



**National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit**  
**issued to**

**Permittee:**

Wieland Rolled Products North America, LLC  
215 Piedmont Street  
Waterbury, CT 06706

**Location Address:**

Wieland Rolled Products North America, LLC  
215 Piedmont Street  
Waterbury, CT 06706

**Permit ID:** CT0021873

**Effective Date:** [1<sup>st</sup> of the month following signing]

**Receiving Stream:** Naugatuck River

**Issuance Date:** [date of signature]

**Stream Segment ID:** CT6900-00\_03

**Permit Expires:** [5 yrs after effective date]

**SECTION 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- (A) This permit is reissued in accordance with Section 22a-430 of Chapter 446k, Connecticut General Statutes (“CGS”), and Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (“RCSA”) adopted thereunder, as amended, and Section 402(b) of the Clean Water Act (“CWA”), as amended, 33 USC 1251, *et. seq.*, and pursuant to an approval dated September 26, 1973, by the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency for the State of Connecticut to administer a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (“NPDES”) permit program.
- (B) **Wieland Rolled Products North America, LLC** (“Permittee”) shall comply with all conditions of this permit including the following sections of the RCSA which have been adopted pursuant to section 22a-430 of the CGS and are hereby incorporated into this permit. Your attention is especially drawn to the notification requirements of subsections (i)(2), (i)(3), (j)(1), (j)(6), (j)(8), (j)(9)(C), (j)(10)(C), (j)(11)(C), (D), (E), and (F), (k)(3) and (4) and (l)(2) of Section 22a-430-3.

**Section 22a-430-3: General Conditions**

- (a) Definitions
- (b) General
- (c) Inspection and Entry
- (d) Effect of a Permit
- (e) Duty to Comply
- (f) Proper Operation and Maintenance
- (g) Sludge Disposal
- (h) Duty to Mitigate
- (i) Facility Modifications; Notification
- (j) Monitoring, Records and Reporting Requirements
- (k) Bypass
- (m) Effluent Limitation Violations (Upsets)
- (n) Enforcement
- (o) Resource Conservation

- (p) Spill Prevention and Control
- (q) Instrumentation, Alarms, Flow Recorders
- (r) Equalization

Section 22a-430-4: Procedures and Criteria

- (a) Duty to Apply
- (b) Duty to Reapply
- (c) Application Requirements
- (d) Preliminary Review
- (e) Tentative Determination
- (f) Draft Permits, Fact Sheets
- (g) Public Notice, Notice of Hearing
- (h) Public Comments
- (i) Final Determination
- (j) Public Hearings
- (k) Submission of Plans and Specifications, Approval
- (l) Establishing Effluent Limitations and Conditions
- (m) Case by Case Determinations
- (n) Permit Issuance or Renewal
- (o) Permit Transfer
- (p) Permit Revocation, Denial or Modification
- (q) Variances
- (r) Secondary Treatment Requirements
- (s) Treatment Requirements

- (C) Violations of any of the terms, conditions, or limitations contained in this permit may subject the Permittee to enforcement action including, but not limited to, seeking penalties, injunctions and/or forfeitures pursuant to applicable sections of the CGS and RCSA.
- (D) Any false statement in any information submitted pursuant to this permit may be punishable as a criminal offense under Section 22a-438 or 22a-131a of the CGS or in accordance with Section 22a-6, under Section 53a-157b of the CGS.
- (E) The authorization to discharge under this permit may not be transferred without prior written approval of the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection (“Commissioner”). To request such approval, the Permittee and proposed transferee shall register such proposed transfer with the Commissioner, at least thirty days prior to the transferee becoming legally responsible for creating or maintaining any discharge which is the subject of the permit transfer. Failure, by the transferee, to obtain the Commissioner's approval prior to commencing such discharge(s) may subject the transferee to enforcement action for discharging without a permit pursuant to applicable sections of the CGS and RCSA.
- (F) No provision of this permit and no action or inaction by the Commissioner shall be construed to constitute an assurance by the Commissioner that the actions taken by the Permittee pursuant to this permit will result in compliance or prevent or abate pollution.
- (G) Nothing in this permit shall relieve the Permittee of other obligations under applicable federal, state and local law.
- (H) An annual fee shall be paid for each year this permit is in effect as set forth in Section 22a-430-7 of the RCSA.

- (I) The Permittee shall operate and maintain its collection and treatment system in accordance with its Operation and Maintenance Plan and with any approvals issued in accordance with RCSA Section 22a-430-3(i)(3).

## SECTION 2: DEFINITIONS

- (A) The definitions of the terms used in this permit shall be the same as the definitions contained in Section 22a-423 of the CGS and Section 22a-430-3(a) and 22a-430-6 of the RCSA.

- (B) In addition to the above, the following definitions shall apply to this permit:

“40 CFR” means Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

“Annually” when used as a sampling frequency in Tables A and B of this permit, means that sampling is required in the month of March.

“Average Monthly Limit” means the maximum allowable “Average Monthly Concentration” as defined in Section 22a-430-3(a) of the RCSA when expressed as a concentration (e.g., mg/l). Otherwise, it means “Average Monthly Discharge Limitation” as defined in Section 22a-430-3(a) of the RCSA.

*Connecticut Water Quality Standards* means the regulations adopted under RCSA Sections 22a-426-1 through 22a-426-9, as amended.

“Daily Concentration” means the concentration of a substance as measured in a daily composite sample, or the arithmetic average of all grab sample results defining a grab sample average.

“Daily Quantity” means the quantity of waste discharged during an operating day.

“Dilution Factor” means the inverse of the “Instream Waste Concentration”.

“DMR” means Discharge Monitoring Report.

“IC” means “Inhibition Concentration”.

“IC<sub>25</sub>” means a point estimate of the toxicant concentration that would cause a twenty-five (25) percent reduction in a non-lethal biological measurement of the test organism, such as reproduction or growth.

“Instantaneous Limit” means the highest allowable concentration of a substance as measured by a grab sample, or the highest allowable measurement of a parameter as obtained through instantaneous monitoring.

“In-stream Waste Concentration” (“IWC%”) means the concentration (as a percent) of the effluent in the receiving water.

“LC” means Lethal Concentration

“LC<sub>50</sub>” means the concentration lethal to fifty (50) percent of the test organisms during a specific period.

“Lowest Observed Effect Concentration” (“LOEC”) means the lowest concentration of an effluent or toxicant to which organisms are exposed in a life cycle or partial life-cycle test, which causes adverse effects on the test organisms.

“Maximum Daily Limit” means the maximum allowable “Daily Concentration” (defined above) when expressed as a concentration (e.g., mg/l). Otherwise, it means the maximum allowable “Daily Quantity” as defined above, unless it is expressed as a flow quantity. If expressed as a flow quantity, it means “Maximum Daily Flow” as defined in Section 22a-430-3(a) of the RCSA.

“No Observed Effect Concentration” (“NOEC”) means the highest concentration of an effluent or toxicant to which organisms are exposed in a life cycle or partial life-cycle test, that causes no observable adverse effects on the test organisms.

“Quarter” means the calendar quarter beginning at 12:00 AM on the first day of February, May, August, and November and ending at 12:00 AM on the first day of May, August, November, and February, respectively.

“Quarterly”, when used as a sampling frequency in this permit, means that sampling is required in the months of February, May, August, and November.

“Range During Sampling” (“RDS”), as a sample type, means the maximum and minimum of all values recorded as a result of analyzing each grab sample of: 1) a Composite Sample or, 2) a Grab Sample Average. For those permittees with continuous monitoring and recording pH meters, Range During Sampling means the maximum and minimum readings recorded with the continuous monitoring device during the Composite or Grab Sample Average sample collection.

“Reporting Frequency” means the frequency at which monitoring results must be provided.

“Semiannual” when used as a sampling frequency in this permit, means that sampling is required in the months of February and August.

### **SECTION 3: COMMISSIONER'S DECISION**

- (A) The Commissioner has issued a final determination and found that continuance of the existing system to treat the discharge will protect the waters of the state from pollution. The Commissioner’s decision is based on Application No. 201406851 for permit reissuance received on June 19, 2014, and the administrative record established in the processing of that application.
- (B) Upon the effective date of this permit and continuing until this permit expires or is modified or revoked, the Commissioner hereby authorizes the Permittee to discharge in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit, the information provided in Application No. 201406851 received by the Department on June 19, 2014, and all modifications and approvals issued by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s authorized agent for the discharge and/or activities authorized by, or associated with this Permit.
- (C) The Commissioner reserves the right to make appropriate revisions to the permit in order to establish any appropriate effluent limitations, schedules of compliance, or other provisions which

may be authorized under the Federal Clean Water Act or the CGS or regulations adopted thereunder, as amended. The permit as modified or renewed under this paragraph may also contain any other requirements of the Federal Clean Water Act or the CGS or regulations adopted thereunder which are then applicable.

#### **SECTION 4: GENERAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS**

- (A) The Permittee shall assure that the surface water affected by the subject discharge shall conform to the *Connecticut Water Quality Standards*.
- (B) No discharge shall contain, or cause in the receiving stream, a visible oil sheen or floating solids, or cause visible discoloration or foaming in the receiving stream.
- (C) No discharge shall cause acute or chronic toxicity in the receiving water body beyond any zone of influence specifically allocated to the discharge in this permit.
- (D) The temperature of any discharge shall not increase the temperature of the receiving stream above 85 °F, or in any case, raise the temperature of the receiving stream by more than 4 °F.

#### **SECTION 5: SPECIFIC EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS**

- (A) The discharge is restricted by and shall be monitored in accordance with the following tables in this section. The wastewater discharge shall not exceed the effluent limitations in these tables and shall otherwise conform to the specific terms and conditions listed in the tables. The Permittee shall comply with the “Remarks” and “Footnotes” noted in the tables that follow. Such remarks and footnotes are enforceable like any other term or condition of this permit.
- (B) The wastewaters authorized/approved by this permit shall be collected, treated, and discharged in accordance with this permit and with any approvals issued by the Commissioner or his/her authorized agent for the discharges and activities authorized by or associated with this permit. Any wastewater discharges not expressly identified in these tables or otherwise approved to be discharged by this permit shall not be authorized by this permit.
- (C) All samples shall be comprised of only the wastewater described in these tables. Samples shall be collected prior to combination with receiving waters or wastewater of any other type, and after all approved treatment units, if applicable. Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity. Collection of permit’s required effluent samples, in any location other than the authorized location noted in this permit, shall be a violation of this permit.
- (D) In cases where limits and sample type are specified but sampling is not required by this permit, the limits specified shall apply to all samples which may be collected and analyzed by the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (“DEEP”) personnel, the Permittee, or other parties.
- (E) The Permittee shall maintain compliance with its *Solvent Management Plan* which was approved by DEEP on December 12, 2022, and all subsequent revisions to the plan which have been approved by DEEP.

Table A										
Discharge Serial Number: 001-A					Monitoring Location: 1 (External Outfall)					
Wastewater Description: Treated copper forming and metal finishing wastewater, deionized unit regeneration wastewater and laboratory wastewater										
Monitoring Location Description: Effluent of final clarifier					Outfall Location: Latitude (41° 32' 16.8") and Longitude (73° 02' 9.96")					
Discharge is to: Naugatuck River			Allocated Zone of Influence (ZOI): 219,463 gph				In Stream Waste Concentration (IWC): 3.5%			
PARAMETER	NET DMR CODE	UNITS	FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING				INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING			Minimum Level Test <sup>2</sup>
			Average Monthly Limit	Maximum Daily Limit	Sample/Reporting Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Sample Type or Measurement to be reported	Instantaneous limit or required range	Sample/Reporting Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Sample Type or measurement to be reported	
Aluminum, total	01105	mg/l	1.973	3.946	Quarterly	Daily Composite	5.919	NR	Grab	*
Ammonia as N, total	00610	mg/l	NA	---	Quarterly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Aquatic toxicity, <i>Daphnia pulex</i> <sup>3</sup>	TAA3D	%	NA	LC <sub>50</sub> ≥ 70%	Quarterly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Aquatic toxicity, <i>Pimephales promelas</i> <sup>3</sup>	TAA6C	%	NA	LC <sub>50</sub> ≥ 70%	Quarterly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity (Survival) <sup>4,5</sup> <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	TOP3B	%	NA	---	Annually <sup>6</sup>	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity (Reproduction) <sup>4,5</sup> <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	TPP3B	%	NA	---	Annually <sup>6</sup>	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity (Survival) <sup>4,5</sup> <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	TOP6C	%	NA	---	Annually <sup>6</sup>	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity (Growth) <sup>4,5</sup> <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	TPP6C	%	NA	---	Annually <sup>6</sup>	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day)	00310	mg/l	NA	---	Quarterly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Cadmium, total	01027	mg/l	0.099	0.493	Quarterly	Daily Composite	0.740	NR	Grab	*
Cadmium, total	01027	kg/d	0.0208	0.0418	Quarterly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Chlorine, total residual	50060	mg/l	0.189	0.407	Monthly	Grab Sample Average	0.611	NR	Grab	*
Chloroform	32106	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	---	Quarterly	Grab	
Chromium, hexavalent	01032	mg/l	0.099	0.197	Monthly	Grab Sample Average	0.296	NR	Grab	*
Chromium, total	01034	mg/l	0.670	1.890	Weekly	Daily Composite	2.840	NR	Grab	*
Copper, total	01042	mg/l	0.254	0.637	Weekly	Daily Composite	0.956	NR	Grab	
Copper, total	01042	kg/d	0.184	0.463	Weekly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	Grab	
Cyanide, total	00720	mg/l	0.641	1.184	Annually	Grab Sample Average	1.200	NR	NA	
Flow Rate (Average Daily) <sup>6</sup>	00056	Gpd	192,000	NA	Continuous	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA	
Flow, Maximum during 24 hr period <sup>6</sup>	50047	Gpd	NA	288,000	Continuous	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA	
Fluoride, total	00951	mg/l	20	30	Quarterly	Daily Composite	45	NR	Grab	
Iron, total	01045	mg/l	2.96	4.93	Weekly	Daily Composite	7.400	NR	Grab	
Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Total (as N)	00625	mg/L	---	---	Weekly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Lead, total	01051	mg/l	0.019	0.060	Monthly	Daily Composite	0.090	NR	Grab	*
Lead, total	01051	kg/d	0.014	0.0408	Monthly	NA	NA	NR	NA	
Methylene chloride	34423	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	---	Quarterly	Grab	
Nickel, total	01067	mg/l	0.970	1.920	Weekly	Daily Composite	2.880	NR	Grab	*

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			Average Monthly Limit	Maximum Daily Limit	Sample/ Reporting Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Sample Type or Measurement to be reported	Instantaneous limit or required range	Sample/ Reporting Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Sample Type or measurement to be reported	
Nickel, total	01067	Kg/d	0.489	0.982	Weekly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	Grab	
Nitrate (as N)	00620	mg/l	NA	---	Quarterly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Nitrite (as N)	00615	mg/l	NA	---	Quarterly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Nitrogen, Total [See Remark 6]	00600	mg/l	NA	---	Quarterly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Oil and grease	00556	mg/l	9.860	15.000	Weekly	Grab Sample Average	19.720	NR	Grab	
pH, Minimum (Ends 12 months after permit's effective date)	61942	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	6.0	Continuous	Continuous	
pH, Maximum (Ends 12 months after permit's effective date)	61941	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	9.0	Continuous	Continuous	
Silver, total	01077	mg/l	0.099	0.424	Monthly	Daily Composite	0.645	NR	Grab	*
Silver, total	01077	Kg/d	0.0105	0.0244	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	Grab	
Solids, total dissolved	70295	mg/l	NA	---	Quarterly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Solids, total suspended	00530	mg/l	19.727	29.590	Weekly	Daily Composite	44.385	NR	Grab	
Surfactants (methylene blue active substances (MBAS))	38260	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	---	Quarterly	Grab	
Total Toxic Organics <sup>7</sup>	78141	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	0.060	Monthly	Grab	
Zinc, total	01092	mg/l	0.450	1.400	Weekly	Daily Composite	2.100	NR	Grab	*
Zinc, total	01092	Kg/d	0.328	1.018	Weekly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	Grab	
<b>APPLICABLE 12 MONTHS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF PERMIT</b>										
pH, Minimum	61942	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	6.8	Continuous	Continuous	
pH, Maximum	61941	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	8.5	Continuous	Continuous	

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			Average Monthly Limit	Maximum Daily Limit	Sample/Reporting Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Sample Type or Measurement to be reported	Instantaneous limit or required range	Sample/Reporting Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Sample Type or measurement to be reported	
<b>TABLE FOOTNOTES AND REMARKS</b>										
<b>Footnotes:</b>										
<sup>1</sup> The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If a 'Reporting Frequency' does not follow this entry and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.										
<sup>2</sup> Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6(C) of this permit.										
<sup>3</sup> Acute toxicity testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section 7(A) of this permit. The LC <sub>50</sub> results (in %) for the acute toxicity testing shall be reported on the DMR.										
<sup>4</sup> Chronic toxicity testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section 7(B) of this permit. The C-NOEC (Chronic-No Observed Effect Concentration) results (in %) for the conditions noted in this table shall be reported on the DMR. In addition to the reporting requirement under Section 8(B) of this permit, the aquatic toxicity monitoring report (ATMR) shall be completed for each chronic toxicity event and the completed ATMR be submitted as an attachment to the DMR.										
<sup>5</sup> Sampling shall be in July, August or September.										
<sup>6</sup> For this parameter, the Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Average Daily Flow and the Maximum Daily Flow for each sampling month.										
<sup>7</sup> Refer to Section 8(D) of this permit.										
<b>Remarks:</b>										
1. Abbreviations used for units are as follows: gpd means gallons per day; kg/day means kilograms per day; mg/L means milligrams per liter; SU means Standard Units; % means percentage. Other abbreviations are as follows: NA means Not Applicable; NR means Not Reportable (unless sampling is conducted relative to Section 5(D) of this permit); RDS means Range During Sampling.										
2. If "---" is noted in the limit's column in the table, this means that a limit is not specified but a value must be reported on the DMR.										
3. pH shall be reported to 0.1 SU. All other values shall be reported to the level of precision/accuracy reported by the laboratory.										
4. In calculating average concentrations, use zeros for values reported as less than the ML.										
5. "Continuous", used in this table as a "Sample" or "Sample Type", means monitoring that produces one or more data points in fifteen minutes or less.										
6. Total Nitrogen means the sum of the concentrations of: Ammonia Nitrogen + Organic Nitrogen + Nitrate Nitrogen + Nitrite Nitrogen.										
7. Actual MLs reported by the laboratory must be reported on the DMR. Detected concentrations less than the noted ML shall be reported on the DMR as the concentration reported by the laboratory.										



## SECTION 6: SAMPLE COLLECTION, HANDLING AND ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

- (A) All samples shall be collected, handled, and analyzed in accordance with the methods approved under 40 CFR 136, unless another method is required under 40 CFR subchapter N or unless an alternative method has been approved in writing pursuant to 40 CFR 136.5. To determine compliance with limits and conditions established in this permit, monitoring must be performed using sufficiently sensitive methods approved pursuant to 40 CFR 136 for the analysis of pollutants having approved methods under that part, unless a method is required under 40 CFR subchapter N or unless an alternative method has been approved in writing pursuant to 40 CFR 136.5. Monitoring parameters which do not have approved methods of analysis defined in 40 CFR 136 shall be collected, handled, and analyzed in accordance with the methods in Section 6(B), below.
- (B) All metals analyses identified in this permit shall refer to analyses for Total Recoverable Metal as defined in 40 CFR 136, unless otherwise specified.
- (C) The term Minimum Level (ML) refers to either the sample concentration equivalent to the lowest calibration point in a method or a multiple of the method detection limit (MDL). MLs may be obtained in several ways: They may be published in a method; they may be sample concentrations equivalent to the lowest acceptable calibration point used by the laboratory; or they may be calculated by multiplying the MDL in a method, or the MDL determined by a lab, by a factor. The Minimum Levels specified below represent the concentrations at which quantification must be achieved and verified during the chemical analyses for the parameters identified in Section 5 Table A. Analyses for these parameters must include check standards within ten percent of the specified Minimum Level or calibration points equal to or less than the specified Minimum Level.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Minimum Level</u>
Aluminum	10.0 µg/L
Cadmium	0.5 µg/L
Chlorine, total residual	20.0 µg/L
Chromium	5.0 µg/L
Chromium, hexavalent	10.0 µg/L
Cyanide	10.0 µg/L
Copper	5.0 µg/L
Lead	5.0 µg/L
Nickel	5.0 µg/L
Pentachlorophenol	20.0 µg/L
Trichlorophenol	20.0 µg/L
Silver	2.0 µg/L
Zinc	10.0 µg/L

- (D) The value of each parameter for which monitoring is required under this permit shall be reported to the maximum level of accuracy and precision possible, consistent with the requirements of this section of the permit.
- (E) Analyses for which quantification was verified to be at or below an ML, and which indicate that a parameter was not detected, shall be reported as “less than non-detect” where ‘non-detect’ is the numerical value equivalent to the ML for that analysis. When submitting DMRs through the NetDMR system, the Permittee shall report the non-detect value consistent with the reporting requirements for NetDMR.

- (F) Results of analyses which indicate that a parameter was not present at a concentration greater than or equal to the ML specified for that analysis shall be considered equivalent to zero for purposes of determining compliance with effluent limitations or conditions specified in this permit.
- (G) It is a violation of this permit for a Permittee or his/her designated agent, to manipulate test samples in any manner, to delay sample shipment, or to terminate or to cause to terminate a toxicity test. Once initiated, all toxicity tests must be completed.
- (H) Analyses required under this permit shall be performed in accordance with CGS Section 19a-29a. An “environmental laboratory”, as that term is defined in the referenced section, that is performing analyses required by this permit, shall be registered and have certification acceptable to the Commissioner, as such registration and certification is necessary.

## SECTION 7: AQUATIC TOXICITY TESTING

- (A) **ACUTE TESTING REQUIREMENTS.** The Permittee shall conduct acute aquatic toxicity testing for DSN 001-A as follows:
  - (1) **TEST METHOD:** Acute aquatic toxicity shall be performed as prescribed in the reference document *Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms* (EPA-821-R-02-012), or the most current version, with any exceptions or clarifications noted below.
  - (2) **SAMPLE COLLECTION AND HANDLING:**
    - (a) Composite samples shall be chilled as they are collected. Grab samples shall be chilled immediately following collection. Samples shall be held at 0-6 °C until aquatic toxicity testing is initiated.
    - (b) Effluent samples shall not be dechlorinated, filtered, or modified in any way prior to testing for acute aquatic toxicity unless specifically approved in writing by the Commissioner for monitoring at this facility.
    - (c) Tests for acute aquatic toxicity shall be initiated within 36 hours of sample collection.
  - (3) **TEST SPECIES AND TEST DURATION:** Monitoring for aquatic toxicity to determine compliance with the acute toxicity limits in this permit shall be conducted as follows:
    - (a) For 48-hours utilizing neonatal *Daphnia pulex* (less than 24-hours old).
    - (b) For 48-hours utilizing larval *Pimephales promelas* (1-14 days old with no more than 24-hours range in age).
  - (4) **ACUTE ENDPOINT:** Survival at 48 hours measured by LC<sub>50</sub>.

(5) **TEST CONDITIONS:**

- (a) Tests for acute aquatic toxicity shall be conducted as prescribed for static non-renewal tests.
- (b) Definitive (multi-concentration) testing shall be conducted. The following effluent dilution series concentrations shall be used: 100%, 75%, 50%, 25%, 12.5% and 6.25%.
- (c) Synthetic freshwater prepared with deionized water adjusted to a hardness of 50 mg/L ( $\pm 5$  mg/L) as CaCO<sub>3</sub> shall be used as dilution water.
- (d) Organisms shall not be fed during the tests.
- (e) Copper nitrate shall be used as the reference toxicant.
- (f) Dissolved oxygen, pH, and temperature shall be measured in the control and in all test concentrations at the beginning of the test, daily thereafter, and at test termination.
- (g) Specific conductance, pH, alkalinity, hardness, and total residual chlorine shall be measured in the undiluted effluent sample and in the dilution (control) water at the beginning of the test and at test termination. If total residual chlorine is not detected at test initiation, it does not need to be measured at test termination.

(6) **CHEMICAL ANALYSIS:** All samples of the discharge used in the acute toxicity test shall, at a minimum, be analyzed and results reported in accordance with the provisions listed in Section 6(A) of this permit for the following parameters:

pH	Cadmium
Hardness	Copper (Total recoverable and dissolved)
Alkalinity	Lead (Total recoverable and dissolved)
Aluminum, Total	Nickel (Total recoverable and dissolved)
Conductivity	Chromium (Total recoverable and dissolved)
Chromium, hexavalent	Iron (Total recoverable and dissolved)
Chlorine, Total Residual	Nitrogen, Ammonia (Total as N)
Phosphorus, Total	Nitrogen, Nitrate (Total as N)
Iron, Total	Nitrogen, Nitrite (Total as N)
Solids, Total Suspended	Silver (Total recoverable and dissolved)
	Zinc (Total recoverable and dissolved)

(7) **TEST ACCEPTABILITY CRITERIA:** For the test results to be acceptable, control survival must equal or exceed 90%. If the laboratory control fails to meet test acceptability criteria for either of the test organisms at the end of the respective test period, then the test is considered invalid and the test must be repeated with a newly collected sample in accordance with Section 9(E).

(8) **TEST COMPLIANCE:** Compliance with limits on Acute Toxicity shall be determined as follows:

- (a) For limits expressed as a minimum LC50 value, compliance shall be

demonstrated when the results of a valid definitive acute aquatic toxicity test indicates that the LC50 value for the test is greater than the acute toxicity limit in Table A.

(B) **CHRONIC TESTING REQUIREMENTS.** The Permittee shall conduct chronic toxicity testing for DSN 001-A as follows:

(1) **TEST METHOD:** Chronic aquatic toxicity testing shall be performed as prescribed in the reference document *Short-term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Water to Freshwater Organisms*, EPA-821-R-02-013, or the most current version, with the following exceptions or clarifications noted below.

(2) **SAMPLE COLLECTION AND HANDLING:**

(a) Composite samples shall be chilled as they are being collected. Samples shall be held at 0 - 6 °C until chronic aquatic toxicity testing is initiated.

(b) Effluent samples shall not be dechlorinated, filtered, or modified in any way prior to testing for chronic aquatic toxicity unless specifically approved in writing by the Commissioner for monitoring at this facility.

(c) Tests for chronic aquatic toxicity shall be initiated within 36 hours of sample collection.

(3) **TEST SPECIES AND TEST DURATION:** Monitoring for chronic aquatic toxicity to determine compliance with the chronic toxicity limits/conditions in the permit shall be conducted as follows:

(a) For seven days utilizing neonatal *Ceriodaphnia dubia* (less 24 hours old)

(b) For seven days utilizing newly-hatched *Pimephales promelas* (less 24 hours old).

(4) **CHRONIC ENDPOINTS:**

(a) *Ceriodaphnia dubia*: Survival and Reproduction

(b) *Pimephales promelas*: Survival and Growth

(5) **DILUTION WATER:** Naugatuck River water shall be collected upstream of the area influenced by the discharge shall be used as site control water (0% effluent) and dilution water in the toxicity tests. The Permittee shall document the dilution water sampling location by providing coordinates and/or a map of the location.

(6) **TEST CONDITIONS:**

(a) Testing for chronic aquatic toxicity shall be conducted as prescribed in the reference document for static daily renewal tests.

(b) Daily composite samples of the discharge and grab samples of the Naugatuck River for use as site water and dilution water shall be collected on: Day 1 of the test (for test initiation and renewal on Day 2 of the test); Day 3 of the test (for test

solution renewal on Day 3 and Day 4 of the test); and on Day 5 of the test, (for test solution renewal on Day 5, Day 6, and Day 7 of the test). Samples shall not be dechlorinated, pH or hardness adjusted, or chemically altered in any way.

- (c) Test concentrations shall be comprised of a minimum of five dilutions (100%, 75%, 50%, 25%, 12.5%, and 6.25% effluent), a dilution equal to the permit limits in Table A, laboratory control water, and site dilution water.
- (c) Dissolved oxygen, pH, and temperature shall be measured in each sample of effluent and the Naugatuck River water sample prior to and immediately following renewal of the test solutions.
- (d) Synthetic freshwater prepared with deionized water adjusted to a hardness of 50 mg/l ( $\pm 5$  mg/l) as CaCO<sub>3</sub> prepared as described in *Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms* (EPA-821-R-02-013) shall be used as laboratory control water, in addition to the site-water control in the test protocol.

(7) **CHEMICAL ANALYSIS:** Chemical analysis for the parameters identified below shall be conducted on an undiluted aliquot of each effluent sample and each sample of upstream Naugatuck River water used in the test. The chemical analysis shall be analyzed, and results reported in accordance with the provisions listed in Section 6(A) of this permit for the following parameters:

pH	Cadmium
Hardness	Copper (Total recoverable and dissolved)
Alkalinity	Lead (Total recoverable and dissolved)
Aluminum, Total	Nickel (Total recoverable and dissolved)
Conductivity	Chromium (Total recoverable and dissolved)
Chromium, hexavalent	Iron (Total recoverable and dissolved)
Chlorine, Total Residual	Nitrogen, Ammonia (Total as N)
Phosphorus, Total	Nitrogen, Nitrate (Total as N)
Iron, Total	Nitrogen, Nitrite (Total as N)
Solids, Total Suspended	Silver
	Zinc (Total recoverable and dissolved)

- (8) **TEST ACCEPTABILITY CRITERIA:** If the laboratory control fails to meet test acceptability criteria specified in the reference document for either of the test organisms at the end of the respective test period, then the test is considered invalid and the test must be repeated.
- (9) **REPORTING:** A report detailing the results of the chronic toxicity monitoring shall be submitted no later than 60 days following the day sampling was concluded for that test. A hard copy of the report shall be submitted to the address in Section 8(B) and an electronic copy shall be submitted consistent with Section 8. A reference toxicant test shall be conducted with each chronic toxicity monitoring test using sodium chloride. The report shall include the items identified in Section 8(B) of this permit. Endpoints to be reported are: 48-hour LC<sub>50</sub> (survival), 7-day LC<sub>50</sub> (survival), 7-day C-NOEC (survival), 7-day C-LOEC (survival), 7-day C-NOEC (growth), 7-day C-LOEC (growth), 7-day C-NOEC (reproduction), 7-day C-LOEC (reproduction), 7-day IC<sub>25</sub> (growth and reproduction).

## SECTION 8: REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- (A) The results of chemical analyses and any aquatic toxicity test required by this permit shall be submitted electronically using NetDMR. Monitoring results shall be reported at the monitoring frequency specified in this permit. Any monitoring required more frequently than monthly shall be reported on an attachment to the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR), and any additional monitoring conducted in accordance with 40 CFR 136, or another method required for an industry-specific waste stream under 40 CFR subchapter N or O, or other methods approved by the Commissioner, shall also be included on the DMR, or as an attachment, if necessary, and the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the DMR. Calculations for all limitations which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified by the Commissioner in the permit. All aquatic toxicity reports shall also be included as an attachment to the DMR. A report shall also be included with the DMR which includes a detailed explanation of any violations of the limitations specified. DMRs, attachments, and reports, shall continue to be submitted electronically in accordance with Section 8(E) below. However, if the DMRs, attachments, and reports are required to be submitted in hard copy form, they shall be received at this address by the last day of the month following the month in which samples are collected:

Bureau of Materials Management and Compliance Assurance  
Water Permitting and Enforcement Division (Attn: DMR Processing)  
Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection  
79 Elm Street, Hartford, CT 06106-5127

- (B) The Aquatic Toxicity Monitoring Report (ATMR) shall include all applicable items identified in Section 12 of EPA-821-R-02-012 and in Section 10 of EPA-821-R-02-013, including complete and accurate aquatic toxicity test data, including percent survival of test organisms in each replicate test chamber, LC<sub>50</sub> values and 95% confidence intervals for definitive test protocols, and all supporting chemical/physical measurements performed in association with any aquatic toxicity test, including measured daily flow and hours of operation for the 30 consecutive operating days prior to sample collection. The ATMR shall be submitted electronically, and a hard copy shall be sent to the Bureau of Water Protection and Land Reuse at the address below. The ATMR required by Section 7(A) and 7(B) shall be received at this address by the last day of the month following the month in which the samples are collected. The ATMR required by Section 7(B) shall be provided in accordance with the timeframe identified in Section 7(B)(9) above to:

Bureau of Water Protection and Land Reuse (Attn: Aquatic Toxicity)  
Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection  
79 Elm Street, Hartford, CT 06106-5127

- (C) If this permit requires monitoring of a discharge on a calendar basis (e.g., monthly, quarterly, etc.), but a discharge has not occurred within the frequency of sampling specified in the permit, the Permittee must submit the DMR and ATMR, as scheduled, indicating "NO DISCHARGE". For those permittees whose required monitoring is discharge dependent (e.g., per batch), the minimum reporting frequency is monthly. Therefore, if there is no discharge during a calendar month for a batch discharge, a DMR must be submitted indicating such by the end of the following month.
- (D) For Total Toxic Organics (TTO) monitoring, the Permittee may, in lieu of analyzing for TTO, include a statement on each DMR certifying compliance with its approved solvent management plan. This certification statement is set forth in 40 CFR 433.12. If such approval had been

granted and the reports include the compliance statement, the minimum frequency of sampling shall be reduced to annually in the month of October.

(E) NetDMR Reporting Requirements

(1) The Permittee shall report electronically using NetDMR, a web-based tool that allows permittees to electronically submit DMRs and other required reports through a secure internet connection. All reports required under the permit, including any monitoring conducted more frequently than monthly or any additional monitoring conducted in accordance with 40 CFR 136, shall be submitted to the Commissioner as an electronic attachment to the DMR in NetDMR.

(2) Submittal of Reports Using NetDMR

The Permittee and/or the signatory authority shall electronically submit DMRs required by this permit to the Commissioner using NetDMR in satisfaction of the DMR submission requirement of Sections 5 and 6 of this permit. DMRs shall be submitted electronically to the Commissioner no later than the last day of the month following the completed reporting period. Any monitoring conducted more frequently than monthly or any additional monitoring shall be submitted to the Commissioner as an electronic attachment to the DMR in NetDMR. The Permittee shall also electronically file any written report of noncompliance described in Section 9 of this permit as an attachment in NetDMR. NetDMR is accessed from: <http://www.epa.gov/netdmr>.

**SECTION 9: RECORDING AND REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS, ADDITIONAL TESTING REQUIREMENTS**

(A) *Noncompliance Notifications:*

(1) In accordance with Section 22a-430-3(j)(8), 22a-430-3(j)(11)(D), 22a-430-3(k)(4), and 22a-430-3(i)(3) of the RSCA, the Permittee shall notify the Commissioner of the following actual or anticipated noncompliance with the terms or conditions of this permit within two hours of becoming aware of the circumstances. All other actual or anticipated violations of the permit shall be reported to the Commissioner within 24 hours of becoming aware of the circumstances:

- (a) A noncompliance that is greater than two times an effluent limitation;
- (b) A noncompliance of any minimum or maximum daily limitation or excursion beyond a minimum or maximum daily range;
- (c) Any condition that may endanger human health or the environment, including but not limited to noncompliance with WET limitations;
- (d) Any condition that may endanger the operation of a POTW, including sludge handling and disposal;
- (e) A failure or malfunction of monitoring equipment used to comply with the monitoring requirements of this permit;

- (f) Any actual or potential bypass of the Permittee's collection system or treatment facilities; or
  - (g) Expansions or significant alterations of any wastewater collection, treatment facility, or its method of operation for the purpose of correcting or avoiding a permit violation.
- (2) Notifications shall be submitted via the Commissioner's online Noncompliance Notification Form: <https://portal.ct.gov/deep/water-regulating-and-discharges/industrial-wastewater/compliance-assistance/notification-requirements>.
  - (3) Within five days of any notification of noncompliance in accordance with Sections 10(A)(a) through 10(A)(f) of this permit, the Permittee shall submit a follow-up report using the Commissioner's online Noncompliance Follow-up Report Form: <https://portal.ct.gov/deep/water-regulating-and-discharges/industrial-wastewater/compliance-assistance/notification-requirements>.
- The follow-up report shall contain, at a minimum, the following information: (i) A description of the noncompliance and its cause; (ii) the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times; (iii) if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and (iv) steps taken or planned to correct the noncompliance and reduce, eliminate and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance.
- (4) Within 30 days of any notification of facility modifications reported in accordance with Section 10(A)(g) of this permit, the Permittee shall submit a written follow-up report by submitting a "Facility and Wastewater Treatment System Modification Request for Determination" for the review and approval of the Commissioner. The report shall fully describe the changes made to the facility and reasons therefor.
  - (5) Notification of an actual or anticipated noncompliance or facility modification does not stay any term or condition of this permit.
- (B) In accordance with Section 22a-430-3(j)(11)(E) of the RSCA, the Permittee shall notify the Commissioner within 72 hours and in writing within 30 days when he or she knows or has reason to believe that the concentration in the discharge of any substance listed in the application, or any toxic substance as listed in Appendix B or D of RSCA Section 22a-430-4, has exceeded or will exceed the highest of the following levels: (1) One hundred micrograms per liter; (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter for acrolein and acrylonitrile, five hundred micrograms per liter for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter for antimony; (3) An alternative level specified by the Commissioner, provided such level shall not exceed the level which can be achieved by the Permittee's treatment system; or (4) A level two times the level specified in the Permittee's application.

72 hour initial notifications shall be submitted via the Commissioner's online Noncompliance Notification Form. 30 day follow-up reports shall be submitted via the Commissioner's online Noncompliance Follow-up Report Form. The Forms are available at the Commissioner's website, here: <https://portal.ct.gov/deep/water-regulating-and-discharges/industrial-wastewater/compliance-assistance/notification-requirements>.

- (C) In addition to any other written reporting requirements, the Permittee shall report any instances of noncompliance with this permit with its DMR. Such reporting shall be due no later than the last



day of the month following the reporting period in which the noncompliant event occurred. The information provided in the DMR shall include, at a minimum: the type of violation, the duration of the violation, the cause of the violation, and any corrective action(s) or preventative measure(s) taken to address the violation.

- (D) The Permittee shall notify the Bureau of Materials Management and Compliance Assurance, Water Permitting and Enforcement Division, within 72 hours and in writing within 30 days of the discharge of any substance listed in the application if the concentration or quantity of that substance exceeds two times the level listed in the application.
- (E) If any sample analysis indicates that an aquatic toxicity effluent limitation in Section 5 of this permit has been exceeded, or that the test was invalid, another sample of the effluent shall be collected and tested for aquatic toxicity and associated chemical parameters, as described above in Section 7, and the results reported to the Bureau of Materials Management and Compliance Assurance (Attn: DMR Processing), at the address listed above, within 30 days of the exceedance or invalid test. Results of all tests, whether valid or invalid, shall be reported.
- (F) If any two consecutive test results or any three test results in a twelve-month period indicate that an aquatic toxicity limit has been exceeded, the Permittee shall immediately take all reasonable steps to eliminate toxicity wherever possible and shall also submit a report, for the review and written approval of the Commissioner, which describes in detail the steps taken or that shall be taken to eliminate the toxic impacts of the discharge on the receiving water and it shall also include a proposed schedule for implementation. Such report shall be submitted in accordance with the timeframe set forth in Section 22a-430-3(j)(10)(C) of the RCSA. The Permittee shall implement all actions in accordance with the approved report and schedule.

#### **SECTION 10: COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE**

- (A) Per – and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) Sampling Plan. On or before 30 days after the effective date of this permit, the Permittee shall employ or retain one or more qualified professionals acceptable to the Commissioner to prepare the documents and implement or oversee the actions required by this section of the permit and shall, by that date, notify the Commissioner in writing of the identity of such professionals. Such professionals employed or retained by the Permittee shall have demonstrated knowledge of PFAS and the sampling protocols and analytical laboratory methods associated with identifying and quantifying PFAS. The Permittee shall employ or retain one or more qualified professionals acceptable to the Commissioner until the actions required by this section of the permit have been completed, and within ten (10) days after employing or retaining any professional(s) other than one(s) originally identified under this paragraph, the Permittee shall notify the Commissioner in writing of the identity of such other professional. The Permittee shall submit to the Commissioner a description of the professional's education, experience, and training, which is relevant to the work required by this permit within 10 days after a request for such a description. Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude the Commissioner from finding a previously acceptable professional unacceptable.
  - (1) On or before 120 days after the effective date of this permit, the Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and approval a sampling plan for the analysis of PFAS using sufficiently sensitive test methods. PFAS analyses shall be performed using the methods approved by EPA pursuant to 40 CFR 136 and performed by a lab certified by Connecticut Department of Public Health. If no such test method is approved by EPA pursuant to 40 CFR 136, PFAS analyses shall be performed in accordance with EPA Method 1633 (see <https://www.epa.gov/cwa-methods/cwa-analytical-methods-and->

[polyfluorinated-alkyl-substances-pfas](#)). The sampling plan must indicate at least two sampling events of the prescribed discharge. At a minimum this plan must identify the test method, laboratory, and sampling protocols including sample quality control procedures to be implemented.

- (2) On or before 30 days after the Commissioner's approval, the Permittee shall conduct PFAS sampling in accordance with the approved plan and shall submit the analytical report to DEEP within 30 days of receiving the results.
- (B) The Permittee shall achieve compliance with the pH effluent limitations and in Table A of Section 5 of this permit, as soon as possible, but in no event later than 12 months after the effective date of this permit in accordance with the following:
- (1) On or before 90 days after the date of issuance of this permit, the Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a comprehensive plan and thorough report which describes and evaluates alternative actions which may be taken by the Permittee to achieve compliance with the pH limitations in Section 5 of this permit. Such report shall:
    - (a) Evaluate alternative actions to achieve compliance with Section 5 limits including, but not limited to, pollutant source reduction, process changes/innovations, chemical substitutions, recycle and zero discharge systems, water conservation measures, and other internal and/or end-of-pipe treatment technologies;
    - (b) State in detail the most expeditious schedule for performing each alternative;
    - (c) List all permits and approvals required for each alternative, including but not limited to any permits required under Sections 22a-32, 22a-42a, 22a-342, 22a-361, 22a-368 or 22a-430 of the CGS;
    - (d) Propose a preferred alternative or combination of alternatives with supporting justification; and
    - (e) Propose a detailed program and schedule, including the start and anticipated end dates, to perform all actions required by the preferred alternative including but not limited to a schedule for submission of engineering plans and specifications on any internal and/or end of pipe treatment facilities, start and completion of any construction activities related to any treatment facilities, and applying for and obtaining all permits and approvals required for such actions.
- (C) The Permittee shall submit to the Commissioner semi-annual status reports on June 30<sup>th</sup> and December 31<sup>st</sup> of each year, beginning sixty days after the date of approval of the report referenced in Sections 10(B). Status reports shall include the following:
- (1) A summary of all effluent monitoring data collected by the Permittee during the previous six (6) month period;
  - (2) A description of the work performed by the Permittee during the past six (6) months towards compliance with Section 10(B) above;

- (3) An assessment of whether the Permittee is on schedule to comply with the compliance deadline;
  - (4) If the Permittee is not on-track to comply with the compliance deadline, the steps the Permittee will take to comply; and
- (D) The Permittee shall perform the approved actions in accordance with the approved schedule. Within fourteen days after completing such actions, the Permittee shall certify to the Commissioner in writing that the actions have been completed as reviewed/approved.
- (E) The Permittee shall submit to the Commissioner all documents required by this section of the permit in a complete and approvable form. If the Commissioner notifies the Permittee that any document or other action is deficient, and does not approve it with conditions or modifications, it is deemed disapproved, and the Permittee shall correct the deficiencies and resubmit it within the time specified by the Commissioner or, if no time is specified by the Commissioner, within 30 days of the Commissioner's notice of deficiencies. In approving any document or other action under this Compliance Schedule, the Commissioner may approve the document or other action as submitted or performed or with such conditions or modifications as the Commissioner deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this section of the permit. Nothing in this paragraph shall excuse noncompliance or delay.
- (F) Dates. The date of submission to the Commissioner of any document required by this section of the permit shall be the date such document is received by the Commissioner. The date of any notice by the Commissioner under this permit, including but not limited to notice of approval or disapproval of any document or other action, shall be the date such notice is personally delivered or the date three (3) days after it is mailed by the Commissioner, whichever is earlier. Except as otherwise specified in this permit, the word "day" as used in this section of the permit means calendar day. Any document or action which is required by this section of the permit to be submitted, or performed, by a date which falls on, Saturday, Sunday, or a Connecticut or federal holiday, shall be submitted or performed on or before the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or Connecticut or federal holiday.
- (G) Notification of noncompliance. In the event that the Permittee becomes aware that it did not or may not comply, or did not or may not comply on time, with any requirement of this section of the permit or of any document required hereunder, the Permittee shall immediately notify the Commissioner and shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that any noncompliance or delay is avoided or, if unavoidable, minimized to the greatest extent possible. In so notifying the Commissioner, the Permittee shall state in writing the reasons for the noncompliance or delay and propose, for the review and written approval of the Commissioner, dates by which compliance will be achieved, and the Permittee shall comply with any dates, which may be approved in writing by the Commissioner. Notification by the Permittee shall not excuse noncompliance or delay, and the Commissioner's approval of any compliance dates proposed shall not excuse noncompliance or delay unless specifically so stated by the Commissioner in writing.
- (H) Notice to Commissioner of changes. Within 14 days of the date the Permittee becomes aware of a change in any information submitted to the Commissioner under this section of the permit, or that any such information was inaccurate or misleading or that any relevant information was omitted, the permittee shall submit the correct or omitted information to the Commissioner.

(F) Submission of documents. Any document, other than a discharge monitoring report, required to be submitted to the Commissioner under this section of the permit shall, unless otherwise specified in writing by the Commissioner, be directed to:

[DEEP.WaterPermittingEnforcement@ct.gov](mailto:DEEP.WaterPermittingEnforcement@ct.gov) with the subject line "CT0021873"  
and  
NPDES Permitting Program  
Department of Energy and Environmental Protection  
Bureau of Materials Management and Compliance Assurance  
Water Permitting and Enforcement Division  
79 Elm Street  
Hartford, CT 06106-5127

This permit is hereby issued on

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JENNIFER PERRY, P.E.  
Bureau Chief

JP/ OF