Stigma of addiction in Healthcare



JOHN LALLY APRN, MA, MSN, PMHNP-BC

Today I Matter, Inc.

"Stigma ... is the situation of the individual who is disqualified from full social acceptance."

The stigmatized individual is "reduced in our minds from a whole and usual person to a tainted, discounted one."

Erving Goffman, 1963



Types of Stigma

PUBLIC

Discrimination and Devaluation by Others

SYSTEMIC

Reduced Access to Care and Resources Due to Policies

SELF

Internalization of Negative Stereotypes

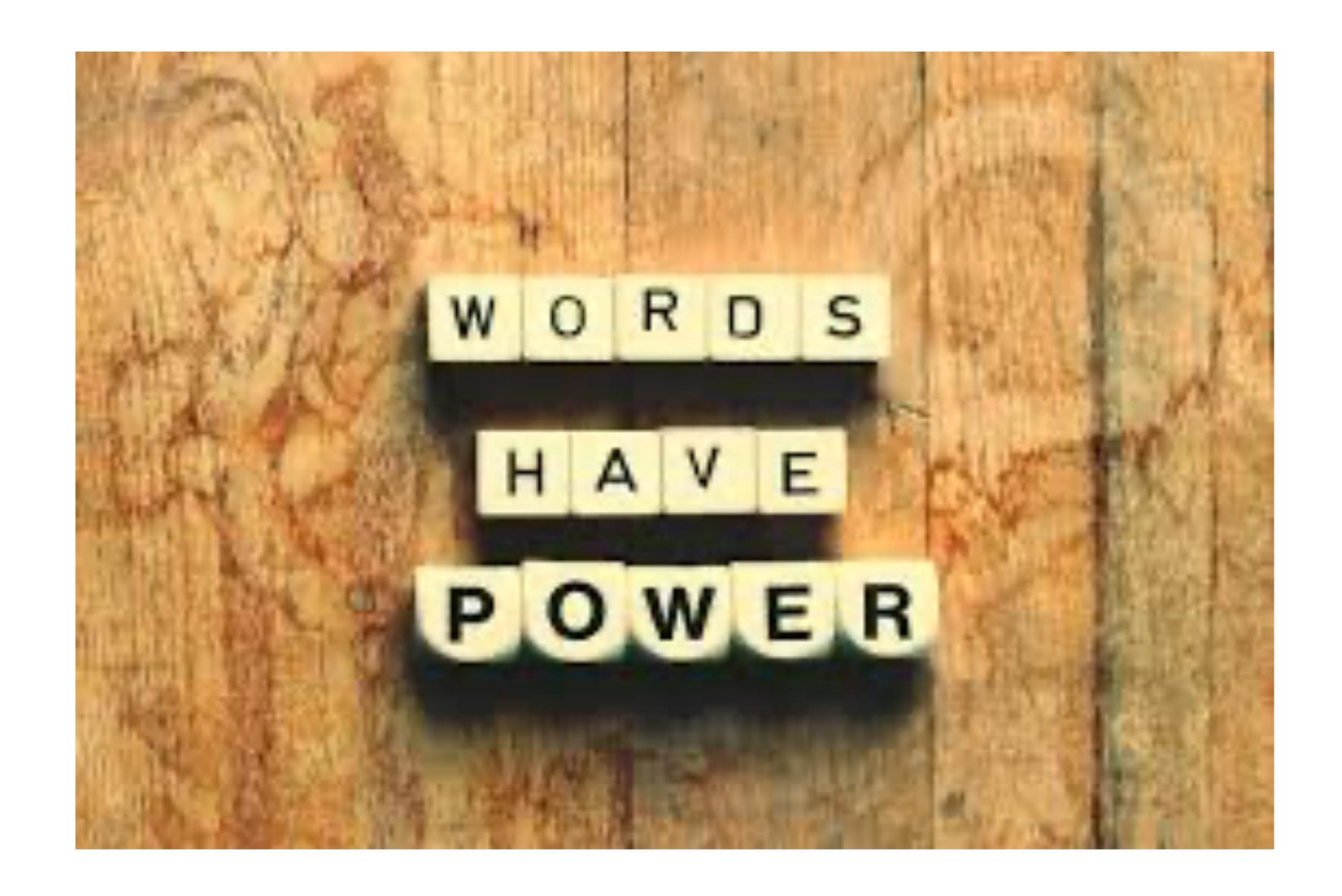
Recognizing our stereotypes and biases



First involvement with healthcare system



Will set the tone for beliefs about trust and acceptance



Avoid this

Addict, Junkie, Alcoholic, Drug Abuser

Ex-addict

Medication is a crutch

Relapsed

Dirty Urine

Stayed Clean

Drug Offender

Say This

Person with Substance Use Disorder

Person in Recovery

Medication is treatment

Had a setback

Positive drug screen

Maintained recovery

Person arrested for drug use

Do words matter to professionals?

• 516 mental health professionals read one of two vignettes and were asked to complete a questionnaire.

 <u>substance abuser</u> versus <u>individual with a substance use</u> <u>disorder.</u>

Yes, words matter to professionals!

- "Substance abuser" group was more likely to agree that:
 - -The person was culpable
 - -Punitive measures should be taken

Common Attitudes/Beliefs about this population

- Undependable
- Dishonest
- Manipulative
- Lazy
- Dirty
- Criminal
- Likely to return to use (relapse)





Ending the Stigmaof Opioid Use Disorder

Improving care in the Emergency Department

Today I Matter, Inc

- Dedicated to reducing the shame and stigma of mental illness and addiction
- through education, advocacy and support



References

Kelly, J. F., Dow, S. J., & Westerhoff, C. (2010). Does our choice of substance-related terms influence perceptions of treatment need? An empirical investigation with two commonly used terms. Journal of Drug Issues, 40(4), 805–818. https://doi.org/10.1177/002204261004000403

Goodyear, K., Haass-Koffler, C. L., & Chavanne, D. (2018). Opioid use and stigma: The role of gender, language and precipitating events. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 185(December 2017), 339–346. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.drugalcdep.2017.12.037

Holt,S. (2022) The power of media: Changing the narrative on Substance use. Yale School of Medicine

Opioid Response Network / American College of Emergency Physicians (2021) Ending the stigma of Opioid Use Disorder; Improving care in the Emergency Department