all employees. YNHNC's contributions for the 403(b) plan are made to a matching 401(a) plan and are determined based on employee contributions and years of service. Contributions to the 401(k) plans are determined based on employee compensation and years of service. YNHNC contributed approximately \$16.5 million and \$11.9 million for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. YNHNC maintains a Section 457 non-qualified deferred

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 8. Pensions and Postretirement Benefits (continued)

compensation plan. Contributions are made on a pre-tax basis. The balances recorded at September 30, 2013 and 2012, in other assets and other long-term liabilities were \$27.3 million and \$21.7 million, respectively. The employees formerly employed by SRHS received credit for such past service solely for purposes of determining such employee's eligibility to participate in the contributory 403(b) plan and vesting under this plan but not for any other purpose under this plan.

Effective September 30, 2013, the qualified defined benefit pension plan and the 403(b) plan were amended to reduce the percentage of employee compensation contributed by the Hospital to the qualified defined benefit pension and to increase the percentage of employee compensation contributed by the Hospital to the 403(b) plan for plan years commencing after December 31, 2013. The amendment to the qualified defined benefit pension plan resulted in a decrease to the projected benefit obligation at September 30, 2013 of approximately \$23.9 million.

YNHNC also provides certain health care and life insurance benefits upon retirement to substantially all its employees. YNHNC's policy is to fund these annual costs as they are incurred from the general assets of YNHNC. The estimated cost of these postretirement benefits is actuarially determined and accrued over the employees' service periods. Included in unrestricted net assets at September 30, 2013 and 2012, are the following amounts that have not yet been recognized in net periodic pension cost: unrecognized prior service credit of \$23.8 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, and unrecognized actuarial losses of \$118.6 million and \$183.6 million, respectively. The prior service credit and actuarial loss included in unrestricted net assets and expected to be recognized in net periodic pension cost during the year ending September 30, 2014, are \$1.9 million and \$5.3 million, respectively.

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 8. Pensions and Postretirement Benefits (continued)

The following table sets forth the change in benefit obligation, change in plan assets, and the reconciliation of underfunded status of YNHNC's defined benefit plans as of September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands):

	D	efined	Pension			]	Benefits
	В	Benefit	Plans	Post	tretirement		Plan
		2013	2012		2013		2012
Change in benefit obligation:							_
Benefit obligation at prior measurement date	\$ 4	475,473	\$ 405,642	\$	79,630	\$	63,687
Service cost		36,264	22,106		5,080		3,442
Interest cost		16,676	18,803		3,135		3,183
Plan amendments	(	(23,836)	_		_		_
Actuarial loss	(	(38,302)	53,111		(18,428)		10,588
Benefits paid	(	(20,367)	(24,189)		(1,513)		(1,270)
Benefit obligation at current measurement date		445,908	475,473		67,904		79,630
Change in plan assets:							
Fair value of assets at prior measurement date	2	271,952	225,895		_		_
Actual return on plan assets		19,906	25,511		_		_
Employer contributions		42,239	44,735		1,513		1,270
Benefits paid		(20,367)	(24,189)		(1,513)		(1,270)
Fair value of assets at current measurement date	3	313,730	271,952		_		
Accrued benefit cost	\$ (1	132,178)	\$ (203,521)	\$	(67,904)	\$	(79,630)

### **Benefit Obligation and Assumptions**

The projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for the defined benefit plans were as follows (in thousands):

	 2013	2012
Projected benefit obligation	\$ (445,908) \$	(475,473)
Accumulated benefit obligation	(380,566)	(398,939)
Fair value of plan assets	313,730	271,952

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 8. Pensions and Postretirement Benefits (continued)

At September 30, 2013 and 2012, the underfunded status of the qualified defined benefit pension plan was approximately \$87.9 million and \$154.1 million, respectively, and that of the non-qualified defined benefit pension plan was approximately \$44.3 million and \$49.4 million, respectively. Additionally, there are assets limited as to use of approximately \$69.4 million and \$64.7 million, which are available to satisfy the obligations of the non-qualified defined benefit pension plan at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The net periodic benefit cost for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, is as follows (in thousands):

	_	Defined Benefit 2013	Pension Plans 2012	Post	tretirement 2013	В	enefits Plan 2012
Service cost Interest cost Expected return on plan assets	\$	36,264 16,676 (21,932)	\$ 22,106 18,803 (20,521)	\$	5,080 3,135	\$	3,442 3,183
Amortization of prior service cost Recognized net actuarial loss Net periodic benefit cost		(293) 9,619 40,334	\$ (462) 4,738 24,664	<u> </u>	85 703 9,003	\$	259 - 6,884

Weighted-average assumptions and dates used to determine benefit obligations at September 30, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

	Defined Banafit	Pension	Postretirement	Benefits
	Benefit 2012	Plans		Plan 2012
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Discount rate for determining				
benefit obligations at year-end,				
qualified plan	4.80%	3.60%	4.90%	4.00%
Discount rate for determining				
benefit obligations at year end,				
non-qualified plan	4.90	4.00	_	_
Rate of compensation increase	5.00	5.00	_	_

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 8. Pensions and Postretirement Benefits (continued)

Weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

- -	Defined Benefit 2013	Pension Plans 2012	Postretirement 2013	Benefits Plan 2012
Discount rate for determining net periodic benefit cost at year-end, qualified plan Discount rate for determining net periodic benefit cost at	3.60%	4.80%	4.00%	5.10%
year end, non-qualified plan	4.00	5.10	_	_
Expected rate of return on plan assets	7.75	7.75	_	_
Rate of compensation increase	5.00	5.00	_	_

For measurement purposes relating to the postretirement benefits plan, a 6.0% and 7.0% annual rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health care benefits was assumed for fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2012, respectively. Rates are assumed to decline to 4.0% through fiscal 2014.

Assumed health care cost trend rate assumptions have a significant effect on the amounts reported. A 1% change in the assumed healthcare cost trend rate would have the following effects (in thousands):

	 .% rease	1% Decrease		
Effect on total of service and interest cost components Effect on postretirement benefit obligation	\$ 9 162	\$	(11) (153)	

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

# 8. Pensions and Postretirement Benefits (continued)

The asset allocation of YNHNC's qualified pension plan at September 30, 2013 and 2012, was as follows:

	Target Allocation	Percent Plan A	0
Asset Category	2014	2013	2012
Equity securities	38%	41%	42%
Debt securities	26	24	26
Real assets	14	12	21
All other assets	22	23	11
Total	100%	100%	100%

Pension assets carried at fair value, as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, are classified in the following tables (see FootNote 14 for description) (in thousands):

	<b>September 30, 2013</b>							
	]	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3			Total
Money market funds	\$	11,839	\$	_	\$	_	\$	11,839
U.S. equity securities		58,636		_		_		58,636
International equity securities		68,604		_		_		68,604
Fixed income:								
U.S. government		48,655		_		_		48,655
International government		17,426		8,297		_		25,723
Commodities		13,396		_		6,227		19,623
Private equity		_		_		1,143		1,143
Hedge funds:								
Multi strategy/other		_		44,905		_		44,905
Long/short equity		_		16,539		_		16,539
Real estate		_		_		18,063		18,063
Total investments	\$	218,556	\$	69,741	\$	25,433	\$	313,730

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 8. Pensions and Postretirement Benefits (continued)

	<b>September 30, 2012</b>								
	Level 1		]	Level 2	Level 3			Total	
Money market funds	\$	18,306	\$	_	\$	_	\$	18,306	
U.S. equity securities		53,150		_		_		53,150	
International equity securities		58,819		_		_		58,819	
Fixed income:									
U.S. government		53,392		-		_		53,392	
International government		12,985		6,425		_		19,410	
Commodities		5,469		-		6,127		11,596	
Private equity		_		_		509		509	
Hedge funds:									
Absolute return		_		32,115		_		32,115	
Long/short equity		_		7,871		_		7,871	
Real estate		_		_		16,784		16,784	
Total investments	\$	202,121	\$	46,411	\$	23,420	\$	271,952	

The following is a rollforward of the pension assets classified as Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy as described in Note 15:

	Con	nmodities	_	rivate Equity	Real Estate	Total
Fair value at September 30, 2011 2012 realized and unrealized	\$	5,745	\$	331	\$ 15,627	\$ 21,703
gains and losses		18		(57)	183	144
2012 purchases		897		235	2,078	3,210
2012 sales		(533)		_	(1,104)	(1,637)
Fair value at September 30, 2012		6,127		509	16,784	23,420
2013 realized and unrealized						
gains and losses		(160)		(7)	1,058	891
2013 purchases		748		688	2,334	3,770
2013 sales		(488)		(47)	(2,113)	(2,648)
Fair value at September 30, 2013	\$	6,227	\$	1,143	\$ 18,063	\$ 25,433

YNHNC's investment strategy for its pension assets balances the liquidity needs of the pension plan with the long-term return goals necessary to satisfy future pension obligations. The target asset allocation seeks to capture the equity premium granted by the capital markets over the long-

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 8. Pensions and Postretirement Benefits (continued)

term while ensuring security of principal to meet near-term expenses and obligations through the fixed income allocation. The allocation of the investment pool to various sectors of the markets is designed to reduce volatility in the portfolio. YNHNC's pension portfolio return assumption of 7.75% is based on the targeted weighted average return of comparative market indices for the asset classes represented in the portfolio and discounted for pension expenses. The actual return on assets of the pension plan for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, was 7.4% and 11.1%, respectively.

The future cash flows of YNHNC relative to retirement benefits are expected to be as follows (in thousands):

	Defined Benefit Pension Plans	Postretirement Benefits Plan
Estimated benefit payments related to years ending		
September 30:		
2014	\$23,178	\$2,349
2015	25,681	2,540
2016	26,213	2,762
2017	27,905	3,047
2018	29,742	3,377
2019 to 2023	175,965	22,967

The Hospital expects to contribute approximately \$31.1 million for pension benefits and \$2.2 million for postretirement benefits payments in fiscal 2014.

#### 9. Professional Liability Insurance

In 1978, the Hospital and a number of other academic medical centers formed the Medical Centre Insurance Company, Ltd (the Captive) to insure for professional and comprehensive general liability risks. In 1997, the Captive formed MCIC Vermont, Inc. to write direct insurance for the professional and general liability risks of the shareholders. Since 1997, the Captive has acted as a reinsurer for varying levels of per claim limit exposure. MCIC Vermont, Inc. has reinsurance coverage from outside reinsurers for amounts above the per claim limits. Premiums are based on modified claims made coverage and are actuarially determined based on actual experience of the Hospital, the Captive and MCIC Vermont, Inc.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 9. Professional Liability Insurance (continued)

In fiscal 1998, the Hospital entered into a purchase and sales management agreement with YNHHSC that transferred the Hospital's participation in the Captive to YNHHSC for its book value as calculated by the Captive. Under the terms of the agreement, the Hospital retains certain elements of control and assumes limited risk associated with the ongoing operation of the Captive. The Hospital pays insurance premiums to YNHHSC.

Additionally, because the purchase and sales management agreement entered into with YNHHSC in 1998 meet criteria for deposit accounting, the Hospital recorded an actuarially determined liability for IBNR professional and general liabilities with an offsetting deposit (asset) of an equal amount (approximately \$11.8 million).

The estimate for modified claims-made professional liabilities and the estimate for incidents that have been incurred but not reported aggregated approximately \$111.2 million and \$84.5 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively for the Hospital. The undiscounted estimate for incidents that have been incurred but not reported aggregated approximately \$33.3 million and \$29.7 million for the Hospital at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and is included in professional insurance liabilities in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position at the actuarially determined present value of approximately \$29.9 million and \$28.5 million, respectively, based on a discount rate of 2.5% and 3.0% for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The Hospital has recorded related insurance recoveries receivable of approximately \$81.3 million and \$56.0 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, in consideration of the expected insurance recoveries for the total discounted modified claims-made insurance. The current portion of professional liabilities and the related insurance receivable represents an estimate of expected settlements and insurance recoveries over the next 12 months.

Lukan, the Hospital sponsored professional liability program, continues to manage all incidents and claims reported to Lukan prior to the acquisition of SRHS, as well as extending professional liability coverage for post acquisition risks to certain affiliated community clinicians.

Prior to the acquisition of SRHS, Caritas provided excess professional liability and general liability insurance to SRHS and their employed clinicians. Caritas continues to manage all incidents and claims reported prior to the acquisition of SRHS.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 9. Professional Liability Insurance (continued)

Caritas and Lukan have recorded the undiscounted estimate for claims-made professional liabilities and the estimate for incidents that have been incurred but not reported aggregated of approximately \$38.7 million and \$36.6 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and are included in professional liabilities in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position.

The estimates for professional insurance liabilities are based upon complex actuarial calculations which utilize factors such as historical claims experience for YNHNC and related industry factors, trending models, estimates for the payment patterns of future claims and present value discount factors. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term. Revisions to estimated amounts resulting from actual experience differing from projected expectations are recorded in the period the information becomes known or when changes are anticipated.

### 10. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Leases

YNHNC leases certain office, clinical and parking spaces under non-cancelable operating leases that range in terms ending in 2014 through 2038. Future minimum lease payments under these leases are as follows (in thousands):

2014	\$ 15,784
2015	12,301
2016	11,701
2017	10,394
2018	8,986
Thereafter	 89,918
	\$ 149,084

YNHNC incurred net rent expense under these leases of approximately \$16.6 million for the year ended September 30, 2013, and \$11.2 million for the year ended 2012.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 10. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

#### **Cancer Hospital**

The Hospital has a shared facilities and services agreement with the University in connection with the Cancer Hospital which is recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue, from this agreement, at September 30, 2013 and 2012, was \$45.2 million and \$46.6 million, respectively.

#### Litigation

Various lawsuits and claims arising in the normal course of operations are pending or are in progress against YNHNC. Such lawsuits and claims are either specifically covered by insurance as explained in Note 9 or are deemed to be immaterial. While the outcomes of the lawsuits and claims cannot be determined at this time, management believes that any loss which may arise from these actions will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or changes in net assets of YNHNC.

YNHNC has received requests for information from certain governmental agencies relating to, among other things, patient billings. These requests cover several prior years relating to compliance with certain laws and regulations. Management is cooperating with those governmental agencies in their information requests and ongoing investigations. The ultimate results of those investigations, including the impact on YNHNC, cannot be determined at this time.

#### 11. Functional Expenses

YNHNC provides general acute health care services to residents within its geographic area. Net expenses related to providing these services are as follows (in thousands):

		r Ended ember 30
	2013	2012
Health care services General and administrative	\$ 1,983,109 296,320	9 \$ 1,421,378 6 217,777
	\$ 2,279,43	5 \$ 1,639,155

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 12. Related Party Transactions

YNHNC provided facility space and certain services to related parties as follows (in thousands):

2012		
 2013		2012
\$ 3,028	\$	2,883
_		230
\$ 3,028	\$	3,113
\$ 1,977	\$	2,379
753		1,107
\$ 2,730	\$	3,486
\$ <u>\$</u> \$	\$ 3,028 \$ 3,028 \$ 1,977 753	\$ 3,028 \$  \$ 3,028 \$  \$ 1,977 \$  753

YNHHSC is the sole member of Bridgeport Hospital Healthcare Services, Inc., which is the sole member of Bridgeport Hospital.

YNHNC purchased certain services from YNHHSC as follows (in thousands):

		Year Septer		
	2013			2012
Operating expenses:				
Professional and general liability insurance	\$	26,928	\$	21,088
Information systems		44,896		37,675
System business office		23,518		17,812
Other business services		88,409		67,884
	\$	183,751	\$	144,459

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 12. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Amounts receivable from and payable to related organizations included in other receivables, accounts payable and other long-term liabilities, respectively, in the consolidated balance sheets are as follows (in thousands):

	September 30			
		2013		2012
Other receivables:				
YNHHSC	\$	6,226	\$	2,326
Greenwich Hospital		809		560
Northeast Medical Group, Inc		548		_
	\$	7,583	\$	2,886
Accounts payable: YNHHSC Bridgeport Hospital Northeast Medical Group, Inc Other long-term liabilities: YNHHSC	\$	36,761 837 - 48,307	\$	28,555 1,501 2,912 42,385
	\$	85,905	\$	75,353

YNHNC maintains certain investments for YNHHSC employees that participate in YNHNC's sponsored benefit plans. The costs associated with the YNHHSC employees that participate in benefit plans are recovered by YNHNC.

YNHNC funds certain capital assets purchased by YNHHSC. Included in prepaid expenses and other assets were approximately \$28.4 million and \$85.2 million, respectively, at September 30, 2013 and approximately \$13.9 million and \$49.8 million, respectively, at September 30, 2012.

Additionally, for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, YNHNC funded YNHHSC approximately \$6.0 million and \$9.0 million, respectively, as part of its participation in the New Clinical Program Development Corporation (NCPDC). The NCPDC was established for the purpose of funding and supporting clinical research and clinical programs. The NCPDC Board approves the funding of initiatives.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 13. Other Revenue

Other revenue consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Year Ended September 30			
		2013		2012
Cafeteria and vending	\$	10,564	\$	7,756
Contributions		3,924		2,960
Parking income		6,507		4,087
Net assets released from restrictions for operations		2,822		2,962
Net assets released from restrictions for free care		779		889
Net assets released from restrictions for medical research				
and clinical programs		9,498		12,804
Grants		13,051		8,314
Rental income		1,649		1,660
Electronic health records incentive payment		4,210		2,649
Other		7,716		5,437
	\$	60,720	\$	49,518

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 included provisions for implementing health information technology under the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (HITECH). The provisions were designed to increase the use of electronic health record (EHR) technology and establish the requirements for a Medicare and Medicaid incentive payment program beginning in 2011 for eligible providers that adopt and meaningfully use certified EHR technology. Eligibility for annual Medicare incentive payments is dependent on providers demonstrating meaningful use of EHR technology in each period over a four-year period. Initial Medicaid incentive payments are available to providers that adopt, implement, or upgrade certified EHR technology. In subsequent years, providers must demonstrate meaningful use of such technology to qualify for additional Medicaid incentive payments. Hospitals that do not successfully demonstrate meaningful use of EHR technology are subject to payment penalties or downward adjustments to their Medicare payments beginning in federal fiscal year 2015.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 13. Other Revenue (continued)

The Hospital uses a grant accounting model to recognize revenue for the Medicare and Medicaid EHR incentive payments. Under this accounting policy, EHR incentive payment revenue is recognized when the Hospital is reasonably assured that the EHR meaningful use criteria for the required period of time were met and that the grant revenue will be received. Medicare EHR incentive payment revenue was approximately \$2.6 million for the year ended September 30, 2013 and Medicaid EHR incentive payment revenue was approximately \$1.6 million \$2.6 million, respectively, for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. EHR incentive payment revenue is included in other revenue in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets. Income from incentive payments is subject to retrospective adjustment upon final settlement of the applicable cost report from which payments were calculated. Additionally, the Hospital's attestation of compliance with the meaningful use criteria is subject to audit by the federal government.

#### 14. Non-Operating Gains (Losses)

Non-operating gains and losses, net consisted of the following (in thousands)

	Year Ended September 30				
	2013				
Income from investments, donations and other, net	\$	7,993 \$	7,299		
Change in unrealized gains and losses on investments Change in fair value of swaps, including counterparty		50,283	47,986		
payments		16,586	(12,610)		
Acquisition costs related to Saint Raphael Healthcare			,		
System		(196)	(22,103)		
FICA Tax Refund		(127)	4,920		
	\$	74,539 \$	25,492		

#### 15. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

In determining fair value, YNHNC utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. YNHNC also considers nonperformance risk in the overall assessment of fair value.

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 15. Fair Values of Financial Instruments (continued)

ASC No. 820-10 establishes a three tier valuation hierarchy for fair value disclosure purposes. This hierarchy is based on the transparency of the inputs utilized for the valuation. The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities. This established hierarchy assigns the highest priority to Level 1 assets.
- Level 2: Observable inputs that are based on data not quoted in active markets, but corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are used when little or no market data is available. The Level 3 inputs are assigned the lowest priority.

Financial assets carried at fair value as of September 30, 2013, are classified in the following table in one of the three categories described above (in thousands):

	<b>September 30, 2013</b>							
	Level 1			Level 2		Level 3	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,312	\$	_	\$	_	\$	46,312
Money market funds		123,249		_		_		123,249
U.S. equity securities		43,594		_		_		43,594
International equity securities		64,313		_		_		64,313
Fixed income:								
U.S. government		80,472		_		_		80,472
International government		38,789		25,171		_		63,960
Interest in Yale University endowment		,		,				,
pool		_		_		511,719		511,719
Investments at fair value	\$	396,729	\$	25,171	\$	511,719	=	933,619
Common collective trusts								95,892
Alternative investments								19,369
Perpetual trusts								12,538
Investments not at fair value								127,799
Total investments							<b>&gt;</b>	1,061,418
****								
Liabilities:	_				_		_	()
Interest rate swaps	\$	_	\$	(22,323)	\$	_	\$	(22,323)

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

# 15. Fair Values of Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets carried at fair value as of September 30, 2012, are classified in the following table in one of the three categories described above (in thousands):

	<b>September 30, 2012</b>						
	 Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 69,453	\$	_	\$	_	\$	69,453
Money market funds	156,663		_		_		156,663
U.S. equity securities	28,378		_		_		28,378
International equity securities	40,019		_		_		40,019
Fixed income:							
U.S. government	87,329		_		_		87,329
International government	26,227		17,009		_		43,236
Interest in Yale University							
endowment pool	 _				361,550		361,550
Investments at fair value	\$ 408,069	\$	17,009	\$	361,550	=	786,628
Common collective trusts							89,203
Alternative investments							71,400
Perpetual trusts							12,127
Investments not at fair value							172,730
Total investments						\$	959,358
Liabilities:			(20.250)				(2.2.2.60)
Interest rate swaps	\$ 	\$	(39,269)	\$	_	\$	(39,269)

The following is a rollforward of assets classified as Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy:

Interest in Yale University Endowment Pool:	
Fair value at September 30, 2011	\$ 278,719
2012 unrealized gains and losses	38,570
2012 purchases	44,261
Fair value at September 30, 2012	361,550
2013 unrealized gains and losses	50,169
2013 purchases	100,000
Fair value at September 30, 2013	\$ 511,719

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 15. Fair Values of Financial Instruments (continued)

The fair value of long-term debt was approximately \$674.6 million and \$741.9 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The fair value of the capital leases was approximately \$55.5 million and \$117.7 million at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The fair value of long-term debt is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy as it uses a combination of quoted market prices and valuation based on current market rates.

The amounts reported in the table as detailed above do not include assets invested in the Hospital's defined benefit pension plan (see Note 8). In addition, included in the table above are investments at September 30, 2013 and 2012 in common collective trusts totaling approximately \$95.9 million and \$89.2 million, respectively, other alternative investments totaling approximately \$19.1 million and \$71.4 million, respectively, and perpetual trusts totaling approximately \$12.5 million and \$12.1 million, respectively, that are accounted for under the equity method of accounting (see Note 1). The interest rate swaps listed above are classified in the accompanying balance sheets as other long-term liabilities at September 30, 2013 and 2012.

The following is a summary of total investments as of September 30, 2013, with restrictions to redeem the investments at the measurement date, any unfunded capital commitments and investment strategies of the investees (in thousands):

Description of Investment	Carrying Value	<b>Unfunded Commitments</b>	Redemption Frequency	Notice Period	Funds Availability
Real Estate	\$9,590	\$ 3,231	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commodities	\$ 396	_	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

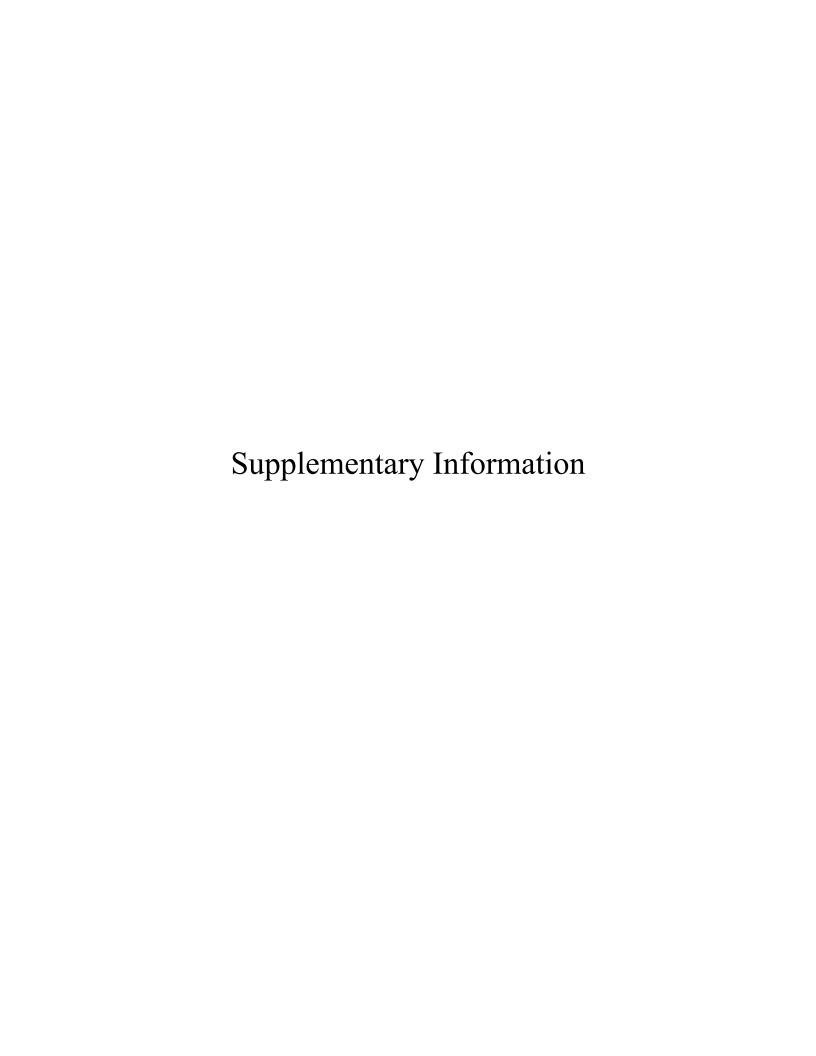
#### 16. Medical Residents FICA Tax Refund

In March 2010, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") announced that, for periods ending before April 1, 2005, medical residents would be eligible for student exception of Federal Insurance Contributions Act ("FICA") taxes. Under the student exception, FICA taxes do not apply to wages for services performed by students employed by a school, college, or university where the student is pursuing a course of study. As a result, the IRS will allow refunds for institutions that file timely FICA refund claims and provide certain information to meet the requirements of perfection, established by the IRS, for their claims applicable to periods prior to April 1, 2005. Institutions are potentially eligible for medical resident FICA refunds for both the employer and employee portions of FICA taxes paid, plus statutory interest. For the year ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Hospital has recorded estimated net revenue of approximately \$0.1 million and \$4.9 million, respectively, in non-operating gains and losses, related to FICA medical resident refunds claims that have met the IRS refund requirements. At September 30, 2012, the Hospital recorded a net receivable of approximately \$18.2 million included in other assets and a payable of approximately \$13.8 million included in other long-term liabilities at September 30. 2012. All amounts were collected and paid in 2013. The Hospital has established its estimate based on information presently available and this estimate is subject to change as the IRS adjudicates the claims.

#### 17. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 23, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No events, except as noted below, have occurred that require disclosure or adjustment of the financial statements.

On October 11, 2013, the YNHNC acquired a substantially all of the assets, business and operations of SRMP. 50% of the interest in SRMP was transferred to the Hospital from ASC, who acquired a 50% interest in SRMP on September 12, 2012 as part of the SRHS acquisition described in Note 1. and 50% was acquired from an unrelated third party for approximately \$3.9 million.





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# Report of Independent Auditors on Supplementary Information

The Board of Trustees
YNH Network Corporation and Subsidiaries

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the consolidated financial statements of YNH Network Corporation and Subsidiaries as of and for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, and have issued an unmodified report thereon dated December 23, 2013. Our audits were performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The consolidating balance sheets and consolidating statement of operations and change in net assets are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statement as a whole.

December 23, 2013

Ernst + Young LLP

# Consolidating Balance Sheet (In Thousands)

September 30, 2013

		YNHNC	Hospital	ASC	York	СНСР	QMPC	YNHCCC	Eliminations	Total
Assets										
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	589 \$	40,355	\$ 1,466 \$	3,733 \$	- \$	- \$	169 \$	_	\$ 46,312
Short-term investments		_	709,453	_	· –	_	_	_	_	709,453
Accounts receivable for services to patients, net		_	233,822	1,745	877	_	_	2,457	_	238,901
Other receivables		47	48,020	2,951	545	_	_	_	(3,769)	47,794
Professional liabilities insurance recoveries									( , , ,	
receivable – current portion		_	21,142	_	_	_	_	_	_	21,142
Other current assets		_	60,787	2,697	449	_	_	_	_	63,933
Amounts on deposit with trustee in debt service fund		_	7,176	, <u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	7,176
Total current assets		636	1,120,755	8,859	5,604	-	-	2,626	(3,769)	1,134,711
Assets limited as to use		_	84,095	_	_	_	_	_	_	84,095
Long-term investments		_	214,382	_	_	_	_	_	_	214,382
Deferred financing costs, less accumulated amortization		_	8,079	_	_	_	_	_	_	8,079
Professional liabilities insurance recoveries			0,077							0,077
receivable – non-current portion		_	60,199	_	_	_	_	_	_	60,199
Goodwill		_	38,955	_	_	_	_	_	_	38,955
Other assets		10,601	190,005	11,817	909	-	_	739	(27,102)	186,969
Property, plant, and equipment:										
Land and land improvements		_	33,191	_	2,338	_	_	1,580	_	37,109
Buildings and fixtures		_	1,101,393	4,315	14,859	_	_	2,184	_	1,122,751
Equipment		_	461,458	3,544	64	_	_	368	_	465,434
Едириси	-	_	1,596,042	7,859	17,261		_	4,132	_	1,625,294
Less accumulated depreciation		_	677,907	5,203	11,877	_	_	206	_	695,193
Less accumulated depreciation			918,135	2,656	5,384			3,926		930,101
		_	710,133	2,030	5,364	_		3,920	_	750,101
Construction in progress		_	22,942	116	_	_	_	581	_	23,639
		_	941,077	2,772	5,384	_	_	4,507	_	953,740
Total assets	\$	11,237 \$	2,657,547	\$ 23,448 \$	11,897 \$	- \$	- \$		(30,871)	\$ 2,681,130

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# Consolidating Balance Sheet (continued) (In Thousands)

September 30, 2013

	 YNHNC	Hospital	ASC	York	CHCP	QMPC	YNHCCC	Eliminations	 Total
Liabilities and net assets (deficiency)									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 2,014 \$	149,107	\$ 2,462 \$	4,096 \$	- \$	- \$	, .	(5,769)	\$ 155,485
Accrued expenses	11	170,013	571	404	_	_	832	_	171,831
Professional liabilities- current portion	_	21,142	_	_	_	_	_	_	21,142
Other current liabilities	_	15,079	_	_	_	_	409	_	15,488
Current portion of capital lease obligation	_	1,555	_	1,043	_	_	_	_	2,598
Current portion of long term debt	_	11,070	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,070
Total current liabilities	2,025	367,966	3,033	5,543	_	_	4,816	(5,769)	377,614
Long-term debt, net of current portion	_	677,492	_	_	_	_	_	_	677,492
Long-term capital lease obligation, net of current portion	_	50,682	_	3,119	_	_	_	_	53,801
Accrued pension and postretirement benefit obligations	_	197,950	_	· –	_	_	_	_	197,950
Professional liabilities	_	128,720	_	_	_	_	_	_	128,720
Other long-term liabilities	_	169,315	12,591	74	_	_	4,413	(16,500)	169,893
Deferred revenue	_	47,297	_	_	_	_	_		47,297
Total liabilities	 2,025	1,639,422	15,624	8,736	_	_	9,229	(22,269)	1,652,767
Net assets (deficiency):									
Unrestricted	9,212	930,988	5,441	3,161	_	_	(1,357)	(8,602)	938,843
Temporarily restricted	_	59,982	· –	· –	_	_			59,982
Permanently restricted	_	27,155	_	_	_	_	_	_	27,155
Total YNH Network Corporation net assets (deficiency)	 9,212	1,018,125	5,441	3,161	_	_	(1,357)	(8,602)	1,025,980
Non-controlling interest	, —	· / –	2,383	, –	_	_			2,383
Total net assets (deficiency) including non-controlling interest	 9,212	1,018,125	7,824	3,161	-	-	(1,357)	(8,602)	1,028,363
Total liabilities and net assets (deficiency)	\$ 11,237 \$	2,657,547	\$ 23,448 \$	11,897 \$	- \$	- \$	7,872 \$	(30,871)	\$ 2,681,130

# Consolidating Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets (*In Thousands*)

# Year Ended September 30, 2013

							YNH Care		
	YNHNC	Hospital	ASC	York	CHCP	QMPC	Continuum	Eliminations	Total
Operating revenue:									
Net patient service revenue	\$ - \$	2,347,565 \$	18,278 \$	5,411 \$	-\$	3 \$	12,193 \$	(485)	\$ 2,382,965
Less: Provision for bad debts	_	(64,649)	(157)	_	_	_	(729)	· -	(65,535)
Net patient service revenue, less provision for bad debts		2,282,916	18,121	5,411	_	3	11,464	(485)	2,317,430
Other revenue	5,797	58,633	354	1,682	_	_	50	(5,796)	60,720
Total operating revenue	5,797	2,341,549	18,475	7,093	_	3	11,514	(6,281)	2,378,150
Operating expenses:									
Salaries and benefits	_	1,025,652	5,689	835	_	_	9,410	_	1,041,586
Supplies and other expenses	12,004	1,062,603	6,091	5,214	18	(1,388)	3,119	(485)	1,087,176
Depreciation	_	107,957	745	719	_	_	195	_	109,616
Insurance	_	16,541	120	15	_	_	135	_	16,811
Interest	_	23,920	6	320	_	_	_	_	24,246
Total operating expenses	12,004	2,236,673	12,651	7,103	18	(1,388)	12,859	(485)	2,279,435
Income (loss) from operations	(6,207)	104,876	5,824	(10)	(18)	1,391	(1,345)	(5,796)	98,715
Nonoperating gains (losses), net:	(1,150)	73,846	705	(11)	_	(1)	_	1,150	74,539
Discontinued operations	_	_	(1,844)	_	_	_	_	_	(1,844)
Excess of revenue over expenses, before non-controlling interest	(7,357)	178,722	4,685	(21)	(18)	1,390	(1,345)	(4,646)	171,410
Less: Income attributable to non-controlling interest		_	(2,750)	_	_	_	_	_	(2,750)
Excess of revenue over expenses	(7,357)	178,722	1,935	(21)	(18)	1,390	(1,345)	(4,646)	168,660

# Consolidating Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets (continued) (In Thousands)

# Year Ended September 30, 2013

								YNH Care		
	Y	NHNC	Hospital	ASC	York	CHCP	QMPC	Continuum	Eliminations	Total
Unrestricted net assets:										
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses (continued)	\$	(7,357)\$	178,722	\$ 1,935 \$	(21) \$	(1\$	1,390 \$	(1,345) \$	(4,646)	\$ 168,660
Other changes in net assets			343	_	_	_	_			343
Transfer (to) from YNH Network Corporation		9,793	(9,793)	(2,000)	_	_	_	_	2,000	_
Transfer to Yale-New Haven Health Services Corporation - Clinica	1									
Development Fund		_	(6,000)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(6,000)
Transfer from Yale-New Haven Health Services Corporation		_	2,900	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,900
Net assets released from restrictions for purchases of fixed assets		_	152	_	_	_	_	_	_	152
Pension and other postretirement liability adjustments		_	88,656	_	_	_	_	_	_	88,656
Increase (decrease) in unrestricted net assets		2,436	254,980	(65)	(21)	(18)	1,390	(1,345)	(2,646)	254,711
Temporarily restricted net assets:										
Income from investments		_	241	_	_	_	_	_	_	241
Net realized gains on investments		_	768	_	_	_	_	_	_	768
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on investments		_	5,421	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,421
Bequests and contributions		_	20,777	_	_	_	_	_	_	20,777
Net assets released from restrictions for purchases of fixed assets		_	(152)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(152)
Net assets released from restrictions for free care		_	(779)	_	-	_	_	-	-	(779)
Net assets released from restrictions for operations		_	(2,822)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,822)
Net assets released from restrictions for clinical programs		_	(9,498)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(9,498)
Increase in temporarily restricted net assets		=	13,956	=	-	-	-	=	-	13,956
Permanently restricted net assets:										
Change in beneficial interest in perpetual trusts		_	411	_	_	_	_	_	_	411
Increase in permanently restricted net assets		_	411	-	_	_	_	_	_	411
Non-controlling interest										
Income attributable to non-controlling interest		(2,750)	_	2,750	_	_	_	_	2,750	2,750
Distributions to non-controlling interest			_	(2,764)	_	_	_	_	_	(2,764)
		(2,750)	_	(14)	_	_	_	_	2,750	(14)
(Decrease) increase in net assets		(314)	269,347	(79)	(21)	(18)	1,390	(1,345)	104	269,064
Net assets (deficiency) at beginning of year		9,526	748,778	7,903	3,182	18	(1,390)	(12)	(8,706)	759,299
Net assets (deficiency) at end of year	\$	9,212 \$	1,018,125	\$ 7,824 \$	3,161 \$		- \$		(8,602)	\$ 1,028,363

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