





California Clean Cars Update

SIPRAC January 10, 2013 Paul Kritzler Air Mobile Sources



Current LEV Standards

Current standards are successful:

- Cleaner conventional vehicles
- Commercialization of some advance technology vehicles (Hybrids)

but needed revisions:

- Current LEV standards end after 2015
- Current standards don't account for new technological developments that allow for cleaner vehicles
- Mobile sources continue to represent significant
 portion of air pollution both in CA and CT



California's New LEV/ZEV Standards

- January 2012, CARB Board passes new LEV III and ZEV regulations which cover 2015-2025
- Central Goals:
 - Harmonization with national standards
 - Cleaner conventional vehicles
 - Increased durability standards
 - Better warranty protections
 - Increased adv. Tech. vehicle volume requirements

EPA granted a waiver of preemption for the new CA regulations on December 27, 2012



Connecticut Adoption of CA LEV III

Connecticut must adopt new changes due to Federal and State requirements:

FEDERAL

Federal CAA §177 requires
 "identicality" with California standards

• CAA requires 2 year lead-time for new engine standards



 Meeting more stringent Ozone
 NAAQS will require higher emissions reductions contribution from transportation sector

STATE

• Conn. Gen. Stat. sec. 22a-174g requires DEEP adopt regulations and remain consistent with CA standards

• GWSA GHG reduction goals in Conn. Gen. Stat. sec. 22a-200a



Timeline

- August 2012, CARB finalizes new regulations
- September 2012, CT finalizes previous LEV program changes
- 2 year lead-time requirements necessitate adoption by January 1, 2013



 Given impossibly short window to adopt revised rule, DEEP recommended adoption of emergency regulations to protect the public welfare



Emergency Regulations

On December 14, 2012 the Commissioner sent a letter to the Governor asking for approval for a finding of imminent peril to the public welfare of Connecticut's citizens for the following reasons:

- Economic: CT would lose out on the benefits and cobenefits that an influx of new Zero Emission Vehicles would provide
- Consumer Protection: CT would lose out on LEV III's increased durability and warranty requirements
- Air Quality: CT would be allowing new vehicles that did not meet the best standards available



Emergency Regulations

- On December 17, 2012 the Governor approved the Commissioner's finding
- LRRC Hearings held on December 18 and 19, 2012 to discuss the proposed emergency regulation
- Approved by operation of law and filed with Secretary of State on December 31, 2012
- Section 22a-174-37a effective on December 31, 2012
- Emergency Regulations can remain in effect for a maximum of 180 days
 - 120 days and a possible 60 day extension



Next Steps

- Propose adoption of permanent regulations
 - Amend section 22a-174-36b
 - Adopt new section 22a-174-36c
- Continue tracking CARB actions
 - Expect another CARB amendment in early 2013
- Continue participation in regional partnerships with CA, other 177 states and manufacturers
- DEEP LEAN Event and process improvement



Questions?

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