

## 2020 Census Group Quarters Definitions and Code List

<p><b>Group Quarters:</b>  A group quarters is a place where people live or stay in a group living arrangement that is owned or managed by an entity or organization providing housing and/or services for the residents. These services may include custodial or medical care as well as other types of assistance, and residency is commonly restricted to those receiving these services. This is not a typical household-type living arrangement. People living in group quarters are usually not related to each other. Group quarters include such places as college residence halls, residential treatment centers, skilled-nursing facilities, group homes, military barracks, correctional facilities, and workers' dormitories.</p>	
<p><b>Institutional Group Quarters:</b>  Facilities that house those who are primarily ineligible, unable, or unlikely to participate in the labor force while residents.</p>	
<p><b>CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES FOR ADULTS</b></p>	
<p><i>Type Code:</i> 101</p>	<p><b>Federal Detention Centers:</b>  Stand alone, generally multilevel, federally operated correctional facilities that provide short-term confinement or custody of adults pending adjudication or sentencing. These facilities may hold pretrial detainees, holdovers, sentenced offenders, and Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) inmates, formerly called Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) inmates. These facilities include: Metropolitan Correctional Centers (MCCs), Metropolitan Detention Centers (MDCs), Federal Detention Centers (FDCs), Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers, ICE Service Processing Centers, and ICE contract detention facilities.</p>
<p><i>Type Code:</i> 102 Federal Prisons   <i>Type Code:</i> 103 State Prisons</p>	<p><b>Federal and State Prisons:</b>  Adult correctional facilities where people convicted of crimes serve their sentences. Common names include: prison, penitentiary, correctional institution, federal or state correctional facility, and conservation camp. The prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) "federal" (operated by or for the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) "state." Residents who are forensic patients or criminally insane are classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration. Patients in hospitals (units, wings, or floors) operated by or for federal or state correctional authorities are counted in the prison population. Other forensic patients will be enumerated in psychiatric hospital units and floors for long-term non acute patients. This category may include privately operated correctional facilities.</p>
<p><i>Type Code:</i> 104</p>	<p><b>Local Jails and Other Municipal Confinement Facilities:</b>  Correctional facilities operated by or for counties, cities, and American Indian and Alaska Native tribal governments. These facilities hold adults detained pending adjudication and/or people committed after adjudication. This category also includes</p>

	work farms and camps used to hold people awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences. Residents who are forensic patients or criminally insane are classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration. Patients in hospitals (units, wings, or floors) operated by or for local correctional authorities are counted in the jail population. Other forensic patients will be enumerated in psychiatric hospital units and floors for long-term non acute patients. This category may include privately operated correctional facilities.
<i>Type Code: 105</i>	<b>Correctional Residential Facilities:</b> These are community-based facilities operated for correctional purposes. The facility residents may be allowed extensive contact with the community, such as for employment or attending school, but are obligated to occupy the premises at night. Examples are halfway houses, restitution centers, and prerelease, work release, and study centers.
<i>Type Code: 106</i>	<b>Military Disciplinary Barracks and Jails:</b> Correctional facilities managed by the military to hold those awaiting trial or convicted of crimes.
<b>JUVENILE FACILITIES</b>	
<i>Type Code: 201</i>	<b>Group Homes for Juveniles (non correctional):</b> Includes community-based group living arrangements for youth in residential settings that are able to accommodate three or more clients of a service provider. The group home provides room and board and services, including behavioral, psychological, or social programs. Generally, clients are not related to the care giver or to each other. Examples are maternity homes for unwed mothers, orphanages, and homes for abused and neglected children in need of services. Group homes for juveniles do not include residential treatment centers for juveniles or group homes operated by or for correctional authorities.
<i>Type Code: 202</i>	<b>Residential Treatment Centers for Juveniles (non correctional):</b> Includes facilities that primarily serve youth that provide services on-site in a highly structured live-in environment for the treatment of drug/alcohol abuse, mental illness, and emotional/behavioral disorders. These facilities are staffed 24 hours a day. The focus of a residential treatment center is on the treatment program. Residential treatment centers for juveniles do not include facilities operated by or for correctional authorities.
<i>Type Code: 203</i>	<b>Correctional Facilities Intended for Juveniles:</b> Includes specialized facilities that provide strict confinement for its residents and detain juveniles awaiting adjudication, commitment or placement, and/or those being held for diagnosis or classification. Also included are correctional facilities where

	<p>residents are permitted contact with the community for purposes such as attending school or holding a job.</p> <p>Examples are residential training schools and farms, reception and diagnostic centers, group homes operated by or for correctional authorities, detention centers, and boot camps for juvenile delinquents.</p>
<p><b>NURSING FACILITIES/SKILLED-NURSING FACILITIES</b></p>	
<p><i>Type Code: 301</i></p>	<p><b>Nursing Facilities/Skilled-Nursing Facilities:</b> Includes facilities licensed to provide medical care with seven-day, 24-hour coverage for people requiring long-term non acute care. People in these facilities require nursing care, regardless of age. Either of these types of facilities may be referred to as nursing homes.</p>
<p><b>OTHER INSTITUTIONAL FACILITIES</b></p>	
<p><i>Type Code: 401</i></p>	<p><b>Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals and Psychiatric Units in Other Hospitals:</b> Includes psychiatric hospitals, units, and floors for long-term non acute care patients. The primary function of the hospital, unit, or floor is to provide diagnostic and treatment services for long-term non acute patients who have psychiatric-related illness. All patients are enumerated in this category.</p>
<p><i>Type Code: 402</i></p>	<p><b>Hospitals with Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere:</b> Includes hospitals if they have any patients who have no exit or disposition plan, or who are known as "boarder patients" or "boarder babies." All hospitals are eligible for inclusion in this category except psychiatric hospitals, units, wings, or floors operated by federal, state or local correctional authorities. Patients in hospitals operated by these correctional authorities will be counted in the prison or jail population. Psychiatric units and hospice units in hospitals are also excluded. Only patients with no usual home elsewhere are enumerated in this category.</p>
<p><i>Type Code: 403</i></p>	<p><b>In-Patient Hospice Facilities:</b> Includes in-patient hospice facilities (both free-standing and units in hospitals) that provide palliative, comfort, and supportive care for the terminally ill patient and their families. Only patients with no usual home elsewhere are tabulated in this category.</p>
<p><i>Type Code: 404</i></p>	<p><b>Military Treatment Facilities with Assigned Patients:</b> These facilities include military hospitals and medical centers with active duty patients assigned to the facility. Only these patients are enumerated in this category.</p>
<p><i>Type Code: 405</i></p>	<p><b>Residential Schools for People with Disabilities:</b> Includes schools that provide the teaching of skills for daily living, education programs, and care for students with disabilities in a live-in environment. Examples are residential schools for the physically or</p>

	developmentally disabled.
<p><b>Noninstitutional Group Quarters:</b> Facilities that house those who are primarily eligible, able, or likely to participate in the labor force while residents.</p>	
<p><b>COLLEGE/UNIVERSITY STUDENT HOUSING</b></p>	
<p><i>Type Code: 501</i></p>	<p><b>College/University Student Housing (owned/leased/managed by a college/university):</b> Includes residence halls, and other buildings, including apartment-style student housing, designed primarily to house college and university students in a group living arrangement either on or off campus. These facilities are owned, leased, or managed by a college, university, or seminary. Fraternity and sorority housing recognized by the college or university are included as college student housing. Students attending the U.S. Naval Academy, the U.S. Military Academy (West Point), the U.S. Coast Guard Academy, and the U.S. Air Force Academy are counted in Military group quarters.</p>
<p><i>Type Code: 502</i></p>	<p><b>College/University Student Housing (owned/leased/managed by a private company/agency):</b> Includes buildings designed primarily to house college and university students in a group living arrangement either on or off campus. These facilities are owned, leased, or managed by a private company or agency (i.e., not owned/leased/managed by a college/university). This category includes apartment-style student housing. Residents typically enter into "by the bed" leases (i.e., single-liability leases).</p>
<p><b>MILITARY QUARTERS</b></p>	
<p><i>Type Code: 601 Military Quarters</i>  <i>Type Code: 602 Military Ships</i></p>	<p><b>Military Quarters:</b> These facilities include military personnel living in barracks (including "open" barrack transient quarters) and dormitory and military ships. Patients assigned to military treatment facilities and people being held in military disciplinary barracks and jails are not enumerated in this category. Patients in military treatment facilities with no usual home elsewhere are not enumerated in this category.</p>
<p><b>OTHER NONINSTITUTIONAL FACILITIES</b></p>	
<p><i>Type Code: 701</i></p>	<p><b>Emergency and Transitional Shelters (with Sleeping Facilities) for People Experiencing Homelessness:</b> Facilities where people experiencing homelessness stay overnight. These include: 1) Shelters that operate on a first-come, first-serve basis where people must leave in the morning and have no guaranteed bed for the next night. 2) Shelters where people know that they have a bed for a</p>

	<p>specified period of time (even if they leave the building every day).</p> <p>3) Shelters that provide temporary shelter during extremely cold weather (such as churches). This category does not include shelters that operate only in the event of a natural disaster.</p> <p>Examples are emergency and transitional shelters; missions; hotels and motels used to shelter people experiencing homelessness; shelters for children who are runaways, neglected or experiencing homelessness; and similar places known to have people experiencing homelessness.</p>
<p><i>Type Code: 702</i> Soup Kitchens</p> <p><i>Type Code: 704</i> Regularly Scheduled Mobile Food Vans</p> <p><i>Type Code: 706</i> Targeted Non-Sheltered Outdoor Locations</p>	<p><b>Soup Kitchens, Regularly Scheduled Mobile Food Vans, and Targeted Non-Sheltered Outdoor Locations:</b></p> <p>Includes soup kitchens that offer meals organized as food service lines or bag or box lunches for people experiencing homelessness; street locations where mobile food vans regularly stop to provide food to people experiencing homelessness; and targeted non sheltered outdoor locations where people experiencing homelessness live, without paying to stay. This would also include people staying in pre identified car, RV, and tent encampments. Targeted non sheltered outdoor locations must have a specific location description; for example, "the Brooklyn Bridge at the corner of Bristol Drive," "the 700 block of Taylor Street behind the old warehouse," or the address of the parking lot being utilized.</p>
<p><i>Type Code: 801</i></p>	<p><b>Group Homes Intended for Adults:</b></p> <p>Group homes are community-based group living arrangements in residential settings that are able to accommodate three or more clients of a service provider. The group home provides room and board and services, including behavioral, psychological, or social programs. Generally, clients are not related to the caregiver or to each other. Group homes do not include residential treatment centers or facilities operated by or for correctional authorities.</p>
<p><i>Type Code: 802</i></p>	<p><b>Residential Treatment Centers for Adults:</b></p> <p>Residential facilities that provide treatment on-site in a highly structured live-in environment for the treatment of drug/alcohol abuse, mental illness, and emotional/behavioral disorders. They are staffed 24 hours a day. The focus of a residential treatment center is on the treatment program. Residential treatment centers do not include facilities operated by or for correctional authorities.</p>
<p><i>Type Code: 900</i></p>	<p><b>Maritime/Merchant Vessels:</b></p> <p>Includes U.S. owned and operated flag vessels used for commercial or noncombatant government related purposes at U.S. ports, upon the sea, or on the Great Lakes.</p>
<p><i>Type Code: 901</i></p>	<p><b>Workers' Group Living Quarters and Job Corps Centers:</b></p>

	<p>Includes facilities such as dormitories, bunkhouses, and similar types of group living arrangements for agricultural and non-agricultural workers. This category also includes facilities that provide a full-time, year-round residential program offering a vocational training and employment program that helps young people 16-to-24 years old learn a trade, earn a high school diploma or GED and get help finding a job.</p> <p>Examples are group living quarters at migratory farmworker camps, construction workers' camps, Job Corps centers and vocational training facilities.</p>
<i>Type Code: 903</i>	<p><b>Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters:</b>  These are temporarily group living arrangements established as a result of natural disasters.</p>
<i>Type Code: 904</i>	<p><b>Religious Group Quarters and Domestic Violence Shelters</b>  Religious group quarters are living quarters owned or separated by religious organizations that are intended to house their members in a group living situation. This category includes such places as convents, monasteries, and abbeys. Living quarters for students living or staying in seminaries are classified as college student housing, not religious group quarters.</p> <p>Domestic violence shelters include community-based homes, shelters or crisis centers that provide housing for people who have sought shelter from household violence and who may have been physically abused.</p>