## **CONNECTICUT FY 2019 LIHEAP**

PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT SNAPSHOT

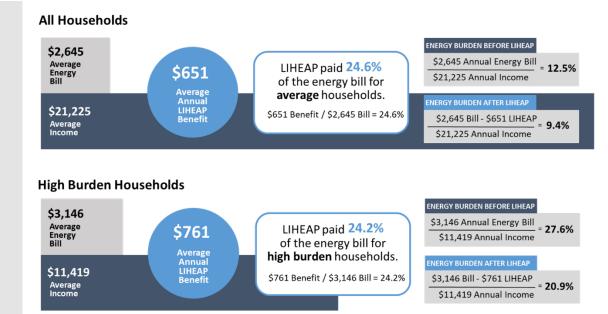
In FY 2019, Connecticut furnished LIHEAP bill payment assistance to 81,456 households. They collected energy burden data for 46,048 households (57%)

## Does LIHEAP furnish higher benefits to higher burden households?

**Yes.** In Connecticut, the total LIHEAP benefit received by high burden households in FY 2019 was about **\$110 (17%) more** than the total LIHEAP benefit received by the average recipient household.

## Does LIHEAP pay a larger share of the home energy bill for high burden households?

**No.** In FY 2019, LIHEAP paid **24.6%** of the energy bill for average households in Connecticut, while LIHEAP paid **24.2%** of the energy bill for high burden households.



## **Prevention and Restoration of Home Energy Service Loss**

As a Result of Bill Payment Assistance

Prevention (93%)
24708 Occurrences
Restoration (7%)
1735 Occurrences

As a Result of Equipment Repair or Replacement

Prevention (76%)
Restoration (24%)
1275 Occurrences
392 Occurrences

- In FY 2019, LIHEAP benefits in Connecticut prevented the loss of service 24,708 times, by stopping threatened utility service disconnections and by delivering fuels to homes that were at risk of running out. In addition, the program repaired or replaced heating or cooling equipment at imminent risk of failure 1,275 times.
- In FY 2019, LIHEAP benefits restored home energy service 1,735 times for households who had been disconnected by their utility provider or who had run out of fuel oil, propane, or wood. In addition, the program restored home energy service 392 times by repairing or replacing inoperable heating or cooling equipment.

<sup>\*</sup> High burden recipient households represent 25% of all recipient households with 12 months of bill data, based on having the highest energy burden The attached State Snapshot provides detailed income, energy cost, and burden statistics across all fuel types. Data are current as of July 27, 2020.