# **MDC WATERSHED MANAGEMENT: Protecting the Water Supply at its**

### Source

## **MDC's WATERSHED MANAGEMENT UNIT**

 Responsible for protecting and managing over 30,000 acres of MDC lands in both CT and MA that drain to our supply reservoirs.



 Goal is to provide the cleanest water possible to our water treatment facilities.



### Watershed Forests

Forests are the most desirable land use for protecting drinking water supplies:

- Provide a natural filtration system
- Buffer reservoirs from pollutants
- Intercept runoff, moderate stream flows, stabilize soils
- Reduce the amount and cost of water treatment needed.

#### Green Infrastructure





The Metropolitan District Watershed Forest Management Plan



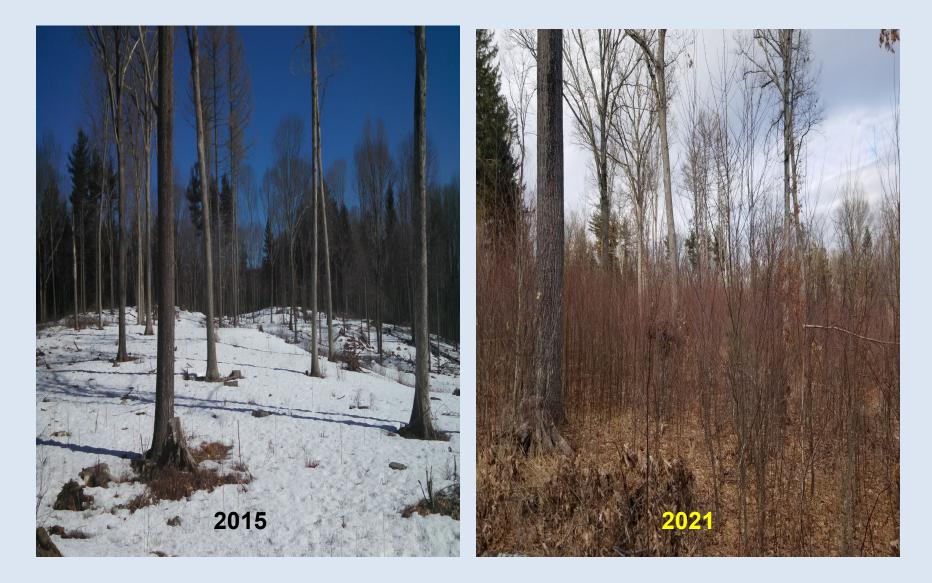
MDC Water Supply Watershed Management Unit

**MDC's Watershed Forest Management Plan** - uses an ecosystem approach and provides information about watershed geology, soils, wildlife, biodiversity, cultural features, as well as a description of the extent and condition of the forest and timber resources. The plan establishes priorities and guides decision-making.



Promote a continuous cycle of healthy, diverse forest cover over time. A healthy forest is more resilient and better able to withstand disturbances. This reduces the risk that a single catastrophic event such as a hurricane, insect or disease infestation will destroy the entire forest and degrade soils and water quality. Diversity of tree species and age classes is critical.

### **Timber Harvest**



#### **Clean Water #1 Forest Product**

MDC's commercial timber sales are harvested by contract loggers under careful planning, layout and supervision by MDC foresters.

Foresters and loggers are licensed by CT DEEP.



# Spill Kits



- Oil absorbent pads
- Oil absorbent booms
- Speedy dry
- Plastic garbage bags
- Empty 5 gallon bucket
- Latex gloves
- Plug n Dike (Bentonite clay for temporarily plugging leaks in fuel tanks)
- Shovel

# Management Challenges

- Deer destroy native plant communities
- Prevent tree regeneration and growth
- Eliminate the forest understory
- Increase the risk of soil erosion and runoff, causing water quality degradation
- Reduce biodiversity and affects long-term forest health







## Slash Wall

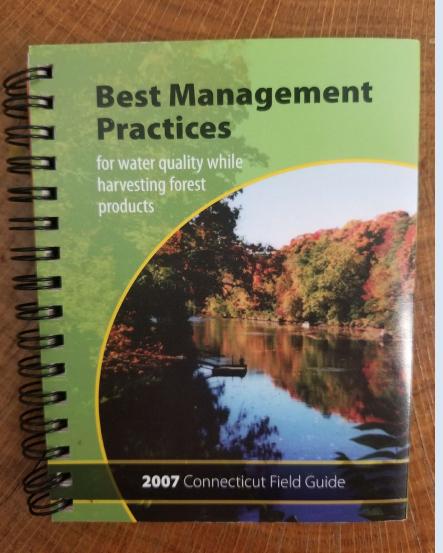


## **Inspecting Forestry Operations**

**Contact Local Land Use** Office Determine if the project may impact your watershed Contact the Forester or logging Contractor and schedule inspection Always wear high visibility clothing and hard hat while on site

## Forestry Best Management Practices

https://portal.ct.gov/DEEP/Forestry/Forest-Practitioner-Certification/Best-Management-Practices



#### **BMP Manual:**

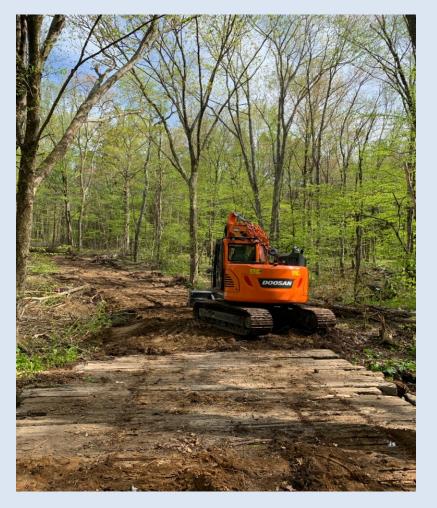
- Forestry Regulations
- Log Landings
- Skid Trails
- Stream Crossings
- Vernal pools
- Erosion and Sediment
  Control Techniques
- Hazardous Materials
- Post Harvest Clean Up

## Log Landings



- Fuel Storage, Hazardous Materials, Leaking Equipment
- Tracking Pad

## **Stream Crossing**





## **Post Harvest Stabilization**



Hay and seed skid trails and Landings Install water bars and straw waddles on slopes



