

PERMIT TO COLLECT FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS FOR SCIENTIFIC & EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES

Rea#

Under the authority of Connecticut General Statutes, Sections 26-60 and 26-57, this permit is hereby granted by the Department of Energy & Environmental Protection to:

CT DEEP Volunteer Water Monitoring Program Organization/Institution: 860-424-3061 **Vessel Name** Permittee: Chloe Edwards, WPLR **Work Phone Department: Home Port** Home Telephone Address: 79 Elm Street DEEP.RBVProgram@ct.gov City, State, Zip Code: **Email Contact** Hartford, CT 06106

AUTHORIZED TO:

Species: Riffle-dwelling benthic macroinvertebrates

Location of Collection: Connecticut high gradient streams, statewide

Activities authorized: May use benthic macroinvertebrate collection equipment (such as rectangular-frame kick-nets) to sample approximately 100 - 150 streams per year. Permittee is authorized to collect up to three (3) specimens per family at each sampling site per year.

Subpermittees: Certified local RBV coordinators and trained RBV program volunteers under guidance from Chloe Edwards

Disposition of Specimens: Specimens shall be deposited at CT DEEP Monitoring Group Laboratory, located at 9 Windsor Ave, Windsor, CT.

Special Conditions:

- 1. Organisms collected under this permit may not be sold, exchanged or removed from the state.
- All collecting devices (net, trap, etc.) should be labeled as feasible with the following: DEEP WPLR-SC-2224001.
- 3. Rotenone, piscicides and electrofishing devices shall not be used.
- 4. This permit does not authorize the taking of specimens or eggs of state or federally listed species including striped bass. Non-target species shall be released on site.
- 5. Any state listed species encountered during sampling shall be reported on Special Animal Survey Forms, including maps, photographs and GPS coordinates, along with the annual report.
- 6. Permission from town officials and private landowners and organizations shall be obtained prior to the commencement of any project activities.
- 7. For sampling on DEEP controlled lands, the permittee shall notify the land manager with primary responsibility for each facility at least 48 hours in advance of conducting any collection activities outside of normal visiting hours.
- 8. This collection permit does not exempt the permittee from other DEEP regulations: Vehicles are prohibited in areas closed to vehicles; state lands are closed at sunset and reopen at sunrise.
- 9. To prevent disease transmission, all nets, footwear, and equipment used during this project shall be decontaminated between visits and between streams and wetlands with a 3% bleach solution according to NEPARC disinfection protocols (See attached page).

GENERAL CONDITIONS:

- 1. THIS PERMIT DOES NOT AUTHORIZE THE TAKING OF COMMERCIAL SHELLFISH. Please contact the Dept. of Agriculture, Division of Aquaculture for more information at (203)
- 2. All persons assisting in the collection of organisms authorized by this permit shall work under the direction of the permittee and carry a copy of this permit at all times.
- 3. A report of all organisms taken or captured shall be provided annually by January 15th or the expiration of the permit. This report shall include: numbers and species of all individuals handled, captured or taken. State and federally listed species shall be reported on a Special Animal Survey Form and submitted to DEEP with a map of the site and photographs of the organism(s). 4. Such permit is subject to permission of the landowner on whose land or waters collecting or relocation takes place.
- 5. Collection of any federally protected species requires the permittee to hold and carry the proper federal permit along with this permit.
- 6. All equipment or materials (e.g., traps, nets, markers, etc.) used to conduct the activities authorized by this permit shall be removed from study sites by the expiration date of this permit.

Permit Number: SC-2224001

Permit Duration: March 8, 2024 - March 7, 2026

Expiration: 03/7/2026

Law Enforcement

Laurie Fortin, Wildlife Division

Mike Beauchene. Inland Fisheries

Will Hochholzer, Forestry Division

Kim Williams, Parks Division

Approved by:

Peter Aarrestad, Director, Fisheries Division

Date: 3/7/2024

79 Elm Street, Hartford, CT 06106-5127 https://portal.ct.gov/DEEP **Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer**

DISINFECTION OF FIELD EQUIPMENT TO MINIMIZE RISK OF SPREAD OF CHYTRIDIOMYCOSIS AND RANAVIRUS¹



IMPORTANCE OF DISINFECTION

The spread of pathogens is a major threat to amphibians and reptiles worldwide.²⁻⁵ This is particularly true for Ranavirus (RV) and *Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis* (Bd) responsible for chytridiomycosis. Humans can transmit diseases from one place to another and from one organism to another in a short amount of time and over distances the organisms cannot traverse. With the increasing spread of pathogens and reports of die-offs among amphibians and select reptiles worldwide, it is imperative that field biologists, researchers, hobbyists, and anyone interested in recreational herpetology-related field activities employ basic disinfecting procedures to prevent the spread of pathogens.

BEFORE LEAVING FOR THE FIELD

Although other chemicals are effective (see table), NEPARC recommends a 3% bleach solution to inactivate Bd and most RV's.³⁻⁷ Concentrated bleach is inexpensive and readily available. However, diluted bleach solutions lose their potency if exposed to air, sunlight, or organic material, and should be discarded after 5 days if exposed.⁸ To ensure maximum efficacy, prepare only as much solution as you will need for the sampling event.

Suggested equipment:

- Brushes for scrubbing and/or removing mud and vegetation from equipment.
- Hand sanitizers and antiseptic alcohol wipes.
- Handheld bottles and/or pump sprayers for applying bleach and water. Bring clean rinse water.





- Gloves for handling animals. These should be disinfected or discarded between animals.
- Plastic bags of different sizes: examining animals in bag minimizes contact.
- Prepare additional sets of equipment if sampling at multiple locations.
- Trash bags.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR LARGE EQUIPMENT

Brush off mud, wash with biodegradable soap, disinfect with bleach and rinse all exterior surfaces of boats, canoes, vehicles or trailers and their tires that may have come in contact with potentially affected water (e.g. stream or wetland).

AFTER EACH SAMPLING EVENT AND BEFORE MOVING TO THE NEXT SITE

- 1. Brush off mud and vegetation from field equipment (e.g., nets, buckets, boots). Soil or mud can reduce the effectiveness of the disinfection process.
- 2. Generously spray or immerse all items in bleach solution.
 - Bleach is highly toxic to aquatic organisms; stand at least 50 m from any natural water source.
 - Lab studies indicate 1 minute contact time to be sufficient to inactivate pathogens but NEPARC recommends 5 minutes in field situations.
- 3. Rinse bleached items with water to minimize damage to the equipment and to prevent exposing the next wetland to residual bleach.
- 4. Use alcohol wipes to disinfect calipers, measuring boards, and other sensitive equipment.







END OF THE DAY

After returning from the field, all equipment should be washed and thoroughly disinfected. If available, set up 2 buckets or large tubs: one with soapy water and one with 3% bleach solution.

Brush or scrub off any soil or vegetation. Immerse into soap, wash then rinse.

- Immerse in bleach and leave for 5 minutes. Rinse thoroughly with water.
- Hang equipment and gear, and allow them to air dry completely.

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DISINFECTION OPTIONS FOR RANAVIRUS (RV) AND BATRACHOCHYTRIUM DENDROBATIDIS (Bd)

Although these chemicals were not developed specifically for RV or Bd, these recommendations represent the minimum concentration and contact time demonstrated as effective

	Clorox Bleach®	Nolvasan [®]	Virkon S®	Ethanol
Active Ingredient (AI)	Sodium hypochlorite	Chlorhexidine	Potassium peroxymonosulfate	Ethyl alcohol
Concentration of Al	6.0%	2.0%	20.4%	70.0%
Relative cost	\$4.99/gal	\$65.95/gal	\$76.50/10 lb or \$1.60/gal	\$23.45/L or \$88.83/gal
Min. Contact Time RV ⁹ /Bd ¹⁰	1 min / 30 sec	1 min / not determined	1 min / 20 sec	1 min ¹¹ / 20 sec
Min. Concentration RV ⁹ /Bd ¹⁰	3.0% / 1.0%	0.75% / not determined	1.0% / 1.0%	70% / 70%
Effective dilution ratio for both RV and Bd	1:32 dilution (bleach:water) for 3% solution using 6% concentration of household bleach.	1:127 (Nolvasan [®] : water) for 0.75% solution (RV only)	1 scoop (1.3 oz) or 1 tablet per gal of water	Effective when applied undiluted (70%)
Toxicity to Humans	 Vapor may cause severe irritation or damage to eyes and skin Harmful if swallowed 	 May be fatal if inhaled Avoid breathing spray mist Causes irreversible eye damage Harmful if swallowed 	 Harmful if swallowed Irritating to respiratory system and skin May cause serious eye damage 	 May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled Can damage liver, kidneys and nervous system by repeated or prolonged exposure May be absorbed through skin. Repeated or prolonged contact can cause eye irritation or dermatitis¹²
Toxicity to Amphibians	Fatal at high concentrations	Safe for short durations ¹³	• Non-toxic ¹⁴	May destroy mucus and wax resulting in dehydration and microbial infection ¹¹
Effects on Equipment	Corrodes metalsWill fade colors and break down cloth fibers	None reported	 Safe on fabric May cause pitting on galvanized or soft metal if not rinsed with water 	 May damage rubber and plastics May cause deterioration of glues¹²

Special Instructions:

• Remove debris from equipment prior to treatment. • Wear safety glasses and gloves when handling chemicals. • Water pH can affect chemicals; all information in this table assumes the use of tap or municipal water. • Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds; stand at least 50 m from any natural water source. • Do not clean equipment or dispose of waste solutions at field sites. • For disposal, follow local, state, and federal guidelines.

Bleach: Inactivated by organic material. • Inactivated by sunlight. • If in an opaque container, diluted bleach will last 1 month¹⁶. If exposed to sunlight or air, it will only last 5 days.

Nolvasan: Can be inactivated by organic material. * • Store at room temperature in sealed container. * • Dilute concentrate with water of pH 5-7. * • Remains stable for 1 week if dilute with tap water, and for up to 6 weeks if diluted with deionized water. * • Use concentrate within 36 months. * • Toxic to fish. *

Virkon-S: Store at room temperature. ¹⁹ • Keep solution away from extreme cold or heat. • Shelf life for tablets is 2 years and for powder is 3 years. • Remains stable for 1 week if diluted with tap water.

Ethanol: Highly flammable. • Use and store in a well ventilated area. • Evaporation may diminish effective concentration. 12,18

CITATIONS FOR DISINFECTION OF FIELD EQUIPMENT TO MINIMIZE RISK OF SPREAD OF CHYTRIDIOMYCOSIS AND RANAVIRUS

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CITATIONS FOR DISINFECTION OF FIELD EQUIPMENT TO MINIMIZE RISK OF SPREAD OF CHYTRIDIOMYCOSIS AND RANAVIRUS (CONTINUED)

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