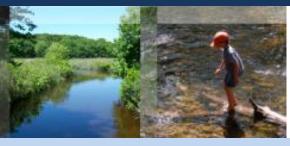


Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection











EPA Revisions to Fine Particle (PM_{2.5}) NAAQS

January 10, 2013
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What are the Public Health Impacts of PM_{2.5}?

- PM_{2.5} emitted directly and formed secondarily in atmosphere (SOx, NOx, organics)
 - e.g., EGU, industrial, mobile sources, home heating
- PM_{2.5} can penetrate deep into sensitive lung tissue
- Most at-risk individuals: heart/lung disease, elderly, children, pregnant women, diabetics
- Contributes to increased hospitalization, cardio vascular (e.g., clogged arteries) & respiratory ailments (e.g., bronchitis, asthma), heart attacks, strokes, premature death



What are the Revised NAAQS?

- Prompted by CAA section 109(d) 5-year review cycle & Court-ordered deadline
- Finalized Dec 14, 2012 (not yet in Federal Register)
 - Annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS lowered to 12 μg/m³
 (from 15 μg/m³)
 - No changes to 24-hr PM_{2.5} or PM₁₀ primary & secondary NAAQS
 - PM_{2.5} NAAQS within ranges advised by CASAC
 - EPA estimates annual US health benefits of \$4 to
 \$9 billion, with costs of \$53 to \$350 million.

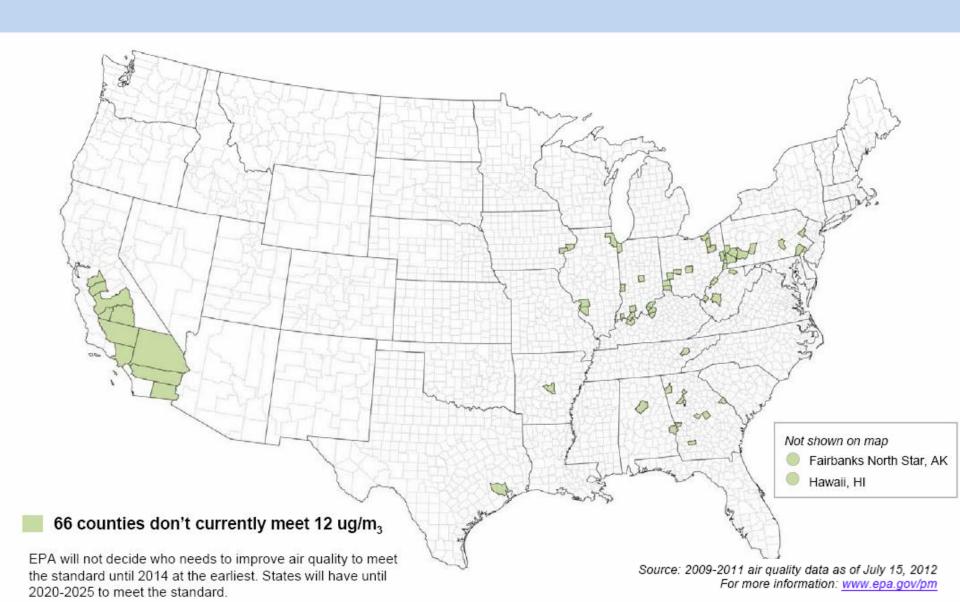


What is the Implementation Schedule?

- Attainment/Nonattainment Designations to be finalized early 2015 (based on 2011-13 data)
- Attainment Deadline of 2020
 - Control strategy plans due early 2018 for NA areas
- Required Near-Road Monitoring
 - CBSA population ≥ 2.5 million: Jan 1, 2015 (none in CT)
 - CBSA population ≥ 1 million: Jan 1, 2017 (Hartford)
 - Data won't be available for initial 2015 designations
- Updated EPA PM_{2.5} Modeling Guidance "soon"



Non-Compliant Counties (2011 Annual Design Values)



2011 Annual PM_{2.5} Design Values (µg/m³) Sullivan Waterbury 9.5 **NAAQS: 12.0 μg/m³** Middlesex Danbury 9.3 New Haven CT Max: 9.6 $\mu g/m^3$ Putnam New Haven State 9.6 **NY Max: 11.9 μg/m³** Fairfield Bridgeport New Haven Criscuolo NJ Max: 11.4 μg/m³ Norwalk 9.6 Westchester 9.4 Vestport Sussex BergenBotanical Gardens Mamaroneck 10.0 Paterson 9.3 Fort Lee 9.2 Suffolk Union City JH9-45 Morris Nassau East Farmingdale Babylon 10.3 11.1 Warren Morristown Morrisania Chester Jersey City 7.6 11.9 10.2 Phillipsburg Newark Queens College 9.2 JHS-126 Elizabeth Downtown 40.3 9.5 PS-124 Elizabeth Turnpike Cedarhurst Hempstead 11.8 11.4 Rahway Hunterdon 8.9 9.6 Somerset PM2.5 ug New Brunswick Susan Wagner (Annual NAAQ 7.9 Port Richmond 8.5 9.8 ≤ 1 ashington Crossing 8.2 > 1: *The design value is the 3-year average Trenton of the annual mean PM2.5 concentrations Mercer PM25 Non

at any monitor.

What are the Implications for CT?

- EPA redesignation approval for previous NAAQS expected by summer 2013
- Monitors shows CT compliant with new NAAQS, but NYC/NJ barely compliant (2009-2011 data)
 - Designations will use 2011-2013 data
 - Weather variability could cause higher values ...
 - Although emissions are trending down (esp SOx, NOx)
- Near-road PM_{2 5} levels yet-to-be determined
- Revised NAAQS limits NSR growth cushion
 - Important to continue cost-effective emission reductions



For More Information

 EPA Regulatory Actions: http://www.epa.gov/pm/actions.html

DEEP Air Monitoring:

http://www.ct.gov/dep/cwp/view.asp?a=2684&q=321790&depNav_GID=1744

DEEP PM_{2.5} Planning:

http://www.ct.gov/dep/cwp/view.asp?a=2684&q=322164&depNav_GID=1619

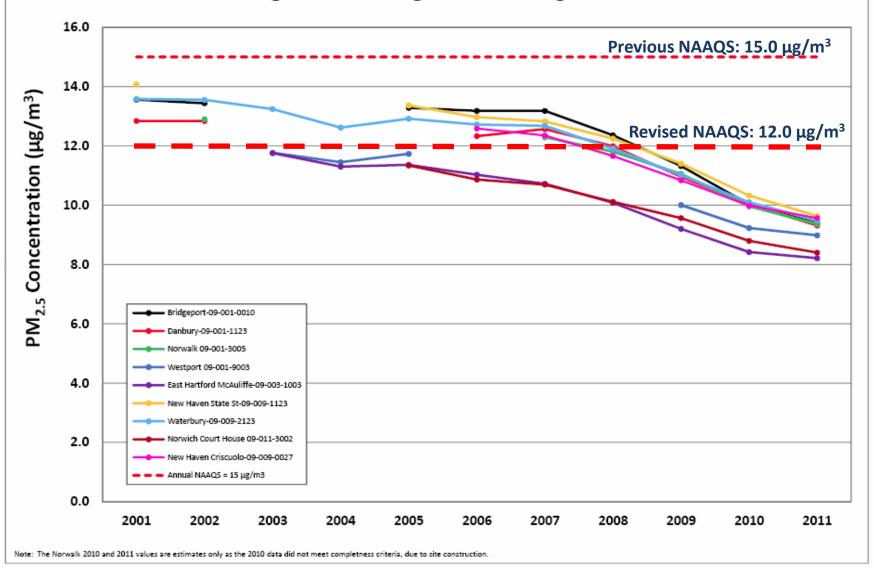
• Paul Bodner: 860-424-3383



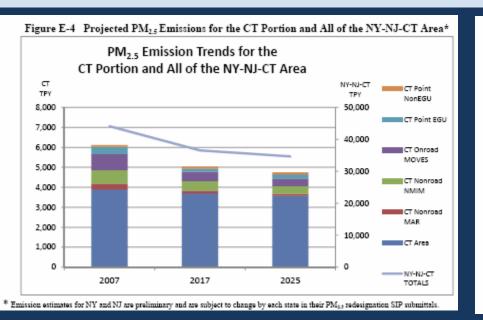
Extra Slides

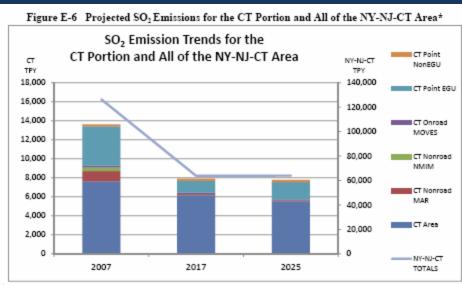


PM_{2.5} Annual Design Values Of Connecticut's Longest Running Monitoring Sites

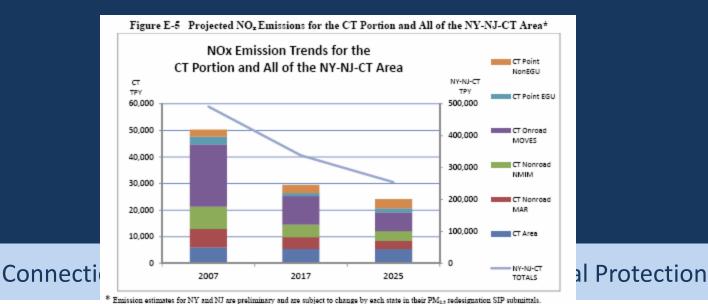


PM_{2.5} & Precursor Emission Trends





* Emission estimates for NY and NJ are preliminary and are subject to change by each state in their PM_{2.5} redesignation SIP submittals.

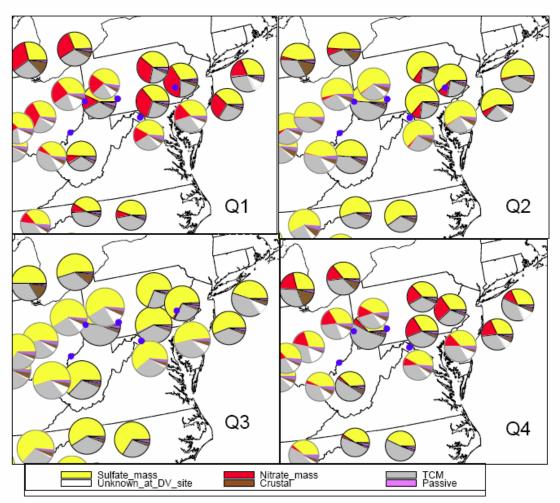


PM_{2.5} Seasonal Composition (2002-2004 data)

ZOOM

Quarterly PM2.5 Composition in NA areas, 2002-04

Many areas do not have speciation data and some at a different site



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