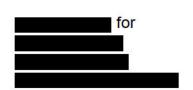


Request # 115984

# NOTICE OF DECISION

# **PARTY**



# PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

On, the Department of Social Services (the "Department") issued a notice of action stating that it was reducing the Community First Choice ("CFC") budget for (the "Recipient") from \$26,061.01 to \$0, effective 2018.
On 2018, the Recipient's mother and Guardian (the "Appellant") requested an administrative hearing to contest the Department's decision to discontinue such benefits.
On 2018 the Office of Legal Counsel, Regulations, and Administrative Hearings ("OLCRAH") issued a notice scheduling the administrative hearing for 2018.
On 2018, in accordance with sections 17b-60, 17-61 and 4-176e to 4-189 inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, OLCRAH held an administrative hearing. The following individuals were present at the hearing:
the Appellant, the Recipient's mother and guardian, Christine Weston, DSS, Community First Choice Program, Mike Olesen, DSS Case Manager for the Autism Waiver program Maureen Foley-Roy, Hearing Officer

The hearing record remained open for the submission of additional evidence. The hearing record closed on 2018.

## STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE

The issue to be decided is whether the Department's decision to reduce the Appellant's Community First Choice budget and effectively discontinue his participation in the CFC program is correct.

### FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The Recipient is twenty one years old and has diagnoses of autism, epilepsy and ADHD. He receives Medicaid services through the Autism waiver. (Exhibit 6: Assessment Documents)
- 2. The Recipient can toilet, transfer and feed himself without any "hands on" assistance.( Exhibit 6: Universal Assessment)
- 3. The Recipient can dress and bathe himself with supervision, oversight and cuing. (Exhibit 6)
- 4. The Recipient can feed himself, but he eats too fast. He needs assistance with meal preparation with the exception of the most basic meals, (i.e a bag of salad with dressing). (Appellant's testimony)
- 5. The Recipient cannot dress himself appropriately; he does not choose clothing that is clean and appropriate for the weather and occasion. (Case manager and Appellant's testimony)
- 6. The Recipient cannot take his medication independently, even with cues. Medication administration is required. (Case manager's testimony)
- 7. The Recipient is a safety risk because he wanders. He cannot be left alone. (Case manager's and Appellant's testimony)
- 8. The Recipient attends school. His mother and other family members, including his elderly grandfather, assist him by supervising his activities of daily living such as dressing, bathing and taking his medication. The Recipient is never left alone. (Exhibit 6 and Appellant's testimony)

- 9. In 2015, the Department implemented the Community First Choice option under its Medicaid State Plan to provide services in the home to a population who would otherwise require institutionalization. Because the Recipient receives services through the autism waiver program, CFC has determined that he meets the institutionalized level of care standard. (Representative's testimony)
- 10. In \_\_\_\_\_\_of 2016, CFC first assessed the Recipient's needs and approved an initial services plan of \$26,061.01 on \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2017. (Hearing summary)
- 11. The Appellant did not hire staff to provide services through CFC and the Recipient's family continues to assist him by supervising his activities of daily living. (Hearing summary and Appellant's testimony)
- 12. On 2018, the Department sent the Appellant and Recipient a notice advising that his CFC Individual budget was being reduced from \$26,206.01 to zero effective 2018. (Exhibit 5: Notice of Action)
- 13. In \_\_\_\_\_, the Recipient will turn 21 years old and graduate from high school. His budget from the autism waiver services will be adjusted at that time to allow for his new living situation. (Case Worker's testimony)

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

- 1. Section 17b-2 of the Connecticut General Statutes authorizes the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services to administer the Medicaid program.
- 2. Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") § 441.510 provides in part that to receive Community First Choice services under this section, an individual must meet the following requirements: (a) Be eligible for medical assistance under the State plan; (b) as determined annually: (1) Be in an eligibility group under the State plan that includes nursing facility services; or(2) if in an eligibility group under the State plan that does not include such nursing facility services, have an income that is at or below 150 percent of the Federal poverty level (FPL). In determining whether the 150 percent of the FPL requirement is met, States must apply the same methodologies as would apply under their Medicaid State plan, including the same income disregards in accordance with section 1902(r)(2) of the Act; and(c) Receive a determination, at least annually, that in the absence of the home and community-based attendant services and supports provided under this subpart, the individual would otherwise require the level of care furnished in a hospital, a nursing facility, an intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities, an institution providing psychiatric services for individuals under age 21, or an institution for mental diseases for individuals age 65 or over, if the cost could be reimbursed under the State plan.

- 3. Title 42 CFR§ 441.510 (e)provides that individuals receiving services through Community First Choice will not be precluded from receiving other home and community-based long-term care services and supports through other Medicaid State plan, waiver, grant or demonstration authorities. (Emphasis added)
- 4. Title 42 CFR§ 441.505 provides for the definition of the Activities of Daily Living ("ADLs") and states that ADL's means basic personal everyday activities including, but not limited to, tasks such as eating, toileting, grooming, dressing, bathing, and transferring.
- 5. Title 42 CFR§ 441.505 also provides for the definition of Instrumental Activities of Daily Living and states that IADLs means activities related to living independently in the community, including but not limited to, meal planning and preparation, managing finances, shopping for food, clothing and other essential items, performing essential household chores, communicating by phone or other median and traveling around and participating in the community.
- 6. Title 42 CFR§ 441.520 (a) provides for included services and states that if a State elects to provide Community First Choice, the State must provide all of the following services: (1) Assistance with ADLs, IADLs, and health-related tasks through hands-on assistance, **supervision**, **and/or cueing**. (Emphasis added)
- 7. The Department was incorrect when it terminated the Recipient's CFC benefits because he is in need of assistance with his ADL's and IADL's, in the form of supervision.

#### DISCUSSION

Community First Choice is a benefit available to Medicaid recipients under the State Plan to provide services in home to individuals who would be otherwise require institutionalization as determined by state standards. The Department determined that met the institutional level of care standard by virtue of his involvement with the autism waiver. There is no dispute that needs supervision and support and cannot function independently. The hearing summary and testimony at the hearing indicated that CFC benefits were terminated because he did not have the need for actual hands on assistance. However, the regulations are explicit in stating that supervision and cueing are included in services that CFC must provide. In addition, the regulation states that individuals receiving services through Community First Choice will not be precluded from receiving other home and community-based long-term care services and supports through other Medicaid State plan, waiver, or grant, suggesting a recognition that individuals may receive support and service benefits from more than one program.

## **DECISION**

The Appellant's appeal is **GRANTED.** 

# **ORDER**

The Department is to reauthorize the Recipient's , 2018. Compliance with this order is due by documentation that the Appellant's budget has be	2018 and shall consist of
	Maureen Foley-Roy Hearing Officer

PC: Christine Weston, DSS, Community First Choice Program Mike Olesen, DSS, Autism Waiver Program, Case Manager Sallie Kolreg, DSS, C. O. Lisa Bonetti, DSS, C. O. Laurie Filippini, DSS, C. O. Pam Adams, DSS, C. O.

## RIGHT TO REQUEST RECONSIDERATION

The appellant has the right to file a written reconsideration request within **15** days of the mailing date of the decision on the grounds there was an error of fact or law, new evidence has been discovered or other good cause exists. If the request for reconsideration is granted, the appellant will be notified within 25 days of the request date. No response within 25 days means that the request for reconsideration has been denied. The right to request a reconsideration is based on §4-181a (a) of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Reconsideration requests should include <u>specific</u> grounds for the request: for example, indicate what error of fact or law, what new evidence, or what other good cause exists.

Reconsideration requests should be sent to: Department of Social Services, Director, Office of Administrative Hearings and Appeals, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105-3730.

#### RIGHT TO APPEAL

The appellant has the right to appeal this decision to Superior Court within 45 days of the mailing of this decision, or 45 days after the agency denies a petition for reconsideration of this decision, provided that the petition for reconsideration was filed timely with the Department. The right to appeal is based on §4-183 of the Connecticut General Statutes. To appeal, a petition must be filed at Superior Court. A copy of the petition must be served upon the Office of the Attorney General, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, CT 06106 or the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105. A copy of the petition must also be served on all parties to the hearing.

The 45 day appeal period may be extended in certain instances if there is good cause. The extension request must be filed with the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services in writing no later than 90 days from the mailing of the decision. Good cause circumstances are evaluated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee in accordance with §17b-61 of the Connecticut General Statutes. The Agency's decision to grant an extension is final and is not subject to review or appeal.

The appeal should be filed with the clerk of the Superior Court in the Judicial District of New Britain or the Judicial District in which the appellant resides.