ITEM #0020905A—LEAD COMPLIANCE FOR ABRASIVE bLAST CLEANING AND MISCELLANEOUS TASKS

Description: Work under this item shall include the special handling measures and work practices required for abrasive blast cleaning activities and other miscellaneous tasks, principally involved in bridge coating removal/painting and other renovation operations, which impact materials containing or covered by lead paint. Examples of typical miscellaneous exterior tasks includes: work impacting signs, guiderails, minor bridge rehabilitation, catenary structures, canopy structures, spot/localized paint removal, etc. Lead paint includes paint found to contain any detectable amount of lead by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry (AAS) or X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF).

All activities shall be performed in accordance with the OSHA Lead in Construction Regulations (29 CFR 1926.62), the USEPA RCRA Hazardous Waste Regulations (40 CFR Parts 260 through 274), the CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulations (RCSA 22a-209-1 and 22a-449(c)), and SSPC Guide 6 – Guide for Containing Debris Generated During Paint Removal Operations.

All activities shall be performed by individuals with appropriate levels of OSHA lead awareness and hazard communication training, supervised at all times by the Contractor’s Competent Person, and periodically inspected by personnel working for an industrial hygiene firm (IH firm), retained by the Contractor, under the direct supervision of a Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH). Periodic inspections shall be conducted at least weekly while work impacting lead is occurring, but shall be as frequent as necessary to maintain Contractor compliance with the OSHA Lead Construction Standards. The Contractor’s Competent Person shall be on-Site at all times that the work impacting lead is being performed and shall be capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to employees, and has authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them.

Deviations from these Specifications require the written approval of the Engineer.

This item does not include the work to remove existing paint. Refer to other Contract items for paint removal special provisions.

**Materials:**

All materials shall be delivered to the Site in the original packages, containers, or bundles bearing the name of the manufacturer, the brand name and product technical description, with MSDS sheets as applicable.

No damaged or deteriorating materials shall be used. If material becomes contaminated with lead, the material shall be decontaminated or disposed of as lead-containing waste material. The cost to decontaminate and dispose of said material shall be at the Contractor’s expense.

The following material requirements shall be met, where applicable:

Fire retardant polyethylene sheet shall be in roll size to minimize the frequency of joints, with factory label indicating minimum six (6) mil thickness.

Polyethylene disposable bags shall be minimum six (6) mils thick.

Tape (or equivalent product) capable of sealing joints in adjacent polyethylene sheets and for the attachment of polyethylene sheets to finished or unfinished surfaces must be capable of adhering under both dry and wet conditions.

Cleaning Agents and detergent shall be lead specific, such as TriSodium Phosphate (TSP).

Chemical strippers and chemical neutralizers shall be compatible with the substrate as well as with each other. Such chemical stripper shall contain less than 50% volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by weight in accordance with RCSA 22a-174-40 Table 40-1.

Labels and warning signs shall conform to 29 CFR 1926.62, 40 CFR 260 through 274 and 49 CFR 172 as appropriate.

Air filtration devices and vacuum units shall be equipped with High-Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filters.

**Construction Methods:**

1. **Pre-Abatement Submittals and Notices**

A. Prior to the start of **any** work that will generate hazardous lead waste above conditionally exempt small quantities (greater than 100 kg/month or greater than 1000 kg stored at any time), the Contractor shall obtain from the Engineer, on a contiguous per Site basis, a temporary EPA Hazardous Waste Generators ID number, in accordance with this Item #0020905A, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Temporary EPA ID numbers are good for six (6) months from the date they are issued and can be extended once, for a maximum of six (6) months and shall not be used for longer than one (1) year. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer when an extension is needed.

B. Fifteen (15) working days prior to beginning work that impacts lead paint, the Contractor shall submit four (4) copies of each of the following to the Engineer:

* 1. A written Site-specific Lead Compliance Work Plan, prepared and stamped by a Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH) that covers all workers on the Project (Contractor, Subcontractor and CTDOT representatives). The Lead Compliance Work Plan shall be prepared in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62(e), and shall include: descriptions of each activity impacting lead; procedures for engineering controls, methods of containment, work practices, and administrative controls to be employed; daily on-Site inspections by the Competent Person; periodic on-Site inspections by IH firm personnel (describe frequency and inspection criteria); hazard communication/training; medical surveillance; biological monitoring; exposure assessment; air monitoring; personal protective equipment (PPE); respiratory protection; housekeeping; decontamination; procedures for waste containment, storage, handling and disposal; contents of the job completion close-out report; and all other procedures that may be necessary to comply with 29 CFR 1926.62 and 40 CFR 260 – 274 and minimize employee exposure and prevent the spread of lead contamination outside the Regulated Area, as defined herein.
	2. Copies of all employee certificates, dated within the previous twelve (12) months, relating to OSHA lead awareness and hazard communication training and training in the use of lead-safe work practices. SSPC training programs, such as SSPC C-5 Deleading of Industrial Structures may be accepted as meeting these requirements if it can be demonstrated that such training addressed all required OSHA topics.

This information shall be updated and resubmitted annually, or as information changes, for the duration of lead removal work in order to verify continued compliance.

* 1. Name and qualifications of Contractor’s OSHA Competent Person, as defined under 29 CFR 1926.62, who will be on-Site at all times that the work impacting lead paint is being performed.
	2. Name and qualifications of IH firm personnel that will be performing the periodic on-Site inspections. Such personnel shall work under the direct supervision of the same CIH who stamped the Lead Compliance Work Plan and have training within the previous twelve (12) months for OSHA lead awareness and the use of lead-safe work practices or equivalent. Such personnel shall also have a minimum of two (2) years’ work experience related to the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard and be capable of recognizing the hazards associated therewith.
	3. Documentation from the Contractor, on company letterhead and signed by the Contractor, certifying that all employees listed therein have received the following, and are medically fit to perform the work impacting lead:
		1. medical monitoring within the previous twelve (12) months, as required in 29 CFR 1926.62;
		2. biological monitoring within the previous six (6) months, as required in 29 CFR 1926.62;
		3. respirator fit testing within the previous twelve (12) months, as required in 29 CFR 1910.134 (for employees who wear a tight-fitting face piece respirator)

This information shall be updated and resubmitted every six (6) months, or as information changes, for the duration of lead removal work in order to verify continued compliance.

* 1. Name(s) of the proposed non-hazardous, non RCRA lead debris waste disposal facility.

* 1. Name(s) of the proposed scrap metal recycling facility. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer all documentation necessary to demonstrate the selected facility is able to accept lead-painted metal.
	2. Name(s) of the proposed hazardous waste disposal facility (selected from the Department-approved list provided under Item 0603222A), and copies of each facilities’ acceptance criteria and sampling frequency requirements.
	3. Copies of the proposed hazardous waste transporters’ current USDOT Certificate of Registration for Hazardous Materials Transport, and the proposed transporters’ current Hazardous Waste Transporter Permits for the State of Connecticut and the waste destination State.
	4. Negative exposure assessments conducted within the previous twelve (12) months documenting that employee exposure to lead for each task is below the OSHA Action Level of 30 μg/m3. If a negative exposure assessment has not been conducted, the Contractor shall submit its air monitoring program for the work tasks as part of the Lead Compliance Work Plan. Until a negative exposure assessment is developed for each task impacting lead paint, the Contractor shall ensure that all workers and authorized persons entering the Regulated Area wear protective clothing and respirators in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62.

No activity shall commence until all required submittals have been received and found acceptable to the Engineer. Those employees added to the Contractor's original list will be allowed to perform work only upon submittal of acceptable documentation to, and review by, the Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a minimum of 48 hours’ notice in advance of scheduling, changing or canceling work activities.

**(2) Lead Abatement Provisions**

A. General Requirements:

All employees of the Contractor who perform work impacting lead paint shall be properly trained to perform such duties. In addition, the Contractor shall instruct all workers in all aspects of personnel protection, work procedures, emergency evacuation procedures and use of equipment including procedures unique to this Project.

The Contractor shall provide all labor, materials, tools, equipment, services, testing, and incidentals which are necessary or required to perform the work in accordance with applicable governmental regulations, industry standards and codes, and these Specifications.

Prior to beginning work, the Engineer and Contractor shall perform a visual survey of each work area and review conditions.

 As necessary, the Contractor shall:

* Shut down and lock out electrical power, including all receptacles and light fixtures, where feasible. The use or isolation of electrical power will be coordinated with all other ongoing uses of electrical power at the Site.
* Coordinate all power and fire alarm isolation with the appropriate representatives.

If adequate electrical supply is not available at the Site, the Contractor shall supply temporary power. Such temporary power shall be sufficient to provide adequate lighting and power the Contractor’s equipment. The Contractor is responsible for proper connection and installation of electrical wiring and shall ensure safe installation of electrical equipment in compliance with applicable electrical codes and OSHA requirements.

If water is not available at the Site for the Contractor’s use, the Contractor shall supply sufficient water for each shift to operate the wash facility/decontamination shower units in addition to the water needed at the work area.

The Engineer may provide a Project Monitor to monitor compliance of the Contractor and protect the interests of the Department. In such cases, no activity impacting lead paint shall be performed until the Project Monitor is on-Site. Where no Project Monitor is provided, Contractor shall proceed at the direction of the Engineer. Environmental sampling, including ambient air sampling, TCLP waste stream sampling, and dust wipe sampling, will be conducted by the State as it deems necessary throughout the Project. Any Project Monitor provided by the Engineer is supplementary to the requirement for the Contractor to have periodic inspections performed at a frequency to ensure/document Contractor compliance with the regulations and the requirements of the Contractor’s Lead Compliance Work Plan. Air monitoring to comply with the Contractor’s obligations under OSHA remains solely the responsibility of the Contractor.

If at any time, procedures for engineering, work practice, administrative controls or other topics are anticipated to deviate from those documented in the submitted and accepted Lead Compliance Work Plan, the Contractor shall submit a modification of its existing plan for review and acceptance by the Engineer prior to implementing the change.

If air samples collected outside of the Regulated Area during activities impacting lead paint indicate airborne lead concentrations greater than original background levels or 30 ug/m3, whichever is larger, or if at any time visible emissions of lead paint extend out from the Regulated Area, an examination of the Regulated Area shall be conducted and the cause of such emissions corrected. Cleanup of surfaces outside the Regulated Area using HEPA vacuum equipment or wet cleaning techniques shall be done prior to resuming work.

Work outside the initial designated area(s) will not be paid for by the Engineer. The Contractor will be responsible for all costs incurred from these activities including repair of any damage.

B. Regulated Area:

The Contractor shall establish a Regulated Area through the use of appropriate barrier tape or other means to control unauthorized access into the area where activities impacting lead paint are occurring. Warning signs meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.62 shall be posted at all approaches to Regulated Areas. These signs shall read:

DANGER

LEAD WORK AREA

MAY DAMAGE FERTILITY OR THE UNBORN CHILD

CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

DO NOT EAT, DRINK, OR SMOKE IN THIS AREA

The Contractor shall also implement appropriate engineering controls, such as poly drop cloths, local exhaust ventilation, wet dust suppression methods, etc., as necessary, or where Abrasive Blast Cleaning is to be performed, a full negative pressure enclosure, in accordance with Item #0603563A “Class I Containment & Collection of Surface Preparation Debris (Site No. 1),” and wet dust suppression methods, etc., as necessary, and as approved by the Engineer, to prevent the spread of lead contamination beyond the Regulated Area in accordance with the Contractor’s approved Lead Compliance Work Plan. Should the previously submitted plan prove to be insufficient to contain the contamination, the Contractor shall submit a modified plan for review by the Engineer.

Any air exhausted from the containment enclosure, abrasive-recycling equipment or vacuum equipment shall be passed through a HEPA filtering system. The Contractor is responsible for the design, effectiveness and maintenance of this filtering system. No discharge of debris dust shall be allowed.

C. Wash Facilities:

The Contractor shall provide handwash facilities in compliance with 29 CFR 1926.51(f) and

29 CFR 1926.62 regardless of airborne lead exposure.

If employee exposure to airborne lead exceeds the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit of 50 micrograms per cubic meter (μg/m3), shower rooms must be provided. The Shower Room shall be of sufficient capacity to accommodate the number of workers. One (1) shower stall shall be provided for each eight (8) workers. Showers shall be equipped with hot and cold or warm running water. Shower water shall be collected and filtered using best available technology and disposed of in accordance with all Federal, State and local laws, regulations and ordinances.

D. Personal Protection:

The Contractor shall initially determine if any employee performing construction tasks impacting lead paint may be exposed to lead at or above the OSHA Action Level of 30 μg/m3. Assessments shall be based on initial air monitoring results as well as other relevant information. The Contractor may rely on historical air monitoring data obtained within the past twelve (12) months under workplace conditions closely resembling the process, type of material, control methods, work practices and environmental conditions used and prevailing in the Contractors current operations to satisfy the exposure assessment requirements. Monitoring shall continue as specified in the OSHA standard until a negative exposure assessment is developed.

Until a negative exposure assessment is developed for each task impacting lead paint, the Contractor shall ensure that all workers and authorized persons entering the Regulated Area wear protective clothing and respirators in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62. Protective clothing shall include impervious coveralls with elastic wrists and ankles, head covering, gloves and foot coverings. Sufficient quantities shall be provided to last throughout the duration of the Project.

Protective clothing provided by the Contractor and used during chemical removal operations shall be impervious to caustic materials. Gloves provided by the Contractor and used during chemical removal shall be of neoprene composition with glove extenders.

Respiratory protective equipment shall be provided and selection shall conform to 42 CFR Part 84, 29 CFR Part 1910.134, and 29 CFR Part 1926.62. A formal respiratory protection program must be implemented in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1926.62 and Part 1910.134.

E. Air Monitoring Requirements:

The Contractor shall:

1. Provide air monitoring equipment including sample filter cassettes of the type and quantity required to properly monitor operations and personnel exposure surveillance throughout the duration of the Project.
2. Conduct initial exposure monitoring to determine if any employee performing construction tasks impacting lead paint may be exposed to lead at or above the OSHA Action Level of 30 micrograms per cubic meter. Monitoring shall continue as specified in the OSHA standard until a negative exposure assessment is developed.
3. Conduct personnel exposure assessment air sampling, as necessary, to assure that workers are using appropriate respiratory protection in accordance with OSHA Standard 1926.62 or the approved Lead Compliance Work Plan. Documentation of air sampling results must be recorded at the work Site within twenty-four (24) hours and shall be available for review until the job is complete.

F. Periodic Inspections of Abrasive Blast Cleaning Operations:

Where Abrasive Blast Cleaning Operations are to take place, the Contractor shall retain the services of IH firm personnel, working under the direct supervision of the same CIH who stamped the Lead Compliance Work Plan, to perform periodic inspections of the Site work practices and engineering controls, on a frequency to ensure/document Contractor compliance with the regulations. Periodic inspections shall be performed at least weekly while work impacting lead is occurring, but shall be at the frequency necessary to maintain Contractor compliance with the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard. Any exceptions to 29 CFR 1926.62 or the accepted Lead Compliance Work Plan shall be reported to the Contractor and the Engineer prior to the IH firm personnel leaving the Site and corrected immediately.

All findings of such periodic inspections shall be documented in writing to the Engineer no later than ten (10) days following the Site visit. At a minimum, the inspection report shall document the following:

* + 1. Description of current work activities
		2. Description of engineering controls being implemented
		3. Description of PPE being utilized
		4. Description of visual review of containment system effectiveness
		5. Results of all air sampling received since date of last report
		6. Narrative interpreting sample results and making recommendations as necessary
		7. Description of waste management practices being utilized
		8. Descriptions of exceptions noted and corrective action taken

The report shall include a signature from the IH firm employee that performed the Site inspection verifying that the Contractor’s work practices are in compliance with 29 CFR 1926.62 and the previously submitted and accepted Lead Compliance Work Plan. The CIH shall sign verifying their concurrence.

G. Lead Abatement Procedures:

The Contractor’s Competent Person shall be at the Site at all times during work impacting lead.

Work impacting lead paint shall not begin until authorized by the Engineer, following a pre-work visual inspection by the Project Monitor or Engineer to verify existing conditions.

Any activity impacting lead painted surfaces shall be performed in a manner which minimizes the spread of lead dust contamination and generation of airborne lead.

**The Contractor shall conduct exposure assessments for all tasks which impact lead paint in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62(d) and shall implement appropriate personal protective equipment until negative exposure assessments are developed.**

**All work impacting the lead containing/coated materials shall be conducted within an established Regulated Area with a remote wash facility/decontamination system in accordance with “C. Wash Facilities” and the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard. In accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62,** **engineering controls and work practices shall be utilized to prevent the spread of lead dust and debris beyond the Regulated Area and limit the generation of airborne lead. For Abrasive Blast Cleaning Operations, such engineering controls shall include the use of a full negative pressure enclosure (NPE) in accordance with SSPC Guide 6 and Item #0603563A. All wastes containing lead paint shall be properly contained and secured for storage, transportation and disposal.**

The Contractor shall ensure proper entry and exit procedures for workers and authorized persons who enter and leave the Regulated Area. All workers and authorized persons shall leave the Regulated Area and proceed directly to the wash or shower facilities where they will HEPA vacuum gross debris from work suit, remove and dispose of work suit, wash and dry face and hands, and vacuum clothes. Lead chips and dust must not be removed by blowing or shaking of clothing. Wash water shall be collected, filtered, and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State and local water discharge standards. Any permit required for such discharge shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

Personnel shall be advised that they must not eat, drink, smoke, chew gum or tobacco, nor apply cosmetics while in the Regulated Area.

Data from the limited lead testing performed by the Engineer is documented in the reports listed in the “Notice to Contractor – Hazardous Materials Investigations” or is presented herein. Under no circumstances shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of lead painted materials. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the work as described in these Specifications in accordance with OSHA, USEPA, USDOT and CTDEEP standards. Compliance with the applicable requirements is solely the responsibility of the Contractor.

**[INSERT PROJECT INFO INCLUDING BRIDGE NUMBERS, LEAD CONCENTRATIONS HERE. IN TABLE BELOW INCLUDE XRF/TOTAL LEAD CONCENTRATIONS FOR EACH SAMPLE TAKEN]**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Bridge No.** | **Substrate** | **Color** | **Results** |
| **Bridge No. XXXX - Girders, Bearings, Rockers, Diaphragms, Crossbeams, Connection Plates, etc.** | **Metal**  | **Grey** | **Concentration data** |
| **Bridge No. XXX- Girders, Bearings, Rockers, Diaphragms, Crossbeams, Connection Plates, Railing Supports, Pipes, etc.** | **Metal** | **Grey** | **Concentration data** |
| **Bridge No. XXXX- Girders, Bearings, Rockers, Diaphragms, Crossbeams, Connection Plates, etc.** | **Metal** | **Grey** | **Concentration data** |
| **Bridge No. XXXX - Girders, Bearings, Rockers, Diaphragms, Crossbeams, Connection Plates, Railings, etc.** | **Metal** | **Grey** | **Concentration data** |

* **TCLP waste stream sampling/analysis of the structural steel and metal bridge components characterized the paint waste at Bridge Nos. XXX as CTDEEP/RCRA hazardous lead waste.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Bridge No.XXXX Paint debris** **(structural steel & metal bridge components)** | **XXX mg/L** |
| **Bridge No. XXXXPaint debris** **(structural steel & metal bridge components)** | **XXX mg/L** |
| **Bridge No. XXXX Paint debris** **(structural steel & metal bridge components)** | **XXX mg/L** |
| **Bridge No. XXXX Paint debris** **(structural steel & metal bridge components)** | **XXX mg/L** |

* **Any paint waste generated from the structural steel/metal bridge components at Bridge Nos. XXXX is presently presumed to be CTDEEP/RCRA hazardous lead waste.**

**\*\*NOTE: Also, lead paint has been identified on the metal bridge railing components at Bridge Nos. XXXX. If the painted surfaces of the metal railings are to be impacted, then the Contractor shall comply with this Item, as well as the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard (29 CFR 1926.62). Also, any paint waste generated from the metal railing surfaces of the bridges shall be handled and disposed of as CTDEEP/RCRA hazardous lead waste per Item 0603222A “Disposal of Lead Debris from Abrasive Blast Cleaning.”**

**The Contractor shall submit a Lead Compliance Work Plan to CTDOT outlining the exact procedures that will be used to perform the work, contain the spread of lead debris and protect the employees performing the required renovation work impacting the lead paint. No work shall be started by the Contractor until the Work Plan is approved by the Engineer.**

**All work impacting the lead paint materials shall be conducted within an established Regulated Area with a remote wash facility/decontamination system in accordance with “C. Wash Facilities” and the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard. In accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62, engineering controls and work practices shall be utilized to prevent the spread of lead dust and debris beyond the Regulated Area and limit the generation of airborne lead. All wastes containing lead paint shall be properly contained and secured for storage, transportation and disposal.**

**Where abrasive blast cleaning techniques are to be utilized on surfaces coated with lead paint they must be conducted in accordance with the OSHA worker protection and USEPA RCRA/CTDEEP waste disposal standards, and shall be conducted in accordance with Item #0603923A “Abrasive Blast Cleaning and Field Painting of Structure (Site No. 1)” following SSPC-SP10 “Near White Blast Cleaning” procedures and utilizing a full negative pressure enclosure (NPE) in accordance with SSPC Guide 6 and Item #0603563A.**

**At Bridge Nos. XXXX, the Engineer has presumed/characterized the paint waste streams associated with the structural steel/metal bridge components as CTDEEP/RCRA Hazardous waste. If this paint is to be removed from the metal surfaces by abrasive blast cleaning and/or miscellaneous tasks, the paint shall be handled and disposed of in accordance with Item #0603222A “Disposal of Lead Debris from Abrasive Blast Cleaning.”**

**Any scrap metal components generated shall be segregated and recycled as scrap metal at the Contractor’s previously submitted scrap metal recycling facility. The recycling of scrap metal (regardless of lead paint concentration) is exempt from USEPA RCRA and CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulation.**

Should lead contamination be discovered outside of the Regulated Area, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work in the Regulated Area, eliminate causes of such contamination and take steps to decontaminate non-work areas.

Special Requirements for miscellaneous renovation activities impacting lead (other than abrasive blast cleaning operations):

1. Demolition/Renovation:

a. Demolish/renovate in a manner which minimizes the spread of lead contamination and generation of lead dust.

b. Implement dust suppression controls, such as misters or local exhaust ventilation, to minimize the generation of airborne lead dust.

c. Segregate work areas from non-work areas through the use of barrier tape or drop cloths.

#### d. Clean up immediately after renovation/demolition has been completed.

1. Chemical Removal (if allowed by the Engineer):

a. Apply chemical stripper in quantities and for durations specified by manufacturer.

b. Where necessary, scrape lead paint from surface down to required level of removal (such as stabilized surface or bare substrate with no trace of residual pigment). Use sanding, hand scraping, and dental picks to supplement chemical methods as necessary.

c. Apply neutralizer compatible with substrate and chemical agent to substrate following removal in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

d. Protect adjacent surfaces from damage from chemical removal.

e. Maintain a portable eyewash station in the work area.

f. Require that workers wear respirators that protect them from chemical vapors.

g. Do not apply caustic agents to aluminum surfaces.

1. Mechanical Paint Removal:

a. Provide sanders, grinders, rotary wire brushes, or needle gun removers equipped with a HEPA filtered vacuum dust collection system. Cowling on the dust collection system for orbital-type tools must be capable of maintaining a continuous tight seal with the surface being abated. Cowling on the dust collection system for reciprocating-type tools shall promote an effective vacuum flow of loosened dust and debris. Inflexible cowlings may be used on flat surfaces only. Flexible contoured cowlings are required for curved or irregular surfaces.

b. Provide HEPA vacuums that are high performance designed to provide maximum static lift and maximum vacuum system flow at the actual operating vacuum condition with the shroud in use. The HEPA vacuum shall be equipped with a pivoting vacuum head.

c. Remove lead paint from surface down to required level of removal (i.e. stabilized surface, bare substrate with no trace of residual pigment, etc.). Use chemical methods, hand scraping, and dental picks to supplement abrasive removal methods as necessary.

d. Protect adjacent surfaces from damage from abrasive removal techniques.

e. “Sandblasting” or other abrasive blast cleaning type removal techniques shall not be allowed unless in accordance with methods as specified within this Item.

1. Component Removal/Replacement:

a. Wet down components which are to be removed to reduce the amount of dust generated during the removal process.

b. Remove components utilizing hand tools, and follow appropriate safety procedures during removal. Remove the components by approved methods which will provide the least disturbance to the substrate material. Do not damage adjacent surfaces.

c. Clean up immediately after component removals have been completed. Remove any dust located behind the component removed.

H. Prohibited Removal Methods:

The use of heat guns in excess of 700 °Fahrenheit to remove lead paint is prohibited.

The use of sand, steel grit, air, CO2, baking soda, water jet, or any other blasting media to remove lead or lead paint without the use of a HEPA ventilated contained negative pressure enclosure is prohibited.

Power/pressure washing shall not be used to remove lead paint, unless explicitly specified for use by the Engineer.

Compressed air shall not be utilized to remove lead paint, unless explicitly specified for use by the Engineer.

Power tool assisted grinding, sanding, cutting, or wire brushing of lead paint without the use of cowled HEPA vacuum dust collection systems is prohibited.

Lead paint burning, busting of rivets painted with lead paint, welding of materials painted with lead paint, and torch cutting of materials painted with lead paint is prohibited. Where cutting, welding, busting, or torch cutting of materials is required, lead paint in the affected area must be removed first.

Chemical stripping of coatings from bridge components is prohibited in areas where Abrasive Blast Cleaning is to be performed, and is generally prohibited in all areas unless specifically allowed by the Engineer.

Chemical strippers containing Methylene Chloride are always prohibited.

I. Clean-up and Visual Inspection:

The Contractor shall remove and containerize all lead waste material and visible accumulations of debris, paint chips and associated items.

During clean-up the Contractor shall use rags and sponges wetted with lead-specific detergent and water as well as HEPA filtered vacuum equipment.

The Engineer will conduct a visual inspection of the work area(s) in order to document that all surfaces have been maintained as free as practicable of accumulations of lead in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62(h). If visible accumulations of waste, debris, lead paint chips or dust are found in the work area, the Contractor shall repeat the cleaning, at the Contractor's expense, until the area is in compliance. The visual inspection will detect incomplete work, damage caused by the abatement activity, and inadequate clean up of the work Site.

During Abrasive Blast Cleaning Operations:

All debris shall be contained and vacuum collected daily or more frequently as directed by the Engineer, due to debris buildup. Such debris, abrasive blast residue, rust and paint chips shall be stored in leakproof storage containers in the secured storage area, or as directed by the Engineer. The storage containers and storage locations shall be reviewed by and be acceptable to the Engineer and shall be located in areas not subject to ponding.

All storage containers (roll offs or drums) shall have a protective liner and removable lid. These containers shall not have any indentations or damage that would allow seepage of the contained material.

If 55 gallon barrels are used, staging is required: 55 gallon barrels shall be stored together in two (2) rows of five (5). The Contractor shall maintain a minimum lane clearance of 36 inches between each (barrel lot of ten (10)).

The Contractor shall maintain a secure storage area, which shall be large enough to handle all debris. The Contractor shall store debris only in the secured storage area. During abrasive blast cleaning operations, all surface preparation debris shall be vacuum collected from the containment enclosure and removed to the abrasive recycling reclaimer unit, and the coating debris shall be conveyed to the secured storage area at the conclusion of the work shift. The Contractor shall account for all coating debris conveyed to the secured storage area and all coating debris transported from the Project for disposal.

The secure storage area shall consist of an eight- (8-) foot high fenced-in area with a padlocked entrance. Storage containers shall not be used on the Project until and unless they have been reviewed and approved by the Engineer. Storage containers and areas shall be located so as not to cause any traffic hazard. Container storage areas shall be in locations that are properly drained, where runoff water shall not be allowed to pool, and shall be out of the 100-year flood plain. The containers shall be placed on pallets or other approved material and not directly on the ground.

Storage containers shall be closed and covered with a waterproof tarpaulin at all times except during placement, sampling and disposal of debris.

J. Post-Work Regulated Area Deregulation:

Following an acceptable visual inspection, any engineering controls implemented may be removed.

A final visual inspection of the work area shall be conducted by the Competent Person and the Project Monitor or Engineer to ensure that all visible accumulations of suspect materials have been removed and that no equipment or materials associated with the lead paint removal remain. If this final visual inspection is acceptable, the Contractor will reopen the Regulated Area and remove all associated signs.

The Contractor shall restore all work areas and auxiliary areas used during work to conditions equal to or better than original. Any damage caused during the performance of the work activity shall be repaired by the Contractor at no additional expense to the State.

K. Waste Disposal/Recycling:

Metallic debris shall be segregated and recycled as scrap metal at an approved metal recycling facility.

Concrete, brick, etc. coated with any amount of lead paint cannot be crushed, recycled or buried on-site to minimize waste disposal unless tested and found to meet the RSR GA/Residential standards.

All hazardous lead debris shall be disposed of in accordance with Item 0603222A “Disposal of Lead Debris from Abrasive Blast Cleaning.”

L. Project Closeout Data:

Provide the Engineer, within thirty (30) days of completion of the work under this item, a compliance package which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. Competent person’s (supervisor) job log;
2. Certification that all requirements of the Lead Compliance Work Plan and OSHA Lead in Construction Standards, including training, medical surveillance, biological monitoring and medical removal protection, have been followed;
3. Copies of each periodic inspection report;
4. Report on regulatory compliance prepared by the CIH based on the periodic inspections performed.

 5. OSHA-compliant personnel air sampling data;

 6. Completed waste shipment papers for non-hazardous lead debris waste disposal or recycling and scrap metal recycling.

M. Non Compliance:

Failure of the Contractor to implement the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.62, its Lead Compliance Work Plan, or any other requirement of this item will, at the sole discretion of the Engineer, result in the suspension of all Contract work until such deficiencies are corrected.

**Method of Measurement:**

This item will include all noted services, equipment, facilities, testing and other associated work, including up to three (3) CTDOT Project representatives. Services provided to any CTDOT Project representatives in excess of three (3) representatives will be measured for payment in accordance with Article 1.09.04 – “Extra and Cost-Plus Work.”

1. Within thirty (30) calendar days of the award of the Contract, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for acceptance a breakdown of its lump sum bid price for this item detailing:

a. The development costs associated with preparing the Lead Compliance Work Plan in accordance with these Specifications.

b. The cost per month for the duration of the Project to implement the Lead Compliance Work Plan and provide the services of the CIH and IH firm.

2. If the lump sum bid price breakdown is unacceptable to the Engineer; substantiation showing that the submitted costs are reasonable shall be required.

3. Upon acceptance of the payment schedule by the Engineer, payments for work performed will be made as follows:

a. The lump sum development cost will be certified for payment.

b. The Contractor shall demonstrate to the Engineer monthly that the Lead Compliance Work Plan has been kept current and is being implemented and the monthly cost will be certified for payment.

c. Any month where the Lead Compliance Work Plan is found not to be current or is not being implemented, the monthly payment for this item will be deferred to the next monthly payment estimate. If the Lead Compliance Work Plan is not current or being implemented for more than thirty (30) calendar days, there will be no monthly payment.

d. Failure of the Contractor to implement the Lead Compliance Work Plan in accordance with this Specification will result in the withholding of all Contract payments.

**Basis of Payment:**

The lump sum price bid for this item shall include: services, materials, equipment, all permits, notifications, submittals, personal air sampling, personal protection equipment, incidentals, temporary enclosures, fees and labor incidental to activities impacting lead removal, treatment and handling of lead contaminated materials and the transport and disposal of any non-hazardous, non RCRA lead debris waste and scrap metal.

Final payment will not be made until all Project closeout data submittals have been completed and provided to the Engineer. Once the completed package has been received in its entirety and has been accepted by the Engineer, final payment will be made to the Contractor.

 Pay Item Pay Unit

 Lead Compliance for Abrasive

 Blast Cleaning & Miscellaneous Tasks Lump Sum

END OF SECTION