

Connecticut Department of Public Health HIV Surveillance Program
White non-Hispanic People Living with HIV Infection by Sex, Race, and Risk, Connecticut, 2015

	Mode of Transmission																Total	
	MSM		IDU		MSM and IDU		Heterosexual contact		Perinatal		Presumed Heterosexual contact		Other		Unknown			
	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of total
Total	1,642	47.0	776	22.2	86	2.5	581	16.6	27	0.8	47	1.3	16	0.5	319	9.1	3,494	100.0
Sex																		
Male	1,642	61.6	445	16.7	86	3.2	213	8.0	13	0.5	--	--	13	0.5	255	9.6	2,667	76.3
Female	--	--	331	40.0	--	--	368	44.5	14	1.7	47	5.7	3	0.4	64	7.7	827	23.7
Current Age																		
<20	2	33.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	4	66.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	6	0.2
20-29	95	68.3	2	1.4	1	0.7	13	9.4	21	15.1	2	1.4	--	--	5	3.6	139	4.0
30-39	188	57.3	36	11.0	10	3.0	49	14.9	2	0.6	10	3.0	1	0.3	32	9.8	328	9.4
40-49	352	45.9	156	20.3	24	3.1	136	17.7	--	--	14	1.8	2	0.3	83	10.8	767	22.0
50-59	638	44.7	364	25.5	36	2.5	245	17.2	--	--	16	1.1	5	0.4	124	8.7	1,428	40.9
60+	367	44.4	218	26.4	15	1.8	138	16.7	--	--	5	0.6	8	1.0	75	9.1	826	23.6

Data based on address at diagnosis of HIV or AIDS

This table presents HIV Infection cases using the year the person was first diagnosed

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

1 - persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)

2 - a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS

3 - concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS

Data supplied from HIV Surveillance for cases reported through 2016