

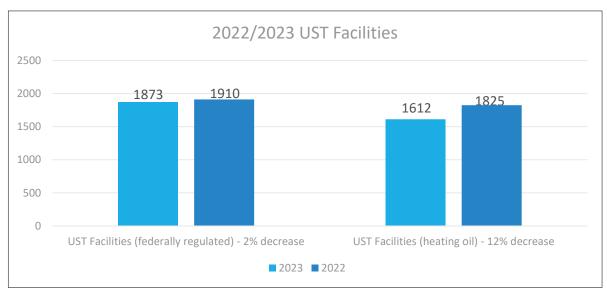


## **OUTLINE**

- Background and Purpose of Regulations
- Regulatory Changes
- Timeline

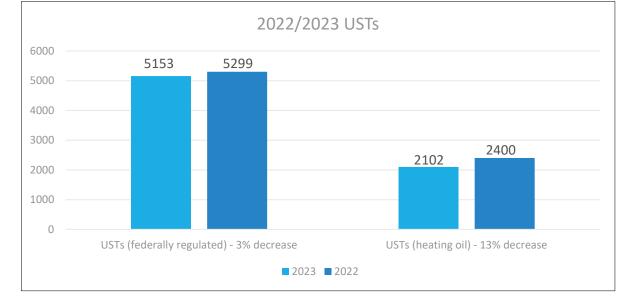


### **UST SYSTEM UNIVERSE**









## PURPOSE OF THE PROPOSED REGULATIONS

Intended to modernize and update UST requirements:



- clarify certain requirements which have proven to be confusing
- add additional flexibility to certain requirements, including life expectancy
- consistent with current technologies
- eliminate outdated standards
- streamline recordkeeping requirements into one section

## SCOPE / EXISTING REGULATIONS IMPACTED

RCSA 22a-449(d)-1 (State Only)

### **Applicability:**

- Heating oil for onsite consumption at commercial buildings
- Certain motor fuel USTs at farms

RCSA 22a-449(d)-101 to 113 (Federally regulated)

#### **Applicability:**

- Motor fuel USTs, including emergency generator USTs
- Certain kerosene, hazardous substances, waste oil, and other petroleum products as regulated by US EPA

Note: Proposed regulation package also includes changes to RCSA 22a-6(b)-8(c).

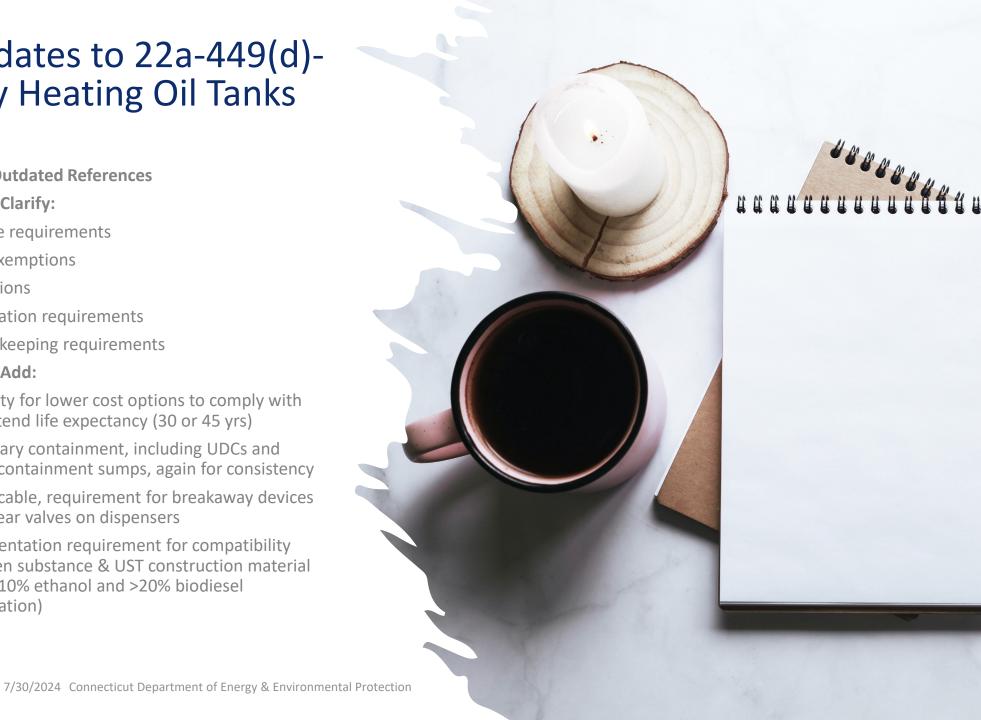


## Technical Updates to 22a-449(d)-1 – State only Heating Oil Tanks

- **Eliminating Outdated References**
- ii. **Proposing to Clarify:** 
  - closure requirements
  - tank exemptions
  - definitions
  - notification requirements
  - recordkeeping requirements

#### iii. **Proposing to Add:**

- ✓ flexibility for lower cost options to comply with and extend life expectancy (30 or 45 yrs)
- secondary containment, including UDCs and piping containment sumps, again for consistency
- ✓ if applicable, requirement for breakaway devices and shear valves on dispensers
- ✓ documentation requirement for compatibility between substance & UST construction material (e.g., >10% ethanol and >20% biodiesel certification)



## Technical Updates to 22a-449(d)-101 through 113 – Fed. Regulated

- i. Streamlining and clarifying clean-up process for leaking UST systems;
- ii. Deleting outdated standards, including references to codes of practice;
  - Added flexibility with nationally recognized codes of practice and eliminated NFPA 30

#### iii. Proposing to Clarify:

- ✓ Definitions UST System, hazardous substances, CERCLA
- ✓ Who must conduct monthly inspections
- ✓ A, B, C Operator obligations and training requirements
- ✓ What repairs are allowed for certain UST system components
- ✓ Temporary closure compliance requirements (certain release detection and inspection requirements)
- ✓ Release detection requirements for double-walled USTs

#### iv. Proposing to Add:

- Flexibility for lower cost options to comply with and extend life expectancy (30, 40 vs 45)
- ✓ More stringent secondary containment requirements for tanks containing hazardous substances
- ✓ Requirements for 3<sup>rd</sup> party annual inspections
- Consolidate in one section to make easier to find notification and recordkeeping reqts. in new section (114)
- ✓ Streamline and provide clarity to section 106
- ✓ Fees added for cleanups that are not completed in a timely manner up to \$12,000
- ✓ Additional options to secure Financial Responsibility



## LIFE EXPECTANCY, DETAILED

RCSA 22a-449(d)- 111(b)	<b>Details</b>	Life Expectancy (years)
Category 1	(1) For a tank or piping constructed of <u>cathodically protected steel</u> , <u>or a flex connector made of steel</u>	30 yrs
Category 2	(2) For a tank or piping that does not meet the requirements of subdivision (3) of this subsection and is made of fiberglass-reinforced plastic, any other non-metallic material, or a tank constructed of steel and clad or jacketed with a non-corrodible material, such as <u>a single-walled or double-walled tank or piping installed prior to October 1, 2003</u>	30 yrs
Category 3a	<ul> <li>(3) For a <u>double-walled</u> tank or <u>double-walled</u> piping <u>installed after October 1, 2003</u> made of fiberglass- reinforced plastic, any other non-metallic material, or a tank constructed of steel and clad or jacketed with a non-corrodible material:</li> <li>(A) Using <u>interstitial monitoring</u> that does not monitor both the primary containment and secondary containment, <u>such as a sensor in a dry space</u></li> </ul>	40 yrs
Category 3b	<ul> <li>(3) For a <u>double-walled</u> tank or <u>double-walled</u> piping <u>installed after October 1, 2003</u> made of fiberglass- reinforced plastic, any other non-metallic material, or a tank constructed of steel and clad or jacketed with a non-corrodible material:</li> <li>(B) Using <u>continuous interstitial monitoring</u> that monitors both the primary containment and secondary containment such that the inner and outer walls are continuously monitored using technology <u>such as inert gas</u>, or <u>liquid</u>, or <u>under constant vacuum (e.g., "brine")</u></li> </ul>	45 yrs

## **ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

#### Fees and Civil Penalties

- Added fees for cleanups that are not completed in a timely manner
  - oUp to \$12,000
- Civil Penalties Schedule, RCSA 22a-6b-8
  - Up to 20 new fees primarily for minor violations
  - Penalties ranges from \$250 per violation to \$10,000 (most \$500 per violation).





# Table 4A Penalty Schedule for Underground Storage Tank (UST) Violations

Type of Violation	\$500 plus \$10 for each additional day after October 10 of a given year  \$500 plus \$10 for each additional day after October 10 of a given year	
Failure to submit a completed underground storage facility annual notification in violation of section 22a-449(e) of the Connecticut General Statutes.		
Failure to submit an underground storage facility notification fee in violation of section 22a-449(e) of the Connecticut General Statutes.		
Submission of a false statement in a Connecticut General Statutes section 22a-449(e) underground storage facility notification or other notification required under section 22a-449(d)-114 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies in violation of section 22a-6(a)(8) of the Connecticut General Statutes.	\$1,000 per violation	
Failure to maintain a disabling devise on dispensers and fill pipes in violation of section 22a-449(g) of the Connecticut General Statutes.	\$10,000 per violation	
Failure to submit an UST system installation fee in violation of section 22a- 449(h) of the Connecticut General Statutes.	\$500 per violation	

### NEXT STEPS IN THE REGULATORY PROCESS

Public comment period ends August 26, 2024 (2 Public Hearings July 30<sup>th</sup> – 6pm & August 19<sup>th</sup> – 10:30am)

DEEP staff will review comments and prepare Hearing Officer's Report

30-day legal sufficiency review by Attorney General's Office

Submission to LRRC by the first Tuesday of the month

Goal: Regulation Adoption & State Program Approval by U.S. EPA in 2025



Thank you!
Comments can be submitted to DEEP.USTEnforcement@ct.gov