

Public Trails on Reservoir Lands Panel Discussion

October 7, 2013

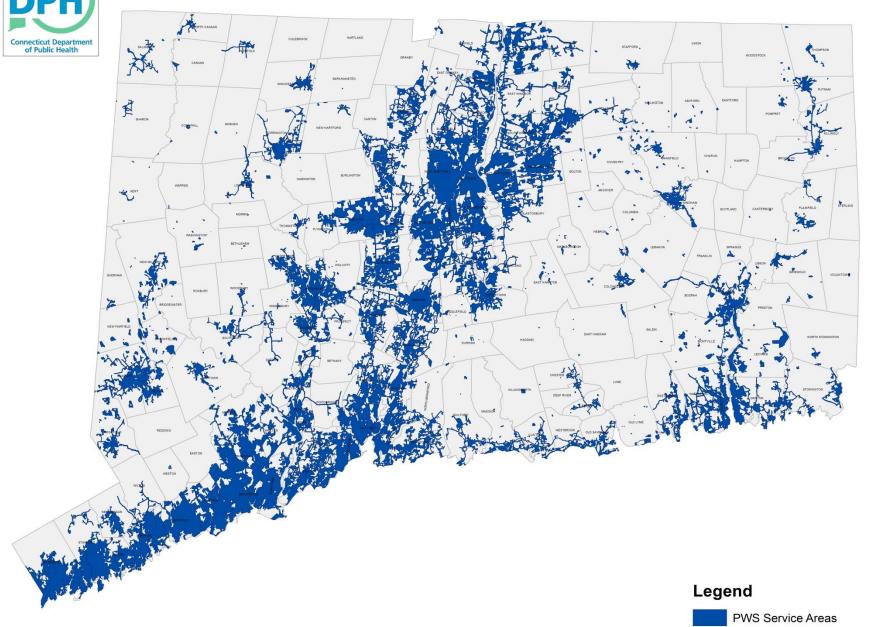
Lori Mathieu, Public Health Section Chief
Drinking Water Section
Connecticut Department of Public Health



CT DPH Drinking Water Section Responsibilities

- Regulate over 2,500 Public Water Systems with 4,400 sources
- 2.9 million CT residents served 3.5 million total population
- 96 systems serve over 1,000 people
- 461 systems serve under 1,000 people small community systems
- 2,028 non-community systems

Public Water Supply Service Area



Connecticut Department of Public Health Drinking Water Section - Unit Responsibilities

Planning

Water Supply Plan Process & Review Water Utility Coordinating Committee (WUCC) Process Sale of Excess Water (SEW) Permits Source Abandonment Permits Reservoir Capacity Monitoring Water Conservation, Water Use Restrictions, & Drought Planning Water Company Screening Applications Certificate Phase 1A feasible interconnection evaluation Proposed Legislation Review Department of Environmental Protection Diversion Permit Review Potable water supply options for contaminated areas Water Planning Council

Source Water Protection

Well siting permits Water company land permits Watershed survey review/approval Water Company recreational land use permits: Pesticide permits Source Water Protection workshops, education, stakeholders meetings Local project reviews Spill/Bypass Response Department of Environmental Protection Diversion Permit Review Drinking Water Quality Management Plan development Connecticut Environmental Policy Act & State Agency project reviews Class III land verification

Compliance Regions Sanitary Surveys (Routine & Priority)

General Technical Assistance to Public
Water Systems/Consumers
Project Reviews & DWSRF/STEAP/STAG
Technical Reviews
Certificate of Public Convenience and
Necessity - Phase 1B and 2
Consumer Complaints
Security/Emergency Response
Sanitary Survey Response Compliance
Cross Connection Control
GWUDI Reviews

Enforcement and Certification

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) <u>Violations</u> Monitoring and Reporting Violations

Public Notification Rule Violations Formal Enforcement Actions and Tracking

Drinking Water Standard Exceedances

Lead and Copper Action Level

Exceedances and Requirements
Consumer Confidence Reports

Monthly Operating/Treatment Log

Violations

Enforcement Targeting Tool Response

Attorney General Referrals
Certification of Operators

Certification of Operators

Operator Training

Technical Assistance to Operators

System Operator Compliance

Operator Investigations

Operator Disciplinary Actions

Certification of Backflow Personnel WTP Classification Form reviews

Information Systems

Rule Implementation and Compliance Determination

Monitoring Requirements and Schedules Water System Inventory Maintenance Water System Contact Information

Electronic Data Interchange (EDI)

Data Systems Management (SDWIS, ESS, DWSCAD)

Geographic Information Systems (GIS) Document Management and Archiving Website Design and Maintenance

Data Quality Assurance/Quality Control

CT and EPA Reporting Requirements

Bottled Water Source Review

Fluoridation

Annual Public Water System Violations Report

Capacity Development

Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund

Grants Management

Capitalization Grant

Public Water System Supervision Grant Water Protection Coordination Grant

EPA Performance Partnership Agreement

Federal Special Appropriations Projects (STAG-Drinking Water Projects)

Capacity Development Coordinator

Regulation Development Coordinator Contracts

Asset Management Training Quality Management Plan Quality Assurance Project Plan Outreach and Education Support Records Retention Policy



What is Source Water Protection?

- Source Water Protection Unit's Goal: Protect and preserve all existing and future sources of public drinking water supply to assure water purity and adequacy.
 - Protecting the water company land that supplies Connecticut's sources of public water supply
 - Ensuring that land use does not impair source water quality
 - Optimization of source water quality



Source Water Protection: Connecticut's Statutory/Regulatory Protections

- CGS Section 22a-417, 22a-430
- CGS Section 25-32
- CGS 25-32f
- CGS 25-34 & 25-33g
- CGS Section 22a-66z
- CGS 8-3i, 8-2 & 8-23
- CGS Section 25-43 and 43c
- RCSA Section 19-13-B102(b)
- RCSA Section 19-13-B32

Discharges prohibited

Water Company Land

Testimony local projects

Threats to public water

Aquatic Pesticides

Notification of Projects

Bathing, Recreation

Watershed Surveys



CGS Section 25-43c: Recreational Activities

- Section 25-43c of the Connecticut General Statutes (CGS) provides the Drinking Water Section of the Connecticut Department of Public Health the authority to review and issue permits authorizing water companies to allow recreational activities on reservoirs and within designated areas of the watersheds of reservoirs or aquifer protection areas: "The Commissioner of Public Health, upon application by a water company, may issue to such company a permit..."
- Common examples of permitted recreational activities:
 - passive(walking, hiking)
 - hunting by bow or firearm
 - fishing
 - bicycling



Recreational Activity Permitting Requirements

- The Drinking Water Section (DWS) reviews recreational activity permit applications to determine if the applicant demonstrates that the proposed activity will not have a significant adverse impact upon the present and future purity and adequacy of the public drinking water supply per supply per CGS Sec. 25-32(b) and RCSA Sec.25-37d-2(c).
- Typically, an annual report that outlines any concerns associated with activity is required by DWS as a condition of the permit.
- The permit may provide additional conditions.



CGS Section 25-43c: Recreational Activities

- Water Companies are the only entity that may apply for a permit
- CGS Section 25-43c (e) No water company shall be liable in damages except with respect to willful or wanton conduct for injury or property damage to any person who enters upon its lands or waters under the provisions of this section.



Summary

- The law allows passive recreation
- The water company is the applicant
- Many examples of programs
- Existing programs are controlled and assure public health protection
- The water company is the gatekeeper and is responsible for assuring drinking water quality





Thank You

<u>lori.mathieu@ct.gov</u>

www.ct.gov/dph/publicdrinkingwater