Mobile Integrated Health Working Group January 16, 2018

Location: State of CT Lab, West St., Rocky Hill

Time: 9am

Agenda

- 1. Welcome
 - a. Review of room Logistics
- 2. Approval of Minutes from December 5, 2017
- 3. Presentations by subject experts:
 - a. Department of Social Services

Dr. Balaski

b. CT MIH Data/Need Assessment

EMS Partners

- 4. Next Steps
- 5. Public Comment
- 6. Adjourn, Next meeting February 13, 2018

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- 1. Welcome
 - a. Review of room Logistics
- 2. Approval of Minutes from December 5, 2017
- 3. Presentations by subject experts:
 - a. Department of Social Services Dr. Balaski
 - b. CT MIH Data/Need Assessment EMS Partners
- 4. Next Steps
- 5. Public Comment
- 6. Adjourn, Next meeting February 13, 2018

Minutes

Date: January 16, 2018 Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: State Lab in Rocky Hill

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS,

Attendees: Gregory Allard, Christian Andresen, Marybeth Barry, Bruce Baxter, Joshua Beaulieu, Michael Bova, Kristin Campanelli, Jennifer Granger, Shaun Heffernan, Dr. Kamin, Jeannie Kenkare, David Lowell, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, James Santacroce, Chris Santarsiero, Carl Schiessl, William Schietinger, Kelly Sinko, Tracy Wodatch, Dr. Michael Zanker, Dr. Donna Balaski on behalf of Dr. Zavoski

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/Responsible
Welcome		Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members	
	Housekeeping	Reminded members to check in with security	
Minutes	Review of the December 5, 2017	The minutes were accepted and seconded as written. All was in Favor; Opposed- none	
	Follow up from previous meeting	Directive from the last meeting was that the group would identify gaps that currently exist.	
	CT MIH Data/Needs Assessment	There are different services and different landscapes from region to region with regards to EMS services.	
		Josh Beaulieu used Manchester, CT as an example and discussed the landscape and some the gaps he faces.	

	Canaldontified.	
	Gaps Identified:	
	Reoccurring patients (high utilizers)Patients who are not eligible for home	
	care or not processed for home care	
	services timely.	
	 Bruce Baxter provided some statistics 	
	for his service.	
	 Underinsured or does not have adequate 	
	coverage for home care	
	Can't afford support services	
	When 911 shows up there is not the	
	ability to recommend no transport to a	
	hospital and there is no ability to refer to	
	a doctor.	
	 The business model is the EMS service 	
	is paid only if they transport to the	
	hospital.	
	 Need to be regulatory amendments to 	
	the statues.	
	 Protocols would need to be rewritten 	
	 Post Hospital discharge- equipment is 	
	not always in the home when a patient is	
	discharged.	
	There will would be be more discussion on some	
	There will need to be more discussion on gaps.	
	MIH in Texas was discussed on how it works and	
	how the EMS service has been integrated.	
	now the Livio service has been integrated.	
	There was discussion on how other states have	
	911 dispatchers that are certified and have low	
	level protocol in their EMD algorithm. In some	
	cases those calls are referred to a nurse or	
	another health care provider.	
	-	
Follow up:	Reach out to Discharge Planning Nurse	
'	3 . 3	
	Webinar Link and send out data and analysis	
	information	Bruce Baxter

Presentation Dr. Balaski Comments:	Presented on the Utilization of Transportation Services There is an office of health strategy. The mission of MIH may fall under that. The office addresses in part systems and issues and they may have worked or are working on MIH related issues. A suggestion was made to keep that in mind and it may be a good idea to reach out to them.	
Public Comments:	None	
Adjourn	Meeting adjourned at 11:08 a.m.	

Mobile Integrated Health Working Group February 27, 2018

Location: State of CT Lab, West St., Rocky Hill

Time: 9am

Agenda

- 1. Welcome
 - a. Review of room Logistics
- 2. Approval of Minutes from January 16, 2018
- 3. Presentations by subject experts:
 - a. CT MIH Data/Need Assessment

EMS Partners

- 4. Next Steps
- 5. Public Comment
- 6. Adjourn

Next meeting March 13, 2018

Minutes

Date: February 27, 2018 Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: State Laboratory, Rocky Hill

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS,

Attendees: Gregory Allard, Bruce Baxter, Joshua Beaulieu, Kristin Campanelli, Shaun Heffernan, Richard Kamin, David Lowell, Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, James Santacroce, Carl Schiessl, William Schietinger, Kelly Sinko, Tracy Wodatch,

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/Responsible
Welcome		Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members	
	Housekeeping	Review of Room Logistics and Introductions	Welcomed Mark Shaefer from the Office of Health Strategy
Minutes	Review of the minutes	The minutes from January 16, 2018 were approved as written. All in favor; no opposed.	
Presentations	CT MIH Data/Needs Assessment	No presentation. Will look at Gaps and Need Assessment. Look at programs EMS fits into and the statistical data related to those programs. Update was given on the last hospice meeting.	
Discussion / Presentation		Mark Schaefer, Office of Health Strategy gave an overview of the Office of Health Strategy They are looking at the most cost effective medical care; quality care at a lower cost.	

Common Approach-trying to harmonize expectations across all payors.

Discussion of 4 primary areas to look at

- Alternate destination
- Hospice revocation avoidance
- High frequency utilizers
- Data

There would need to be a change in deployment of paramedics. Proactive or preventative and would it be an extension of what currently exists or would it be separate?

EMS has various limitations on treatment and limited on how they can accommodate a patient without transport to a hospital. There are narrow options unless they are transporting the individual to the hospital and there is an inability to charge for non-emergency transports for certain services.

The question is how can paramedics integrate into the health care system and help avoid hospital readmissions if no hospital is really needed.

A few MIH models were discussed. It was noted that these models have validated data and use EMS within the scope but work with the community. Studies show the models are capable and can be successful.

The MIH workgroup will need to work with and align recommendations with the Office of Health Strategy.

Developing a Concept Paper:

- What do you want in the scope
- Formal agreement signed by the Governor and other Agencies

	If possible, incorporate some of what you want to achieve. Department of Public Health sets the rates, need alternative payment methodologies Range of methods used to pay for diversified services Summary: What is the most effective way to avoid Emergency Room Admissions Post Hospital Discharge Medication reconciliation No equipment in the home at discharge Alternate Destinations No payment reimbursement Hospice Revocation High frequency utilizers Needs: Better data and data exchange- data is being poorly collected and need to look at what kind of data is needed at the state and provider level.
Next Steps:	4 identified Goals: 1. Avoid unnecessary Emergency Room visits 2. Alternate Destinations 3. Hospice revocation 4. High frequency Utilizers Address the quality of care issue more from an alternative destination to appropriate destination. Key points:
	MIH integrated to enhance existing care Scope of practice issues Finding reimbursement

	Educations needs Medical oversight protocols	
Public Comments		
Adjourn	11:04 a.m.	



March 27, 2018

Location: State of CT Lab, West St., Rocky Hill

Time: 9am

Agenda

- 1. Welcome
- 2. Approval of Minutes from February 27, 2018
- 3. Presentations by subject experts:
 - a. CT MIH Data/Need Assessment EMS Partners
- 4. Next Steps
 - a. Discussion of Services to be offered Group
 - i. High Frequency Utilizers
 - ii. Appropriate Destination
 - iii. Reduction of re-hospitalization
 - iv. Hospice Revocation
 - b. Align Data
 - c. Payment Models Sinko/Coler
- 5. Public Comment
- 6. Adjourn

Next meeting TBD

Minutes

Date: March 27, 2018 Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: Rocky Hill DPH Lab

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS,

Attendees: Gregory Allard, Chris D. Andresen, Marybeth Barry, Bruce B. Baxter, Joshua Beaulieu, Michael Bova, Jennifer Granger, Melanie Flaherty for Susan Halpin, Dr. Richard Kamin, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, David Lowell, James Santacroce, Chris Santarsiero, Kelly Sinko, Dr. Michael F. Zanker, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Guests: Mark C. Schaefer, Becky Z., Mike Starkowski, Stacey Durante

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsible
Welcome:		Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members	
Minutes:	Review of the February 27, 2018 minutes	Chris Andresen pointed out that he was not noted as present for the 2/27/18 meeting. All was in favor of that change; Opposed- none	
Discussion/ Presentation:	Original Charge for workgroup:	Original charge for workgroup read by Raffaella Coler Sec. 45 (c) (1), (A- H). Discussion on "where we are" regarding Task #1: (A) Identify gaps – this has been done, gaps read to group – Readmission reduction, alternative destination, hospice revocation and high frequency utilizers. (B) Scope of Practice requires NO statute or regulation changes. Arena in which EMS is allowed to practice (9-1-1) change needed. Mr. Baxter would like Telehealth discussed as an arena. (C) Education change needed, however, we must first identify exactly what gaps we are addressing. (D) Savings or cost of change has been explored and proven in other states only. (E) Reimbursement issues need to be resolved – working on this by engaging CMA and bringing Mark Schaefer into discussions. (F) No discussion (G) Statutes/regulations changes will have to be made. (H) Raffaella Coler asked about a Massachusetts MIH model. Further discussion was had below: M. Schaefer – Discussed Commonwealth Care Alliance and has emailed all a web link for CHCS/Mass MIH model link:	

	https://www.chcs.org/resource/community-paramedicine-new-approach-serving-complex-
	populations/
	B. Baxter stated that MA has two pilot programs currently, as well as ME having many pilot projects.
	Raffaella Coler then read and discussed Task #2 :
	(A) CEMSAB MIH Committee working on this. (B) CEMSAB MIH Committee working on this.
	Raffaella Coler reminded the group of the timeline and report due to the Commissioner on 1/1/2019 and stated that the original charge document would be placed on the DPH/OEMS website.
Alternate Destination:	Urgent Care as an alternate destination was discussed extensively:
2 00 0	J. Beaulieu discussed information from the CEMSAB MIH Committee that urgent care destination is in the
	process with Waterbury/AMR where they are working on a program where patients will be triaged to the urgent care on-site of the hospital by field providers. Other data gathered by J. Santacroce from this
	committee was discussed as favorable to this destination except for one study. A group consensus was
	with a program and protocol set up, urgent care would be a favorable destination.
	Dr. Zanker pointed out that two types of urgent cares exist: 1. Linked with a hospital.
	2. Not linked with a hospital.
	J. Beaulieu suggested that we identify urgent cares in community to work with.
	K. Sinko added that by 4/1/18 urgent care in the state will be licensed.
	B. Baxter pointed out that not every urgent care/health center can handle behavioral health and/or detox
	patients. Notes that alternate destination should be a collaborative effort with sponsor hospitals to assure that open for ambulance business times are known and respected and relationships with ACO's
	(Accountable Care Organizations) are established. Also, example discussed for Community Behavioral
	Health and Detox Crisis Team intervention such as Wake County EMS' plan.
	Question is posed by K. Sinko – Who has final say in where patients go? Patient or Medics?
	B. Baxter answers that patients ultimately have the final say.
	J. Beaulieu adds, any patient who wants to go to the hospital ED, goes.
	Raffaella Coler adds that the Paramedic is not the decision maker IF a patient gets medical care as in the refusal option.

Dr. Kenkare points out that:

- Currently there is no standard definition of what an urgent care is.
- You have to know your local resources.
- You cannot just show up at their door.
- Only certain types of complaints should be transported there.

Dr. Zanker agrees that an urgent care partnership must be collaborative.

J. Granger adds that understanding and identifying frequent flyers is helpful. Community health centers are resources, as well as community health center behavioral mobile crisis, however, the patient must be their patient.

Raffaella Coler summarizes this key point: <u>Local resources have established relationships with patients and they should be kept in their own communities.</u>

The subject of risk management is mentioned and that the Medical Director is the person "on the hook". Paramedics will have a learning process to go through. Paramedics, MD's and patients will collaborate.

Certain groups are against MIH due to loss of income in ED's. Patients will still be in their system and community.

Two types of patients: Emergent and non-emergent. Urgent care is a primary care to many and connects patients to a primary care often.

Ems services have different payment and billing models; municipal and commercial services have certain cost considerations, and all can identify positive and negative financial impacts with MIH.

Most important is: Right care, right time, right place, but nothing is said regarding right reimbursement. The goal is better community health.

The group recognizes that decreasing ED overcrowding could equal lost revenue for ED's, however, it is better for patient safety/care to go to alternate destinations.

PEARL: Keep patient care/safety central; not money - all agree.

Patients are consumers and they know their monetary and insurance limitations already. They are looking for a better experience at this point.

The group asks is prompt care at hospitals is a different copay amount than an ED visit copay?

		Alternate destination will require EMS & patient education. MD's office are already overcrowded and reimbursable tests are more easily authorized at ED's than at MD's offices as well.	
		Data – we have none from our systems, however, we do have data from other systems that show a cost savings, but at the end of the day, alternate destination will be patient driven and require a partnership between MD's, Paramedics, Urgent Cares and Hospitals.	
		Raffaella Coler refers back to her documentation stating that: "MIH shall be integrated into the current health care system". All at table agree with that statement.	
GAP	discussion:	Shall we address multiple or one GAP at this time?	
		 At this time we have a sentinel opportunity to set broad legislation. Each EMS system should be allowed to make or set up arrangements in their own community. Broad scope. Empower EMS agencies to do their own GAP assessments in their own community allowing innovative/creative solutions, then define how they will do that and make an application to CEMSAB and the state. This process could possibly be called a "Certificate of Need" process. 	
		It was noted that CT's rural EMS population are not represented at this workgroup.	
		Question: Will there be specific protocols?	
		This can be addressed with an application to the State of CT with a total system/plan for the specific community, with the state setting maximum reimbursable rate charges.	
		Question: Will the consumer get the bill?	
		At this time, approximately 60% of charges are written off. Diabetic and O.D. calls are often "treat & release" as they refuse to be transported and are not eligible for reimbursement from the patient or the insurance company are written off.	
		Suggestion made for this group to define "treat & release". Medicare has defined this. Anthem is only company to reimburse so far. EMS is a protocol driven world by EMS experts. Medical control is already established and EMS has the infrastructure in place for alternate destination. The current protocols can be used for new interventions.	
		The webinar regarding Montana MIH on NASEMSO is recommended.	

Raffaella Coler recaps the discussion: We are not recommending a specific program for all, but that each agency can identify GAP's with their own data, come up with a plan for health care in their community, and then bring this plan to OEMS in an application form which will be reviewed by CEMSMAC and CEMSAB for approval.

The question then becomes "Do we come forth with that criteria?"

We've identified that:

- each community has its own needs
- we want to empower each agency to tailor their plan to their communities needs

Question: What happens to people with no insurance?

Right now, ED's accept ALL patients. It is recognized that alternate destinations might not. EMS will not pick up that bill, however, there is a federal expectation that "we take care of them."

We have to make sure all parties want to participate in MIH.

We have to establish criteria for approval of a program.

We have to remember that we have two parts to this: emergent and non-emergent. EMS does not want to become the non-insured citizens' home health care provider.

Everyone will have to get a bill and this will take conversation with the urgent cares. We will have to be careful and take into consideration the federal law that ED's are under.

The patient has a choice of where to go. Once 9-1-1 is activated, we just want to help them with additional options.

Not every urgent care is the same. Any provider (in an urgent care or primary care) can refuse to treat you right now.

Will a "waiver" get EMS around the triggered 9-1-1 system?

Accountable care organizations (ACO's) must be identified in the community plan.

Watch out for burying EMS in the nuts & bolts.

By a show of hands, all are in favor of moving forward with this model.

Task Division: Raffaella Coler – at our next meeting we will discuss task division.

It is suggested by M. Schaeffer that we have a strategy written up to clarify. Committee agrees to write up what has been agreed to. It is agreed that co-education on the process the committee's been through to anyone can understand is important – write it up. Raffaella Coler summarizes we have to write up an "Executive Summary" of the proposal we've agreed upon; then a list of tasks will follow. Mark Schaeffer gives legislative points of interest and things to consider at this point: • 2020 & 2025 we will be in an atmosphere where legislative change is permissive. Deploy a model during 2020 and/or 2025. • ACO's will be undertaking community partners. • The group should define where we are going and when. Money for test deployments. Foundational Core & Innovative Models. Define to what extent we want to have a part in the Primary Health Care Modernization model. Question asked: How would medical direction work? Between MD office and Paramedic or traditional (through hospital MD)? Discussion: Protocols developed by current medical control to cover all. We are back at partnerships – EMS agencies set up relationships in their own community. What about liability? Discussion: • Currently the sponsor hospital always has the control and the liability once they agree to be a sponsor hospital. Dr. Kamin suggests that this process – designing, refining and executing is what we all do for a living – it's not complicated. He also sees this as becoming statewide eventually. M. Schaeffer informs the group that we are discussing hospitals and ACO's. ACO's - some are hospital anchored and others are not hospital anchored. He also raises the question should communities have the option for non-9-1-1's to have medical control outside of a hospital – it's worthwhile to engage medical control outside of hospitals. A remark is made that "9-1-1 is EMS's anchor". M. Schaeffer states: Prospect is all in (up & downside risk) and SFH is starting to have downside risk. Dr. Zanker stresses public education and patient expectation.

	Next Steps:	Raffaella Coler – Executive Summary and Research	
		Request made to send EMS White Paper and share Jim Santacroce's document	J. Beaulieu
	Next Meeting:	April 10 th at the Legislative Office Building	
Public Comments		No public comment	
Adjourn		10:55 a.m.	



Mobile Integrated Health Working Group April 24, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 1D

Time: 9am

Agenda

- 1. Welcome
- 2. Approval of Minutes from March 27, 2018
- 3. Next Steps
 - a. Discussion of Services to be offered Group
 - b. Align Data
 - c. Payment Models
- 4. Public Comment
- 5. Adjourn

Next meeting May 8, 2018

Minutes

Date: April 24, 2018 Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 1D

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS,

Attendees: Michael Bova, Kristin Campanelli, Melanie Flaherty for Susan Halpin, Shaun Heffernan, Dr. Richard Kamin, David Lowell, Chris Santarsiero, William

Schietinger

Guests: Kim Aroh, Joel Demers, Stacey Durante, Renee Holota

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsible
Welcome:		Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members, noting that it was a small group attending	Director Coler
Minutes:	Review of the March 27, 2018 minutes	No changes, Dr. Kamin made a motion to accept, M. Bova seconded, motion carried, minutes accepted; opposed- none	
Discussion/ Presentation:	Next Steps and Summaries:	Director Coler noted that next steps are to hand out assignments to develop the following new programs, however, due to lack of attendance today, waiting for next session. Education – program	Director Coler

	Fiscal impact – will this be a positive or negative to the stated Medicaid Program?	
	 Proposed expansion of scope of healthcare worker 	
	Outcome:	
	 Creation of program that encompasses GAPS by community assessment: 	
	o Falls	
	o Pt. Referrals	
	o Opioid OD	
	 Decreasing readmissions 	
	o Etc.	
	Discussion opened up to group for comment.	
	o Great summaries.	
	 Involve CEMSMAC, CEMSAB, and the Education & Training committees in the education process 	Dr. Kamin
	and protocol changes.	
	 Suggestion made to make the initial delineation of objectives broad so not pigeonholed later. 	
	 Address underserved populations with stakeholder agreement. 	
	o Agreed.	Director Coler
	 Different needs in different populations. 	
	o Broad list, not inclusive.	
	Approves of NH protocol as a template	D. Lowell
	 Moving forward with this to subcommittees 	
	o Good start	
	Shall we send the NH Protocol to subcommittee for vetting?	Director Coler
	Will we be following the same boundaries as PSA's?	S. Heffernan
	 How to assign PSA's for MIH? Key point – we have to look at this 	Director Coler
	Statewide protocols – how does MIH fit into that?	B. Schietinger
	MIH program might be very specific, but as localities meet needs, other will use same protocol, medical	Dr. Kamin
	oversite, etc.	
	 Suggests we look deeply into training programs – Distributive, hands-on, clinicals, etc. 	S. Heffernan
	 General discussion: depends on what we are implementing, one size does not fit all. 	
	 Yes, we have to start process now, tasks Joel Demers with a summary. 	Director Coler
	Making a task list to discuss at next meeting	
	Volunteers to be on a "Reimbursable Subcommittee"	K. Campanelli
	Volunteers to be on a "Payment Model" or "Services to be Offered" Subcommittee	C. Santarsiero
	Asks all to think about subcommittee formation and service	Director Coler
Next Meeting:	May 8th at the Legislative Office Building, 1D	
Public		
Comments:	No public comment	
Adjourn:	09:49 a.m.	

May 8, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 1D

Time: 9am

Agenda

1. Welcome Coler

2. Approval of Minutes from April 24, 2018 Coler

3. Next Steps

a. Discussion of Services to be offered Group

i. Align Data

ii. Payment Models

4. Group Assignments Group

5. Public Comment

6. Adjourn

Next meeting TBD

Minutes

Date: May 8, 2018 Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 1D

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS,

Attendees: Gregory Allard, Marybeth Barry, Bruce B. Baxter, Joshua Beaulieu, Michael Bova, Jennifer Granger, , Shaun Heffernan, Dr. Richard Kamin, David Lowell, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, Kimberly A. Sandor, Chris Santarsiero, William Schietinger, Tracy Wodatch, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Excused: Chris D. Andresen, Kristin Campanelli, Dorinda Borer, Susan Halpin, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, Kimberly A. Sandor/Mary Jane Williams, James Santacroce, Carl J. Schiessl, Kelly Sinko, Heather Somers, Jonathan Steinberg, Dr. Michael F. Zanker

Guests: Joel Demers, Stacey Durante, Renee Holota, Mark Schaefer

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsible
Welcome/ Housekeeping:		Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members, emergency exits.	Director Coler
Minutes:	Review of the April 24, 2018 minutes	No changes, R. Kamin made a motion to accept B. Baxter seconded, motion carried, minutes accepted; opposed- none, all in favor. Tracy Wodatch noted that the VNA should be referred to as "Licensed Home Health" and other home care should be referred to as "Non-skilled Home Care"	
Discussion/ Presentation:	Goal Summary:	Overall revue of goals/write-up: Over-all Goal of program is to improve the health of the population. Right care given at the right time. Reduce health care cost. Improve the patient's experience of care. EMS has the communities ultimate health care safety net, when all else fails, who do we call? Reduce re-admissions. Group agrees: Individual EMS services to investigate and identify the GAP's in their health care and communities and assist by directing resources to those places. Possible GAP's that have been discussed include these main topic headings: Nurse triage Post-discharge care Disease management	Director Coler

-		,	
		High utilizer	
		Alternative destination	
		Hospice collaboration	
		Others – home safety checks, etc.	
		The model WILL:	
		Align GAP's with data.	
		Look at funding.	
		Enhance utilization under the current EMS scope of practice.	
		 Increase efficiency and decrease time. 	
		 Provide coordinated and integrated care between: 	
		Handada	
		o Hospitals. o Long term care.	
		o Home nealth.	
		The model WILL NOT:	
		Replace current practices.	
		Change the EMS scope of practice.	
		Take away anything.	
	Education:	Decrease the level of care.	
	Education:	EMS education component? Summary of current education models provided (attached)	J. Demers
		Questions/Discussion:	J. Delliels
			T. Wodatch
		A mental health component should be included Can you awaking the wide varieties a consecutive?	R. Kamin
		Can you explain the wide variations across the country? Compared to the country the	J. Demers
		Currently, there is no national board that has become the authority.	R. Kamin
		It is important to recognize that we have a clean slate/blank pallet to work on with many examples	R. Kallilli
		and no authoritative body.	
		This way have an apportunity to give the EMC Advisory Decad Education & Training Committee and Indian	R. Coler
		This may be an opportunity to give the EMS Advisory Board Education & Training Committee a charge to	K. Colci
		come up with an educational model with a broad scope and adding more specific modules.	
		Eagle Colorado Handbook great resources (attach)	
		NAEMT MILL/CD 2nd curvey from and of April available will cond around via amail	S. Heffernan
		NAEMT MIH/CP 2 nd survey from end of April available, will send around via email	S. Hollollidii
		Education standpoint is an ongoing discussion across the country:	
		Urban models differ from suburban models which would differ from NW corner of CT models	B. Baxter
		Important to set one standard	

	We should add "defining the educational component" to the list of things each MIH/CP Program must do for the application process	R. Coler
	Education also depends on the resources available in the community	S. Heffernan
	In summary, Educational Component will be a collaborative effort with the EMS agency, the Medical Director, and the stakeholders in the community	R. Coler
Next Steps:	What are the group's next steps? • Program Template? • Application Process?	R. Coler
	Discussion:	
	 Creating many different models is a concern, home health is defined under one umbrella federally Could we talk about one educational/training umbrella for all, then sub-training based on communities focus and needs? 	T. Wodatch
	Focus should be on creating a base educational/training model with "a la carte" specific module add-ons based on communities focus and needs.	R. Coler
	Statewide perspective for MIH/CP: • Greater clinical aspect on modular approach – more communications, etc. • Community resource integration education – more administrative	D. Lowell
	Currently, EMS is trained to care for people for approximately 20 minutes at a time during an emergency and care ends when the hospital takes over. There is a big difference when caring for patients ongoing for days, weeks, months, etc. This requires building relationships. We are looking for a different, more matured approach to EMS. Having a generic education starting point is a good idea.	B. Baxter
	The Advisory Board MIH Committee has compiled programs as well. Core curriculum w/ broadening for local concerns works. Keep in mind that this will also be different for EMS Agencies who are municipally based vs. hospital based vs. volunteer based.	J. Beaulieu
	A concern with broad based curriculum would be the expense, if a community would like to participate in one specific aspect of MIH/CP and would like do to so without a huge expense this would be difficult.	
	 Standard – Advisory Board Educational Committee to work with Joel Demers for a Standard Program development. Application Process – Should be part of it, Standard Program w/ specific adjuncts. 	B. Schietinger

	Voc. and Madical Divertion about he added to this that discussion	D. Color
	Yes, and Medical Direction should be added to this that discussion.	R. Coler
	I think we're getting ahead of ourselves, first: 1. We should send something to all stakeholders (not EMS) regarding this process. 2. Development of Education – something to go out to every EMS provider. 3. Consistent approach to MIH – no silos	R. Kamin
	Let's step back and go to group assignments, DPH will create an application process	R. Coler
	Questions if this is legal? To break into subcommittees?	B. Baxter
	As long as you publish the meetings and have call-in numbers available, etc. The groups should have 2 members of the larger group present and meeting summaries must be available.	M. Schaeffer
	Renee Holota @ DPH OEMS will be point person for publishing notes and agendas, etc.	R. Coler
Tasks:	What constitutes an MIH Program?	J. Beaulieu
	This should be a task of a small group complete with recommendations. The following six topics are what we have talked about, but we are not limited to these six: • Nurse triage • Post-discharge care • Disease management • High utilizer • Alternative destination • Hospice collaboration	R. Coler
	#1 Task – which of the examples to look at?	G. Allard
	Let's identify break out groups – Ed. & Training, Legislative, etc.	R. Coler

Groups and Liaisons Identified:		_
Group	Liaison	
Education	Josh Beaulieu 860-647-3260 Beaulieuj@manchesterct.gov	
Application Process	Director Raffaella Coler 860-509-7157 Raffaella.coler@ct.gov	
Legislative	Greg Allard 860.383.1363 GAllard@americanamb.com	
MIH/CP Program	Bruce Baxter (860) 225-8787 Ext. 8701 bruce.baxter@nbems.org	
	David Lowell 203-235-3369 davidl@huntersamb.com	
Payment/Reimbursable	Kelly Sinko 860-418-6226 kelly.sinko@ct.gov	

		Public Education / Marketing	Dr. Rich Kamin 860-509-7984 Richard.Kamin@ct.gov	
		Contact for publishing dates, agendas, call Renee Holota 860-509-8103 renee.holota	=	
	Wrap-Up:	 We have our tasks, groups and a plan for Renee is available to post meeting dates If there are any other questions, please We will forego the May 22, 2018 meeting 	s. call me.	R. Coler
		If there are any questions regarding home health	or hospice, we are available to help.	Chris Santarsiero & Tracy Wodatch
Next Meeting:		June 5, 2018 at the Legislative Office Building, 1	D	22, 222
Public Comments:		No public comment		
Adjourn:		Motion to adjourn made by W. Schietinger and s		W. Schietinger

Respectfully submitted by Stacey Durante, Region 3 EMS Coordinator, revised 6/6/18 per 6/5/18 meeting

June 5, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 1D

Time: 9am

Agenda

Welcome
 Approval of Minutes from May 8, 2018
 R. Coler

3. Sub-Groups Reports/Update

a. Education J. Beaulieu

b. Application Process R. Coler

c. Legislative G. Allard

d. MIH/CP Programs B. Baxter/D. Lowell

e. Reimbursements

f. Public Education/Marketing R. Kamin

4. Next Steps Group

5. Public Comment

6. Adjourn

Next meeting June 19, 2018

Minutes

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 1D

Date: June 5, 2018

Attendees: Gregory Allard, Chris D. Andresen, Marybeth Barry, Joshua Beaulieu, Michael Bova, , Kristin Campanelli, Jennifer Granger, Susan Halpin, Shaun Heffernan, Dr. Richard Kamin, David Lowell, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, James Santacroce, Chris Santarsiero, Carl J. Schiessl, Kelly Sinko, Tracy Wodatch, Dr. Michael F. Zanker

Excused: Bruce B. Baxter, Dorinda Borer, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, Kimberly A. Sandor/Mary Jane Williams, William Schietinger, Heather Somers, Jonathan Steinberg, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Guests: Stacey Durante, Renee Holota, Mark Schaefer

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsible
Welcome/ Housekeeping:		Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members, emergency exits.	R. Coler
Minutes:	Review of the May 8, 2018 minutes	Changes: Removed Kristin Campanelli from Payment/Reimbursable committee, fix Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez name. Shaun Heffernan made a motion to accept Michael Bova seconded, motion carried, minutes accepted with changes; opposed- none; abstentions-K. Sinko; all in favor.	
Discussion/ Presentation:	Goal Summary:	Original charge of Legislative MIH Workgroup read aloud. Attention called to appropriations – we must be mindful that if there is a fiscal note attached to Mobile Integrated Health Care (MIH)/Community Paramedicine (CP), it likely will not move forward.	R. Coler
	Sub-committee reports:	 Sub-committees asked to update the group on any work done: Legislative – Did not meet due to other obligations Public Education / Marketing – Did not meet. Education – Reports that J. Beaulieu and J. Santacroce have connected with Massachusetts and have been invited to meet with State MIH office. Also reports that in the 3-4 years that Mass. has seen a decrease in readmissions. Mass. had to set up an MIH Office with staff to administer and regulate the programs. 	G. Allard R. Kamin J. Beaulieu
	Data Needs	There is a strong need for GAP analysis and data prior to moving forward.	R. Coler

Application Process:	Draft document for application process presented and read to group who is asked to review and comment via email to be collated for the next meeting by Stacey Durante at stacey.durante@ct.gov Questions raised: • Who will review these applications? • Who will regulate MIH/CP at the State level? • Will there be a cost associated with this; if so, what is it? • Will there be a fiscal impact? These questions must be answered as we move forward. As was stated earlier by J. Beaulieu, Massachusetts set up an MIH Office under OEMS with the same staff we CT DPH OEMS has now. Discussion regarding application process document had by group: • Section for stakeholder's sign-off needed on application and letters of support from all collaborating agencies in the proposed MIH/CP program for that agency.	R. Coler J. Beaulieu R. Coler
	 Noted and will be added to application process document. Drafts and/or executed contracts with all agencies involved should be included What will the impact on 911 be for smaller services? Should we include a reminder of the services 911 in the application process? Thoughtful application development will lessen the administrative load. CEMSAB and CEMSMAC are already involved in these processes – some of the administrative load could be deferred to these groups. Could we include the Regional Councils in the process with strict criteria? We can explore these ideas. Consistency in council meetings will be key. Question raised: Are we looking to do different MIH/CP initiatives in different communities? Would pilot programs be statewide or community based? How do we let citizens know what's available to them? 	K. Coler K. Campanelli S. Heffernan R. Kamin R. Coler K. Sinko
	 We have been unifying and now have statewide protocols – are we going back to community based? This should be clarified Municipalities are currently responsible for EMS in the State This will add complexity All of this is definable in the application process:	R. Coler R. Kamin

Each community Fach catalynamic area	D. Lowell
Each catchment areaMultiple PSA holders	
Although further discussion may be needed – Comments?	R. Coler
Enable all communities to locally identify and address their own GAPS	J. Beaulieu
Cites an example of PSA holders crossing boundaries and asks the question: How do we address that in a	n
MIH application?	R. Coler
 If it's a 911 issue, it will be addressed as a 911 issue If it's an MIH issue, stakeholders come to the table and communicate/strategize with the local PSA holder for services needed. It's an integrated approach and must be agreed to by all. To start MIH we should look at one community with one PSA holder using one Hospital 	D. Lowell
Outside 911 system requires:	R. Coler
How will this be activated? Have we considered EMD and protocols?	M. Zanker
It will depend on town or program – this will be encapsulated in each program, but it will affect EMD's	J. Santacroce
In the application process?	M. Zanker
Prior collaboration needed for: GAP analysis Make up of program Statutory – AG's opinion in 1991 (will email)	J. Santacroce
There will be two (2) ways to activate the system: 1. 911 – will remain the same 2. Non-emergency programs through a 7-digit number 1. Ex. Alternate destination where all stakeholders are aware and have a formal agreement; thru a non-911 system. It will be a contracted thing based on relationships and communications with all stakeholders with a non-transport fly car responding.	
Non-transport will not have to be the PSA holder, vs. transport which will have to go through the PSA holder.	R. Coler

	This will be no different than today's scheduled transports.	
		J. Santacroce
	Are we envisioning contracts? Such that Middlesex Medics can contract with a home healthcare service in New London? Group response: Yes	M. Zanker
	We have to be able to identify these patient and give them a 7-digit phone number to call. Will there be some type of EMD process at this point?	M. Zanker
	The EMD process will be program specific if both activations are needed: 911 (emergent) and/or 7-digit phone (non-emergent).	J. Beaulieu
	 Each program will have its own element of coordination and conversations to work this out. Stakeholder conversation. 	
	 Each community currently covered by BLS & ALS level. None of the MIH programs we've discussed is at the BLS level. BLS level is activated alone or a paramedic unit is enroute. This can be initiated by EMD guideline, protocols or communication on scene. BLS units will have to be cleared at a minimum of time to respond to other emergencies. This will be at the discretion of the paramedic under the protocol that's agreed upon by the PSA holders at the Basic and Paramedic level which has been coordinated in advance in a protocol under Medical Direction and medical control. We have all the ingredients, it's just putting it all together and bringing communication full circle. 	D. Lowell
	What about the Medical Director? Will the relationship between the Medical Director and the Paramedic remain under MIH? If the Paramedic is not activated under 911 – how does that work?	K. Sinko
	It will be under Medical Direction and with oversite of the sponsor hospital, as it is today	D. Lowell
	The Paramedic will not be working on their own?	K. Sinko
	No, Paramedics have to work under a physician's license by statute	J. Santacroce
	Do we know if that doctor is willing to embrace MIH? Is this an issue or barrier?	K. Sinko
	Not anticipated to be an issue; it happens every day during scheduled transports/interfaculty transports within our current system and protocols.	D. Lowell

Do w	ve anticipate that there will be new protocols for each MIH category?	K. Sinko
No n	new protocols, no scope of practice change. We may need new EMD protocols.	D. Lowell
	near from the two Medical Directors in the room: Dr. Zanker from Middlesex Hospital and Dr. Kamin uCONN – comments?	R. Coler
No co	 concerns – the current system allows all to be overseen by the sponsor hospitals Currently, the scope of practice of paramedics is somewhat at the discretion of the Medical Director. Yes, I anticipate protocol specific to an MIH environment to be created. From meetings with EMS Coordinator's and Medical Director's there has not been one concern about exposure or liability due to MIH 	R. Kamin
I agro	ree; there's been questions, but no problems.	M. Zanker
Expe	ect to have to approve/oversite any process or protocols	R. Kamin
Hosp	pice and other programs their own M.D.'s signing off on programs who will be involved	G. Allard
	 Be mindful in each step, the devil's in the details Community of M.D.'s aware and following this initiative so there are no surprises Don't assume issues are resolved because we're following the right path and doing things the right way – in the rest of CT there may be surprises or confusion by MIH Be overt and transparent 	C. Schiessl
initia	responsibility of the Public Education & Marketing sub-committee will be making people aware of ative and updating. The CT EMS Advisory Committee is aware of this also. In this instance, marketing is aining and myth busting, not selling it.	R. Coler
Goin	ng to E.D. Directors meeting and marketing would be very beneficial	M. Zanker
Any	other concerns/deeper dives needed.	R. Coler
Who	will collate responses from this workgroup?	R. Kamin
	will – specifically, to R. Coler or Stacey Durante at stacey.durante@ct.gov and I agree with Carl, the I is in the details.	R. Coler

Food for thoughtVitas for example has been mentioned as a potential partner, they cover the entire state, and they could potentially contract with many MIH entities. Also, there are 6 hospice providers and 14 home cares in Norwich; Be aware of the complicated health care system we have in CT.	T. Wodatch
That is true, we have a very complicated system.	R. Coler
MIH has to be dependent on: The GAP Analysis brought forward No duplication of services Improved patient care – QA/QI Cost savings	
Data is needed from the services identifying the needs that exist. This is a challenge – I've heard a lot about data, but we haven't seen any yet.	
Considering doing a Survey Monkey to ask questions about data – will present this at next meeting for thoughts.	
 We have contracts with most of the ambulance providers in the room. CT is last in Hospice days of care. Patients are being short-changed in CT in terms of Hospice use. Discharge rates are low in CT (<2% of pt.'s coming off the benefit) Vitas is very clinically driven with our leadership and heavily staffed nights and weekends and we already have nurse triage so 911 isn't called. We would be hesitant regarding surveys unless DPH gives its blessing 	C. Santarsiero
Let me clarify a few things: 1. Original goals of MIH read 2. Hospice – not saying current care is lacking 3. DPH blessing from PLIS & FLIS, yes, we are all looking to work within the system together on this. 4. There may not be a GAP in all communities – services have to prove a GAP exists. 5. Care Community Teams are serving patients' needs in certain communities. 6. Again, we are looking to enhance current care with MIH, not to replace it.	R. Coler
There will be obstacles and challenges in creating services within different agencies in different areas.	T. Wodatch
This is where GAP analysis comes in – again, not to replace, but to enhance. The main focus here is the Health & Wellness of the population.	R. Coler

 These proposals are truly draft concepts only These programs in no way, shape or form are meant to disrupt the current 911 system Not supplanting any other companies, only enhancing Recognize the need is community or regionally based. Application will include this. Alternative destinations – difference between the independent practitioner and affiliated urgent care centers. The continuity of care is better served to an alternate destination that is affiliated with an acute care hospital. 	D. Lowell
Reimbursement for services to transport to alternate destination. Are any services billing for alternate destination? No. We need to do research. This is something in our directive. We need research into this – K. Sinko will research this topic.	R. Coler
Any further discussion on this topic?	
I'd be remiss in my job representing Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC) if I didn't ask for FQHC's to be mentioned in this section. FQHC's have staff in hospitals, relationships differ by community, but are there.	J. Granger
Dully noted. We will add.	D. Lowell
Asks why direct you feel a relationship with an acute care hospital is necessary?	M. Schaeffer
Continuity of care, communication, data collection. We were being conservative and cautious.	D. Lowell
Limits the utility to the program and reimbursement monies as an extension of advanced primary care facilities.	M. Schaeffer
The new Urgent Care licensure that began in April exempts affiliated UC's. We should talk about primary care further.	K. Sinko
We're talking about Paramedic MIH level calls. Are we going to allow a category for BLS providers to take abrasions, lacerations, etc. to UC's?	M. Zanker
I send a first responder paramedic to these low priority BLS calls for decision making only, non-transport	J. Beaulieu
Do we allow certain patient populations to go far outside their community? Are we talking about the intoxicated person now being taken to a detox center? Are we talking about the sprained ankle now going to an UC? Who makes that decision?	M. Zanker

 Nurse triage line, nurse decides. Or BLS calls ALS to make decision about alternative destination. I see MIH playing a key role in widespread addiction problems. 	R. Coler
We don't see 911 BLS calling ALS for alternative destination. We see within a structured MIH program, call routed through non-emergency route.	D. Lowell
Does see potential possibility for BLS in the future for cost reduction for the patient and insurance.	G. Allard
That is not MIH. We are focusing on a specific program with a collaborative approach with the stakeholders focused on the care of the patient.	R. Kamin
Need data for GAP assessment, QA & QI	R. Coler
#2 from MIH/CP Programs subcommittee is the concept of readmission avoidance. Ex. CHF – out of an acute care setting to home. Read from document. Another example is a certain ask of a patient in the community with an LVAD who we are called to see. GAP's exist between discharge and home health beginning. During home health when pt. deteriorates. Also, when days of benefits are finished and patient needs care.	D. Lowell
Reimbursement and payment group. Anthem covers treat and non-transport – is this only when activated by 911?	K. Sinko
In program across the country - If EMS is a provider in a program where people are enrolled, then EMS is paid. Anthem's reimbursement is based on established programs where EMS goes out via 911 for an emergency, pt. is assessed and/or treated and refuses transport.	D. Lowell
Asks about current reimbursement for treat and release scenarios – there is no reimbursement.	M. Barry
Insurance carriers only reimburse when EMS transports to a hospital except a "Dead after dispatch" for cardiac arrest with no transport. Ex. Of diabetic given an assessment, IV, and medications and patient refuses transport, EMS is not reimbursed for anything.	R. Coler
Will insurance reimbursements change with MIH?	M. Barry
Discussion ensued regarding insurance: One third of the market is self-insured One third is fully insured One third is Medicare/Medicaid insured	K. Sinko K. Campanelli
CT insurance statutes apply to fully insured (usually through work)	

 Same carriers that offer fully insured do self-funded plans such as Medicare advantage, etc. Anthem is currently the only company to do treat-no transport and we are in conversations with them as DPH sets rates for this. Anthem is doing this voluntarily – not by state mandate. CT is unique – we would have to set a rate for treat-no transport first. Hospitals are taking on payments of coordinated care teams. Have to consider payment/reimbursements 	
 Insurance company mandates set floors, not ceilings – mandates do cost the state money, be careful 	
 Does this qualify as a mandate under the Affordable Care Act? If so, the state pays. SIM plans cut costs Insurance is looking at the best way to cover the services that is affordable to folks 	S. Halpin
Medicare fee for service only covers "Dead after Dispatch", nothing more? – Correct	M. Schaeffer
What's the value? Hospitals are negotiating a rate with MIH providers across the country for decreased readmissions.	J. Santacroce
MedStar in TX is a great example. We have a lot to learn about insurance. Better understanding needed as we proceed.	R. Coler
EMS is not compensated for many services currently – it's OK to go forward with this as when you aren't getting paid for something, doing it for less money will help.	D. Lowell
Understand, by moving forward, we can't shift costs to the state.	R. Coler
Quick overview of the rest of the document: • High utilizers – already discussed	D. Lowell
 Hospice revocation – already discussed RN Triage – Integrated dispatch model Add Wellness & Prevention 	
Document will be revised and resubmitted for comment Work appreciated on that.	R. Coler
Medicaid rates – data needed from services	K. Sinko
 Rate: Treat and non-transport for non-Anthem bills Meeting internally with agencies to discuss for the next meeting. 	K. SIIIKU

		Yes, we need a better understanding of this	R. Coler
	Next Steps:	What are the group's next steps? • Next meeting we'll continue with feedback for MIH/CP Subcommittee Thanks all for their thoughtful submissions.	R. Coler
Next Meeting:		June 19, 2018 at the Legislative Office Building, 1D – CXL'D August 14, 2018	
Public			
Comments:		No public comment	
Adjourn:		Motion to adjourn made by D. Lowell and second by Greg Allard at 11:06 am	

Mobile Integrated Health Working Group

August 14, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 1D

Time: 9am

Agenda

Welcome Coler
 Approval of Minutes from June 5, 2018 Coler
 Re-cap of materials distributed Coler
 Data Discussion Durante

5. Sub-Groups Reports/Update

a. Education Beaulieu

b. Application Processc. LegislativeColerAllard

d. MIH/CP Programs Baxter/Lowell

e. Reimbursementsf. Public Education/MarketingKamin

6. Next Steps Group

7. Public Comment

8. Adjourn

Next meeting August 28, 2018

Mobile Integrated Health Workgroup Final Minutes - approved at 8/28 mtg

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 1D

Meeting Date: August 14, 2018

Attendees: Chris D. Andresen, Marybeth Barry, Joshua Beaulieu, Michael Bova, , Kristin Campanelli, , Susan Halpin, Shaun Heffernan, David Lowell, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, Chris Santarsiero, Carl J. Schiessl, William Schietinger, Dr. Michael F. Zanker, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Excused: Gregory Allard, Bruce B. Baxter, Dorinda Borer, Jennifer Granger, Dr. Richard Kamin, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, Kimberly A. Sandor/Mary Jane Williams, James Santacroce, Kelly Sinko, Heather Somers, Jonathan Steinberg, Tracy Wodatch

Guests: Stacey Durante, Renee Holota, Mark Schaefer

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsible
1. Welcome/ Housekeeping:		Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members present and discussed emergency procedure and exits.	R. Coler
2. Minutes:	Review of the June 5, 2018 minutes	Changes: None. Motion made by Shaun Heffernan to accept, seconded by Michael Bova, motion carried and the minutes were accepted with no changes. Opposed- none. Abstentions-none. All in favor.	
3. Re-cap of materials distributed:		Over the past 9 months, we've received a lot of information. NAEMT information sent out NGA information sent out There are different opportunities and no one set way to do MIH/CP Payment is not priority; priority is patient care	R. Coler
4. Data Discussion:		 Request for data sent out; can't stress enough that without data we will not be moving forward Some GAP's can already be identified with current data We received some data from Mike Bova (ASM/AETNA) and Josh Beaulieu (Manchester FD) Only services at the table were asked for data Once we have that, we will be looking at it and may ask for more information 	R. Coler
5. Sub-Groups Reports/ Update:	a. Education	 No movement Waiting until we know what programs will be endorsed, at that time we will move forward identifying education needs 	J. Beaulieu
		 We already have a building block which will need to be tailored to CT Education will not be a big deterrence – this will not hold us back 	R. Coler

Location:

LOB, 1D

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m.

b. Ap	plication	 We received good feedback and have updated the application; it is included today Do we have all we need? 	R. Coler
11000	033	 Add #10 Payment Structure; how will that be accomplished? 	
		 Good idea – maybe we develop an additional MIH Advisory Board? 	
	_	Agrees, funding source important, especially for a municipality	J. Beaulieu
	-	Add #10 Payment Structure/Funding Source	R. Coler
		Thoughts regarding approval:	
		 We would need a FTE position and Medical Director which is a 0.5 position at the moment 	
		 Can CEMSMAC be responsible for looking at and approving the programs? May not be right – "fox watching the henhouse" 	
		QA aspect – who would look at that?	
		I think having a board like this workgroup with a broader base of stakeholders would be better	S. Heffernan
		 Is it possible to push this back on the program coordinator for the services and already have this established when the application is presented? 	J. Beaulieu
		 There needs to be regulatory oversite; likes the idea of an Advisory Board that reports back to DPH, but ultimately it's DPH who has oversite 	C. Schiessl
		Agrees	R. Coler
		Will help consistency as well	
		 Doesn't disagree with regulatory oversite, however, MIH is a new concept for us, let's be cautious about approaching this from the perspective that all of a sudden the entire state is going to adopt different programs and there is going to be an enormous need and frontloading the cost and the structure before the need. We don't want to cost ourselves out of adopting anything. 	J. Beaulieu
		Year 1 or 2 we have 5 or 10 programs	
		Year 10 we have 100 programs	
		Must be scalable	
		Start with a Pilot Program before adding a fiscal note?	R. Coler
		 We know what a fiscal note is going to do to the program, we've been transparent with that point 	
		We have to be realistic regarding additional staff	
		Add Payment/Funding and take off the table, complete?	
		Did you talk about adding a QI component?	S. Halpin
		It's already on application	R. Coler
c. Le	egislative	No report, G. Allard excused	R. Coler

Location:

LOB, 1D

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m.

		 Program is permissive – no changes to put forth under 19a-179 for initiating program Scope of Practice (SOP) – CT has adopted some of the SOP, this would go through CEMSAB Mark Schaefer had suggested we look at Medical Control and it's definition – one of the things we may look at is having a PCP Medical Control (something other than Emergency Medicine MD) Rate setting would have to be addressed with other funding sources involved, that language would have to be permissive. K. Sinko is working with this aspect 	D. Lowell R. Coler
		 We need to be cautious, can't have rates fall to the state to pick up, we'll continue to look at that, however, we would have to address the rate setting during the application process, we'll have further discussion on this. 	
	d. MIH/CP Programs	 Bruce and Dave had put together a summary. Read summary. These programs are not written in stone, they are examples of what's happening in other communities, they are examples of what could be used. 	R. Coler
		A revised document was sent out June 8th, based on June 5ths comments	D. Lowell
		We will send out with the minutes for the next meeting	R. Coler
	e. Reimbursements	No report, K. Sinko excused, however, meeting with her subcommittee	R. Coler
	f. Public Education/Marke ting	No report, R. Kamin excused	R. Coler
6. Next Steps:		 What are the group's next steps? Do we continue to work on the subgroups and report out? I have enough information to start putting a draft together of what our report will look like, not for 8/28, but next month 	R. Coler
		 Do we have any major disagreements amongst the group as far as where we are right now, that we need to hash out? Do we believe we're all on the same page as far as what program we're looking at and how we're going to move forward? 	J. Beaulieu
		 Conceptually, yes. In terms of casting a vote regarding a particular thing – I don't think the particular thing has been developed. On the right track, working through the process, but we need the particulars Not prepared to vote on anything today 	C. Schiessl

	Payments and Reimbursements subgroup meeting next Tuesday.	
	Echoes Carl's point	S. Halpin
	On the right path, too early to say if there are major issues	
	 Need a draft, makes sense to have something concrete in front of us 	
	There is a lot of conceptualizing	R. Coler
	Conceptually, we can agree?	
	Based on research and needs of the community	
	 Echoes other comments – once we have something concrete, we can all look at it and it's hard to 	K. Campanelli
	figure out how to reimburse things without a plan	
	 Should we choose one item from our list and move it forward as an example 	R. Coler
	Continue subgroups	
	Draft	
7. Public		
Comments:	No public comment	
8. Adjourn and	 Motion to adjourn made by D. Lowell with a second by K. Campanelli at 9:41 am 	
Next Meeting:	August 28, 2018 at the Legislative Office Building, 1D	

Mobile Integrated Health Working Group

August 28, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 1D

Time: 9am

Agenda

Welcome Coler
 Approval of Minutes from 8/14/18 Coler

3. Sub-Groups Reports/Update

a. Education Beaulieu

b. Application Process Coler

c. Legislative Allard

d. MIH/CP Programs Baxter/Lowell

e. Reimbursements Sinko

f. Public Education/Marketing Kamin

4. Next Steps Group

5. Public Comment

6. Adjourn

Next meeting September 11, 2018 at 9:00 a.m. Legislative Office Building

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 1D

Meeting Date: August 28, 2018

Attendees: Chris D. Andresen, Marybeth Barry, Bruce B. Baxter, Kristin Campanelli, Jennifer Granger, Susan Halpin, Shaun Heffernan, James Santacroce, Chris Santarsiero, Tracy Wodatch, Dr. Michael F. Zanker

Excused: Gregory Allard, Joshua Beaulieu, Dorinda Borer, Michael Bova, Dr. Richard Kamin, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, David Lowell, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, Kimberly A. Sandor/Mary Jane Williams, Carl J. Schiessl, William Schietinger, Kelly Sinko, Heather Somers, Jonathan Steinberg, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Guests: Stacey Durante, Renee Holota

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsib le
1. Welcome/ Housekeeping:		9:00 Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members present and discussed emergency procedure and exits.	R. Coler
2. Minutes:	Review of the 8/14/18 minutes	Changes: Yes, remove W. Schietinger from excused as he was present, add S. Heffernan to present. Motion made by T. Wodatch to accept, seconded by J. Santacroce, motion carried and the minutes were accepted with changes. Opposed- none. Abstentions-none. All in favor.	Group
3. Sub-Groups Reports/ Update:	a. Education	 No report, J. Beaulieu is excused. Waiting until we know what programs will be endorsed, at that time we will move forward identifying education needs 	R. Coler
	b.	 Review of last application and correction/revisions suggested Is this done, can we table? I'm going to take away CP and use MIH as a standard 	R. Coler
	Application	Instructions for application needed	T. Wodatch
	Process	 Seconds instructions needed Signatory page including CEO's, Medical Director, agencies and other stakeholders needed 	B. Baxter
		 We will add a signatory page; we do need this piece This is fluid and will be updated as needed 	R. Coler

Location:

LOB, 1D

Time: 9:00 a.m.

		 Incorporate within the instructions and comes with the letters of support? Should spell out MIH acronyms somewhere – found it is spelled out 	T. Wodatch
	c. Legislative	No report, G. Allard excused	R. Coler
	d. MIH/CP Programs	Bruce and Dave had put together a summary. It has been shared and revised.	R. Coler
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 The group met and had a discussion about data; thoughts shared with OEMS Flushing out data set, it's active and ongoing 	B. Baxter
	e. Reimburse ments	No report, K. Sinko excused, however, meeting with her subcommittee • K. Campanelli who is part of the group – any report?	R. Coler
		Met a week ago and continued the same discussion, nothing new.	K. Campanelli
	f. Public Education/ Marketing	No report, R. Kamin excused Once we have the program type and education, this will move forward	R. Coler
4. Next Steps:	EasCare, Boston visit summary	 Description of visit to EasCare: Description of EasCare ambulance given. Met with Scott Cluett, Director of Clinical Performance at EasCare on 8/20/18. Invited to come and speak about the EasCare/Commonwealth Care Alliance (CCA) Mobile Integrated Healthcare (MIH) Program. Scott has much knowledge regarding MIH in general. CCA is an Accountable Care Organization with approximately 20,000 patients who sought a partnership with EasCare for an MIH Program to take care of their patients in the home. EasCare has a robust dispatch communications center which is key for this program. CCA sends over a referral with a robust Situation, Background, Assessment, and Recommendation (SBAR) of the patient to the Community Paramedic (CP). The appointment has already been scheduled by CCA through EasCare's dispatch center. The CP, who is on duty from 4 pm to 2 am, accepts the assignment and goes to the patient's home to provide the care requested. Through their dispatch and the CP vehicle cell phone, the CCA Physician (MD), patients Nurse Practitioner (NP) and the CP have a conversation about the findings are, what the continued care is going to be, the follow up and documentation on the patient. 	J. Santacroce

•	Average	time c	of visit	is 80) minutes.
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- The case we were privileged to view involved a non-English (Creole) speaking patient one week post UTI with symptoms of nausea and vomiting (N/V), unable to keep fluids down by mouth.
- The appointment was scheduled for the CP to run labs, obtain IV access and assess the patient and report back.
- The CP had to call the Language Line (LL) first and they remained on the line for the entire appointment; this made four people interacting on the phone with the patient.
- CP used the iSTAT (Handheld Blood Analyzer) to get the blood results that they needed (Note: this is a tool that provides healthcare professionals with lab quality blood results in minutes). She also drew the chemistries, which would go to Quest, who they have a relationship with, if they needed any other tests done.
- The CP was able to successfully communicate with this patient who, by all accounts, would have been lost in the system in Boston for many hours and with her systems and the language barrier would have been very difficult for her to be processed correctly through the system.
- Instead, the patient was home, in a comfortable environment for her, she was able to get the fluids she needed by order of her NP and the confirmation of the MD on the line. They had a great collaborative discussion about what they wanted and how they wanted the CP to give the patient fluids and antinausea medication via IV, and to see if she could take her by mouth (PO) medications prior to the CP leaving; if there were any complications, to call them back.
- This was great care that we were watching at the patient's kitchen table and was really representative
 of the calls EasCare does.
- EasCare is only doing about 1 to 2 calls per shift.
- EasCare only has one vehicle and one CP at a time, so they concentrate on the Greater Boston area.
- They are a private ambulance company; if they arrive and find the patient to be more acutely ill than realized, they activate the 911 system and Boston EMS would respond and take the patient to the Emergency Department (ED) as a 911 activation normally does. EasCare does not take the patient themselves, they use the system appropriately. This is useful for us due to the Primary Service Area's (PSA) and how they're set up in CT. I could see the same type of protocol set up if going into someone else's area (PSA).
- As of spring 2018 they have seen approx. 2,100 patients, with every patient an individual phone interview (Satisfaction Survey) is done for tracking satisfaction.
- The Satisfaction Surveys have shown that over 75% indicating that, if not for this service, there was no doubt they would have gone to the ED as well as the satisfaction rate being over 99%.
- This shows a definite benefit to CCA, as well as the patients.

Location:

LOB, 1D

 Cost savings has been broken down and tracked over time with the approx. 2,100 patients showing that over \$9 million dollars in savings, with over \$3 million in savings in ED costs alone. CCA would like EasCare to become more involved in the area and other areas such as Springfield. Massachusetts is a little different, if you want to do something other than the norm, you fill out a waiver to OEMS, in their application, and CCA specified that their biggest time of need was 6 pm to 6 am, at this point CCA wants to change the time limitation. At this time, while the MIH Office is being stood-up, MA OEMS imposed a moratorium until such time as they are set up, therefore, no movement will be done on this until fall 2018. EasCare/CCA MIH will apply to have hours be 24/7 and add a Nurse Triage Line in their dispatch center. Gear is standard plus: Antibiotics, portable ultrasound, iSTAT, and other tools. The CP has full access to CCA ePCR's and CP charts their visit in the patients' health record. Hoping to grow into other service areas. MA is planning on a 5 FTE (full time equivalent) office, however, that may be too much to start. This model is easily expandable to other ACO's and organizations, even hospitals. Very transparent EasCare receives an allotment of \$28k/month from CCA for this model. EasCare is not recognizing profits at this time due to the limitation of night hours only, there can be a lot of down time. To fill downtime, CCA is adding skills such as EKG's in the home to the CP. 	
 The educational model is 300 hrs. divided 150 hrs. clinically, including NP shadowing, and the remaining 150 hrs being classroom with many focuses including respiratory, CHF, etc. They found that they needed more wound care education. Continuing education is fluid with modules being added and updated. CCA's Medical Director is involved in the initial and continuing education. Very collaborative, everyone is involved and working together to better the patient's experience. 	S. Durante
What are their key performance indicators?	B. Baxter
• It is The Triple AIM in Healthcare (Note: this is a concept put forward by IHI to drive healthcare organizations and providers to simultaneously implement programs that improve the patient care experience, improve the health of patient populations, and reduce the per capita cost of health care). Everything is reviewed in-house at EasCare and CCA is simultaneously reviewing as well for patient outcomes as well as costs. When the program began, the cost per patient was around the \$860 range, with volume that has gone down to around the \$560 range.	J. Santacroce

Location:

LOB, 1D

•	I want to go back to cost, their cost per encounter has gone down approx. \$300.00, but are they also measuring the overall savings in terms of to the healthcare system in general, do they have some metrics that demonstrate what they believe the overall savings are to the healthcare system.	B. Baxter
•	Yes, the number mentioned earlier which were based on actual costs that CCA would have paid out for that. They went off of national averages as far as hospital admits as far as time. Their savings to the system breakdown is: 2,171 visits to date Emergency Admission (1563 x \$2,000.00) = \$3,126,000.00 Hospital Admission (625 x \$9,600.00) = \$6,000,000.00 Ambulance trips back and forth = \$440,000.00 They also have a three-tiered choice in MA: Community Paramedicine with no charge for a municipally based FD/EMS with limited involvement MIH almost everything for one cost for approx. \$20,000.00? MIH focusing on hospital readmission for \$40,000.00	J. Santacroce
•	There's fees attached to each one of these applications?	R. Coler
•	Fees are reoccurring biannual fees, as far as we know they are funding the MIH office with the fees.	J. Santacroce
•	If the company that wants to do this isn't making money, why would they expend another \$20-\$40k?	R. Coler
•	CCA is paying the fee.	J. Santacroce
•	Did you discuss at all the relationship and or collaboration with Home Health and Hospice in all of this?	T. Wodatch
	Yes, they have a good and collaborative relationship with those organizations with everyone under the umbrella of their care. They are brought in depending what the need is for the patient. No issues with turf wars or getting in the way of each other. Probably because the provider (NP or MD) lays out the care plan and when the CP gets the request, it's very clearly laid out what the CCA provider wants. Sometimes it's just an assessment to see if the patient requires the nurses back or if another path should be taken. It's a team that works together and is coordinated through the patient's provider.	J. Santacroce
	I appreciate that. It continues to worry me that even the example he gave, generally that's a Home Health, go out to the house, do the assessment. I also know that there are situations that are beyond the Home Health. I want to make sure that whatever we're setting up, it's definitely a collaboration; you talk about the physician and the NP making a referral, well that's their choice, that's what they're making a referral to, they may not even be considering Home Health as a referral because they're saying, I've put money into this EasCare and I'm going to use EasCare, without the client being able to use their insurance and being able to be reimbursed properly for the care. Then to add to it, the wound	T. Wodatch

Location:

LOB, 1D

education piece, that's something that Home Health specializes in and is trained to do and probably	
shouldn't be part of a CP visit unless it's in an area that's really stretching coverage.	
Those are their needs and things that are a GAP for them.	J.
 I don't know what their exact coverage is nor the lack of it, but we are here because we see these patients in their home every day and that prescribed Home Health isn't always there, isn't always available, and it's not always something that someone will qualify for, certainly not for that moment of need, so I think there's definitely a bridge there. 	Santacroce
 The system is very well controlled and structured, there are no referrals made from the field. 	
 For this visit, the patient couldn't make the decision of setting up Home Health, for this visit, it worked for this patient and saved the system from more costly care. 	
 For this case or any other case, are there metrics that EasCare and CCA are collecting? You're using admission re-avoidance, but what about Home Health referrals post that first visit because there really shouldn't be return visits by the CP, it should be a follow up much less expensive Home Health path, which would then also keep this person out of the hospital. This particular case doesn't sound like a one and done, she could continue to have problems. 	T. Wodatch
 That's why the CP was there, this was their first interaction with this patient because she had continued to have problems after care was already established. That is a great question for Scott when he comes. 	J. Santacroce
	T. Wodatch
 We need to make sure the right decisions are made for the beneficiaries' rights to services and we don't want to stress the ACO's with the added costs of a CP if that's not what's necessary. 	1. Wodatch
 One of the challenges I see Tracey, is that every day ambulances in the State of CT and all over the country are going out to these UTI's and things like that at 10-11pm at night. If there's not that established home care relationship or even if there is, to get someone to go out at that hour is truly our challenge. I don't think the intent is to replace the dire need for home care, as you know, not every one of your patients is willing to be 100% compliant and the easier choice is to go to the ED and so I think that's how we see it from the EMS end. If they're willing to let someone in their door at 10 pm to get them going in the right direction and ultimately end up with that referral. I think that any program we develop 	S. Heffernan
You were describing referrals through providers, not through 911, those are two different systems.	J. Granger
 Yes, the hope is that once they are in the referral system, they will no longer need to call 911. So we could avoid that, having them call 911, ending up in the ED for hours, etc. 	S. Heffernan
 Having a call to 911 isn't a bad thing and that may be something that cannot be changed, we've spent millions of dollars getting people to call 911; it's more what you do with that call; one of their next steps and I certainly believe in this, having a nurse triage those calls for a priority that will safely allow patients to hook up with the care they require, i.e. NP visit or MD visit, etc. 	J. Santacroce

Location:

LOB, 1D

•	Question regarding the handling of the QA/QI process which is normally done by the Medical Director and EMS Coordinator for the Sponsor Hospital – what is the role of the Medical Director over the ambulance service in this?	R. Coler
•	They are still involved, however, but the care decisions they are working with are made by the Medical Director from CCA who is more of a family practice based physician. The Medical Director for EasCare was a big part of developing this program and the educational aspect. Our system currently has field providers calling on the radio to speak with the Sponsor Hospital Medical Director for additional orders; in this model field providers would not bother the Sponsor Hospital Medical Director. Reasoning: A. It's not what they do on a day to day basis and B. The physicians at CCA have a relationship already established with these patients which allows them to collaborate and make the best decisions for the patient.	J. Santacroce
•	Do you know if the Medical Directors from the ambulance services get a stipend from them in MA?	R. Coler
•	I don't	J. Santacroce
•	It depends, most of the ambulance services in MA have hired their own Medical Directors and they are stipend.	B. Baxter
•	Had a lot of questions, but most have been covered. Clinical question – how many units are seeing patients? And can they get a call in the middle of this IV infusion and have to go?	Marybeth Barry
•	One. No, they are dedicated to the call; they are not doing 911 calls.	J. Santacroce
•	This call was activated by the PCP NP – how did she go about doing that?	M. Barry
	center with an SBAR Dispatch center pushes it electronically to the medic.	J. Santacroce
•	So the only referring providers are within the Boston area? How long where you there?	M. Barry
•	Yes, referring providers (MD's, NP's) are all within the CCA group.	J. Santacroce
•	The MIH CP was just getting started with orders to: o Hang fluids (IV Infusion) over a specific time set by MD. o Give IV Zofran for nausea. o Re-assess patient looking for changes.	

Location:

LOB, 1D

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m.

•	CP was going to be there for a couple of hours.	
•	The average time is 80 minutes for one call.	
•	The complexity of this visit is enormous from a clinical standpoint.	M. Barry
	o Interpreter Line	
	 A very sick woman, she's dry, maybe needing antibiotics. 	
	 Was she hospitalized prior to that? 	
•	She had been at some time and had rebounded with issues and had to be seen again and this visit was	J.
	due to symptoms that reoccurred.	Santacroce
•	Did she have a VNA in place?	M. Barry
•	Not to my knowledge	J.
		Santacroce
•	So to Tracey's point, she should have had a VNA. In favor of the MIH program, can this be something	M. Barry
	that can be set up, she sounds very sick. We don't want to replace one service with another.	
•	I don't know if she had previously seen VNA and they moved to this, we didn't get into that part of the	J.
	background. We can find out, we can ask Scott to expand upon that case when he's here.	Santacroce
•	She's follow-up with her own provider the next day. Imagine how many hours she'd be in the ED, she	M. Barry
	could be there for the day.	
	They took a very complex situation and did a really good thing with it.	
•	Most of my questions were answered as well. Thank you for answering for a program you're not in	S. Halpin
	charge of. Things that stand out to me:	
	 The connection to care – how does that work, function and what's the experience? 	
	 Experience with high-utilizers – does this help that? 	
	Interesting model – different than what I was thinking about around this table.	
•	Their thinking behind developing this model over another.	
	CCA came to EasCare with this model.	J.
•	911 referrals may come down the line.	Santacroce
	If you know the answer – is there a process or tag in the system for 911 calls for these patients where	T. Wodatch
	the patient calling 911 would get an MD immediately?	
•	May not have it built into this due to Boston EMS being an independent municipality and not at all	J.
	connected with the MIH program.	Santacroce
•	However, that is true, some people have tags.	
•	I'm curious how this would fit into our system? We're highly saturated with Medicare/Medicaid.	M. Zanker
	One thought is you're calling an MD at home – what will be his threshold for "send it to the ED".	

Location:

LOB, 1D

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m.

	When you're calling into a system like ours, as an Emergency Physician, who has laid hands on this patient 17 times this month is going to say "Why don't you try this, try that, before you transport". We can prevent things like grandma who's found awake and alert on the floor of a nursing home who claims she just sat down due to weakness being transported and getting a CT scan. We can change this to "Why don't we come out and evaluate this patient". Or, if a patient at home is a little dry, I have no problem giving them some fluids, rather than sending them to the ED to get some fluids. I think that this model can be used to stave off not only the frequent flyers, but the people who actually need a higher level of care, but don't need it in the hospital itself.	
•	Just for all who don't know, there are a lot of acronyms being used – ACO is an Accountable Care Organization and CCA is Commonwealth Care Alliance from MA. The CT person who is working with the ACO's is Mark Schaeffer who has been a member of our committee, but is not here today.	R. Coler
•	The ACO is a structure that's set up through Medicare in response to the Affordable Care Act to let them be responsible for the patient's overall care regardless of where that care is being received.	T. Wodatch
•	ACO is Medicare/Medicaid clients.	Group
•	Tracey, would these people be eligible for Home Health Care? The Medicaid population?	R. Coler
•	Yes, as long as they qualified; there would be many situations where the CP would be first on the scene and identify this, or the fifteenth on the scene and say "we need to get Home Health Care involved in this case to stabilize this home environment".	T. Wodatch
•	Yes, and that's why I think the collaboration between the two is so important – critical even – and it's important to see that the open lines of communication remain.	R. Coler
•	I think this is such a nice adjunct to the Home Health as VNA's are not going to go out after hours unless it's hospice; correct? I almost never have VNA's going to the house after 6 pm.	M. Barry
	Yes, it is key to have a system like this. Both Home Health and Hospice have to have 24/7 on call. I think the comment about the threshold for a physician who's going to say "send them to the ED", may be the same situation because there's only one person on call and there may be multiple calls at night and they are triaging and calling the physician to see what's necessary. The system needs to be set up. There are definitely GAP's in that area.	T. Wodatch
•	MIH.	M. Barry
•	If a person has called at 10 pm, I'm not sure that they will wait until morning to see their PCP; people panic and want instant attention.	R. Coler

	 It is my understanding that Home Health/VNA is involved with this. Will clarify and get that information out. There were services available during the day. 	S. Durante
	OK, we'll see how the two agencies connect with this.	R. Coler
	 Thank you. Just for clarification in the minutes – should be referred to Home Health Care as a VNA could be a specific agency. 	T. Wodatch
	 Is there a telemedicine link involved when the CP and the MD, NP link up? 	B. Baxter
	 They are on the phone, so they could, currently they are only using audio however, and they believe they would use video in the future. 	J. Santacroce
	 Thank you for the informative, well done report. This gives us something else to think about. 	R. Coler
4. Next Steps	Continue sub-group work	R. Coler
7. Public Comments:	No public comment	
	 EMS services have memorials on 9/11 (our next date). I've been asked to reconsider the date. Agreed to move the date. 	R. Coler and Group
8. Adjourn and Next Meeting:	 Motion to adjourn made by K. Campanelli with a second by S. Halpin at 10:06 am September 18, 2018 at 9:00 am at the Legislative Office Building, 1D 	

Mobile Integrated Health Working Group September 18, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 2D

Time: 9am

Agenda

Welcome Coler
 Approval of Minutes from 8/28/18 Coler

3. Presentation

W. Scott Cluett III, NRP
Director, Mobile Integrated Health
EasCare Ambulance Service in Massachusetts

- 4. Subcommittees
- 5. Next Steps
- 6. Public Comment
- 7. Adjourn

Next meeting September 25, 2018, Room 1D

Time: 9:00 a.m.

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Location: LOB, 1A

Meeting Date: September 18, 2018

Attendees: Bruce B. Baxter, Joshua Beaulieu, Michael Bova, Kristin Campanelli, Jennifer Granger, James Santacroce, Carl J. Schiessl, Tracy Wodatch,

Excused: Gregory Allard, Chris D. Andresen, Marybeth Barry, Dorinda Borer, Susan Halpin, Shaun Heffernan, Dr. Richard Kamin, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, David Lowell, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, Kimberly A. Sandor/Mary Jane Williams, Chris Santarsiero, William Schietinger, Kelly Sinko, Heather Somers, Jonathan Steinberg, Dr. Michael F. Zanker, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Guests: Stacey Durante, Renee Holota, Scott Cluett, Mark Schaeffer, Mike Starkowski

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsib le
1. Welcome/ Housekeeping:		9:20 Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members present and discussed emergency procedure and exits.	R. Coler
2. Minutes:	Review of the 8/28/18 minutes	Changes: Yes, change Meeting Date to 8/28/18. Motion made by B. Baxter to accept, seconded by J. Santacroce, motion carried and the minutes were accepted with changes. Opposed- none. Abstentions-none. All in favor.	Group
		Next meeting will be 9/25/18 as previously scheduled.	R. Coler
3. Presentation		Power point presentation by W. Scott Cluett, III, NRP, (S. Cluett) regarding the EasCare Ambulance and Commonwealth Care Alliance MIH Pilot and continuing program. <u>EasCare MIH Presentation</u> ; <u>Audio MIH 091818</u>	S. Cluett
	Questions & Discussion:	 Thank you. I'm with the CT Association for Healthcare at Home; we are the home healthcare providers on the ground in CT, and also the Hospice providers. It's interesting that CCA doesn't refer to Home Health APRN's going out into the field all across the country; good model; saves money There are a lot of other needs: therapy for strength, home health aides for ADL's, etc.; there is a disconnect there The after-hours piece, comprehensive and a great service and filling a big GAP Concerned about that disconnect with Home Health; believe a partnering between all would be most beneficial Slide on Palliative Care, but didn't use the word hospice at all; does CCA have a partnership/agreement for preferred Hospice Providers (last 6 months of life when terminal)? 	T. Wodatch

Location:

LOB, 1A

	 don't know if CCA is partnered with a preferred hospice provider; Dr. John Loughnane who is the Medical Director for the program we've build and the Palliative Care Program at CCA, has found that: Sending a paramedic to the home, during crisis, while expensive, is better than the consequences We have found that sending the paramedic to provide real-time care for the family and the member has been beneficial I think they may use their own staff to mitigate these needs, but I'm not sure Our program is built around an acute process, so if someone was going to call 911, they will defer to us, triage around a nurse Members are required to call into a clinical response unit "CRU", the RN will make the determination if it's going to be a MIH program that's coming out, if it's going to the hospital, or if it's something that can wait till the morning. I can certainly get back to you on the question of Hospice Care that CCA is providing Dr. Loughnane feels strongly about paramedics coming in during an acute process to help mitigate that 	S. Cluett
te th	agree with the acute care process; I'm worried about the day-to-day; hospice is a philosophy of care with a eam approach of social work, chaplains, personal care, volunteers and nurses – it's a whole team that helps he person and the family be prepared and live life verses an acute care team. Worried if there is no connection.	T. Wodatch
1	understand and support hospice one hundred percent and so does CCA. If there is an acute process, this is he program that they have in place.	S. Cluett
T a w w a b	racy, I agree with you, but these people and their families call 911 quite often; we're put in this situation in anyway and right now there's only one choice when they call 911 and that's to bring them to the ED; we know what the consequence of that is once the person gets to the hospital as far as their funds, what's covered, what's not covered and what kind of care they may or may not get in the emergency department; vs. the alternative of responding, listening to the wishes and needs of the patient and their care plan/care pack and being able to care for and stabilize that situation until the hospice nurse/care can get there – not to replace hospice, just to be there when the acute situation arises that leads to a 911 call.	J. Santacroce
I m	agree with everything you said; I'm worried when a program doesn't use Home Health, if we're creating an MIH nodel in CT, or an opportunity for MIH in CT, patients deserve the right to have services that their insurance covers; shouldn't just be acute care, should be a planned, coordinated response of what's needed at home; use AIIH appropriately.	T. Wodatch
N s	Nobody disagrees with that; MIH would be used appropriately to augment services in place, not to replace services, we've been very clear that we're not replacing services, we're filling GAP's during crisis and after nours.	R. Coler

Location:

LOB, 1A

Scott has said that CCA has its own team that responds; is this in lieu of a formal VNA arrangement that they have staff members in that role?	
That is my understanding, yes.	S. Cluett
	T. Wodatch
We feel as though we're another "tool in the toolbox" for the organization; when the need arises, we are there to meet that need; our experience has shown that it's been very successful in the past 4 years or so; in the next six months you'll see supporting studies published.	S. Cluett
Is the program focused on a specific area of the state?	B. Baxter
 Due to having a single truck Applied for Region 4 & 5 of Mass. Self-limited to 195 to 128 area CCA has a must larger footprint, including Springfield, but we couldn't amend our geographic coverage with OEMS Brewster & EasCare will be expanding area of service and hours of program as soon as allowed 	S. Cluett
Reflecting on Tracy's thoughts, having had direct experience with CCA due to a sick relative with cancer – the care was what I would have expected; traditional hospice care, the complete package. Great job.	B. Baxter
	M. Schaeffer
	S. Cluett
What are the payment arrangements?	M. Schaeffer
 Shared the cost startup initially CCA shouldered educational costs EasCare shouldered vehicle/equipment costs After that a stipend was set for \$28k/mos. From CCA to EasCare Over the 4 years EasCare operation cost has mostly broken even, some months at a loss 	S. Cluett

		Will you have a shared savings arrangement going forward?	M.
			Schaeffer
		Fee for service model is in negotiation at this time	S. Cluett
		 It's an expensive program; the consequences are more expensive with admittance costs; it's better to mitigate it at home. 	
		Would it benefit us to get a copy of the waiver?	T. Wodatch
		It's on the DPH website	S. Cluett
		Mass was using a waiver as their regulations didn't allow for MIH; CT does, we need an application which we have been developing with the help and feedback of this group. We've also fine-tuned it to include the instructions.	R. Coler
		 The waiver was for the pilot project – testing the waters to see if successful. Six services applied – EasCare and Cataldo's SmartCare were the two who were allowed. 	S. Cluett
		We presently have an avenue called a Need for Service which would go to hearing officers	R. Coler
		Very similar in Mass; Medical Advisory Board and Regional Medical Officers who vote on our waivers	S. Cluett
		If this group were to decide to do a pilot project – I think we have that process set up within the Need for Service Application.	R. Coler
		Does CCA act as the insurer, participate in Medicare and Medicaid, and what percentage are in each?	M. Starkowski
		 CCA is an accountable care organization who is the insurer Yes, they participate in both They are dully eligible 	S. Cluett
		CCA was one of the first to do this in the 90's; Mass just converted to a Medicaid ACO model	M. Schaeffer
		Any other questions? Thank you for coming Scott.	R. Coler
		Thank you for having me.	S. Cluett
4. Sub-Groups Reports/ Update:	a. Education	No report	R. Coler

	b. Application Process	We will send out revised application with meeting minutes.	R. Coler
	c. Legislative	No report, G. Allard excused.	R. Coler
	d. MIH/CP Programs	No report.	R. Coler
	e. Reimburse- ments	No report, K. Sinko excused.	R. Coler
	f. Public Education/ Marketing	No report, R. Kamin excused.	R. Coler
5. Next Steps:		Continue with subcommittees and report out at next meeting 9/25/18	R. Coler
6. Public Comments:		No public comment	
7. Adjourn and Next Meeting:		Motion to adjourn made by R. Coler with a second by K. Campanelli at 10:15 am	

Mobile Integrated Health Working Group September 25, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 1D

Time: 9am

Agenda

1. Welcome Coler

2. Approval of Minutes from 9/18/18 Coler

- 3. Subcommittees Report
- 4. Next Steps
- 5. Public Comment
- 6. Adjourn

Next meeting October 9, 2018, Location/Room TBD

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 1A

Meeting Date: September 25, 2018

Attendees: Gregory Allard, Bruce B. Baxter, Joshua Beaulieu, Kristin Campanelli, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, James Santacroce, Carl J. Schiessl, William Schietinger, Kelly Sinko, Tracy Wodatch, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Excused: Chris D. Andresen, Marybeth Barry, Dorinda Borer, Michael Bova, Jennifer Granger, Susan Halpin, Shaun Heffernan, Dr. Richard Kamin, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, David Lowell, Kimberly A. Sandor/Mary Jane Williams, Chris Santarsiero, Heather Somers, Jonathan Steinberg, Dr. Michael F. Zanker

Guests: Stacey Durante, Renee Holota

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsible
1. Welcome/ Housekeeping:		9:10 Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members present and discussed emergency procedure and exits.	R. Coler
2. Minutes:	Review of the 9/18/18 minutes	Changes: No. Motion made by B. Baxter to accept, seconded by J. Santacroce, motion carried and the minutes were accepted as is. Opposed- none. Abstentions-K. Sinko & R. Zavoski. All in favor.	Group
3. Sub-Groups Reports/ Update:	a. Education	No report; CEMSAB MIH Committee meeting this Wednesday.	J. Beaulieu
	b. Application Process	Revised copy sent to all. Was a skeleton; now directions are included on recommendation and feedback of the group. What are group's feelings?	R. Coler
		Clarifying question – Application processed directly to DPH? Or CEMSMAC for vetting and then DPH?	K. Sinko
		Yes, flow through CEMSMAC and then to DPH. Comments?	R. Coler
		Is it the same process as a Need for Service Application (NFS), through hearing office?	J. Santacroce
		Application reviewed by CEMSMAC and OEMS and then to the Advisory Board, but this is negotiable. If it goes through the hearing process we will need staff. If we use the current structure, we have to find out if the hearing	R. Coler

office would be involved. We have to realize we need to look at the QA/QI and would need staff. Initially we may not, however, ultimately we would need staff.	
Is the CEMSAB/CEMSMAC capable of doing this in a timely process? Is this a shift in standard process of a NFS application process be better?	B. Baxter
Good point – it would be a minimum of two (2) to three (3) months to get through CEMSAB and CEMSMAC. The hearing process is long as well – a few months.	R. Coler
I don't know if CEMSAB/CEMSMAC are the appropriate flow for this. Are we talking about regional councils in the application process? Are they significant in this? Let's clarify which councils we are talking about.	G. Allard
NFS is a different process than what's existing with protocols?	K. Sinko
Anything from clinical practice would always go through CEMSMAC (education & protocols). Administratively, the NFS comes directly to the OEMS – the regional coordinators look at and deem complete, the director reviews, and it goes to the hearing office. Presently we get feedback and notify all services in the area when we have an application – this is in statute. We look for a review/opinion from the regional councils, however, that is not binding. Sometimes they do not respond (they have 30 days to respond). We were trying to mirror the NFS and the regional councils are included in that process.	R. Coler
I would think regional councils should have an approval process beforehand. I also would think that CEMSMAC should have access beforehand as well.	G. Allard
Regarding fiscal impact – is it safe to assume, if we mainstream this into the current process that the fiscal impact will be less? I would advocate that there is an established process, we would be well served to use it and have less fiscal impact.	B. Baxter
We support keeping the current established process vs. veering off to a new process then? The current process is a NFS application that comes to OEMS and is reviewed by the regional coordinators and deemed complete, then it is shared with the regional councils, and sent upstairs for a hearing date. We have affidavit's saying we alerted all stakeholders in the area of application so they may have a say, hearing office listens to application and make a decision as to whether to approve or not approve.	R. Coler
This captures procedural due process and I'm pleased and would support this process.	C. Schiessl
No intent to bypass due process.	R. Coler
Agree with the current process. Concern is criteria, what is it to have a recommendation for or against? Also, the normal NFS requires vehicles to be licensed and have a minimum equipment list. If following current process, all has to be laid out.	W. Schietinger
Will CEMSMAC continue to be involved? A pre-approval and commitment from sponsor hospital would be needed I think. I want to include the CEMSAB/CEMSMAC so they can serve as a conduit for consistency. It may be fractured if these councils are not involved.	R. Kamin

Can we do draft workflow for the next meeting? Specifying the criteria? Building a streamlined process will help with fiscal impact.	K. Sinko
I agree, the hearing officers need to have criteria made clear.	J. Santacroce
Will adding to the hearing officers' workload add to fiscal responsibility?	G. Allard
 Yes, that would add to impact. Key points/criteria are MIH system is integrated, ensuring healthcare quality not compromised, but enhanced, identifying scope of practice, funding, educational needs, and medical oversite key role. The NFS application has a page where medical control authorization is discussed. Stacey can rewrite this. 	R. Coler
We had come up with a statement, reads statement (see link attached)	
Key focus is enhancing the health of the population	
The NFS process is for a new service starting or a current service expanding to ALS or additional vehicles. This is already in regulation, MIH is not. Are we tying our hands? We can already do MIH now, but if we make this a NFS process, we may tie our hands.	W. Schietinger
Timing will be the same whether we go through a NFS or through CEMSAB/CEMSMAC.	R. Coler
Agree that we have to have due process, but is it a NFS process or not? This belongs with the clinical side, not a hearing.	W. Schietinger
I agree. This is based heavily on regulation and statute. With the existing boards and medical approval, they know the clinical side. It's really not a need for service process.	J. Santacroce
MIC Upgrade process may be the better process. This involves all councils.	R. Coler
We want to use the "process" of the NFS only.	G. Allard
Risk in having a hearing officer weighing in as this is an innovative process.	J. Beaulieu
So, I hear us changing our position totally.	R. Coler
Not me, I think there needs to be notice and due process. I'm hearing two things – this can fit into the NFS, and this is new, innovative and won't. The fundamental due process is what I will agree to.	C. Schiessl
Why can't due process be added to a new process. I think that transparency is good.	J. Santacroce
Carl, clarify for me that the process should be vetted by non-experts?	R. Kamin
What I meant is citizenry – a patient cohort may want to weigh in on this. There has to be notice of a proposed change in the system so they can weigh in on it.	C. Schiessl
A hearing officer may not be the best person to do this. As a person who has developed protocols for the state, I have been approached by people who are committed to something that is not evidence based. I don't want to put a hearing officer in a spot where they are not ready to make that deliberation.	R. Kamin

	It's my understanding that:	K. Sinko
	Protocols decided by CEMSMAC/DPH	
	We wouldn't need to change statute to do this	
	What are the barriers now for a providers to do MIH?	
	The arena in which we can work is right now only 911. The MIH programs are outside the 911 system.	J. Santacroce
	Funding/reimbursement is a large barrier as well.	
	Is the 911 operation a statutory change?	K. Sinko
	Not for scope of practice, but we will need waivers to working outside of the 911 system.	R. Coler
	OK, so we need a process in which EMS can operate outside of 911.	K. Sinko
	We have to go back to the drawing board, make sure due process is written in, criteria is given, and feedback is allowed.	R. Coler
c. Legislative	No report. 911 statute and financial aspect are on our agenda.	G. Allard
d. MIH/CP Programs	 Codifies a half dozen different options that were discussed. We clearly support organized, concise, collaborative application process with all stakeholders signing off. We support the application process vetted by this group. 	B. Baxter
	 Reads document and list of programs supported. (see CTN footage) Questions? 	14.00
	Each of these programs would have to go through the same process?	K. Sinko
	Correct – right now 911 sends an ambulance only.	J. Santacroce
	Will criteria for each of these programs be defined separately?	K. Sinko
	There's core criteria – demonstrate a need, value for all of these. Some agencies set up more than municipalities to do this. There is a cost savings across the nation with this. Let's paint the legislation in broad strokes, so we don't have to come back and re-due it. We may see one or two agencies in the state able to do this or a hybrid of this, for instance, helping a person connect with an Uber or Lyft to go to an Urgent Care.	B. Baxter
	General criteria for each or specific?	K. Sinko
	General as it's evolving.	B. Baxter
	Criteria of patient care and patient satisfaction mentioned earlier Last week Scott Cluett visited from EasCare Ambulance, the PP was sent around, very successful program,	R. Coler
	with high patient satisfaction and proven cost benefit. Limited hours of operation was the limitation with their	

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		program. Plenty programs across the nation, NGA has documented 39 programs across the nation. We're not starting on our own, we have programs to pull from.	
	e. Reimburse- ments	 The group met twice and talked about getting out all of the fiscal and reimbursement issues. Drafting and will circulate to subgroup, then workgroup Charge, two issues in statute – potential savings or additional costs associated for an insured and any potential reimbursement issues related to MIH. Insured may accrue costs – ambulance rate limitations, set rates? What about people who don't have coverage? Current insurance coverage statutes only for fully insured. If new mandate by statute – state's costs could raise. Talk to Anthem Potential savings – DSS to f/u; high cost ED visits could be avoided; how do we make the case in CT? Pilot program? One option with no fiscal impact to show proof of concept and then roll out. Another option is to show a full on approach with fiscal impact. Options might be best. Reimbursement issues: Costs to Medicaid? If savings, how do we show that? Type of provider: Billed through hospitals? Fiscal: DPH administrate the program? Hearing Officers? Once we get a new application process that drills down the workflow that will help to identify resources. We'll circulate our narrative. Comments? 	K. Sinko
		We look forward to your write up	R. Coler
	f. Public Education/ Marketing	No report.	R. Coler
5. Next Steps:	Ţ.	Report due January 1, 2019. We have meeting every 2 weeks until 12/18; then put our thoughts on paper to put forward. How should we proceed with the next steps? Should each subgroup write their piece and I put together? How do we want to proceed?	R. Coler
		We haven't had a full workgroup in a while. A few weeks ago, we felt we couldn't start putting things on paper. Would it be beneficial to have a full workgroup here to recap?	W. Schietinger

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	We can certainly do a recap next month. At some point we have to finish this up. We've discussed, rediscussed, talked about the pros, talked about the cons, we know everyone's concerns, we've listened, and we've done the research. We could do one meeting where opinions can be heard.	R. Coler
	We should start to draft, knowing it's just a draft and continuing to put things in place. Please use email to share concerns before next meeting as it's hard to get all in one room and have a consensus from all. I think we're there, we should start drafting.	R. Kamin
	I'm open for someone to start drafting and putting thoughts together and I will collate and marry them.	R. Coler
	Best use of time? Meeting here or allowing subgroups to meet and draft something?	K. Sinko
	We're running out of months. The sooner we have something to say Yes or No to, the better;	J. Beaulieu
	I agree, we need something in front of us.	K. Campanelli
	OK, we will start putting our thoughts on paper and continue our meeting every two weeks.	R. Coler
6. Public Comments:	No public comment	
7. Adjourn and Next Meeting:	 Motion to adjourn made by K. Campanelli and seconded by G. Allard at 10:14 am Next meeting 10/8/18. 	

CTN Video: http://ct-n.com/ctnplayer.asp?odID=15637

Mobile Integrated Health Working Group October 9, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 2D

Time: 9am

Agenda

1. Welcome Coler

2. Approval of Minutes from 9/25/18 Coler

- 3. Subcommittees Report
- 4. Next Steps
- 5. Public Comment
- 6. Adjourn

Next meeting October 23, 2018, Room 1D

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 2D

Meeting Date: October 9, 2018

Attendees: Chris D. Andresen, Bruce B. Baxter, Joshua Beaulieu, Kristin Campanelli, Jennifer Granger, Susan Halpin, Shaun Heffernan, David Lowell, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, James Santacroce, Chris Santarsiero, Carl J. Schiessl, William Schietinger, Kelly Sinko, Tracy Wodatch, Dr. Michael F. Zanker

Excused: Gregory Allard, Marybeth Barry, Dorinda Borer, Michael Bova, Dr. Richard Kamin, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, Kimberly A. Sandor/Mary Jane Williams, Heather Somers, Jonathan Steinberg, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Guests: Stacey Durante, Renee Holota, Mike Starkowski

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsible
1. Welcome/ Housekeeping:		9:05 Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members present and discussed emergency procedure and exits.	R. Coler
2. Minutes:	Review of the 9/25/18 minutes	Changes: No. Motion made by B. Baxter to accept, seconded by D. Lowell, motion carried and the minutes were accepted as is. Opposed- none. Abstentions-S. Heffernan. All in favor.	Group
3. Sub-Groups Reports/ Update:	a. Education	 CEMSAB MIH Committee General recommendations nailed down List of broad and general recommendations Draft circulating for comment in CEMSAB MIH Comm., should have next meeting 	J. Beaulieu
	b. Application Process	 Should it be a NFS process? Should CEMSMAC/CEMSAB be involved? Will need a person in OEMS to do MIH Working on it, in progress, will present after receiving further direction. 	R. Coler
	c. Legislative	G. Allard out No Report	R. Coler
	d. MIH/CP Programs	Draft language, on or about November 1st	B. Baxter
		Another site visit is being made to Boston	R. Coler

Location:

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	e. Reimburse- ments	 Reworking document Should have for 11/1 	K. Sinko
		All groups should have draft language ready by 11/1/18; great benchmark; then we have all of November to write something up.	R. Coler
	f. Public Education/ Marketing	 Hard to develop when we are not sure what program we are doing R. Kamin excused today 	R. Coler
5. Next Steps:		 Original Charge read from September 2017 I don't think we've had a full discussion on transporting to alternative destination: Nothing in statute prohibiting The problem is we can't get paid for that Kristen – is this a possibility? 	R. Coler
		 The state will be responsible for paying anything additional It will be in the insurance carriers rates We can take a look at it again, but I'm not optimistic Insurance statute says EMS transportation has to be emergency to a hospital to be reimbursed (paid) 	K. Campanelli
		Are we referring to statues that mandate coverages?	C Schiessl
		Yes, I'll resend my presentation	K. Campanelli
		 The statute discusses what must be covered Insurance companies could enter into arrangements with providers Value based payments with hospitals and other groups shouldn't be forgotten 	S. Halpin
		 What Sue said will be incorporated into our reimbursement section ACO's and Mark Schaeffer's part will be looked into as well as if we need statutory change to allow this. 	K. Sinko
		 The state only has control over 30% of the market, it's not the specific target group for this project, let's not loose site of this. 	S. Halpin
		 Any other discussion on this? Discussion on the tasks in the document distributed from September 2017: (attached) a) We have received data and it looks like one size doesn't fit all – each area has to be different b) Scope of Practice will not be affected as long as protocols and medical oversite is provided. c) Mirror the education depending on the program – an a la carte process would work best. 	R. Coler

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	 d) Savings or cost would come from Kelly's subgroup and that's being taken care of. e) Reimbursement issues also through Kelly's subgroup. f) Minimum criteria would be part of the application process. g) Insurance payment statutes and operating outside of the 911 system. This will be challenging due to AGs opinion and freelancing that happens. 	
	Can this be addressed as "they are still under the employment of an EMS Service and part of the system response"	J. Santacroce & S. Heffernan
	Right now EMS operates outside of 911 when they get called for transports. Which statute is this?	K. Sinko
	We'll forward the 1991 AG opinion to everyone. (attached)	R. Coler
	Is Kelly's question, how do we work around that now?	J. Beaulieu
	We should have some lawyers work on it	K. Sinko
	Ultimately it'll end up with the AG	C Schiessl
	Further investigation and follow up on this is needed, I'll reach out to our lawyers and then the AG	R. Coler
	h) successful models we have from the NGA document	R. Coler
	We have precedent for g), we're proposing regular transport which we've been doing for decades. It's outside of the 911 system and we've been doing it for decades.	M. Zanker
	This has to be tackled, I need to do research. We've always had non-emergency transports.	R. Coler
	Don't open a can of worms	M. Zanker
	We can interpret the statute	K. Sinko
	Any other next steps?	R. Coler
	Do we check in on 10/28? Or 11/1?	R. Coler
	I'd love a presentation on Kelly's work before 11/1	B. Baxter
	My goal is to share on 11/1.	K. Sinko
	We will meet on the 23 rd to check in	R. Coler
6. Public Comments:	Have you had any thoughts on going to the Health Foundation for financial assistance? They can be a part and assist with funding as well as the process.	M. Starkowski
	Thank you, will check into that	R. Coler
7. Adjourn and Next Meeting:	 Motion to adjourn made by S. Heffernan and seconded by K. Campanelli at 9:33 am Next meeting 10/23/18. 	R. Coler

CTN Video: http://ct-n.com/ctnplayer.asp?odID=15664

Mobile Integrated Health Working Group October 23, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 1D

Time: 9am

Agenda

Welcome Coler
 Approval of Minutes from 10/9/18 Coler

- 3. Subcommittees Report
- 4. Next Steps
- 5. Public Comment
- 6. Adjourn

Next meeting November 6, 2018, Room 1D

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 1A

Meeting Date: October 23, 2018

Attendees: Chris D. Andresen, Marybeth Barry, Joshua Beaulieu, Kristin Campanelli, Susan Halpin, Shaun Heffernan, Dr. Richard Kamin, David Lowell, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, James Santacroce, Chris Santarsiero, William Schietinger, Kelly Sinko, Dr. Michael F. Zanker,

Excused: Gregory Allard, Bruce B. Baxter, Dorinda Borer, Michael Bova, Jennifer Granger, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, Kimberly A. Sandor/Mary Jane Williams, Carl J. Schiessl, Heather Somers, Jonathan Steinberg, Tracy Wodatch, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Guests: Stacey Durante, Renee Holota,

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsib le
1. Welcome/ Housekeeping:		9:05 Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members present and discussed emergency procedure and exits.	R. Coler
2. Minutes:	Review of the 10/09/18 minutes	R Kamin made a motion to accept, all in favor, no abstentions	Group
4. Sub-Groups Reports/ Update:	a. Education	Meeting Thursday, will have final copy before November	J Beaulieu
	b. Reimburse- ments	Requests an extension for draft of two weeks; will circulate by 11/1 to subcommittee; draft to group between Nov 6 and next meeting	K Sinko
		We would like a draft report by the end of November	R Coler
	c. MIH/CP Programs	No update	D Lowell
	d. Legislative	No update	B Schietinger
		Will send K Campanelli's presentation back out to the group	R Coler

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e. Public Education/ Marketing	No update; awaiting a program decisions	R Kamin
	 Another trip to Boston to visit Cataldo Ambulance is planned (B Baxter, Jim Santacroce and S Durante attending) OEMS is following up with the AG and Assistant AG and will have an informal opinion and discussion regarding a waiver and if statutory changes are needed. We also have reached out to legal regarding NFS/public hearing process impact of the application process; cannot see what exact impact will be at this time; as we look at the application process and decide, we will see what that is. 	R Coler
f. Application	The application has been revised, please take a moment to review and comment	R Coler
	What is the value of CEMSAC and CEMSAB review if having a hearing? Would this be	J
	cumbersome?	Santacroce
	 Currently a Need for Service Application (NFS) is submitted to OEMS, once deemed complete, it is copied to regional councils and to the hearing office. We can revise the process. The question is should it go to a public hearing, or not; should it go to CEMSAB/CEMSMAC or not, lets discuss: 	R Coler
	It's reasonable to follow the NFS process	S Heffernan
	 I'm biased, being the chair of CEMSMAC These will be unique applications I don't want to see silos built I don't want medical oversite to be outside of this process It will make it a lengthy process, however, it will be worth it I see CEMSMAC and CEMSAB being a nexus There is a critical need for a transparent process as with the NFS; however, public hearing officers have no expertise of what is happening in this complicated system 	R Kamin
	 Element to preserve is public hearing. Can we have a public hearing outside of the public hearing office (PHO)? I agree that CEMSMAC/CEMSAB are imperative to this process 	J Beaulieu

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Agree with Josh	J
NFS is not the right way to go about this	Santacroce
This should go through CEMSMAC/CEMSAB	
Public comment is on the agenda of both of these committees	
Is this enough to fulfill the need for public comment?	
To recap: We do not want to go to a NFS / vote taken, the I's have it – No need for service	R Coler
 Alternate route – 3 bodies to comment on the application 	
• 1. Regional councils (RC)	
• 2. CEMSMAC	
• 3. CEMSAB	
 Once the MIH Application to OEMS is received and deemed complete, a copy can be mailed to the RC, CEMSMAC & CEMSAB with comment due back to OEMS 	
Will they have 45 days to review?	S
	Heffernan
The application can be mailed at the same time to all three council organizations (as stated above)	R Coler
and we can hold them to the 45 days	
• In NFS application, OEMS has to notify all in the area of their intent – is that necessary here?	
Who would the notification be to? Hospitals, Urgent Cares, other allied health providers? Can't just notify EMS agencies.	J Beaulieu
Stakeholders have to be defined – who are they?	R Coler
This information is asked for in the application – so how do we identify stakeholders?	J Beaulieu
The suggestion is to put a public meeting notice out through OEMS that a program is coming up for	R Coler
discussion at CEMSMAC and/or CEMSAB with meeting dates published in notification for public to	
attend if they have commentary	
Transparent and available for comment application process:	R Kamin
Typical way we inform stakeholders will have to be broader	
We already have a process in the state for broadly notifying stakeholders	
This may be the safest way until we can define stakeholders	
As long as we have and EMS Medical Director and Sponsor Hospital involved, I'm not sure this	
needs to be vetted through CEMSMAC as much as to inform CEMSMAC	
CEMSMAC can have a standing agenda item where we review current new programs and make	
folks aware of new programs	

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This may not be like the statewide protocols where CEMSMAC <u>has</u> to approve them	
Can CEMSMAC/CEMSAB just be in the loop in a parallel process as long as OEMS feels the	
application is deserving approval with medical direction, and stakeholders are informed?	
Clarification needed:	K Sinko
Do we see this as a different protocol or a brand new service?	
 According to statute, does CEMSMAC/CEMSAB have to approve? 	
Sponsor hospitals have to oversee this	R Kamin
 There will be something in the new regulations that keeps sponsor hospitals from writing their own 	
protocols independently	
Yes, this will be a new protocol AND a new service	
I thought we were all right with statute, however, I'm not sure now	K Sinko
 Ultimately, the authority for the scope of practice for a paramedic only comes under the sponsor hospital as long as deemed OK by OEMS 	R Kamin
The scope of practice for EMT and EMR falls under the CEMSAB	
To summarize:	R Coler
R Kamin's suggestion is not to look to CEMSAB/CEMSMAC for approval, however, to ask them to	
comment	
Yes, both groups were designed to assist OEMS when they have questions	R Kamin
 For the sake of practice that the OEMS looks at as not unreasonable, is safe, and is in an 	
environment of stakeholders being aware, I would like to see CEMSMAC in the loop, but not have	
the decision making capabilities	
This workgroups charge is to recommend different MIH programs	В
We have identified MIH programs that services are already providing, but 4 years down the road	Schietinger
we may have new programs identified	
Should we have a two pronged approach?	
Regarding scope of practice Statute 19a-179a – reads it – states that CEMSMAC & Commissioner	C Andresen
have ultimate authority	
Statues always trump regulations	
There is a contradiction in the regulations and it needs to be clarified regarding sponsor hospital	R Kamin
having ultimate authority in regard to a paramedic	
Approval by CEMSMAC & OEMS can be done	

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	The application comes to OEMS, OEMS deems in complete at which time it comes to CEMSMAC to	
	be deemed appropriate for the scope of practice segment	
	Keep in mind that none of the interventions spoken about or put into place by other services we've	
	heard would be outside the current scope of practice	
•	EMS is different from other licenses, as their scope of practice is very broad and not well defined	C Andresen
•	All other professions are very narrow	
•	It's an atypical scope of practice	
Becau	use this process is so flexible, should we use the existing process	K Sinko
•	We're not talking about a scope of practice issue	M Zanker
•	It's not what we are doing, it's where we are doing it that's different	J Beaulieu
•	The application of the same scope of practice in a different manner; the same interventions, just	R Kamin
	applied differently	
Using	different protocols?	K Sinko
•	Currently we have CT Statewide Protocols for paramedics	R Kamin
•	There may or may not be other protocols for various MIH initiatives and they may not be included	
	in the CT Statewide Protocols	
•	Initially, this will be a small local need being met	
•	I want CEMSMAC to be involved, but don't want it to hinder the process	
•	We are not creating a radically new process that would need additional resources, we already have	
	the mechanics available	
•	Yes, that's accurate	K Sinko
•	I'm still confused why we can't do this already	
	I can only respond if it's a 911 call activation currently	S
•	I can only take patients to an emergency department currently	Heffernan
•	Barrier one (above) will be discussed with the AG, that EMS personnel "cannot work outside the	R Coler
	911 system" – can we a) use a waiver process (part of application), or b) do we have to change	
	statute. We will meet regarding this.	
•	The second barrier is due to payment structure, not statute. The insurance community will only	
	pay for ambulance services if patients go to an emergency department – this is something the EMS	
	agency will have to work out in order to apply for an MIH program. It could be an ACO, a hospital,	
	this will have to be decided and is part of the application process also	

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 The other consideration to think about is if we build this cumbersome process and OEMS has to have a huge role, it will have a fiscal note attached to it. I've been transparent regarding the impact of a fiscal note. That's why we're looking at a system that's already in place. For instance, the regional council puts forth a recommendation only. OEMS has final say. CEMSMAC/CEMSAB would be an advisory role only. Statutes are contradictory and need to be defined by the AG. 	
 If approval is needed where scope of practice will not change, this will not be a large hurdle for CEMSMAC/CEMSAB to approve 	R Kamin
Legally can an advisory committee be an approving board to an application?	M Zanker
Yes, the law says it can	K Sinko
 Reads various statutes; <u>Chapter 384d Sec. 20-206jj(8)(9)</u> which defines paramedicine as – reads statute But when we go to <u>Chapter 370, 20-9b(14)</u> - reads This is not as straightforward as other providers statutes 	C Andresen
It will be important to clarify that for when it goes to the legislature	R Kamin
 Let's make sure we're not over regulating something you can already do If everyone is happy with the application, that's OK with me 	K Sinko
 I don't speak for the insurance carriers, S Halpin does If we change the law to say EMS can take patients to another place, it could be considered a new mandate and the state will have to absorb the cost of that, based on language in the Affordable Care Act; it's a distinction and I want to make sure it's understood 	K Campanelli
 I've been listening, thank you Kristen for clarifying that The question is if the state will allow a carrier, if they so choose, to enter into this kind of agreement We would not support anything that was mandated in statute, but there are companies that are interested in looking at innovative approaches to care delivery and I don't think we want to have it precluded by state statute A mandate would be opposed outright Issues: Target population associated with commercial insurance is very, very small – the focus really has been around Medicaid and perhaps Medicare which is a different set of governing rules Commercial insurance is only 30% regulated by the state; 70% is self-insured and regulated by Federal Arista Standard 	S Halpin

Should not put emphasis on commercial insurance/population in this group, shouldn't be the direction of this group	
 In statutes right now, it is permissible (not mandated) now to transport to an alternate destination however, except for BCBS there are no other insurance companies who will reimburse for this 	on, R Coler
 Yes, but how are they doing it? Through an ACO? Through direct contacts? A carrier today can contract with a (EMS) provider to do this A mandate is a floor, not a ceiling 	S Halpin
Where is the cost that would have to be absorbed by the State?	R Kamin
 See the PowerPoint that was presented to the group Ambulance Services and the Regulated Insurance Market in CT I can bring someone who is an actuary from the department to explain this at the next meeting? 	K Campanelli
 Conversation with AG- EMS does work currently outside of 911 system when transporting from hospital to home or facility to facility – how do we do that now? Regarding cost of FTE, can we add this to an application fee? Similar to MA, but modest fee? 	J Beaulieu
Put these ideas and options in the report, it is important as new people will be coming into the	K Sinko
administration and this will be considered in a new budget	
 We've discussed that we won't have hundreds of applications to begin, but the potential is there to have many in the future. Put into place a system that's scalable 	J Beaulieu
 Permissibility vs. Mandate BCBS has offered reimbursement to do something different and permissible Can you bring this up in your informal AG conversation? Is there anything restricting this? 	D Lowell
 The barrier/issue is CT's unique ambulance rate setting, not the insurance statutes It can't be charged unless/until CT sets a rate, that's the holdup which will be addressed in my report – setting a rate for treat and non-transport Current setup is sort of a fee for service – does this allow alternative payment contracts? 	K Sinko
Currently, there is a treat no transport precedent set for "dead after dispatch"? A payment rate is set fo that, can we adapt that?	r D Lowell
We'll take a look at that, to determine is we have to go through a regulation change or not - than you	nk K Sinko
Good, helpful discussion	R Coler

Time: 9:00 a.m.

Location:

LOB, 1A

	Application?	
	No NFS	
	We'll clarify role of RC, CEMSAB & CEMSMAC and resubmit	
	How about the rest of it? Is anything missing?	
	Reads current MIH Draft Application	
	Is the rest of the application acceptable?	
	Section 8 has Medical Direction	K Sinko
	Should Section 2 have that?	
	We could have more than one Medical Director, one from the sponsor hospital and one from the	J Beaulieu
	ACO, other hospital, ambulance service, etc.	
	That would require changes in statute	R Coler
	 Isn't it possible for a sponsor hospital to agree/collaborate with another physician? 	J Beaulieu
	This has come up in this committee's discussion in relation to the potential conflict of a medical	
	control/sponsor hospital providing oversite to a program that's asking to transport to another	
	facility	
	Yes, I remember Mark Schaeffer was very concerned about that point – thank you	R Coler
	That may be something to make statutory change specifically for this program	
	 Section 3 – add alternate destination? 	S
		Heffernan
	No, this is not an inclusive list, just an example	R Coler
	It's left open for other innovative programs	
	Any other questions?	R Coler
	Revise Section 10 to specify the PSA stakeholder(s) and surrounding PSA stakeholder(s)	D Lowell
	Yes, we can do that and reword	R Coler
	We need to define the stakeholders as we spoke of earlier	
	Will send a copy to you Susan as there are not enough copies	R Coler
	Should we add wording that this is limited to paramedics?	K Sinko
	Yes, we will add that, thank you	R. Coler
	Any other questions/comments?	
	Thank you	
	Next Steps?	
5. Next Steps:	Continue with subcommittees and report out at next meeting	R. Coler

6. Public	No public comment	R Coler
Comments:		
7. Adjourn	 Motion to adjourn made by Sean Heffernan with a second by the entire group at 10:19 am 	R Coler
and Next	Next meeting will be 11/6/18	
Meeting:		



Mobile Integrated Health Working Group November 20, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 1D

Time: 9am

Agenda

1. Welcome Coler

2. Approval of Minutes from 10/23/18 Coler

- 3. Subcommittees Report
- 4. Next Steps
- 5. Public Comment
- 6. Adjourn

Next meeting December 4, 2018, Room 1D

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 1A

Meeting Date: November 20, 2018

Attendees: Gregory Allard, Joshua Beaulieu, Kristin Campanelli, Jennifer Granger, Melanie Flaherty for Susan Halpin, Shaun Heffernan, Dr. Richard Kamin, David Lowell, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, James Santacroce, Chris Santarsiero, Carl J. Schiessl, Kelly Sinko, Tracy Wodatch, Dr. Michael F. Zanker, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Excused: Chris D. Andresen, Marybeth Barry, Bruce B. Baxter, Dorinda Borer, Michael Bova, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, Kimberly A. Sandor/Mary Jane Williams, William Schietinger, Heather Somers, Jonathan Steinberg

Guests: Stacey Durante, Renee Holota

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsible
1. Welcome/ Housekeeping:		9:11 Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members present and discussed emergency procedure and exits.	R. Coler
2. Minutes:	Review of the 10/23/18 minutes	D Lowell made a motion to accept, S Heffernan seconded, all in favor, abstentions are R Zavoski and T Wodatch	Group
4. Sub-Groups Reports/ Update:	a. Legislative	No update, no report	G Allard
		The AG 1991 opinion discussed at last meeting: EMS cannot work outside of the system, must have an EMS organization affiliation with a sponsor hospitals medical control oversite. We have had discussions at the office, we may have to make some legislative changes to accept the use of CP in the community. We are considering that at the office. I will give you the discussions thus far. Commissioner must ask the AG for the legal opinion on the above. Could be quite lengthy in the amount of time. A legislative change may be faster.	R Coler
	b. MIH/CP Programs	The 2 nd version of the report as filed is the final draft to be submitted for inclusion.	D Lowell
		In that report you spoke of – reads options from document. The programs are not exclusive – there may be others, as well as we are not replacing any currently available services in the community.	R Coler

Time: 9:00 a.m.

c. Public Education/ Marketing	On hold until process is decided upon	R Coler
d. Application	We are awaiting opinions from the office – as to NFS or CEMSMAC/CEMSAB approval. Questions? None	R Coler
e. Reimburse- ments	option with three EMS services; talks about a fee-for-service rate. I am circulating today or tomorrow for subcommittee and plan to have to entire group by 12/4	K Sinko
f. Education	Submitted report on 11/1 with six fairly broad recommendations – reads document submitted – Questions? None	J Beaulieu
	 The report skeleton is done and consists of: Executive Summary Sub group reports Information regarding existing programs Public Act – I'd like to have a discussion on the tasks in the Public Act today: 	R Coler
	Task #1: Identify areas in CT that would benefit from MIH – data must be submitted and GAP's identified. You must be able to identify the GAP's in your community in order to provide MIH. Agreed upon by group	R Coler
	Task #2: Interventions would be identified by GAP's, sponsor hospital and reviewed by CEMSMAC, approved and back to sponsor hospital	R Kamin
	No legislative change needed here – use the system in place	R Coler
	No treatment discussed here will include things currently outside of the scope of practice	R Kamin
	Task #3: Education – is covered by education sub group submittal	J Bealieu
	Task #4: Potential savings or additional costs:	R Coler
	Outlined in the report; lack of data makes it hard to layout cost savings or cost increases	K Sinko
	Task #5: Potential reimbursement issues:	R Coler
	 Treat, no-transport discussed here; insurance minimum is transport to ED currently; new mandate in statute could cost money and increase premiums; clear up any thought of scope of practice issues 	K Sinko
	Currently we are reimbursed for DOA; how does this work right now?	S Heffernan
	Predicated by rates and setting a rate	K Sinko
	Currently there is no rate for DOA, so how do we get paid?	S Heffernan

LOB, 1A

Location:

It's in the explanatory notes – it is defined	D Lowell
Thank you, we'll look at that	R Coler
Task #6 Criteria – we've defined this in the application process	R Coler
This is specific for the ALS provider	D Lowell
Task #7: Statute or regulations impacted by MIH – we're working on that piece	R Coler
Task #8 Successful models throughout the country – NGA Memo, Presentation from EasCare in MA	R Coler
Subsection 1: Collaboration with CEMSAB/CEMSMAC regarding alternate destination	R Coler
 No question of the ability to transport to alternate locations as long as protocol is followed and sponsor hospital medical control is involved 	R Kamin
 We talked about urgent care center transports – we can transport, however, there may not be reimbursement for that transport 	R Coler
 We are trying to come up with solutions that are patient care-centric; unfortunately they are not financial-centric as well 	R Kamin
 Do we limit this to hospital based urgent care centers? A lot of the urgent cares do not take people without insurance and will turn them away. 	M Zanker
 We are looking to provide efficiencies here, all stakeholders have to be at the table. In my community we've identified the urgent cares who will be taking all patients. I don't think we should limit this – each community should be able to put in action a program that works for them 	J Beaulieu
 In our report, we discussed this and made a suggestion in the report to begin with hospital based urgent cares 	D Lowell
 Concerned with just hospital based, in our community we have community health centers that would work with us and we want to be able to transport there if appropriate 	S Heffernan
 Josh's point is key – should be based in your community and all stakeholders must be at the table; this is a benefit to the patient to keep specific to the need in your community 	G Allard
Many of us do have the ability to communicate with other stakeholders	J Granger
 Urgent care's will hesitate due to liability insurance unless there is a financial model agreeable to everybody 	R Zavoski
We will identify the "stakeholders" at the table in application process	R Coler
 We're at a point where over defining may be counterproductive. Let's focus on development of the system, (i.e. application process), adding value by making this patient-centric. 	R Kamin
What stops someone from doing this today? If a self-paying patient asks to be dropped off at an urgent care or Minute Clinic what prohibits this?	S Heffernan

	 When 911 is dialed, there's an expectation of receiving the best care at the best destination and how to best serve the patient and the system that we're working within 	R Kamin
	 Interesting discussion – although there isn't a rule not to do that, a "Walmart or CVS Clinic" may not be happy about ambulances dropping people off at their door – have to take that into consideration. All stakeholders have to be at the table. 	R Zavoski
	Subsection 2 read – Yes, protocol driven and sponsor hospital driven	R Coler
	Is this for any EMS provider of just a paramedic?	K Sinko
	 ALS only by my understanding; BLS transport is done non-emergent to all kinds of people to testing facilities, homes, etc. This should be under the umbrella of MIH where a paramedic is making a decision that it's OK. 	D Lowell
	 If a paramedic is dispatched to a 911 call, wouldn't it be a higher level call? Not just a cut for instance? 	K Sinko
	The paramedic can decide if a BLS provider can transport to an alternate destination. ALS level	R Kamin &
	decision making has been discussed, but it's not outside the realm of thinking that BLS can go to alternate care after higher level decision making is made by a paramedic. Currently we have BLS going to an ED with a patient after a paramedic has determined this is appropriate.	D Lowell
	 Urgent care is not currently defined by DPH, therefore Medicare doesn't pay for this currently 	R Zavoski
	The new definition of urgent care went into effect 10/1/18 – it's being implemented currently	K Sinko
	Our deadline is 1/1/2019, we're in good shape	R Coler
5. Next Steps:	DPH and our Legislative Liaisons to put through a draft report next – is that agreed?	R Coler
J. Next Steps.	Next meeting 12/4 – I have a conflict for that day. I would like to put together and circulate the draft report and meet 12/18 to review. You may hear from me between now and 12/4. We'll meet 12/18 and discuss the report put forth the week before.	R Coler
	Is 12/18/18 this group's last meeting? What if we don't come to consensus? Will this group continue meeting?	J Beaulieu
	 Let's look at the draft report first and then we'll see if we want to continue meeting 	R Coler
	Where do the issues that have been tabled such as public education & marketing stand?	S Heffernan
	These are not an obligation, but will be helpful – this will unfold when the program is picked.	R Coler
6. Public Comments:	No public comment	R Coler
7. Adjourn and Next Meeting:	 Motion to adjourn made by D Lowell with a second by the entire group at 10 am No meeting 12/4/18 	R Coler

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 1A

 Report draft due one week before 12/18/18 Next meeting will be 12/18/18 and we'll decide then if the report will be ready in time. 	

Click here for CT-N Video



Mobile Integrated Health Working Group December 18, 2018

Location: Legislative Office Building, Room 2A

Time: 9am

Agenda

1. Welcome Coler

2. Approval of Minutes from 11/20/18 Coler

- 3. Review of the Draft MIH Report
- 4. Next Steps
- 5. Public Comment
- 6. Adjourn

Chair: Raffaella Coler, Director OEMS Time: 9:00 a.m. Location: LOB, 2B

Meeting Date: December 18, 2018

Attendees: Gregory Allard, Marybeth Barry, Bruce B. Baxter, Joshua Beaulieu, Kristin Campanelli, Susan Halpin, Shaun Heffernan, David Lowell, Dr. Maybelle Mercado-Martinez, James Santacroce, Chris Santarsiero, Carl J. Schiessl, William Schietinger, Kelly Sinko, Jonathan Steinberg, Tracy Wodatch, Dr. Michael F. Zanker, Dr. Robert W. Zavoski

Excused: Chris D. Andresen, Dorinda Borer, Michael Bova, Jennifer Granger, Dr. Richard Kamin, Dr. Jeannie M. Kenkare, Kimberly A. Sandor/Mary Jane Williams, Heather Somers

Guests: Stacey Durante, Renee Holota

Agenda Item	Issue	Discussion	Action/ Responsible
1. Welcome/ Housekeeping:	9:10 am	Raffaella Coler welcomed the workgroup members present and discussed emergency procedure and exits.	R. Coler
2. Minutes:	Review of the 11/20/18 minutes	D Lowell made a motion to accept, G Allard seconded, no discussion and all in favor, abstentions none	Group
3. Review of Draft MIH Report:		A review of the draft report distributed to the work group was discussed and can be viewed on CT-N. Below is a list of some of the changes/revisions discussed:	Group
		The question was raised an extension; an extension will be requested due to the holidays	R Coler
		Submitting language for definition of Mobile Integrated Healthcare	B Baxter
		Submitting language for review regarding non transport reimbursement in certain circumstances, and an allowable rate to various sections as discussed including reimbursement and recommendations section	D Lowell
		Submitting language for review regarding "Cost implications to insurance companies, Medicare/Medicaid patients and consumers"	K Campanelli

		 A short paragraph to be added and repeated throughout which states that MIH will not "displace, replace or reinvent the existing healthcare continuum pathway; MIH is there to supplement and augment the system". A definitions section will be added for clarification A table of contents will be inserted as report develops Will provide language for beginning section of report regarding data obtained (from entities such as NGA) discussing success and downstream cost savings of programs throughout the U.S. Will add studies to the bibliography identifying other programs which are successful Will add Federally Qualified Healthcare Clinics to Urgent Care section Will add recommendation bullet points to Executive Summary section Will add application draft to appendix; this should define who the "stakeholders" are Will reach out to OSET re: 911 regulations, nurse triage and a summary will be provided Add Conclusion Review and clarify if statutory change needed for "working outside of the 911 system" from AG 1991 opinion 	R Coler
		Each sub group will review their section and provide any additional submittals via email	All Sub Groups
		Submitting language for the Legislative section to include the AG's opinion	G Allard
		Payment/Reimbursement section: sub group members will be added; please draft and provide any changes to R Coler	K Sinko
4. Next Steps:		Request an extension? Unanimous "Yes"	Group
		Meeting second week of January with a new draft report; date will be distributed once a location is known	R Coler
5. Public Comments:		No public comment	
		A special thank you to Jill Kennedy for drafting the report	R Coler and group
6. Adjourn and Next Meeting:	10:39 am	A motion made to adjourn by K Campanelli, seconded by all	