# Watershed Training Workshop Identifying Problems and Solutions

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Subsurface Sewage Disposal System
Design and Function

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# Septic 101

- What is sewage?
  - Domestic Sewage
- Where does it go?
  - Different options for disposal
- What is a septic system?
  - System components and function
- How is a system located?
  - New and Repair
  - Vertical and horizontal distances

# Septic 101 cont.

- What happens when my system stops working?
  - System Repair
  - Malfunctioning and failed system
  - Pollutants in domestic sewage
- How do I know my system is not working properly?
  - Signs of failure and malfunction

## What is Sewage? Domestic Sewage



#### Domestic Sewage

- Water and human excretions
  - Toilets
  - Bathing water
    - shower
    - tub
  - Cooking and cleaning
  - Laundry
- Waste from restaurants and commercial buildings

# Where does it go?

What happens when we flush?

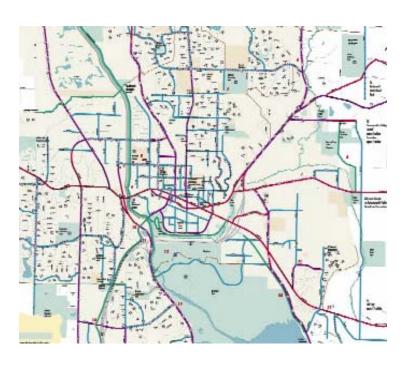
# Methods of Sewage Disposal

- Public Sewers: municipal treatment plant
- Conventional "Septic Systems"

#### **Public Sewers**

- Serves approximately 70 percent of the CT population
- Predominantly in urban areas and area of high density development





#### Conventional "Septic Systems"

- Served approximately 1 million people in CT
- Subsurface Sewage Disposal Systems



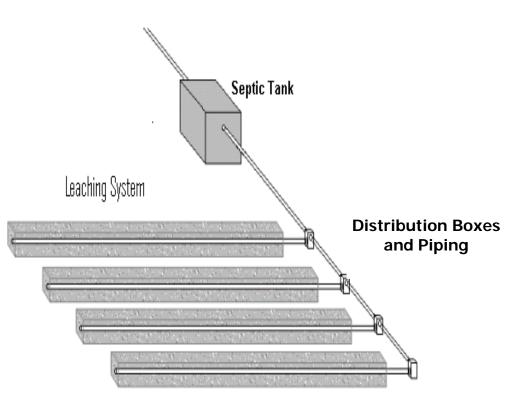


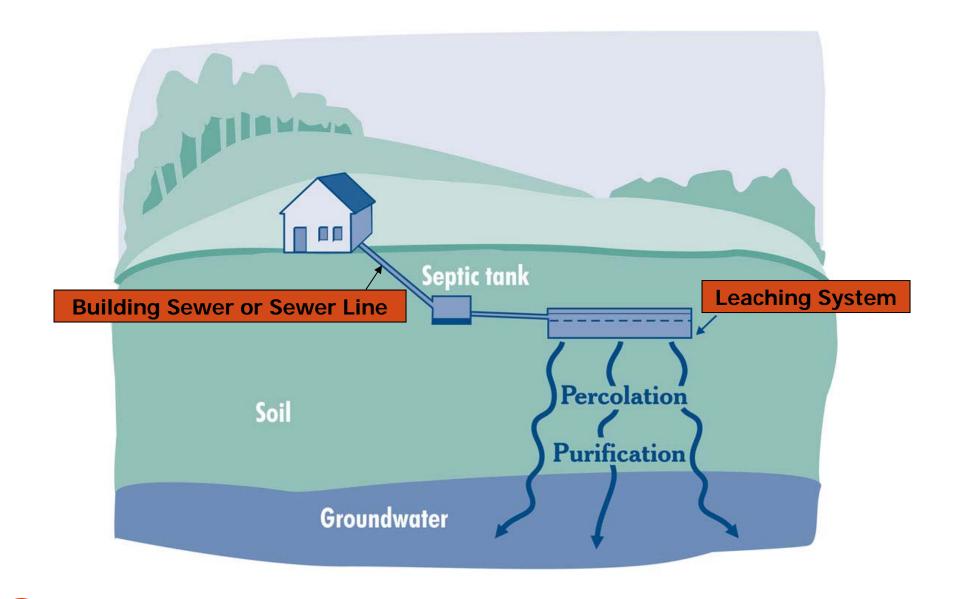
# What is a Septic System?



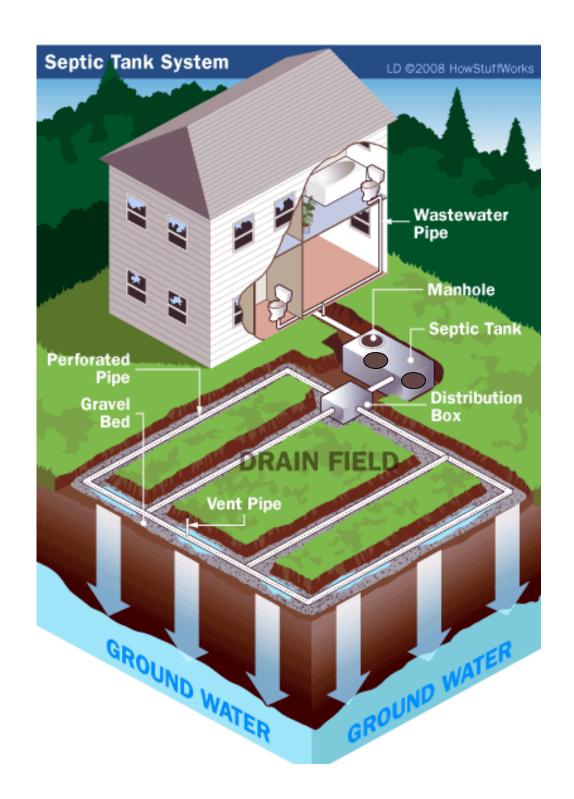
### System Components

- Building Sewer
- Septic Tank
- Distribution Piping
- Leaching System
- Necessary pumps, grease traps and groundwater control systems



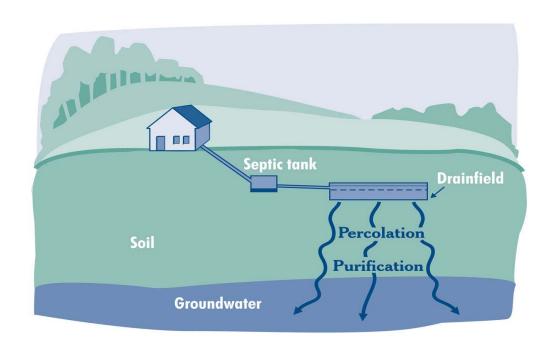






#### Building or House Sewer

• Refers to the pipe located between the building served connecting to the septic tank



#### Septic Tank

• Provides the primary treatment: separates, settles and digests



# Septic Tank



#### Distribution Piping

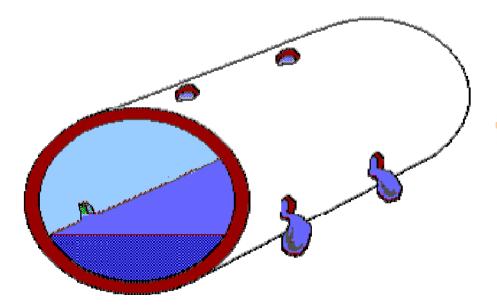
• Consists of the piping leading from the septic tank to the leaching system.



#### Distribution Box



# Perforated Piping



4" Diameter Distribution Piping

#### Leaching System

• Properly functioning leaching system should disperse effluent (liquid from the septic tank) into the surrounding soils without breaking out on the ground surface or polluting the groundwater.

# Leaching Types

- Trench
- Pits
- Galleries
- Proprietary products
  - Plastic chamber
  - Mats
  - Forms
  - Cardboard

#### **Stone Trenches**



## Leaching Pit or Dry Well





# Galleries – 12-inch high





#### What You May See (OK)

- Components at Grade
  - Risers on Tank or Pump Chambers
  - Cleanouts
  - Vent Pipes
  - Electrical Box for Pump
  - SoilAir<sup>TM</sup> Blower









#### If You See These, There is a Problem

- Soggy Grass
- Liquid effluent (grey and smell)
- Pooled water around a risers, vents or cleanouts
- Exposed tank or leaching system (not being installed)
- Water lines <10' to septic components





# What if There is a Problem? Call the Local Health Department/District

State of Connecticut - Local Health Departments and Districts, June 2019

