



Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection
Bureau of Water Protection and Land Reuse, Remediation Division
RCRA Hazardous Waste Cleanup/Corrective Action Program

**STATEMENT OF BASIS FOR A
CORRECTIVE ACTION COMPLETION DETERMINATION
FOR
1285 Boston Avenue
Bridgeport, CT ("Facility")**

Based upon investigation and remedial activities conducted at the 30.2-Acre General Electric Company ("GE") facility located at 1285 Boston Avenue in Bridgeport, CT¹, the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection ("DEEP") is proposing a Determination that Corrective Action obligations under the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA") are "complete with controls" for the Site, and that no activities at the Facility and Site require a hazardous waste management permit under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. No operating hazardous waste management units are located on the Site, all hazardous waste management units were closed by removal of hazardous waste, and no further remediation is needed for the Site. There are no engineered controls needed to ensure the effectiveness of the cleanup. The only control needed is an institutional control that is adequately regulated through state regulations that provide enforceable authorities that ensure long-term protectiveness of the remedy. Further, state tracking of institutional controls at the Facility/Site will continue, and therefore does not support the issuance of a post-closure permit. DEEP's determination that remediation is complete with (a basic) control and that a permit is not needed means that interim status will be terminated for the Facility/Site. The status of the facility cleanup in DEEP's online cleanup tracker will be "Resolved with Long-Term Stewardship" and regular inspections to confirm the continuing effectiveness of the Environmental Use Restriction.

INTRODUCTION

DEEP is announcing its proposed "Completion Determination" ("Corrective Action Complete with Controls") under the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of RCRA.² DEEP has concluded that sitewide investigation and remediation ("Hazardous Waste Cleanup"/"Corrective Action") obligations have been completed and that no hazardous waste management permit ("Permit") is required at the Site.

¹ The GE facility was issued EPA ID Number CTD001453711. The Site was part of a larger 76.5-acre property and is one of several parcels resulting from three subdivisions and a taking by the Connecticut Department of Transportation (CTDOT). Hereafter, the entire facility will be referred to as the "Facility" and the 30.2-acre portion of the Facility that is the subject of this Statement of Basis will be referred to as the "Site."

² "Completion Determination" is a regulatory phrase that refers to a final disposition of a facility or a portion of a facility subject to Corrective Action obligations under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. In this case, the Completion Determination proposed for the 30.2 Acre Site is one that is "complete with controls," where all that remains is maintenance of/compliance with an institutional control. More information on this category of Completion Determination can be found in the Federal Register notice entitled, Final Guidance on Completion of Corrective Action Activities at RCRA Facilities, 68 Fed. Reg. 8757 (hereafter, "Final Guidance").

General Electric Company operating as GE Aerospace (“GE”), under the oversight of DEEP and a Licensed Environmental Professional (“LEP”), investigated the Site to identify any releases of hazardous wastes or hazardous constituents and remediated to meet the cleanup standards identified in the Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (“RSR”) at the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (“RCSA”) Section 22a-133k, which since March 1, 2026 cross-reference the Release-Based Cleanup Regulations, RCSA §§ 22a-134tt-1 et seq. As a result of said remediation and resulting compliance with the cleanup standards sections of the RSRs/Release-Based Cleanup Regulations the Site does not pose a threat to human health or the environment based on the anticipated exposure scenarios for current and reasonably expected future land uses. DEEP’s proposed Completion Determination is based on the results of the investigations, remediation, and reporting activities described herein.

This document summarizes the regulatory status of the Site, the results of various investigations and remediation activities performed there, and the reasons why the proposed “Complete with Controls” determination is appropriate and protective of human health and the environment.

DEEP is publishing this document to provide the opportunity for public review and comment on this proposal. DEEP will consider public comments as part of its decision-making process.

This Statement of Basis is intended to:

- Explain the opportunities for public participation, including how the public may comment on this proposed Completion Determination and on the tentative termination of the Permit application/interim status for the Facility/Site;
- Identify where the public can find more detailed information;
- Briefly describe the history of the Facility;
- Present the principal findings for the investigations and describe the remediation activities performed at the Site;
- Present DEEP’s rationale for proposing that Hazardous Waste Cleanup/Corrective Action obligations under the RCRA Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments are “Complete With Controls” for the proposed current; and
- Present DEEP’s rationale for terminating the Permit application/interim status for the Facility and Site.

THE PUBLIC’S ROLE IN EVALUATING THIS CORRECTIVE ACTION PROPOSAL/ RECOMMENDATION

All interested parties are invited to express their views on this proposal. Public comment on all potential Corrective Action proposals or measures, and supporting information, is an important contribution to DEEP’s decision making/remedy selection process.

Public Comment Period

Written comments on this proposal will be accepted throughout the 45-day public comment period beginning September 28, 2026 and ending November 12, 2026 to provide ample opportunity for public comment and involvement during the evaluation of this proposal. During this public comment period, the public is invited to review this Statement of Basis and supporting information and to offer comments to DEEP.

Public Informational Meeting/Hearing

In accordance with RCSA § 22a-449(c)-110(a)(2)(III), incorporating 40 CFR 270.73(a) the Commissioner shall hold a public information meeting regarding her tentative determination that a Permit is not necessary and the Permit application shall be terminated for the Site. A virtual public informational meeting/hearing is scheduled to be held on Thursday, November 5, 2026, at 6:00 PM.

Register in advance for this meeting at this Zoom link:

<https://ctdeep.zoom.us/meeting/register/HrFmKpYLTk2GkkVfzwWjjg>

After registering, you will receive a confirmation email containing information about joining the meeting.

A final decision regarding this proposed Completion Determination will not be made until the public comment period has closed and all comments received by DEEP have been evaluated and addressed. Based on any new information or comments received from the public during the comment period, DEEP may modify its proposal.

Written Comments

If, after reviewing the information on the Site, you would like to comment in writing on this proposal, or on any other issues related to this proposal, email your comments to Amanda Limacher at Amanda.Limacher@ct.gov, with a copy to DEEP.RemStewardship@ct.gov or mail your comments, postmarked no later than November 12, 2026, to:

Amanda Limacher, Brownfields Coordinator
Remediation Division, Bureau of Water Protection and Land Reuse, 2nd Floor
Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection
79 Elm Street
Hartford, CT 06106-5127

Please indicate clearly that you are commenting on this proposal.
Questions about this proposal may be directed to any of the individuals below:

Amanda Limacher, Brownfields Coordinator
CT DEEP
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Michael Manolakas, LEP
WSP USA
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Marian E. Whiteman
Executive Counsel
General Electric Company operating as GE Aerospace
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Response to Public Comments/Decision- Making Process

Following a review of public comments, the Commissioner of DEEP will decide whether to make the tentative “Corrective Action Complete with Controls” Completion Determination a final determination. If the Commissioner makes a final determination that a Permit is not necessary for the Site because no hazardous waste management activities are occurring and remediation is complete, then GE is considered to have completed its RCRA Hazardous Waste Cleanup/Corrective Action Requirements with respect to the Site. The permit application, which has been withdrawn with respect to the Site, will be considered terminated. Interim status under RCRA for the Site will then be terminated. Any future waste management activities at the Site will continue to be subject to applicable local, state, and federal requirements.

Likewise, DEEP will not make a final decision regarding the proposed Completion Determination until the public comment period has closed and all comments that are received have been evaluated and addressed. Based on any new information or comments from the public, DEEP may modify its proposal. DEEP will prepare a brief document that responds to comments (“Decision Document”) to address any and all significant public comments received during the public comment period. If the comments are such that significant changes will be made to this proposal, DEEP will seek additional public comments on a revised proposal. If no comments are received that result in significant changes to this proposal, DEEP's final decision terminating all of GE's RCRA-regulated activities for the Site will be issued in a brief letter to GE. A letter is issued because GE is not requesting a Permit or a modification to an existing Permit for the Facility/Site but is seeking to terminate all of its RCRA-regulated activities for the Facility/Site. The letter serves as the Department's final administrative decision related to the Facility/Site.

Additional Public Information

This Statement of Basis provides a summary of the investigation and remediation activities performed at the Site. The complete “Administrative Record” is publicly available and is the collection of information (including data, reports, etc.) that DEEP has relied upon for its proposed Completion Determination. In this case, the Administrative Record contains this Statement of Basis, site assessments describing the Site's release and operational history, and the results of the Site environmental investigation and remediation activities conducted under State regulation. The assessment and remediation reports for the Site are included in the Administrative Record.

The following documents were used to prepare the Statement of Basis:

- Phase I – III Environmental Site Assessment, General Electric Company, 1285 Boston Avenue, Bridgeport, Connecticut, dated June 2022
- Remedial Action Plan and Completion Report, General Electric Company, 1285 Boston Avenue, Bridgeport, Connecticut, dated April 2024
- Verification Report, General Electric Company, 1285 Boston Avenue, Bridgeport, Connecticut, dated February 2026
- Audit Findings Letter from CTDEEP to General Electric Company, dated May 8, 2026.

The Administrative Record is available for review at the following locations:

Internet Access: For convenience, this Statement of Basis may also be accessed on the DEEP Cleanup tracking portal, "REACT" via this case number: [DCN-022091](https://filings.deep.ct.gov/DEEPDocumentSearchPortal/) as well as the DEEP website at <https://filings.deep.ct.gov/DEEPDocumentSearchPortal/> under the Facility name: General Electric Company, Bridgeport, CT, and on [CT DEEP's webpage listing public notices of proposed permit decisions: https://portal.ct.gov/DEEP/Public-Notices/Public-Notices-Proposed-Actions---Opportunity-for-Comment/Proposed-Individual-Permits](https://portal.ct.gov/DEEP/Public-Notices/Public-Notices-Proposed-Actions---Opportunity-for-Comment/Proposed-Individual-Permits).

Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection

79 Elm Street Hartford, CT 06106-5127

<https://portal.ct.gov/DEEP/About/Environmental-Quality-Records-Records-Center-File-Room>

NOTE: In-person access to DEEP's Records Center at 79 Elm Street, Hartford is subject to capacity limits and appointments are strongly recommended to guarantee a place in line. Appointments can be made online: <https://outlook.office365.com/owa/calendar/CTDEEP@ct.gov/bookings/>; Requests for records must be submitted ahead of any in-person appointment by using the File Request Form (available at the above website) and sent to DEEP.RecordsCenter@ct.gov. Requests will be fulfilled in the order in which they are received.

The hours of the DEEP record center are:

Tuesday – Thursday 9:00 AM to 11:30 AM and 1:00 PM to 2:30 PM; public access closes for the day at 4:00 pm.

and at the:

Bridgeport Public Library – Beardsley Branch

2536 East Main Street

Bridgeport, CT 06610

<http://bportlibrary.org/>

The hours of the Bridgeport Public Library—Beardsley Branch are:

Monday 10am - 6pm

Tuesday 12pm - 8pm

Wednesday 10am - 8pm

Thursday 10am - 8pm

Friday 10am - 5pm

Saturday 10am - 5pm

BACKGROUND

GE has investigated and remediated the Site to demonstrate that releases of petroleum products and/or hazardous materials have been cleaned up to protect human health and the environment. Michael Manolakas of WSP USA Inc., the Site LEP, prepared a Verification (as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 22a-134(19)) and associated report (February 2026) and submitted it to DEEP. DEEP responded with a Letter of Audit (May 8, 2026), finding that “the verification rendered by Mr. Manolakas on February 19, 2026 is acceptable and the audit is closed.”

SITE BACKGROUND

Property Description

References in this Statement of Basis, including tables, figures, appendices, and sections, correspond with portions of the attached LEP Verification Report (WSP USA, February 19, 2026). The LEP Verification Report summarizes the background, history and findings of the investigations, remediation, and activities that have been performed at the Site.

The 30.2-Acre Site is irregular and elongated in shape with approximate dimensions of 2,860 feet (north-south) by 230 to 1,600 feet (east-west). It is primarily zoned “RX2 – Residential Office Center,” with a small portion on the western side zoned “I-Industrial.”

The Site contains several waterways including Stillman Pond (~5 acres) and three unnamed streams identified by GE as Brooks A, B and C. Brooks A and B flow into Stillman Pond, which is dammed at the southern end. Brook C flows offsite south of the dam. Most of the Site’s surface is covered with sand and gravel fill that was used as backfill following remedial actions. Pavement is present on a small eastern portion of the Site immediately south of 379 Bond Street, at an approximate 1,000-foot long by 70-foot wide area just west of 379 Bond Street, at entrance roadways from Bond Street and Asylum Street, and at the dam separating Stillman Pond and Brook C. A solar field is located in an approximate 2.8-acre area located on the northern portion of the Site. The Site includes two former guard houses at the southern Site boundary along Boston Avenue and a security trailer located approximately 650 feet east of the entrance from Asylum Street. Finally, the Site also contains two high-voltage electrical towers owned by The United Illuminating Company that are located just south of the solar field on the western side of Brook B and on the southern edge of the triangle shaped area north of Stillman Pond. The area surrounding the Site is located within an area that supports industrial, commercial and residential uses.

The Site is bordered to the east by Harding High School, residential parcels, and a carpet store, to the south by residential, to the west by a cemetery and Unger Enterprises, and to the north by land owned by GE that is used for recreational purposes, a vacant paved lot, an undeveloped property owned by Sporting Goods LLC and a vacant parcel used for storage and owned by 380 Asylum Street LLC. Steel fencing is located along the southern, eastern, northern Site boundaries. Steel chain link fencing is also located along a portion of the western boundary. Access is available to the Site entering from the cemetery parcel over the dam roadway and from gated entrances on the west and east along Asylum Street and Bond Street, respectively.

Site History, Ownership and Description of Operation

Pre-GE Operations

Prior to 1914, the only developed use of the Site that was identified was the Bridgeport Town Farm (circa 1886 to 1917), part of which was located at the northwest corner of the Site near the entrance from Asylum Street. No concerns associated with this historical use of the Site were identified.

Between 1914 and 1915, Remington Arms Union Metallic Cartridge Company (Remington Arms) constructed many of the buildings on the Site and the adjacent parcels that were formerly part of the Site, to manufacture military rifles. The Site was not used to manufacture munitions.

Prior to development by Remington Arms, Stillman Pond was larger than its current extent, and included areas of the Site that are currently adjacent to the pond to the east and north. During the period of development by Remington Arms, filling occurred at the eastern and northern edges of the pond.

General Electric Company Operations

In 1920, GE leased the approximately 40-acre parcel that included most of the Site and the current 379 Bond Street property from the Bridgeport Liquidation Company. GE acquired this parcel from the Bridgeport Liquidation Company in 1923. GE acquired the remaining parcels that constitute the Site and parcels that were formerly part of the Site over several years between 1920 and 1933.

Beginning in 1920, GE began to manufacture phonograph motors, small induction motors, and some wiring devices at the Site and the 379 Bond Street property. By 1921, operations expanded to include the manufacture of switches, sockets, receptacles, attaching plugs and fuses. In 1924, manufacturing was expanded to include code wire, conduit, outlet boxes and fittings, armored cable, fixture and lamp cords, and welding electrodes. Beginning in the 1930s and concluding in approximately 1970, GE operated a Housewares and Small Appliances Division. These operations were primarily limited to offices and a testing laboratory. The Accessory Equipment Operation (division of Consumer & Industrial – Americas Operation (C&I)) began in 1936 and operated until the early 1970s, to manufacture push buttons, plugs and various other items. Wire and cable manufacturing processes were conducted from 1930 to 1986. Plate 3 summarizes the locations of wire and cable operations performed at the Site. From 1986 to 2007, operations at the Site and the 379 Bond Street property consisted of manufacturing large rotary switches, small rotary switches and lamp holders. All manufacturing ceased in 2007.

Additional filling in the area north of Stillman Pond occurred between 1929 and 1930, when coal fly-ash material was placed in this area. Prior to 1929, Brook B meandered in the northernmost portion of the Site. This portion of Brook B was filled circa 1929-1930, when the Brook B channel was constructed in its current location. A former stream in the northwest portion of the Site was replaced in 1938 with a 36-inch underground pipe.

The northwestern portion of the Site, along the current road at the entrance from Asylum Street, was at the southern edge of an area formerly used by GE for various filling activities. Most of these activities occurred on other parcels of the GE property located offsite to the north. This portion of the Site was at the edge of the area affected by these activities. The activities near this area included the burning of plant refuse in 1929. In 1938, approximately 6,670 cubic yards of sediments dredged from Stillman Pond were

deposited in this area. Beginning between 1938 and 1949, and lasting until 1969, industrial waste was deposited in this area. This included operation of three incinerators (all located offsite on the 460 Asylum Street property) and disposal of incinerator ash. Between 1969 and 1985, construction and demolition debris were disposed of in this area. In 1991, GE regraded this portion of the Site and the adjoining parcels to the north, covering the area with 13,000 cubic yards of imported clean fill to promote surface drainage and install a clean cover over the area.

RCRA HAZARDOUS WASTE CLEANUP/CORRECTIVE ACTION

The Facility is subject to the RCRA Corrective Action Program because it was an interim status treatment, storage, and disposal facility ("TSDF"), and due to the former presence of a "land disposal facility" ("LDF"), the Sludge Drying Beds,³ which were located on the northern edge of Stillman Pond on the central portion of the Facility. The Facility is, thus, subject to the regulations governing "Corrective Action at Interim Status Land Disposal Facilities", R.C.S.A. §22a-449(c)-105(h). RCRA Corrective Action Regulations require the owner of a LDF to investigate and remediate all releases of hazardous waste and hazardous substances at or from the whole Facility, rather than just from the individual hazardous waste units, in accordance with R.C.S.A. §22a-449(c)-105(h)(2).

On February 14, 2009, and December 6, 2022, GE issued public notices associated with remedial actions across the Site. In June 2022 and June 2024, a Phase I–III Environmental Site Assessment and Remedial Action Plan and Completion Report ("RAP") were issued specifically for the 30.2-Acre Site. Soil investigation was conducted, and it was found that petroleum hydrocarbons, metals (antimony, arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, thallium, tin, vanadium, and zinc), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), pesticides (4,4-DDE, aldrin, alpha- and gamma-chlordane, beta-BHC, delta-BHC, dieldrin, and heptachlor epoxide), semi-volatile organic compounds (benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate, carbazole, chrysene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, and N-nitrosodiphenylamine), and volatile organic compounds (1,1-dichloroethene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene, 1,4-dichlorobenzene, benzene, bromodichloromethane, chloroform, cis-1,2-dichloroethene, ethylbenzene, p-isopropyltoluene, tetrachloroethene, toluene, trichloroethene, vinyl chloride, and xylene) exceeded the CTDEEP RSR Residential Direct Exposure Criteria. Petroleum hydrocarbons, metals (antimony, arsenic, cadmium, lead, and vanadium), PCBs, pesticides (4,4-DDD, 4,4-DDE, 4,4-DDT, aldrin, alpha- and gamma-chlordane, beta-BHC, delta-BHC, dieldrin, endrin aldehyde, endrin ketone, gamma-BHC, heptachlor, heptachlor epoxide, and methoxychlor), semi-volatile organic compounds (2-methylnaphthalene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(g,h,i)perylene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate, carbazole, chrysene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, dibenzofuran, fluoranthene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, phenanthrene, and pyrene) and volatile organic compounds (tetrachloroethene, trichloroethene, vinyl chloride, and xylene) exceeded the CT DEEP RSR GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria. With the exception of an area on the central portion of the Site where coal was stored, the presence of elevated arsenic in fill was concluded to be related to the elevated levels in the bedrock on the Site, which is the same finding concluded for the Facility.

³ GE has already investigated, remediated and closed the sludge drying beds, as documented in that Closure Equivalency Demonstration provided to DEEP in March 2016/revised September 2016. This demonstrated that the Corrective Action Regulation requirements were met for closure by removal of material. The DEEP approved the demonstration in March 2017.

Groundwater on the southwestern, west-central, and northern portions of the Site was identified to contain benzene, carbon tetrachloride, chloroform, cis-1,2-dichloroethene, tetrachloroethene, trichloroethene, and vinyl chloride above the CTDEEP RSR Residential Volatilization Criteria (RVC). Groundwater was also found to contain petroleum hydrocarbons, metals (arsenic, cadmium, copper, lead, and zinc), semi-volatile organic compounds (acenaphthylene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate, hexachlorobenzene, and phenanthrene), and volatile organic compounds (carbon tetrachloride and tetrachloroethene) above the CT DEEP RSR Surface Water Protection Criteria. Sediments within Stillman Pond and the Brooks were also found to contain organic and inorganic compounds that posed an ecological risk to the benthic habitat (i.e., the biological community living in or on the bottom sediments of the waterways). The source of the soil, sediment, and groundwater contamination was associated with releases from the former industrial operations and the historic placement of fill.

Remedial actions consisted of:

- Clean closure of two RCRA-regulated units (former sludge drying beds and Building 67 Hazardous Waste Storage) through excavation and off-site disposal of soil at permitted facilities.
- Excavation of soil and extraction of groundwater at three locations that contained light non-aqueous phase liquids (LNAPLs), which are petroleum-based liquids that float on the groundwater surface.
- Excavation and offsite disposal of soils containing PCBs.
- Dredging of sediments in the Brooks and Stillman Pond. As part of restoration, a liner was installed beneath the northern brook to inhibit groundwater infiltration.
- Excavation of soil containing various constituents of concern (i.e., substances detected at levels exceeding applicable cleanup standards) from depths ranging from 1 to 10 feet below grade across the Site. Excavation and filling occurred over approximately 82% of the upland area. Soil was either disposed of offsite or consolidated beneath an engineered control on 460 Asylum Street.
- Placement of at least 4 feet of clean soil across the southeastern portion of the Site; and
- Recording of an environmental land use restriction (ELUR) that prohibits excavation of soil at various depths on portions of the Site and prohibits the construction of buildings in the northern portion, west-central portion, and southwest portion of the Site.

Upon the recording of the ELUR, compliance was achieved with Residential Direct Exposure Criteria and the Groundwater Volatilization Criteria. GE also collected groundwater samples following the soil remedial action at the Site and demonstrated compliance with all other applicable groundwater criteria.

GE submitted a final Verification and associated report for the Site dated February 2026 to DEEP indicating that all release areas and groundwater at the 30.2-Acre Site have been remediated and/or shown to comply with the RSRs. On May 8, 2026, the Department issued a Letter of Audit which confirms the findings in the Verification report. No further investigation or remediation is needed at the 30.2-Acre Site.

DEEP'S PROPOSAL

Based on the above information, DEEP is proposing to issue a "Corrective Action Complete with Controls" Completion Determination for the 30.2-Acre Site. In accordance with the EPA guidance on Completion Determinations, DEEP believes a "Complete with Controls" Determination is appropriate because:

1. There are not currently any treatment, storage, or disposal activities at the 30.2-Acre Site;
2. There are no regulated units at the Site requiring closure or post-closure care beyond maintenance of a simple institutional control;
3. An institutional control in the form of an ELUR was recorded that restricts the construction of a building on the southeastern, west-central, and northern portions of the Site and the excavation of soil to various depths across much of the Site; and
4. All corrective action obligations at the Site and cleanup objectives have been met, including the attainment of compliance with Connecticut's remedial endpoints, the RSRs/RBCR cleanup standards sections, with the use of institutional controls.
5. The only cleanup obligation remaining to ensure long-term stewardship is performance of required monitoring actions/compliance with DEEP's Environmental Use Restrictions regulations at RCSA §§22a-133q-1 et seq., under which DEEP maintains enforceable authorities to ensure such compliance and DEEP will track compliance with the institutional control through its online tracking system ("REACT").

In summary, DEEP is announcing its proposed "Corrective Action Complete with Controls" Completion Determination for the Site, because: (1) investigations performed at the Site demonstrate that hazardous waste management units (sludge drying beds) have been clean closed by removal, and any release of hazardous constituents have been remediated in accordance with the cleanup standards of the RSRs and RBCRs; (2) residual impacts have naturally attenuated and do not pose a threat to human health or the environment as documented through compliance with the RSRs/RBCR cleanup standards sections; and (3) the Site has attained all media protection and human health and environmental standards promulgated by the State of Connecticut for protection of human health, the public, and ecosystems. DEEP's determination that remediation is complete and that a RCRA Permit is not needed means that RCRA interim status for the Facility will be terminated for the EPA ID number indicated herein. The Facility's Post-Closure Part B permit application will be administratively resolved without permit issuance.

Notwithstanding this Completion Determination, EPA, or an authorized State such as Connecticut may conclude additional cleanup is needed if, subsequent to this Completion Determination, EPA or DEEP discovers evidence of unreported or misrepresented releases. See Final Guidance at 68 Federal Register 8763, footnote 15.