

STATE OF CONNECTICUT
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES
OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL, REGULATIONS, AND ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS
55 FARMINGTON AVENUE
HARTFORD, CT 06105-3725

██████████ 2018
Signature Confirmation

Client ID # ██████████
Hearing Request # ██████████

NOTICE OF DECISION

PARTY

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PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

On ██████████, the Health Insurance Exchange Access Health CT (“AHCT”) issued a Notice of Action (“NOA”) to ██████████ (the “Appellant”) advising her that she was no longer eligible for Medicaid/HUSKY D healthcare coverage.

On ██████████, the Appellant requested an administrative hearing to contest the discontinuance of Medicaid/HUSKY D.

On ██████████, the Office of legal Counsel, Regulations, and Administrative Hearings (“OLCRAH”) issued a notice scheduling the administrative hearing for ██████████

On ██████████, in accordance with sections 17b-60, 17b-264 and 4-176e to 4-189, inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, Title 45 Code of Federal Regulations (“CFR”) §§ 155.505(b) and 155.510 and/or 42 CFR § 457.1130, OLCRAH held an administrative hearing by telephone. The following individuals participated in the hearing:

██████████, Appellant
Sabrina Solis, AHCT Grievance and Appeals Representative
Maureen Foley-Roy, Hearing Officer

STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE

The issue to be decided is whether Health Insurance Exchange Access Health CT (“AHCT”) correctly discontinued the Medicaid/HUSKY D healthcare coverage.

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. The Appellant was a recipient of Medicaid/HUSKY D healthcare benefits prior to [REDACTED] 2018. (Hearing Record)
2. On [REDACTED], the Appellant reported a change in her income. She submitted copies of her paychecks as follows: On [REDACTED] 2018, the Appellant received \$420 in wages earned the week of [REDACTED] 2018, on [REDACTED] the Appellant received \$477 in wages earned the week of [REDACTED], 2018, on [REDACTED] 2018 the Appellant was paid \$492 in wages earned for the week of [REDACTED] 2018 and on [REDACTED] the Appellant received \$465 in wages earned the week of [REDACTED], 2018. (Exhibit 2: wage stubs)
3. The Appellant is employed at a farm and her work and wages are seasonal. The wages received in [REDACTED] and submitted to AHCT are the highest she will earn all year. In the fall, her income will decrease. (Appellant’s testimony)
4. The Appellant did not have the same employer and her tax return from last year would not reflect her annual income for this year. (Appellant’s testimony)
5. The Appellant anticipates that her annual income will be lower than what is reflected in the pay stubs she submitted due to the seasonal nature of her employment and the fact that she did not work during the early months of this year. (Appellant’s testimony)
6. The Appellant’s household consists of one person. (Exhibit 1: Application)
7. The Appellant is 28 years old (date of birth [REDACTED]). (Exhibit 1)
8. On [REDACTED], AHCT issued a notice to the Appellant discontinuing her Medicaid/HUSKY D coverage effective [REDACTED] (Exhibit 2)

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. Section 17b-260 of the Connecticut General Statutes (“CGS”) provides for acceptance of federal grants for medical assistance. The Commissioner of Social Services is authorized to take advantage of the medical assistance programs provided in Title XIX, entitled "Grants to States for Medical Assistance Programs", contained in the Social Security Amendments of 1965 and may administer the same in accordance with the requirements provided therein, including the waiving, with respect to the amount paid for medical care, of provisions concerning recovery from beneficiaries or their estates, charges and recoveries against legally liable relatives, and liens against property of beneficiaries.
2. Section 17b-264 of the CGS provides for the extension of other public assistance provisions. All of the provisions of sections 17b-22, 17b-75 to 17b-77, inclusive, 17b-79 to 17b-83, inclusive, 17b-85 to 17b-103, inclusive, and 17b-600 to 17b-604, inclusive, are extended to the medical assistance program except such provisions as are inconsistent with federal law and regulations governing Title XIX of the Social Security Amendments of 1965 and sections 17b-260 to 17b-262, inclusive, 17b-264 to 17b-285, inclusive, and 17b-357 to 17b-361, inclusive.
3. Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations (“CFR”) § 155.505(c)(1) provides that Exchange eligibility appeals may be conducted by a State Exchange appeals entity or an eligible entity described in paragraph (d) of this section that is designated by the Exchange, if the Exchange establishes an appeals process in accordance with the requirements of this subpart.
4. 45 CFR § 155.505(d) provides that an appeals process established under this subpart must comply with § 155.110(a).
5. 45 CFR § 155.110(a) provides that the State may elect to authorize an Exchange established by the State to enter into an agreement with an eligible entity to carry out one or more responsibilities of the Exchange. Eligible entities are: (1) an entity: (i) Incorporated under, and subject to the laws of one or more States; (ii) That has demonstrated experience on a State or regional basis in the individual and small group health insurance markets and in benefits coverage; and (iii) Is not a health insurance issuer or treated as a health insurance issuer under subsection (a) or (b) of section 52 of the Code of 1986 as a member of the same controlled group of corporations (or under common control with) as a health insurance issuer; or (2) The State Medicaid agency, or any other State agency that meets the qualifications of paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

6. 26 CFR § 1.36B-1(e)(1) provides in general, household income is the sum of-
 - (i) A taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income (including the modified adjusted gross income of a child for whom an election under section 1(g)(7) is made for the taxable year);
 - (ii) The aggregate modified adjusted gross income of all other individuals who-
 - (A) Are included in the taxpayer's family under paragraph (d) of this section; and
 - (B) Are required to file a return of tax imposed by section 1 for the taxable year.

7. 42 CFR § 435.603(e) provides that MAGI-based income means income calculated using the same financial methodologies used to determine modified adjusted gross income as defined in section 36B(d)(2)(B) of the Code, with the following exceptions-
 - (1) An amount received as a lump sum is counted as income only in the month received.
 - (2) Scholarships, awards, or fellowship grants used for education purposes and not for living expenses are excluded from income.
 - (3) American Indian/Alaska Native exceptions.

8. Title 26 of the United States Code ("USC") Section 36B(d)(2)(B) provides that the term "modified adjusted gross income" means adjusted gross income increased by-
 - (i) Any amount excluded from gross income under section 911,
 - (ii) Any amount of interest received or accrued by the taxpayer during the taxable year which is exempt from tax, and
 - (iii) An amount equal to the portion of the taxpayer's social security benefits (as defined in section 86(d)) which is not included in gross income under section 86 for the taxable year.

9. 42 CFR § 435.945(a) provides that except where the law requires other procedures (such as for citizenship and immigration status information), the agency may accept attestation of information needed to determine the eligibility of an individual for Medicaid (either self-attestation by the individual or attestation by an adult who is in the applicant's household, as defined in §435.603(f) of this part, or family, as defined in section 36B(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, an authorized representative, or, if the individual is a minor or incapacitated, someone acting responsibly for the individual) without requiring further information (including documentation) from the individual.

10. The State Plan Amendment (“SPA”) # 14-003MM3 provides in relevant part that financial eligibility for current beneficiaries is based on current monthly household income and family size.
11. Uniform Policy Manual “UPM” Section 5025.05(b) provides:
 1. If income is received on a monthly basis, a representative monthly amount is used as the estimate of income.
 2. If income is received on other than a monthly basis, the estimate of income is calculated by multiplying 4.3 by a representative weekly amount that is determined as follows:
 - a. If income is the same each week, the regular weekly income is the representative amount;
 - b. If income varies from week to week, a representative period of at least four consecutive weeks is averaged to determine the representative weekly amount;
 - c. If there has been a recent change or if there is an anticipated future change, the amount expected to represent future income is the representative weekly amount;
 - d. If income is received on other than a weekly or monthly basis, the income is converted to a representative weekly amount by dividing the income by the number of weeks covered.
12. AHCT correctly determined that the Appellant’s earned income from the farm equals \$1,993.05 ($\$477 + \$492 + \$465 + \$420 = \$1854/4 = \463.50×4.3)
13. AHCT correctly determined the Appellant’s gross income equals \$1,993.05.
14. 42 CFR § 435.119 provides that Medicaid health coverage is available for individuals age 19 or older and under age 65 at or below 133 percent of the Federal Poverty Limit (“FPL”).
 - (b). Effective January 1, 2014, the agency must provide Medicaid to individuals who:
 - 1) Are age 19 or older and under age 65;
 - 2) Are not pregnant;
 - 3) Are not entitled to or enrolled for Medicare benefits under part A or B of the title XVIII of the Act
 - 4) Are not otherwise eligible for and enrolled for mandatory coverage under a State’s Medicaid State plan in accordance with subpart B of this part; and
 - 5) Have household income that is at or below 133 percent FPL for the applicable family size.

15. The Federal Register provides that one hundred thirty-three percent of the FPL for a one person household equals \$1,336.65 ($\1005×1.33 (rounded to the nearest whole dollar)).
16. The Medicaid/HUSKY D income limit for a household of one is \$1,337.00 monthly.
- 17.42 CFR §435.603(d) provides for the application of the household's modified adjusted gross income ("MAGI"). A state must subtract an amount equivalent to 5 percentage points of the Federal poverty level for the applicable family size.
18. Five percent of the FPL for one person equals \$50.25 ($\$1,005.00 \times .05$).
19. The Appellant's countable MAGI equals \$1,942.80 ($\$1993.05 - \50.25 (rounded to the nearest dollar)) per month.
20. The Appellant's \$1,942.80 countable MAGI exceeds the \$1,337.00 income limit for a household of one.
21. AHCT correctly determined that the Appellant's monthly income exceeds the Medicaid/Husky D income limit.
22. AHCT correctly discontinued the Appellant's Medicaid/HUSKY D healthcare coverage because her income exceeded the allowable limit.

DISCUSSION

Per the Appellant's testimony, due to the seasonal nature of her employment, the pay stubs that she submitted to determine eligibility were the highest of the year. However, they were an accurate representation of her earnings at the time and her income did exceed the allowable limit. The Appellant is free to reapply when her circumstances change and she can provide documentation of such.

DECISION

The Appellant's appeal is **DENIED**.



Maureen Foley-Roy
Hearing Officer

Pc: Becky Brown, AHCT
Mike Towers, AHCT
Sabrina Solis, Appeals Coordinator, AHCT

**Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) Medicaid and
Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
Right to Request Reconsideration**

For denials or reductions of MAGI Medicaid and CHIP, the Appellant has the right to file a written reconsideration request within 15 days of the mailing date of the decision on the grounds there was an error of fact or law, new evidence has been discovered or other good cause exists. If the request for reconsideration is granted, the Appellant will be notified within 25 days of the request date. No response within 25 days means that the request for reconsideration has been denied. The right to request a reconsideration is based on §4-181a(a) of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Reconsideration requests should include specific grounds for the request: for example, indicate what error of fact or law, what new evidence, or what other good cause exists. Reconsideration requests should be sent to: Department of Social Services, Director, Office of Legal Counsel, Regulations, and Administrative Hearings, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105-3725.

Right to Appeal

For denials, terminations or reductions of MAGI Medicaid and CHIP eligibility, the Appellant has the right to appeal this decision to Superior Court within 45 days of the mailing of this decision, or 45 days after the agency denies a petition for reconsideration of this decision, provided that the petition for reconsideration was filed timely with the Department. The right to appeal is based on §4-183 of the Connecticut General Statutes. To appeal, a petition must be filed at Superior Court. A copy of the petition must be served upon the Office of the Attorney General, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, CT 06106 or the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105. A copy of the petition must also be served on all parties to the hearing.

The 45 day appeal period may be extended in certain instances if there is good cause. The extension request must be filed with the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services in writing no later than 90 days from the mailing of the decision. Good cause circumstances are evaluated by the Commissioner or his designee in accordance with §17b-61 of the Connecticut General Statutes. The Agency's decision to grant an extensions final and is not subject to review or appeal.

The appeal should be filed with the clerk of the Superior Court in the Judicial District of New Britain or the Judicial District in which the Appellant resides.