STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL, REGULATIONS, AND ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS 55 FARMINGTON AVE. HARTFORD, CT 06105-3725

2019 Signature Confirmation

Case ID # Client ID # Request # 147223

NOTICE OF DECISION PARTY



2019, BeneCare Dental Plans ("BeneCare") sent On (the "Appellant") a notice of action denying a request for prior authorization of orthodontia for her minor child (the "child") indicating that the severity of the child's malocclusion did not meet the requirements in state law to approve the proposed treatment and that orthodontia was not medically necessary. 2019, the Appellant requested an administrative hearing to contest the On Department's action. 2019, the Office of Legal Counsel, Regulations, and Administrative Hearings ("OLCRAH") issued a notice scheduling the administrative hearing for ■ 2019. On 2019, in accordance with sections 17b-60, 17b-61, and 4-176e to 4-184, inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, OLCRAH held an administrative hearing.

The following individuals participated in the hearing:

Appellant
Kate Nadeau, CTDHP Representative
Dr. Julius Gold, CTDHP Dental Consultant by telephone
Christopher Turner, Hearing Officer

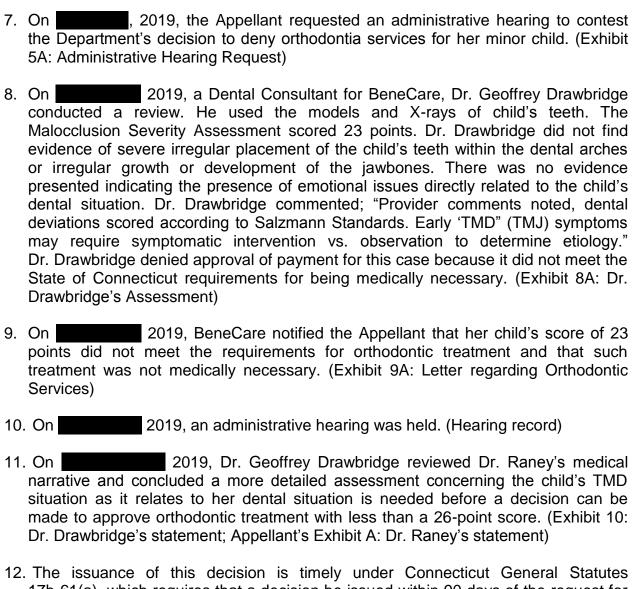
The hearing record was left open for the evaluation of the Appellant's additional information. On 2019, the record closed.

STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE

The issue to be decided is whether the Department's decision to deny orthodontia for her minor child was in accordance with state and federal law.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The Appellant is the mother of the child. (Hearing record)
- 2. The child is a participant in the Medicaid program, as administered by the Department of Social Services (the "Department"). (Hearing record; Appellant's testimony)
- 3. BeneCare is the Department's contractor for reviewing dental provider's requests for prior authorization of orthodontic treatment. (Hearing record)
- 4. On a 2019, BeneCare received from the treating orthodontist, a Preliminary Handicapping Malocclusion Assessment Record with a score of 31 points. Models and x-rays of the child's mouth were used for the evaluation. (Exhibit 2: Malocclusion Assessment Record, 19)
- 5. On 2019, Dr. Robert Gange, DDS., BeneCare's orthodontic dental consultant, independently reviewed the child's X-rays, and models of the child's teeth, and arrived at a score of 23 points on a completed Preliminary Handicapping Malocclusion Assessment Record. Dr. Gange found no evidence of severe irregular placement of the child's teeth within the dental arches and found no irregular growth or development of the jaw. (Exhibit 3: Preliminary Handicapping Malocclusion Assessment Record)
- 6. On 2019, BeneCare denied the treating orthodontist's request for prior authorization for orthodontic services as the scoring of the child's mouth was less than the 26 points needed for coverage, the child's teeth are not crooked enough to qualify for braces, and they currently pose no threat to the jawbone or the attached soft tissue. Also, there was no evidence that a diagnostic evaluation has been done by a licensed child psychologist or a licensed child psychiatrist indicating that the child's dental condition is related to the presence of severe mental emotional and/or behavioral problems, disturbances or dysfunctions, as defined in the current edition of the Diagnostic Statistical Manual and orthodontic treatment will significantly improve such problems, disturbances or dysfunctions. (Exhibit 4A: Notice of Action for Denied Services or Goods)



12. The issuance of this decision is timely under Connecticut General Statutes 17b-61(a), which requires that a decision be issued within 90 days of the request for an administrative hearing. The Appellant requested an administrative hearing on 2019, and a decision was due by 2020. However due to a two week extension afforded the Appellant per her request to submit additional medical information for review, this decision was due no later than (Hearing Record)

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. Connecticut General Statutes ("Conn. Gen. Stat.") § 17b-2 provides that the Department of Social Services is designated as the state agency for the administration of (6) the Medicaid program pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

- 2. Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies ("Regs., Conn. State Agencies") §17-134d-35(a) provides that orthodontic services provided for individuals less than 21 years of age will be paid for when (1) provided by a qualified dentist; and (2) deemed medically necessary as described in these regulations.
- 3. Conn. Gen. Stat. §17b-259b provides (a) For purposes of the administration of the medical assistance programs by the Department of Social Services, "medically necessary" and "medical necessity" mean those health services required to prevent, identify, diagnose, treat, rehabilitate or ameliorate an individual's medical condition, including mental illness, or its effects, in order to attain or maintain the individual's achievable health and independent functioning provided such services are: (1) Consistent with generally-accepted standards of medical practice that are defined as standards that are based on (A) credible scientific evidence published in peerreviewed medical literature that is generally recognized by the relevant medical community, (B) recommendations of a physician-specialty society, (C) the views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas, and (D) any other relevant factors; (2) clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, timing, site, extent and duration and considered effective for the individual's illness, injury or disease; (3) not primarily for the convenience of the individual, the individual's health care provider or other health care providers; (4) not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of the individual's illness, injury or disease; and (5) based on an assessment of the individual and his or her medical condition.
- 4. Conn. Gen. Stat. §17b-282e provides that the Department of Social Services shall cover orthodontic services for a Medicaid recipient less than twenty-one years of age when the Salzmann Handicapping Malocclusion Index indicates a correctly scored assessment for the recipient of twenty-six points or greater, subject to prior authorization requirements. If a recipient's score on the Salzmann Handicapping Malocclusion Index is less than twenty-six points, the Department of Social Services shall consider additional substantive information when determining the need for orthodontic services, including (1) documentation of the presence of other severe deviations affecting the oral facial structures; and (2) the presence of severe mental, emotional or behavioral problems or disturbances, as defined in the most current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association, that affects the individual's daily functioning.
- 5. Regs., Conn. State Agencies §17-134d-35(e) provides when an eligible recipient is determined to have a malocclusion, the attending dentist should refer the recipient to a qualified dentist for the preliminary examination of the degree of malocclusion. (2) If the total score is less than twenty-six (26) points the Department shall consider additional information of a substantial nature about the presence of severe mental, emotional, and/or behavior problems, disturbances or dysfunctions, as defined in the most current edition of the Diagnostic Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association, and which may be caused by the recipient's daily functioning. The department will only consider cases where a diagnostic evaluation has been

performed by a licensed psychiatrist or a licensed psychologist who has accordingly limited his or her practice to child psychiatry or child psychology. The evaluation must be clear and substantially document how the dentofacial deformity is related to the child's mental, emotional, and/or behavior problems and that orthodontic treatment is necessary and, in this case, will significantly ameliorate the problems. (3) A recipient who becomes Medicaid eligible and is already receiving orthodontic treatment must demonstrate that the need for service requirements specified in subsections (e) (1) and (2) of these regulations were met before orthodontic treatment commenced, meaning that prior to the onset of treatment the recipient would have met the need for services requirements.

Regs., Conn. State Agencies §17-134d-35(f) provides that the study models submitted for prior authorization must clearly show the occlusal deviations and support the total point score of the preliminary assessment.

- 6. In the Appellant's case, the study models submitted for prior authorization do not show occlusal deviations and do not meet the requirement of a 26-point score on a preliminary assessment. Similarly, there was no evidence to indicate the minor child met the need for services requirements prior to the onset of treatment.
- 7. In the present case, the information submitted does not indicate the child has had a diagnostic evaluation performed by a licensed psychiatrist or a licensed psychologist who has accordingly limited his or her practice to child psychiatry or child psychology.
- 8. BeneCare was correct to find that the child's malocclusion did not meet the requirements for severity as established in state regulations.
- 9. BeneCare was correct to deny prior authorization because orthodontia services for the child are not medically necessary.

DECISION

The Appellant's appeal is denied.

Christopher Turner
Hearing Officer

Cc: Diane D'Ambrosio, Connecticut Dental Health Partnership, P.O. Box 486 Farmington, CT 06032
Rita LaRosa, Connecticut Dental Health Partnership

RIGHT TO REQUEST RECONSIDERATION

The appellant has the right to file a written reconsideration request within **15** days of the mailing date of the decision on the grounds there was an error of fact, law, and new evidence has been discovered, or other good cause exists. If the request for reconsideration is granted, the appellant will be notified within 25 days of the requested date. No response within 25 days means that the request for reconsideration has been denied. The right to request a reconsideration is based on §4-181a (a) of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Reconsideration requests should include <u>specific</u> grounds for the request: for example, indicate <u>what</u> error of fact or law, <u>what</u> new evidence, or <u>what</u> other good cause exists.

Reconsideration requests should be sent to Department of Social Services, Director, Office of Administrative Hearings and Appeals, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105-3725.

RIGHT TO APPEAL

The appellant has the right to appeal this decision to Superior Court within 45 days of the mailing of this decision, or 45 days after the agency denies a petition for reconsideration of this decision if the petition for reconsideration was filed timely with the Department. The right to appeal is based on §4-183 of the Connecticut General Statutes. To appeal, a petition must be filed at Superior Court. A copy of the petition must be served upon the Office of the Attorney General, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, CT 06106, or the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105-3725. A copy of the petition must also be served on all parties to the hearing.

The 45-day appeal period may be extended in certain instances if there is good cause. The extension request must be filed with the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services in writing no later than 90 days from the mailing of the decision. Good cause circumstances are evaluated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee in accordance with §17b-61 of the Connecticut General Statutes. The Agency's decision to grant an extension is final and is not subject to review or appeal.

The appeal should be filed with the clerk of the Superior Court in the Judicial District of New Britain or the Judicial District in which the appellant resides.