## NEWMOA

Unlocking the Valuer Transforming the Connecticut Materials Economy

CRI's Jobs Studys. Returning to Work

Susan V. Colljins Container Recycling Institute
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Container Recycling Institute:

Striving to
make North America a global model for the collection and quality recycling of packaging materials.

## Mission Statement

CRI's mission is to make North America a global model for the collection and quality recycling of packaging materials. We do this by:
$>$ Creating and maintaining a database on containers and packaging
> Studying container and packaging reuse and recycling options and legislation, including deposit systems, and their environmental and economic impacts
> Educating on recycling options for government, elected officials, for citizen groups, the print and broadcast media, publications and industry groups

- Creating national networks



## Prepared by:

## Persistent Question

- How many jobs would be created if we enacted a container deposit law in our state?
$>$ We had some data, but did not have an authoritative, comprehensive answer.

Figure 3. Recycling Rates of Selected Products, 2009*


Products
*Does not include combustion (with energy recovery).

## Source: USEPA

U.S. Access to Curbside Recycling vs. Recycling Rates for 3 Container Types, 1990-2002


## Container Deposit Return Programs Result in Higher Beverage Container Recycling Rates

## Average Beverage Container Recycling

 Rates

Source: CRI's 2008 Beverage Market Data Analysis (using 2006 data)

## U.S. States with Container Deposit Laws

## Oregon

Vermont
Michigan
Maine
lowa
Connecticut
Massachusetts
New York
California
Hawaii
Guam (new)


## Project Background

Conducted literature review

- No similar studies

Development of performance indicators:

- weight; volume; energy savings; pollution prevention; cost; and impact on domestic jobs
$>$ Primary research needed
- To understand how \& why these jobs are created

To provide a jobs estimate.

## Project Goals

$>$ Measure direct impacts on domestic jobs
$>$ From increased recycling of beverage containers

- Glass, aluminum \& PET
- Compare/quantify container deposit return (CDR) programs, curbside recycling and landfill
> Create a calculator: "Measuring the Impact from Recycling on Jobs" calculator (MIRJcalc) (user inputs available)


## Study Methodology

Primary data collection - data points each for "stage":

1. Collection (includes transport to MRF or transfer station)
2. Operations at MRF, transfer station or landfill
3. Transport to landfill
4. Secondary processing
5. End-use manufacturing (virgin or recycled content)
6. Raw materials extraction and refining
7. Administration/supervision/auxillary positions

FLOW CHART: DOMESTIC LABOR (USA) DIRECTLY RELATED TO COLLECTION OF BEVERAGE CONTAINERS FOR RECYCLING AND DISPOSAL


COLLECTION

CURBSIDE COLLECTION:

MANUAL AUTOMATED

Primary Processing /
Material Recovery Facility (MRF)


PET
RECYCLING /
RECLAIMERS


## Model Exclusions

- Recycling-reliant employment
- Transport post MRF
- Indirect effect
- Induced effect

Out-of-country

## Quantifying Jobs Impact Data

- Estimate number of employees (FTEs) per 1000 ton throughput
$>$ PET
Aluminum
-Glass
$>$ Each stage (collection, processing and secondary processing)
$>$ Estimate FTEs for extraction and preparation of virgin material


## Overview of Findings

Jobs Created (U.S.) from Beverage Container Recycling


Ton for ton, deposit-refund materials require one and a half to four times more employees for collection and transport to the MRF than curbside systems.

Collection Jobs per 1000 tons of Beverage Containers CDR and Curbside Systems
(Automated and Manual)


## Comparing the Jobs from Recovering Glass vs. Virgin Raw Material Extraction



## Comparing the Jobs from Recovering PET vs. Virgin Raw Material Production



## $50 \%$


of PET bales collected in the U.S. are exported

## Current US PET Reclamation (Based on 1.2Billion Lbs/yr)



## Conclusions

$>$ As recovery tonnage increases, employment increases
related to collection, processing and secondary processing
>excepting exports
Losses that occur in primary resourceextraction activities are greatly outnumbered by the jobs created in material-recovery activities

## Conclusions (cont.)

A deposit refund collection system for beverage containers creates many more domestic jobs than curbside collection

- And these are LOCAL jobs
- Improved material quality directly impacts U.S. jobs; clean/separated recyclables more likely to stay in the U.S. for use by domestic manufacturers rather than be exported to foreign markets


## Glass: Deposit vs. Single Stream



## How can this research help me?

Support waste recovery systems that ensure high rates of capture and keep material clean/separated. Ton for ton, this material will create more local and domestic jobs than would a dirtier mix of recyclables.
-http://www.container-recycling,org/
-http: //www.containerrecycling/.org/issues/iobs.htm

## Jobs Calculator

Input two-letter code for State to automatically calculate the number of jobs that will be created

User can customize and change certain inputs

## http:://www.container-recycling,org/

http://www.container-recycling.org/issues/iobs.htm
Jobs page has CRI Study, "Returning to Work," the jobs calculator, and links to several other studies on recycling jobs

## To Gef More Informaifion



Just type in:
Container Recycling Institute!

## Visit us at...

wWW. container-recycling.org

$$
\frac{\text { www.bottlebill.org }}{(310) 559-7451}
$$


$>$ Igloos for collection of color-sorted glass

# European Glass Collection Methods 

$>$ Refillables
> Deposits on one-way containers
$>$ Door-to-door (curbside)
>Bottle banks
C Civic Amenity Centers

