HISTORIC PRESERVATION COUNCIL MEETING STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT Wednesday, October 7, 2020 @ 9:30 am

MINUTES

This meeting was conducted in two parts, each on a separate online platform. The first part took place remotely via Microsoft Teams. All the agenda items except Item IX.a. were heard during this portion. Attendees of the meeting then switched over to the Zoom platform for Part 2 of the meeting where the 130 Henry Street, 79 Garden Street, 650 Atlantic Avenue project in Stamford (Agenda item IX.a) was heard.

Part 1 – Microsoft Teams

Council: Ms. Marguerite Carnell, Mr. Tom Elmore, Dr. Margaret Faber, Ms. Karyn

Gilvarg (9:48 a.m.), Dr. Leah Glaser, Ms. Kathy Maher, Ms. Christine Nelson, Chairwoman Sara Nelson, Dr. Sarah Sportman, and Dr. Walter Woodward

Staff: Ms. Julie Carmelich, Ms. Mary Dunne, Ms. Erin Fink, Ms. Deborah Gaston,

Mr. Jonathan Kinney, Ms. Liz Shapiro

Guest: Ms. Jane Montanaro, Preservation Connecticut

Avery Giorgio, Trinity College Student

Ms. Judy Norinsky, Stamford Historic Neighborhood Preservation

Lucien Lafreniere Mr. Eric Ott

I. Call to Order for Part 1 of meeting

The meeting was called to order at 9:30 a.m.

II. Review of Public Comment Procedures

Chairwoman Nelson read aloud the Public Comments Procedures.

III. Code of Conduct/Conflict of Interest

Chairwoman Nelson read aloud the Code of Conduct/Conflict of Interest procedures.

IV. Review and Approval of Minutes

The September 2, 2020 minutes were approved with corrections. *On a motion by Ms. Maher, Second, Dr. Faber* (Y-8, N-0, Abstaining – 1) (Roll call vote)

V. State Historic Preservation Grants – Action Items

a. Stewardship Relief Grant, Multiple applicants

On a motion by Ms. Maher, Second by Dr. Faber, the Historic Preservation Council voted to award a Stewardship Relief Grant, funded by the Community Investment Act of the State of Connecticut, to the below-listed applicants in the amounts shown below. All grant guidelines and state requirements shall be met by the below-listed applicants upon receipt of a grant as administered by the Department of Economic and Community Development.

(Y-8, N-0, Abstaining -1) (Roll call vote)

Applicant: Amount requested

Ward-Heitmann House Museum Foundation, Inc. \$1,000.00

Friends of Valley Farm \$1,000.00

TOTAL FUNDING: \$2,000.00

Ms. Dunne presented this set of two applications. Staff recommends the applications for funding. All applications have been reviewed and include all required attachments. In addition, all invoices and proofs of payment have been reviewed and reconciled with the Certificate of Eligible Actual Costs. The purpose of the funding is to support the continued safeguarding of historic resources at a time when many organizations are experiencing economic distress because of the Covid-19 pandemic. These are reimbursable grants and only 501(c)3 non-profits are eligible. Eligible reimbursable expenses are those related to the basic utilities ad regular maintenance costs associated with the upkeep of a designated historic resource

Ms. Maher asked how much funding was left. Ms. Dunne replied that a cap was set a \$200,000, expecting 200 applications. There is approximately \$160,000 available.

Ms. Maher asked if there was going to be a second round of funding. Ms. Dunne replied that decision was up to the Council on how the funding should be dispersed. Ms. Maher added this issue can be addressed after the first of next year.

VI. State Register of Historic Places Nominations

VII. Local Historic District/Property Study Report/s

a. Historic Property Study Report, 50 West District Road, Farmington

On a motion by Ms. Maher, Second by Dr. Faber, Pursuant to CGS §7-147 q (c), the Historic Preservation Council voted to recommend approval of the proposed ordinance and boundary as presented in the historic property study report for 50 West District Road, Farmington, CT, as presented by the Farmington Historic District Commission and dated August 15, 2020.

(Y-8, N-0, Abstaining –2) (Roll call vote)

Ms. Dunne presented this application. The study report was received on August 15, 2020 and is technically complete. Staff recommended a positive recommendation from the Historic Preservation Council.

This was a single-property and boundary designation that the Council has the authority under state statute to speak on. If there were any recommendations from the Council, Ms. Dunne ensured that they would be passed on to the applicant and would be made part of the public hearing.

Ms. Maher mentioned that she could not believe this property was not already on the register.

b. Historic Property Study Report, 93 Coppermine Road, Farmington

On a motion by Ms. Maher, Second by Ms. Nelson, Pursuant to CGS §7-147 q (c), the Historic Preservation Council voted to recommend approval of the proposed ordinance and boundary as presented in the historic property study report for 93 Coppermine Road, Farmington, CT, as presented by the Farmington Historic District Commission and dated August 15, 2020.

(Y-9, N-0, Abstaining -1) (Roll call vote)

Ms. Dunne presented this application. The study report was received on August 15, 2020 and is technically complete. Staff recommended a positive recommendation from the Historic Preservation Council.

This was the second of three properties submitted by the Town of Farmington. Any recommendations from the council, would be passed to the applicant.

c. Historic Property Study Report, 33 Waterville Road, Farmington

On a motion by Ms. Gilvarg, Second by M.s Maher, Pursuant to CGS §7-147 q (c), the Historic Preservation Council voted to recommend approval of the proposed ordinance and boundary as presented in the historic property study report for 33 Waterville Road, Farmington, CT, as presented by the Farmington Historic District Commission and dated August 15, 2020.

(Y-9, N-0, Abstaining -1) (Roll call vote)

Ms. Dunne presented this application. The study report was received on August 15, 2020 and is technically complete. Staff recommended a positive recommendation from the Historic Preservation Council.

Ms. Dunne was pleased Farmington is applying for these designations and recommendations from the Council would be passed on to the applicant.

d. Historic District Study Report, Expansion of Farmington Historic District

On a motion by Ms. Maher, Second by Dr. Faber, Pursuant to CGS §7-147 b (c), the Historic Preservation Council voted to recommend approval of the proposed ordinance and boundary as presented in the study report for the expansion of the Farmington Historic District, Farmington, CT as presented by the Farmington Historic District Commission and dated August 15, 2020.

(Y-, N-0, Abstaining -1) (Roll call vote)

Ms. Dunne presented this application. The study report was received on August 15, 2020 and is technically complete. Staff recommends a positive recommendation from the Historic Preservation Council.

The expansion of the current historic district was originally presented as two separate properties. She asked the applicant to resubmit as an expansion rather than two separate properties because they coincide with one another. Any comments, questions or concerns the Council may have will be shared with the applicant.

Ms. Maher mentioned it would be nice if the houses were referred to as the "Man and Lady of the House" rather than just a John Treadwell North House. It would give the property some diverse history.

VIII. Archaeological Preserves

XI. Report on State Historic Preservation Office – Jonathan Kinney

The SHPO staff continued their exemplary work in each of their program areas, Environmental Review, reviewing Tax Credits, managing the National and State Registers, and coordinating our various grant programs. In addition to these program responsibilities, each member of the staff worked on a variety of special projects, attended site visits, routinely provided support and collaborated with their fellow staff members, and provide technical assistance to applicants, government agencies, non-profits, the public, etc. Mr. Kinney took the opportunity to thank SHPO staff for all that they do.

SHPO had an exciting meeting on September 9th with their consultant Dewberry where the full staff got a first look at what the web-based GIS system could potentially look like. Dewberry and SHPO staff will be working out what type of functionality they would like to see in the system and what levels of information will be available to different types of users. Thanks to Jenny Scofield of the SHPO staff for taking the lead and the additional SHPO staff that have been working on this initiative.

Finally, SHPO is also in preliminary discussions with Preservation Connecticut regarding the potential transfer of administration of the historic preservation easement program to them. It is SHPO's hope that this move will result in a strengthened program with more frequent and robust outreach, education for the property owners of these historic sites as well as more frequent site visits and monitoring to ensure conformance with the restrictions.

XII. Report on Museum Properties – Liz Shapiro

The restoration project at the Prudence Crandall Museum has not been without its complications. In the past three weeks, there have been issues resulting from a misplaced summer beam on the architectural drawings, issues with a walkway to the museum which was drawn and placed without archaeological consultation, and additional related issues. Resolving these problems has taken a lot of time and effort by SHPO staff, particularly Ms. Marena Wisniewski, Ms. Cathy Labadia, and Mr. Jonathan Kinney, who is serving as the point person for the project. Ms. Shapiro thanked them for their work above and beyond.

Old New-Gate Prison reopened the second weekend in September, by advance reservation, allowing groups of 10 people per hour, with a half hour guided tour followed by a half hour of time to explore the site. Feedback has been good. The visitor's center and the gift shop remain closed. Staff is happy to have some return to normalcy.

Staff at the Henry Whitfield Museum will have a visit by Ms. Donia Conn and Mr. Eric Gradoia, their CAP assessors this Friday and Saturday.

The CAP, or Conservation Assessment Program, is funded by a grant through the Institute for Museum and Library Services in partnership with the Foundation for Advancement in Conservation and is administered by the American Institute for Conservation. The staff is looking forward to receiving the recommendations from the report as we embark on restoration projects at the museum.

Ms. Maher commented it was great about the CAP.

Dr. Glaser asked if the museums were doing any virtual programming. Ms. Shapiro replied yes. New Gate has been engaging in virtual field trips. Sloane is prepping for virtuals, Henry Whitfield has reached out to area schools. Joanie after finishing cataloging Prudence Crandall, will be working with teachers and should have some results in the second quarter.

XIII. Old Business – Ms. Karyn Gilvarg

Mr. Levine and Ms. Gilvarg attended the William Lansing statute unveiling in New Haven. The William Lansing House is a site on the Connecticut Freedom Trail. The City of New Haven, Freedom Trail Committee, SHPO, and the Amistad Committee have been working on this project for the past ten years.

XIV. New Business

a. Grants – Extension of No Match Requirement – Mary Dunne

On a motion by Ms. Maher, Second by Ms. Carnell, the Historic Preservation Council voted to table this item until the November 2020 meeting to allow for additional discussion.

(Y-9, N-0, Abstaining -1) (Roll call vote)

Ms. Dunne proposed a motion to extend the deadline on waiving the policy of requiring a match for Survey and Planning and Partners In Preservation Grants from December 2, 2020 to March 3, 2021.

Ms. Gilvarg stated that considering our current world events, this is a reasonable request.

Mr. Maher added that would be a wholehearted yes from her.

It was not clear to the Council whether they had originally voted on a motion to waive the match requirement or of SHPO staff had handled it. Ms. Dunne stated that she could look on the records to find the original language and that the motion could be tabled until the November meeting for additional discussion.

XV. Liaison with Public & Private Agencies – Ms. Jane Montanaro – Preservation CT

Ms. Montanaro thanked Mr. Levine for being a juror at their gallery opening of the Historic Barns and Photography show at the Art League of New Britain. Over 50 people attended a social distancing event with an outdoor reception. Smalls groups were able to tour the gallery and view the restorations made possible through SHPO grants. The head of the Art League Board was in attendance and thanked SHPO for its contribution to a successful project. There were over 100 submissions of pictures of barns from all over the state. Over \$7,000 was raised for Preservation Connecticut programming. The show will be in New Britain until October 18th, then will travel on display throughout the state.

XVI. Public Forum

XVII. Adjournment of Part 1

On a motion by Ms. Maher, Second by Ms. Carnell, the Council votes to adjourn Part 1 of this meeting.

(Y-9, N-0, Abstaining -1) (Roll call vote)

Part 1 of the meeting was adjourned at 10:16am.

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2	IN THE MATTER OF:
3	STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE
4	DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
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11	HISTORIC PRESERVATION COUNCIL MEETING
12	October 7, 2020
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23	FALZARANO COURT REPORTERS, LLC 4 Somerset Lane
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1	STATE OF CONNECTICUT
2	STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE
3	DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
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7	HISTORIC PRESERVATION COUNCIL MEETING
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11	Council meeting held remotely via Zoom
12	platform on Wednesday, October 7, 2020, beginning at
13	10:38 a.m.
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18	Held before:
19	SARA O. NELSON, Chair
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1	APPEARANCES:
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3	Historic Preservation Council Members:
4	Sara O. Nelson, Chair
5	Karyn M. Gilvarg, Vice Chair
6	Marguerite Carnell
7	Thomas Elmore
8	Dr. Margaret M. Faber
9	Dr. Leah Glaser
10	Kathleen Maher
11	Christine Nelson
12	Dr. Sarah Sportman
13	Dr. Walter Woodward
14	
15	State Historic Preservation Council Staff:
16	Elizabeth Shapiro
17	Jonathan Kinney
18	Todd Levine
19	Marena Wisniewski
20	Mary Dunne
21	Deborah Gaston
22	
23	(continued on the following page)
24	
25	

1	APPEARANCES (continued):
2	
3	Presenters:
4	Brad Schide, Preservation Connecticut
5	David Goslin, Crosskey Architects
6	W. Phillips Barlow, todesign
7	James Robertson, Carmody Torrance Sandak & Hennessey
8	Lisa Feinberg, Carmody Torrance Sandak &
9	Hennessey
10	
11	Public Comment:
12	David Michele, Connecticut House of Representatives, 146th District
13	Ralph Blessing, City of Stamford
14	Judy Norinsky, Historic Neighborhood
15	Preservation
16	Robert Danielson, Fuss & O'Neill
17	Anne Moore, Acting Chair, Stamford Historic Preservation Advisory Commission
18	Lisa Feinberg, Carmody Torrance Sandak &
19	Hennessey
20	Terry Adams, President, [group]
21	Ted Ferrarone, BLT
22	Wes Haynes, Merritt Parkway Conservancy
23	Victor Mirontschuk, EDI International
24	
25	(continued on the following page)

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APPEARANCE (continued):
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            Public Comment (continued):
                 Mark Diamond
 3
4
                 Bill Buckley, BLT
                 Elizabeth McCauley
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                 Lee Riccetti, Heritage Consulting
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                 David Dietrich
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                 Susan Halpern
                 Peter James Quigley
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1 CHAIR NELSON: Good morning, everyone. I'm Sara Nelson. I'm chairman of the 3 Historic Preservation Council. I'm calling Part 2 of the October 7th Historic Preservation Council meeting to order for the purpose of considering our agenda 5 item 9, which is 130 Henry Street, 79 Garden Street, 650 Atlantic Avenue in Stamford. Part 2 of our meeting will run from 10:30 to 1 p.m. this afternoon. 8 9 And to speak to the agenda item, all 10 parties will have been required to have preregistered by the end of the day on Monday the 5th. And at this 11 12 point there are 22 people who have preregistered to 13 speak. 14 Seated this morning for the council 15 are: Karyn Gilvarg, the Vice Chair; Marguerite 16 Carnell; Tom Elmore; Margaret Faber; Kathleen Maher; 17 Christine Nelson; Sarah Sportman; and Walter Woodward. 18 So a quorum is present. 19 Couple of things just for procedures 2.0 and background. Preservation Connecticut has 2.1 22 previously identified themselves as an interested 23 party to these proceedings. They will be given the 24 same amount of time that the property owner/developer

will be, and I will go into the timeline in a minute.

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Our standard policy for a matter such as this, in order to allow sufficient time for all parties, is to sequence the presentations as follows.

There will be an introduction of the matter by Todd

Levine, our staff coordinator.

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There will be presentation and answers to the forwarded questions by, in this case, the developer's representative. The presentation is up to and no more than 20 minutes. At the conclusion of that presentation, council will have 20 minutes for questioning. At the conclusion of that, representatives from Preservation Connecticut will have up to and no more than 20 minutes. And then again, at the conclusion of that, council has 20 minutes for questions. So that's about 80 minutes of meeting.

At that point, we will ask members who have preregistered to speak. There are 22 members of the public who have registered. They will be called in an alternating fashion, those in favor of referral and those against referral. We will give as many of them an opportunity to speak as we can. We need to limit their time to 3 minutes because we don't have the ability to run the meeting longer than 1 p.m. this afternoon.

At 12:40, we will close the public 1 testimony to allow council 20 minutes to consider the motion. 3 And I'd like to just ask the council 4 members for a show of hands to signal that you have 5 read the agenda packet in entirety, 1,013 pages. 6 Okay. So for members of the BLT, you can 8 rely upon a fairly comprehensive understanding of the 9 10 issues that you submitted to us for review. When we have people speaking, in order 11 12 to keep the meeting moving along, the 20-minute 13 presentations, we will give you a 5-minute warning 14 when you're getting close to the end of 20 minutes, and then a one-minute warning. Then the presentation 15 will be cut off at the end of the 20 minutes. 16 17 Parties with the 3-minute presentation 18 will be given a one-minute warning. 19 And I can't stress enough, the council 2.0 is interested in new information, and in the interest 2.1 of time and out of fairness to all, we ask that if you 22 are in agreement with the point that has previously 23 been made, to please simply signal your agreement with

We ask that anybody who speaks does so

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the points made.

by identifying their name and affiliation. And all council members, when speaking, all staff, that we also identify ourselves by name for the benefit of the transcriptionist who's recording this meeting.

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There are a couple of other items that are in our general procedures with regard to public comment. Some of them I have covered already. The two that I haven't is that if there are written statements that people would like to submit into the record, that they be emailed to Todd.Levine@ct.gov. Those written submissions will be made exhibits and available for all to read.

Council members and staff do not respond to questions made by or during the presentation of public comments, but the chair may invite clarification from an attendee. The chair will decide when to close the public comment portion of the meeting. Members of the HPC will then address the matter at issue. You may address questions concerning the matter to members of the public who have made public comment.

Lastly, the chair of the Historic

Preservation Council reserves the right to alter the above proceeding at any meeting in order to ensure that the business of the meeting will be addressed

1 adequately and completely in a timely manner.

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So two other brief points of background before I read the motion.

On June 5, 2020, SHPO sent a letter, an invitation, on council's behalf to John Freeman, the general counsel of Harbor Point Development, and BLT, inviting representatives to attend the August 5th council meeting. It was mutually agreed that the matter would be postponed and discussed at the council's October meeting, today.

For those members who were seated in 2016, the council -- seated on the council in 2016, this is the same group of buildings that came before the council in November of 2016. The material that was submitted by any party prior to the meeting was made available to all parties, in a transparent flow of information.

Lastly, for anybody who wishes to speak, I want to remind all parties that the historic merit of the structures is not subject to debate. The buildings are included in the National Register listing for the South End Historic District. The significance of the buildings with contributing resources has been reaffirmed by the State Historic Preservation Board.

1	Okay. That's the general background.
2	The motion reads: The Historic
3	Preservation Council votes to request the assistance
4	of the Office of the Attorney General to prevent the
5	unreasonable destruction of the historic properties at
6	130 Henry Street, 79 Garden Street, and 650 Atlantic
7	Avenue, Stamford, Connecticut, pursuant to the
8	provisions of Section 22a and 19a of the Connecticut
9	General Statutes.
10	Is there a motion to move this?
11	Everybody is on mute.
12	CHRISTINE NELSON: So moved.
13	CHAIR NELSON: Christine Nelson, okay.
14	Is there a second?
15	DR. FABER: Second.
16	CHAIR NELSON: Todd, do you want to
17	provide some background?
18	MR. LEVINE: Certainly.
19	Good morning. For the record, my name
20	is Todd Levine, and I'm SHPO staff assigned to
21	potential Connecticut Environmental Protection Acts.
22	This is the executive summary of the SHPO
23	investigation.
24	130 Henry Street, 79 Garden Street,
25	and 650 Atlantic Street are located within the South

End National Register of Historic Places district listed in March 19, 1986.

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The threat to these structures first came to the attention of SHPO in April 2016, which is when we were alerted that the local preservation organization in Stamford, Historic Neighborhood Preservation, filed for a demolition delay for these three buildings and two others, which are 122 and 126 Henry Street. Those are not under consideration today.

At the October 2016 Historic

Preservation Council meeting, the owners, Harbor Point

Development, BLT, signed a document -- by the way,

I'll just refer to the ownership as BLT going forward

for this summary -- signed a document that they would

do no demolition at least until January 27, 2017, and

protect the buildings from the weather to allow time

to look at all three for demolition.

In November 2016 the demolition applications were withdrawn and the city stated that new permits would be required if demolitions were planned in the future. BLT's legal counsel told SHPO that they would be working towards preserving the historic buildings. In July 2017 was the last we heard from BLT on the matter.

1	In 2018 BLT contacted the city to
2	reinstate the demolition permits. The city informed
3	them that they would have to restart the clock.
4	Deputy Commissioner, at the time, David Kooris, and I
5	met with BLT in 2018 to work on a compromise.
6	Commissioner David Lehman met with BLT late 2019 to
7	work on a compromise. In both cases we were unable to
8	find a solution that satisfied both SHPO and BLT.
9	In February 2020, BLT submitted
10	demolition applications for the subject properties.
11	And in March SHPO was notified of the threatened
12	properties when the Neighborhood Revitalization Zone
13	submitted a letter to the city of Stamford to enact a
14	demolition delay of 180 days.
15	In June 2020, and on the HPC's behalf,
16	SHPO sent a letter to BLT, care of their legal
17	counsel, John Freeman, inviting them to the council's
18	August 5, 2020, meeting to understand their intentions
19	with regard to the properties and to determine if
20	reasonable and prudent alternatives to demolition
21	existed.
22	In July 2020 BLT alerted us that James
23	Robertson of Carmody, Torrance, Sandak & Hennessey is
24	representing them in the matter.
25	Shortly thereafter James Robertson,

Junior, requested a later meeting date to complete 1 their questionnaire due to a contamination report on 650 Atlantic that had not been completed at the time. 3 Demolition delay ran out early September 2020, so to ensure that the buildings remain 5 standing until the rescheduled meeting of October 7th 6 of 2020, John Freeman, legal counsel of BLT, signed a document stating that their client would not engage in any demolition efforts until at least October 21st of 9 10 2020, which would give the Attorney General's Office an opportunity to review all submitted information if 11 12 HPC referred to the matter to that office. 13 On September 17, 2020, the developer 14 that Preservation Connecticut had been working with, 15 Connecticut Housing Partners, opted not to participate any longer in this effort. 16 On September 18, 2020, the State 17 18 Historic Preservation Review Board voted that 130 19 Henry Street, 79 Garden Street, and 650 Atlantic 2.0 Street continue to contribute to the historic 2.1 significance of the National Register of Historic 22 Places, South End District. 23 Thank you. 24 CHAIR NELSON: Thank you, Todd. 25 So I would like to invite Mr. Freeman

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to provide your presentation.
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                       MR. LEVINE: That will be Jim
      Robertson.
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                       MR. ROBERTSON: All right. Good
      morning, Madam Chairman, Dr. Levine, members of the
 5
      council.
 6
                       My name is Jim Robertson.
                                                  It's not
      Lisa Feinberg as posted up there, as she is going to
 8
      be sharing this 20 minutes with me.
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                       I'm going to put up on the screen the
11
      presentation that I'm going to be making, and
12
      basically I am going to try, as best as I can, to make
13
      five basic points in less than 10 minutes.
14
                       MS. WISNIEWSKI: Will you please
15
      request your screen.
                       MR. ROBERTSON: I'll try to move
16
17
      quickly through these five basic points.
18
                       First of all, the responsibilities
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      that you are now facing under the statute and the case
2.0
      law are laid out right here. First you need to decide
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      whether or not the proposed improvements are, quote,
22
      consistent with the reasonable requirements of the
23
      public health, safety, and welfare, close quote; and
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      secondly, to decide whether, quote, considering all of
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      the relevant surrounding circumstances and factors,
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there is no feasible and prudent alternative to the proposed improvements.

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That should not be controversial. I have gone to school on the excellent work your lawyer Alan Polunsky has done, read his cases and pleadings, and I doubt there would be any controversy over those two statements of what your issues are this morning.

The second point: Under the

Connecticut Environmental Protection Act and the

federal EPA, the contamination under and abutting the

Blickensderfer Building must be remediated and a

portion of the Blickensderfer Building must be

demolished. The licensed environmental professional

managing that remediation is on line and prepared to

answer your questions, and also to speak to you, as is

the professional engineer who is also going to be

managing it. They are fully prepared to answer your

questions on that issue.

The third point is: With very careful planning and out of complete respect for the preservation of the building and the stated wishes of this organization, SHPO, the contamination can be remediated while at the same time preserving most of the Blickensderfer Building. We estimate we can save about 70 percent of it. And the client's co-president

1	as well as the engineers are prepared to speak to that
2	issue.
3	Fourth: Improving and widening Garden
4	Street is a very important and necessary public policy
5	objective of both the state and the municipal
6	governments. And to accomplish this important public
7	project, it is necessary to demolish 130 Henry Street,
8	79 Garden Street, and the Schick Annex, and
9	considering all the relevant surrounding
10	circumstances, there is no feasible and prudent
11	alternative.
12	Attorney Feinberg and the engineers
13	and the architect will also be addressing those
14	issues.
15	We have six qualified witnesses who
16	will amplify on those four points and be prepared to
17	answer your questions.
18	My fifth point is an unfortunate one.
19	I did alert Dr. Levine that I would be making these
20	points for the transcript. But there are two
21	procedural irregularities that are afflicting this
22	meeting.
23	First, a necessary predicate for this
24	meeting is the affirmative vote of the State Historic
25	Preservation Review Board informing you that the

subject buildings continue to contribute to the South

End Historic District. My client did not receive

notice of that agency's meeting or vote, even though

such notice was required.

Furthermore, and more troubling, the

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co-chair of that agency is a Mr. Christopher Wigren, who in addition to co-chairing that important agency, he is also the deputy director of our opponent in this proceeding, namely, Preservation Connecticut. That is a clear conflict of interest which taints this entire proceeding.

And finally, the second procedural issue, and equally distressing, the opponents base the viability of their financial projections on their alternative proposals on a memorandum and a financial analysis and development pro formas from their putative partner, Connecticut Housing Partners, pages 583 through 588. In fact, that is not the work of Connecticut Housing Partners. That organization is not opposing these improvements. And its name was Misappropriated for the purposes of this meeting.

Now, to boring into the site, I now

MS. FEINBERG: Thank you, Jim.

Good morning. For the record, my name

defer to Attorney Lisa Feinberg.

1	is Lisa Feinberg. I'm an attorney with Carmody,
2	Torrance, Sandak & Hennessey. As you all know, we're
3	here to discuss properties known as 650 Atlantic
4	Street, which of course includes the Blickensderfer
5	factory building, as well as the Schick Annex, 736
6	Atlantic Street, 130 Henry Street, and 79 Garden
7	Street here in Stamford.
8	The subject site is outlined here in
9	yellow. It's generally bound by Atlantic Street on
10	the west, Henry Street on the south, Garden Street on
11	the east, and Dock Street, also known as the Urban
12	Transitway, along the northern boundary. You can see
13	that the Stamford Transportation Center is directly
14	adjacent.
15	CHAIR NELSON: Lisa, the screen
16	MS. FEINBERG: You're not seeing the
17	screen?
18	CHAIR NELSON: No, we're not.
19	MR. LEVINE: Lisa, can you email me
20	this document if you want it submitted as a part of
21	the record, please.
22	MS. FEINBERG: I will do that as soon
23	as I finish.
24	MR. LEVINE: Thank you.
25	MS. FEINBERG: Can you all see my

1	aerial image now?
2	CHAIR NELSON: Yes. Thank you.
3	MS. FEINBERG: Okay. So let me start
4	over.
5	650 Atlantic Street, which includes
6	the Blickensderfer and the Schick building, 736
7	Atlantic Street, 130 Henry Street, and 79 Garden
8	Street, the subject site, outlined in yellow.
9	Atlantic Street borders it on the west, Henry Street
10	on the south, Garden Street on the east, and Dock
11	Street, which is also known as the Urban Transitway,
12	along the northern boundary line.
13	This building over here, this is the
14	large parking garage of the Stamford Transportation
15	Center. So we are directly adjacent.
16	Since most of you folks are not from
17	Stamford, I would like to take a minute just to better
18	orient you to the site.
19	Can you all see this Google street
20	view? Okay, perfect.
21	So we're standing at the corner of
22	Dock Street and Atlantic Street. The Stamford
23	Transportation Center is on our right. And straight
24	ahead you can see the Blickensderfer factory and the
25	Schick Annex.

We're going to proceed south along
Atlantic Street, passing the Stamford Transportation
Center garage. The site is on our left. You can see
it vacant. And as we move south, along the right side
here is the Metro Green Mixed Income Housing Project,
which is directly behind the Stamford Transportation
Center, and some buildings that are in the historic
district.

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Our site wraps those buildings that I just showed you that are in the historic district, so this is part of the site, the southern portion of the site. That brings us to the intersection of Henry Street and Atlantic Street. On our right is a nice plaza for Metro Green. And on our left is 736 Atlantic Street, which, for the record, I would like to note, was determined by the advisory review board to be noncontributing to the Historic District.

Heading east along Henry Street, on our left, 118 and 120 Henry Street, also owned by our client. 126 -- 122, excuse me, and 126 Henry Street owned by our client. And on the right is the Lathon Wider Community Center.

We're approaching the intersection with Garden Street. This building on our left here is 130 Henry Street. And now headed back north on Garden

```
Street, you can see Garden Street is very narrow and
 1
      one way. On our left, this is 79 Garden Street. Some
      multifamily structures on our right. And of course
 3
      this is the back side of our site. Garden Street runs
      parallel with Pacific Street, so this is a parking lot
 5
      for some buildings that do front on Pacific Street.
 6
      And directly across Pacific Street is the Yale & Towne
      development that my client preserved.
 8
                       On our left here is the Schick
 9
10
      building, Schick Annex.
                       And then headed back north you can see
11
12
      both sides of Garden Street here are entirely vacant.
13
      This is part of the proposed development site.
14
                       Headed north -- excuse me, headed
15
      west, again towards the transportation center along
16
      Dock Street, you see the vacant parcel. This is the
17
      Stamford Transportation Center here. And then of
18
      course downtown Stamford, 95 right here, downtown
19
      Stamford directly ahead of us.
2.0
                       Do you all see the PowerPoint again or
2.1
      are you still on Google?
22
                       MS. WISNIEWSKI: Still on Google.
23
                       MS. FEINBERG: How about now?
24
                       MS. WISNIEWSKI: Okay, perfect.
                                                        Thank
25
      you.
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MS. FEINBERG: So as Dr. Levine noted, our client did appear before you back in 2016, albeit with a significantly different proposal, which included the demolition of everything on the site except for 118 and 128 Henry Street. This is an image of that proposal back in 2016. So as you can see, 118, 120 Henry Street did remain. However, 736, 122, 126, 130 Henry Street, 79 Garden Street, and the entirety of the Blickensderfer factory are absent from this photo. They were proposed for demolition.

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Significantly, and contrary to what some had incorrectly stated, the current proposal includes the preservation of the majority of the original Blickensderfer factory building, as well as 118, 120, 122, and 126 Henry Street. Buildings shown here in red or portions of buildings shown here in red are meant to be preserved. Buildings shown as yellow are meant to be demolished.

In fact, our team had been studying ways to maximize the preservation of this structure and can now report that we have increased the preservation area by approximately 25 percent as compared to our original submission. On our left is our original submission which was included in your package, and on your right is the updated

revised version which does incorporate approximately
25 percent more of the building.

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Based on our review of historic maps, this is a map from 1951, a Sanborn map. You can see here that this — I've inserted a yellow line which lines up generally with the rear property boundary of the property to our north. I've done that so that we can better orient ourselves on the next map. You'll recognize this map. It is a map that is attached to this historic designation, the Historic District. And I've inserted that same yellow line to line up with the property boundary.

After reviewing these maps and superimposing our structure, you can see that we are in fact preserving, or it appears that we are preserving the majority of the Blickensderfer and the entirety of the area that was designated as contributing. I should have mentioned that this darker portion here does designate contributing. If it is not dark, then it is not considered contributing.

Thus the current proposal preserves the majority of the Blickensderfer factory, as well as 118 and 120 Henry Street, 122 and 126 Henry Street, those latter four buildings being preserved in

1	perpetuity as affordable housing. And as we'll
2	discuss shortly in detail, it does suggest the
3	demolition of 736 Atlantic Street, 130 Henry Street,
4	79 Garden Street, and the Schick Annex.
5	That completes my presentation.
6	MR. ROBERTSON: So we've completed our
7	opening statement. And if there are questions, we
8	will refer the questions we have, as I said, six
9	qualified people standing by to answer any questions
10	that the council may have.
11	CHAIR NELSON: You're at the end of
12	your 20-minute presentation a little bit early, so
13	we're starting council member questions a little bit
14	early. Is that correct?
15	MR. ROBERTSON: Yes. Depending on
16	what the question is, we can refer them to the
17	qualified experts who are standing by ready to answer
18	questions.
19	CHAIR NELSON: Understood. All right.
20	Thank you.
21	All right. For council members, are
22	there specific questions that you have about the
23	material that has been presented thus far?
24	MS. GILVARG: To what extent has the
25	portion of the Blickensderfer Building that you intend

1	to renovate been investigated for environmental and
2	controlled hazards?
3	MS. FEINBERG: Perhaps this would be a
4	good time to turn it over to Rob, our LEP, so he can
5	answer those questions. And if we do have additional
6	time, I wonder if we don't have
7	MS. GILVARG: Mine was a simple
8	question about the portion of the Blickensderfer
9	Building to remain. I don't need the whole
10	environmental presentation. I did look at the Fuss &
11	O'Neill report.
12	MS. FEINBERG: It's okay.
13	MS. GILVARG: I want to understand the
14	level of investigation for the existing building to
15	remain.
16	MS. FEINBERG: Okay.
17	MR. ROBERTSON: We have a very good
18	diagram that demonstrates that, I think, fairly
19	clearly. We'll put that up for you.
20	MS. FEINBERG: I think Rob Danielson
21	is prepared to respond to that as well.
22	Rob, are you on the line?
23	MR. DANIELSON: Yes. Can you hear me?
24	CHAIR NELSON: Yes, we can.
25	MR. ROBERTSON: Rob, up on the screen,

if you can see it, is the diagram showing where the 1 plume is. Orient the council as to the location 3 of the plume and where that impacts the Blickensderfer. 5 MR. DANIELSON: So the most 6 significant area of contamination associated with PCBs is associated with the solid blue line. It extends under a portion of the Blickensderfer Building. But 9 10 the most extreme extent -- as well as the Schick Annex. And that's about a 120 foot by 65 foot wide 11 12 area that extends down to a depth of 18 feet. 13 order to excavate it out, it will be a substantial 14 size excavation. We're estimating, you know, given 15 the side slopes that are necessary, that it would be 16 extending out to about where the dashed blue line is. 17 So all that area needs to come out in accordance with 18 state and federal regulations. 19 As you move to the west where the part 2.0 of the Blickensderfer Building is that will be 2.1 preserved, based on existing spoil data we think we're 22 good. The bedrock is shallower there, and the 23 likelihood of that PCB going up that far is very 24 minimal.

Thank you.

MS. GILVARG:

25

1 CHAIR NELSON: Other questions?

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MS. MAHER: I don't know if we want to discuss this now or at the end during a full discussion. But in the transcripts of the 2016 report, Mr. Freeman clearly states on pages, of the materials we received, 918 through 919, that the two properties we're talking about today, the 79 and 650 Atlantic Street, were not part of the discussion. He was not prepared at the time to talk about those two parcels. And in good faith it was agreed that counsel would have more time to review all of the material that was presented to us barely hours before the 2016 meeting. And he completely agreed to that.

It is not reflected in the Carmody report that this was the circumstance under which we did not have a vote, as that was pointed out repeatedly in the Carmody report from September. So I find the report that we were presented by them to be rather disingenuous and misleading.

I don't know, because we did not discuss the two parcels that are being discussed today, that this should be tabled and brought up again when those two properties are brought to us and discussed. It seems like that is a reasonable request. That council is under the assumption that we

1	were going to reconvene in November 2016. That did
2	not happen.
3	So I thank everyone for providing such
4	thorough reports, but I think that this is something
5	that we should discuss, as none of these parcels were
6	discussed in any form whatsoever, and this is new to
7	us right now, as far as I'm concerned.
8	And thank you, everybody, for giving
9	us that material that we can actually see this.
10	CHAIR NELSON: Kathy, I think that it
11	is important to proceed with the whole presentation as
12	it is envisioned right now. I think the time to have
13	the conversation going back to the 2016 presentation
14	will be when we're deliberating at the end.
15	MS. MAHER: Thank you.
16	CHAIR NELSON: But thank you for
17	bringing that up.
18	Are there we're looking for council
19	member questions about the specific material presented
20	thus far.
21	MS. FABER: I've got some questions.
22	CHAIR NELSON: Yes, Margaret Faber.
23	MS. FABER: It is related and let
24	me know if you want me to ask later.
25	So BLT presumably performed the due

Τ	diligence and bought the properties with the knowledge
2	that they were on the National Register. That's
3	actually a question.
4	Then on October 5, 2016, the developer
5	agreed that the structures would be protected from the
6	elements and all work resulting in the removal of the
7	historic fabric would cease. I'd like to know what
8	has BLT done to stabilize and protect the buildings
9	since it acquired them in 2016, and has any historic
10	material been removed? From the photographs and the
11	screenshots, the tour we just took, I see that windows
12	are open and it appears that they are in fact open to
13	the elements.
14	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you, Margaret.
15	Ms. Feinberg, Mr. Robertson, could you
16	address that.
17	MR. ROBERTSON: Perhaps Ted, the
18	co-president, could address that, if he can be brought
19	in.
20	MR. FERRARONE: Good morning. Ted
21	Ferrarone, BLT.
22	Question is what have we done to
23	stabilize and protect the buildings. As you can see
24	in the photos that Lisa showed you on the walk, they
25	have all been protected with chain link fence and

plywood over the doors and the windows.

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I would love to say that they're protected at all times, but obviously, you know, that's certainly not the case. People do break into the buildings and remove the plywood. We constantly replace it. We've done a ton of work on graffiti removal, trash removal. I think the buildings themselves are perfectly fine and secure today. But it's an ongoing challenge.

The two that you see on the corner, which is 130 Henry and 79 Garden, both of those we completed pretty substantial environmental remediation in anticipation of the demolition, so we took out a ton of lead paint and asbestos-containing materials, including siding and interim materials. But they're nothing of historic merit inside. Certainly if somebody wants to go look before anything is done there, we would be perfectly fine with that.

MS. FABER: And was the developer aware, or were you aware that the buildings were listed on the National Register of Historic Places when they were purchased?

MR. FERRARONE: We own a tremendous amount of property within the South End. So, yes, we're aware of the Historic Registry.

1	MS. FABER: So the removal of the
2	historic material and whether or not it was, I
3	don't know if anyone went to check to see if it was
4	historic or not. But it says material was removed
5	between 2016 and 2020. So could you just address what
6	material was removed?
7	MR. FERRARONE: I can't comment on the
8	statement. I'm not sure what are our first I don't
9	think anything's been done since the initial 2016 when
10	we stripped off the asbestos and lead paint.
11	Nothing's happened there except for sort of a
12	large-scale trash cleanup around the sides, which we
13	do on an ongoing basis.
14	MS. FABER: Thank you.
15	CHAIR NELSON: Are there other
16	questions?
17	MS. CARNELL: Yes. This is Marguerite
18	Carnell.
19	CHAIR NELSON: Yes, Marguerite.
20	MS. CARNELL: My question follows on
21	with Council Member Faber's in terms of the removal of
22	lead paint.
23	My question is: How was the lead
24	paint removed?
25	MR. ROBERTSON: Ted, if you can follow

33

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1
      up on that.
                       MR. FERRARONE: I honestly can't
      comment in detail. I can see if I can find one of the
 3
      reports. It's been four years. We hired a lead paint
      and asbestos remediation company to do that work for
 5
           It goes back to, I would say at least 2016.
 6
                      MS. GILVARG: Can I follow up on this
      line of questioning?
 8
 9
                       CHAIR NELSON: Yes, Karyn.
10
                      MS. GILVARG: Thank you, Sara.
                       Both Heritage reports contain this
11
      notation that between 2016 and 2020 interior -- the
12
13
      interiors of those two buildings were demolished. It
14
      doesn't clearly indicate the extent of the demolition.
15
      I'm wondering if any of the demolition was structural.
      I'm wondering if the demolition was done with the
16
17
      benefit of a demolition permit from the City of
18
      Stamford.
                      MR. ROBERTSON: Actually, either Ted
19
2.0
      or Bill can answer that. I think Lee is also on the
2.1
      line.
22
                       Ted, why don't we start with you. I
23
      don't know if you can answer that question.
24
                      MR. FERRARONE: I can. I can pick it
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25

up.

1	No, there's no structural demolition
2	that's been done. In 2016 when we filed for the
3	permits, the way the demolition the permit process
4	worked at the time was you had to complete
5	environmental abatement in buildings before the permit
6	could be issued. So as part of that process we
7	started the lead paint and asbestos remediation. Once
8	we had the hearings in 2016 we stopped work, as
9	everybody on the line knows, so the buildings have
10	sat, you know, basically untouched from that
11	standpoint other than, you know, essentially chain
12	link fence and plywood keeping them secure.
13	MS. GILVARG: Thank you.
14	CHAIR NELSON: Are there other
15	questions?
16	MS. FABER: I'm wondering how
17	completely has moving the buildings been explored?
18	Has there been any analysis about moving any of the
19	buildings?
20	MR. ROBERTSON: You're talking about
21	the factory building?
22	MS. FABER: No, I'm talking about the
23	smaller houses.
24	MR. ROBERTSON: Bill, if you want to
25	move in on this, or Ted.

1 MR. BUCKLEY: I can jump on it, Ted, if you want me to give you my thoughts on that. 3 MR. FERRARONE: Sure, go ahead. MR. BUCKLEY: First of all, for the 4 record, my name is William Buckley. I'm a licensed 5 professional engineer registered in the state of 6 7 Connecticut. I've been practicing since 1974. So we looked at the possibility of 8 9 moving those buildings. And the challenge is finding 10 a site to move them to. And then once you find a 11 site, you have all overhead wires all around primary 12 electric, secondary electric, and a multitude of phone 13 and cable companies that are up on those poles. 14 that is a challenge anywhere in the state of Connecticut when you go to move a building. You have 15 16 to temporarily relocate utilities, take interruptions 17 of service in the neighborhoods, and it's a tremendous 18 task. So we looked at that. The other item is structurally. If 19 2.0 you had to move them any distance, you would certainly 2.1 run the risk of compromising the structural integrity 22 of any of those -- we can call them smaller buildings, 23 but as you can see, they're more than -- it's not like 24 a single-family house. It's a substantially sized 25 building for that neighborhood, to attempt to move.

1	MR. ROBERTSON: I'd also add and
2	Lee is on the call, who can amplify if needed. But as
3	historians you know that if those buildings are moved
4	to any extent, they will historic integrity will be
5	diminished as well. So going over that with Todd, I
6	gather that's not a controversial statement. You're
7	all aware of that, but I just add it in response to
8	that question.
9	CHAIR NELSON: Are there follow-up
10	questions?
11	Okay. Margaret?
12	MS. FABER: Another one. Have any
13	efforts been made to sell the buildings?
14	MR. ROBERTSON: I defer to Ted on
15	that.
16	MR. FERRARONE: No, not that I'm aware
17	of.
18	CHAIR NELSON: Are there other
19	questions? If there are, because I can't see
20	everybody on the screen all at the same time, I would
21	just ask you to speak up and give your name. I want
22	to make sure that we capture everyone's questions.
23	Okay. I'm not hearing any others,
24	which would mean that we would go to the next
25	presentation, which would be the one by Preservation

1	Connecticut.
2	And so that's I'm going to
3	invite is it Brad Schide who will be doing the
4	presenting?
5	MR. SCHIDE: Yes, it is.
6	I'll start off and I'll introduce who
7	else will be with me.
8	Again, for the record, I'm Brad
9	Schide, circuit writer and on behalf of Preservation
10	Connecticut. Myself, my colleagues, BLT, their
11	counsel, the Historic Council, we appreciate the
12	opportunity to present a plan to rehab rather than
13	demolish the three buildings in question.
14	I am sharing my time today with Phil
15	Barlow of todesign; as well as David Goslin, Crosskey
16	Architects; and Jane Montanero is also here for the
17	Preservation Connecticut.
18	Let me just say, I was a little
19	dismayed by counsel's comment. Connecticut Housing
20	Partners is in your package. We did submit that as
21	part of what the Historic Council has. They were
22	actively involved throughout the whole process until
23	two weeks ago. I also have their mission statement.
24	Their mission statement, they're saying your
25	counsel wants to have you believe they don't do

affordable housing. I happen to know that's all they do. They're Connecticut Housing Partners, charter member, NeighborWorks America, a national affordable housing organization. And their mission is to create and sustain innovative housing and revitalize neighborhoods.

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So again, counsel is saying that they have no mission doing that. The real issue is that they were very involved. And two weeks ago I did get a call from staff, and the staff knew everything, but apparently there was coordinating that did suggest that they should withdraw from the project. And for the public record, they have withdrawn and they are no longer involved in the project.

But I do want the Historic Council to know, it's not about them as a developer. What they're trying to do is deflect from the information that we do have feasible alternatives. There's affordable housing resources out there, whether it's Connecticut Housing Partners or whoever it turns out to be, who can rehab these properties. So I did want to get that out.

At the outset here, I do want to be really clear. We are not against the development nor the density. Nor even this developer. I used to live

in the South End, and they've done a lot of work, and 1 they're a very credible developer. I've had interactions with Ted and the rest of the staff. 3 They're very capable of doing some major developments in the town. We're not here to try to stop any of 5 6 that. Jane, I don't know if you want to put up the PowerPoint now so we can . . . 8 So our focus, again, is not against 9 10 development nor the developer. It is laser focused. Laser focused only on the possibility of rehabbing 11 12 these three properties. And the key question 13 everybody asks, Why can't rehabilitation reside side 14 by side with new construction? Phil Barlow will go 15 through a little -- a proposed site plan. 16 Jane, if you can move forward, the 17 next slide. 18 I think you already saw the photos. 19 do want to say, the photo on the left, the annex, yes, 2.0 counsel was absolutely right, it is considered right 2.1 now a noncontributing resource because in 1986 it did 22 not have the time period. If we went back and amended 23 the South End National Register District, it would be 24 a contributing resource. I don't want council to get 25 lost, oh, it's not contributing, therefore it should

1 be demolished. I do want to make that statement.

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If you'd go to the next slide, Jane.

As Sara and as everybody has already said, in 2016 they were here with two other buildings, and they really didn't have a plan. Their plan was just to demolish the properties. Counsel, with -- I was reading the presentation and they want the council to believe that the council didn't want -- didn't have enough information to make a decision. There was no vote that day because BLT's attorney worked out a compromise, and part of that compromise was to save the buildings and to work with the community, which did not happen. We actually had a couple of follow-up meetings, Preservation Trust, a couple of follow-up meetings with a couple of developers, but then everybody stopped. So as SHPO said in their introductory, we really have not heard from them, and there's been huge vigilance on the part of the community trying to figure out what was going on until now.

As they laid out, the demo plan is really talking about a widening of Garden Street, which, again, counsel will have you believe that everybody approved this and wants this to happen. The reality is, unless I missed the point here, it's being

funded, or a part of, by the developer. I'm not aware of the city funding any of this. I could be wrong, and I'd be happy to hear if I am.

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When we did bring up about the widening, the only thing we brought up was, well, okay, great, if widening is really that important, let's see a study, let's try to figure out is this a reality. I know the community is going to testify on that. And we really basically said -- what the city said, and they will do one, but it's not until after BLT actually submits their final plan for engineering, for site plan approval. Well, folks, that's not going to happen for a while, and they're not submitting anything. So you are making a decision before that happens.

Final piece, which was not known until the proposal, was about PCBs. I will come back to that. I did read the report.

Before we go into that, I'm surprised there wasn't a whole lot of talk about complete streets. Phil Barlow will follow me and talk, in the next slide, about what the complete streets are, and why — that we could do it on a one-way street. So I do want everybody to understand that.

Dave Goslin will follow, talking about

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the design. Then I'll come back up talking a little
1
      about the financing.
                       Next slide. Go ahead, Phil.
 3
                       MR. BARLOW: Good morning. My name is
 4
                    I'm a principal with todesign, landscape
 5
      Phil Barlow.
      architects, in New Britain, Connecticut. We're
 6
      celebrating our 33rd year in business this year.
                       We frequently are called upon to do
      mobility planning for towns and municipalities.
 9
10
      Recently we've done a pedestrian corridor study,
      limitations for Pratt Street in Hartford.
11
12
      bicycle master plan for New Britain.
13
                       So we were asked to review Garden
14
      Street for its potential as a complete street using
15
      the existing right-of-way, and also to look at the
16
      site for its potential of being developed while still
17
      maintaining the historic resources.
18
                       What is a complete street? It's a
19
      term we all have heard. One definition is complete
2.0
      streets are designed to enable safe access for all
2.1
              Pedestrians, bicyclists, motorists, and bus
22
      riders of all ages and abilities. So it's a street
23
      that provides for different types of mobility and a
24
      variety of mobility types.
25
                       The overriding goals typically are
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three: Safety; as I mentioned, multimodal use; and incorporation of public spaces.

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Planners and designers have a lot of tools in their toolbox to make this happen. A road diet is one tool that is also used, narrowing the pavement. Traffic calming, enhanced sidewalk zones, lighting, bike lanes.

Next slide.

So as Brad said, the question has come up, does a complete street have to be a two-way street? I have found no guideline or code or even suggestion that a complete street has to be a two-way street. As a matter of fact, the project I mentioned that we have worked on in Hartford, Pratt Street -- many of you may know Pratt Street -- is an extremely successful project and a complete street that is in fact one way.

Next slide.

So we did look at some ways to enhance Garden Street as, again, a complete street using the existing right-of-way. I will say it is a challenge. It's a 34-foot right-of-way, which is very small. But our proposal on the left does keep the street as one-way. We have been able to greatly enhance the pedestrian zone with widened sidewalks, street trees,

ornamental pavements, and ornamental lighting. And that's both sides of Garden Street.

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We do have one-way traffic, and we've incorporated that traffic lane as a share road, another mobility term. Share road simply means a shared right-of-way. So that traffic lane would be shared with bicycles, very common treatment. The street would be marked with share road signs signifying to drivers that the street is shared, and bicyclists are as important as motorists.

We would also have one or two speed tables in that traffic lane to slow down traffic, which has been expressed as a goal for Garden Street.

Next slide.

asked to do was to look at the development potential of the site, saving, preserving the existing historic resources. I'll say right off this is certainly not a plan, it's an idea, a quick overview of what may happen. Looking at this plan, it's a little dense, but if you look at the center of the page, that's the block that we're discussing. Garden Street is the street with the street trees towards the bottom of the plan.

The buildings in the dark brown

shading, those are the historic resources, the three buildings that are under discussion. Those are all preserved. And the lighter buildings are potential buildings that can be put on the site, probably as residential buildings. That's what the city Master Plan and the city discussions have been to date, that those would be preferred residential buildings. Under what's being discussed with the proposed zoning regulations, those could be as much as 20 stories and could house as many as 800 apartments.

So again, no, we don't want anyone to zero in on the details. We're simply trying to show that the site can be developed preserving the existing buildings.

Dave?

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MR. GOSLIN: Thanks, Phil.

My name is Dave Goslin. I'm a principal of Crosskey Architects. Crosskey Architects is a Hartford-based firm with 36 years of experience in multifamily housing, adaptive reuse, historic preservation, and rehabilitation.

We were contacted by the Preservation

Connecticut to take a look at these three buildings

that are in question and in danger of demolition to

see what we can kind of come up with, with a program

to fit the buildings out for future use.

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One of the things we were not able to do, we were not given access into any of the buildings, so we don't have firsthand account of what's on the inside. So what we can do and what we've done in the past, and were pretty successful, we go online with the town records and we can get the footprint of the building based on the property cards. And from that we can draw a scaled footprint of the building layout. With our experience and abilities, we can then carry that forward and do test fits to see what would actually fit in the buildings.

Atlantic Avenue would be the biggest of the challenges, because that would be a reuse, converting a factory to a mixed-use building. This would be what we figure to be 49 units of apartments with a commercial component at the street level, 4,000 square feet. Based on our experience, it's a relatively easy fit and comfortable fit, and would work well as apartments given the building configuration. We would keep the full L-shaped arrangement and not propose to tear anything off the back of the building down.

Jane, if you can move on to the next slide, please.

1	130 Henry Street is a little bit more
2	straightforward. That's an existing wood-frame
3	structure, multifamily. We would continue to kind of
4	use it in that same capacity. Based on the footprints
5	we assume we can get three apartments in there. We
6	can get a two-bedroom flat in the first and second
7	floors, and a three-bedroom flat underneath the gable
8	roof up on the third floor.
9	Moving forward, Jane, to the next
10	slide, please.
11	This is the plan showing 79 Garden
12	Street. Again, it's an existing two-family structure,
13	three stories. We would continue the use of this
14	building as a two-family, getting a two-bedroom unit
15	on the first floor and a three-bedroom unit occupying
16	the second and third floor, which would have the main
17	living space on the second floor and some bedrooms up
18	on the third floor underneath the gable.
19	So based on our review of the
20	buildings and the properties, we really see this being
21	that there is potential for feasible and prudent
22	alternatives
23	MS. WISNIEWSKI: You have 5 minutes
24	left of your allotted time.
25	MR. GOSLIN: Okay. Thank you.

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1
                       So that really kind of completes my
      portion of this, and I will turn it back over to Brad.
 2
                       MR. SCHIDE: Jane, can you go to the
 3
      next slide.
 4
                       The next slide -- and since I have
 5
      limited time, I just want to say, again, they're
 6
      saying there's no feasible alternative. There is.
      This is a possible feasible alternative. Whether it's
      Connecticut Housing Partners or any other developer --
 9
10
      in fact, by the way, if they don't want to use
      historic credits, they don't want to go through the
11
12
      public sector, the developer can develop this
13
      themselves. Yes, it's even faster. They just rehab
14
      it and they wouldn't need to go through this.
15
      purpose of this exercise is to let you know that there
16
      is public resources out there to do that.
17
                       Jane, can you go to the next slide.
18
                       So what I want to end on, and I will
19
      submit this for the record, I did review the Fuss &
2.0
      O'Neill report in quite detail, and I just want the
2.1
      Historic Council to read it as well. You know, I've
22
      been involved in projects like this. I'll just read
23
      parts of it to conclude my testimony.
24
                       Fuss & O'Neill report does not require
25
      demolition of any portion of the Blickensderfer or the
```

annex, but rather it simply documents the concentrations of PCBs which were found partially under the building. In fact, the majority of the PCB contamination was found to be outside the building's footprint. The proposed demolition of the annex appears to be an owner decision.

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Now, I'm not an environmental consultant, but if you look at the Fuss & O'Neill report on page 13, Section 3.1, it's describing the EPA's Toxic Control Act and its requirements. Goes through extensively, and then it says, in parentheses, except to areas where the concrete floors serve as a cap and render the soil inaccessible.

On the same page, Direct Exposure

Criteria. There's a whole process of removing PCBs,

which, again, are dangerous, I agree. But it

outlines -- Fuss & O'Neill report says: Unless the

soil is rendered inaccessible and has a land use

restriction recorded to assure that PCB-impacted soil

is not disturbed.

DEEP nor EPA is going to require a demolition of a property to remove environmental contamination below a site. In fact, it even goes further and defines soil located beneath the building more than 2 feet below a concrete surface is

1 considered inaccessible. Counsel just said it's 18
2 feet below.

2.0

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So I guess what I want to just conclude my report on, and I did submit this for the record, the slab of the annex, or basement, I don't know, again, we weren't given access, would, in our opinion, serve as the cap to and would not have to be removed. Now, if that building's removed, they have more money to spend because they do have to follow all the guidelines of soil removal. And keep in mind, if you allow the demolition of the annex, which they claim is not historic, you are still demolishing 130 as part of the road widening, which is contributing.

So -- anyway, so that's -- I think
we've made our case. I mean, just to reiterate the
points, I think we have been very consistent with
safety and welfare, and --

MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute.

MR. SCHIDE: We've also posed a feasible alternative, although the developer could use their own money and go a lot faster for sure.

We did challenge the notion that something has to be remediated. I would like to see something from DEEP or EPA that really requires the demolition of these properties, which you don't have.

1	I congratulate them trying to save
2	part of Blickensderfer, but I think we can save all of
3	it. And the widening of Garden, again, we don't know
4	what the requirements are and where this came from.
5	So with that, I'll conclude my
6	presentation.
7	MS. MONTANERO: Brad, I just wanted to
8	add that the role of Preservation Connecticut is to
9	support the local efforts. So we're of course we
10	support the development. We'd like to work with the
11	developers. We're not planning to stop
12	MS. WISNIEWSKI: You're out of time.
13	MS. MONTANERO: the development,
14	and we support
15	CHAIR NELSON: All right. Thank you,
16	Brad and Jane and Dave.
17	I want to next ask council members for
18	questions with any of the material that's been
19	presented in this last presentation from Preservation
20	Connecticut.
21	Margaret Faber? You need to unmute
22	yourself, Margaret.
23	MS. FABER: I'm not sure if anyone
24	from the city is on the line that can answer these
25	questions.

1 So I also had a question about -- the word "must" is used quite often, and "shall." That 2 sort of implies a mandate that they must create a 3 complete street and they must remediate the building. And so I wanted to just follow up to 5 be sure that the complete street could be accomplished if it is required while retaining the buildings. And as I understand from the ordinance, Article 7 says that they're only really required to create a complete 9 10 street if they're undertaking a greater transportation improvement project, and I don't think that's the 11 12 focus of this development necessarily. 13 And just the last point is that I'm 14 surprised that Preservation Connecticut wasn't given access because it was part of our agreement with the 15 16 developer, it's on page 720 of the packet, that they 17 would have access to the buildings. 18 So three sort of unrelated things. 19 CHAIR NELSON: Let's break them down 2.0 and try to get answers one by one. 2.1 To the question about the complete 22 street and the mandate for the complete street, can 23 somebody address that first? 24 MR. BLESSING: Yes. Ralph Blessing 25 I'm the land use bureau chief for the City of here.

1 Stamford. We're responsible for all the planning.

2.0

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My knowledge about nuts and bolts of the traffic planning, that's with the Transportation Bureau, but I can try to answer the question.

So Garden Street is a substandard street. It is very narrow. And obviously what we're looking to do is, if there is an opportunity to bring streets up to par, we like to take that opportunity.

There have been significant transportation improvements in the area. We have the Urban Transitway, which was a multimillion dollar investment by the city. The state has invested several million dollars in widening the Atlantic Street underpass under the railroad and I-95. So obviously we want to make sure that whatever development is happening here will not impact on the improvements we already did.

So as was said before, the applicant, when they come to us for development proposal, they will have to do a traffic study, and they have to demonstrate that the widening of Garden Street is indeed necessary. However, based on the projected size of the development, I would think that Garden Street would have to be improved to make access to the building.

And the other point, of course, is that Garden Street is a substandard street, and when we have the opportunity we want to bring them up to standard with city requirements. One of the examples that we've just seen, and I acknowledge obviously that you can do a lot with what you have, but one of the issues in the South End is on-street parking. And adding bike lanes, for example, would take away on-street parking. That is a big issue for the residents of the area.

2.0

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So our desire is to bring city streets up to par, to not sabotage what we did with our transportation improvements. If that means that everything -- or that the annex needs to come down or that the buildings have to come down at the intersection of Henry and Garden Street, we haven't made a final determination yet.

CHAIR NELSON: I just want to clarify. We're talking about the difference between a two-way street and one-way street, the presentation represented by the trust.

Atlantic Street itself, a

two-directional street, is that sufficient for the

proposed development? Is there -- I understand the

needing to improve Garden Street from its substandard

condition, but does it have to be improved from one lane to two lanes? Or is Atlantic Street sufficient to handle the traffic?

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MR. BLESSING: Once again, it requires a thorough study. But obviously if the access, the main access from -- to the proposed building is from Atlantic Street -- Atlantic Street is one of the main connectors between downtown and the South End. So if you would add a lot of like left-turning traffic to get into the development or out of the development, that would certainly impact on traffic on Atlantic Street. There's also city plans to widen Atlantic Street further south of the site. It won't become a four-lane street. We would be adding left -- dedicated left-turn lanes south of that. Because we recognize there are issues with Atlantic Street.

CHAIR NELSON: Okay.

Margaret, we went through one of your questions, but not all of them. Can you go back to -- you had three points you were making.

MS. FABER: Right. I would just wonder if anyone can answer Brad's suggestion that perhaps the building doesn't need to be fully remediated if there's a cap over the PCBs. That's question 2.

1 MR. ROBERTSON: If Mr. Danielson is available, perhaps he can answer that. MR. DANIELSON: Yes, I can answer that 3 4 question. As I mentioned, this site has not only 5 PCBs but many other contaminants that in some cases 6 are equally as bad actors. The capping can be done for certain contaminants, such as metals, petroleum, and that kind of thing. PCB regulations are totally 9 10 different under TSCA. They do not allow you to keep anything greater than 10 parts per million, as 11 12 enforced by EPA Region 1. 13 So we have remediated multiple sites 14 in the South End for PCBs, and EPA has set a 15 precedence on all of those sites that anything higher 16 than 10 ppm has to come out. This has happened on the 17 main Pitney Bowes manufacturing site, the Gateway 18 site, the Yale & Towne site, as well as the Waterside 19 School site. In every case they required anything 2.0 greater than 10 to come out. So other contaminants 2.1 can be capped, they can be rendered inaccessible. But 22 there are separate more strict rules for PCBs. 23 CHAIR NELSON: Margaret, you had a 24 third point? 25 Third question was why MS. FABER:

Preservation Connecticut not able to access the 1 2 buildings, because we specified that they should have access in the agreement that we made with the 3 developer. MR. ROBERTSON: I'd like Ted to answer 5 6 that question. MR. FERRARONE: Preservation Connecticut has had access to the buildings. We let 8 them have access in 2016. And as I said, nothing has 9 10 happened in the buildings since 2016. Brad just 11 talked about how he has been through it in the past. 12 So I'm just not sure of the reference. 13 MS. FABER: In the agreement that we 14 signed in 2016 with the developer, access was supposed 15 to be given. It's on page 720. And I don't know if 16 they tried to get access and were denied. But it says 17 access to all five structures will be granted to the NHP and/or the Connecticut Trust for Historic 18 19 Preservation and Preservation Connecticut. 2.0 MR. ROBERTSON: I think he answered 2.1 But, Ted, why don't you say it again as to what 22 access was in fact given. 23 MR. FERRARONE: As far as I know, 24 access has been given. There has not been a request

in the last 3 or 4 years that I am aware of.

25

aware of anything. But anything can happen inside 1 those buildings since the previous sidewalks. 3 CHAIR NELSON: Thank you. Are there other council member 4 questions? Kathy Maher? 5 MS. MAHER: Thanks. I want to echo 6 7 what Margaret said earlier. It seems like we're just reliving this 2016 meeting, as we anticipated some things to happen. I think that it's safe to say that 9 10 the road is subpar based on the visual plan that's being put out by BLT, okay, that's fine. But we're 11 12 not taking into consideration that it might be quite 13 par based on a community-supported vision that 14 preserves the buildings. 15 So again, there hasn't been a full 16 study, I believe. Mr. Blessing just said there hasn't 17 been a formal study that actually supports either of 18 these projects. So we really don't have any 19 justifiable evidence that supports either of these 2.0 things. 2.1 Again, if you're going to do a major 22 development, you need a bigger road. If this 23 maintains itself the way it's being reflected by 24 Preservation, is that road enough? I think that's a 25 question that needs to be answered before that moves

1	forward.
2	So is there any more information on
3	this? It was supposed to come after 2016 and we still
4	haven't seen it.
5	MR. ROBERTSON: Can I ask Lisa to
6	respond to that.
7	MS. FEINBERG: I'm lucky enough to do
8	a lot of large-scale developments in the City of
9	Stamford. I can tell you unequivocally, and I think
10	Mr. Blessing would back this up, that the Stamford
11	Transportation Bureau dictates what a road is going to
12	look like and what a complete street is going to look
13	like. The complete street that's been given to you,
14	the design that's been provided, came directly from
15	Mr. Travers. You should have also received a letter
16	from Mr. Travers confirming his plan and desires for
17	Garden Street. So I don't think there's any question
18	about what will be required.
19	I also note we don't need a traffic
20	study to know that a site adjacent to the busiest
21	train station in the state of Connecticut requires
22	circulation, strong circulation.
23	We're also the plan that was put on
24	by Preservation Connecticut includes two 20-story
25	towers. That is a large-scale development. It would

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require this type of access.
 1
                       MS. MAHER: I appreciate your comment
                But we do need a report in this case to
 3
      on that.
      validate that. On page 925 of the original meeting,
      Mr. Freeman, discussing the vision for the plan, says,
 5
      We won't file a plan until we have a clear vision with
 6
      the community discussion and what makes sense for the
      project.
 8
                       So I think that a -- evidence of a
 9
      plan would have helped support that.
10
                       MR. ROBERTSON: May I respond to that,
11
12
      Madam Chair, briefly?
13
                       CHAIR NELSON: Yes, Mr. Robertson.
14
                       MR. ROBERTSON: I note several council
15
      members keep referring to the 2016 hearing and plan.
      What we have tried to explain to you and present is
16
17
      that an enormous amount of work and effort have gone
18
      in during the past four years to come up with a
19
      virtually totally different proposal that preserves
2.0
      most of the buildings that had been discussed in 2016.
      And that it involves other additional facts.
2.1
22
                       So I -- it hurts to be held to what
23
      was done in 2016 when this is a really fresh look.
24
      fact, it's our position that the only reasonable
25
      prudent and feasible alternatives to what was done in
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2016 is what we're presenting to you today. That's
 1
      what we're presenting to you now, is the new
      substantially changed proposal.
 3
                       CHAIR NELSON: Thank you,
      Mr. Robertson.
 5
                       Are there other questions?
 6
 7
                       MR. GILVARG: This is Karyn Gilvarg.
                       I'm curious as to whether the proposal
 8
      to widen Garden Street came originally from the
 9
10
      developer or from the city. Because the city asserts
      there has been no traffic study yet. And logically
11
12
      one might expect a change of the street from one-way
13
      to two-way, for instance, would come based on some
14
      evidence. So did BLT propose to widen the street
15
      first using the city's complete streets standards?
16
                       MS. FEINBERG: It is my understanding
17
      that when BLT began discussions about the potential
18
      redevelopment of this site, it was made very clear to
19
      BLT by the city that the widening of the road would be
2.0
      required.
2.1
                       MS. GILVARG: I just want to follow
22
      up.
23
                       And the city required that it become
24
      two-way? I mean, that seems to favor one mode of
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transportation, automobiles, over bicycles and over

25

Τ	pedestrians.
2	MS. FEINBERG: For the record, Lisa
3	Feinberg again.
4	The complete street actually includes
5	the accommodation of all modes of travel, including
6	very wide sidewalks, well lit with landscaping, bike
7	lanes on both sides, ADA-compliant sidewalks, parking,
8	as well as two-way traffic. So it doesn't favor the
9	vehicles, but it does accommodate them for sure.
10	And, yes, the design came directly
11	from the City of Stamford.
12	MS. GILVARG: It allocates more to the
13	automobiles.
14	MS. FEINBERG: I'm happy to bring up
15	the image if that would be helpful.
16	MS. GILVARG: It increases the number
17	of lanes. It increases the width and square footage
18	devoted to cars.
19	MS. FEINBERG: It does increase the
20	width of the square footage devoted to cars. However,
21	it also increases the width and square footage devoted
22	to pedestrians, and the width and square footage
23	dedicated to bicyclists.
24	So the purpose is to accommodate all
25	of these modes of travel, not just vehicles. But,

yes, it does accommodate vehicles in the safest

possible manner. Again, because it is adjacent to the

Stamford Transportation Center.

2.0

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As Mr. Blessing noted, Atlantic Street is a very well traveled street, especially in that intersection with the train station. So it's very important to TTP to insure the safety of all. I can tell you, and I think Mr. Blessing would confirm this to be true, that the Transportation Bureau of the City of Stamford is hyper focused on pedestrian safety.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ BLESSING: Yes. Ralph Blessing for the City of Stamford.

There was a discussion about the widening of Garden Street that happened between the Transportation Bureau and developers. I cannot confirm who asked first for what. Generally speaking, with other projects the city is taking the opportunity to ask developers for improvements to streets. In this case, the widening of the street would happen on BLT property.

One point about the two-way versus the one-way -- this is something I heard from

Transportation Bureau chief, so put that as a caveat.

But it is his strong position, and I believe there's also studies, that two-way streets are safer than

one-way streets. We actually do have an argument currently with BLT about some streets in the South End that they would like to become one-way streets, and we, the city, for traffic considerations, actually want them to keep them as two-way streets. So I think the -- we believe, the city believes, inherently that two-way streets are safer than one-way streets.

2.0

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CHAIR NELSON: I'm just going to interject that we have about 3 and a half minutes left for council member questions for the Preservation Connecticut presentation before we move on to taking in public comments from others who have signed up to speak.

That said, are there other questions?

MS. GILVARG: I just want to clarify
with Brad Schide. The developer that was working with
you withdrew as a potential developer, but they did
not retract any of the information that was provided
to Connecticut Trust. Is that correct?

MR. SCHIDE: That's correct. We actually did the budgets together. But, no, their call to me was that they had to be -- had to leave the project and withdraw, and they wanted me, for the public record, make a statement, and staff was very agreeable, but I guess this came from their board.

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1
      That's all I know.
                       MS. GILVARG: Thank you.
                       CHAIR NELSON: Leah Glaser, you're
 3
      raising your hand?
 4
                       DR. GLASER: A question to, I guess,
 5
      for Barlow and Brad.
 6
                       The proposal from Preservation
      Connecticut was -- consisted of additional buildings
 8
      that could be quite high. I was wondering what the
 9
10
      thoughts were on putting in buildings of that height
      in this Historic District in terms of -- and what,
11
12
      also I guess, the City of Stamford's zoning
13
      regulations are for this Historic District and
14
      building heights and things like.
15
                       MR. SCHIDE: Let me start and Phil
      certainly can jump in.
16
17
                       The direction -- the only reason we
18
      showed that is that I wanted everyone to understand
19
      that the developer was not limited. At the end of the
2.0
      day, I doubt they're going to be able to do 800 units.
2.1
      They're going to have to do huge parking garages.
22
      But -- I don't know what their -- I guess the point
23
      is, I don't know what their plan is. The only point
24
      of that -- Phil was very clear. We're not trying to
25
      design the site for them, nor are we trying to comply
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with zoning. We were just saying under the current
 1
      zoning if they wanted to they could build towers
 2
      pretty much as high as they want. Whether it fits in
 3
      with the neighborhood, that wasn't really our
 4
      challenge -- that wasn't our task.
 5
                       Phil, I don't know if you want to add
 6
 7
      to that or not.
                       MR. BARLOW: I'll just add that --
 8
      actually the proposed zoning for the site that's being
 9
10
      proposed by the city, we've been assured by city
      planners that that's going to happen, that would allow
11
12
      20 stories. Again, as Brad said, we're not
13
      necessarily endorsing a 20-story building. We're just
14
      trying to show what development potential for that
15
      site is, yeah.
16
                       DR. GLASER: So the city, used as
17
      proposed zoning, would allow something like that, even
18
      though -- not necessarily recommend, but would allow?
19
                       MR. BARLOW: Correct.
2.0
                       CHAIR NELSON: We just hit 20 minutes.
2.1
      I'm going to close this portion of the council's
22
      questions and turn the meeting over now to the public
23
      who have signed up to speak.
24
                       Marena, do you have a copy of that
25
      list in front of you?
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1	MS. WISNIEWSKI: I do.
2	CHAIR NELSON: Can you read off the
3	names in the order, and just this is a reminder.
4	It's a 3-minute presentation. As you speak, we just
5	ask you to state your name and your affiliation for
6	the record.
7	MS. WISNIEWSKI: The first person is
8	Ralph Blessing from the City of Stamford. Then Judy
9	Norinsky from Historic Neighborhood Preservation,
10	Robert Danielson from Fuss & O'Neill
11	CHAIR NELSON: Why don't you call
12	them
13	MS. WISNIEWSKI: As we go?
14	CHAIR NELSON: Yes.
15	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Ralph Blessing from
16	the City of Stamford.
17	MR. BLESSING: Hi. Thank you for
18	giving me the opportunity to speak to you today. As I
19	said before, my name is Ralph Blessing. I'm the land
20	use bureau chief for the City of Stamford, so
21	responsible for all things planning and zoning in the
22	City of Stamford.
23	I would like to read a letter from our
24	mayor, David Martin. That should be in your records.
25	It was sent to you by the end of last week.

1 Here's the letter to Mr. Todd Levine,

2 Historian, State Historic Preservation Office. Re:

650 Atlantic Street, Blickensderfer Building.

4 (As read) Stamford has been most

fortunate as we have prospered greatly over the past

6 decade. This in no small way has been tied to the

7 city's ability to see the many possibilities for our

8 future while also embracing the values of our past.

9 With that said, we recognize how important it is for

10 us to share with you our perspective regarding 650

11 Atlantic Street.

considered.

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In 2018 the City of Stamford conducted a South End Neighborhood Study. The study recognized 650 Atlantic Street as being ideally situated as a site where growth should be embraced. Given its proximity to our Transportation Center, it is ideal for transit-oriented development-like model to be

The study also identified the original Blickensderfer Building as a structure we should take efforts to preserve. The city recognizes that repurposing existing building stock has many benefits which must be considered in conjunction with costs and benefits of new construction. In the case of 650 Atlantic, we believe the Blickensderfer Building

should, if possible, remain as a symbol of Stamford's heritage, allowing the city to preserve an important vestige of Stamford's industrial past. If that is not possible, the much needed investments into the city's Historic Trust Fund would serve as a valuable resource in preserving many other important historic assets.

2.0

2.1

MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute.

MR. BLESSING: As we embrace both change and preservation, the city has made appropriate revisions to its zoning regulations and Master Plan to create a community where a vision of these changes can become a reality. As these changes evolve, it will possibly impact on other assets in the community. Most likely be impacted would include the adjacent corridor to the Blickensderfer Building, Garden Street. This street will likely need to be redesigned. The city is supportive of plans to ensure the changes are congruent with pedestrian and vehicular safety.

We understand the economic impact and benefits of historic preservation, and know that we must care for the city's history and sense of place.

We believe in the general public, community development, and the City of Stamford can successfully ensure that archeological, cultural, and historic

1	resources are recognized and sensitively managed for
2	the benefit of the entire community.
3	Very truly yours, David R. Martin,
4	Mayor of the City of Stamford.
5	Thank you.
6	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you,
7	Mr. Blessing.
8	Marena, the next person?
9	We should say that was in favor of
10	preservation. So in favor of referral?
11	MR. BLESSING: It is in favor of
12	balanced development.
13	CHAIR NELSON: Okay. To be clear, we
14	are taking people in favor of referral and opposed to
15	the referral in alternate measures.
16	Marena?
17	MS. WISNIEWSKI: So in favor of
18	referring the matter to the attorney general, Judy
19	Norinsky.
20	CHAIR NELSON: Is Judy on the line?
21	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Judy is on the line.
22	Judy, can you unmute yourself?
23	MS. NORINSKY: Do you have my
24	PowerPoint presentation?
25	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Yes.

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1
                       MS. NORINSKY: I'm just going to tell
      you which slides to look at as I narrate.
                       First of all, thank you for hearing my
 3
      comments. I had already submitted previous testimony
 4
      to Todd, so you should have that, too.
 5
                       The first slide -- I'm just going to
 6
      look at it here, too, so I know what I'm talking
      about --
 8
                       MR. LEVINE: We're trying to put that
 9
      in the chat right now for your convenience.
10
11
                       MS. NORINSKY: Thank you. So I don't
12
      have to share on my screen?
13
                       MR. LEVINE: We're going to share a
14
      screen so you can see. It won't fit in the group
      chat. It's too big.
15
16
                       CHAIR NELSON: Is there any part of
17
      your presentation you can give?
18
                       MS. NORINSKY: I can read it.
19
                       CHAIR NELSON: We see an image now.
2.0
      The Remains of Manufacturing in the South End.
                       MS. NORINSKY: Yes. Okay. So I'm
2.1
22
      going to be speaking about three of the big companies
23
      that manufactured products in the South End. Yale &
24
      Towne, Pitney Bowes, and Blickensderfer for Schick.
25
      Four companies, I guess.
```

1	Next slide, please.
2	Okay. Sorry, I was looking at the
3	wrong thing.
4	This and the next couple of slides
5	just give you a general sense of the reduced area of
6	manufacturing over the years.
7	Next slide, please. That's 1934.
8	1965.
9	Next slide, 2007.
10	Next slide, please.
11	This is a map of properties that have
12	been demolished, in red.
13	Next slide.
14	So Yale & Towne, the Yale Lock Company
15	was formed in 1961 in Shelburne, Massachusetts.
16	I'm going to shorten some of my
17	narrative since I have less time.
18	They instituted a modern factory
19	system, and within 25 years the company dominated
20	Stamford's economy, becoming the largest employer with
21	150 workers by its third year, a thousand by 1892, and
22	5,000 by 1916. By 1892 Yale & Towne had 21 acres,
23	eventually constructing more than 50 buildings and
24	topping out at 25 acres and continued to grow until
25	1959.

1	Next slide.
2	Most of the buildings were lost. Some
3	were demolished.
4	Next slide.
5	Some lost to fire.
6	Next slide.
7	Today only three buildings remain.
8	Next slide.
9	MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute.
10	MS. NORINSKY: Okay. I'm just going
11	to go through this. Please just click through the
12	slides so that you can see what was demolished.
13	This is Blickensderfer Typewriter
14	Factory.
15	Next slide.
16	Next slide.
17	Originally there were more buildings
18	on this site.
19	Next slide.
20	This is the Schick Annex.
21	Next slide.
22	Originally there were attachments to
23	the original Blickensderfer Building. All of this has
24	been
25	MS. WISNIEWSKI: You're out of time.

1	MS. NORINSKY: Okay. Thank you.
2	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you, Judy.
3	MS. NORINSKY: You should have my text
4	at the end of the PowerPoint.
5	CHAIR NELSON: That will be made part
6	of the record officially, yes.
7	MS. NORINSKY: Thank you.
8	MR. LEVINE: Yes, it will.
9	CHAIR NELSON: Marena, the next
10	person?
11	MS. WISNIEWSKI: In nonfavor of
12	referring the matter, Robert Danielson.
13	CHAIR NELSON: Okay. Mr. Danielson.
14	MR. DANIELSON: Good afternoon. My
15	name is Robert Danielson. I'm a Connecticut licensed
16	environmental professional, a vice president of the
17	engineering firm Fuss & O'Neill. I have more than 34
18	years of experience remediating contaminated sites.
19	My reports have been submitted to SHPO
20	and are contained on pages 38 to 278, with an
21	executive summary on pages 38 and 39.
22	The site is contaminated with a host
23	of toxic chemicals, including PCBs, various volar
24	organic compounds, including TCE metals, as a result
25	of that historical manufacturing that dated back to

Τ	the late 1800s.
2	The PCB-impacted soil and TCE-impacted
3	groundwater extend under the eastern end of the
4	Blickensderfer Building and the Schick addition along
5	Garden Street.
6	Based on extensive soil sampling there
7	is an area of PCBs, shown in blue on the diagram, the
8	solid blue line, that must be remediated. The
9	excavation will be necessary to at least a depth of 18
10	feet in order to meet state standards. In order to
11	dig out that area, the excavation has to be sloped
12	back and the size of the excavation is anticipated to
13	be as shown in blue, the dashed blue line.
14	In addition, once the soil is dug out
15	there will be confirmatory soil samples that must meet
16	standard. If we don't meet standard, some additional
17	soil may need to be taken out until we do meet
18	standard. This is very common with PCB remediation
19	sites.
20	So under the supervision of both EPA
21	and DEP
22	MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute.
23	MR. DANIELSON: and pursuant to
24	2020 TSCA PCB work plan that we have prepared, it will
25	be necessary to demolish the eastern portion of the

Blickensderfer Building and the Schick addition to properly remediate the site.

2.0

2.1

It is the intention of the owner to damage as little as possible of the Blickensderfer Building, and we estimate 70 percent of the building can be saved and preserved.

I am certain that the site must be remediated in accordance with state and federal law, and I'm also certain that the remediation cannot properly be completed without demolishing a minor portion of the Blickensderfer Building and the Schick addition.

CHAIR NELSON: Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Danielson.

One quick question: Can the building be supported above and the excavation that needs to happen be conducted below?

MR. DANIELSON: So the scale of the remediation and the depth of the remediation and the size of the building and the condition of the building, the answer is no. I have done that on other sites with smaller areas of contamination, and they were very, very tricky and dangerous. And in that particular case, the groundwater actually became more contaminated as some of the material was disturbed up

```
and we were not able to get it. So I'm certain this
 1
      is the right way to go with this situation.
                       CHAIR NELSON: Thank you.
 3
                       Marena, the next person to speak?
 4
                       MS. WISNIEWSKI: In favor of
 5
      referring, Ann Moore.
 6
                       MS. MOORE: Hello. This is Ann Moore,
      also known as Ann Goslin. Good afternoon.
                                                   I am the
 8
      acting chair of Stamford Historic Preservation
 9
10
      Advisory Commission.
                       Thank you for your attention to
11
12
      Stamford's contributing resources to the National
13
      Register, South End Historic District.
14
                       The Stamford preservation community is
15
      in favor of incorporating 130, 79 Garden, and 650
16
      Atlantic Street in featured development plan.
17
      disappointed that all three structures have been
18
      neglected, as 126 and 128 Henry have not been
19
      stabilized. Roofs and windows are open to the
2.0
      elements and litter surrounds the buildings.
2.1
                       The Zoning Board certified obligation
22
      dated September 7, 2018, requires BLT to rehabilitate
23
      126 and 128 Henry Street for low-income housing.
24
      These are not the only properties that have been
25
      neglected or destroyed by BLT in violation of the
```

1	city's procedure, agreement, and plans.
2	In 2011 the boat yard was demolished
3	in violation of the Harbor Point Development Plan.
4	And 340 Washington Boulevard that was highlighted in
5	the 2018 South End Neighborhood Study was demolished
6	in April 2020, before the city's demolition process
7	ran its course.
8	The commission wishes to work with all
9	parties adhering to city and state regulations and
10	agreements to save extant industrial resources with
11	integrity and feasible alternatives to demolition.
12	Thank you.
13	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you.
14	Marena, the next speaker?
15	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Not in favor, Lisa
16	Feinberg.
17	MS. FEINBERG: Thank you, Madam
18	Chairwoman.
19	Again, for the record, my name is Lisa
20	Feinberg. For Stamford, as we mentioned, a complete
21	street requires safe accommodation for all modes of
22	travel, including pedestrians, bicyclists, and
23	motorcycles.
24	Again, this is the design that was
25	prepared by the City of Stamford Transportation

Bureau. As you can see, the existing right-of-way of Garden Street is very narrow at approximately 34 feet, and will require approximately 22 feet of BLT-owned property to safely accommodate all of these users.

2.0

2.1

As you can see, Garden Street is hardly complete today. It has very narrow, non-ADA compliant sidewalks and alley-type field, no lighting, no trees. This environment is not inviting, at least not for the type of activity that residents want to see outside their doors.

This is an article from just last week, which features Garden Street just here in a fatal shooting that took place along Garden Street.

As Mr. Travers noted in his letter, which is provided on page 281 of your package, it is well documented by transportation planners that complete streets have repeatedly produced results, enhanced safety, and reduced crime. This is why your package included over a hundred emails and letters of support from the residents and businesses in the area, encouraging the proposed street improvements.

So when we talk about a communitysupported vision, the voices of those most impacted by
the proposal should not be ignored. Stamford's
Transportation Bureau has worked hard to enhance the

safety of the city, and we have a proven track record.

2.1

Because of the complete street policy for calendar year 2019, Stamford saw the lowest number of overall crashes in the city in the past 8 years, the lowest bike-related crashes in the past 40 years, and lower pedestrian fatalities than state or national averages.

This is a life safety policy that should be supported. Simply put, Preservation

Connecticut's complete street is an incomplete amenities version, which does not satisfy the City of Stamford's requirements. Each option squeezes or eliminates a user group. There is no on-street parking, which will never be supported by the adjacent properties, which cannot accommodate parking within their own property line.

A single vehicular lane next to the busiest train station in the state and does not contemplate loading for the retail use the city so desires. Option A also has no dedicated bike lanes, which is not an ideal safety position, as Mr. Barlow noted as an underlying goal for any complete street. And Option B has no amenity strip; no trees, no lighting, no pedestrian protection, no snow shelf, and reduced width of sidewalks, which is a problem for ADA

1	compliance perspective. There are more people biking
2	and walking than ever. This is not a time to cut
3	corners on a complete street. Even if we wanted to, I
4	assure you that the Transportation Bureau would not
5	allow it. It has been made very clear by them what
6	will be expected for Garden Street.
7	After hundreds of millions of dollars
8	of infrastructure have been invested
9	MS. WISNIEWSKI: You're out of time.
10	MS. FEINBERG: Thank you.
11	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you. Can we have
12	the next speaker?
13	MS. WISNIEWSKI: In favor, Terry
14	Adams.
15	CHAIR NELSON: Mr. or Ms. Adams, your
16	speaker may be off.
17	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Mr. Adams?
18	CHAIR NELSON: Marena?
19	MS. WISNIEWSKI: We'll go to the next.
20	In favor, Wes Haynes.
21	MR. HAYNES: Hi. I'm coming on
22	visually right now.
23	I'm Wes Haynes. I'm a resident of
24	Stamford. And I support Preservation Connecticut's
25	position entirely. I think they made some really

1 terrific points today about what can be done with
2 Garden Street.

2.0

2.1

I just -- I didn't prepare anything directly. I thought I would respond to some of the things that have been said.

First, this destruction is entirely unreasonable. It is demolition by neglect. BLT has been doing nothing to do anything about protecting these buildings since we last met with you in 2016.

Garden Street, in terms of Commissioner Maher's concern about community input, I participated several years ago in the development of — in the workshops in the South End about the Stamford Master Plan, which is our POCD. And it was never brought up as an objective or desire to widen Garden Street. And in the recent study that Mr. Blessing referred to that was done on the South End, there was no clamor and there was no recommendation in that study to widen Garden Street. Garden Street is a short street that dumps out on the Urban Transitway, which is a one-way street at that point. It would be a dangerous place to bicycle. I wouldn't want to enter the Urban Transitway that way.

Thirdly, regarding the houses, these two houses that are endangered right now were once the

```
model that made the South End work, and they have been
 1
      reclaimed in many, many cities in New England. Just
      look at Providence, Worcester, Burlington, Vermont.
 3
      Even in nearby New York, Newburg, New York, is doing
      wonderful things with these houses. Waterbury has
 5
      done some things --
 6
 7
                       MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute.
                       MR. HAYNES: They're a great model for
 8
      affordable housing. You should make every effort to
 9
10
      preserve them and put them back into service.
                       There's been much loss in the South
11
12
            In 1979 I was a volunteer doing blue forms in
13
      the neighborhood in preparation for the National
14
      Register nomination.
15
                       Henry Street remains one of the most
      intact streets in the South End. It's between Canal
16
17
      and Atlantic Street. We must maintain these houses.
18
                       And it is not the only feasible
19
      alternative, according to Attorney Robertson. We
2.0
      could move the buildings. BLT has a large site here.
2.1
      The buildings could be moved, if that is an outcome,
22
      on the BLT site without encountering any wires.
23
                       I just wanted to make those points and
24
      thank you very much for the opportunity to speak
25
      today.
```

CHAIR NELSON: Thank you, Mr. Haynes. 1 Marena? 3 MS. WISNIEWSKI: Ted Ferrarone. MR. FERRARONE: Hi. This is Ted 4 Mentioned I'm the co-president of BLT. 5 Ferrarone. We're the owners of the site and developer of the 6 Harbor Point project. I've been working down here on the South End on the project for about 15 years. I'm glad to have the opportunity to speak to this group 9 10 and clear up some of the confusion about the history. And I'll respond to some of the claims in the 11 12 opposition's presentation. 13 One of the challenges when you put 14 together a site plan for something like the 650 15 Atlantic site is that we have to balance a very 16 complicated and competing set of priorities, including 17 historic preservation, which is why I'm here today. 18 But also environmental remediation, economic 19 development, the city's land use policies, and health 2.0 and safety of our neighbors. The other thing is that 2.1 we have to come up with a plan that is practically and 22 economically viable. 23 So as we've discussed earlier, in 2016 24 we did an earlier plan that had more demolition on the 25 As discussed already, we pulled that plan back.

In response to feedback from our neighbors, the local community, the City of Stamford zoning board staff and the zoning board, we incorporated significantly more historic preservation into the site plan, including Blickensderfer Building and the preservation of four historic buildings on Henry Street, which Wes Haynes just referenced, which we're going to turn into first-class permanently deed-restricted affordable housing.

2.0

2.1

That said, we obviously do have to complete the environmental cleanup that's been going on for more than a decade on this site.

We just looked at the street section. That came from a direct response from our neighbors. Lisa just referenced we have more than 100 support letters as part of this process that came in during recent hearings.

And none of this really works, as I noted, without a plan that is economically viable. I reviewed what was in the package, and, you know, we built and financed a number of buildings here on the South End. I think something like we built maybe 6,000 apartments in the last couple of years, both here in Stamford and elsewhere. We've used tons of historic tax credits. I think we actually completed

1 the largest residential historic tax credit
2 rehabilitation ever in the country.

2.0

2.1

MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute.

MR. FERRARONE: So we're familiar with tax credits. But in going through those projections, the groups should just realize they don't work.

They're extremely unrealistic. They cover something like 5 percent of the development costs of the project. So 95 percent of the costs are unaddressed in those projections.

And even when you go through them they use 7 sources of public funding to create only 44 units of affordable housing. And I would point out that our plan will create almost double that amount of affordable housing without using any historic or any public funding sources.

But regardless of the challenges and the unrealistic nature of the financing package you've seen, we pledge to restore the Blickensderfer Building and the four historic buildings. We may not be able to preserve every inch of those buildings and every building on site, but we do think the current plan is prudent and feasible, and can be executed so that those buildings can be rehabbed. You know, frankly, for us, we've taken a lot of community input on this.

1	We're trying to balance all these competing
2	constituents, and we think the plan is a compromise
3	MS. WISNIEWSKI: You're out of time.
4	MR. FERRARONE: And we hope you'll
5	agree. Thanks for having me.
6	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you,
7	Mr. Ferrarone.
8	Quickly, Marena, we have half an hour
9	for this meeting. How many people do we have still to
10	speak, who haven't spoken yet?
11	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Nine.
12	CHAIR NELSON: Nine people? Okay.
13	There's a choice that can be made. We
14	will not be able to hear nine people before we need to
15	close the public testimony before council deliberates.
16	Mr. Robertson and Ms. Feinberg, in the
17	interest of allowing everybody a chance to speak,
18	would you allow this meeting to be continued to our
19	council's November meeting?
20	MR. ROBERTSON: No. We are all set to
21	go. I think we have two, maybe three other speakers
22	that can fit their testimony into 3 minutes. I think
23	we can proceed on your deadline.
24	CHAIR NELSON: Okay.
25	Marena, the next person.

1 MS. WISNIEWSKI: Representative David 2 Michele in favor of referring. MR. MICHELE: Thank you. Thank you 3 for this, putting together this meeting. I'm David Michele, State Representative for the 146th Housing 5 District. That includes the South End. 6 I did submit a written testimony back in July, and I believe it is on the record. I hope 8 you can hear from my constituents and their concerns. 9 10 We would like to preserve the historical character of the South End. It is quite clear that over a year ago 11 12 about two-thirds of the board of reps or elected 13 officials in the City of Stamford voted against some 14 revisions for zoning of BLT development. BLT 15 proceeded to sue the board of reps. 16 BLT and their representatives talk 17 about remediation. When they destroyed the historical 18 boat yard, no remediation was done for years. 19 they practiced remediation for some of their lots, 2.0 they left piles of toxic soil uncovered for weeks, 2.1 potentially affecting the neighborhood's public 22 health. 23 Why do I mention this? Because it 24 reminds us that he's a developer and here for profit. 25 Proper remediation would have shown more respect to

the neighbors and the neighborhood.

2.0

2.1

Mr. Ferrarone mentioned they are protecting historical buildings by putting planks of plywood. The Queen Anne style houses on Henry Street were let down for years, which is a practice all too known for all on this call. Mr. Robertson says moving the houses would reduce their historical value. So why not maintain them properly? Especially if concerned with their historical value. There is also the question of blight to the historical district. Also blight increases crime.

Brad Schide did stress the fact that there are feasible alternatives. He did mention that the densities was okay. But we cannot get the city to come and clean the dust we get from the developments around the residential street to keep the streets clean. But it does show that adding more rentals above increased density could be a problem for our city, especially now with reduced resources.

Phil Barlow's proposal A looks more like the character of the neighborhood. He showed us potential development and find that 20 stories high could be too high.

MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute.

MR. MICHELE: David Goslin mentioned

1	they were not given access to the Blickensderfer,
2	which is concerning. 130 Henry Street and 79 Garden
3	Street, both are feasible to be restored.
4	Brad Schide shared with us that
5	partial or full demolition of the buildings were not
6	needed for remediation.
7	Ralph Blessing mentioned that Atlantic
8	Street was widened by the state. The entrance to the
9	development should be on Atlantic.
10	It was also suggested that parking for
11	any new development be handled by those properties
12	concerned.
13	Ms. Lisa Feinberg says we do not need
14	a study to approve the need for widening. However, it
15	wasn't needed to be proved in the past, and there's
16	nothing new about this.
17	I have so many more comments.
18	Some of those testifying against
19	referral to the AG are also remunerated. They either
20	work for BLT, showing personal interest.
21	Ms. Feinberg mentioned crime, but
22	blighted properties again lead to crime.
23	Support letters mentioned by Ted
24	Ferrarone seem to have come through
25	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Out of time.

1	MR. MICHELE: Thank you.
2	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you, Dave
3	Michele.
4	We have time for one other?
5	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Not in favor of
6	referring, Victor Mirontschuk.
7	MR. MIRONTSCHUK: Can you hear me?
8	CHAIR NELSON: Yes.
9	MR. MIRONTSCHUK: My name is Victor
10	Mirontschuk. I am the president of EDI International.
11	I have 45 years experience in residential and
12	commercial architecture. I'm also a registered
13	planner.
14	In the interest of time I will focus
15	on the proposed submittal by Preservation Connecticut
16	and explain why it does not work.
17	The biggest problem with the
18	Preservation Connecticut plan is insufficient parking,
19	based on the very limited information that they
20	provided. The Preservation Connecticut plan calls for
21	1,066 units in total, of which 1,012 of those units
22	are in the two 20-story towers. Their plan shows 192
23	spaces in tower A and 118 spaces for tower B, which
24	are surface parking. That does not meet the city
25	requirement. To meet the city requirements,

Preservation Connecticut would need to provide 1,332 1 2 parking spaces. The city would not support a building without the necessary parking. Providing parking at 3 ground level and above is not feasible as there is no accommodation for internal ramping into the buildings 5 to provide the required parking. If the parking were 6 to be subterranean, that would need to have four subterranean parking levels for tower A and five subterranean levels for tower B. Building that many 9 10 subterranean floors would not be doable in light of the groundwater and contaminated soils. 11 12 Another problem with their plan is, 13 while the group stresses the importance of the 14 Blickensderfer Building, with their plan the building would not be visible from, you know, most areas, you 15 16 know, driving or walking through the community. 17 Yet another problem is --18 MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute. 19 MR. MIRONTSCHUK: -- it does not honor 2.0 the current setbacks for the city. 2.1 Thank you. 22 MR. SCHIDE: Can I just jump in? 23 kind of addressing -- again, the speaker is diverting 24 our comments. We were not hired to do a site plan. 25 What we were showing in our site plan was only -- we

1	were not endorsing 20 stories, we're not endorsing a
2	thousand units. What we're saying is that the
3	developer can build what he needs to build and
4	still have the historic structures. And in terms of
5	parking
6	CHAIR NELSON: Understood.
7	MR. SCHIDE: we were not able to
8	respond to a site plan because they had not provided
9	one. So anyway, I just wanted to add.
10	CHAIR NELSON: Fair enough. Thank
11	you, Brad.
12	It is 12:37. How many speakers do we
13	have left?
14	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Seven.
15	CHAIR NELSON: Seven speakers.
16	Council members, if we were to extend
17	for another 15 minutes, would you be able to stay to
18	1:15 so that we can hear more people?
19	MS. CARNELL: This is Marguerite
20	Carnell. Yes, I could.
21	CHAIR NELSON: Tom?
22	MR. ELMORE: Yes, I could.
23	CHAIR NELSON: Kathy?
24	MS. MAHER: Yes.
25	CHAIR NELSON: Leah?

1	DR. GLASER: Yes.
2	CHAIR NELSON: Walter?
3	DR. WOODWARD: Yes.
4	CHAIR NELSON: Christine?
5	CHRISTINE NELSON: Yes.
6	CHAIR NELSON: We'll go another 15
7	minutes. Let's take the next person in line.
8	Marena?
9	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Mark Diamond.
10	CHAIR NELSON: Mark Diamond sent me a
11	note. He had to leave. I'm going to read it into the
12	record.
13	(As read) Dear Ms. Nelson, hi. I'm
14	Mark Diamond, past president and current board member
15	of the Historic Neighborhood Preservation Program.
16	I've reserved time to speak. I'm very sorry. I have
17	an appointment for which I must leave.
18	I would just like to note that
19	Atlantic Street, which is the street that runs along
20	the west side of the Blickensderfer property and is
21	parallel to Garden Street, is a four-lane, two-way
22	street which can certainly accommodate the traffic for
23	which BLT claims it wants to widen Garden Street.
24	You can certainly add this comment to
25	the record if you think it is relevant. Thank you,

```
Mark Diamond.
 1
                       Next one.
                      MS. WISNIEWSKI: Not in favor of
 3
      referring, Bill Buckley.
 4
                      MR. BUCKLEY:
                                    Hi. Can you hear me?
 5
                       CHAIR NELSON: Yes.
 6
                      MR. BUCKLEY: Okay. Again, my name is
      Bill Buckley. I'm a licensed professional engineer
 8
      registered in Connecticut. I have experience as a
 9
10
      public works director and city engineer in Danbury
      dealing with a lot of remediation and historical
11
12
      building restoration. In fact, I live in an 1834
13
      house. Moved to the site before they had power.
14
                       Briefly, I worked with Jim Travers on
15
      the road widening so I can tell you what we presented
16
      is what Jim is dictating to us that he wants for
17
      sidewalks, amenity zones, bike lanes, parking, on that
18
      road. Additionally, I've been responsible for
19
      excavating impacted soils on all of the sites, and
2.0
      have done so next to buildings. The buildings you saw
2.1
      in the pictures earlier, from Yale & Towne, I was
22
      responsible for saving those buildings, and actually
23
      surgically removing them structurally from components
24
      of the buildings that had to come down in order to
25
      complete the remediation.
```

1	I'm looking at this building. I've
2	been in it. I can surgically remove the portion that
3	needs to come down from the portion that needs to
4	remain so we can salvage that and have a structurally
5	stable building.
6	I relinquish my time to anyone else at
7	this point.
8	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you, Mr. Buckley.
9	MR. BUCKLEY: You're welcome.
10	CHAIR NELSON: Marena, the next
11	person?
12	MS. WISNIEWSKI: In favor of
13	referring, Elizabeth McCauley.
14	CHAIR NELSON: Ms. McCauley, you may
15	be muted.
16	I don't hear her present. She may
17	have had to leave. Continue with the next person.
18	MS. WISNIEWSKI: In favor of
19	referring, David Dietrich.
20	MR. DIETRICH: Good afternoon. Can
21	you hear me?
22	CHAIR NELSON: Yes.
23	MR. DIETRICH: Okay. Very good.
24	My name is David Dietrich, and I'm a
25	retired IBMer for 34 years as well as a mechanical

engineer. I just wanted to interject the comments regarding the historical importance of the Blickensderfer and the Schick factories and companies and employees to Stamford as well as to the rest of the country.

2.0

2.1

There's a long tradition going back to 1896 of innovation. Quite frankly, I hadn't heard much about Blickensderfer prior to getting into researching and restoring some industrial age products, but that's a fascinating piece of technology. I've had the opportunity to present about the type of technology and the type of innovation that Blickensderfer brought to the products, as well as their work in the munitions area during World War I.

Similarly Schick has been a fascinating story. The invention of some early injection razors and the world's first electric razor are really testimonies to some early innovation in the industrial age right here in the South End.

So I'm pleased that there's an effort to preserve a portion of the building. I'd love to see the entire Blickensderfer factory be preserved so that it can be a testimony to the innovation of a lot of Stamford's early industrial age inventors, and to the employees that fulfilled their dreams.

```
1
                       So thank you for the opportunity to
 2
      speak today.
                       CHAIR NELSON: Thank you,
 3
      Mr. Dietrich.
                       Marena, the next person?
 5
                       MS. WISNIEWSKI: Not in favor of
 6
 7
      referring, Lee Riccetti.
                       MS. RICCETTI: Can you hear me?
 8
                       CHAIR NELSON: Yes.
 9
10
                       MS. RICCETTI: Hi.
                                           Again, not in
11
      favor, Lee Riccetti for the record. I'm with Heritage
12
      Consulting Group. For some background, Heritage is a
13
      national consulting firm that provides guidance to
14
      historic buildings, including historic tax credit
15
      projects, local design review and a listing on the
16
      National Register.
17
                       I understand you're in receipt of my
18
      reports related to the historic significance and
19
      integrity of each of the subject buildings. I
2.0
      understand you may not agree with the findings, but
2.1
      let me know if you have any questions.
22
                       In the interest of time I will not
23
      further address my findings or detail the updated
24
      plans since it's been discussed at length. But I will
25
      say this plan is a dramatic departure from the 2016
```

plan and does seek to preserve 122 and 126 Henry, as 1 well as the contributing section of the Blickensderfer factory. So notably, as has been discussed, the 3 Schick Annex, which was constructed circa 1938 to 1951, was not listed as a contributing resource to the 5 South End Historic District. So while we may attribute significance to it today, the fact remains it was listed under the '86 nomination, so that's what needs to be considered. 9 10 The last point I would like to make is in regard to the cost of the project and the 11 12 feasibility of taking historic tax credits. While it 13 is possible to take credits, it may or may not be 14 feasible. While we cannot speak to specific financial information, that is not our area of expertise, that 15 16 said, our firm does have nearly 40 years of experience 17 with HTCs, and we found that taking credits on smaller 18 projects is not always feasible. It is very difficult 19 to take credits on a small scattered site project 2.0 such as this. Each of these buildings would be 2.1 considered an individual historic tax credit project 22 with its own --23 MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute. 24 MS. RICCETTI: Thank you.

There are fees, lengthy design review

25

1	processes, and the syndication of credits is difficult
2	for a smaller project.
3	For all these reasons it may not be
4	feasible to use the credits. Furthermore, the state
5	credits are a limited resource and it cannot be
6	assumed that such a funding resource would be
7	available.
8	In conclusion, we cannot assume this
9	would be a viable historic tax credit project just
10	because the buildings are listed as historic.
11	Thank you for your time. I have
12	nothing further.
13	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you.
14	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Sara, Elizabeth
15	McCauley is here, in favor of referring the matter.
16	Elizabeth?
17	CHAIR NELSON: Ms. McCauley, you may
18	be on mute.
19	MS. WISNIEWSKI: She is not on mute.
20	CHAIR NELSON: Let's continue.
21	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Elizabeth, if you
22	have anything to say you can submit it in the chat.
23	Susan Halpern.
24	MS. HALPERN: Hi. Can you hear me?
2.5	CHAIR NELSON: Yes

MS. HALPERN: I'm Sue Halpern. I'm vice president of the South End NRV and a member of the Historic Neighborhood Program. I would just like to address a few issues in the thousand-page presentation that was sent out.

2.0

2.1

People were living in the homes on Henry and Garden Street until March 2016, when the last tenant, who was facing an eviction notice two days before Christmas 2015, moved out.

Since BLT bought the property in 2016, the homes and the Blickensderfer have been surrounded with a chain link fence. Windows are open to the elements or haphazardly boarded up. A foundation is smashed in on 122 Henry Street. And garbage had been allowed to accumulate. The fence of 79 Garden Street was breached, allowing homeless to gather. As you saw in the video presentation, there is a community center across the street from these homes, as well as other homes in the area. For five years this has been allowed to happen. Requests to the city to clean up the area — and to the developer — to clean up the area have gone unanswered.

Nationwide studies clearly indicate blighted areas lead to increased levels of crime, decreased surrounding property values, erode the

1	health of local housing markets, impose safety and
2	health hazards. Cleaning up distressed block doesn't
3	just increase residents' feelings of safety, it
4	impacts their actual safety as well.
5	An analysis done by Columbia
6	University School of Public Health found that crime,
7	including gun, assaults, robbery, burglary, and
8	illegal drug trades, show
9	MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute.
10	MS. HALPERN: a significant
11	decrease in crime in neighborhoods that experience
12	blight cleanup.
13	Judging by the police records
14	submitted in this presentation, shows many incidents
15	of crime from the time BLT acquired these properties.
16	Vacant and blighted properties make people less safe
17	and less proud of their neighborhoods.
18	Focusing on high-rise development in
19	this area can change local economic conditions, but
20	they also have an unintended consequence of displacing
21	people who do not wish to move, and create further
22	segregation.
23	Please, we need to save these homes on
24	Henry and Garden, renovate and reuse for affordable
25	housing in the South End, and save the Blickensderfer,

```
one of the most significant historic buildings left in
 1
      Stamford.
                       Thank you very much for your time.
 3
                       CHAIR NELSON: Thank you, Ms. Halpern.
 4
 5
                       Marena, the next person.
                       MS. WISNIEWSKI:
                                        The last person, if
 6
      Elizabeth can't get through, in favor of referring,
      Peter Quigley.
 8
                       MR. QUIGLEY: I'm on, and for brevity.
 9
10
      I'm going to move through this very quickly. I'm a
      Stamford South End resident. I'm a former vice chair
11
12
      of Greenwich's legislative RTM branch, lead on
13
      environment and land use. For brevity -- and I have,
14
      and if I can have just another minute I appreciate it.
15
      But I will submit for the record a written report to
16
      be submitted.
17
                       I support for preservation as making
18
      the recommendation for the State's Attorney General on
19
      inspecting, prosecuting legal action if this developer
2.0
      persists in the attempt to demolish any more homes or
2.1
      buildings in the South End, leaving blight to demolish
22
      more, to build 25-story skyscrapers, destroying the
23
      neighborhood village. The area has lost 35, 40
24
      percent of its inventory. There should be no
25
      compromises. The expertise of a billion dollar
```

developer's advisors. On South End property, home, 1 business owner, and community, all preservation activists, unpaid volunteers relying on our state's 3 historic preservation experts. The city residents here are fed up. They have voted to follow up, 5 voted -- representatives or not -- they have voted in a public assembly on record to uphold the historic preservation position, provision and regulations found in the city's 2015 Master Plan, Chapters 5, 6, and 7. 9 10 They have voted to stop further demolition in the South End. They are supporting the preservationists 11 12 in the South End. 13 Last year, March of 2019, over 14 two-thirds of Stamford's 40 reps voted to stop further 15 development in the South End. They denied, rejected the few on the city Land Use Board and this developer 16 17 from changing charter amendments. 18 Two-thirds vote represent 80 to 90, 19 maybe 100,000 of the estimate total of a grand 150,000 2.0 population. You couldn't get them here this morning, 2.1 but they clearly are behind the vote here for 22 preservation, have popular and political support here. 23 Who would know best than those living here today in 24 Stamford.

To the remediation issue, thank

25

```
experts for their information. What about what has
 1
      been done in past of the records at many high rises
      with expectation --
 3
                       MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute.
 4
                       MR. QUIGLEY: Oh, brother. I have
 5
 6
      four points. I'm going to move on.
                       There's been a paper submitted, I'm
      happy to give it to you, the DEP, if they can answer
 8
      on LEP and soil on testing and transfers and capping
 9
10
      issues on properties in remediation.
                       Four quick points. One, state law and
11
12
      court decisions set referral precedent here to go to
13
      the Attorney General for inspection for clear
14
      violations of state CEPA law and has been successfully
      prosecuted on similar case, Cornish Development Co. v
15
      City of New London.
16
17
                       Remediation work -- two, remediation
18
      work is questionable in overpopulated South End, too
19
      much buildup, too many questions of quality of the
2.0
      remediation programs, the behaviors, and the outcomes.
2.1
                       Three, oft-quoted 2018 South End
22
      Report is bogus in too many places. Rejected, in
23
      essence, by the Board of Reps. Never approved by
24
      anyone except by the few who sit on Land Use Boards,
25
      not the community.
```

1	Four, if the few on the city Land Use
2	Board and the mayor do not support South End
3	preservation on this issue, why shouldn't they
4	MS. WISNIEWSKI: You are out of time.
5	MR. QUIGLEY: Can I make one last
6	statement, Madam Chair?
7	The Board of Reps also heard all the
8	same experts here and made
9	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Mr. Quigley, you are
10	out of time.
11	CHAIR NELSON: There was one person
12	who wasn't present.
13	A few moments to go, Marena?
14	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Correct.
15	CHAIR NELSON: Is she present now?
16	MS. WISNIEWSKI: She is raising her
17	hand. She is on unmute. But she does not seem to be
18	able to communicate.
19	Elizabeth, if you have something to
20	say you can please write it into the chat.
21	MS. HALPERN: Hi, this is Sue Halpern.
22	I can read her comments if that's allowed.
23	CHAIR NELSON: You have a copy of her
24	comments?
25	MS. HALPERN: Yes. She emailed them

1	to me.
2	CHAIR NELSON: In this case I will
3	allow you to do that.
4	These are comments from?
5	MS. HALPERN: Elizabeth McCauley.
6	(As read) Thank you, Chairlady Nelson,
7	for giving us the opportunity. I have also previously
8	submitted comments to Todd, but I will add that it is
9	time and overdue for the developer to address the
10	cleanup and repair of houses that they own and take
11	the proper steps to preserve and repurpose all parts
12	of the historic Blickensderfer typewriter building.
13	As Sue Halpern mentioned, not doing so
14	has resulted in higher incidents of crime and pileup
15	of trash. In the meeting packet, I took note of the
16	photos of mattresses and debris piled up. But none of
17	this is to blame on three humble structures, but
18	rather of the developer creating and allowing these
19	areas to stand unprotected and open for years, which
20	became dumping grounds.
21	In the name of justice for the South
22	End, I am greatly opposed to the application filed by
23	BLT seeking to abandon their commitment of restoring

homes on 79 Garden and 130 Henry Street for affordable

Instead, they ask to demolish them along

24

25

housing.

1 with part of the Blickensderfer typewriter building.

Words cannot express the

2.0

2.1

disillusionment that anyone would allow historic
landmark buildings to be torn apart for developer gain
and for a handful of others seeking profit. This
action would be ripping the heart out of the South
End, putting us at a huge disadvantage in terms of
preservation efforts of significant National Register
buildings, and for long-term residents as well.

From humble immigrant beginnings, the working class strived to provide a good life for their family, making positive contributions to the society of a growing Stamford.

MS. WISNIEWSKI: One minute.

MS. HALPERN: It is unconscionable to totally slowly move these residents out of the neighborhood for a deliberate and concentrated effort with this plan. Many others before and those yet to come, and this will not be the end. The very neighborhood which protected their dreams, ideals, and provided financial and economic viability. All under the guise of widening streets for thousands more coming into high-rises with the further flawed selling point that it's for the greater good.

To protect these people and the area's

```
history, neighborhood groups have lobbied for putting
 1
      required measures in place to protect and preserve
 2
      existing National Register buildings. Now is the time
 3
      to preserve, rebuild, and revitalize in a way that
      would ensure the continuation of urban values and give
 5
      the residents a higher and --
 6
                      MS. WISNIEWSKI: You are out of time.
                      MS. HALPERN: Thank you.
 8
 9
                       CHAIR NELSON: Thank you, everybody,
10
      for reading as quickly as you did, so that we could
      allow everybody to be heard.
11
12
                       We had originally said that we would
13
      allow for five-minute quick correction of any factual
14
      information or clarification of any factual
15
      information that may have bearing.
16
                       So I would like to ask Ms. Feinberg
17
      and Mr. Robertson, is there any factual point that
18
      needs to be clarified here?
19
                      MR. ROBERTSON: Yes. I would like to
2.0
      defer to Ted. He's heard a lot of factual
2.1
      allegations. I think he has a response. Ted?
22
                       MR. FERRARONE: I don't have any
23
      particular response. I think the comments about the
24
      street and the developmental plan were well addressed
25
      by Victor Mirontschuk and Bill Buckley, as well as Rob
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Danielson.

2.0

2.1

I would like to correct. We've undergone a tremendous amount of community input and support. Lisa cited the hundreds of letters. We just had a Master Plan hearing in the City of Stamford on this. We worked with the City of Stamford Zoning Board to preserve and protect four historic houses on the south side of this site and to comprehensively renovate them into first class affordable housing, not just older derelict product.

We are anxious to move forward with the redevelopment of this site. We agree with Ms. Halpern that we are certainly not in favor of the blight on that street. But to blame it on us is just obviously nonsense. You can look on the Google street views and you can see the condition of that street going back for a decade. It's long time been an eyesore.

We are anxious to get it turned around. We are the ones who clean up the street. We are the ones who paint over the graffiti and pick up the trash and cut the weeds. And it's a shame that the city street looks that way. I would encourage anyone who's in the City of Stamford to go look at it. I don't think any of you would feel comfortable being

```
there or using it. The sidewalks are totally
 1
      inadequate. It's just not a great place.
                       And the idea that -- I feel like we're
 3
      talking past each other with regard to the
      Blickensderfer. When we spoke with this group last
 5
      you asked us to preserve that. We heard you loud and
      clear and we have said we will. We don't need the tax
      credits. We might use them -- and we've used them a
      lot so we're very familiar with them. But we don't
 9
10
      actually need to use them to preserve them. And we're
      making our commitment that we will save them there.
11
12
                       CHAIR NELSON: Thank you,
13
      Mr. Ferrarone.
14
                       Preservation Connecticut, is there any
15
      factual information that needs to be clarified?
16
                      MR. SCHIDE: Yeah, a couple of points.
17
                       One, about historic tax credits.
18
      Goslin and Crosskey Architects, myself -- in my other
19
      hat, I am a real estate development consultant. And
2.0
      historic tax credits, both state and federal, can be
2.1
      used on projects of this size. In this case, 53
22
      units. Maybe in Portland that's a small project. But
23
      in Connecticut, that is not -- that's a good size.
24
                      Number 2, I again will raise the
25
      question that I do not believe DEEP or EPA or any
```

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environmental-related company will require the
 1
      demolition of the annex to remove the toxic level,
      particularly if it's 18 feet already below grade. I
 3
      do believe -- they will have to do an -- would have to
      do a land-use restriction, however. And would have to
 5
      make sure the concrete slab is presentable to serve as
 6
      a cap.
                       That's my only points to raise. Thank
 8
 9
      you.
10
                       CHAIR NELSON: Okay.
                                             Thank you.
                       I want to just clarify one question,
11
12
      technical question. I'm not sure if it's from
13
      Mr. Robertson or Ms. Feinberg or Mr. Ferrarone.
14
                       The planning and zoning approval that
15
      you have in place for the proposed development, is
16
      it -- it's predicated on preserving some buildings?
17
      Is that part of the approval process?
18
                       MS. FEINBERG: I'm happy to address
19
      that.
2.0
                       We do not have a planning and zoning
2.1
      approval related to the redevelopment of 650 Atlantic
22
      at this time. The reference to any planning and
23
      zoning approval would have been related to the
24
      preservation of the structures on Henry Street, and
25
      that was an off-site obligation for affordable housing
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in connection with another development in Harbor
 1
      Point.
                       Does that address your question?
 3
                       CHAIR NELSON: I was trying to
 4
      understand for the future of those buildings --
 5
                       MS. FEINBERG: Yes.
 6
                       CHAIR NELSON: -- and whether they
      were subject to a municipal agreement in the form of
 8
 9
      an approval process.
10
                       MS. FEINBERG: That is correct.
                                                        118,
      120, 122, and 126 are to be preserved in perpetuity as
11
12
      affordable housing in accordance with a planning and
13
      zoning approval for another project.
14
                       CHAIR NELSON: Thank you. All right.
15
                       Council members, one thing that I
16
      would like to do, which we did at the beginning of
17
      part 1 of the meeting, but before we begin
18
      deliberations, I did not specifically go through this
19
      again, and I would just like to, to make sure that
2.0
      everybody is very clear.
2.1
                       As you know, we always have a
22
      discussion about conflicts of interest, and council
23
      members are aware -- I'm just going to read the
24
      statement, that they: Vote on matters which provide
25
      leadership, service, and economic benefits to property
```

owners, consultants, local governments, and not-for-profit organizations. Given this responsibility and to maintain the highest professional standards in the discharge of our duties, it is important to maintain a strong code of ethics for all council members and department employees.

2.0

2.1

In order to avoid possible violations of the Department of Economic and Community

Development Ethics Statement, it is necessary for the council to be aware of any situations in which there's real, potential, or apparent conflict of interest involving anyone here. A conflict of interest may occur when the public official's participation in agency matters results in personal financial gain.

You have been provided with a copy of the DECD Ethics Statement and governing state statute. Having reviewed them and the agenda items for Stamford, members of the council and staff are now asked to disclose any affiliation with entities or projects that may create a conflict of interest as defined by agency policy and pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes 1-79 through 1-89 entitled Code of Ethics for Public Officials. Once disclosed, the member or staff may recuse themselves from the deliberations for that particular agenda item.

1	So having read this statement, are
2	there any council members who wish to disclose a
3	conflict of interest prior to the deliberation of this
4	agenda item?
5	Okay. None.
6	I wanted to just clarify that again
7	for part 2 of the meeting. Thank you for indulging me
8	in that.
9	Broadly, council, you've had a lot of
10	information that's been presented today. You've had a
11	lot of information that's come in by submission,
12	advanced material.
13	Is there anything that is lacking to
14	allow you to make a deliberation at this particular
15	moment in time?
16	MR. ELMORE: As a landscape architect,
17	and listening and reading here today, I'm really
18	confused about what is required and what is not
19	required on the contaminated soils. And I don't know
20	how to get the information. But Brad argued one side
21	of the coin, the applicant argued a totally another
22	side of the coin. And we're here to make a decision
23	as lay people, not knowing what the real truth is.
24	I'm making more of a statement than a
25	question. But it seems to me that that's a pretty

```
important piece of this puzzle, whether or not the
 1
      Schick addition can be saved.
                       CHAIR NELSON: Todd Levine?
 3
                       MR. LEVINE: We, just to answer your
 4
      question, Tom, we submitted all the information to
 5
      DEEP to see if they could provide us with some
 6
      guidance. Alternatively, we talked about hiring a
      third-party environmental specialist to look at the
      information, and we are waiting for both decisions.
 9
10
      So right now we don't have information either from
      DEEP or whether to go forward with hiring a third
11
12
      party to take a look at the information that's been
13
      presented.
14
                       MR. ELMORE: Okay.
15
                       CHAIR NELSON: Thank you, Tom, for
16
      that question.
17
                       Other questions that are on people's
18
      minds as they're thinking about these buildings?
19
                       DR. GLASER: There was a lot of
2.0
      discussion about like the reasons for, you know -- the
2.1
      reasons given for the demolition of these buildings,
22
      the street widening and the environmental issue that
23
      Tom brought up. And I quess I also don't have clarity
24
      on the necessity for widening the street except that
25
      the city is requiring it. And -- there's that.
```

And then I was wanting to ask two
2 clarification questions.

2.0

2.1

If, Todd, you could just hint at some of the compromises that people -- you said that you were unable to work things out and make some compromises? I was wondering what some of those sticking points was.

Probably the easier question that I have is, they contracted with a consulting group,
Heritage Consulting, that claimed that these were not necessary to the district and our State Review Board said they were. So I assume that we go with our state review board's opinion on that.

Those are my questions.

MR. LEVINE: So the discussions we had were -- the compromise that I was looking for was for the entirety of the Blickensderfer to be retained, and that was something that, in both cases, 2018 and 2019, BLT could not agree to, or would not agree to.

And then, you know, just to answer your question, SRB is our professional board that advises this office on National Register eligibilities. So we take our SRB's word over a paid consultant.

CHAIR NELSON: Other questions?

1	MS. CARNELL: Just a question
2	following up on what Leah asked.
3	So the State Review Board confirmed
4	that all buildings under question here contribute to
5	the district, including the Schick building?
6	MR. LEVINE: The Schick building, the
7	annex, was not was listed as noncontributing. So
8	they were asked if the contributing buildings continue
9	to contribute. Brad has stated and they voted in
10	the affirmative.
11	Brad has stated that had that been a
12	later nomination, where that annex was 50 years,
13	potentially it would have been contributing. But
14	because it wasn't within 50 years of it being built
15	when the nomination was submitted to the National
16	Parks Service.
17	MS. CARNELL: So 130 Henry, 79 Garden,
18	and also 736 Atlantic, did they rule on that one?
19	MR. LEVINE: They did. They did rule
20	that that's not under consideration today, but they
21	did rule that that is no longer contributing because
22	of the loss of integrity.
23	MS. CARNELL: All right. Thank you
24	for the clarification.
25	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you.

1 Walter?

2.0

2.1

DR. WOODWARD: This question is

probably for Jim Robertson or for Mr. Ferrarone. And

I share Tom's confusion about the ground field

situation, the contamination. I wonder if it would be

the developer's position that whether -- whether the

building could remain in its entirety through some

other form of remediation, they would still want to

demolish the section that they have on the plans,

since that was in the 2016 plan, remains 2020. Would

they -- if the ground field question and the

remediation question were off the table, would they

preserve the Blickensderfer Building?

MR. ROBERTSON: I'll try to respond to

that.

As I understand what's happened today and what your submissions are, you have one professional environmentalist who has presented information. That is an engineering firm, an individual who's been working on this site for years, who has over 30 years of professionalism, has presented an oral and written statement saying that because of that contamination that portion has to come down, period. The opponents started off by saying they're not environmental professionals, they don't

1	know the answer to that.
2	From my perspective, it's a binary
3	decision. That's what the federal and state
4	governments have said, the professional has said. The
5	opponents have presented no expert opinion contrary to
6	it.
7	CHAIR NELSON: Margaret Faber.
8	MS. FABER: Have any of the buildings
9	or part of the Schick Annex been condemned by the
10	city?
11	MR. BLESSING: City of Stamford Land
12	Use Bureau Chief.
13	To my knowledge there were blight
14	proceedings with regard to the buildings on Henry
15	Street. I'm not in charge of anti blight actions in
16	the City of Stamford. But I believe after the
17	buildings were secured, that the city did not pursue
18	that any further.
19	MS. FABER: Thank you.
20	CHAIR NELSON: Walter, did you raise
21	your hand again?
22	DR. WOODWARD: If I might, I would
23	just like to come back with Jim Robertson.
24	Jim, I appreciate what you're
25	saying is that your expert is right and therefore it's

a moot point. But that didn't actually answer the
hypothetical, which is if the remediation if there
was a work-around on that remediation question that
would save the building, would your client keep the
building intact or would they still want to demolish
part of it?

2.0

2.1

MR. ROBERTSON: So I believe the development plan is as set forth. I mean, to save and preserve that portion of the building and to have it accessible from an educational, historical point of view. Are there other development plans? I'm not aware of it. If Ted or our architect, Victor, wants to provide any additional information. I'm not comfortable with a hypothetical because I just don't know what their other plans would be.

 $\label{eq:mr.ferrarone: I'm happy to take $$\operatorname{Mr. Woodward's question.}$$

The amount that's being proposed for demolition, which is just that southwest corner of the building, that is based on where we think the plume is that runs under the building. So you can see, we submitted actually an earlier plan, which was probably in your earlier packet, that showed potentially more demolition.

We are trying to be very responsive to

Τ	what we know are the desires of this group and the
2	Stamford community, which is to save the building.
3	Believe me, every building that they showed earlier,
4	historic building that we have preserved in the South
5	End, we are very much preservationists, and we are
6	very much in favor of saving those buildings.
7	Just the reality, as both Bill Buckley
8	and Rob Danielson spoke to you, we are very much in
9	favor of saving those buildings, it's a very deep
10	excavation to get at something that's very toxic.
11	I don't want to Uber promise that we
12	can do something. It's not that simple to do. We've
13	done a lot of remediation around these buildings in
14	the past. We are committed to cleaning this site up.
15	We're not going to knock the building down just
16	because it's the expeditious thing to do. We had a
17	plan in the past that showed much more demolition, and
18	that would have been much, much easier to execute.
19	But we're not going to do that.
20	But to your question, Mr. Woodward,
21	we're going to pace the remediation as far as we need
22	to, but no further.
23	CHAIR NELSON: Other council member
24	questions?
25	MS MAHER: When do you expect the

1	report from DEEP?
2	MR. LEVINE: I don't have a time. So,
3	as you know, we only got this information about three
4	weeks ago, so we have not been able to get you
5	know, we submitted it to DEEP a couple weeks ago.
6	They have not gotten back to us. We were waiting to
7	get word back from DEEP on it before we went and spent
8	state money to take a look at it. So that's where we
9	stand.
10	MR. SCHIDE: We would have had an
11	environmental consultant on the team early on if we
12	knew that this was going to come up. We were not
13	aware that this was coming up.
14	And by the way, we're not questioning
15	Fuss & O'Neill's credentials nor their report, just
16	for the record.
17	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you, Brad.
18	Council members, one thing that I want
19	to make sure that you are considering is that
20	separating out and having debate about one building
21	versus another building is not what's on the table at
22	the moment. What is charged before us is all of the
23	properties together. I just want you to kind of keep
2.4	that in mind

25

You've heard from Mr. Robertson that

they are unwilling to extend the timeline for further 1 deliberations. Presumably this would include getting additional engineering studies in that timeline. 3 4 Is that correct, Mr. Robertson? Am I 5 understanding correctly that you want the decision 6 today? MR. ROBERTSON: Yes. We've gone back and forth with Todd for some time on this schedule, 8 and I believe all the information was submitted some 9 10 time ago, a thousand pages of it. We've got all of 11 our witnesses and experts here, and we would like a 12 decision. 13 CHAIR NELSON: Thank you. 14 Other questions? 15 Let me just go back to reading the 16 motion again, just to remember what it is that we're 17 considering here. 18 The Connecticut Historic Preservation 19 Council votes to request the assistance of the Office 2.0 of the Attorney General to prevent the unreasonable 2.1 destruction of the historic properties at 130 Henry 22 Street, 79 Garden Street, and 650 Atlantic Street, 23 Stamford, Connecticut, pursuant to the provisions of Section 22A-19a of the Connecticut General Statute. 24 25 That is the motion that's on the

1	table. We've gotten a couple of questions that have
2	been asked for which there are not immediate answers.
3	Is there any other information that
4	council feels they need or do they feel that they can
5	vote on the matter?
6	I'm just going to go through and read
7	people's names and ask you to confirm if you feel that
8	you have sufficient information to render a decision.
9	Margaret Carnell?
10	MS. CARNELL: Yes, I think I do.
11	CHAIR NELSON: Tom Elmore?
12	MR. ELMORE: Yes, I do.
13	CHAIR NELSON: Margaret Faber?
14	MS. FABER: Absolutely, yes.
15	CHAIR NELSON: Karyn Gilvarg?
16	MS. GILVARG: Yes.
17	CHAIR NELSON: Leah Glaser?
18	DR. GLASER: Not as confident as
19	everybody else, but I can make a decision.
20	CHAIR NELSON: Kathy Maher?
21	MS. MAHER: Yes.
22	CHAIR NELSON: Christine Nelson?
23	CHRISTINE NELSON: Yes, thank you.
24	CHAIR NELSON: I need to abstain.
25	Sarah Sportman?

1	MS. SPORTMAN: Yes.
2	CHAIR NELSON: And Walter Woodward?
3	DR. WOODWARD: I would like more
4	information, but I'm prepared to vote on the
5	information I have.
6	CHAIR NELSON: So I have reread the
7	motion.
8	Is there any other comments that
9	people want to make?
10	DR. GLASER: I guess just to clarify.
11	It's kind of we're voting on all three and it would be
12	up to sort of the next step for them to sort of parcel
13	through these?
14	CHAIR NELSON: We're voting on
15	everything together, that is correct, yes.
16	I'm not hearing any further
17	conversation, so now I'm going to call a vote.
18	We have a motion to refer by Christine
19	Nelson. We have a second by Margaret Faber.
20	I will do a roll call vote for vote to
21	refer or not.
22	Marguerite Carnell?
23	MS. CARNELL: Aye.
24	CHAIR NELSON: Is your vote to refer?
25	MS. CARNELL: Yes.

1	CHAIR NELSON: Tom Elmore?
2	MR. ELMORE: A vote to refer, aye.
3	CHAIR NELSON: Margaret Faber?
4	DR. FABER: Aye, vote to refer, to
5	refer.
6	CHAIR NELSON: Karyn Gilvarg?
7	MS. GILVARG: Aye, refer.
8	CHAIR NELSON: Leah Glaser?
9	DR. GLASER: Aye, refer.
10	CHAIR NELSON: Kathleen Maher?
11	MS. MAHER: Vote to refer.
12	CHAIR NELSON: Christine Nelson?
13	CHRISTINE NELSON: Aye on the motion
14	to refer.
15	CHAIR NELSON: Sara Nelson abstains.
16	Sarah Sportman?
17	MS. SPORTMAN: Aye to refer.
18	CHAIR NELSON: Walter Woodward?
19	DR. WOODWARD: Aye.
20	CHAIR NELSON: Motion carries.
21	Todd, so council has made a decision
22	on this motion and has voted to refer this matter to
23	the Office of the Attorney General.
24	What would be the next step that you
25	would communicate to Mr. Robertson and Ms. Feinberg,

1	Mr. Ferrarone, at this point?
2	MR. LEVINE: Myself and the assistant
3	attorney general will be reaching out to you.
4	CHAIR NELSON: I want to thank
5	everybody for the presentations, the graphics, for
6	their thoughtful conversation.
7	I want to thank all the members of the
8	public who stayed on this call so that you could share
9	your positions. We very much appreciate it. And
10	thank you.
11	I'll need a motion to call this part 2
12	of the October 7th meeting to adjourn. May I have a
13	motion?
14	MS. CARNELL: So moved.
15	CHAIR NELSON: And a second?
16	MS. GILVARG: Second.
17	CHAIR NELSON: On the vote to adjourn.
18	Marguerite?
19	MS. CARNELL: Aye.
20	CHAIR NELSON: Tom Elmore?
21	MR. ELMORE? Aye.
22	CHAIR NELSON: Margaret Faber?
23	MS. FABER: Aye.
24	CHAIR NELSON: Karyn Gilvarg?
25	MS. GILVARG: Aye.

1	CHAIR NELSON: Leah Glaser?		
2	DR. GLASER: Aye.		
3	CHAIR NELSON: Kathy Maher?		
4	MS. MAHER: Aye		
5	CHAIR NELSON: Christine Nelson?		
6	Christine Nelson is on mute.		
7	CHRISTINE NELSON: Aye.		
8	Sara Nelson abstains.		
9	Sara Sportman?		
10	MS. SPORTMAN: Aye.		
11	CHAIR NELSON: Okay. And Walter		
12	Woodward?		
13	DR. WOODWARD: Oh, yes.		
14	CHAIR NELSON: Thank you all. I wish		
15	you a good afternoon.		
16			
17	(Meeting adjourned: 1:25 p.m.)		
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I hereby certify that, to the best of my
4	ability, the foregoing 129 pages are a complete and
5	accurate computer-aided transcription of my original
6	stenotype notes taken of the HISTORIC PRESERVATION
7	COUNCIL MEETING in re: STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION
8	OFFICE, DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY
9	DEVELOPMENT, which was held remotely, through the Zoom
10	platform, before SARA O. NELSON, CHAIR, on October 7,
11	2020.
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19	/ \$7.
20	Lynne C. Stein, CSR 110
21	Falzarano Court Reporters, LLC
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1	AGENDA	
2		
3		PAGE
4	I. Call to Order for Part 2 of Meeting	6
5	II. Review of Public Comment Procedures	7
6	III. Code of Conduct/Conflict of Interest	113
7	IX. Threatened Properties	11
8	a. Stamford - 130 Henry Street,	
9	79 Garden Street,	
10	650 Atlantic Street	
11	- Todd Levine	
12	XVII. Adjournment of Part 2 of meeting	128
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		