

#### Healthcare Cost Growth Benchmark Steering Committee Meeting March 25, 2024

"We collaborate, out of a shared concern and responsibility for all Connecticut residents, to develop consensus models that advance equity and consumer affordability of healthcare in our state."

### Welcome and Roll Call



### Meeting Agenda

| <u>Time</u> | <u>Topic</u>  |
|-------------|---|
| 3:00 p.m.   | I. Welcome and Roll Call                                |
| 3:05 p.m.   | II. Approval of February Meeting Minutes – Vote         |
| 3:10 p.m.   | III. 2022 Cost Growth Benchmark Results                 |
| 3:40 p.m.   | IV. 2022 Primary Care Spending Target Results           |
| 4:10 p.m.   | V. 2022 Quality Benchmark Results                       |
| 4:40 p.m.   | VI. Update on the Governor's 2024 Legislative Proposals |
| 4:50 p.m.   | VII. Public Comment                                     |
| 4:55 p.m.   | VIII. Wrap-Up and Next Steps                            |
| 5:00 p.m.   | IX. Adjournment   |

### Approval of February 26<sup>th</sup> Meeting Minutes - Vote



### 2022 Cost Growth Benchmark Results



#### Connecticut's Healthcare Cost Growth Benchmark

| Calendar<br>Year | Benchmark<br>Values |
|------------------|---------------------|
| 2021             | 3.4%                |
| 2022             | 3.2%                |
| 2023             | 2.9%                |
| 2024             | *4.0%               |
| 2025             | 2.9%                |

- Connecticut's cost growth benchmark is a target annual rate-of-growth for per person healthcare spending.
- The benchmark values are based on a blend of forecasted per capita potential gross state product (PGSP) and forecasted growth in median income.



<sup>\*</sup>Modified from 2.9% to account for inflation

#### **Total Healthcare Expenditures**

Total Medical Expense (TME)

+

Net Cost of Private Health Insurance (NCPHI)

Total Healthcare
Expenditures
(THCE)

All incurred expenses for CT residents for all health care services, regardless of where the care was delivered and regardless of the situs of the member's health plan.

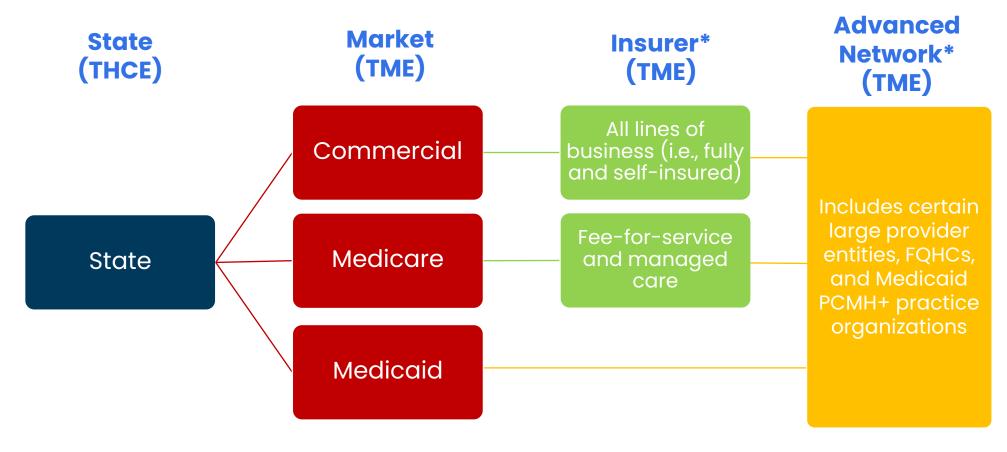
The costs to CT residents associated with the administration of private health insurance.

#### **Data Sources for THCE**

| THCE Component                             | Data Source   |
|--|---|
| Commercial Spending                        | TME reported by carriers  |
| Medicare Managed Care<br>Spending          | TME reported by carriers  |
| Medicare Fee-For-<br>Service Spending      | TME reported by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services  |
| Medicaid Spending                          | TME reported by the Department of Social Services   |
| Net Cost of Private<br>Health Insurance    | Calculated from regulatory reports submitted by insurers or obtained through public sources (e.g., Medical Loss Ratio data) |
| Veterans Health<br>Administration Spending | Veterans Health Administration  |
| CT Department of Correction spending       | Department of Correction  |



# Performance Against the Benchmark is Reported at Four Levels



\*OHS only publicly reports on Insurers and Advanced Networks with a minimum of 60,000 member months per market.



#### **Methodology Reminders**

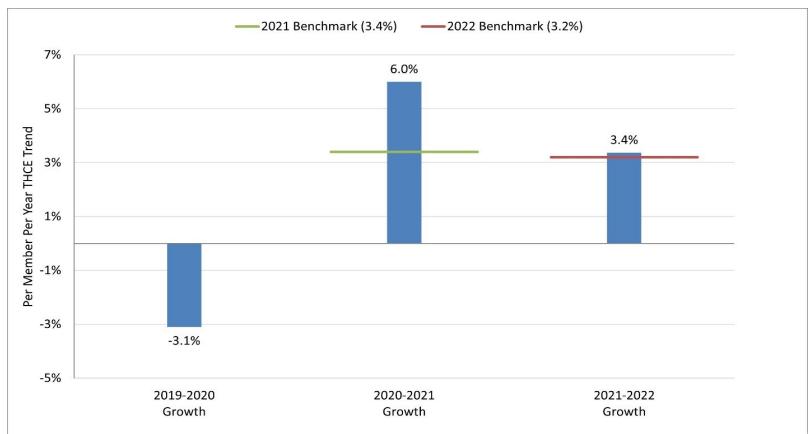
- High-cost outlier spending is truncated for payer and Advanced Network-level reporting to prevent often random annual changes in small numbers of high-cost members from significantly affecting trends in insurer and provider organization per capita expenditures.
- Spending is adjusted at the payer and Advanced Network levels using standard age/sex risk factors.
  - OHS does not adjust for changes in diagnosis-based clinical risk scores because they can change annually without changes in the population's underlying risk due to improved documentation of patient condition on claims.

#### **Special Note**

- On Friday, March 22<sup>nd</sup> UnitedHealthcare notified OHS of an error in the calculation of its commercial trend. The net effect would be to increase United's commercial trend up 1.4 percentage points. This change is not reflected in the data that follow.
  - The reported change would have no impact on the state and commercial market trend calculations, but would have impact on the insurer-level calculation and slight impact on the commercial Advanced Network-level calculations.
- UnitedHealthcare will be resubmitting its commercial market spending data to OHS in the future.



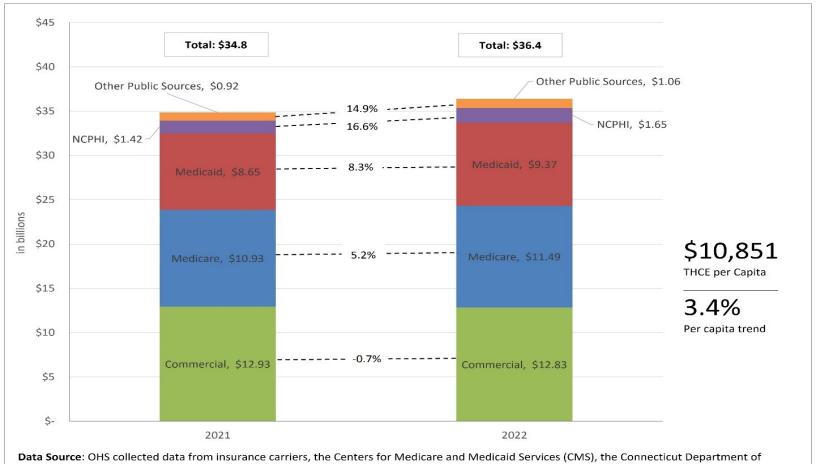
#### Connecticut's Total Health Care Expenditures Grew 3.4% in 2022



**Data Source**: OHS collected data from insurance carriers, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), the Connecticut Department of Social Services (DSS), the Connecticut Department of Correction (DOC), and the Veterans Health Administration (VHA). **Notes:** Data are not risk-adjusted and data are reported net of pharmacy rebates. Data include the net cost of private health insurance (NCPHI).



#### Connecticut's Total Healthcare Expenditures were \$36.4 billion in 2022

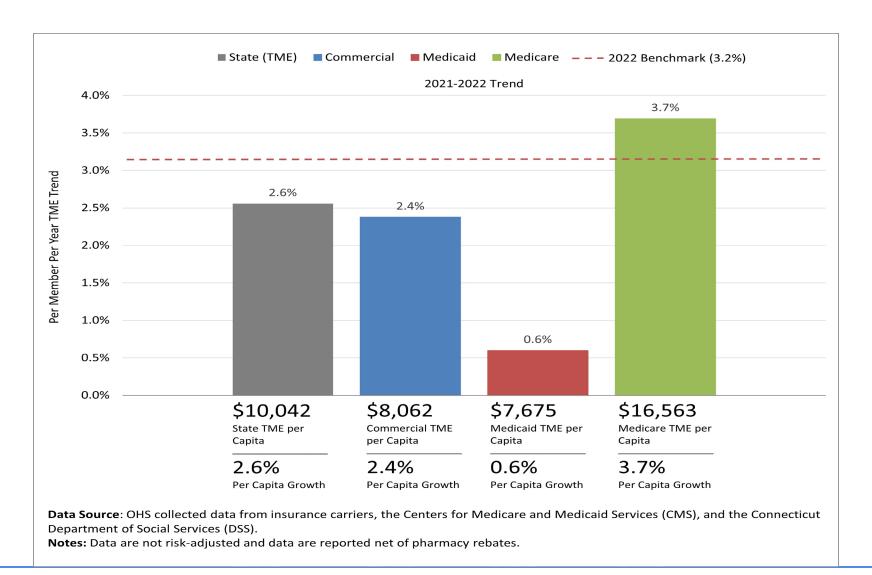


Social Services (DSS), the Connecticut Department of Correction (DOC), and the Veterans Health Administration (VHA).

Notes: Data are not risk-adjusted and data are reported net of pharmacy rebates. "Other Public Sources" includes CT DOC and VHA spending. "NCPHI" is the net cost of private health insurance.

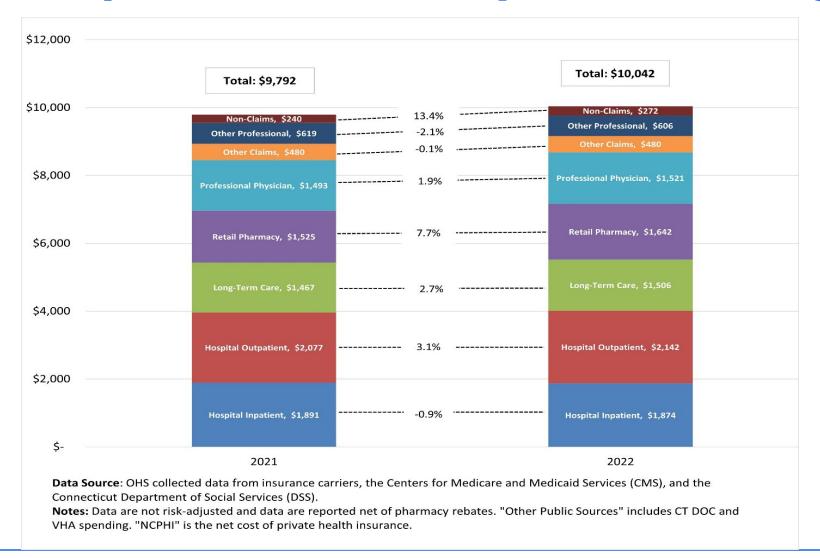


#### Total Medical Expense Trends by Market





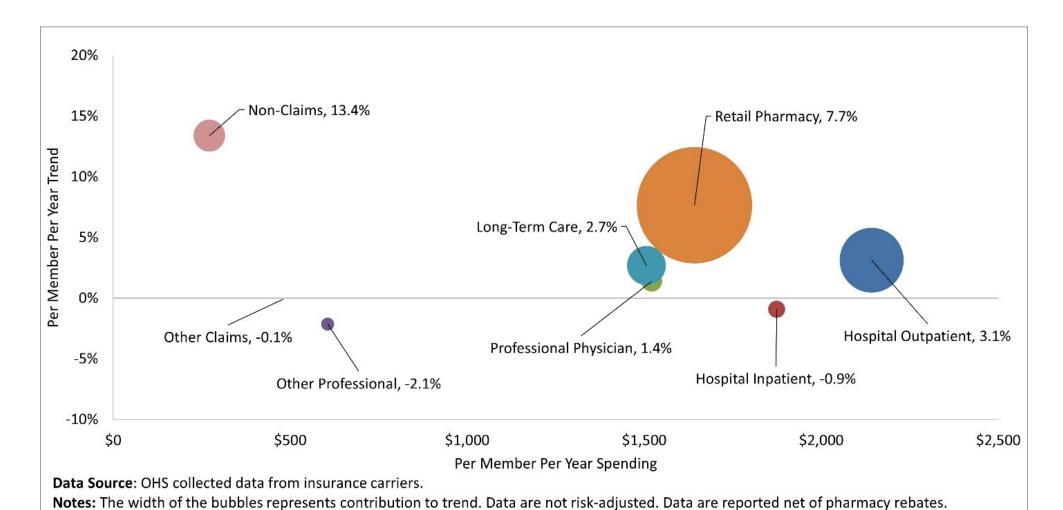
#### State Per Capita TME Growth by Service Category





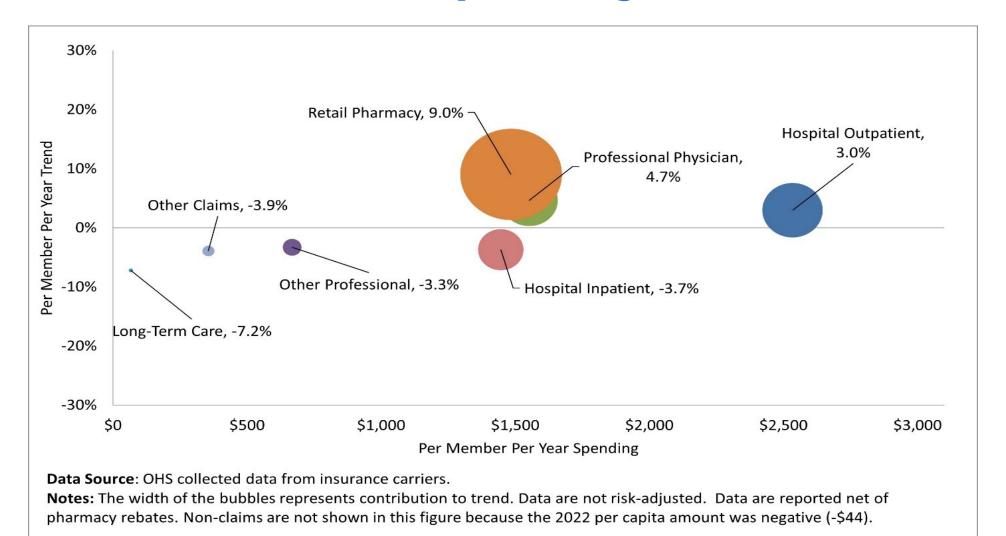
#### **Drivers of Statewide Spending Growth**

Service category contributions to spending growth varies from year to year.



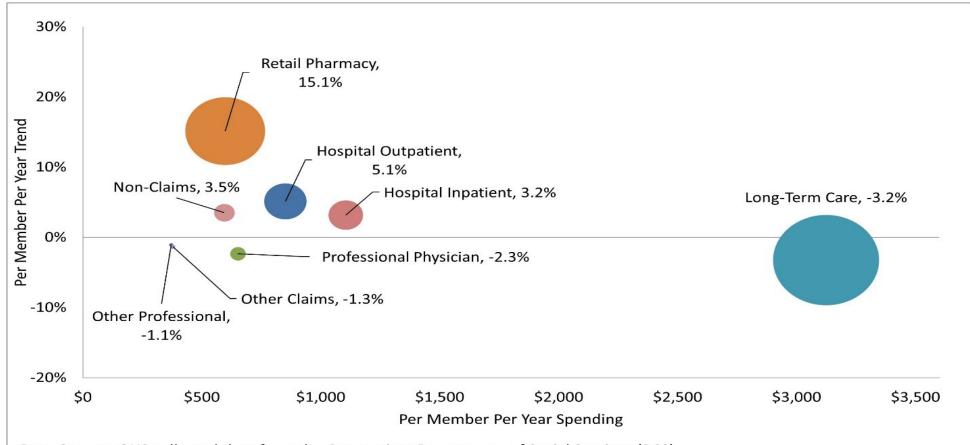


#### **Drivers of Commercial Spending Growth**





#### **Drivers of Medicaid Spending Growth**

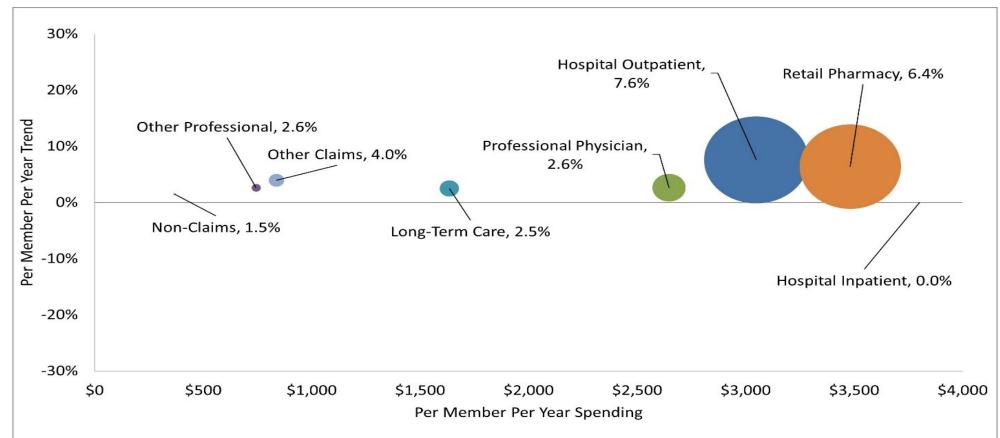


Data Source: OHS collected data from the Connecticut Department of Social Services (DSS).

**Notes:** The width of the bubbles represents contribution to trend. Data are not risk-adjusted. Data are reported net of pharmacy rebates. Data include Medicaid spending on the dually eligible population. Data do not include payments to CT Administrative Services Organizations.



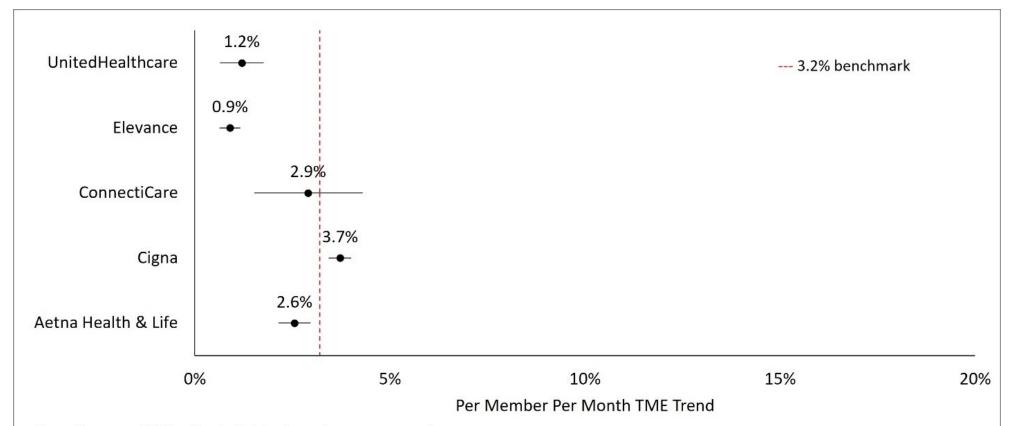
#### **Drivers of Medicare Spending Growth**



**Data Source**: OHS collected data from insurance carriers and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). **Notes:** The width of the bubbles represents contribution to trend. Data are not risk-adjusted. Data are reported net of pharmacy rebates (OHS did not receive pharmacy rebates from CMS). Medicare spending includes traditional Medicare, Medicare Advantage, and Part D pharmacy. Data include Medicare spending on the dually eligible population.



#### Commercial Payers' TME Trends

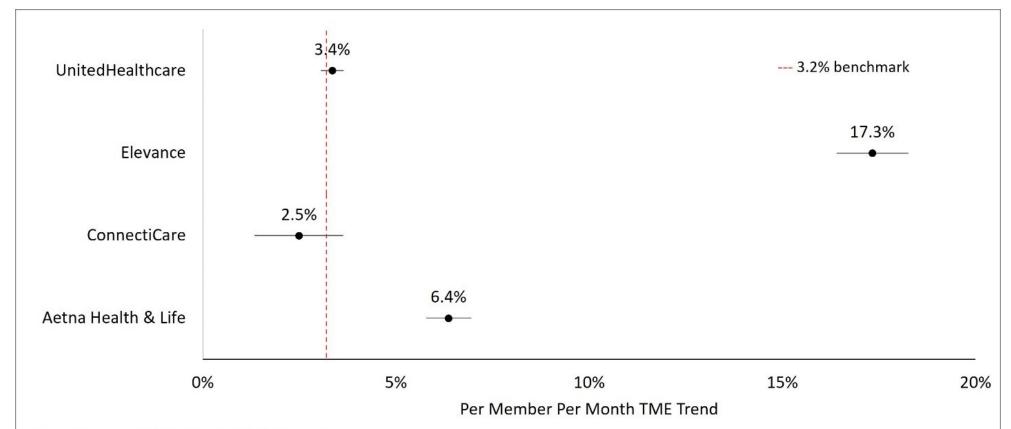


Data Source: OHS collected data from insurance carriers.

**Notes:** Data are truncated for outliers, risk-adjusted, and net of pharmacy rebates. The dots denote the year-over-year growth of an insurance carrier in a specific market, while the horizontal line through each dot indicates the range of values, or confidence interval, within which OHS is 95 percent confident the actual performance lies.



#### Medicare Advantage Payers' TME Trends



Data Source: OHS collected data from insurance carriers.

**Notes:** Data are truncated for outliers, risk-adjusted, and net of pharmacy rebates. The dots denote the year-over-year growth of an insurance carrier in a specific market, while the horizontal line through each dot indicates the range of values, or confidence interval, within which OHS is 95 percent confident the actual performance lies.



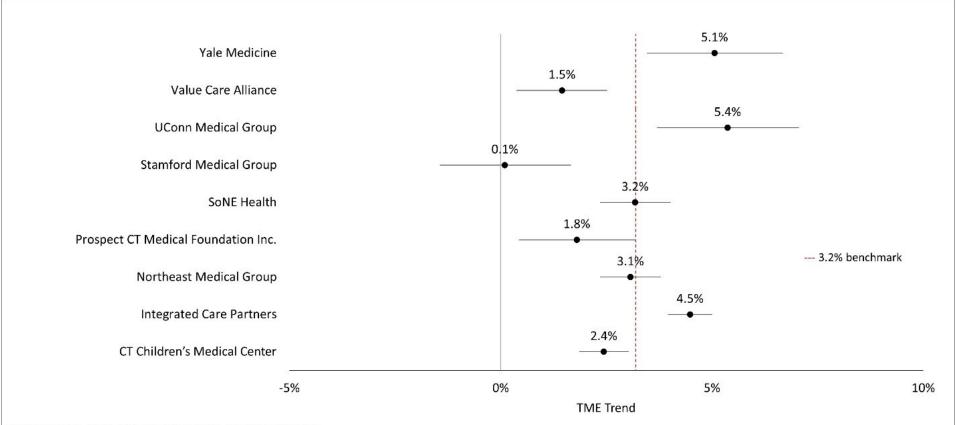


## Summary of Payer Performance Against the Benchmark

| Payer            | Commercial                                 | Medicare Advantage                         |
|------------------|--|--|
| Aetna            | Met  | Did not meet                               |
| Cigna            | Did not meet                               | NA   |
| ConnectiCare     | Confidence interval contains the benchmark | Confidence interval contains the benchmark |
| Elevance         | Met  | Did not meet                               |
| UnitedHealthcare | Met  | Confidence interval contains the benchmark |



### Hospital-Affiliated Advanced Network Commercial TME Trends

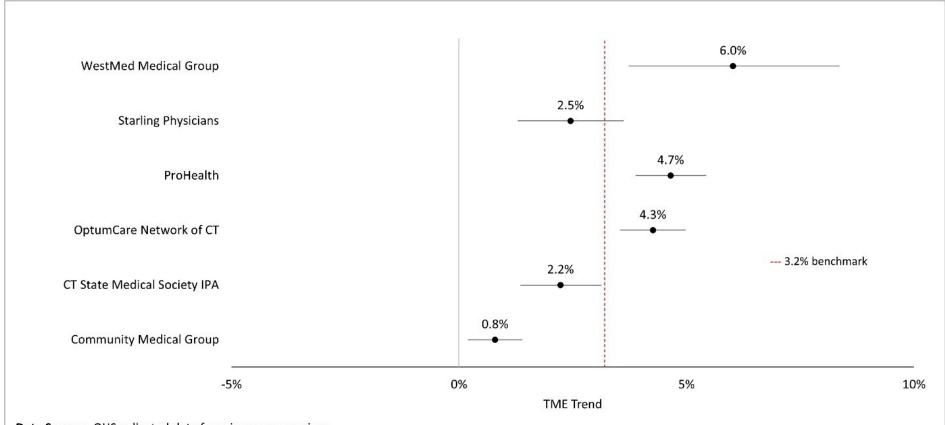


Data Source: OHS collected data from insurance carriers.

**Notes:** Data are truncated for outliers and risk-adjusted. The dots denote the year-over-year growth of an insurance carrier in a specific market, while the horizontal line through each dot indicates the range of values, or confidence interval, within which OHS is 95 percent confident the actual performance lies.



## Non-Hospital-Affiliated Advanced Network Commercial TME Trends

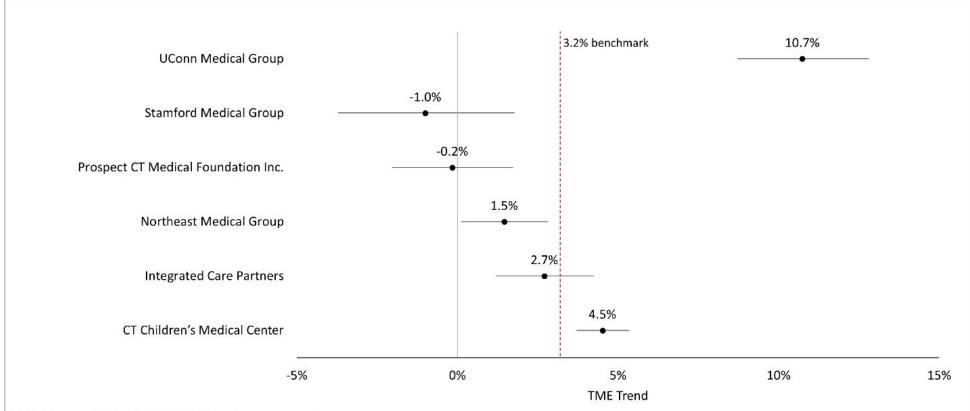


Data Source: OHS collected data from insurance carriers.

**Notes:** Data are truncated for outliers and risk-adjusted. The dots denote the year-over-year growth of an insurance carrier in a specific market, while the horizontal line through each dot indicates the range of values, or confidence interval, within which OHS is 95 percent confident the actual performance lies.



### Hospital-Affiliated Advanced Network Medicaid TME Trends

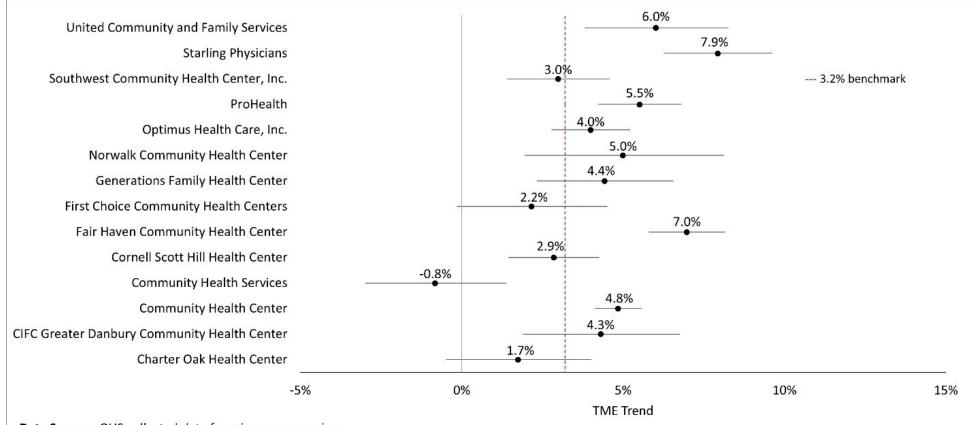


Data Source: OHS collected data from insurance carriers.

**Notes:** Data are truncated for outliers and risk-adjusted. Data do not include Medicaid spending on the dually eligible population. The dots denote the year-over-year growth of an insurance carrier in a specific market, while the horizontal line through each dot indicates the range of values, or confidence interval, within which OHS is 95 percent confident the actual performance lies.



#### Non-Hospital-Affiliated Advanced Network Medicaid TME Trends

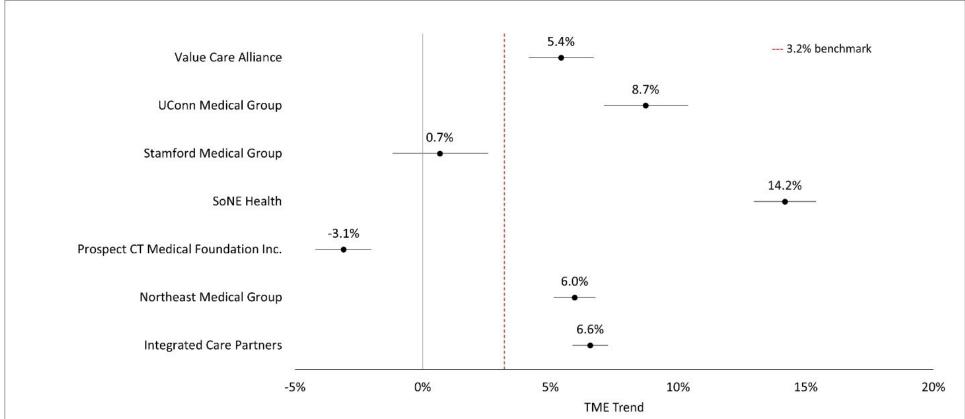


Data Source: OHS collected data from insurance carriers.

**Notes:** Data are truncated for outliers and risk-adjusted. Data do not include Medicaid spending on the dually eligible population. The dots denote the year-over-year growth of an insurance carrier in a specific market, while the horizontal line through each dot indicates the range of values, or confidence interval, within which OHS is 95 percent confident the actual performance lies.



# Hospital-Affiliated Advanced Network Medicare Advantage TME Trends

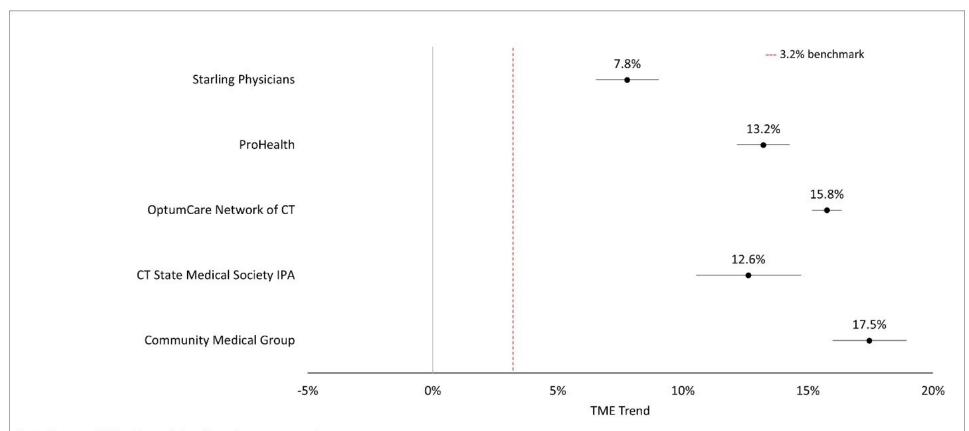


Data Source: OHS collected data from insurance carriers.

**Notes:** Data are truncated for outliers and risk-adjusted. The dots denote the year-over-year growth of an insurance carrier in a specific market, while the horizontal line through each dot indicates the range of values, or confidence interval, within which OHS is 95 percent confident the actual performance lies.



# Non-Hospital-Affiliated Advanced Network Medicare Advantage TME Trends



Data Source: OHS collected data from insurance carriers.

**Notes:** Data are truncated for outliers and risk-adjusted. The dots denote the year-over-year growth of an insurance carrier in a specific market, while the horizontal line through each dot indicates the range of values, or confidence interval, within which OHS is 95 percent confident the actual performance lies.





#### Summary of Hospital-Affiliated Advanced Network Performance Against the Benchmark

| Advanced Network               | Commercial                                 | Medicaid                                   | Medicare Advantage |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--------------------|
| CT Children's Medical Center   | Met  | Did not meet                               | NA                 |
| Integrated Care Partners       | Did not meet                               | Confidence interval contains the benchmark | Did not meet       |
| Northeast Medical Group        | Confidence interval contains the benchmark | Met  | Did not meet       |
| Prospect CT Medical Foundation | Met  | Met  | Met                |
| SoNE Health                    | Confidence interval contains the benchmark | NA   | Did not meet       |
| Stamford Medical Group         | Met  | Met  | Met                |
| UConn Medical Group            | Did not meet                               | Did not meet                               | Did not meet       |
| Value Care Alliance            | Met  | NA   | Did not meet       |
| Yale Medicine                  | Did not meet                               | NA   | NA                 |





# Summary of Non-Hospital-Affiliated Advanced Network Performance Against the Benchmark

| Advanced Network                     | Commercial   | Medicaid     | Medicare Advantage |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Charter Oak Health Center            | NA           | *            | NA                 |
| CIFC Greater Danbury CHC             | NA           | *            | NA                 |
| Community Health Center              | NA           | Did not meet | NA                 |
| Community Health Services            | NA           | Met          | NA                 |
| Community Medical Group              | Met          | NA           | Did not meet       |
| Cornell Scott Hill Health Center     | NA           | *            | NA                 |
| CT State Medical Society IPA         | Met          | NA           | Did not meet       |
| Fair Haven CHC                       | NA           | Did not meet | NA                 |
| First Choice CHC                     | NA           | *            | NA                 |
| Generations Family Health Center     | NA           | *            | NA                 |
| Norwalk CHC                          | NA           | *            | NA                 |
| Optimus Health Care                  | NA           | *            | NA                 |
| OptumCare Network of CT              | Did not meet | NA           | Did not meet       |
| ProHealth                            | Did not meet | Did not meet | Did not meet       |
| Southwest CHC                        | NA           | *            | NA                 |
| Starling Physicians                  | *            | Did not meet | Did not meet       |
| United Community and Family Services | NA           | Did not meet | NA                 |
| WestMed Medical Group                | Did not meet | NA           | NA                 |

<sup>\* =</sup> confidence interval contains the benchmark

#### Takeaway Observations and Discussion (1 of 2)

- Connecticut did not meet the cost growth benchmark in 2022 but came significantly closer to doing so than in 2021!
- While we celebrate this reduction in growth, it is concerning that spending still grew faster than the benchmark the year after spending surged due to people seeking care deferred from 2020.
- Further, the prospects for 2023 and 2024 are worrisome given recent rate requests submitted to the Insurance Department, the introduction of new costly drugs, and the anticipated ripple effect of high inflation during late 2022 and early 2023 on 2024 spending, specifically.



#### Takeaway Observations and Discussion (2 of 2)

- Retail pharmacy spending was again a significant cost driver in 2022.
- Hospital outpatient spending was a less prominent cost driver than in prior years, but still significant.
- Professional spending growth was a more significant cost driver in 2022 than it had been in prior years.

What reactions do Steering Committee members have to the 2022 cost growth benchmark results?



### 2022 Primary Care Spending Target Results



#### Connecticut's Primary Care Spending Target

| Calendar<br>Year | Target<br>Values |
|------------------|------------------|
| 2021             | 5.0%             |
| 2022             | 5.3%             |
| 2023             | 6.9%             |
| 2024             | 8.5%             |
| 2025             | 10.0%            |

- Connecticut's primary care spending target aims to increase primary care spending to 10 percent of total healthcare expenditures by 2025.
- The target is intended to rebalance and strengthen Connecticut's healthcare system by supporting improved primary care delivery.

### Primary Care Spending Definition (1 of 2)

- OHS and the predecessor advisory body to this Steering Committee established a definition of primary care spending in 2020 that built upon a methodology established in collaboration with other New England states.
  - Claims-based spending: spending for care management; care planning; consultation services; health risk assessments, screenings and counseling; home visits; hospice/home health services; immunization administrations; office visits and preventive medicine visits.
  - Non-claims-based spending: capitation or salaried expenditures, PCMH and HIT infrastructure payments, performance-based payments, risk-based reconciliation, COVID-19 support payments.

#### Primary Care Spending Definition (2 of 2)

- Primary care providers:
  - MDs and DOs: family medicine, pediatric and adolescent medicine, internal medicine (when practicing primary care) and geriatric medicine (when practicing primary care)
  - NPs and PAs when practicing primary care

Note: OHS is also measuring primary care spending associated with OB/GYNs and midwifery for monitoring purposes



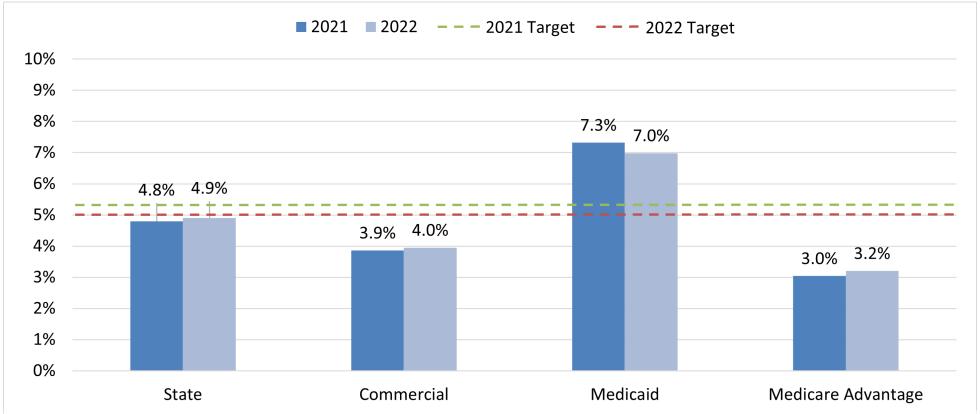
#### Primary Care Spending Analysis Methodology

- To assess primary care spending at the state, market and payer levels, OHS calculates primary care spending per member per month (PMPM) as a percentage of total medical expenses (TME) PMPM.
- TME for the primary care spending target includes all the spending categories for the cost growth benchmark **except for long-term care** so that calculations across commercial, Medicaid, and Medicare markets are comparable.

Note: Primary Care Spending analysis utilized updated data from the payers in their most recent submission. This led to some differences in the previous year's report.



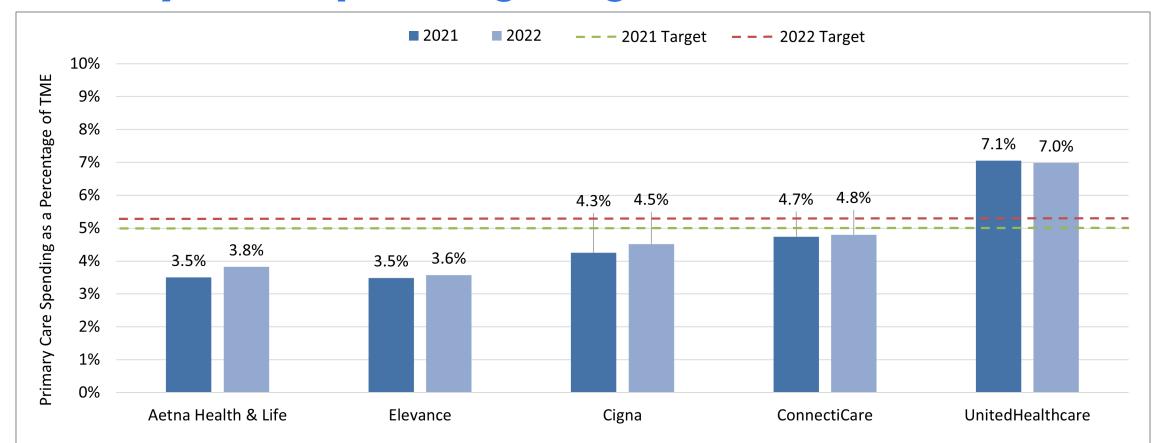
## State and Market Performance Against the Primary Care Spending Target



**Data Source**: OHS collected data from insurance carriers and from the Connecticut Department of Social Services (DSS). **Notes:** Data are not risk adjusted. Data are net of pharmacy rebates. Data include commercial, Medicare Advantage and Medicaid FFS spending. TME includes all of the spending categories captured for the cost growth benchmark, less long-term care.



## Commercial Payers' Performance Against the Primary Care Spending Target

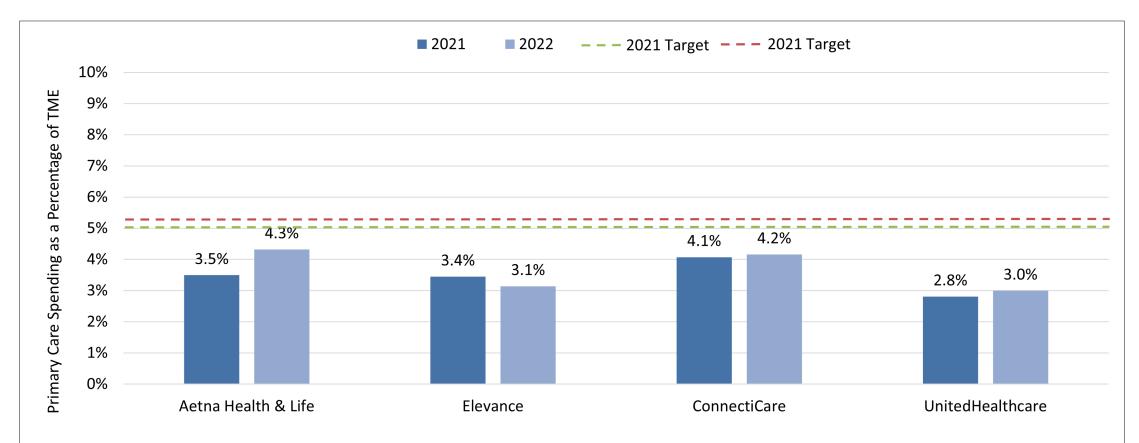


**Data Source**: OHS collected data from insurance carriers.

**Notes:** Data are not risk adjusted. Data are net of pharmacy rebates. TME includes all of the spending categories captured for the cost growth benchmark, less long-term care.



#### Medicare Advantage Payers' Performance Against the Primary Care Spending Target



**Data Source**: OHS collected data from insurance carriers.

**Notes:** Data are not risk adjusted. Data are net of pharmacy rebates. TME includes all of the spending categories captured for the cost growth benchmark, less long-term care.



## Summary of Payer Performance Against the Primary Care Spending Target

| Payer            | Commercial   | Medicare Advantage |
|------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Aetna            | Did not meet | Did not meet       |
| Cigna            | Did not meet | NA                 |
| ConnectiCare     | Did not meet | Did not meet       |
| Elevance         | Did not meet | Did not meet       |
| UnitedHealthcare | Met          | Did not meet       |



#### Takeaway Observations and Discussion

- Connecticut fell short of the 5.3% primary care spending target in 2022 with only a modest increase from 2021.
- Payers in the commercial and Medicare markets will need to make significant strides for Connecticut to meet the 10% target in 2025.

What reactions do Steering Committee members have to the 2022 primary care spending target results?



## 2022 Quality Benchmark Results



#### **Connecticut's Quality Benchmarks**

- OHS selected seven Quality Benchmark measures and values for phased implementation.
- The Quality Benchmarks offer a balanced perspective on health system performance, safeguarding against potential stinting of care and protecting patients' interests in the context of a cost growth benchmark.

# Asthma Medication Ratio Controlling High Blood Pressure Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) Control for Patients with Diabetes: HbA1c Poor Control Follow-up After Hospitalization for Mental Illness (7-day) Follow-up After ED Visit for Mental Illness (7-day) Obesity Equity Measure





#### 2022 Phase I Quality Benchmark Values

| Quality Benchmark Measure                                     | Commercial | Medicare<br>Advantage | Medicaid |
|---|------------|-----------------------|----------|
| Asthma Medication Ratio<br>(Ages 5-18)                        | 79.0%      | NA                    | 66.0%    |
| Asthma Medication Ratio<br>(Ages 19-64)                       | 78.0%      | NA                    | 63.0%    |
| Controlling High Blood Pressure                               | 61.0%      | 73.0%                 | 61.0%    |
| HbAlc Control for Patients with Diabetes: HbAlc Poor Control* | 27.0%      | 20.0%                 | 37.0%    |

<sup>\*</sup>A lower rate indicates better performance for HbA1c Poor Control



#### **Quality Benchmark Analysis Methodology**

- OHS collected quality performance data by market and by Advanced Network from commercial and Medicare Advantage carriers and from DSS.
  - For the commercial and Medicare Advantage markets, insurers submitted performance for Advanced Networks when the insurer included the given Quality Benchmark measure in its 2022 contract with an Advanced Network, and when the insurer had the requisite data to calculate performance for an Advanced Network.
  - Advanced Network performance on each measure was aggregated across insurers. Performance is only reported if the aggregated measure denominator met the minimum threshold per NCQA guidelines.



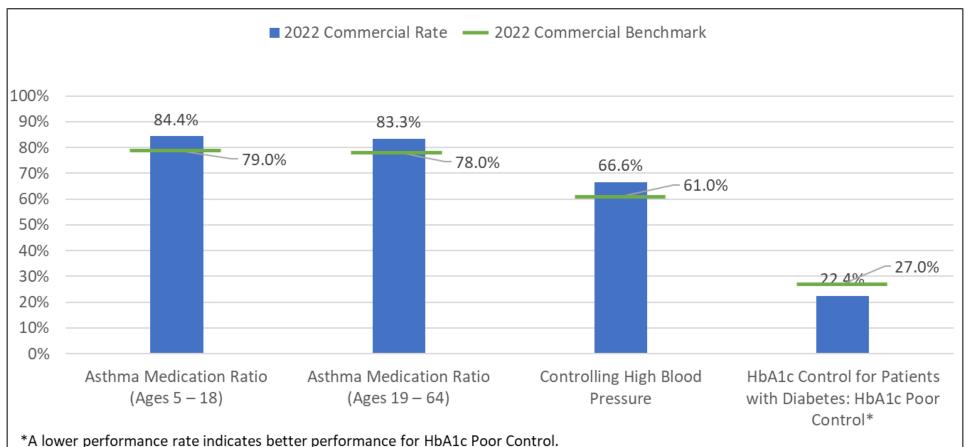


#### **Quality Benchmark Analysis Limitations**

- Since Controlling High Blood Pressure and HbA1c Control for Patients with Diabetes: HbA1c Poor Control require both claims and clinical data to calculate, insurers were not able to report Quality Benchmark performance data for many Advanced Networks for these measures. Where insurers did report Advanced Network data for these measures, the reported population did not always meet minimally acceptable denominator threshold.
- Two insurers, Elevance and UnitedHealthcare, did not submit complete quality performance data to OHS, and thus these data were not included in OHS' analysis.



#### Statewide Commercial Quality Benchmark **Performance**



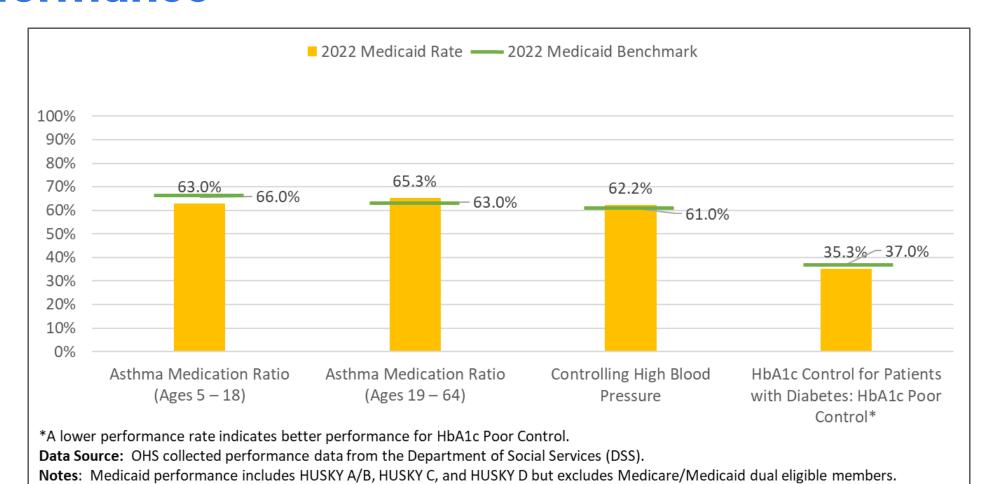
<sup>\*</sup>A lower performance rate indicates better performance for HbA1c Poor Control.

**Data Source:** OHS collected performance data from insurance carriers.

Notes: Commercial performance is a weighted average of insurer performance, using commercial member months from OHS' cost growth benchmark data request.



## Statewide Medicaid Quality Benchmark Performance

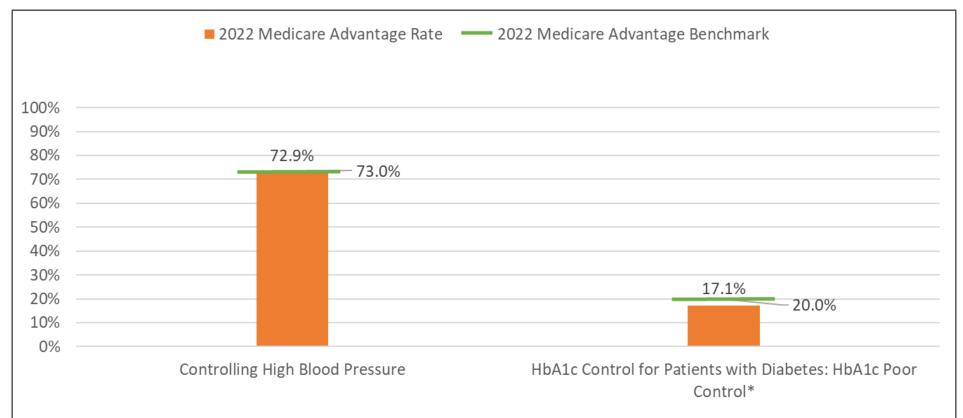


Medicaid performance for the hybrid measures (Controlling High Blood Pressure and HbA1c Poor Control) are a weighted average of



HUSKY A/B, HUSKY C and HUSKY D.

## Statewide Medicare Advantage Quality Benchmark Performance



<sup>\*</sup>A lower performance rate indicates better performance for HbA1c Poor Control.

Data Source: OHS collected performance data from insurance carriers.

**Notes**: Medicare Advantage performance is a weighted average of insurer performance, using Medicare Advantage member months from OHS' cost growth benchmark data request. UnitedHealthcare's Medicare Advantage performance is not included because UnitedHealthcare did not provide this data to OHS.





## Commercial Payers' Quality Benchmark Performance

| Payer            | Asthma<br>Medication Ratio,<br>Ages 5-18<br>Benchmark: 79.0% | Asthma<br>Medication Ratio,<br>Ages 19-64<br>Benchmark: 78.0% | Controlling High<br>Blood Pressure<br>Benchmark: 61.0% | HbA1c Poor<br>Control*<br>Benchmark: 27.0% |
|------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Aetna            | 80.4%  | 85.0%   | 56.2%  | 19.8%                                      |
| Cigna            | 87.4%  | 87.7%   | 67.9%  | 29.4%                                      |
| ConnectiCare     | 89.1%  | 89.7%   | 72.3%  | 28.3%                                      |
| Elevance         | 85.1%  | 82.0%   | 67.2%  | 19.7%                                      |
| UnitedHealthcare | 81.8%  | 77.1%   | 72.2%  | 22.2%                                      |





## Medicare Advantage Payers' Quality Benchmark Performance

| Payer            | Controlling High Blood<br>Pressure<br>Benchmark: 73.0% | HbAlc Poor Control*  Benchmark: 20.0% |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Aetna            | 74.3%  | 10.0%                                 |
| ConnectiCare     | 79.6%  | 17.8%                                 |
| Elevance         | 64.7%  | 27.3%                                 |
| UnitedHealthcare | NA   | NA                                    |

\*A lower rate indicates better performance for HbA1c Poor Control





## Advanced Network Quality Benchmark Performance

- The following slides present Advanced Network performance on the three Phase 1 Quality Benchmark Measures.
- OHS has used green and red color coding to indicate whether Advanced Networks met the 2022 Quality Benchmark Values for Asthma Medication Ratio.
- OHS has not indicated whether Advanced Networks met the 2022
   Quality Benchmark values for Controlling High Blood Pressure and
   HbA1c Poor Control because performance rates suggest that
   insurers may not have included all requisite clinical data
   necessary to calculate performance against the Quality
   Benchmark Value.





## Advanced Network Commercial Quality Benchmark Performance

| Advanced Network               | Asthma Medication<br>Ratio, Ages 5-18<br>Benchmark: 79.0% | Asthma Medication<br>Ratio, Ages 19-64<br>Benchmark: 78.0% | Controlling High<br>Blood Pressure<br>Benchmark: 61.0% | HbA1c Poor<br>Control*<br>Benchmark: 27.0% |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Community Medical Group        | 83.2%   | 86.0%  | 79.8%  | 46.5%                                      |
| CT Children's Medical Center   | 79.1%   | -  | -  | -  |
| CT State Medical Society IPA   | -   | 78.5%  | -  | -  |
| Integrated Care Partners       | 90.0%   | 81.7%  | 68.2%  | 56.9%                                      |
| Northeast Medical Group        | -   | 86.6%  | 67.5%  | 41.1%                                      |
| OptumCare Network of CT        | 89.3%   | 81.0%  | -  | -  |
| ProHealth                      | 84.5%   | 83.3%  | 70.5%  | 12.5%                                      |
| Prospect CT Medical Foundation | -   | 90.0%  | 43.2%  | 60.3%                                      |
| SoNE Health                    | -   | 84.4%  | 82.0%  | 38.4%                                      |
| Stamford Medical Group         | -   | 85.9%  | -  | -  |
| Starling Physicians            | -   | 89.0%  | -  | -  |
| UConn Medical Group            | -   | 65.5%  | -  | -  |
| Value Care Alliance            | -   | 80.0%  | -  | -  |

<sup>\*</sup>A lower rate indicates better performance for HbAlc Poor Control





## Advanced Network Medicaid Quality Benchmark Performance (1 of 2)

| Advanced Network   | Asthma Medication Ratio,<br>Ages 5-18<br>Benchmark: 66.0% | Asthma Medication Ratio,<br>Ages 19-64<br>Benchmark: 63.0% |
|--|---|--|
| Charter Oak Health Center                                  | 65.6%   | 65.2%  |
| CIFC Greater Danbury CHC                                   | 52.3%   | 71.8%  |
| Community Health and Wellness Center of Greater Torrington | <del>-</del>  | 72.3%  |
| Community Health Center                                    | 54.5%   | 67.9%  |
| Community Health Services                                  | 33.3%   | 63.7%  |
| CT Children's Medical Center                               | 63.7%   | 68.7%  |
| Cornell Scott Hill Health Center                           | 68.1%   | 67.0%  |
| Fair Haven CHC   | 61.6%   | 65.1%  |
| First Choice CHC   | 70.7%   | 66.9%  |
| Generations Family Health Center                           | 63.5%   | 66.3%  |
| Integrated Care Partners                                   | 70.8%   | 67.5%  |
| Northeast Medical Group                                    | 57.3%   | 66.6%  |





## Advanced Network Medicaid Quality Benchmark Performance (2 of 2)

| Advanced Network                     | Asthma Medication Ratio,<br>Ages 5-18<br>Benchmark: 66.0% | Asthma Medication Ratio,<br>Ages 19-64<br>Benchmark: 63.0% |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Optimus Health Care                  | 49.8%   | 61.8%  |
| ProHealth                            | 65.9%   | 68.6%  |
| Prospect CT Medical Foundation       | 82.8%   | 65.0%  |
| SoNE Health                          | -   | 67.2%  |
| Southwest CHC                        | 53.5%   | 49.3%  |
| Stamford Medical Group               | -   | 66.4%  |
| Starling Physicians                  | 76.6%   | 66.9%  |
| UConn Medical Group                  | -   | 67.3%  |
| United Community and Family Services | 57.5%   | 52.3%  |
| Wheeler Clinic                       | 54.5%   | 66.2%  |
| Yale Medicine                        | -   | 67.2%  |





## Advanced Network Medicare Advantage Quality Benchmark Performance

| Advanced Network               | Controlling High Blood<br>Pressure<br>Benchmark: 73.0% | HbA1c Poor Control* Benchmark: 20.0% |
|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| CT State Medical Society IPA   | _  | 22.9%                                |
| Integrated Care Partners       | 76.3%  | 20.0%                                |
| Northeast Medical Group        | 68.3%  | 26.9%                                |
| ProHealth                      | 69.0%  | 50.3%                                |
| Prospect CT Medical Foundation | 30.5%  | 39.5%                                |
| SoNE Health                    | 81.0%  | 19.6%                                |
| Starling Physicians            | 58.8%  | 40.8%                                |
| Value Care Alliance            | 90.6%  | 14.7%                                |
| Yale Medicine                  | 50.8%  | 51.4%                                |

<sup>\*</sup>A lower rate indicates better performance for HbAlc Poor Control



#### **Takeaway Observations and Discussion**

- At the market and payer levels, performance was strong for Asthma Medication Ratio and Controlling High Blood Pressure and opportunity for improvement exists for HbA1c Poor Control.
- There was significant variation across Advanced Networks on these measures, especially for Controlling High Blood Pressure and HbA1c Poor Control.
  - The challenges OHS encountered with collecting complete and valid data underscores the need for insurers to integrate quality benchmark measures into value-based contracts with Advanced Networks and to collect the requisite clinical data to accurately report performance against the Quality Benchmark Values.

What reactions do Steering Committee members have to the 2022 quality benchmark results?



## Update on the Governor's 2024 Legislative Proposals



#### **Governor's Bill 5054**

#### AN ACT ADDRESSING HEALTH CARE AFFORDABILITY

- § 1 Creates a Prescription Drug Affordability Board (PDAB)
- § 2 Defines FDA Breakthrough Drug and Orphan Drug
- § 3 Outlines the PDAB powers
- § 4 Establishes the Cost Growth Benchmark Oversight Commission
- § 5 Adds Performance Improvement Plan (PIP) to the cost growth benchmark.
- § 6 Allows OHS to conduct Cost and Market Impact Review (CMIR) for entities exceeding the cost growth benchmark
- § 7 Provides subpoena power to compel attendance at the cost growth benchmark public hearing
- § 8 Allows OHS to establish policies and procedures while regulations are developed
- § 9 Establishes affordability rate review process for OHS in consort with CID



## **Public Comment**



### Wrap-Up and Next Steps



#### Wrap-Up and Next Steps

- The next Steering Committee meeting will be held virtually on April 29<sup>th</sup> from 3-5 pm.
- OHS will soon be publishing a report on the state of alternative payment model adoption in Connecticut.
- OHS will be holding the statutorily required annual public hearing on the cost growth benchmark, primary care spending target, and quality benchmark results on Tuesday, June 25th at the Legislative Office Building.

