

CT DSS JusticeTrax LIMS-Plus SOP

1.0 Introduction

The CT Division of Scientific Services (DSS) uses a commercial off-the-shelf LIMS, JusticeTrax (JT) LIMS-Plus software product, within its Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS). This is a software application used for tracking cases and evidence, generating analytical reports, and producing statistical reports and data. Any modifications to LIMS-Plus shall be documented, validated, and authorized.

The software shall be maintained in a manner that ensures the integrity of the data and information. A password shall be required and the LIMS Administrator will maintain a record of issues that arise and how they were fixed.

2.0 LIMS Support

2.1 LIMS Administrator

The LIMS Administrator is responsible for the upkeep to the LIMS-Plus system and to aid users as issues arise. The LIMS Administrator supports the JT application, maintains and protects the data, provides hardware and software support and is the primary contact for LIMS assistance. The LIMS Administrator can be found in the CT DSS table of organization. There are designated backup(s) to the LIMS Administrator.

Primary responsibilities of the LIMS Administrator:

- Provide training to new personnel in the use of LIMS-Plus.
- Communicate problems, ideas or solutions relating to information technology and LIMS-Plus to LIMS Support.
- Take LIMS-Plus and IT-related direction from Laboratory Management.
- Address chain of custody edits (requested through a Qualtrax workflow).
- Make case or evidence deletions.
- Add new Laboratory Staff.
- Modify a Laboratory Staff Name (e.g., name change due to marriage).

The LIMS-Plus Administrator may also perform limited IT-related functions such as:

- Help laboratory staff add a new printer to their Windows profile, using the “Add a Printer” wizard.
- Reset a bar code label printer.
- Work with agency IT technicians to resolve a LIMS or IT problems.

2.2 System Administrator(s)

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Designated individuals in the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection are system administrators that have authorization and passwords to work on the server units or conduct system administrator functions, such as rebooting the server.

2.3 Database Administrator

Designated individuals in the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection are system administrators that have authorization and passwords to work on the system for tasks such as database defragmentation.

3.0 Laboratory Management

Laboratory management is comprised of the individuals within the DSS having operational and/or technical responsibility of the Division. Management includes the Director, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and Laboratory Quality Assurance Manager; all which are found in the DSS table of organization.

4.0 Requesting JT LIMS-Plus Assistance from LIMS Administrator and Requesting LIMS-Plus Modifications

If modifications/assistance are needed in the JusticeTrax LIMS-Plus application, the request is submitted through the requester's chain of command to the LIMS Administrator through a Qualtrax workflow, "Request for LIMS Administrator (not edit COC)".

Some modifications may need to be submitted to JusticeTrax support for accommodation. Tracking of these requests are performed by the LIMS Administrator under a "case" for the calendar year (i.e., LIMS-CY2019). The LIMS Administrator will create the requests in LIMS-Plus depending on the needed assistance and make notes where applicable. In the rare occasion a chain of custody edit is necessary, a Qualtrax workflow "Chain of Custody Edit" is opened which will require the Director's approval of this request. See below for some examples and the service requests available:

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Case LIMS-CY2019

| Req # | Service | Status | Req Date | Due Date | Rel Date | Milestone | Assigned To |
|-------|-------------------------|--------|----------|----------|----------|----------------|---------------------|
| 0002 | COC Service Ticket | R | 10/11/19 | // | 10/11/19 | Draft Complete | Tramontozzi, Daniel |
| 0003 | COC Service Ticket | R | 10/11/19 | // | 10/11/19 | Draft Complete | Tramontozzi, Daniel |
| 0004 | COC Service Ticket | R | 10/11/19 | // | 10/11/19 | Draft Complete | Tramontozzi, Daniel |
| 0005 | Evidence Service Ticket | R | 10/22/19 | // | 10/22/19 | Draft Complete | Tramontozzi, Daniel |
| 0007 | Sub-item Service Ticket | R | 10/22/19 | // | 10/22/19 | Draft Complete | Tramontozzi, Daniel |
| 0008 | Sub-item Service Ticket | R | 10/22/19 | // | 10/22/19 | Draft Complete | Tramontozzi, Daniel |

Request #0008 - Sub-item Service Ticket - READ ONLY

Requesting Party Information

Agency: Forensic Laboratory Request Date: 10/22/19

Badge Rep: Anderson, Mark

Request Information

Lab: DESPP - Division of Scientific Services Analyst: Tramontozzi, Daniel

Section: LIMS Due Date: //

Service: Sub-item Service Ticket Reason:

Requests: Priority:

Notes

Requester: Dan,
Need to relate evidence item 001-002-02 to item 001 and not 002
Thanks, Mark Anderson

Assignor:

Reviewer:

Related Evidence: 0

Close

SOP

Service for LIMS

| Name | Status |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Barcode Printer Service Ticket | Active |
| COC Service Ticket | Active |
| Evidence Service Ticket | Active |
| Image Service Ticket | Active |
| Milestone Service Ticket | Active |
| Printer Service Ticket | Active |
| Request Service Ticket | Active |
| Sub-item Service Ticket | Active |
| Unrelease Request Service Ticket | Active |
| Workstation Service Ticket | Active |

Close

☐ Active only

5.0 LIMS-Plus Training

The LIMS Administrator and unit designees coordinate together to provide training to new personnel in the use of JusticeTrax LIMS-Plus. Unit specific training may document additional LIMS training. See also the LIMS training checklist which is appended to this document.

6.0 LIMS-Plus Security

Please refer to GL-4 LIMS.

Users will ensure that no one else enters or changes data in the application using their log-on and security levels. Unauthorized access to JusticeTrax LIMS-Plus is prevented by the use of username and passwords.

7.0 User Names and Accounts

LIMS-Plus User Accounts are created for all laboratory staff members needing LIMS access. When new account(s) are needed, a Qualtrax Workflow titled "Add new employee to LIMS-Plus Request" is opened by the Deputy Director (DD) (serving as DD approval). The information below will be included in the workflow.

Employee Name:

Employee Number:

Employee Title:

Unit/Section:

The Deputy Director enters the information and the request will be sent to the Director. After approval by the Director, the LIMS administrator will be notified that a new employee will need to be added. Please see Qualtrax Work Instructions for more details.

8.0 Roles and Permissions

Roles can be made as needed, per Laboratory Management discretion, and are created in LIMS-Plus by LIMS Administrators. Roles are created to reflect the rights needed by groups of users. Permission levels are determined by Laboratory Management in conjunction with the LIMS Administrators. Security permissions dictate what kind of rights users have in LIMS-Plus and are managed through Roles. Permissions accumulate based on the number of roles applied to an individual user.

Roles and permissions are maintained in the LIMS-Plus application.

9.0 Entering a New Case in LIMS-Plus

Seven sections (or tabs) comprise the case structure in LIMS-Plus:

Case Info

Agency

Offenses

Individuals

Evidence

Requests

Local Data

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|--------|---------|-------------|----------|----------|------------|
| Case Info | Agency | Offense | Individuals | Evidence | Requests | Local Data |
|-----------|--------|---------|-------------|----------|----------|------------|

These tabs and how they are used by laboratory evidence receiving staff are explained in the following sections of the manual.

Generally, when entering a new case in LIMS-Plus, the following basic steps are performed:

- Before entering a case, a search is done to see if evidence has already been submitted. Agency case number and also victim's name (for OCME). If another agency is submitting evidence, the additional agency will be made the primary agency". See below for further details.
- Enter the agency name and local case number. Remove hyphens when entering the local case numbers into that field. Exactly match the case number (including zeros). For CT State Police cases, use CFS as a prefix.
- Enter the offense using the codes listed in JT and date of offense.
- Enter the suspect(s) and/or victim(s) information.
- Enter each accepted entity of evidence with its appropriate chain of custody.
- Enter the storage location for each sealed entity of evidence.
- Create the appropriate "Request(s) for Service" and link to the request(s) (by "relating") the evidence received.
- The laboratory case number is automatically assigned by the LIMS sequentially unless it must be manually entered for cases that were pre-Justice Trax and are not in the system.
- Print evidence bar code labels and affix to each sealed entity of evidence, request for analysis form (RFA), and other necessary documents (please refer to ER SOP-3 for other documents that may need a barcode printed). Do not cover information on documents with barcode stickers.
- The RFA is scanned into LIMS-Plus and placed into the image folder.

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The steps outlined above do not necessarily need to occur in the order listed, except for the search to see if evidence has previously been submitted. These steps are not meant to be a full representation of all steps that could occur for any given case. Additionally, these steps assume a properly submitted case. If a case is not received in the fashion prescribed in the Evidence Submission Guidelines, see the applicable section(s) in this manual on how the variations are handled. Electronic submission of cases (e.g., iPrelog) are also acceptable.

9.1 iPrelog

iPrelog is a web-based system that allows evidence to be logged in by the submitting agency offsite. This pathway is different yet acceptable than what is described above.

Please refer to ER SOP-02 for step by step guidance on iPrelog.

10.0 Assigning Laboratory Case Numbers

When a Request for Analysis form for a brand new case initially enters the Division, a laboratory case number is assigned. However, if there is an existing laboratory case number, in most situations, that number is used instead of assigning a new laboratory case number. This means agency case numbers must be searched prior to assigning a laboratory case number.

Below are steps to follow to determine the appropriate laboratory case number to use:

- 1) Search for the agency case number using the “Agency Search” feature with “Contain” enabled for the most comprehensive results.
- 2) If a single valid matching agency case number is found, use the laboratory case number of that match instead of creating a new laboratory case number. (Valid is defined as *the agency case number AND agency name match.*)
- 3) If numerous valid matches are identified involving multiple laboratory case numbers, first use the evidence received field as a guide in determining the laboratory case number. If the submitting agency is not present to ask, then go to the Case Management Unit, a supervisor, or Laboratory Management for advice.

*Note: A few departments use the same “agency case number” over many incidents (e.g., Adult Probation, Federal Agencies (FBI, ATF, DEA)). For these, a different offense date can be used to determine if a new case

11.0 “CASE INFO” Tab

The “Synopsis” field is used to record non-critical information, as well as other communications regarding cases (e.g., comments, amendments, chain of custody edit documents, approvals, any

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evidence acceptance issues, phone calls/emails). On the bottom left is a “Camera” Icon where (e.g., digitized RFA form, subpoenas) can be viewed.

12.0 “AGENCY” Tab

The “Agency” Tab is used to track agencies and the agency case numbers involved in cases. For each agency within a case there is normally an associated agency case number. However, if multiple agencies are listed, one agency and its associated case number must be identified as the primary agency for a case.

Normally, the primary agency is the agency that appears on the RFA with their corresponding agency case number. Exceptions to this are permissible. Additionally, if a case being received will be added under an existing laboratory case, the agency and associated agency case number are identified as primary and may be changed, as needed.

*Note: The agency marked as primary, along with its associated agency case number, appears on the LIMS-generated analytical report in the ‘agency name’ and ‘agency case number’ heading. It is also what prints on the case barcodes when printed. Ensure that the “intended disposition” is filled out with the correct agency and correct agency representative.

13.0 “OFFENSE” Tab

The Offense, City, and Date, must be entered. If the offense is missing LIMS may not print a receipt for the evidence submitted. Also, the city prints on the receipt and will be blank if not added.

The “State”, “County” and “Country” fields may fill in by default and are based on the primary agency. Additional info may be recorded as needed.

14.0 “INDIVIDUALS” Tab

If additional information relating to individuals involved in the case (e.g., Suspect or Victim) is available on the RFA form, then this information can be recorded in this tab. The “scene” can also be added if not a crime against a person. Example: “larceny of a fire department”.

15.0 “EVIDENCE” Tab

15.1 Entering Evidence

Each sealed container/package of evidence shall be logged into LIMS-Plus as a submission and receive an evidence bar code. The evidence description must include the agency item number, (when it is available/known) and the physical description.

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Examples:

001 #1 Bag with “2 swabs from mouth of water bottle”

002 #3 Envelope with “(1) Projectile”

003 TX O.C.M.E. “Specimen(s)”

Evidence descriptions may be edited in LIMS-Plus. If the description is edited, a new barcode label may be printed.

15.2 Evidence Kits

Evidence Kits are shortcuts designed within LIMS-Plus which can be used to eliminate redundancy in data entry. Please refer to these ER SOPs for usage:

ER SOP-09 Guidelines for Receiving Sexual Assault Collection Kits

ER SOP-11 Guidelines for Receiving DUI Urine and DUI Blood Evidence Collection Kits

15.3 Evidence Barcode Labels

Evidence barcode labels (submission or item) will not be used on anything other than evidence or evidence containers.

15.4 Itemizing Evidence

Please refer to GL SOP-4 LIMS for evidence and report itemization (see *note below).

Itemization must be done if evidence is created or removed from an existing piece of evidence and is placed into a separate, sealed entity to be used for tracking purposes. Example: taking an aliquot of powder and placing it into a sealed test tube for analysis does not need itemization.

To create a new evidence item:

On the Evidence tab, choose <Add Evidence>.

In the Description field, enter the item number and concisely describe the new item.

Initial custody information is recorded at the time the Evidence Control officer receives/accepts the evidence from a submitting agency and transfers the evidence to another lab staff member or lab storage area.

Print the evidence barcode and affix it to the new parent container.

*Note: The “intended disposition” field, the “Agency” field, and the “Rep” field must be filled in for all items and sub-items. If any field is left blank, LIMS will not be able to show the item correctly on some Crystal Reports or print a receipt for the item or list its chain of custody visibly.

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*Note: Report sub-items: When creating reports in cases with multiple agencies, the agency receiving the report should be listed in the description to ensure it is returned to the correct department, to show in LIMS who was given a report, and so that it prints on the return receipt.

Ex: DNA report – Vernon PD
DNA report – SAO
DNA report – OCME

15.5 Evidence Submission

Please refer to ER SOP-3 “General Evidence Submission” for more details on how the evidence receiving staff accepts evidence through LIMS-Plus for the laboratory. Refer to ER 1.1 Evidence Submission Guidelines for details on what constitutes an acceptable item of evidence for the laboratory.

16.0 Chain of Custody

As evidence is received, transferred, and analyzed in the laboratory, information is captured within LIMS-Plus.

Chain-of-custody (COC) for the Division begins when the laboratory receives the evidence and does not end until the evidence is released from the laboratory’s care. The RFA form and the JusticeTrax LIMS-Plus chain-of-custody records must accurately reflect the movements of evidence.

17.0 Temporary Vault Storage

If necessary, temporary storage locations can be created and used within LIMS-Plus.

18.0 “REQUEST” Tab

Request for Service

The Request for Analysis field is used to document LIMS-Plus [services] analytical examinations requested in a RFA form.

Please refer to ER SOP-02 General Evidence Submissions for guidance.

19.0 Completed Case

A LIMS-Plus Service is generally considered complete or closed when it has been “Admin Reviewed”. Other LIMS-Plus services may be considered complete at other milestones.

20.0 Relating Requests to Evidence Submissions

All submitted evidence for a case should be related to a LIMS-Plus service request. This may be done by analysts or the Evidence Receiving Staff.

If the evidence item is highlighted by the mouse and “right” clicked, and related evidence tab is then available.

21.0 Milestones

Milestones indicate the status of requests to help track progress through various analytical stages. The status of requests for services, in general, are considered “in progress” requests until the “Admin Review” milestone is marked.

21.1 Unassigned

Request has not been assigned to an analyst.

21.2 Assigned

This milestone is automatically set at the time a request is assigned for analysis. The assignment is done either by the Evidence Receiving staff, case management staff, a supervisor, forensic science examiner or Laboratory Manager.

21.3 Findings Entered

This milestone is marked automatically when the assigned analyst has entered the information in the “Edit Findings” section. The “Findings Entered” milestone must be created in order to proceed to the next milestone.

21.4 Draft Complete

This milestone is marked after the “Findings Entered” milestone and is used to indicate that a Request for Service is ready for technical review. A Laboratory Report may or may not be printed at this time. The assigned analyst has the appropriate permission to mark a Request for Service “Draft Complete”.

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21.5 Technical Review

This milestone is marked after the Draft Complete milestone and is used to indicate that a request has been successfully technically reviewed. The person conducting the peer review is responsible for marking this milestone. Exceptions to this are handled on a section by section basis.

21.6 Administrative Review

This milestone usually indicates that a request is complete and that a report can be distributed to the customer. It can only be set to Administrative Review after the Technical Review milestone is marked. A file is automatically generated after this milestone is achieved and, in some cases, available to entities outside the DSS laboratory (e.g., iResults customer). It is for this reason why caution must be used when clearly a releasable report is performed.

22.0 Evidence

Each section will have JusticeTrax LIMS-Plus storage locations clearly identified for storing evidence. Storage locations can be designated by box, shelf, cabinet, or general area. Each location description must be unique enough to distinguish it from other locations and detailed enough regarding the location or intended use.

23.0 LIMS-Plus Security/Maintenance

The LIMS-Plus server is put through a defragmentation every week. Since this does not affect case information, a performance check is not necessary.

Backups:

- a. Weekly and Daily backups allow data to be retrieved at the end of each day for the last 5 weeks.
- b. Hourly backup allows to restore the database for any date for any hour for the last 4 weeks.
- c. Backups performed off the server by IT provide restoration of any backup file for the last 18 days.
- d. There is an audit database, “sqllims32_audit” that keeps a log of audit data since year 2005.

Actual LIMS-Plus data and LIMS-Plus backups reside on separate hard drives.

Semi-Annual Maintenance:

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The following tasks will be completed twice a year and a performance check will be completed afterwards.

1. Make a full backup copy.
2. Update indices.
3. Update statistics.
4. Perform a database integrity check.
5. Make a full backup copy.

24.0 Validation and Performance checking

Please refer to GL 22 Policy on Validation and Performance Checks.

If a new LIMS is implemented, it will be validated prior to its introduction.

For the current JusticeTrax LIMS-Plus, a performance check will be done after any scheduled maintenance; such as a system maintenance (bi-annual).

A performance check consists of the LIMS Administrator checking the functionality of the system, ensuring that crystal reports were not corrupted and running a mock case through the system. The performance check will be documented by way of memo from the LIMS Administrator.

These are the steps taken:

1. Create a new case.
 - a. Add agency and agency case number.
2. Add case info in Synopsis memo field.
3. Add offense.
4. Add individuals.
5. Add evidence including kits.
 - a. Transfer evidence.
 - b. Print evidence barcodes.
6. Create requests and associate evidence.
7. Assign requests
 - a. Verify that assignment notification went out.
8. Complete a final report.
 - a. Include all milestones: draft complete, tech review and admin review.
 - b. Verify milestones.
 - c. Print final report
9. Print case barcode.

10. Print case report.
11. Print and verify chain of custody.
12. Add and delete a related case.
13. Run and verify an Ad Hoc Query.
14. Run and verify a Crystal report.
15. Go into evidence receiving and see if they have experienced any issues.

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