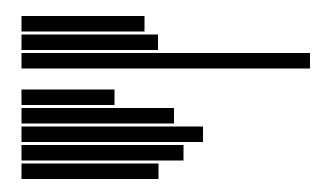
STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL, REGULATIONS, AND ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS 55 FARMINGTON AVENUE HARTFORD, CT 06105-3730

2022 Signature Confirmation

Case ID #
Client ID #
Request # 197550

NOTICE OF DECISION

PARTY



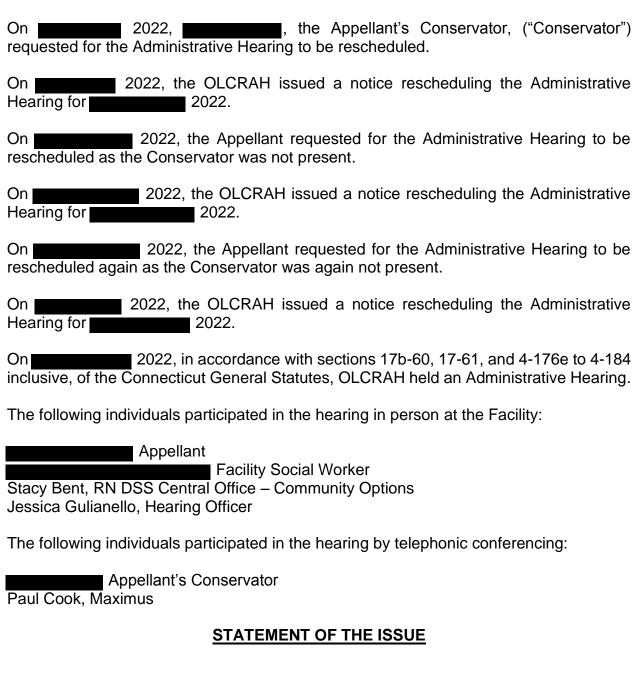
PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

On 2022, Ascend Management Innovations LLC ("Maximus"), the Department of Social Services contractor that administers approval of nursing home care, sent (the "Appellant") a notice of action ("NOA") denying nursing facility ("NF") level of care ("LOC") as not being medically necessary.

On 2022, the Appellant requested an Administrative Hearing to contest Maximus's decision to deny NF LOC.

On 2022, the Office of Legal Counsel, Regulations, and Administrative Hearings ("OLCRAH") issued a notice scheduling the Administrative Hearing for 2022.

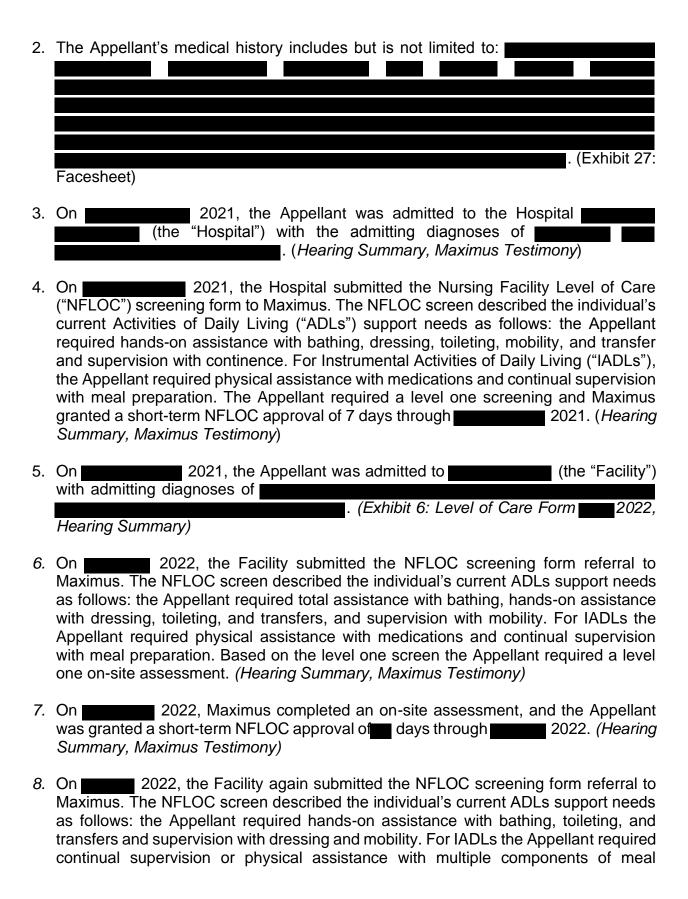
On 2022, OLCRAH issued a notice amending the scheduled time of the Administrative Hearing.



The issue is whether Maximus correctly denied the Appellant's request for NF LOC approval.

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. The Appellant is years old (DOB: _____) and a Medicaid recipient of long-term care support services. (Exhibit 6: Level of Care Form ____/2022, Hearing Record)



- preparation. Based on this information Maximus determined that the Appellant required a level one screening. (Hearing Summary, Maximus Testimony)
- 9. Maximus reviewed the Practitioner Certification, Progress Notes, Occupational Therapy Discharge Summary, Physical Therapy Discharge Summary, Consulting Physician's Report, Occupational Therapy Recertification & Updated Treatment Plan, Physical Therapy Recertification & Updated Plan of Treatment, Face sheet, Completed Care Details, L.T.C Physician's Orders, Follow-Up Visit, Comprehensive Visit, Physician's Order, Lab Results, Interdisciplinary Rehabilitation Screening, and Psychiatric Progress Note. (Hearing Summary, Maximus Testimony)
- 10. On _______ 2022, Maximus's medical doctor, Bill Regan, M.D., reviewed the aforementioned information relating to the Appellant's medical and total needs and he concluded that the NFLOC was not medically necessary for the Appellant as he does not require the continuous nursing services delivered at the level of the NF. The Appellant's needs could be met in a less restrictive setting. (Exhibit 9: Completed Care Details, Hearing Summary, Maximus Testimony)
- 11. On 2022, Maximus issued an NOA to the Appellant and the Facility indicating short-term NF placement is not medically necessary for the Appellant. (Exhibit 5: NOA, 2022, Hearing Summary)
- 12. Maximus determined that the information reported on the Level of Care Form relating to the Appellant's Function Support Needs was not supported by the Appellant's ADL Charts as documented by the Facility. (Maximus Testimony)
- 13. The Completed Care Details provided a day lookback period of the Appellant's ADL Support Needs. The documentation reflects that the Appellant is independent with bathing, dressing, eating, toileting, continence, transferring, and mobility. (Exhibit 9: Completed Care Details, 2022)
- 14. The Appellant is independent with his ADLs. He did not require hands-on assistance with bathing, dressing, eating, toileting, continence, transferring, or mobility. (Appellant's Testimony)
- 15. The Appellant's current prescription medications include, but are not limited to:

 . (Exhibit 8: Physician's Order, 2022, Exhibit 11: Physician's Order, 2022)
- 16. The Appellant uses a ______ as adaptive equipment for mobility. (Exhibit 6: NFLOC Level of Care Form, Exhibit 21: Interdisciplinary Rehabilitation Screening, ______, Exhibit 22: Occupational Therapy Discharge Summary, _____2022, Exhibit 25: Occupational Therapy Recertification & Updated Plan of Treatment, _____/2022, Appellant's Testimony)

- 17. The Appellant is not currently receiving speech, occupational, or physical therapy services. (Hearing Record)
- 18. Neither the facility nor the Conservator submitted evidence to support the position that the Appellant needs constant and continuous care for a chronic condition equal to that of a nursing home level. (Hearing Record)

19. The issuance of this decision is timely under Connecticut General Statutes ("Conn
Gen. Stat.") 17b-61(a), which requires that a decision be issued within 90 days of the
request for an Administrative Hearing. The Appellant requested an Administrative
Hearing on 2022. The hearing, however, which was originally scheduled for
2022, was rescheduled to 2022, at the request of the
Conservator. The hearing that was rescheduled to 2022, was
rescheduled to 2022, at the request of the Appellant. The hearing that
was rescheduled to 2022, was again rescheduled to
2022, at the request of the Appellant. Because the total -day in the close of the
hearing record arose from the Conservator and Appellant's requests, this fina
decision that was initially due no later than 2022, is not due until
2023, and is therefore timely. (Hearing Record)

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. Section 17b-2 of the Connecticut General Statutes provides the Department of Social Services is designated as the state agency for the administration of (6) the Medicaid program pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act.
- 2. Section 17b-262-707(a) of Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies provides that the department shall pay for an admission that is medically necessary and medically appropriate as evidenced by the following:
 - (1) certification by a licensed practitioner that a client admitted to a nursing facility meets the criteria outlined in section 19-13-D8t(d)(1) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies. This certification of the need for care shall be made before the department authorizes payment. The licensed practitioner shall use and sign all forms specified by the department;
 - (2) the department's evaluation and written authorization of the client's need for nursing facility services as ordered by the licensed practitioner;
 - (3) a health screen for clients eligible for the Connecticut Home Care Program for Elders as described in section 17b-342-4(a) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies;
 - (4) a preadmission MI/MR screen signed by the department; or an exemption form, in accordance with 42 CFR 483.106(b), as amended from time to time, for any hospital discharge, readmission or transfer for which a preadmission MI/MR screen was not completed; and

(5) a preadmission screening level II evaluation for any individual suspected of having a mental illness or mental retardation as identified by the *preadmission MI/MR screen*.

Section 17b-262-707(b) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies provides the Department shall pay a provider only when the department has authorized payment for the client's admission to that nursing facility.

The Appellant is a resident of a long-term care facility authorized to receive payment for NF services.

3. Section § 17b-259b(a) of the Connecticut General Statutes provides for purposes of the administration of the medical assistance programs by the Department of Social Services, "medically necessary" and "medical necessity" mean those health services required to prevent, identify, diagnose, treat, rehabilitate or ameliorate an individual's medical condition, including mental illness, or its effects, in order to attain or maintain the individual's achievable health and independent functioning provided such services are: (1) Consistent with generally-accepted standards of medical practice that are defined as standards that are based on (A) credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature that is generally recognized by the relevant medical community, (B) recommendations of a physician-specialty society, (C) the views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas, and (D) any other relevant factors; (2) clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, timing, site, extent and duration and considered effective for the individual's illness, injury or disease; (3) not primarily for the convenience of the individual, the individual's health care provider or other health care providers; (4) not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of the individual's illness, injury or disease; and (5) based on an assessment of the individual and his or her medical condition. (b) Clinical policies, medical policies, clinical criteria or any other generally accepted clinical practice guidelines used to assist in evaluating the medical necessity of a requested health service shall be used solely as guidelines and shall not be the basis for a final determination of medical necessity. (c) Upon denial of a request for authorization of services based on medical necessity, the individual shall be notified that, upon request, the Department of Social Services shall provide a copy of the specific guideline or criteria, or portion thereof, other than the medical necessity definition provided in subsection (a) of this section, that was considered by the department or an entity acting on behalf of the department in determining medical necessity.

Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations § 440.230 provides for sufficiency of amount, duration, and scope. (d) The agency may place appropriate limits on a service based on such criteria as medical necessity or utilization control procedures.

Maximus correctly determined the Appellant does not have uncontrolled and/or unstable conditions requiring continuous skilled nursing services.

Maximus correctly determined that NF services are not clinically appropriate in terms of level of service or considered effective for the Appellant's illness, injury, or disease. Maximus correctly determined that NF services are not medically necessary for the Appellant because he does not need substantial assistance with personal care on a daily basis.

Ascend correctly determined that the Appellant does not meet the medically necessary criteria for a NF LOC.

DECISION

The Appellant's appeal is **DENIED.**

Jessica Gulianello

Jessica Gulianello

Hearing Officer

Cc: hearings.commonops@ct.gov AscendCTadminhearings@maximus.com paulcook@maximus.com

RIGHT TO REQUEST RECONSIDERATION

The appellant has the right to file a written reconsideration request within 15 days of the mailing date of the decision on the grounds there was an error of fact, law, and new evidence has been discovered, or other good cause exists. If the request for reconsideration is granted, the appellant will be notified within 25 days of the requested date. No response within 25 days means that the request for reconsideration has been denied. The right to request a reconsideration is based on §4-181a (a) of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Reconsideration requests should include <u>specific</u> grounds for the request: for example, indicate what error of fact or law, what new evidence, or what other good cause exists.

Reconsideration requests should be sent to the Department of Social Services, Director, Office of Administrative Hearings and Appeals, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105-3725.

RIGHT TO APPEAL

The appellant has the right to appeal this decision to the Superior Court within 45 days of the mailing of this decision, or 45 days after the agency denies a petition for reconsideration of this decision if the petition for reconsideration was filed timely with the Department. The right to appeal is based on §4-183 of the Connecticut General Statutes. To appeal, a petition must be filed at Superior Court. A copy of the petition must be served upon the Office of the Attorney General, 165 Capitol Avenue, Hartford, CT 06106, or the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105-3725. A copy of the petition must also be served to all parties to the hearing.

The 45-day appeal period may be extended in certain instances if there is good cause. The extension request must be filed with the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services in writing no later than 90 days from the mailing of the decision. Good cause circumstances are evaluated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee following §17b-61 of the Connecticut General Statutes. The Agency's decision to grant an extension is final and is not subject to review or appeal.

The appeal should be filed with the clerk of the Superior Court in the Judicial District of New Britain or the Judicial District in which the appellant resides.