

The Fish Stocking Report is published annually by the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection

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Fisheries Division

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Cover: Caring for a young child can be challenging. Trevor Harvey has it covered by taking his daughter fishing. In addition to introduce the next generation of anglers to fishing, he also landed a beautiful looking rainbow trout.

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INTRODUCTION

Recreational fishing is a healthy outdoor experience that is important to the quality of life for many of Connecticut's residents and is beneficial to the state's economy. With over 4.4 million fishing days enjoyed by adult anglers annually, the benefits to Connecticut's economy is

estimated to be approximately \$436 million dollars per

year¹. A major objective of the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection's (DEEP) Fisheries Division (Fisheries Division) is to enhance and diversify recreational fisheries.



To support high-quality recreational fishing experiences the State of Connecticut stocks fish reared at one of three State fish hatcheries or in managed marshes, purchased with Federal Sportfish Restoration (SFR) funds, and that are captured during upstream migration. Currently, Brown Trout, Brook Trout, Rainbow Trout, Tiger Trout, Atlantic Salmon and Kokanee Salmon (a landlocked form of the anadromous Pacific Sockeye Salmon) are raised at one or more of the three State fish hatcheries. Other stocked species include Northern Pike (spawned in managed marshes and purchased from commercial vendors with SFR funds), Walleye and Channel Catfish (purchased from commercial vendors with SFR funds and/or State funds). To accelerate the pace of restoration American Shad, Alewife, Sea Lamprey, and Blueback herring (captured as they migrate into freshwater to spawn).

Connecticut's Stocked Fish:

TROUT: The Fisheries Division stocks trout into waters that have suitable habitat and are open to public fishing. In general the Fisheries Division stocks hundreds of thousands of catchable sized trout each year into approximately 150 rivers/streams and 100 lakes/ponds. Catchable sized trout can be adult (9-12 inches), "specialty" trout (12-14 inch range), or surplus broodstock (weighing 2-10 pounds or more). In addition, approximately several hundred thousand more trout are stocked as yearlings (7-9 inches) or fry and fingerlings (1-6 inch trout).

Springtime is the primary time for trout fishing in Connecticut. Trout distribution generally begins in late February (pre-season) and continues until mid-May (in season). More than half the year's trout are stocked into



their respective waters prior to Opening Day, which is the 2nd Saturday in April (pre-season). A subset of waters (including a number of Trout Management Areas) are stocked in September and October (late season) to enhance fall and winter trout fishing.

Innovative fish management tools such as minimum lengths, reduced creel limits, catch-and-release only areas and wild trout management areas are used to enhance angler opportunities in selected waters. Although these special management areas (Trout Parks, Trophy Trout Streams, Trout Management Areas, Trout Management Lakes and Wild Trout Management Areas) are perhaps the most noticeable and popular trout fishing areas, two-thirds of the catchable-sized trout stocked in Connecticut are released into areas with no special management or regulations (where statewide regulations apply).

¹ U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau. 2011 National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated Recreation (Connecticut Summary).

KOKANEE SALMON: Kokanee Salmon is a land-locked form of the Pacific Sockeye Salmon first introduced to Connecticut in the 1930's. The DEEP currently maintains a Kokanee Salmon fishery in West Hill Pond (New Hartford/Barkhamsted) and East Twin Lake (Salisbury). Each fall mature Kokanee are trap-netted and transported to the Burlington State Fish Hatchery for spawning. The eggs are incubated and after they hatch are reared until the fry are stocked in the spring. Fry surplus to the needs of West Hill and East Twin Lake are stocked in either Wononskopomuc Lake (Salisbury) or Beach Pond (Voluntown/Exeter, RI).



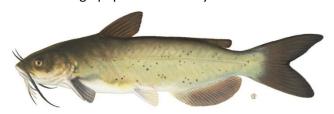
NORTHERN PIKE: Northern Pike fisheries are developed and maintained by stocking fingerlings (3 - 8") that are raised in managed marshes located in Haddam and Mansfield. Pike fry growth and survival is maximized by managing the water level, vegetation type and by limiting predatory fish species. Within a few months, pike fingerlings are captured by lowering the water level in each of the marshes. In addition the Fisheries Division purchases young pike from a commercial hatchery.



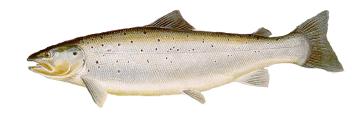
WALLEYE: DEEP began to develop <u>Walleye fisheries</u> in 1993, which are supported through annual stockings of fingerlings purchased using Federal Sportfish Restoration Funds. Walleye are stocked at rates of 8-15 fish per acre in each lake. The developing fishery in each lake is evaluated by monitoring the growth and abundance of Walleye and other fish species and by measuring angler effort and fishing success. In addition to fish purchased and stocked by DEEP, the South Central CT Regional Water Authority, Aquarion Water Company, and Town of East Hampton may also purchase Walleye (stocked into water company property waters and Lake Pocotopaug respectively).



CHANNEL CATFISH: Expanding upon the popularity of the <u>Channel Catfish fishery</u> in the Connecticut River and privately owned waters stocked by individuals, the Fisheries Division began stocking Channel Catfish in 2007. The Fisheries Division stocks Channel Catfish to provide a high quality, year-round fishery, especially in areas with high population density.



ATLANTIC SALMON: From 1992 to 2013, the Fisheries Division annually stocked over one million juvenile salmon (fry, parr, and smolts) as part of a multi-state and federal effort to restore Atlantic Salmon to the Connecticut River watershed. The federal effort concluded in 2013, however, the Fisheries Division still maintains salmon at the Kensington State Fish Hatchery to preserve the genetic integrity of the Connecticut River strain.



The Fisheries Division plans to stock approximately 250 thousand newly hatched salmon fry into selected streams within the Farmington and Salmon River watersheds as part of a Legacy Program to ensure the continued presence of Atlantic Salmon in Connecticut. It is important to note that any juvenile or adult salmon captured within the Farmington River, Salmon River, or anywhere else in the Connecticut River watershed are a result of these stockings. All salmon caught in these

waters must be released immediately without avoidable injury.

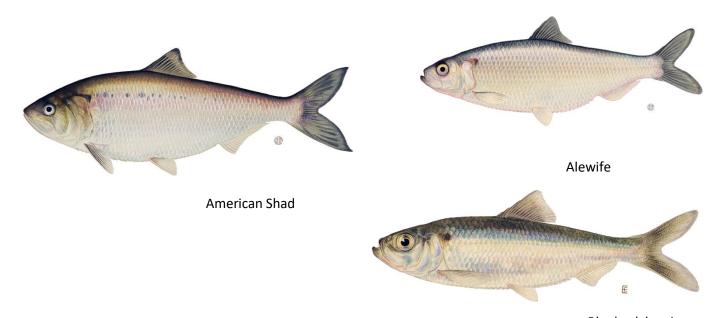
To support the unique Atlantic Salmon recreational fishery that has been established in the state, the Fisheries Division is specifically producing 2-3 year old fish (average weight of 2-5 pounds) to stock in Atlantic Salmon Management Areas. These fish are stocked before they ever produce eggs. An additional 200-250 large (average weight of 10-15 pounds) Atlantic salmon are stocked for recreational fishing after being spawned. Salmon are stocked into sections of the Naugatuck and Shetucket Rivers each fall. Harvest is allowed in these areas; refer to the Connecticut Angler's Guide for details. Starting in 2007, Atlantic Salmon were also stocked into some lakes. Lakes that have received Atlantic Salmon in prior years include, Beach Pond (Voluntown), Crystal Lake (Ellington/Stafford), Mount Tom Pond (Washington), Nell's Rock Reservoir (Shelton), and Mashapaug Lake (Union) have received Atlantic Salmon.

SEA-RUN BROWN TROUT: After a multi-year trial to re-introduce a sea-run Brown Trout fishery, the Fisheries

Division is suspending the annual importation of sea-run trout eggs, and therefore will no longer be importing these eggs for incubation and grow out at Burlington Hatchery. This decision is based on poor results to date (i.e. no evidence of returning fish in the fall of 2018 or 2019 based on either angler reports or our own monitoring program). We will continue to rear and stock out the 2019 egg year class.

ANADROMOUS CLUPEID RESTORATION AND ENHANCEMENT: DEEP is actively working to restore

and enhance anadromous American Shad, Alewife and Blueback Herring runs in Connecticut by removing obsolete dams, building fishways that allow fish to migrate past remaining dams, and transplanting prespawn adults from streams with healthy runs to targeted rivers having suitable habitat and water quality. Alewives are captured from Bride Brook, Blueback Herring from Connecticut River coves, and American Shad from the Holyoke Dam fish lift on the Connecticut River in Massachusetts. These fish are trucked to streams targeted for restoration and released to reproduce naturally.



Blueback herring

All fish illustrations used with permission from New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

DEEP State Fish Hatcheries:

The Fisheries Division manages three fish hatcheries, Burlington State Fish Hatchery (Burlington), Quinebaug Valley State Trout Hatchery (Plainfield), and Kensington State Fish Hatchery (Berlin). The staff at these hatcheries are charged with hatching, rearing, and distributing over 500,000 catchable fish as well as fry, fingerlings, and eggs in order to support various Fisheries Division management goals and external partners and educational programs. These three fish hatcheries produce all the trout and salmon stocked by the Fisheries Division.

Burlington State Fish Hatchery

Address: 34 Belden Rd, Burlington, CT 06013

Hours: 8:00 am to 3:00 pm

Tours: Self-guided or by reservation

Phone: 860-673-2340

The <u>Burlington State Fish Hatchery</u> was constructed in 1923, making it our oldest operational fish hatchery. One of the many types of fish cultured at this hatchery is the "<u>survivor</u>" strain of Brown Trout. The idea behind the "survivor" program is to produce hatchery fish that more closely mimic the behavior of wild trout, are more temperature tolerant, have better avian predator avoidance, and will be able to reproduce successfully on their own. Fisheries Division staff collect potential broodstock from the West Branch Farmington River each fall and transfer



these fish to the Burlington State Fish Hatchery. After spawning, the adults are returned to the river and their offspring raised and stocked approximately one year later. While research on the effectiveness of this program continues, initial information indicates the program has been successful. There were very few "wild" Brown Trout in the West Branch Farmington River prior to these efforts and now wild Brown Trout catches are commonplace. In addition, work conducted in the Housatonic River shows that "survivors" may indeed be more fit than the domestic Cortland strain stocked by the state. The Burlington State Fish Hatchery is the only State hatchery that rears Kokanee Salmon fry.

Quinebaug Valley State Trout Hatchery

Address: 141 Trout Hatchery Rd, Central Village, CT 06332

Hours: 8:00 am to 3:00 pm

Tours: Self-guided in the visitor's center (the hatchery itself is not

open to the public). Phone: 860-564-7542

The <u>Quinebaug Valley State Trout Hatchery</u> is one of the largest trout production facilities on the East Coast. Built in 1971 at a cost of 2.5 million dollars and renovated in the mid 1990's, the hatchery is supplied by 11 wells that each produce 50-500 gallons per minute (gpm) and water



recirculation pumps to provides another 1,000 gpm. This quantity of water allows the facility to produce an estimated 300,000 pounds of trout for distribution throughout public waterways in Connecticut and three million eggs. Quinebaug Valley State Trout Hatchery belongs to the National Broodstock Registry and as such can ship fish and eggs to other facilities. The Quinnebaug facility is pleased to support Trout Unlimited 's <u>Trout in The Classroom</u> project by providing Brown Trout eggs. Over 100 schools in Connecticut participate each year. The students monitor the eggs until they hatch and then release the fry into a local waterbody.

Kensington State Fish Hatchery

Address: 120 Old Hatchery Rd, Kensington, CT 06037

Hours: Not open to the public

Phone: 860-829-8518

Constructed in 1934, the Kensington State Fish Hatchery is our second oldest hatchery in operation. One of the former functions of the Kensington State Fish Hatchery was to support Atlantic Salmon Restoration efforts. With federal restoration efforts concluded (2013), DEEP has begun the "Legacy Program." The legacy program will maintain enough Atlantic Salmon at our Kensington State Fish Hatchery to preserve genetic integrity of the Connecticut River strain. For over 45 years, biologists have been breeding adult salmon that have



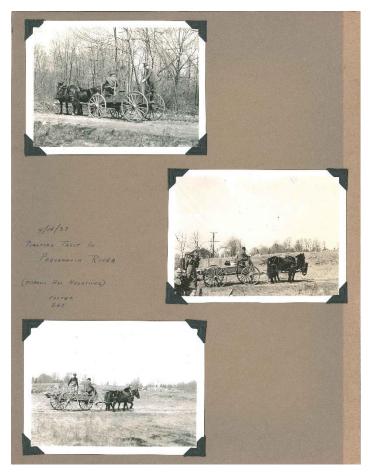
returned to the Connecticut River as part of the restoration program. Fish that were originally stocked to support restoration came from Maine, but over time, the genetic identity of the strain shifted as fish adapted to their new river. The current strain is the southernmost population of Atlantic Salmon and it is important to maintain this strain, not only to support CT's Atlantic Salmon Legacy program but also to preserve this unique genetic resource, the importance of which may go beyond the boundaries of Connecticut.

In addition, each year, 2-3 year old salmon are raised and stocked specifically for the fishery on the Naugatuck and Shetucket Rivers as well as selected lakes. These fish provide a unique angling opportunity that attracts anglers worldwide. Surplus eggs are supplied to over 80 schools that participate in the Connecticut River Salmon Association's <u>Salmon-In-Schools</u> program. Students are responsible for caring for the eggs until they hatch, feeding the fry, and then releasing them into local waters.





Transporting fish: Initial transport of fish involved horse and buggy (lower left). The fish were transported in large metal milk cans. As there was no mechanical aeration, often one person was assigned the task to "agitate" the water while in transport. Due to logistics, the distance these fish could be transported was relatively short, the majority of stocking was of juvenile fish. With advances realized by motorized transportation, both the distance fish could be transported and the size of the fish could increase (top and middle right). Beginning in the mid 1930's, our state fish hatcheries became regional hubs and remote field hatcheries phased out. In 1947, the state fish hatcheries had 13 trucks to support fish stocking effort. Today it takes over 450 truckloads to get all of the catchable-sized fish stocked (bottom).









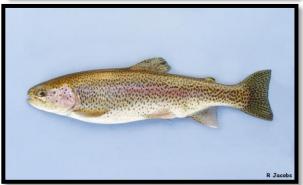




<u>Brook Trout</u> have a dark body with light spots and a worm-like pattern on back, head, and sides. The lower fins are typically redorange with a white leading edge. Stocked Brook Trout are typically less colorful than wild Brook Trout.



Brown Trout have a light body with dark spots. The lower fins are typically brown, tan, or nearly colorless and may have a white leading edge. Wild Brown Trout may have bright red and orange spots and an orange adipose fin (a fleshy fin located between the dorsal fin and the tail on trout and salmon). The tail is more rounded than forked. Brown Trout and Atlantic Salmon can look very similar.



Rainbow Trout have a light body with dark spots on the head and the tail. There is usually a pink-colored band along each side. The lower fins typically do not have a white leading edge.

In addition to timely and interesting fisheries information, the Fisheries Division posts stocking information during trout season and when Channel Catfish and Atlantic Salmon broodstock are stocked.

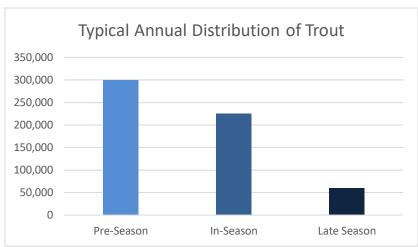






When and where are trout stocked?

Each year the trout produced at our hatcheries are stocked during one of three periods. The "Preseason" period is from the start of stocking until just prior to the second Saturday of April (Opening Day). The pre-season is used to prepare the hundreds of fishable waters for Opening Day. The "In-season" period, from Opening Day until mid-May, keeps trout fishing fresh and exciting. "Late season" stockings occur any time after Memorial Day and are usually in the fall (sometimes winter).



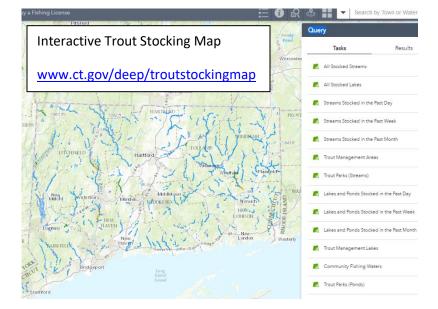
To get on the fish- check out our <u>interactive map</u> that tracks the number of days since a waterbody was last stocked. The purpose of this map is to provide the angling community with near real-time information on the Fisheries Division stocking and visually present where the stocked waters are located using the latest in mapping technology. It is our intention that this information will help increase angler appreciation of the great fishing afforded through our stocking program.

Features:

- Search by town name or waterbody name
- Fixed Search (Query) Options
 - List all stocked waters
 - List all stocked waters within 1 day,
 1 week, 1 month
 - List Trout Management Areas
 - List Trout Parks
 - List Community Fishing Waters
 - List Wild Trout Management Areas
- Zoom in and out
- Custom print your area of interest
- Legend, information, query, and change base map buttons
- "Buy my fishing license" link
- Mobile friendly with "Near Me" feature
- Linked information for many waterbodies
 - Depth (Bathymetric) map (lakes and ponds)

Other sources of trout stocking information:

- Current Stocking Report
- Weekly Fishing Report (opt- in to our e-newsletter and reports)
- Social Media Posts: <u>Facebook</u>, <u>Twitter</u>, <u>FishBrain</u>



Trout and Salmon Stamp

Connecticut initiated a Trout and Salmon Stamp in 2018 in order to maintain its trout and salmon programs. The cost of the stamp is \$5 for everyone except those age 16-17 (\$3). The stamp is valid for an entire calendar year. The trout and salmon stamp is needed either to fish certain areas or to keep any trout or salmon. 100% of your investment in fishing licenses, stamps, and tags is required by law to support fisheries programs (CGS 26-15, 26-15a and 26-15b).



A Trout and Salmon Stamp is needed for those age 16 or older to fish in:

- A Trout Management Area (Rivers and Streams. Note: A stamp is NOT needed to fish in a Trout Management Lake)
- A Wild Trout Management Area (Class 1, 2, and 3)
- A Trout Park
- A Designated Atlantic Salmon Management Area (Naugatuck River and Shetucket River)



Everywhere else, the trout and salmon stamp is needed for those age 16 or older to KEEP any trout or salmon. Unless you are fishing in waters not stocked at expense to the state (private fish and game clubs, private ponds). This means if you practice catch and release or accidently catch and release a trout while fishing for another species, you are not required to have a trout and salmon stamp.

Youth Fishing Passport – Top Anglers for 2019

Congratulations to Kiera M. (top right) who killed it by landing sixteen (16) species as part of the "Fishing Challenge". Jackson B. (top right) landed ten species, Weihan C. (bottom left) caught seven species, and Jacob P. (bottom right) caught six species. Each will receive a generous prize pack of great fishing related goodies.

To take part in the fishing challenge, get or renew your FREE <u>Youth Fishing Passport</u> via <u>DEEP's licensing system</u>, email a photo to <u>deep.inland.fisheries@ct.gov</u> for each catch from the Youth Fishing Passport <u>Scorecard</u>.





2019 Stocking Summary:

The Fisheries Division (Fisheries Division) stocked **1,303,163** fish into various waters throughout Connecticut in 2019. The remainder of this report provides the number of fish by species and size stocked by the Fisheries Division in various waterbodies throughout Connecticut. For additional details or questions regarding any of our stocking programs, please contact us at 860-424-FISH or by email at deep.inland.fisheries@ct.gov

Fish (approximate size)	Total for 2019
Brown Trout, fry (< 1.5 ") fingerling (1-3")	69,100
Brown Trout, parr (2-3")	17,340
Brown Trout, smolt (6-8")	10,770
Brown Trout, yearlings (5-6")	14,200
Brown Trout, adults (9- 12")	230,892
Brown Trout, adults (>12")	17,781
Rainbow Trout, adults (9-12")	211,228
Rainbow Trout, adults (>12")	49,433
Brook Trout, adults (9-12")	74,356
Brook Trout, adults (>12")	2,150
Broodstock, all trout species (18-26")	2,636
Atlantic Salmon, fry (< 1.5 ")	336,278
Atlantic Salmon, broodstock (18-32")	1,018
Kokanee Salmon, fry (< 1.5 ")	191,500
Northern Pike, fingerlings (3-4")	13,170
Walleye, fingerlings (5-8")	37,875
Channel Catfish, adults (18-26")	10,610
American Shad, adults (18-22")	643
Alewife, adults (6-8")	11,766
Sea Lamprey, adults (30-36")	417
Total Fish	1,303,163

Trout stocked by the Fisheries Division:

Total Trout

SUMMARY OF CATCHABLE TROUT STOCKED DURING 2019 (LISTED BY FISHERIES MANAGEMENT TYPE):

Catchable Sized Trout Stocked in 2019 by Management Type Adult-size Trout: Specialty trout: **Brown Rainbow** Tiger Brown Brook **Brown** Rainbow **Brook** Total **Brood-**Yearling **Adult Adult** Adult >12" >12" >12" **Hybrid** stock **Trout** Community Ponds 0 2,980 3.589 6,322 0 0 0 0 0 12.891 36,882 63,360 **Trout Management Lakes** 0 1,925 17,140 0 5,400 2,000 0 13 **Trout Park Ponds** 0 43,426 4,637 8,133 27,725 0 2,800 0 0 131 Lakes with No Special Management 0 9,173 46,241 49,126 0 275 150 0 700 105,665 0 18,715 **Pond Totals** 94,845 100,313 0 8,475 2,150 0 844 225,342 0 5,769 13,577 0 0 0 0 35,642 **Enhanced Wild Trout Streams** 16,246 50 Trophy Trout Managed Streams 0 8,395 0 45,150 2,845 9,064 6,892 17,331 0 623 **Trout Park Streams** 0 10,926 2,677 3,503 2,771 452 1,471 0 52 Trout Management Areas (TMAs) 0 14,200 9,832 25,367 32,141 10,137 22,156 0 732 114,565 Rivers with No Special 34,518 82,536 53,362 171,051 Management 300 0 0 0 335 0 0 14,200 55,641 136,047 110,915 17,781 1,792 377,334 40.958 **River Totals** 14,200 74,356 230,892 211,228 17,781 49,433 2,150 0 2,636 602,676

Lakes and Ponds

Name (quantity)	Town	BN(Y)	BK(A)	BN(A)	RW(A)	BN 12+	RW 12+	BK 12+	Tiger	Brood	Total	
Community Waters (15) Add to Your Lowra at Many of Special Plant Community												
Beaver Park Pond/Lagoon	New Haven	0	180	420	400	0	0	0	0	0	1,000	
Birge Pond	Bristol	0	225	490	435	0	0	0	0	0	1,150	
Bunnells Pond (Beardsley Park												
Pond)	Bridgeport	0	550	200	885	0	0	0	0	0	1,635	
Center Springs Park Pond	Manchester	0	0	434	400	0	0	0	0	0	834	
Colony Park Pond	Ansonia	0	95	85	500	0	0	0	0	0	680	
Freshwater Pond	Enfield	0	100	200	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	
Keney Park Pond	Hartford	0	175	300	580	0	0	0	0	0	1,055	
Lake Wintergreen	Hamden	0	325	350	730	0	0	0	0	0	1,405	
Mirror Lake (Hubbard Park Pond)	Meriden	0	215	350	575	0	0	0	0	0	1,140	
Mohegan Park Pond (Spaulding Pond)*	(Mohegan Park Pond is a	also a Trou	ut Park. I	ts allocati	on is show	vn below*)					
Pickett's Pond	Derby	0	370	100	550	0	0	0	0	0	1,020	
Rogers Park Pond	Danbury	0	70	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	270	
Rowan's Pond (Butternut Park Pond)	Middletown	0	240	60	200	0	0	0	0	0	500	
Stanley Quarter Park Pond	New Britain	0	285	350	430	0	0	0	0	0	1,065	
Upper Fulton Park	Waterbury	0	150	150	537	0	0	0	0	0	837	
Trout Management Lakes (9)	LIT AND SALMON STAMP RECURED 20 ACEP OUT AND SALMON STAMP RECURED 20											
Amos Lake	Preston	0	0	3,650	1,238	0	600	100	0	0	5,588	
Candlewood Lake	Danbury - New Milford	0	0	7,200	600	0	0	0	0	0	7,800	
Crystal Lake	Ellington	0	0	3,240	3,123	0	220	200	0	6	6,789	
East Twin Lake	Salisbury	0	300	4,095	1,750	0	700	725	0	0	7,570	

Name (quantity)	Town	BN(Y)	BK(A)	BN(A)	RW(A)	BN 12+	RW 12+	BK 12+	Tiger	Brood	Total
Highland Lake	Winchester	0	25	6,510	2,250	0	1,180	300	0	7	10,272
Quonnipaug Lake	Guilford	0	0	1,554	2,343	0	600	75	0	0	4,572
Rogers Lake	Lyme, Old Lyme	0	0	3,163	2,586	0	775	150	0	0	6,674
	New Fairfield,										
Squantz Pond	Sherman	0	0	2,085	1,150	0	725	125	0	0	4,085
	Barkhamsted, New										
West Hill Pond	Hartford	0	1,600	5,385	2,100	0	600	325	0	0	10,010

Trout Park Ponds (10)



Black Rock Pond	Watertown	0	920	850	2,955	0	400	0	0	20	5,145
Day Pond	Colchester	0	250	823	3,050	0	400	0	0	5	4,528
Great Hollow Pond	Monroe	0	1,017	648	3,125	0	400	0	0	19	5,209
Mohegan Park Pond	Norwich	0	250	1,250	3,094	0	400	0	0	17	5,011
Pasture Pond	Plainfield	0	0	675	975	0	0	0	0	10	1,660
Schreeder Pond	Killingworth	0	200	1,238	2,398	0	400	0	0	10	4,246
Southford Falls Pond	Oxford, Southbury	0	705	829	1,815	0	0	0	0	10	3,359
Stratton Brook Park Pond	Simsbury	0	770	800	3,070	0	0	0	0	10	4,650
Valley Falls Park Pond	Vernon	0	0	0	4,168	0	400	0	0	20	4,588
Wharton Brook Pond	Wallingford	0	525	1,020	3,075	0	400	0	0	10	5,030

Lakes and ponds with "No Special Management" (68)



Angus Park Pond (aka Eastbury											
Pond)	Glastonbury	0	0	455	958	0	0	0	0	0	1,413
Baldwin Pond	Meriden	0	0	200	450	0	0	0	0	0	650
Ball Pond	New Fairfield	0	200	1390	600	0	0	0	0	0	2,190
Bashan Lake	East Haddam	0	0	728	750	0	0	0	0	0	1,478
Baummer Pond	Naugatuck	0	165	100	450	0	0	0	0	0	715

Name (quantity)	Town	BN(Y)	BK(A)	BN(A)	RW(A)	BN 12+	RW 12+	BK 12+	Tiger	Brood	Total
Beach Pond	Voluntown	0	0	1800	2436	0	275	150	0	0	4,661
Beaver Brook Park Ponds	Windham	0	0	527	57	0	0	0	0	0	584
Bicentennial Pond	Mansfield	0	40	765	195	0	0	0	0	0	1,000
Bigelow Pond	Union	0	0	885	1509	0	0	0	0	0	2,394
Billings Lake	North Stonington	0	0	896	35	0	0	0	0	0	931
Black Pond	Middlefield, Meriden	0	0	1675	2200	0	0	0	0	0	3,875
Black Pond	Woodstock	0	923	0	0	0	0	0	0	350	1,273
Black Rock Impoundment	Watertown	0	185	490	150	0	0	0	0	0	825
Branford Supply Pond	Branford	0	0	346	355	0	0	0	0	0	701
Broad Brook Mill Pond	East Windsor	0	25	390	125	0	0	0	0	0	540
Cedar Lake	Chester	0	363	2441	2612	0	0	0	0	0	5,416
Christensen's Pond	Granby	0	200	150	300	0	0	0	0	0	650
Colebrook Reservoir	Colebrook	0	0	2625	450	0	0	0	0	0	3,075
Congamond Lakes	Suffield	0	0	600	1500	0	0	0	0	0	2,100
Fountain Lake	Seymour, Ansonia	0	185	100	960	0	0	0	0	0	1,245
Gardner Lake	Bozrah, Salem	0	0	1628	2200	0	0	0	0	0	3,828
Gay City Park Pond	Hebron	0	0	430	50	0	0	0	0	0	480
Green Falls Reservoir	Voluntown	0	0	810	450	0	0	0	0	0	1,260
Hancock Brook Impoundment	Plymouth	0	50	200	100	0	0	0	0	0	350
Hanover Reservoir	Canterbury	0	0	227	36	0	0	0	0	0	263
Hewitt Fly Pond	North Stonington	0	0	465	158	0	0	0	0	0	623
Higganum Reservoir	Haddam	0	0	682	89	0	0	0	0	0	771
Hop Brook Impoundment	Middlebury	0	105	310	425	0	0	0	0	0	840
Horse Pond	Salem	0	0	613	483	0	0	0	0	0	1,096
Howells Pond	Hartland	0	250	250	200	0	0	0	0	0	700
Keach Pond	Thompson	0	0	200	100	0	0	0	0	0	300
	Barkhamsted, New										
Lake McDonough	Hartford	0	405	800	1275	0	0	0	0	0	2,480
Lake Saltonstall	Branford, East Haven	0	0	590	600	0	0	0	0	0	1,190
Lake Stibbs	Southbury	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	300
	Ledyard, North										
Long Pond	Stonington	0	0	1875	2400	0	0	0	0	0	4,275
Lower Storrs Pumping Station Pond	Mansfield	0	500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	500

Name (quantity)	Town	BN(Y)	BK(A)	BN(A)	RW(A)	BN 12+	RW 12+	BK 12+	Tiger	Brood	Total
Mad River Impoundment	Winchester	0	140	450	275	0	0	0	0	0	865
Mansfield Training Ponds	Mansfield	0	0	400	300	0	0	0	0	0	700
Mashapaug Lake	Union	0	0	1990	3350	0	0	0	0	0	5,340
Millers Pond	Durham	0	54	450	50	0	0	0	0	0	554
Mohawk Pond	Cornwall, Goshen	0	1925	0	0	0	0	0	0	350	2,275
Mohegan Lake	Fairfield	0	180	100	910	0	0	0	0	0	1,190
Moosup Pond	Plainfield	0	0	650	44	0	0	0	0	0	694
Mt. Tom Pond	Litchfield - Washington	0	739	1090	2025	0	0	0	0	0	3,854
Nells Rock Reservoir	Shelton	0	165	250	400	0	0	0	0	0	815
Northfield Impoundment	Thomaston	0	150	150	200	0	0	0	0	0	500
Pattaconk Lake	Chester	0	92	660	170	0	0	0	0	0	922
Prospect Town Park Pond	Prospect	0	250	100	462	0	0	0	0	0	812
Roseland Lake	Woodstock	0	0	600	500	0	0	0	0	0	1,100
Saint Martha's Pond	Enfield	0	50	250	50	0	0	0	0	0	350
Salmon Brook Pond	Glastonbury	0	0	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	300
	Easton, Redding,										
Saugatuck Reservoir	Weston	0	0	0	1500	0	0	0	0	0	1,500
Scholfield Pond (Oxoboxo Brook)	Montville	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	200
Scoville Reservoir	Wolcott	0	275	530	1500	0	0	0	0	0	2,305
Shenipsit Lake	Ellington, Tolland	0	0	604	450	0	0	0	0	0	1,054
Somersville Mill Pond	Somers	0	40	482	64	0	0	0	0	0	586
Starret Pond	Redding	0	250	280	505	0	0	0	0	0	1,035
Stillwater Pond	Torrington	0	87	225	1250	0	0	0	0	0	1,562
Twin Brooks Pond	Trumbull	0	30	100	300	0	0	0	0	0	430
Tyler Pond	Goshen	0	440	745	1540	0	0	0	0	0	2,725
Uncas Lake	Lyme	0	0	1045	612	0	0	0	0	0	1,657
Walkers Reservoir	Vernon	0	0	0	984	0	0	0	0	0	984
Wangumbaug Lake (Coventry Lake)	Coventry	0	0	748	1926	0	0	0	0	0	2,674
Wauregan Reservoir	Killingly	0	0	600	1254	0	0	0	0	0	1,854
West Branch Reservoir	Colebrook	0	0	795	765	0	0	0	0	0	1,560
West Side Pond	Goshen	0	460	450	1435	0	0	0	0	0	2,345
Wononskopomuc Lake	Salisbury	0	50	5535	1025	0	0	0	0	0	6,610
Wyassup Lake	North Stonington	0	0	819	522	0	0	0	0	0	1,341

Rivers, Streams, and Brooks

Name	Town	BN(Y)	BK(A)	BN(A)	RW(A)	BN 12+	RW 12+	Tiger	Brood	Total
Wild Trout Management Areas (1	A THOUT AND SHAMEN STAMP O SERVICIONE TO COST HERE AND STAMP OF LANGE									
Beacon Hill Brook	Bethany, Naugatuck	0	50	350	0	0	0	0	0	400
Blackberry River	Canaan, Norfolk	0	650	650	1,505	0	0	0	10	2,815
East Aspetuck River	New Milford, New Preston	0	300	1,640	2,330	0	0	0	5	4,275
Farm River (lower)	East Haven	0	194	1,125	328	0	0	0	5	1,652
Fenton River	Mansfield	0	589	2,737	1,862	0	0	0	0	5,188
Little River	Oxford, Seymour	0	300	550	485	0	0	0	0	1,335
Macedonia Brook (State Park)	Kent	0	455	905	225	0	0	0	0	1,585
Morgan Brook	Barkhamsted	0	100	200	0	0	0	0	0	300
Naugatuck River, E. Branch	Torrington, Winchester	0	530	350	350	0	0	0	0	1,230
Norwalk River	Ridgefield - Norwalk	0	1,292	3,160	1,878	0	0	0	10	6,340
Roaring Brook	Glastonbury	0	0	1,214	1,244	0	0	0	0	2,458
Roaring Brook	Stafford, Willington	0	85	360	615	0	0	0	0	1,060
Salmon Brook, E. Branch	Granby, East Granby	0	1,000	1,155	2,140	0	0	0	15	4,310
Shunock Brook	North Stonington	0	224	1,850	615	0	0	0	5	2,694
Trophy Trout Areas (8)	A TROUT AND SALMON STAMP IS REQUIRED TO A SEP TO COUTS AND WISH HERE Add III by You knowed it was a factor of the young and you was a government of the young and you was a government of the young and you and you was a government of the young and you are government of the young and young and you are government of the young and									
Natchaug River	Eastford, Chaplin, Windham	0	900	1311	2079	2131	3727	0	125	10,273
Naugatuck River (lower)	Waterbury - Beacon Falls	0	100	676	1500	671	1271	0	60	4,278
Naugatuck River (mid)	Thomaston - Waterbury	0	100	570	575	535	797	0	60	2,637
Naugatuck River (upper)	Harwinton, Litchfield, Torrington	0	340	650	330	640	720	0	50	2,730
Pequonnock River (Trumbull Basin)	Trumbull	0	115	450	970	601	1240	0	40	3,416
Pomperaug River	Woodbury, Southbury	0	790	1776	801	676	4056	0	50	8,149

Salmon River	Colchester	0	500	708	982	308	2570	0	127	5,195
Shetucket River	Windham, Scotland, Sprague	0	0	2254	1827	1330	2950	0	111	8,472
Trout Park Streams (5)	A AMPLEADED									,
Branch Brook	Watertown	0	345	345	250	0	0	0	0	940
Chatfield Hollow Brook	Killingworth	0	571	1,044	841	0	0	0	5	2,461
Eight Mile Brook (Southford SP)	Oxford, Southbury	0	265	234	0	0	0	0	0	499
Kent Falls Brook	Kent	0	534	375	195	0	0	0	0	1,104
Natchaug River Trout Park	Eastford	0	962	1,505	1,485	452	1,471	0	47	5,922
Trout Management Areas (19)	A MIGUAL MAN SHAME STAME BECAUGHER TO SEARCH HERE AND STAME STAME STAME SHAME SHAM									
Farmington River (Goodwin Dam to WBR TMA)	Hartland, Barkhamsted	0	1,450	2,562	1,050	2,500	4,200	0	120	11,882
Farmington River (Collinsville to RT 177)	Avon, Canton, Unionville	0	950	2,100	1,500	1,475	3,550	0	100	9,675
Farmington River (W Br. TMA to Collinsville.)	New Hartford, Canton	0	1,300	2,500	2,500	2,525	3,825	0	120	12,770
Farmington River (West Br. TMA)	Barkhamsted, New Hartford	5,000	0	3,300	1,000	800	0	0	40	10,140
Hammonasset River	Clinton, Madison, Killingworth	0	1,163	1,016	2,306	0	300	0	20	4,805
Hockanum River	Manchester	1,500	500	488	1,600	0	0	0	10	4,098
Housatonic River, Bull's Bridge	Kent, Sherman, New Milford	2,400	0	1,200	2,150	400	0	0	0	6,150
Housatonic River	Cornwall, Sharon	3,000	0	6,000	5,000	1,000	3,000	0	0	18,000
Mianus River	Greenwich, Stamford	0	725	800	2,115	0	0	0	20	3,660
Mill River (Sleeping Giant SP)	Hamden	0	0	0	1,000	0	0	0	0	1,000
Mill River	Fairfield	0	0	0	2,315	0	0	0	20	2,335
Moosup River	Plainfield	0	635	617	959	0	300	0	20	2,531
Naugatuck River	Harwinton, Litchfield	0	275	535	200	340	1,850	0	45	3,245
Pequabuck River	Bristol	1,500	200	400	1,400	0	0	0	5	3,505
Salmon River	Colchester	0	930	1,142	2,096	997	4,781	0	167	10,113

Saugatuck River (Fly)	Westport	0	335	640	800	0	350	0	15	2,140
Tenmile River, Bull's Bridge	Kent, Sherman	800	0	400	400	100	0	0	0	1,700
Willimantic River	Tolland, Willington	0	0	870	2,397	0	0	0	20	3,287
Yantic River	Bozrah	0	1,369	797	1,353	0	0	0	10	3,529

Stream Sections with No Special Management (115)



	Phone Social NG 2 JPF									
Aspetuck River	Easton, Fairfield, Weston	0	100	350	0	0	0	0	5	455
Bantam River, Inlet	Litchfield	0	530	650	495	0	0	0	10	1,685
Bantam River, Outlet	Litchfield, Morris	0	475	575	950	0	0	0	10	2,010
Bantam River, West Branch	Goshen, Litchfield	0	100	250	50	0	0	0	0	400
Bartlett Brook	Lebanon	0	350	0	0	0	0	0	0	350
Beaver Brook (incl. Ponds)	Franklin, Sprague	0	0	866	75	0	0	0	0	941
Bible Rock Brook	Haddam	0	500	0	0	0	0	0	0	500
Bigelow Brook	Ashford, Eastford	0	174	542	914	0	0	0	0	1,630
Blackledge River (lower)	Marlborough	0	1370	2471	796	0	0	0	10	4,647
Blackledge River (upper)	Bolton, Hebron	0	400	400	0	0	0	0	10	810
Blackwells Brook	Brooklyn, Plainfield	0	827	300	39	0	0	0	0	1,166
Branford River	Branford	0	0	1406	546	0	0	0	0	1,952
Broad Brook	Preston	0	202	420	320	0	0	0	0	942
Bungee Brook	Eastford	0	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	300
Butternut Brook	Litchfield	0	150	200	100	0	0	0	0	450
Byram River	Greenwich	0	300	200	0	0	0	0	0	500
Cherry Brook	Canton	0	200	300	0	0	0	0	0	500
Choate Brook	Preston	0	0	154	150	0	0	0	0	304
Coginchaug River	Durham, Middlefield	0	1354	1037	1212	0	0	0	5	3,608
Dickenson Creek	Marlborough	0	217	1000	1024	0	0	0	5	2,246
East Swamp Brook	Bethel, Danbury	0	50	200	50	0	0	0	0	300
Eight Mile Brook, Outside of										
state park	Middlebury - Southbury	0	350	300	0	0	0	0	0	650

Eight Mile River	Salem, East Haddam, Lyme	0	600	1955	75	0	0	0	10	2,640
Eight Mile River, East Branch	Salem, East Haddam, Lyme	0	100	570	140	0	0	0	5	815
Falls River	Essex	0	500	0	0	0	0	0	0	500
Farm River (upper)	North Branford	0	0	0	1453	0	0	0	5	1,458
Farmill River	Shelton	0	450	800	775	0	0	0	5	2,030
Farmington River	Bloomfield - Simsbury	0	185	650	214	0	0	0	10	1,059
Farmington River (RT 177 to RT 4)	Avon, Canton, Unionville	0	486	1500	2776	300	0	0	10	5,072
Five Mile River (Lower)	Thompson, Putnam, Killingly	0	243	500	2326	0	0	0	5	3,074
Five Mile River (Upper)	Thompson	0	0	0	200	0	0	0	0	200
Flat Brook	East Hampton	0	0	150	0	0	0	0	0	150
French River	Thompson	0	0	700	0	0	0	0	0	700
Freshwater Brook	Enfield	0	0	200	0	0	0	0	0	200
Furnace Brook	Stafford	0	0	976	80	0	0	0	0	1,056
Green Falls River	North Stonington, Voluntown	0	0	800	0	0	0	0	0	800
Hall Meadow Brook	Torrington, Goshen	0	350	550	165	0	0	0	0	1,065
Hammonasset River	Clinton, Madison, Killingworth	0	1237	2544	1651	0	0	0	10	5,442
Hockanum River (above TMA)	Ellington, Vernon	0	504	410	539	0	0	0	5	1,458
Hockanum River (below TMA)	East Hartford	0	0	912	329	0	0	0	5	1,246
Hop Brook	Middlebury	0	300	650	250	0	0	0	0	1,200
Hop River	Bolton, Coventry	0	573	1802	570	0	0	0	5	2,950
Hunts Brook	Waterford	0	450	506	100	0	0	0	0	1,056
Indiantown Brook	Preston, Ledyard	0	0	1460	161	0	0	0	0	1,621
Jeremy River	Colchester, Hebron	0	596	1280	2319	0	0	0	2	4,197
Kettletown Brook	Southbury	0	80	220	0	0	0	0	0	300
Kitt Brook	Canterbury	0	800	200	0	0	0	0	0	1,000
Latimer Brook	East Lyme	0	0	1710	218	0	0	0	5	1,933
Leadmine Brook	Harwinton, Thomaston	0	700	1475	1205	0	0	0	5	3,385
Little River	Canterbury-Sprague	0	1553	1525	400	0	0	0	0	3,478
Mad River	Norfolk, Winchester	0	140	250	250	0	0	0	0	640
Mashamoquet Brook	Pomfret	0	702	520	519	0	0	0	5	1,746

Menunketesuck River	Killingworth	0	480	490	0	0	0	0	0	970
Mianus River, Open	Greenwich, Stamford	0	375	450	275	0	0	0	10	1,110
Middle River	Stafford	0	0	622	179	0	0	0	0	801
Mill Brook	Woodstock	0	200	0	0	0	0	0	0	200
Mill River, Open	Fairfield, Easton	0	150	600	430	0	0	0	10	1,190
Mill River, Open	Hamden	0	1565	1725	1830	0	0	0	10	5,130
Moosup River	Plainfield, Sterling	0	1298	1587	302	0	0	0	10	3,197
Morrissey Brook	New Milford, Sherman	0	200	470	30	0	0	0	0	700
Mount Hope River	Ashford, Mansfield	0	1161	2436	1566	0	0	0	3	5,166
Mount Misery Brook	Voluntown	0	102	550	540	0	0	0	0	1,192
Muddy Brook	Suffield	0	0	25	50	0	0	0	0	75
Muddy River	North Haven, Wallingford	0	370	450	660	0	0	0	0	1,480
Myron Kinnie Brook	Voluntown	0	0	500	754	0	0	0	0	1,254
Naugatuck River, W. Branch	Torrington	0	150	230	150	0	0	0	0	530
Nepaug River	New Hartford	0	350	650	362	0	0	0	5	1,367
Nonewaug River	Bethlehem, Woodbury	0	300	350	325	0	0	0	5	980
Northfield Brook	Litchfield, Thomaston	0	50	200	50	0	0	0	0	300
Oxoboxo Brook	Montville	0	350	200	0	0	0	0	0	550
Pachaug River	Griswold, Voluntown	0	0	2111	1273	0	0	0	10	3,394
Pattaconk Brook	Chester	0	0	0	600	0	0	0	0	600
Pequabuck River (Rockwell Park - Blvd.)	Bristol	0	450	550	510	0	0	0	0	1,510
Pequonnock River (Beardsley Park)	Bridgeport	0	375	400	875	0	0	0	10	1,660
Pequonnock River, Open	Trumbull, Bridgeport	0	605	545	1040	0	0	0	10	2,200
Pequonnock River, West Branch	Monroe	0	150	150	100	0	0	0	0	400
Podunk River	South Windsor	0	0	400	0	0	0	0	0	400
Pond Brook	Newtown	0	90	475	150	0	0	0	5	720
Ponset Brook	Haddam	0	0	400	0	0	0	0	0	400
Pootatuck River (Lower)	Newtown	0	375	625	250	0	0	0	5	1,255
Quanduck Brook	Sterling	0	172	873	70	0	0	0	0	1,115

	Killingly, Putnam, Thompson, Plainfield, Canterbury,									
Quinebaug River	Griswold, Lisbon, Preston	0	94	5330	3010	0	0	0	6	8,440
Quinnipiac River	Cheshire, Meriden	0	100	833	800	0	0	0	5	1,738
Raymond Brook	Hebron	0	0	0	125	0	0	0	0	125
Reservoir Brook	Portland	0	550	0	0	0	0	0	0	550
Rippowam River	Stamford	0	450	400	0	0	0	0	0	850
Salmon Brook, West Branch	Granby	0	100	450	240	0	0	0	0	790
Sandy Brook	Colebrook	0	600	750	475	0	0	0	5	1,830
Saugatuck River, Lower	Weston, Westport	0	650	550	750	0	0	0	10	1,960
Saugatuck River, Upper	Danbury, Redding	0	270	900	660	0	0	0	10	1,840
Saugatuck River, West Branch	Wilton - Westport	0	75	350	75	0	0	0	0	500
Sawmill Brook	Sherman	0	100	200	20	0	0	0	0	320
Scantic River (lower)	East Windsor	0	0	1480	958	0	0	0	2	2,440
Scantic River (upper)	Somers, Enfield	0	1389	2063	3637	0	0	0	2	7,091
Shepaug River	Roxbury	0	100	275	275	0	0	0	0	650
Skungamaug River	Coventry, Tolland	0	219	1234	745	0	0	0	10	2,208
Snake Meadow Brook	Killingly	0	0	490	0	0	0	0	0	490
Still River	Barkhamsted, Colebrook	0	150	250	100	0	0	0	5	505
Still River	Danbury	0	100	150	150	0	0	0	0	400
Still River	Eastford	0	47	1150	150	0	0	0	0	1,347
Stony Brook	Suffield	0	0	225	300	0	0	0	0	525
Sumner Brook	Middletown	0	0	300	0	0	0	0	0	300
Susquetonscut Brook	Franklin	0	91	450	100	0	0	0	0	641
Tankerhoosen River	Vernon	0	0	54	500	0	0	0	0	554
Taylor Brook	Woodstock	0	450	0	0	0	0	0	0	450
Ten Mile River	Lebanon, Columbia	0	0	900	0	0	0	0	0	900
Weekeepeemee River	Woodbury	0	300	450	225	0	0	0	5	980
Wepawaug River	Milford, Orange	0	570	500	560	0	0	0	5	1,635
West River	Guilford	0	37	1125	135	0	0	0	0	1,297
Whetstone Brook	Killingly	0	0	600	0	0	0	0	0	600

Whitfords Brook	Ledyard, Stonington	0	0	600	262	0	0	0	0	862
Whiting River	North Canaan	0	260	100	465	0	0	0	0	825
Willimantic River (above TMA)	Stafford	0	0	1248	779	0	0	0	10	2,037
	Tolland, Willington, Mansfield,									
Willimantic River (below TMA)	Coventry, Windham	0	0	2585	1639	0	0	0	10	4,234
Yantic River	Lebanon, Bozrah	0	0	2044	420	0	0	0	10	2,474

Other fish stocked by the Fisheries Division:

Several species of fish, some which are not of catchable size, are stocked to provide a diversity of angling experiences, to enhance naturalized populations, and to work towards restoration of populations of fish migrating from sea to freshwater to spawn (anadromous). The number of these fish are provided in the following tables.

Brown Trout Fry:

Brown Trout (28)		Fry
Ball Pond Brook	New Fairfield	500
Beacon Hill Brook	Naugatuck, Beacon Falls	3,000
Blackberry River	North Canaan	1,000
Bonney Brook	Cornwall	100
Carse Brook	Sharon	300
Cobble Brook	Kent	500
East Aspetuck River	New Milford, Washington	8,800
East Branch Naugatuck River	Torrington	2,000
Fenton River	Mansfield, Willington	4,000
Furnace Brook	Cornwall	10,800
Guinea Brook	Sharon	300
Gunn Brook	Cornwall	300
Hatch Brook	Sharon	100
Kent Falls Brook	Kent	2,000
Little River-Oxford	Oxford	8,000
Macedonia Brook	Kent	6,900
Mill Brook	Cornwall	300
Mount Hope River	Mansfield, Ashford	2,000
Norwalk River	Wilton	2,000
Pond Brook	Newtown	500
Powerhouse Brook	New Milford	500
Reed Brook	Kent	100
Roaring Brook	Stafford, Willington, Union	2,600
Sawmill Brook	Sherman	500
Shepaug River	Washington	6,000
Steele Brook	Watertown	1,000
Tenmile River	Kent, Sherman	4,000
Weekeepeemee River	Woodbury	1,000
Total Brown Trout fry		69,100

Atlantic Salmon:

Atlantic Salmon (5)		Adults
Crystal Lake	Ellington	50
Mount Tom Pond	Litchfield, Morris, Washington	50
Naugatuck River (Lower)	Waterbury - Beacon Falls	230
Naugatuck River (TMA)	Harwinton, Litchfield	228
Shetucket River	Windham, Scotland, Sprague	460
Total Broodstock Atlantic Salmon	1,018	

Kokanee Salmon Fry:

Kokanee Salmon Fry (3)		Fry
Beach Pond	Voluntown	68,400
East Twin Lake	Salisbury	70,800
West Hill Pond	Barkhamsted, New Hartford	52,300
Total Kokanee Salmon Fry		191,500



Walleye & Northern Pike Fingerlings:

Walleye (13)		Fingerlings
Batterson Park Pond	Farmington, New Britain	2,100
Beach Pond	Voluntown	3,700
Cedar Lake	Chester	1,035
Coventry Lake	Coventry	1,100
Gardner Lake	Salem	2,270
Lake Pocotopaug*	East Hampton	2,000
Lake Saltonstall*	East Haven, Branford	1,825
Lake Zoar	Derby, Oxford	9,890
Long Pond	North Stonington	1,635
Mashapaug Lake	Union	1,230
Mt. Tom Pond	Litchfield, Washington, Morris	840
Saugatuck Reservoir*	Redding, Weston	6,150
Squantz Pond	New Fairfield	4,100
Total Walleye Fingerlings		
*these fish were purchased by the town of East Hampton Company respectively.	n, South Central Regional Water Authority and Aquarion Water	37,875

Northern Pike (4)		Fingerlings
Bantam Lake	Litchfield, Morris	5,193
Connecticut River	Haddam	265
Mansfield Hollow Reservoir	Mansfield	4,203
Winchester Lake	Winchester	3,509
Total Northern Pike		13,170



Channel Catfish:

Based on many years of stocking both yearling and adult-sized fish, the Fisheries Division shifted to stocking only adult sized fish in 2019 (12-18 inches). Adult-sized fish (ready for harvest) have been primarily stocked in our <u>Community</u> <u>Fishing Waters</u>, which are ponds located in close proximity to highly populated areas.

Channel Catfish (19)		Adults
Beaver Park Lagoon	New Haven	225
Birge Pond	Bristol	311
Bunnells Pond	Bridgeport	1,466
Center Springs Park Pond	Manchester	150
Crescent Lake	Southington	1,700
Freshwater Pond	Enfield	200
Keney Park Pond	Hartford	102
Lakewood Lake	Waterbury	1,616
Lake Wintergreen	New Haven	1,400
Maltby Lakes #2 & #3	New Haven	113
Mirror Lake (Hubbard Park Pond)	Meriden	175
Pickett's Pond	Derby	264
Quinebaug Lake	Killingly	440
Rowan's Pond (Butternut Park Pond)	Middletown	102
Scoville Reservoir	Wolcott	616
Silver Lake	Berlin	730
Spaulding Pond (Mohegan Park Pond)	Norwich	350
Stanley Quarter Pond	New Britain	150
Stillwater Pond	Torrington	500
Total Channel Catfish		10,610

Migratory Fish Species Stocking

Several species of fish migrate upstream through Connecticut's tidal rivers to spawn (anadromous). As part of Connecticut's early industrialization, dams were constructed across many rivers and streams blocking access to upstream spawning and juvenile habitat. The Fisheries Division has several strategies to restore access to the upstream habitat and accelerate the pace of restoration. These include, construction of fishways, stocking fry and parr (trout and salmon), and transporting captured adults (American Shad, Alewife, and Blueback Herring) around barriers that lack fish passage.

Atlantic Salmon (11)		Fry
Belden Brook	Granby	9,277
Blackledge River	Colchester, Marlborough	20,895
Burlington Brook	Burlington	11,964
Dickenson Creek	Colchester	20,336
Farmington River, West Branch	Barkhamsted, New Hartford	97,170
Jeremy River	Colchester, Hebron	30,705
Morgan Brook	Barkhamsted	12,323
Pequabuck River	Bristol	12,116
Sandy Brook	Colebrook, Norfolk	44,177
Salmon River	Colchester	58,167
West Branch Salmon Brook	Granby	19,148
Total Atlantic Salmon Fry		336,278

lijoki Strain Sea-Run Brown	Parr	Smolts	
Farm River	East Haven	8,654	
Latimer Brook	East Lyme		5,000
Menunketesuck River	Clinton		5,770
Shunock River	North Stonington	8,686	
Total Sea-run Brown Trout Parr, Smolts		17,340	10,770

Clupeids (16)	Town	Alewife	Shad
Aspinook Pond	Canterbury	989	
Avery Pond	Preston	599	
Branford Supply Pond	Branford	600	
Graniss Pond	Southington	600	
Hallville Pond	Preston	600	
Hanover Pond	Meriden		136
Konolds Pond	Woodbridge	399	

Little Diver	Caragua	699	
Little River	Sprague	699	
Mattabesett River	Berlin	600	
Millpond	Essex	999	
Naugatuck River	Beacon Falls		180
Noroton River	Darien	624	
Pachaug Pond	Voluntown	999	
Rainbow Reservoir	Windsor		180
Rogers Lake	Old Lyme	3,358	
Shetucket River	Scotland	700	147
Total Alewife and Shad		11,766	643

Sea Lamprey (7)		Adults
Beaver Brook	Franklin	69
Indian Hollow Brook	Windham	30
Merrick Brook	Scotland	122
Naugatuck River	Beacon Falls	13
Norwalk River	Wilton	80
Rainbow Reservoir	Windsor	25
Saugatuck River	Westport	78
Total Sea Lamprey Adults		417



Connecticut's fisheries have been established and are monitored by professional biologists who carefully evaluate and consider pros, cons and risks prior to the introduction of any fish to the waters of the state. These fisheries are a multi-million dollar resource that we all enjoy, and our sport fisheries are some of the finest in North America.

Fish communities are often in a delicate balance, easily disrupted by seemingly insignificant and harmless actions. Disruption of our fisheries is not limited to the illegal stocking of known problem species like Asian Carp, snakehead, and others, but can potentially include popular gamefish like Brown Trout, Rainbow Trout, Walleye, Northern Pike, Bowfin, and Calico Bass. When moved to new waters, all have the potential to alter existing fisheries and aquatic systems.

Moving live fish to new waterbodies is both a bad idea and illegal (Connecticut General Statute 26-55)! You can be fined \$85 per violation (each fish). The danger is once a new fish species becomes established; removal of the undesirable or disruptive fish species from a waterbody is labor intensive, costly, and usually ineffective. Three fish that have already proven to be disruptive to Connecticut's aquatic systems are:

White Perch: can be very prolific, creating large populations of very small fish (stunted), which decrease the overall food supply for other fish species. Alewife (land-locked): feed on microscopic zooplankton (animal plankton) and reduce the growth and survival of the young of many fish species. Rock Bass: where they have become numerous, they have resulted in reduced numbers of more desirable fish species such as Largemouth and Smallmouth Bass.

You can help:

- Only release fish back into the same water where they were caught
- Apply for a liberation permit from the Inland Fisheries Division (www.ct.gov/deep/fishing)
- Inform CT DEEP if you are aware of others illegally introducing fish (860-424-FISH or 860-424-3333).
- Unless obtained on site, dispose of all unused live bait into an appropriate trash container.
- Check, Drain, and Dry before moving to a new waterbody. Boaters, the law (CGS 15-180; CGS 22a-381d) requires the inspection and removal and proper disposal of vegetation and potential invasive species prior to transporting the vessel. You can be fined \$95 per violation.



Apply for a liberation permit online at www.ct.gov/deep/fishing

Anglers, Thank You for Your Support!



100 % of the fees collected from the sale of fishing and hunting licenses, tags, permits, and stamps goes to support fish and wildlife conservation, preservation, and recreation programs administered by the Bureau of Natural Resources.

So the next time you catch a Walleye, Brown Trout, or Striped Bass, see a Bald Eagle, harvest a white-tail, pheasant, or turkey, give yourself and your fellow sportsmen and sportswomen a pat on the back!

<u>Together we are making a difference</u> and we thank you for your support!

