#### CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



#### REHABILITATION STUDY REPORT Submitted by Close, Jensen & Miller, P.C.

#### **BRIDGE NO. 01349**

Route 136 over Saugatuck River

Town of Westport



**Issued June 2016** 

State Project No. 158-212



# Public Information & Public Scoping Meeting

*William F. Cribari Memorial Bridge Route 136 over the Saugatuck River* 

- Review of Rehabilitation Study Report
- Public Scoping for the gathering and analysis of information to establish the breadth, or scope, of environmental review of a proposed project



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The purpose of this project is to address the structural and functional deficiencies of the William F. Cribari bridge, Route 136 over the Saugatuck River in the Town of Westport.



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# <u>Current Bridge Deficiencies</u>

- Critical condition rating of truss system
- Substandard load capacity
- Critical Pier 2 support system
- Functionally obsolete roadway geometry
- Accident history
- Substandard bridge rail system
- Mechanical/Electrical equipment susceptible to 10-year storm damage
  - Approx. \$3.5 million to repair Hurricane Sandy flood damage
- East Coast Greenway least suitable rating for bicycling along bridge



## **Project Goals**

- Address structural deficiencies
- Consider impacts to historic elements
- Address functional deficiencies
- Improve safety for vehicles, cyclists, pedestrians, and marine traffic
- Intersection improvements to improve traffic flow



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# **Historic Significance**

- Early example of a wrought iron, pin connected truss system
- Listed on the National Register of Historic Places on February 12, 1987
- Listed on Connecticut Historic Bridge Inventory
- Documented in Historic American Engineering Record (HAER)





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## **Existing Bridge Description**

- 4-span steel multi-girder swing bridge with ornamental truss
- Supported by piers, stone masonry abutments and wingwalls
- Structure Dimensions
  - Total Length = 287'
  - Roadway Width = 19'-6"
- Carries one lane of traffic in each direction
  - Estimated Average Daily Traffic 13,100 vehicles (2014)
  - 4-foot timber sidewalk along the north side
  - East Coast Greenway Bicycle Route



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Spans 1 and 2 (Moveable)

Pier 3

Pier 1

ILL

Pier 2

East Abutment

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Elevation View Looking Downstream (South)





## **Existing Bridge Condition**

#### Current Condition Rating

- Deck = 6 (Satisfactory)
- Superstructure = 5 (Fair)
  - Truss = 2 (Critical)
- Substructure = 5 (Fair)
  - Pier 2 cross bracing = 2 (Critical)



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**East Abutment** 



**West Abutment** 

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# **Ornamental Truss**



#### **Impact Damage**



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# **Ornamental Truss**







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## **Existing Bridge Condition**

#### • Functionally Obsolete:

- Substandard roadway width of 19'-6" (Functional width = 28'-0")
- Substandard vertical clearance posted for 13'-0" (Functional clearance = 14'-0")

#### Deck geometry rated 2

- "2" = "basically intolerable requiring high priority of replacement"
- Rating is based upon the comparison of Average Daily Traffic across the bridge versus the curb-to-curb width of the roadway



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## **Vertical Clearance**



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# **Existing Bridge Condition**

- Flooding:
  - Existing low chord elevation of approximately 8.4
  - Mechanical/Electrical system positioned between 6.0 and 8.4
  - 10-year flood elevation = 8.1
- Timber fender system at Pier 1 and 2
  - Substandard with current design requirements
- Additional deficiencies/concerns
  - Lack of a solid roadway barrier system during bridge openings
  - High frequency of reported accidents
  - Deficient bridge railing system



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## **Alternates Investigated**

- No Action
- Minor Repairs
- One-way Travel
- Major Rehabilitation
- Replacement



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## **Alternates Dismissed**

#### No Action

- The ability for the truss to support itself may be compromised
- Pier 2 conditions would continue to deteriorate

#### Minor Repairs

- Repair of damaged/deteriorated elements: repairs to truss system and Pier 2 with additional minor repairs to the superstructure and abutments
- Does not address causes of damage to the truss members nor structure strength deficiencies

#### Convert to One-way Travel

- Repair damaged and deteriorated elements; install railing system to protect the trusses with standard lane width
- Would overload adjacent streets & intersections
- Would impede bicycle travel





#### • Alternate A - Major Rehabilitation

#### • Alternate B - Replacement of Existing Bridge

Developed to determine a baseline cost comparison with the Rehabilitation Alternate with the noted parameters as presented. Not intended to be a complete structure type study.



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## <u>Alternate A:</u>

**Major Rehabilitation** 

- Repair ornamental truss
- Shift trusses outward to provide clearance
- Install new crash-tested barrier system
- Increase vertical clearance from average of 13'-9" to 14'-3" (remove 12'-9" electrical box obstruction)
- Strengthen truss connections for wind load
- Reconstruct Pier 2 support system
- Improve approach roadway and deck
- Paint superstructure and ornamental truss
- Repair substructure and superstructure
- Replace existing fender system at Piers 1 and 2

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#### **Major Rehabilitation**



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### **Alternate A:**

#### **Major Rehabilitation**



#### **PROPOSED FRAMING AND BRIDGE RAIL**

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#### **Major Rehabilitation**

- Closure of bridge required during construction
- Temporary bridge
  - Maintain existing traffic throughout construction
  - Similar layout as 1993 superstructure replacement project
  - Traffic analysis determined detour route is inadequate
- Anticipated construction duration = 2.5 to 3 years



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## **Detour Studied (not viable)**









#### **Major Rehabilitation**

#### • Advantages

- Addresses structural deficiencies
- Maintains historic elements
- Lower initial cost than full replacement alternate

#### • Disadvantages

- Bridge remains functionally obsolete
- Machinery remains susceptible to flood damage for 10+ year storm frequency
- Substandard pedestrian and bikeway facilities remain
- Results in an adverse effect to historic properties
- Higher maintenance
- Hydraulically inadequate
- Initial Cost = \$19.8 million
- Lifecycle Cost (75 years) = \$41.3 million



### <u>Alternate B:</u>

**Bridge Replacement Concept** 

- Located upstream of the existing bridge
- 4-span structure including a two-span Pratt Truss swing span
- Two 11-foot lanes, two 5-foot shoulders/bikeways, and two 6-foot sidewalks
- Increases clearance under the bridge for 500-year storm
- Improvements to Route 136 and Riverside Ave. intersection
- Maintains traffic on existing bridge during construction



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## **Alternate B:**

#### **Bridge Replacement Concept**



### **Alternate B:**

#### **Bridge Replacement Concept**

#### • Advantages

- Lower maintenance
- Addresses all functional, structural and public safety issues
- Hydraulically adequate
- Mechanical/electrical equipment located above storm events
- Adds adequate and safer bicycle and pedestrian access

#### • Disadvantages

- Results in adverse effect to historic properties
- Higher initial cost
- Anticipated construction duration = 2.5 to 3 years
- Initial Cost = \$35.8 million
- Lifecycle Cost (75 years) = \$41.4 million



# Example Bridge Replacement

#### (Route 1 in Westbrook)









# What is Public Scoping?

- The gathering and analysis of information to establish the breadth, or scope, of environmental review of a proposed project
- Required under CEPA for projects that will result in the demolition or major alteration of any structure listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places
- The public can submit scoping comments in writing, via email, or offer oral comments at this Public Information/Public Scoping Meeting
- Comment period for public scoping ends on July 1, 2016



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#### National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) CT Environmental Policy Act (CEPA)

- Air Quality
- Noise
- Wetlands , Endangered Species
- Hazardous Materials
- Socioeconomics
- Water Quality/ Groundwater
- Flooding/Erosion
- Cultural Resources
- Aesthetics/ Visual Effects

- Soils
- Secondary & Cumulative Impacts
- Utilities
- Land Use & Zoning
- Safety
- Traffic
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Accommodations



#### Section 106 Process



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#### **Public Scoping**

# Questions and Comments may be addressed to:

Mr. Mark W. Alexander Transportation Assistant Planning Director CTDOT, Bureau of Policy & Planning 2800 Berlin Turnpike, Newington, CT 06131

Email: dot.environmentalplanning@ct.gov

Deadline for public scoping comments: Friday July 1, 2016



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<u>Department of Transportation</u> <u>Division of Rights of Way</u> <u>(ROW)</u>

> Michelle Miller Project Coordinator 2800 Berlin Turnpike P.O. Box 317546 Newington, CT 06131-7546



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# Acquire all property/property rights necessary for transportation projects.



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**Statutory References** 

#### State of Connecticut

C.G.S. Sections 13a-73 & 13a-98e

#### Federal

Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Properties Acquisition Act of 1970, as amended.



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## **Property Impacts**

- Total Acquisitions
- Partial Acquisitions
- Easements
- Construction Easements
- Rights



\* Note: Specific impacts are subject to change as the design progresses.



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# **<u>ROW Acquisition Process</u>**

- Letter of Intent to Acquire
- Valuation
- Offer of Just Compensation
- Negotiation
- Acquisition
  - Agreement
  - Eminent Domain/Condemnation
    - » 6 month appeal period



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## **<u>Timing for Acquisitions</u>**

• All property rights must be acquired by the project advertising date.

Current Advertising Date: TBD



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- Engage the public and meet with stakeholders
- Further study with stakeholder input of both alternates including other types of replacement structures
- NEPA & CEPA analysis and documentation



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# THANK YOU...

# FOR YOUR TIME AND ATTENTION



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