(Rev. 01/09)

Form CT-1120 PIC

Information Return for Passive Investment Companies

Complete this form in blue or black ink only. See instructions on reverse.

Enter Income Year Beginning,		,	, and Ending,,		
Тахрауе	Passive investment company (PIC) name			CT Tax Registration Number	
Please	Number and street		PO Box	DRS use only 20	
type or print.	City or town	State	ZIP code	Federal Employer ID Number (FEIN)	
Check	and Complete All Applicable Boxes				
	PIC began commercial operations:		Indicate the method used to determine the number of full-tin equivalent employees. See Instructions.		
Date PI	PIC began commercial operations in CT:		Actual time or busine	ess records	
2. Parent	company's name:		Safe harbor method	elected:	
			First 30 days of	of taxable year	
CT Tax	Registration Number:		Average of firs	t three months of taxable year	
3. Is a co	mmon paymaster used: Yes No	6.	Indicate the method used to allocate expenses and employee costs to the PIC. See instructions.		
If Yes,	indicate the common paymaster's:		I.R.C. §482 type met	thod	
Name:			Safe harbor method	elected:	
			Percentage o	f time	
CT Tax	Registration Number:		Percentage o	floans	
Conne	PIC have at least five full-time equivalent employees in cticut for the period covered by this return:		the safe harbor methods in	at the applicable period selected under either Line 5 or Line 6 is representative n, its level of employment for the entire	
If Yes,	indicate the number of PIC employees:	7.	Amount of expenses and employee costs to be allocated to the PIC: Attach detailed schedule. See instructions.		
Full-tin	ne: Part-time:				
Dual:	See instructions.	8.	Amount of the PIC's total	gross receipt:	
If No	the company does not qualify as a PIC. Do not file this	6	Attach detailed schedule.		
return.		9.	Amount of total dividends Attach detailed schedule.	issued by the PIC:	
		10.	Corporation Business Tax	n:	

Declaration: I declare under penalty of law that I have examined this return (including any accompanying schedules and statements) and, to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, complete, and correct. I understand the penalty for willfully delivering a false return or document to the Department of Revenue Services (DRS) is a fine of not more than \$5,000, or imprisonment for not more than five years, or both. The declaration of a paid preparer other than the taxpayer is based on all information of which the preparer has any knowledge.

			, 0	
Sign Here	Signature of corporate officer	Title	Date	Telephone number
Кеер а сору	Paid preparer's signature		Date	Preparer's SSN or PTIN
of this return for your records.	Firm's name and address			FEIN
				Telephone number

(Rev. 01/09)

Form CT-1120 PIC Information Return for Passive Investment Companies Instructions

Complete this form in blue or black ink only. Use **Form CT-1120 PIC**, *Information Return for Passive Investment Companies*, to establish that the corporation meets the requirements of a **passive investment company (PIC)** as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. §12-213(a)(27).

Filing Instructions

If the PIC parent company (taxpayer) is subject to the Connecticut corporation business tax, Form CT-1120 PIC must be attached to **Form CT-1120**, *Corporation Business Tax Return*. If the PIC parent company is not subject to such tax, Form CT-1120 PIC must be filed with the Department of Revenue Services (DRS) by April 1, following the close of its taxable year.

Mail to: Department of Revenue Services PO Box 2974 Hartford CT 06104-2974

Definitions

Passive investment company (PIC) means any corporation which is a related person to a financial service company or to an insurance company, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. §12-218b, **and**:

- Employs not less than five **full-time** equivalent **employees** in the state;
- Maintains an office in the state; and
- Confines its activities to the purchase, receipt, maintenance, management, and sale of its intangible investments, and the collection and distribution of the income from such investments, including but not limited to interest and gains from the sale, transfer, or assignment of such investments or from the foreclosure upon or sale, transfer, or assignment of the collateral securing such investments.

Related person means:

- A corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association, or trust controlled by the taxpayer;
- An individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association, or trust in control of the taxpayer;
- A corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association, or trust controlled by an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association, or trust in **control** of the taxpayer; **or**
- A member of the same controlled group as the taxpayer.

Control, with respect to a corporation, means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing 50% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of such corporation entitled to vote. Control, with respect to a trust, means ownership, directly or indirectly, of 50% or more of the beneficial interest in the principal or income of such trust. The ownership of stock in a corporation, of a capital or profits interest in a partnership or association, or of a beneficial interest in a trust shall be determined in accordance with the rules for constructive ownership of stock provided in I.R.C. §267(c) other than paragraph (3) of said section.

Intangible investments of a PIC are limited to:

- Loans secured by real property, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. §12-218b(a)(11); or
- Short-term investments of cash.

Line Instructions

Line 1 - Enter the date the PIC began commercial operations and the date the PIC began commercial operations in Connecticut.

Line 2 - Enter the PIC's parent company name and its Connecticut Tax Registration Number.

Line 3 - Check the appropriate box to indicate whether a common paymaster is used. If **Yes**, indicate the common paymaster's name and Connecticut Tax Registration Number.

Line 4 - Check the appropriate box to indicate whether the PIC had at least five full-time equivalent employees in Connecticut. Enter the number of employees on the appropriate line(s). If the company did not have at least five full-time equivalent employees in Connecticut, the company **does not** qualify as a PIC, and its income will be subject to tax. Do not complete this informational return.

A **full-time employee** must work 35 hours or more per week. See Conn. Gen. Stat. §12-217u(d); Conn. Agencies Regs. §31-236-58(c)(2). A **dual employee** works for both the PIC and the parent company. Part-time or dual employees may be used in calculating the number of full-time equivalent employees. The PIC must employ the number of full-time, part-time, and/or dual employees that will add up to at least five full-time equivalent employees, when calculating the amount of time such employees work on PIC-related matters. However, the maximum number of employees whose time may be allocated to attain the requisite five full-time equivalent employees is 25.

Line 5 - Check the appropriate box to identify the method used to determine the number of full-time equivalent employees. The five full-time equivalent employees may be established from the employees' time records. In lieu of relying on actual time records maintained throughout the year, taxpayers may use an annual **safe-harbor test** based on the employees' time records for either the first 30 days of the taxable year or an average of the first three months in such taxable year ("the applicable period").

Line 6 - Check the appropriate box to identify the method used to allocate expenses and employee costs to the PIC.

PIC-related expenses and costs may be allocated to a PIC on any reasonable basis provided in I.R.C. §482. Use of such method will require the taxpayer to maintain adequate books and records. In lieu of this method, the taxpayer is allowed to make one of two alternative **safe harbor elections** on its return each year in determining the reasonable allocation of the aggregate pool of expenses and employee costs to the PIC.

Percentage of Time Method

Under this safe harbor method, PIC-related expenses and employee costs are allocated on the basis of the ratio of the number of PIC employees to the total number of employees in the PIC and the related financial service company. The number of PIC employees may be determined either from the employees' time records used in calculating the five full-time equivalent employees under the safe harbor test, or from actual time records for those taxpayers that do not rely on the safe harbor test. No employee that expends less than 20% of his or her time on PIC business shall be included in the calculation of the number of PIC employees for purposes of determining the ratio.

Percentage of Loans Method

Under this method, PIC-related expenses and employee costs may be allocated on the basis of the ratio of the number of PIC loans to all loans serviced by the PIC and its related financial service company. Such ratio shall be based upon the average number of loans held during the first month of a PIC's taxable year or first 30 days after it begins commercial operations in Connecticut for its first taxable year, and the average number of loans held during the last month of a PIC's taxable year. This method may be used by any entity that employs five or more full-time employees on PIC business without the need to allocate employees' time in order to qualify for PIC status.

The method selected in a particular year must be consistently applied to **all** expenses and employee costs on an **all or nothing** basis.

On the basis of the method identified, detailed schedules must be attached to this return.

Line 7 - Enter the amount of expenses and employee costs to be allocated to the PIC. A detailed schedule must be attached showing all expenses and employee costs (including wages) of the financial service company to be allocated to the PIC, the computation of the percentage used in allocating expenses and employee costs to the PIC, and the resulting amount of PIC expenses and employee costs for the taxable year. Do not include interest expenses on borrowings, deposits, and escrows. Do not include expenses related to FDIC insurance premiums and investment and banking fees relating to mergers, acquisitions, and other extraordinary transactions.

Line 8 - Enter the PIC's total gross receipts. A detailed schedule must be attached to this return.

Line 9 - Enter the total amount of dividends issued by the PIC. A detailed schedule must be attached to this return.

Line 10 - Enter the apportionment fraction for the PIC. Carry to six places. Complete and attach **Form CT-1120A-FS**, *Corporation Business Tax Return Apportionment Computation of Income From Financial Service Company Activities*. Complete the form using the PIC's receipts and apportioning such receipts as if the PIC were a financial service company.