STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL, REGULATIONS, AND ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS 55 FARMINGTON AVENUE HARTFORD, CT 06105

2022 Signature confirmation

Case:	
Client:	
Request:	201217

NOTICE OF DECISION

PARTY



PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

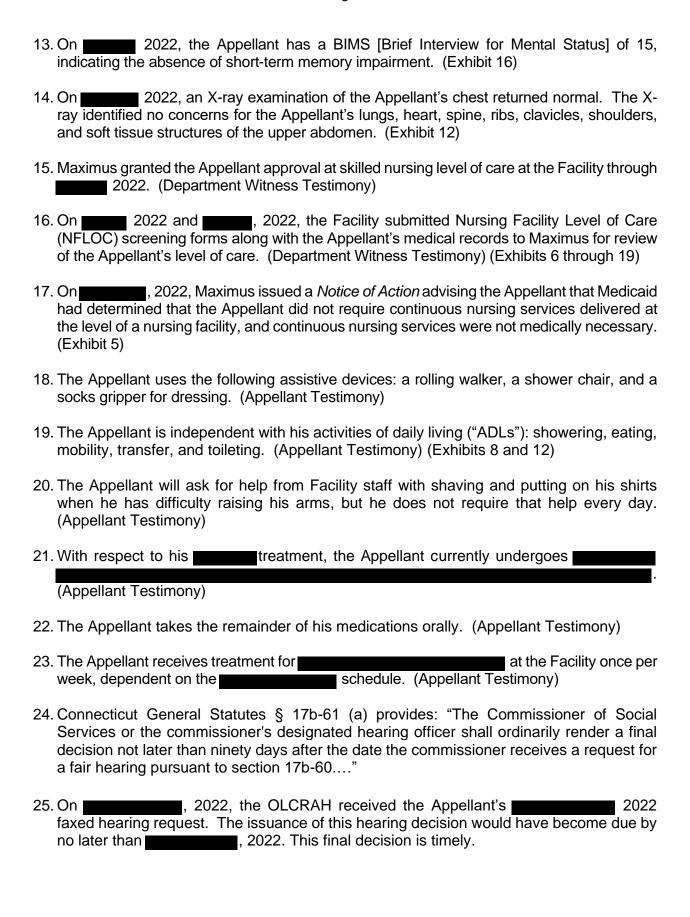
On 2022, the Department of Social Services (the "Department") through its contractor, Maximus, issued (the "Appellant") a <i>Notice of Action</i> denying Medicaid coverage for nursing facility level of care services.
On 2022, the Office of Legal Counsel, Regulations, and Administrative Hearings ("OLCRAH") received the Appellant's, 2022 faxed hearing request.
On, 2022, the OLCRAH scheduled an administrative hearing for 2022.
On, 2022, in accordance with sections 17b-60, 17-61 and 4-176e to 4-189, inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, OLCRAH held an administrative hearing at (the "Facility"), in, Connecticut.
The following individuals participated:
, Appellant Erin Scafe, RN, Community Options, Department Representative Paul Cook, RN, Maximus, Department Witness (by telephone) Eva Tar, Hearing Officer
The hearing record closed 2022.

STATEMENT OF ISSUE

The issue is whether Maximus correctly determined that the Appellant no longer medically requires care at the level provided to a resident of a skilled nursing facility.

FINDINGS OF FACT

1.	The Appellant's date of birth is (Appellant Testimony)
2.	The Appellant is a Medicaid recipient. (Exhibit 5)
3.	Maximus is the Department's contractor for conducting Pre-Admission Screen Resident Reviews (PASRRs) level of care assessments for Medicaid recipients. (Department Witness Testimony)
4.	On 2022, admitted the Appellant with a diagnosis of Department Witness Testimony)
5.	On 2022, the Facility, a skilled nursing facility, admitted the Appellant from (Department Witness Testimony)
6.	From 2022 through 2022, the Appellant was a patient at for 2022. (Department Representative Testimony) (Exhibit 18)
7.	The Appellant returned to the Facility upon his discharge from (Appellant Testimony)
8.	On, 2022, the Appellant had the following diagnoses and medical history:
9.	The Appellant's medical history also includes: (Exhibit 6)
10.	At the time of his readmittance to the Facility, the Appellant required daily oral medications, nasal spray, insulin on a sliding scale, pain monitoring, and (Exhibit 10)
11.	From 2022 through 2022, the Appellant received occupational therapy at the Facility; the Appellant was discharged from occupational therapy having met his goals. (Exhibit 14)
12.	From, 2022 through, 2022, the Appellant received physical therapy at the Facility; the Appellant was discharged from physical therapy having met his goals. (Exhibit



CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

 Section 17b-2 of the Connecticut General Statutes in part designates the Department of Social Services as the state agency for the administration of the Medicaid program pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

"The Department of Social Services shall be the sole agency to determine eligibility for assistance and services under programs operated and administered by said department." Conn. Gen. Stat. § 17b-261b (a).

"The Commissioner of Social Services may make such regulations as are necessary to administer the medical assistance program...."

The Department has the authority under State statute to administer the Medicaid program and make regulations for the same.

Maximus, as the Department's contractor, acted within its scope of authority when it reviewed the Facility's 2022 and 2022, 2022 submissions to determine whether the Appellant's medical condition(s) fulfilled the Medicaid level of care criteria for patients of skilled nursing facilities.

2. Section 17b-262-707 (a) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies discusses when the Department will pay for an admission to a skilled nursing facility.

"Patients shall be admitted to the facility only after a physician certifies the following: (i) that a patient admitted to a chronic and convalescent nursing home has uncontrolled and/or unstable and/or chronic conditions requiring continuous skilled nursing services and/or nursing supervision or has chronic conditions requiring substantial assistance with personal care, on a daily basis." Conn. Agencies Regs. § 19-13-D8t (d)(1)(A)(i).

"Clinical policies, medical policies, clinical criteria or any other generally accepted clinical practice guidelines used to assist in evaluating the medical necessity of a requested health service shall be used solely as guidelines and shall not be the basis for a final determination of medical necessity." Conn. Gen. Stat. § 17b-259b (b).

Based on the hearing record, the Appellant's medical conditions are not unstable or are of such severity that it required <u>continuous</u> skilled nursing services and/or nursing supervision.

The Appellant medical condition does not require substantial assistance, i.e., regular hands-on intervention, with his ADLs on a daily basis.

It is reasonable to conclude that the Appellant's current medical treatment as provided at the Facility—i.e., the supervision by medical staff regarding his care, providing him with his oral medications, and his approximately once per week—may be provided to him in a less restrictive setting than a skilled nursing facility.

The Appellant's continued placement at the Facility is not the least restrictive means to medically treat the Appellant.

3. Section 17b-259b (a) of the Connecticut General Statutes provides:

For purposes of the administration of the medical assistance programs by the Department of Social Services, "medically necessary" and "medical necessity" mean those health services required to prevent, identify, diagnose, treat, rehabilitate or ameliorate an individual's medical condition, including mental illness, or its effects, in order to attain or maintain the individual's achievable health and independent functioning provided such services are: (1) Consistent with generally-accepted standards of medical practice that are defined as standards that are based on (A) credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature that is generally recognized by the relevant medical community, (B) recommendations of a physician-specialty society, (C) the views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas, and (D) any other relevant factors; (2) clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, timing, site, extent and duration and considered effective for the individual's illness, injury or disease; (3) not primarily for the convenience of the individual, the individual's health care provider or other health care providers; (4) not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of the individual's illness, injury or disease; and (5) based on an assessment of the individual and his or her medical condition.

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 17b-259b (a).

Continuous skilled nursing services are not clinically appropriate in terms of type and frequency with respect to treatment of the Appellant's medical conditions.

The Appellant failed to establish that his institutionalization at a skilled nursing facility is medically necessary, as the term "medically necessary" is defined at Conn. Gen. Stat. § 17b-259b (a).

Maximus correctly determined that the Appellant no longer medically requires care at the level provided to a resident of a skilled nursing facility, based on its review of the Facility's 2022 and 2022 submitted medical records.

DECISION

The Appellant's appeal is **DENIED**.

Cva Tax-electronic signature Eva Tar

Hearing Officer

Cc: Erin Scafe, DSS-Community Options

hearings.commops@ct.gov

AscendCTadminhearings@maximus.com

RIGHT TO REQUEST RECONSIDERATION

The appellant has the right to file a written reconsideration request within 15 days of the mailing date of the decision on the grounds there was an error of fact or law, new evidence has been discovered or other good cause exists. If the request for reconsideration is granted, the appellant will be notified within 25 days of the request date. No response within 25 days means that the request for reconsideration has been denied. The right to request a reconsideration is based on §4-181a (a) of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Reconsideration requests should include specific grounds for the request: for example, indicate what error of fact or law, what new evidence, or what other good cause exists.

Reconsideration requests should be sent to: Department of Social Services, Director, Office of Legal Counsel, Regulations, and Administrative Hearings, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105.

RIGHT TO APPEAL

The appellant has the right to appeal this decision to Superior Court within 45 days of the mailing of this decision, or 45 days after the agency denies a petition for reconsideration of this decision, provided that the petition for reconsideration was filed timely with the Department. The right to appeal is based on § 4-183 of the Connecticut General Statutes. To appeal, a petition must be filed at Superior Court. A copy of the petition must be served upon the Office of the Attorney General, 165 Capitol Avenue, Hartford, CT 06106 or the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, 55 Farmington Avenue Hartford, CT 06105. A copy of the petition must also be served on all parties to the hearing.

The 45-day appeal period may be extended in certain instances if there is good cause. The extension request must be filed with the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services in writing no later than 90 days from the mailing of the decision. Good cause circumstances are evaluated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee in accordance with § 17b-61 of the Connecticut General Statutes. The Agency's decision to grant an extension is final and is not subject to review or appeal.

The appeal should be filed with the clerk of the Superior Court in the Judicial District of New Britain or the Judicial District in which the appellant resides.