

		MAP LEGEND		
Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI) Not prime farmland All areas are prime farmland Prime farmland if drained Prime farmland if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season Prime farmland if irrigated and drained Prime farmland if irrigated and drained Prime farmland if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season	Prime farmland if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60 Prime farmland if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium Farmland of statewide importance Farmland of statewide importance, if drained Farmland of statewide importance, if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated	Farmland of statewide importance, if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and drained Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60	Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium Farmland of statewide importance, if drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough, and either drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough Farmland of statewide importance, if thawed Farmland of local importance Farmland of local importance, if irrigated	Farmland of unique importance Not rated or not available Soil Rating Lines Not prime farmland All areas are prime farmland Prime farmland if drained Prime farmland if protected from flooding or not frequently flood during the growing season Prime farmland if irrigated Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flood during the growing season Prime farmland if irrigated and drained Prime farmland if irrigated and drained Prime farmland if irrigated and drained Prime farmland if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flood during the growing season

Farmland Classification—State of Connecticut (Farmland Restoration Application)

***	Prime farmland if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer	~	Farmland of statewide importance, if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently	~	Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium	~*	Farmland of unique importance Not rated or not available		Prime farmland if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer			
~	Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60	~	flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and drained	flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and drained	flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated	flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently and drained Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated flooded during the growing season importance, if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently enough, and either	Soil Rating Points Not prime farmland All areas are prime farmland		Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60			
~	Prime farmland if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium Farmland of statewide	~	~	~	~		importance, if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently	importance, if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently	ririgated Farmland of si ected from importance, if frequently enough, and e	Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough, and either	Prime farmland if drained Prime farmland if protected from flooding or post frequently flooded	
~	importance Farmland of statewide importance, if drained	**	flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if subsoiled,		drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing	_	not frequently flooded during the growing season Prime farmland if irrigated		Farmland of statewide importance Farmland of statewide importance, if drained			
~	Farmland of statewide importance, if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season	**	completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated	~	season Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough	•	Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the		Farmland of statewide importance, if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during			
~	Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated	ewide erodibility) x C (cli	and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60	ty) x C (climate loes not exceed	Farmland of statewide importance, if thawed Farmland of local importance	•	growing season Prime farmland if irrigated and drained Prime farmland if irrigated	•	the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated			
				~	Farmland of local importance, if irrigated		and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season					
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Farmland Classification—State of Connecticut (Farmland Restoration Application)

- Farmland of statewide importance, if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
- Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and drained
- Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
- Farmland of statewide importance, if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer
- Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60

- Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium
- Farmland of statewide importance, if drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
- Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough, and either drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
- Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough
- Farmland of statewide importance, if thawed
- Farmland of local importance
- Farmland of local importance, if irrigated

- Farmland of unique importance
- Not rated or not available

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

+++ Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

-

Local Roads

Background

Merial Photography

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: State of Connecticut Survey Area Data: Version 21, Sep 7, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Data not available.

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



Farmland Classification

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
2	Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Farmland of statewide importance	2.3	3.3%	
3	Ridgebury, Leicester, and Whitman soils, 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony	Not prime farmland	1.5	2.2%	
43B	Rainbow silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	2.0	3.0%	
45A	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	4.8	7.0%	
45B	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	17.1	25.1%	
45C	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Farmland of statewide importance	7.3	10.8%	
46B	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	Not prime farmland	10.2	15.1%	
46C	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	Not prime farmland	4.5	6.6%	
51B	Sutton fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	Not prime farmland	3.8	5.6%	
73C	Charlton-Chatfield complex, 0 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky	Not prime farmland	11.5	17.0%	
73E	Charlton-Chatfield complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, very rocky	Not prime farmland	2.9	4.3%	
Totals for Area of Inter	rest		67.9	100.0%	

Description

Farmland classification identifies map units as prime farmland, farmland of statewide importance, farmland of local importance, or unique farmland. It identifies the location and extent of the soils that are best suited to food, feed, fiber, forage, and oilseed crops. NRCS policy and procedures on prime and unique farmlands are published in the "Federal Register," Vol. 43, No. 21, January 31, 1978.