STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES OFFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL, REGULATIONS, AND ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS 55 FARMINGTON AVENUE HARTFORD, CT 06105-3725

2021 SIGNATURE CONFIRMATION



NOTICE OF DECISION PARTY



PROCEDURAL BACKROUND

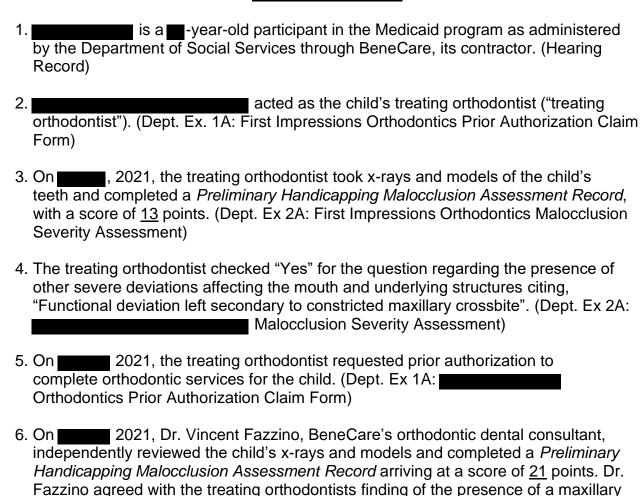
On , 2021, BeneCare Dental Plans ("BeneCare") sent (the "Appellant") a Notice of Action ("NOA") stating that it had denied a request for prior authorization of orthodontia for (the "child"), because orthodontia was not medically necessary.
On, 2021, the Appellant requested an administrative hearing to contest the Department's denial of prior authorization of orthodontia.
On, 2021, the Office of Legal Counsel, Regulations, and Administrative Hearings ("OLCRAH") issued a notice scheduling the administrative Hearing for, 2021.
On, 2021, in accordance with sections 17b-60, 17-61 and 4-176e to 4-189 inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, OLCRAH held an Administrative Hearing. The hearing was held telephonically due to the COVID-19 pandemic with no objection from any party. The following individuals participated in the hearing:

Rosario Monteza, Dental Plans, Department's representative Dr. Vincent Fazzino, Clinical Consultant for BeneCare Joseph Alexander, Administrative Hearing Officer

STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE

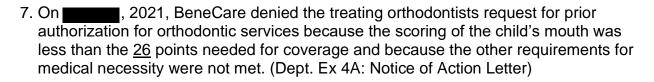
The issue is whether BeneCare's denial of prior authorization through the Medicaid program for the Appellant's child's orthodontic services is correct because such services are not medically necessary.

FINDINGS OF FACT



crossbite but did not agree that there exists a "functional deviation" that meets the criteria specified in the *Malocclusion Assessment Record*. (Dept. Ex 3A: Dr. Vincent

Fazzino's Malocclusion Severity Assessment / Dr. Fazzino's Testimony)



- 8. On _____, 2021, the Appellant submitted a request for an administrative hearing. (Dept. Ex 5: Request for Administrative Hearing & Letter)
- 9. On 2021, Dr. Geoffrey Drawbridge, the dental consultant for Connecticut Dental Health Partnership ("CTDHP"), reviewed the child's x-rays and models and completed a *Preliminary Handicapping Malocclusion Assessment Record* arriving at a score of 17 points. (Dept. Ex 7A: Dr. Geoffrey Drawbridge's Malocclusion Severity Assessment)
- 10. On 2021, BeneCare notified the Appellant that orthodontic treatment was denied due to the score of 17 points was less than the 26 points needed to be covered. There was no presence found of any deviations affecting the mouth or underlying structures. There was no evidence presented of any treatment by a licensed psychiatrist or psychologist related to the condition of your teeth. (Dept. Ex 8A: Determination Letter)
- 11. The child does not qualify for orthodontic treatment based on the scoring of the *Preliminary Handicapping Malocclusion Assessment Record* and no medical documentation was submitted to substantiate medical necessity. (Hearing Record)
- 12. No current documentation was provided that the child is being treated by a qualified psychiatrist or psychologist for related mental emotional or behavior problems, disturbances or dysfunctions. (Appellant's Testimony)
- 13. No documentation was provided that the child has medical issues. (Appellant's Testimony)
- 14. The issuance of this decision is timely under the Code of Federal Regulations which requires that a decision be reached, and the household notified within days of receipt of a requested fair hearing. The hearing request was received 2021. The decision therefore would be due no later than 2021, and is therefore timely.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

 State statute provides that the Department may make such regulations as are necessary to administer the medical assistance program. [Conn. Gen. Stat. §17b-262]

- 2. Medically necessary" and "medical necessity" defined. Notice of denial of services. Regulations. (a) For purposes of the administration of the medical assistance programs by the Department of Social Services, "medically necessary" and "medical necessity" mean those health services required to prevent, identify, diagnose, treat, rehabilitate or ameliorate an individual's medical condition, including mental illness, or its effects, in order to attain or maintain the individual's achievable health and independent functioning provided such services are: (1) Consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice that are defined as standards that are based on (A) credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature that is generally recognized by the relevant medical community, (B) recommendations of a physician- specialty society, (C) the views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas, and (D) any other relevant factors; (2) clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, timing, site, extent and duration and considered effective for the individual's illness, injury or disease; (3) not primarily for the convenience of the individual, the individual's health care provider or other health care providers; (4) not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of the individual's illness, injury or disease; and (5) based on an assessment of the individual and his or her medical condition. (b) Clinical policies, medical policies, clinical criteria or any other generally accepted clinical practice guidelines used to assist in evaluating the medical necessity of a requested health service shall be used solely as guidelines and shall not be the basis for a final determination of medical necessity. [Conn. Gen. Stat. § 17b-259b]
- (c) Upon denial of a request for authorization of services based on medical necessity, the individual shall be notified that, upon request, the Department of Social Services shall provide a copy of the specific guideline or criteria, or portion thereof, other than the medical necessity definition provided in subsection (a) of this section, that was considered by the department or an entity acting on behalf of the department in making the determination of medical necessity.
- State regulations provide that orthodontic services for services provided for individuals under 21 years of age will be paid for when provided by a qualified dentist and deemed medically necessary as described in these regulations. [Conn. Agencies Regs. §17-134d-35(a)]
- 4. The Department of Social Services shall cover orthodontic services for a Medicaid recipient under twenty-one years of age when the Salzmann Handicapping Malocclusion Index indicates a correctly scored assessment for the recipient of twenty-six points or greater, subject to prior authorization requirements. If a recipient's score on the Salzmann Handicapping Malocclusion Index is less than twenty-six points, the Department of Social Services shall consider additional substantive information when determining the need for orthodontic services, including (1) documentation of the presence of other severe deviations affecting the oral facial structures; and (2) the presence of severe mental, emotional or behavioral problems or disturbances, as defined in the most current edition of the Diagnostic and

Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association, that affects the individual's daily functioning. [Conn. Gen. Stats Section 17b-282e]

- 5. State regulations provides, in relevant part as follows; the Department shall consider additional information of a substantial nature about the presence of severe mental, emotional, and/or behavior problems, disturbances or dysfunctions, as defined in the most current edition of the Diagnostic Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association, and which may be caused by the recipient's daily functioning. The Department will only consider cases where a diagnostic evaluation has been performed by a licensed psychiatrist or licensed psychologist who has accordingly limited his practice to child psychiatry or child psychology. The evaluation must clearly and substantially document how the dentofacial deformity is related to the child's mental, emotional, and/or behavior problems, and the orthodontic treatment is necessary, and, in this case, will significantly ameliorate the problems. [Conn. Agencies Regs. §17-134d-35(e)(2)]
- 6. State regulations provide that the study models submitted for prior authorization must clearly show the occlusal deviations and support the total point score of the preliminary assessment. [Conn. Agencies Regs. §17-134d-35(f)]
- 7. In the child's case, the study models submitted for prior authorization do not clearly support the twenty-six points or greater, subject to prior authorization requirements.
- 8. In the child's case, a licensed psychologist or licensed psychiatrist who has limited his or her practice to child psychology or to child psychiatry has not recommended that the child receives orthodontic treatment to significantly ameliorate the child's mental, emotional, and or behavioral problems, disturbances or dysfunctions.
- 9. The Department was correct to find that the child's malocclusion did not meet the medical necessity criteria for orthodontia, as established in state regulations.

DECISION

The Appellant's appeal is **DENIED**

Joseph Alexander
Administrative Hearing Officer

CC: Rita LaRosa, Connecticut Dental Health Partnership, P.O. Box 486, Farmington, CT 06034

Magdalena Carter, Connecticut Dental Health Partnership, P.O. Box 486, Farmington, CT 06034

RIGHT TO REQUEST RECONSIDERATION

The Appellant has the right to file a written reconsideration request within **15** days of the mailing date of the decision on the grounds there was an error of fact or law, new evidence has been discovered or other good cause exists. If the request for reconsideration is granted, the appellant will be notified within 25 days of the request date. No response within 25 days means that the request for reconsideration has been denied. The right to request a reconsideration is based on §4-1181a (a) of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Reconsideration requests should include <u>specific</u> grounds for the request: for example, indicate <u>what</u> error of fact or law, or <u>what</u> other good cause exists.

Reconsideration requests should be sent to: Department of Social Services, Director, Office of Administrative Hearings and Appeals, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105-3725.

RIGHT TO APPEAL

The appellant has the right to appeal this decision to Superior Court with 45 days of the mailing of this decision, or 45 days after the agency denies petition for reconsideration of this decision, provided that the petition for reconsideration was filed timely with the Department. The right to appeal is based on §4-183 of the Connecticut General Statutes. To appeal, a petition must be fooled at Superior Court. A copy of the petition must be served upon the Office of the Attorney General, 165 Capitol Avenue, Hartford, CT 06106 or the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105-3725. A copy of the petition must also be served on all parties to the hearing.

The 45-day appeal period may be extended in certain instances if there is good cause. The extension request must be filed with the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services in writing no later than 90 days from the mailing of the decision. Good cause circumstances are evaluated by the Commissioner or her designee in accordance with §17b-61 of the Connecticut General Statutes. The Agency's decision to grant an extension is final and is not subject to review or appeal.

The appeal should be filed with the clerk of the Superior Court in the Judicial District of New Britain or the Judicial District in which the appellant resides.