

PREVENTION, TREATMENT, and RECOVERY for people facing PRESCRIPTION DRUG MISUSE and ADDICTION

PREVENTION

You can stop opioid misuse and addiction before it starts.

- Ask about non-opioid approaches to pain relief.
- **Never** change your dosage or stop medication without talking to your health care provider first.
- Know the hazards of drug interactions, including alcohol. A pharmacist can help if you have questions.
- Never use another patient's prescription.
- Store all prescription drugs including opioids

 safely and securely. More than 50% of opioid
 misuse originates with excess pills being used by others who have access to the prescription drugs.
- Properly dispose of prescription medications when you are finished using them.

TREATMENT

Effective methods are available.

- **Medication Assisted Treatment** combines medication with behavioral counseling for a "whole patient" approach.
- Extended-release medications eliminate the need for daily dosing and improve treatment.
- For addiction treatment 24/7 call 1-800-563-4086
- "Pain" can be emotional or a sign of a mental health condition, and many people with opioid abuse problems suffer from depression or other mental health issues that can be treated.
- Medication Tapering involves working with your doctor to decrease your dosage gradually over a period of time.

RECOVERY -

Get the support you need.

- Join with others who are facing the same situation. 12-step programs such as Narcotics Anonymous are proven to help.
- **Build a support system.** This means asking for help from people you can trust.
- Avoid high-risk situations. Avoid people you know who misuse opioids and other drugs. Set boundaries around your recovery and enforce them.
- Have strategies for avoiding a return to use. Know the signs. Have someone to call. Know how to distract yourself for 15-30 minutes. Learn how to relax. Do your recovery in small chunks of time. Access resources online.





Go to drugfreect.org to access a range of resources.

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