ALCOHOL & DRUG POLICY COUNCIL (ADPC) Meeting of Tuesday, August 17, 2021 Video Conference Call through Teams 10:00 a.m.

ATTENDANCE

Members/Designees: Craig Allen, Rushford; Luiza Barnat, DMHAS; Jennifer Chadukiewicz, CCAR; Richard Colangelo, Criminal Justice; Maria Coutant Skinner, McCall Center; Vanessa

Dorantes, DCF; John Doyle, Criminal Justice; Marcia DuFore, Daniel Ebrahimi, DMHAS; Katie Farrell, DOC; Tammy Freeberg, Village for Families and Children; Ingrid Gillespie, CT Prevention Network; David Guttchen, OPM; William Halsey; Mark Jenkins, GHHRC; Barbara Lanza, Judicial; Susan Logan, DPH; Justin Mehl, DMHAS; Carol Meredith, DMHAS; Nancy Navarretta, DMHAS; Gerard O'Sullivan, Dept. of Insurance: Sandrine Pirard, Beacon; Surita Rao, UCONN; Gary Roberge, Judicial; Kris Robles,

DCF; Judith Stonger, Wheeler Clinic; Scott Szalkiewicz, DCP; Sandra Violette, DOC;

<u>Visitors/Presenters:</u> Julienne Giard; Rodrick Marriott; JoShonda Guerrier; Thomas Fulton; Vincent Russo; Sandy Valentine; Melissa Sienna; Faith Voswinkel; Shelly Nolan; Marissa Mocarski;

Jane Ungemack; Dita Bhargave; Scott Newgass; Susan Major; Ana Gasinski; Colleen Violette; Gabriela Krainer; Lyne Stokes; Heather Clinton; Robert Heimer; David Borzellino; Kara Sepulveda; Katherine LaWall; Arthur Mongillo; Suzanne Doyon; Ece Tek; Ramona Anderson; Cheri Bragg, Charles Dike; Margaret Lancaster; Wende Cooper; Brian Foley; Nicole Hampton; Abby Alter; Anna Gasinski; Jeffrey Shaw; Shobha Thangado; Colleen Kearney; Yashira Pepin; Shauna Pagilinan; Ines Eaton; Lisa

Gray; Erin Mulhern; Mary Mason; Allyson Nadeau; Jennifer Sussman; Rebecca Allen; Anuja Dhungana; Kim Karanda

Recorder: Karen Urciuoli

The August 17th meeting of the Alcohol & Drug Policy Council (ADPC) was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by Acting Commissioner Navarretta, DMHAS.

Topic	Discussion	Action
Welcome and Introductions	Acting Commissioner Navarretta welcomed all in attendance.	Noted
Review and Approval of Minutes	Minutes were reviewed and approved as written	Noted
DMHAS and DCF SUD/OUD	Mary Kate Mason and Vinny Russo provide the following update on Public Act 12-1 of the June 2021Special Session,	Informational
Legislative Update (Focus on Adult	An act Concerning Responsible and Equitable Regulation of Adult-use Cannabis	
Use Cannabis and Role of ADPC)	 Effective from passage (June 22, 2021), the act allows individuals age 21 or older to possess, use, or otherwise consume cannabis, up to a specified possession limit. 	
	 The amount of cannabis must not exceed1.5 ounces of cannabis plant material and five ounces of such material in a locked container in the person's residence or locked glove box or trunk in the person's motor vehicle, an equivalent amount of cannabis products, or an equivalent combined amount of cannabis and cannabis products. 	
	 Sec. 65. (Effective from passage) Not later than January 1, 2023, the Alcohol and Drug Policy Council, jointly with the Departments of Public Health, Mental Health and Addiction Services and Children and Families, shall make recommendations to the Governor and the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health, the judiciary and finance, revenue and bonding regarding (1) efforts to promote public health, science-based harm reduction, mitigate misuse and the risk of addiction to cannabis and the effective treatment of addiction to cannabis with a particular focus on individuals under twenty-one years of age; (2) the collection and reporting of data to allow for epidemiological surveillance and review of cannabis consumption and the impacts thereof in the state; (3) impacts of cannabis legalization on the education, mental health and social and emotional health of individuals under twenty-one years of age; and (4) any further measures the state should take to prevent usage of cannabis by individuals under twenty-one years of age, including, but not limited to, product restrictions and prevention campaigns. Sec. 94. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2021) The presence of cannabinoid metabolites in the bodily fluids of a person: 	
	 (1) With respect to a patient, shall not constitute the use of an illicit substance resulting in denial of medical care, including organ transplantation, and a patient's use of cannabis products may only be considered with respect to 	

Topic	Discussion	Action
	 evidence-based clinical criteria; and (2) With respect to a parent or legal guardian of a child or newborn infant, or a pregnant woman, shall not form the sole or primary basis for any action or proceeding by the Department of Children and Families, or any successor agencies provided, nothing in this subdivision shall preclude any action or proceeding by such department based on harm or risk of harm to a child or the use of information on the presence of cannabinoid metabolites in the bodily fluids of any person in any action or proceeding. Sec. 94. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2021) The presence of cannabinoid metabolites in the bodily fluids of a person: (1) With respect to a patient, shall not constitute the use of an illicit substance resulting in denial of medical care, including organ transplantation, and a patient's use of cannabis products may only be considered with respect to evidence-based clinical criteria; and (2) With respect to a parent or legal guardian of a child or newborn infant, or a pregnant woman, shall not form the sole or primary basis for any action or proceeding by the Department of Children and Families, or any successor agencies provided, nothing in this subdivision shall preclude any action or proceeding by such department based on harm or risk of harm to a child or the use of information on the presence of cannabinoid metabolites in the bodily fluids of any person in any action or proceeding. 	
Safe Storage PSA	DCF shared their Safe Storage PSA, to view the PSA log onto https://youtu.be/sa3ifqpt2_c	Informational
Regional Behavioral Health Action Organizations (RBHAO): Priority Reports	Carol Meredith and Jennifer Sussman provided the following report The Process 1. Identify regional behavioral health priority setting workgroup (RBHPSW) members; 2. Review and update process and content for focus groups and surveys; 3. Administer provider/stakeholder surveys and implement focus groups; 4. Review and analyze data; 5. Prepare epidemiological profiles by priority problem; 6. Identify strengths, services and resources, gaps, and needs; 7. Understand and utilize criteria for selecting priorities; 8. Convene RBHPSW and select priorities; 9. Prepare comprehensive report, utilizing specified report template; 10. Submit and disseminate report. State and Local Data Used in the Regional Priority Setting Process Data used across the process: • YRBSS/CT School Health Survey (DPH) • Behavioral Risk Factor Survey (DPH) • Community level student, college, parent, and community survey data (local sources) • State Census Datal/American Community Survey (CTData) • Overdose death data (OCME) • Treatment data (DMHAS, local sources) • Community Wellbeing Survey (DataHaven) • CPMRS data (DCP) • NSDUH (SAMHSA) • Community Readiness Survey (CPES/DMHAS) • Hospital and ED data (CHA, DPH) • Gambling Helpline calls (CCPG)	Informational – The full PowerPoint presentation can be found on the DMHAS ADPC webpage.

Topic	Discussion	Action
	Data recently used:	
	Retail registrations- tobacco/vaping (DCP)	
	Calls to the CT Quitline (DPH)	
	Suicides (VDRS/DPH)	
	Alcohol-impaired driving fatalities (NHTSA)	
	Focus group data (PFS FG initiative and local FG)	
	2-1-1 Calls data (United Way)	
	Crisis Text Line data (CrisisTextLine.org)	
	Mobile Crisis data (211, United Way, CHDI)	
	Young Adults Statewide Survey (CPES/DMHAS)	
	Suspected fatal overdoses (SWORD)	
	Drug seizure data (HIDTA, local law enforcement)	
	DMHAS Regional Behavioral Health Action Organizations (RBHAOs)	
	Emerging Issues: Substance Misuse	
	Top Emerging Issues: Substance Use	
	Marijuana - (legalization, declining perception of risk/harm, ED visits, vaping)	
	Vaping (Vaping CBD, THC)	
	Stimulants (cocaine, methamphetamine) New Haven	
	COVID-19 effects (alcohol use, substance use, telehealth barriers	
	Emerging Issues: Mental Health, Suicide and Problem Gambling	
	Top Emerging Issues: Mental Health and Gambling	
	Suicide (teens, young adults, youth transitioning to college, elderly)	
	Mental health effects of COVID-19 (youth, access to tx, staff, funding)	
	Expansion of online gambling (youth, college students)	
	Gaming and gaming disorder (COVID-19 increase)	
	Lack of awareness of problem gambling, gaming disorder	
	Resource Gaps and Needs	
	Main Themes:	
	Funding, resources (human, staff, financial)	
	Resources to address stigma, cultural barriers	
	Education and awareness resources, in schools and community	
	Mental health screening for youth	
	Local data (behavioral health)	
	Underserved Populations	
	Underserved Populations/Groups	
	People of color, minority groups Veterans	
	Children/youth/young adults Non-English speakers	
	LGBTQ(+ I Senior citizens/elderly	
	Caregivers/providers/first responders Undocumented immigrants	
	RECOMMENDATIONS	
	Substance Misuse	
	Prevention	

Topic	Discussion	Action
	 Adapt and share local campaigns (Let's #MentionPrevention), target vaping, counterfeit medication, cannabis 	
	 Target decreased perception of harm (cannabis), increase awareness about impact on youth 	
	Continue to encourage use of drop boxes	
	 Increase financial resources to support sustainable prevention funding 	
	Expand behavioral health screening among providers	
	Treatment	
	 Increase number of providers for underserved populations (Bilingual, multilingual, LGBTQ+, BIPOC, women) 	
	Increase access to treatment for teens including inpatient	
	 Increase MAT – i.e. raise awareness, expand suboxone access, prescribe at discharge 	
	 Expand services and resources for crisis (24/7 behavioral health crisis center, mobile crisis lines) 	
	Recovery	
	Support Recovery Friendly Communities and Recovery Friendly Workplaces	
	 Improve support after discharge- provide plans, tools, resources 	
	Expand access to recovery coaches	
	Mental Health	
	Mental Health Promotion/Suicide Prevention	
	 Coordinate and promote MHFA, QPR, etc., in community settings and for school personnel, youth grades 10-12 	
	 Increase availability of trainings and other mental health promotion strategies in other languages 	
	Problem Gambling	
	Mental Health Treatment	
	 Increase number of providers for underserved populations (Bilingual, multilingual, LGBTQ+, BIPOC, women) 	
	 Expand services and resources for crisis (24/7 behavioral health crisis center, mobile crisis lines) 	
	Improve discharge planning and solidify community connections	
	Increase inpatient mental health services for youth and children	
	Problem Gambling	
	Prevention	
	Efforts need to be more inclusive of youth and young adults	
	Educate parents and youth on gaming, include gaming in trainings	
	 Increase awareness of online gambling, increase age verification for online gambling 	
	Support and expand trainings (including AAPI Ambassadors)	
	Improve outreach to high risk groups	
	Treatment	
	Educate providers about gambling, gaming, and increase screening.	
	Expand treatment access to youth, including gaming disorders	
	 Increase workforce capacity, i.e., certified staff to treat gaming disorder, ensure providers have capacity to address 	
	subpopulations (veterans, teens)	
	Recovery	
	Expand gambling support groups	
	Increase peer support, promote inclusion of problem gambling/gaming in recovery coach and RSS training	
	Increase recovery resources across the lifespan	
	System Recommendation: Increase awareness of problem gambling and gaming certificate training, as a means to increase	
	workforce.	

Topic	Discussion	Action
DMHAS/DCF Collaborations:	Shelly Nolan, Director of Women's Services, DMHAS and Kris Robles, Clinical Behavioral Health Manger, DCF	
Addressing the Needs of Women	A Collaborative Approach to Supporting Women & Families	
and Families Affected by Substance	Objectives	
Use	 Provide an overview on Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (CAPTA) & Plans of Safe Care 	
	 Explore the role of the Substance Exposed Infants / Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorder (SEI/FASD) strategic plan 	
	Explore the benefit of family focused and recovery oriented services	
	Explore existing collaborative efforts between DCF & DMHAS	
	CAPTA / CARA	
	The Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act	
	Federal legislation addressing child abuse neglect across the United States	
	Originally enacted in 1974 and reauthorized in 2010	
	The Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act (CARA)	
	 Increase the states' compliance with CAPTA and amending legislation to include the needs of infants born with and 	
	identified as being affected by substance misuse	
	Specifically included in the CAPTA/CARA requirements are:	
	States are to develop policies and procedures for the notification to child protective services of the birth of an infant	
	affected by prenatal drug or alcohol exposure	
	Develop a process for referrals to screening and early intervention services	
	Healthcare providers involved in the delivery of care of an infant born substance exposed must notify child protective	
	Services	
	A plan of safe care is to be developed for these infants and their families CARTA Luke 2024	
	CAPTA July 2021	
	Notices= Notifications - On average, DCF receives 166 submissions to the CAPTA portal each month. That rate has hald steady throughout the first two years of implementation and does not exam to have been effected by the	
	held steady throughout the first two years of implementation and does not seem to have been affected by the pandemic. The rates of mother's race (52.5% white, 23.1% Black) and ethnicity (20.3% Hispanic) also have remained	
	constant over time with no major changes in identification of SEI by racial or ethnic category.	
	 Marijuana remains by far the most commonly identified infant substance exposure occurring in more than three-quarters 	
	(76.7%) of notifications. The overall pattern of the rate of detected drugs has held constant.	
	Most common needs - Safe Sleep education and resources are the most common single need identified for mother and	
	baby. However, the rates for depression (33.2%) and parent mental health (22.6%) – a more general indicator of	
	behavioral health problems and needs, suggest that many mothers and their infants would benefit from a referral to	
	behavioral health treatment or counseling. Since more than half of mothers who are part of a CAPTA report are diverted	
	from child welfare services, follow-up on mother's mental health needs is an important consideration for community	
	providers with whom mothers may be linked after discharge from hospital.	
	SUBSTANCE USE DATA FROM A DIFFERENT LENS	
	AS OF JULY 2, 2021- 40 REPORTS	
	11 reports of ingestions	
	4 reports of child use – no parental knowledge	
	4 reports of child use – parental knowledge	
	10 reports of mother being positive at birth (cannabis)	
	6 reports of mother testing positive during pregnancy	
	5 reports of other – parent smoking in a car with child present, parent selling	

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	Since the legalization of cannabis, the department has begun to collect data separate from CAPTA data. The data collection prior	
	to legalization was not specific enough to answer some questions posed to the department. As we continue to monitor this	
	information the department continues to advocate for safe storage. Prior to the legalization of cannabis we have promoted safe	
	storage for any and all medication and now including marijuana. The department has invested in safe storage containers to	
	provide to family members and social workers to support in keeping our children safe in any capacity.	
	Plans of Safe Care & 211 United Way Collaboration	
	 Alongside CAPTA, the plan of safe care (POSC) provides the needed services and supports for infants with prenatal 	
	exposure, their mothers with substance use disorders and their families to ensure a comprehensive response to the	
	effects of prenatal exposure	
	 The Plan of Safe Care is a document that provides a roadmap of what supports a woman, and her family, may need as 	
	she transitions into motherhood	
	 Mom is empowered to share her resources, strengths and needs and she chooses who to collaborate with and when to 	
	share her plan	
	 Ideally, POSC can be shared with the medical team in advance of her delivery to coordinate services and minimize 	
	surprises at the time of delivery	
	211 and United Way	
	Multimedia campaign	
	Online POSC resource screening tool	
	FASD/SEI Initiative	
	5 Year Strategic Plan	
	Initially completed in 2017	
	Currently updating plan to revamp areas of priority to include	
	CAPTA & POSC	
	Screening and Referral	
	Marketing and Training	
	Treatment, Recovery, and Wellness Support	
	Work is advanced through	
	Core Team	
	Executive Implementation team	
	Workgroups	
	Family Focused / Two Gen Work	
	DMHAS awarded a SAMHSA grant for PROUD (Parents Recovering from Opioid Use Disorder) in September 2020.	
	Services to be delivered via integrated care model for women & families in greater Hartford & New Britain communities.	
	DCF	
	Multidimensional Family Recovery	
	Recovery Management Checkup and Support	
	Family Navigation	
	Integration of the Recovery Perspective	
	We operate from the perspective that women are the experts in their own lives and that their voice is crucial to the work	
	that we do. Women in recovery act as consultants to review materials and documentation.	
1	Women's REACH (Recovery, Engagement, Access, Coaching & Healing) is a statewide program that provides recovery	
1	coaching and case management services. All services delivered are provided by Women's Recovery Navigators who	
1	are persons with lived experience and use their story to inspire others.	
-	and potential man mad experience and account of the mopine during.	1

Topic	Discussion	Action
	CCAR Recovery Coaches stationed in 22 Emergency Department	
	• DCF	
	• CROSS	
	Youth Advisory Board	
	Parents with Cognitive Limitations	
	• FAVOR	
	Parents on Behavioral Health Oversight Committee	
	Availability of Treatment Services	
	 DMHAS & DCF offers a full continuum of services ranging from intensive residential to community based 	
	 DMHAS -8 pregnant & parenting programs statewide, gender responsive treatment including withdrawal 	
	management, residential, outpatient (including integration of MAT)	
	DCF – 3 youth residential treatment facilities in 2 psychiatric residential treatment facilities, 7 adolescent amount to be a considered for a considered	
	community base services, 5 adult caregiver services	
	The level of service is matched to the individual based on their identified needs and where they are in their recovery increase.	
	journey Sorvices are available to DCE involved families, and when appropriate the agencies work together to support clinical	
	 Services are available to DCF involved families, and when appropriate, the agencies work together to support clinical needs and a safe transition into the community 	
	How can we support each other?	
	Stigma/ Discrimination continues to exists which directly impacts care	
	Collaboration & Ongoing training	
	Addressing Stigma	
	Harm Reduction	
	Reproductive Health	
	Screening and connection to services	
	This group is available to you for	
	Subject matter expertise	
	Support with locating and interpreting data	
	Bringing voices with lived experience to the table	
	Areas of Further Development	
	Women's access to care	
	Coverage for access to care	
	Continue to expand on collaborative efforts between state and community partners	
	Data informed Service development and implementation	
Sub-Committee Reports		
Prevention, Screening and	Judith Stonger provided the following update:	Informational
Early Intervention	 Cannabis and the cannabis legislation have been the focus of the last two subcommittee meetings. They had two 	
•	presentations pertaining to cannabis at their last meeting. One was from a Fellow from the Office of the Governor, who	
	has done some great research, collected data and talked about the implications of the cannabis legislation on public	
	health. The second was by a consultant who has been working with the Department of Consumer Protection and other	
	state agencies. She talked about public education and cannabis. Both presentations were extremely informative, data	
	driven, well researched and included a number of take-aways, best practices, and lessons learned from other states. A	
	new work-group is being formed and will work in collaboration with the consultant; other sub-committee members are	
	welcome to join the new work-group. The group's first task will be to develop a recommendation for the ADPC's	

Topic	Discussion	Action
	 consideration and full vote that will outline the tasks and charge of the workgroup. Stigma and media workgroup – another forum is being planned for December, it will again target media related to substance abuse and stigma. August 31st is international overdose awareness day. There are a number of activities being planned at the State, regional and local level. Information about the events and be found at ctclearinghouse.org. 	
Treatment	 Maria Coutant-Skinner and Dr. Allen provided the following update regarding the recent harm reduction training: Luiza Barnat has replaced Lauren Siembab as the DMHAS liaison to this subcommittee. The Opioid settlement will have an impact on the service system; some money will go to the state and some to municipalities. Payments will be made over 18 years. The AG's office suggested that an advisory would be created to help guide the direction of those dollars. This subcommittee is requesting their chairs make a request or recommendation to the AG's office that this body help guide that work. Medication for Alcohol Use Disorders – Beacon is partnering with the CHA to host a forum in December to provide professional development to address the use of medications as an option to address alcohol use disorders. OD Map – There was a concern brought to this subcommittee around the proper utilization and accuracy of OD map, which is an incredibly sophisticated and invaluable tool in tracking overdoses and developing community responses to that. One of the things that is being found is that now with the proliferation of fentanyl in all kinds of substances, first responders weren't necessarily interpreting the language correctly about what to report as an overdose. There was a request from a committee member to look at the language around that and maybe say that any overdose that responds to naloxone be included in the reporting to OD map. Will come back to this council with a recommendation around this. Family Recovery Coaching – want to make sure there is conformity and uniformity in terms of job descriptions, language, roles so that there can be a broader definition under community health worker. There is a log of challenges defining those roles. Harm Reduction – the Greater Hartford Harm Reduction Coalition will be rebranding to The CT Harm Reduction Alliance, and is seeking	Informational
Recovery and Health Management	 Jennifer Chadukiewicz provided the following report: Back in June with the transition of Lauren Siembab out of their subcommittee, they took the opportunity to revisit their charter, at the same time they also evaluated what the other subcommittees were doing specifically looking at the charter directive that asks that they make sure special populations are considered, they identified a few. The subcommittee reached out to the commissioners of The Department of Aging and The Department of Veterans Affairs to make sure the voices of their constituents as it relates to recovery support services is represented in anything going forward. Recovery Friendly Campus initiative is still moving forward, a large group of RA's in the dorms at UCONN have been trained. Youth and Recovery is being supported by this subcommittee, and would be interested in holding a youth recovery resource conference. Kris Robles presented to this subcommittee along with Mark Vanacore. 	Informational
Criminal Justice	 Katie Farrell provided the following report: CCAR presented at one of their meetings about their recovery coach program at DOC. As inmates are being discharged and needing services for addiction the recovery coaches are doing a warm handoff to community services. They have 6 coaches that have served almost 200 clients so far. DMHAS presented to this subcommittee about Mobile Crisis Services and the Action Line that was launched through United Way, for families or adults in crisis. 	Informational

Topic	Discussion	Action
	 The States Attorney updated them on the early screening initiative. As additional court cases are coming in that's also increasing their early screening work. They will be presenting to this subcommittee in the near future. 	
	Families and inmates continue to receive Narcan and training kits from DOC.	
	 Medicated assisted treatment in DOC is expanding. Cybulski is now offering MAT, Walker will begin in September. 	
Other Business	Susan Logan reported that DPH is looking into starting in an overdose fatality review panel and will be working with New England	Informational
	HIDTA to form this committee. Members from this council are invited to assist with getting this review panel off the ground. It would consist of looking at couple of cases a month, and developing recommendations. Will discuss further at future ADPC	
	meetings. Contact Susan if interested in being involved in the panel.	

NEXT MEETING – Tuesday, October 19th, 2021, Video Conference Call Through TEAMS

ADJOURNMENT – The, August 17, 2021 meeting of the Alcohol and Drug Policy Council adjourned at 12:00 p.m.