STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

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In Re Property at:

1 Old Kings Highway : May 5, 2021

Norwalk, Connecticut

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HISTORIC PRESERVATION COUNCIL MEETING - PART 2

(via Zoom Videoconference)

Held before Historic Preservation Council Members:

THOMAS J. ELMORE, Chair CHRISTINE NELSON, Vice Chair ELIZABETH W. ACLY ELIZABETH BURGESS MARGUERITE CARNELL DR. MARGARET M. FABER DR. LEAH GLASER KATHLEEN MAHER SARA O. NELSON DR. SARAH SPORTMAN ELLEN ZOPPO-SASSU

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APPEARANCES:

State Historic Preservation Office:

Todd Levine
Elizabeth Shapiro
Jonathan Kinney
Deborah Gaston
Mary Dunne
Marena Wisniewski

Preservation Connecticut:

Brad Schide, Circuit Rider David Goslin, Crosskey Architects

Property Owner:

Andy Glazer

Members from the Public:

Tod Bryant, President, Norwalk Preservation Trust Lee Grant

1	<u>AGENDA</u>
2	I. Call to Order for Part 2 of Meeting
3	II. Review of Public Comment Procedures
4	III. Code of Ethics/Conflict of Interest
5	IX. Threatened Properties
6	1 Old Kings Highway, Norwalk
7	XVII. Adjournment of Part 2 of Meeting
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11	(Proceedings commenced at 11:03 a.m.)
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13	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Good morning,
14	everybody. I'm Tom Elmore, Chair of the
15	Connecticut Historic Preservation Council, and
16	I'm calling Part 2 of the May 5th, 2021 Historic
17	Preservation Council Meeting to order for the
18	purposes of considering 1 Old Kings Highway,
19	Norwalk, Connecticut.
20	Part 2 of the meeting will run from
21	11:00 a.m. to 12:30, but I'd like to just touch
22	base with council members to see if people can
23	stay possibly to quarter to 1:00, 1:00 o'clock.
24	I guess let me know if you cannot stay until
25	that, that would be easier for me.

1	LEAH GLASER: This is Leah. I do have
2	another meeting at 12:15 that Department
3	meeting, we're going to go over some kind of
4	important things. I can probably be a little
5	late, 12:30, but quarter of 1:00 is pushing it
6	for me.
7	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Will you just jump
8	in and remind me
9	LEAH GLASER: Okay.
10	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: when you leave
11	please?
12	LEAH GLASER: Okay.
13	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Anyone else?
14	KATHLEEN MAHER: It's Kathy, Tom.
15	Yeah, 1:00 o'clock is going to be pushing it for
16	me.
17	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay. Well,
18	hopefully we won't need to go that far. But if
19	you do need to jump off please just let us know.
20	Thank you.
21	I've been told that we have two people
22	from the public that are registered to speak on
23	the agenda today.
24	Seated with me this morning are fellow
25	council members Christine Nelson, Vice Chair,

1 Beth Acly, Beth Burgess, Marguerite Carnell, 2 Margaret Faber, Leah Glaser, Kathy Maher, Sara 3 Nelson, Sarah Sportman and Ellen Zoppo. We have 4 a quorum so we'll get started. 5 Preservation Connecticut is a statutory 6 partner and an interested party to these proceedings and will be given the same amount of 7 8 time to speak as the property owner. As is 9 Council's policy and to ensure sufficient time 10 for all parties the agenda item is organized as 11 follows: 12 Introduction of the matter by Todd 13 Levine, Staff Liaison for Endangered Properties. 14 Presentation by Preservation 15 Connecticut, presentation up to and not more than 16 20 minutes in length followed by Council 17 questions of 20 minutes. 18 The presentation by the owner for up to 19 but not more than 20 minutes, followed by Council 20 questions for 20 minutes, and then the members of 21 the public will be invited to speak. And since

we only have two people that are signed up as far as I know they will be allocated up to 5 minutes each to speak.

If you haven't already done so letters

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and statements can be submitted into the record via email by directing them to Marena Wisniewski and that is spelled m-a-r-e-n-a dot w-i-s-n-i-e-w-s-k-i@ct.gov. Marena will be tracking all the letters and statements and making them available into the record.

If there are members of the public who have not submitted their information and who are late coming to the process you will be given a chance to speak after we have heard from all the other members whose name we have in advance. We will ask for a show of hands via Zoom and we will call on members of the public in order in which we see them.

At approximately 12:15 we will close the public testimony to allow Council 20 minutes to consider the motion. May I ask council members for a show of hands who have read the entirety of the agenda packet which is 175 pages in length which includes the table of contents? Very good. Thank you, everybody.

We therefore have extensive knowledge of the material in our agenda packet. The Council is looking for succinct information directly related to the forwarded questions.

To maintain our schedule for the benefit of all Marena of SHPO will be assisting the Council and will be our timekeeper. Parties with 20-minute presentations will be give 5-minute and 1-minute warnings as they approach the end of their time. Their presentations will be cut off at 20 minutes. Parties with 5-minute presentations will be given a one-minute warning.

Council is interested in new information with each presentation. In the interest of time and out of the fairness for all, if you are in agreement with points previously made please signal your agreement with the points made. We ask that all parties identify themselves by name and affiliation before speaking, including council members to aid our transcriptionist in recording the meeting.

For those of you who are visitors today

I want to draw your attention to the Department

of Economic Community Development and SHPO public

comment procedures. Given our online format I

want to review the procedures.

Order of presentation, I will read the motion and ask the motion to be moved and seconded. Presentations will be made to the

Council. Council members will have an opportunity to ask questions. If called upon by staff a representative of the organization may offer statements or address Council questions.

For members of the public who wish to speak to the agenda item we ask that you identify yourself and your affiliation. The Historic Preservation Council takes statements from members of the public but does not respond to questions.

After all the questions have been addressed and statements made a rollcall vote will be taken.

The following is the Historic

Preservation Council policy regarding conflict of interest. The Historic Preservation Council votes on matters which provide leadership, service and economic benefits to property owners and consultants, to government, to local governments and nonprofit organizations. Given this responsibility and to maintain the highest professional standards in the discharge of our duties it is important to maintain a strong code of ethics for all council members and Department employees. In order to avoid possible violations

to the Department of Economic and Community

Development ethics statement it is necessary for

the Council to be aware of any statements in

which there is real potential or apparent

conflict of interest involving anyone here.

A conflict of interest may occur when

A conflict of interest may occur when the public official's participation in agency matters results in personal financial gain.

You have been provided with the

Department of Economic Community Development
ethics statement governing state statutes.

Having reviewed them in today's agenda members of
the Council and staff are now asked to disclose
any affiliation with entities or projects that
may cause a conflict of interest as defined by
the agency policy and pursuant to Connecticut
General Statute 1-79 through 1-89 entitled Code
of Ethics of Public Officials. Once disclosed,
the member or staff may recuse themselves from
that particular agenda item.

Having read this statement are there any council members or staff who wish to disclose a conflict of interest with this agenda item?

LEAH GLASER: Tom, so just for the public record and just because there was

misspellings in some of the paperwork, I just wanted to clarify that that I am not related to Mr. Glazer with a Z, and that I think he spells with a Z and I spell with an S and we're not affiliated.

And then the other thing I just want to point out and I don't think this is an issue but I wrote the nomination for the Perry Bridge many years ago and I also bid on the National Register District for Silvermine. I did not get it many years ago. So --

CHAIR TOM ELMORE: I don't suspect that's any conflict so I think you're fine.

Anyone else? Very good. Thank you.

Before I read the motion I would like to just give a brief background. A letter of invitation was extended to the property owner with an appended list of questions, materials helpful in documenting a lack of prudent and feasible alternatives to demolition. The material that was forwarded to SHPO was place in Drop Box and made available to all interested parties, and so any information provided by the owner and by Preservation Connecticut was made available to all parties.

1	Lastly, I want to remind everybody that
2	the discussion and review is not a discussion
3	about the historic merit of this structure. This
4	building is a contributing resource to the
5	Silvermine Center historic district which was
6	listed on the National Register of Historic
7	Places on June 23rd, 2009.
8	The motion that we have before us is
9	the Connecticut Historic Preservation Council
10	votes to request the assistance of the Officer of
11	the Attorney General to prevent the unreasonable
12	destruction of the historic property at 1 Old
13	Kings Highway, Norwalk, Connecticut pursuant to
14	the provisions of Section 22a to 19a of the
15	Connecticut General Statutes.
16	May I have a motion?
17	SARA NELSON: This is Sara Nelson. So
18	moved.
19	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: And a second?
20	KATHLEEN MAHER: Kathy, second.
21	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: And presentation by
22	staff. Todd?
23	TODD LEVINE: Good morning, everyone.
24	For the record my name is Todd Levine. I am
25	Staff Liaison with the Attorney General's Office

for the State Historic Preservation Office for matters of potential SEPA cases. The subject property is 1 Old Kings Highway in Norwalk,

Connecticut and it is located within the Silvermine National Register of Historic Places District listed under NR June 23, 2009.

The threat to the structure first came to the attention of our office in February 3rd, 2021 when Mr. Andrew Glazer reached out to our office about this property that he was purchasing. And on February 9th when the local preservation organization in Norwalk, Norwalk Preservation Trust, contacted us with their concerns with the future of the building. Also on the 9th SHPO contacted our preservation partners, Preservation Connecticut, about the threat.

On January 12th, 2021 Mr. Glazer applied for a demolition application which triggered the 120-day demolition delay, and then on February 19th Mr. Glazer closed on the property and became the owner.

On March $8^{\rm th}$ Mr. Glazer met with SHPO and Preservation Connecticut staff on site to examine the structure. It's important to note

that throughout the process Mr. Glazer has been cooperative and responded promptly to questions and provided access to the property for SHPO staff, Preservation Connecticut staff and our consultants on several occasions.

On March $23^{\rm rd}$ Norwalk Preservation Trust with assistance from Preservation Connecticut started an online petition. As of April $21^{\rm st}$ there were 524 total signatures with a 155 from Norwalk.

On March 26th the Historic Preservation
Office Review Board, our State Historic
Preservation Review Board rather, affirmed that
the subject property continues to contribute to
the Silvermine historic district. The property
exhibits character defining features from two
main periods of significance, circa 1812, which
is the date of construction of the earliest part
of the house, and circa 1955 when extensive
alterations were made during Silvermine's
development as an artist colony.

On March $29^{\rm th}$ Mr. Glazer and I discussed a potential agreement to not demolish the structure until at least May $21^{\rm st}$. He entertained the idea but ultimately declined.

On April 6th SHPO sent a letter of invitation to Mr. Glazer for this meeting. On April 14th historic architect Dave Goslin and structural engineers James Grant met with Mr. Glazer on site to conduct a building assessment. The ensuing report documented that much of the historic fabric from the first period of significance which is 1812, had been lost with the exception of the foundation, floor boards and fireplace and that the historic materials from the second period of significance, circa 1925, with the exception of exterior finishes had been replaced with more modern material, including those from the mid-20th century and most recently dating from the 1980s when the existing garage and breezeway were constructed.

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So the nomination describes 1 Old Kings Highway as vernacular circa 1812 with additions and alterations from 1925 and 1980.

Further, the nomination goes on to say some of the period interpretative value of the district had been lost to changes but most of these changes are recognized as evolutionary and therefore contributing. And I will conclude my summary with that. Thank you.

1	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Thank you, Todd.
2	Presentation by Preservation
3	Connecticut. Brad? And I just want to note that
4	again Preservation Connecticut is a statutory
5	partner to SHPO and a party to this dispute.
6	BRAD SCHIDE: Thank you, Tom.
7	My name is Brad Schide for the record.
8	I'm Circuit Rider for Preservation Connecticut.
9	On behalf of my organization, Jane Montanaro as
10	Executive Director, staff and all in attendance
11	today we do think the Council for the opportunity
12	to provide our presentation concerning the
13	demolition of 1 Old Kings Highway in Norwalk.
14	With me today following my brief
15	comments is David Goslin, Crosskey Architects.
16	As Todd Levine already said, Jim Grant was the
17	other part of what we call the consultant team in
18	SEPA actions such as this. Jim Grant cannot be
19	here today but as Todd Levine stated and as in
20	your he did do a report that's in your packet.
21	He found everything structurally sound but I want
22	to be totally clear too, Mr. Glazer is not taking
23	the position that it is structurally unsound. So
24	the work was pretty easy for Jim to do.
25	The consultant team made its site visit

on April 14th, concluding much of the interaction as Todd has stated with the State Historic Preservation Office. We're here today to discuss an alternative. I did hear at the onset of this meeting Mr. Glazer, the owner, has come up with an alternative proposal which Dave Goslin and myself have not seen so we're presenting as we know here and at least for the record here and I think Mr. Glazer plans to talk about that alternative in his 20 minutes.

So I'll start off -- Marena, you can go to the next slide -- I'll start off by just really summarizing some of the things Todd already said and I'll talk through some really photographic images. As it's already been said the history is not in doubt here. It is a contributing resource in the National Register district.

As Todd mentioned there seems to be three times of significance for the district, or two, I'm sorry, two times. 1922 by the way was around kind of an artist community that seemed to gather here at that period of time. The property itself abuts the Silvermine River and if you go to the house today and walk in the backyard there

is an extraordinary falls right there. Also the Silvermine Tavern of course people are aware of and Mr. Glazer has rehabbed that property and the adjoining buildings that you can see from the backyard of this building.

As Todd stated and as David will also state much of the structure has been altered and many of the historic features were very hard to find and some have been removed obviously over time. We will say however, and this is kind of what David will talk more in detail about, we did think that the current structure, probably greatly reduced from what it is today, was obviously in existence during the two times of significance.

We can go to the next slide. So I just

-- this is a preface to when David is talking so

we have a clearer understanding of what we're

looking at here. We're looking at the original

structure 1812 or thereabouts to be kind of like

a cape-like structure. If you see the top roof

line, the center chimney, and you can see -- we

think that is probably the original portion of

the house. The bump-out appears to be 1925 which

is the next change in the property but it's a

little unclear. The picture on the right then kind of gives you more of a sense of the other time changes. The building that you're looking at and the side, the lower level building, lower roof line, that we believe is the 1925 addition. It's slab on grade, there is no basement in this structure.

Go to the next slide, Marena. And then just looking at other sides of the property it's unclear that that bump-out on the side is historic for the property but it's really a nice feature and it could be part of it. You can see the stone foundation which is original to the building.

What's unusual about this property too, it seems to cut off. If you look at the picture on the left there you got a roof peak there and it kind of cuts off and it's unclear whether that was demolished or -- I mean obviously an extension -- an addition was put on the back which we assume is 1925 or later. Whether the building got chopped off is totally unclear.

The building on the right is just a backward look at the back part of the property, the jalousie windows, and the dormers we believe

were also part of the 1925. In that same photo you see to the left the start of the slab-on-grade 1925 addition.

Go ahead, next slide. Yeah, I just wanted to -- we've been talking about 1980, what does that mean. The 1980 is the breezeway and the garage. Again it's not under study. We didn't walk through that. That's not really a part of our research but you can see there are apartments above and a two-car garage that were added later.

Next slide. And then inside the building again very hard to find a lot of historic features left but certainly the foundational walls and structure in the basement of what we believe is the original house, the kind of cape structure, is in great shape. And I think we have Jim Grant's report. It looks like it's been well-tended, you know, well-repointed as well.

Fireplace, you saw the center chimney.

This is one side of the fireplace. It might have been rebuilt but we believe the opening was probably the historic chimney.

Next slide. And these are just more

shots to give you a little idea. The jalousie window addition in the back I pointed out, this picture on the left footnotes that. The picture on the right, it's a nice door. I'm not sure it's 1925, but this is in the slab-on-grade addition.

Go ahead, next slide. And then you can see the stairway, on the picture on the right there's a stairway going upstairs. That picture on the left is the small rooms that are upstairs. This actually is facing the back, this is the back dormer and if you look back to the right picture there that door you're seeing there is maybe not the original door but it probably was the original opening to the historic house. And the stairway could have been. It's unclear.

Next slide. And just finalizing here, so this is the slab-on-grade portion of the house in 1925. This is what it looks like today. If you walk right to that door on the left you'll walk into this fireplace. This is the other side of the other fireplace, so this is the center chimney and the fireplaces on each side.

So in conclusion and I'll transition into David Goslin, the windows -- so this is a

1	very hard building to read. And certainly David
2	or the windows are kind of a mix. There's
3	some casement windows that could be 1925, we're
4	not sure. Many of the other windows are double
5	hung. It did not appear to be original to the
6	building. A lot of dry wall
7	MARENA WISNIEWSKI: You have 10
8	minutes.
9	BRAD SCHIDE: very little plaster
10	left that we could find except around the
11	chimney.
12	So this will lead in to David and we'll
13	put to David. Basically we're looking only at
14	the original floor of the house, that cape kind
15	of structure and then trying to build off of that
16	with the 1925 addition which but the three
17	pieces which Todd has already stated, certainly
18	the foundation is original, certainly a lot of
19	the floor structure, the floor has been changed,
20	not the floor structure itself, and certainly the
21	central fireplace. And from that David had to
22	work his magic and try to figure out an
23	alternative to the demolition.
24	David?
25	DAVID GOSLIN: Thank you, Brad.

1	For the record my name is David Goslin,
2	principal with Crosskey Architects.
3	Marena, I don't know if you can call up
4	the site plan and share the screen on that?
5	MARENA WISNIEWSKI: Sure. I just made
6	you host but I can do that.
7	DAVID GOSLIN: Okay.
8	(Pause.)
9	DAVID GOSLIN: Okay, I'll do it. Can
10	everybody see this?
11	MARENA WISNIEWSKI: Yes.
12	DAVID GOSLIN: Okay. What we're
13	looking at here, this is an overall site plan of
14	the property just to get yourself some bearing.
15	The Old Kings Highway road is along the top of
16	the page. The Silvermine River is along the
17	bottom of the page. There is a dam and a
18	waterfall that's here. There's some stone walls
19	that occur along the street here and as you look
20	at this colored rendering what I did is I added
21	colors to kind of give a better understanding of
22	how the house originated.
23	If you look at the let me see if I
24	can enlarge this. This green rectangle in the
25	center here is what we think is the original

house circa 1812, and that was pretty evident when we went down into basement, the original stone foundations kind of follow that shape.

Along the front of the house this is what we think was a later addition in 1925. This was slap on grade. To the north end her this U-shaped addition we also think was added in 1925 and the back addition was also. So all the areas shown her in this reddish orange color were what we think were the 1925 additions.

The areas shown in purple are the 1980s additions including the breezeway, the garage and I don't know if that's an in-law apartment or just apartments that are part of the garage, but this isn't really contributing and we didn't really spend much time looking into this.

Also shown in this graphic is my proposal for what we can add to the house to kind of bring it up and modernize it to some degree. Having walked through the house one of the biggest deficiencies was really the lack of bedrooms, so really the addition that we're adding on here is really focused on improving the bedroom situation to the house. So what this is proposing is we're going to infill the U-shape

here on the first floor and then a two-story addition off the back. The addition would be about 20 feet wide by 30 feet long and would extend out into the backyard. I've also incorporated some exterior space and a patio here off the kitchen and a patio here off the living room.

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So zooming in here this is an enlargement of that first floor plan and I took some liberties just because of a lot of the layout that is in this area of the house isn't really conducive, it's pretty chopped up, it's not 1925. I think it was altered at some time in the '50s based on the cabinetry that was in there. So what I tried to do is kind of redevelop this area, infill this portion here with a new addition and come of the back with a So the idea is this would be new addition here. the kitchen, we can put a modern kitchen in this area with a large bank of cabinets here, back of cabinets here with an island, with some additional space for a dinette table in this area.

The areas in green which is the original house which has the original

floorboards, the center chimneys would become more of the formal space of this plan, so this room here would get repurposed to be the formal dining room which could be fairly attractive with the fireplace here.

The 1925 addition to the front has built-in bookcases. That can kind of get repurposed into being a servery --

MARENA WISNIEWSKI: You have 5 minutes.

DAVID GOSLIN: -- a servery for the dining area. Then on the opposite side of the center chimney would be a private library taking advantage of the character of the center chimney, and there's also a little 1925 nook here would make a good reading nook.

To the river side this would incorporate the living room. It's a few steps down from the main level so the living room would occur here with an outdoor extension of a patio, again taking advantage of the river views. The kitchen also would have outdoor terrace access directly off the kitchen.

Coming in from the breezeway there would be mud room, a laundry room, an outer room with a walk-in pantry in this area, and then to

the addition to the back would incorporate a twostory bedroom addition. The first floor would be
a master bedroom suite with master bath, walk-in
closet in the bedroom outfacing towards the
views.

We would incorporate a stair going up to the second floor which would then provide access to a new second floor addition which would have two bedrooms and a bathroom. And the existing second floor over the original house is kind of -- I don't even know how they even lived in it or got furniture up there because the stairs are very narrow and I think they were modified in the 1925 addition and they got winders and they're Z-shaped, but that second floor can be either a bonus room, attic space or additional bedrooms depending how it wants to get used.

So the original house had a total of 2,717 square feet ballpark. The proposed addition would add another 1,326 square feet. So the plans that are showing here would result in a three-bedroom house with bonus rooms that is roughly about 4,000 square feet which puts it well within the market of the other structures

1	that are in that area of Norwalk.
2	So I think this concept here kind of
3	incorporates the old historic features but it
4	also kind of modernizes the house in the layout
5	for contemporary needs. So I think this proposal
6	actually is a good compromise for kind of saving
7	the building and renovating it and putting it
8	back in service.
9	And at this point that concludes my
10	presentation. So Brad, I don't know if you want
11	to have any final words or
12	BRAD SCHIDE: No. That concludes our
13	presentation.
14	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Very good. Thank
15	you.
16	I'll open it up to questions from
17	Council.
18	(Pause.)
19	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: I'll get it started
20	then.
21	You have mentioned the 1925 additions.
22	Did the town records confirm any of that, the
23	details, and if those records exist?
24	DAVID GOSLIN: No, we did not. We just
25	went on what was listed in the nomination and

1	based on what we found in the field when we
2	visited it was pretty consistent with our
3	findings.
4	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay. What about
5	public water and septic? Is that provided in the
6	community or do you need to enlarge the septic
7	for the new bedrooms?
8	BRAD SCHIDE: We didn't spend time on
9	that. Mr. Glazer maybe can answer that question.
10	ANDY GLAZER: Yeah, when we get to that
11	I can answer.
12	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay. And then the
13	last question I have is how does the addition
14	work with the setbacks from the river and the
15	wetlands?
16	BRAD SCHIDE: Well, I think maybe Mr.
17	Glazer can probably answer this more concretely.
18	I think the building predated some of the
19	regulations and maybe some of the setbacks. I do
20	know, and Mr. Glazer can certainly address this
21	in his proposal, there are some new setback rules
22	that he does have to comply with and he can maybe
23	talk through some of those variance issues he
24	might have to face.
25	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay. That was it
	I .

1	for my questions.
2	Council members? Sara?
3	SARA NELSON: I've got a couple
4	questions. Thank you for asking the question
5	about the setback from the river. That was one
6	of my questions.
7	I want to just ask Todd and Brad to
8	clarify. So if there were a proposal that took
9	down the garage and reimagined it and the
10	breezeway, the 1980 work, that would be an
11	acceptable alteration to the house, that the only
12	historic core that we're really talking about is
13	the 1812 and 1922-23?
14	TODD LEVINE: Right.
15	BRAD SCHIDE: That's my I think
16	that's what we agreed on, right, Todd? I think
17	when we
18	TODD LEVINE: Correct.
19	BRAD SCHIDE: looked at the yeah,
20	correct. As David said and I said we didn't
21	really walk through the garage, I mean it really
22	wasn't much to look at, you know.
23	ANDY GLAZER: Yeah. It's an illegal
24	structure too.
25	BRAD SCHIDE: Yeah, well, that's

1	another matter again.
2	SARA NELSON: Okay. Thank you.
3	MARGARET MAHER: It's Margaret. I've
4	got a question. I don't see the hand raising
5	feature. May I go ahead?
6	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Go ahead, Margaret,
7	yes.
8	MARGARET MAYER: Thank you. I'm just
9	wondering about the fireplace. The first one
10	that I saw I couldn't really see in the material
11	I had at home, is there a bake oven in the back
12	of that fireplace?
13	ANDY GLAZER: Yes.
14	MARGARET MAYER: Thank you.
15	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Other questions from
16	council members?
17	LEAH GLASER: This is Leah. Usually
18	alterations to a building that's in issue that
19	would be from the public right of way, but from
20	what I just saw from the map there when you're
21	going over the bridge you sort of I don't know
22	if one can see the back of the house where I
23	guess there will be a lot of alterations and if
24	that's an issue even though because it's not
25	from the actual road, it's, you know, coming over

1 the bridge. 2 BRAD SCHIDE: Yes, when you go across the bridge you certainly can see the house. It's 3 4 right there. It's right on the corner -- yeah, 5 it's right on the corner there. It is set back 6 from the bridge but, yeah, it would be noticeable once the construction started there, yes. 7 DAVID GOSLIN: It's also visible from 8 9 the properties across the river. 10 BRAD SCHIDE: Correct. Yeah, from the 11 backyard you can see the tavern, you can see I 12 think Mr. Glazer has a house right across the 13 water there as well that's been all renovated. 14 CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay. Thank you. 15 Other questions from council members? Yes, 16 Margaret. 17 MARGARET FABER: So just back to the 18 fireplace situation. So in David's opinion is 19 the entire chimney structure original, you know, 20 including the bricks, you know, coming out of the 21 house. And also is there any chance of a second 22 floor fireplace? Did you investigate that at 23 all? 24 DAVID GOSLIN: I think the chimney is 25 original. We couldn't tell -- at least I looked

1	when we were up on the second floor. I didn't
2	see any evidence of a second floor fireplace.
3	That's not to say there is one that's buried
4	behind some modifications that were made but I
5	would say those fireplaces are original.
6	BRAD SCHIDE: They might have been
7	the surrounds might have been changed out inside
8	and there might have been some rebricking of the
9	actual openings but, you know, certainly the
10	chimney and the open structure we believe is
11	original of the house.
12	MARGARET FABER: Okay. Including the
13	hardware, the crane.
14	BRAD SCHIDE: I'm sorry, that what?
15	MARGARET FABER: The crane, the cooking
16	crane.
17	BRAD SCHIDE: Yes. Yeah, right.
18	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Margaret, was your
19	question about the upstairs fireplace, are there
20	remnants of one or could one be added?
21	MARGARET FABER: No, no. Are there
22	remnants of an original one. You know, often
23	there would be one in the bedroom so it would be
24	interesting to know.
25	BRAD SCHIDE: As David said the rooms

1	are so tiny I'm not even sure if you had a
2	fireplace up there you'd smoke yourself out of
3	the room. It's a very small space up there.
4	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay.
5	KATHLEEN MAHER: And Brad, it's Kathy.
6	Are you pretty firm on 1812? Could there be a
7	possibility that there is earlier remnants?
8	BRAD SCHIDE: Well, we're just going by
9	the National Register nomination. I think you
10	have Jim's report about the structural
11	certainly the basement and all the structure at
12	the basement level has to be original or
13	certainly repaired. By the way in great shape to
14	have been repointed and really well-cared for.
15	Is it 1812? You know, it's we
16	believe it is and we're going by really the
17	nomination.
18	David, do you want to add anything?
19	DAVID GOSLIN: Yeah. Nina from our
20	office researched it and she really couldn't find
21	any photographs or anything just more definitive
22	in the records other than what was listed in the
23	nomination. So we kind of got a lot of dead ends
24	on our end.
25	KATHLEEN MAHER: I only ask relevantly

1	and I know this isn't about the history only
2	because late 18 th Century, I think 1780 was the
3	burning of Norwalk so there was a lot of
4	reconstruction, a lot of reconstruction after
5	that devastation, that there could potentially be
6	a connection where somebody was burned out of
7	their house and
8	BRAD SCHIDE: Yeah. We didn't spend
9	any time on that but, yeah, you could be right.
10	KATHLEEN MAHER: Yeah.
11	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Yes, Christine?
12	BETH ACLY: If you're done I've got a
13	couple of thoughts and a question too. From what
14	I have seen, you know, the bake oven in the back
15	like that is more 18 th Century so
16	ANDY GLAZER: That's what I think too.
17	CHRISINE NELSON: So Kathy, you might
18	be right on there.
19	KATHLEEN MAHER: I think I was
20	thinking the same thing. I think there's some
21	expanded history that the National Register might
22	have missed. I know this is not about that but
23	the burning of Norwalk was a turning point
24	certainly for Connecticut.
25	ANDY GLAZER: For what it's worth I do

believe that fireplace is 18th Century based on
what I've seen before, the bake ovens and the
arms, the cooking arms and all of that.
BETH ACLY: Yep. And I think too with
regard to Margaret's question about the
fireplaces upstairs, it looks to me like it was
an attic space previously so it just would have
been the chimney.
And to build off that I do have a
question about the flood plain. Are we in the
flood plain? Have we done any research on that?
ANDY GLAZER: I have all that. I have
to, you know, I have all state and my survey show
it the flood plain is far enough away on the
property where we can do the alterations or
additions that we want and be okay with that.
I've already met with the conservation department
on that.
BETH ACLY: Okay.
CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Christine, I see
your hand?
CHRISTINE NELSON: Thank you. I'm
looking at the setback line, the front setback
line is required to be 40 feet and it's located
on Perry Avenue instead of Old King's Highway

1	which is the address and the access in the front
2	of the building. Is there any reason for that?
3	ANDY GLAZER: Take Perry as the front
4	yard as the street that the address is on
5	or not that, the house is on. The zoning uses
6	Perry as the frontage and not Old Kings. Don't
7	ask me why.
8	CHRISTINE NELSON: Okay. As long as,
9	you know, that will
10	ANDY GLAZER: I think that's just the
11	zoning in Norwalk in going through leaving
12	preexisting nonconformings and any additions, new
13	additions to that have to be behind the setback.
14	CHRISTINE NELSON: Right. Thank you.
15	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Any other questions
16	from Council?
17	Okay. With that then, Mr. Glazer, I'm
18	going to hand it over to you for your
19	presentation.
20	ANDY GLAZER: Great. Thank you so
21	much. Thanks to all of you for taking the time
22	on this.
23	Very quickly, probably over the last 15
24	years I've been a developer, builder and designer
25	for most of my career. For over the last
I	

probably 10 to 15 years I have worked on many renovations of and preservations of old structures. Typically when I look at them I found that usually the original iteration is probably the best iteration. Unfortunately time is never wonderful to these structures and the additions or the changes that are made many times they compromise, many times they change the look of them.

Silvermine quite honestly is lucky enough to have most of the historic houses still look in terms of if you just looked at them from the street like, you know, reasonably like they probably were in their original iteration and that's a wonderful thing. When we took on the tavern and the inn and all of that I dug into as far back as I could find which is usually what I do, the oldest footprints, the oldest photographs, the oldest anything to give us a sense of what these buildings looked like.

I understand there's this -- and I have read pretty closely the Secretary of Interior guidelines on renovation, restoration, preservation and reproduction and there's a lot of different ways. And quite honestly when we

take on like the Silvermine Tavern it's like an archeological dig. I mean what we first do is take out -- because there's been so many bad renovations, that place did burn down once and probably should have burned down again -- we take it down to the bones which is to me really what the structure is about. Obviously windows, a lot of other details go into it but we, you know, we study that and we work with it. Many times we do it exactly in place because we think structurally though not perfect it's legitimate. Sometimes we sister alongside side of these themes to preserve them but take the load off them, so to speak, and then some that are rotten we replace, and we do this on a step-by-step basis.

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With regards to 1 Old Kings my problem with it was a number of things. One, it was hard to define it as, you know, you look it at and you go, okay, I see what this place was, you know, I know what this thing is, you know, and I can work with it like most of the other buildings and structures that I've worked with over the years.

1 Old Kings really didn't show itself to that. It clearly had, as we've established, as Brad and David have and I appreciate, first of

all, both of them working with -- had a meeting with me in working on it, that clearly the foundation is a great old stone foundation. I love working off of those. The fireplace is as it is, I do think it's an 18th Century fireplace but nevertheless because it shows those type of details, nevertheless it is. And, you know, the floorboards are the floorboards, the beams are the beams. They're not the best hand-hewn beams I've ever seen or worked with and they've been kind of chopped and added onto.

With that, when I opened up all the rest of the walls looking as we do, you know, for other areas of detail we found a lot of dimensional lumber, i.e. 2-by's and things like that, nothing to give us a sense, you know, nothing to give us a path to where this structure originally was.

So that coupled with a couple of other things, one, obviously it's way over the setback, two, there's some elevation issues relative to the lot where the house sits well above. Trying to meld in an addition to that is challenging.

But what I have come to and we have been working on it, there's another feature

actually that wasn't mentioned, they're both exterior. Out of the back of the building with those jalousie windows is a sort of -- it's buried under the branches and brambles, a kind of really cool old stone steps that just -- I don't know where they are, I don't know where they are or were they went to, I don't know what they were for, but they're kind of interesting and we're going to sort of work to bring that into play with the house, and then also the old well which is still there which of course we would leave.

So in this course of discussion with Todd and the stuff that Brad and David sent we worked on it, tried to come up with something, and basically what we did and I sent it to Marena, and if you want to pop it up, Marena, you can.

Basically what you're looking at is the green box is essentially the oldest part. The red box is that additional step-down room, and both of these -- this structure, this footprint is what I'm going to say because I want to be very clear about this, this footprint, the foundation, the fireplace, the floor beams to the extent that they're, you know, that they're good

or if not we sister alongside, is something I can work out and keep.

The walls, I don't know. I mean with all due respect to everybody here when you're in the field doing this work it is a very, you know, trying to make some sense of this, especially when you do not have a very clear image of what this thing was. It's difficult to go, okay, how do we do this. You're out there with your framers, your carpenters and trying to understand it.

Typically, as I said, we peel them back to see what we can find and work with it. We may keep all of these walls, we may keep some of these walls, we may keep none of these walls.

What I would agree to is keeping, and I think it was cited by Brad, is the sort of undefinably historic elements that we can see, i.e. the stone foundation, the fireplace and the floor boards and beams on the first floor. We'll put additions onto them. What you can see with this building addition to the right of the X's, the green and red X, part of that I guess, I don't even -- probably not, that will probably have to be built new and I have to figure out a way to

deal with zoning on that but that's my issue, not yours.

The other two new structures, the garage is a -- it was built illegally, it's over the setback, it violated a variance and it has to be torn down. It's doesn't matter, it's garbage anyway. It was a mess.

Any new structures that you see there, there are two wings that are rebuilt. The garage will be probably a barn that we'll bring down and rebuild there. They will sit back behind obviously the setback line, and then they're well away from the flood line setback that is required on the lot that I've worked with the conversation on.

So, you know, that's kind of my thoughts on this, that it's really two reasons.

One, would I rather quite honestly in terms of building a house, yeah, I'd probably rather take it all down. Typically I farm the materials when I can, you know, save it. In this case probably two things, one, out of respect quite honestly for working with Todd and these guys and, you know, I consider myself -- and I really don't give a damn what other people think -- I consider

1	myself a preservationist. I've gone to bat
2	against developers who wanted to take down
3	houses. I believe strongly in the history of it,
4	I support it and love it when I get involved in
5	one of these projects, and there's no easy and
6	perfect way to do these. They're hard. But I
7	think with the best intentions for both the
8	history of it and the sort of honoring the
9	workmanship that went into these things a long
10	time ago, you know, I believe strongly in trying
11	to when we can to save what we can.
12	This is not the easiest one because,
13	again, there's not a lot of definition. But I
14	think what I propose is what and I can, you
15	know, I can detail it out more with Todd going
16	forward but that's kind of where I am and I'm
17	happy to answer any questions.
18	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Thank you, Mr.
19	Glazer.
20	Yes, Christine.
21	CHRISTINE NELSON: Mr. Glazer, could
22	you speak to us about the preservation treatment
23	you would choose for the exterior of the
24	structure to remain?
25	ANDY GLAZER: Quite honestly I would

not quarantee any of the exterior treatment standing, the walls. That's siding is not original, the windows are not original, they're not even that old. So I'm not going to be when we -- basically what we'll do is we'll take the siding off and look at the structure. Where we can use the walls we'll use the walls. Where we have to reframe -- because I have to create essentially a new saltbox house here. It's not going to look like that, the photos you've seen, simply not. And I really, you know, whether people call re-creational architecture I really don't care. It's not a viable structure the way it is and, you know, as I said you've got -- and I'm looking at the image, you've got this bumpout that no one really quite understands whether it was original, not original, and we have to find that out. And again, when we take it apart we'll have a better idea of what we can use and what we can't use.

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BETH ACLY: Mr. Glazer, I have a couple of questions for you. It sounds to me like as you're talking about opening things up that you're not sure at this point it the original posts are still in the walls; is that accurate?

1 ANDY GLAZER: Yeah, they're not. 2 opened them, we found dimensional framing. BETH ACLY: Oh, in the corners and 3 4 everything? 5 ANDY GLAZER: Yeah, which is strange. 6 I traced them up through the basement and typically anyone that knows this type of post and 7 8 beam that existed then the corners were obviously 9 the important pieces because they held up the 10 structure. We did not find a corner post in 11 there which a little strange. I don't know, you 12 know, because -- and we found no -- above the 13 first floor we found no lumber that I would say 14 is clearly, you know, back -- and I'm used to 15 seeing it all the time because I work with a lot 16 of these 18th Century and 19th Century early 1800s 17 structures -- no sign of anything other than 18 dimensional lumber. It is a little strange and 19 it's -- quite honestly what's frustrating about 20 this project is there's not a lot of roadmap. 21 BETH ACLY: That's interesting. That's 22 for that. And the second question I have is 23 based on the sort of schematic green and red 24 squares that you have there on the plan, it looks 25 to me like the thought was that the 1925 bump-out

in the front in that foundation would not --1 2 would not --3 ANDY GLAZER: I don't think so. Now, I 4 may find out that that might be the front wall, 5 the foundation is directly under there. 6 one thing I have not checked. If in fact it is where the foundation ends under that then we 7 8 would probably go up off of that (unintelligible) 9 would be, the front would be sort of the story, 10 one-story straight structure. This is kind of a 11 -- I don't even know how to describe it because 12 it's a weird bump-out and really not something 13 you've ever seen before on these type structures. 14 So I don't know. I have to sort of --15 we may, you know, simply -- if that's the outside 16 foundation wall they'll both probably come right 17 off of that and who knows whether we'll leave the 18 framing there and sister alongside of it, I don't 19 know if it's worth doing. And I mean worth doing 20 means that it's a, you know, it's old timbers. 21 BETH ACLY: Okay, thanks. 22 CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Thank you. 23 Christine? 24 CHRISTINE NELSON: So in reconstructing 25 the walls is it for public health and safety or

is it just for the function of it, better function?

ANDY GLAZER: It's for everything. I mean it's for, you know, it's for code. You know, we still have to -- this is a modified house, it still has to meet all the code regulations that -- the building code regulations. And you know, I must tell you when you do these projects the building inspector, engineers come in, I mean they really don't know what to make of these things.

When we did the inn, the inn was the cotton factory so it had a very strong post and beam structure. Awesome. Left it in place. You know, we had to fix some things but when an engineer comes in he goes, okay, how am I supposed to, you know, validate the structural integrity of these. I said, you know, we all go okay, it's been here 200 years. Good enough for us.

So, you know, it's a difficult process, even in the building inspector too. Some of this stuff preexisting doesn't meet code regulations.

But we go through the process and I've worked enough with the inspectors who know me and we're

able to walk the line between preserving and, you know, code compliance so to speak.

CHRISTINE NELSON: When do you think that you'll have an idea as to what you will keep and won't keep?

ANDY GLAZER: Well, what I will commit to keep, okay, and we can determine this and then you guys can vote whether you want to go to the AG or not, what I will commit to keep is -- and I'll put it in writing otherwise it could get to Todd, but I'll put it in more formal writing is the foundation, the fireplaces and the first floor. I will not commit to anything else.

You know, quite honestly I'm my own sort of judge and jury on some of this stuff because I happen to care about it and believe that the history of these structures tells lots of stories and the bones are important, so I make decisions, I leave bones in place, I do a lot of this really on my own. But for the purpose of this hearing and commitment on paper I'm committing to the foundation, to the fireplaces and the first floor deck and beams.

CHRISTINE NELSON: If you had some more time would you be able to let us know what parts

of the exterior could be preserved?

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ANDY GLAZER: I've had 120 days to think about this since. I've gone back, forward, sideways, every which way possible. There's no real way to know until we peel back. really isn't. And I'm not, you know, other than examining, you know, the structure in terms of okay, what's behind these walls, you know, we pop open areas to see. Other than that, no. But once we take it down do the frame and I can see it then, you know, because it's just, it's not an easy fix to make this look like a bona fide structure. And this house has had numbers of iterations, I mean it just has. Again, it lacks the defining original look that makes it a lot easier to do these projects and that's what's so challenging about this. I mean that's my work and that's my job, but still it doesn't make it easy when you're dealing with a structure like this.

BETH ACLY: When you start taking, you know, removing finishes will you start with interior finishes or exterior?

ANDY GLAZER: Typically in this case -- I don't know to be honest with you. I'm looking

at the picture of it myself so if I'm looking away from you. It's a lot of work to peel away both interior (unintelligible) but that's what we'll probably have to do. We'll strip the roof off, we'll decide, I'll look closely at the siding. You know, with the Silvermine Tavern we used 90 percent of the original siding, stripped it down, probably refinished it and left it even though it wasn't perfect.

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This case, depending on how the plan lays out, the door is not is not going to be The door is going to be to the right of the chimney as I'm looking at this photo, I believe. And I'm still working on this plan but I basically boxed this area out and said okay, this is going to stay, just the box that you're looking at, and then we're going to build off of it and the box we're going to keep, you know, we'll see what we have in there. And I think Brad said that it's hard with the roof to understand kind of what went on there, you know, where's what and what's what. So it's very hard to tell until you really, you know, when you open up the interior walls those give you a road map to, oh, okay, this is what they did here, okay,

you really can't see it until you open up the interior walls. So I guess a long answer to your question is I guess we'd start in the interior. BETH ACLY: I mean the bonus of that is that it gives you some time without the, you know, the framing being exposed so that if it does make sense to keep some of it you ANDY GLAZER: Yeah. Yeah. Um-hum. BETH ACLY: So one other question from me. I don't know Norwalk particularly well. What is the process being in the historic district for getting Historic Preservation Commission approvals and things like that? ANDY GLAZER: We don't. If I put in for a renovation we wouldn't be talking. BETH ACLY: Okay. Got it. KATHLEEN MAHER: Tom, it's Kathy. CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Yes. KATHLEEN MAHER: I just to just apologize for circling back on this. Am I correct that Todd and Brad had not seen this proposed drawing? CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Yes.	1	this is what they were trying to do there. But
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	23	correct that Todd and Brad had not seen this
25 CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Yes.	24	proposed drawing?
	25	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Yes.

KATHLEEN MAHER: So in light of that how does the game change as far as the discussion is concerned? Todd?

again, what we have here is two periods of building. We have the 1812 and the 1925. The 1812 Andy has said I'm willing to keep. The 1925, you know, is the unknown. But in the two points I think are important to that, one is that according to the nomination that is a fair assessment. However, there's been a number of iterations to even the exterior walls where there's, you know, dimensional lumber, you know, gypsum board. There's other things here that have changed over time that lose its historic significance past that 1925 point.

We don't know how much of all that is from 1925 except the form. So they could have done a number of things that took away historic fabric while leaving the form. So, you know, we're talking about a period of significance that includes the form but the material may no longer be historic fabric. It's a difficult situation for sure.

CHRISTINE NELSON: Margaret, I believe

you had a question?

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2 MARGARET FABER: Thank you. I'm sorry.
3 I don't know how to get my hand up.

So I just wanted to thank Mr. Glazer for being so cooperative in answering all our questions, but I was just wondering how did he feel about -- how do you feel about the feasible alternative offered to you by Crosskey Architects?

ANDY GLAZER: It's interesting but relative to sort of where I'm going and how I see this site because don't forget there are -- with additions there are massing issues, how it relates and a certain type of vernacular that I want to create. So I appreciate where David went and I did study it and took it into advisement but kind of -- I have to design for the whole I actually have to design for the whole neighborhood. I happen to live in the old mill right across the river from it, and how it sits on the site, how it incorporates into all the other things that are going on here is very important to the context, the larger context of the project.

So though I appreciate what David did,

what I'm doing is more programmatically and sitewise where I want to be.

MARGARET FABER: Okay. I have a follow-up question. So did you -- when you purchased the house, and I read the MLS listing and the first word is historic, so I'm wondering if you purchased it with the intent to demolish in that you applied for the demo permit in January and then closed on the sale in February. So I don't know how you could apply for a demo permit without being the owner. But I'm just wondering how that played out and if you intended to demolish originally and if you knew it was on the National Register.

ANDY GLAZER: I didn't know it was on the National Register and, no, I didn't intend to demolish it because I don't do that when I work with historic houses. I spent a lot of time -- I was trying to buy the lot over a year ago, actually probably a little bit more. We weren't able to do it but I did a lot of work on it at that time and, you know, as I've stated and others have it was not so cut and dried. I could look at five houses within a stone's throw of this one, we wouldn't be talking because, you

know, they're prefect examples of the period architecture and definable. This one was a bit of a conundrum and as some of the other people have stated it's not that easy to figure out. So I went back and forth.

Really, irregardless of all of you my own struggle to try to figure out a way to make sense of this because it wasn't that easy because there are other site conditions besides what you're staring at. One of them is elevations because there's a very big dropoff because the house where it's sitting is very high up, well above sort of the normal height of some of the other properties around and I don't know that but it doesn't matter.

So my original intent was not to demo and it really kind of came to that when I was just like, okay, you know, I can't make sense of this and what am I saving? And quite honestly all the neighborhood, you know, I appreciate all these people that signed the petition from wherever they are, but the people that live right around it really don't want it there and they think it's an eyesore and not contributing to anything. It's okay. I'm the one who's sort of

going to do it and I think sort of -- I've gone back and forth. When Todd and I first starting talking I'm like nope, I don't care. You want to go to the AG, fine. I'll battle this out. And then I go back and forth and it's my own struggle on design.

And, you know, I again went back to it, my wife and I sat there, there's a couple of other elements that we're trying to incorporate that are there, i.e. those old stairs that are in the back, and we said okay, let's try to make this work. And you know, this is kind of where we come.

Irregardless of the Historic Commission except totally out of respect for the Historic Commission, but my decision, I own this property, I have the financial risk on it, my decision is based on, you know, both okay, if I can keep these what we know are definable historic structures to a period and build a viable house, then maybe that's a solution to all of this, it serves everybody.

But, you know, I don't understand -- I mean I appreciate the sort of criticism but when you're not in the field, when you're not the ones

1	figuring this out, it's a bit of luxury that we
2	don't have when we're out there trying to do it
3	on a very undefinable structure.
4	MARGARET FABER: So I just have one
5	more question. Now knowing it's on the National
6	Register and the complications inherent in
7	restoring it, would you consider selling it?
8	Have you considered selling this property as an
9	alternative to demolition?
10	ANDY GLAZER: That would be absolutely
11	150,000 percent no.
12	MARGARET FABER: Thank you.
13	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Sara, you had a
14	question?
15	SARA NELSON: I have about three
15 16	SARA NELSON: I have about three questions that aren't related to one another.
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16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	questions that aren't related to one another. The first one is a housekeeping question. So Mr. Glazer, our agenda packet had the earlier design that you have and I am inferring by your presentation to date but just want to confirm it with you that you are no longer proposing to do the design of the new house, the only design consideration that we're

ANDY GLAZER: Yes.

SARA NELSON: Okay. So thank you for clarifying that.

And the next question is to clarify as you were talking about the work rectangles of the house, the 1812 and the 1922, and I understand that you can't find a discernible sort of design history but I was uncertain when you were talking about the massing and the facades, and you implied that there was a little bit of an evolution which I readily understand. But are you still proposing volumetrically that the ridge height would be the same ridge height as what we're seeing right now for what we believe is the 1812 historic or is that too totally in flux? And I'm really talking about the 3-dimensional mass now.

ANDY GLAZER: Yeah, no, I get that, and quite honestly that is probably one of the biggest struggles. I don't see going higher than the ridge because it's only going to be a onestory structure. I am not going to put rooms above this. So it essentially is going to be a one-story structure even though there are rooms above Brad mentioned, maybe David did, they're

not -- I don't know what they're going to be but they're not going to be -- in my mind right now they're not going to be -- I'm not designing this house with a second floor at all in this main massing. So I would -- again, the only problem is there's this step, I don't know if you people can see it, you know, you have it but it's the steps -- it's this front, it steps up to another roof, a leak (phonetic). Again, I can't, you know, normally I would have framed off the front roof and go to, you know, to a pitch, to a ridge height but I don't know until -- my feeling is we'll frame off of that front bump-out because again I think the foundation goes to there and if it does obviously we're going to work off of that.

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But if you walked in the front door of that little bump-out you're not, you're not anywhere. I mean it's not even a foyer, it's a weird little space that you can't figure out. I do think it's an old space. I do. Anytime a stairs is that small and windy typically that's a, you know, that's a pretty old stair. I mean it's falling apart at this point and you can fall through it. But again, yeah, I'm just trying to

1 figure out these pieces. Go ahead. 2 BRAD SCHIDE: Yeah, I'm sorry, Brad 3 Schide. Sorry, just to answer your question and 4 David can certainly affirm, the second floor of 5 the original house as we pointed out is very 6 small, very tight. David, I believe all we said there was that it was attic space. I think that, 7 8 you know, thought that was probably what it was 9 originally too. 10 So when he's talking about -- we're 11 talking about roof line and everything the issue 12 becomes how useable is that space above. And we 13 did not solve that. We left it intact but it's 14 not -- it's probably attic space if he did keep 15 it at all. Is that fair? 16 ANDY GLAZER: Yep. 17 CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Sara, you had more 18 questions? 19 SARA NELSON: The third question was 20 just -- to go back to what Christine was asking a 21 little while ago and it's about the timeline for 22 development. So understanding that this is a new 23 design you thought there's work that needs to be

done in terms of investigative demolition,

figuring out the massing. We've got a motion

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before us right now and we've got a demolition permit that you've applied for. Are you willing to withdraw the demolition permit to facilitate your having the time to work out the things that naturally take time, (unintelligible) sign, sign development? And if — so a two-part question, would you withdraw the permit and how much time would you need to reevaluate everything 3—dimensionally to your satisfaction?

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ANDY GLAZER: I appreciate -- let me put that question on demolition aside. Here's the way it would work. I would develop these plans because I need to get a permit to renovate and a new structure that would that would go -we'd develop the plans, we'd go to zoning, they'd have to approve it, septic, all the typical things in that building, and once we got a permit to renovate and build new we would start the process of renovating, i.e. we'll take down the parts we're not using. The garage definitely, the breezeway and the link there, and start to open up the walls and do the processes. We do as well as the same time also, you know, laying out foundations for the new sections, all these things.

1 So it's, you know, it's a typical 2 renovation process. And as I said if I had put this forward first as a renovation we wouldn't be 3 4 talking at this point. 5 Now, based on that would I be willing 6 to remove my demo permit? Well, yes, I'm not demolishing the structure, not looking to 7 8 demolish the structure. So then it's not a 9 demolition and I would remove that and then 10 simply work on a set of plans on a renovation 11 permit. 12 SARA NELSON: And Tom, one of the 13 things that I'm thinking about if, you know, 14 sometimes in this process we allow people the 15 opportunity to continue to develop their ideas 16 and come back to us in two, three months and this 17 is a discussion with the owner in terms of 18 allowing them to complete development of new 19 thoughts before we actually vote to refer. 20 ANDY GLAZER: And that would not be 21 acceptable to me in any way, shape or form. 22 SARA NELSON: Okay. 23 CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay. Thank you. 24 A couple of quick questions for you, 25 Mr. Glazer. Can you talk to us a little bit

about the septic and/or -- not and/or but and the setbacks from the river, and does this design conform to existing code standards and wetland setbacks, 50 and 100 foot?

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ANDY GLAZER: Yes. There's two septic systems there now. We will probably take out both of them and replace them with a new system. The soil is, when you're on a river you have river bank soil, (unintelligible) gravel, all the systems in that area are very, very good so it's not had to get, when we go we can fit one in within the scheme of our plan where as I said I've met with Conservation, Norwalk Conservation going over, you know, the areas that we're building they get to review anyway, approval process, but I think very clear and I have already sort of stakes out there where the different flood zones change and where we can build with all of that. And again, that is part of the approval process. Numbers of departments have bites at the apple.

To make this simpler because again it is my understanding, and Todd can elaborate on this, if I do pull this demo permit legally and I apply for a permit, listen, anybody can appeal a

permit, I am out of your jurisdiction. Now, having said that, because I do care about the department, I'm happy to both stay in touch with Todd and David, Brad because, you know, quite honestly they've all been very helpful honest brokers, you know, we can have reasonable discussions in the field because they understand the issues that come up and I'm happy to do that and bring them out to do site visits and things like that. Because quite honestly when you do these projects sometimes it's kind of lonely to figure what the hell are we doing with his or do how we figure that out.

So to the extent that I'm -- obviously they don't get paid for their time but the extent that they'd be willing to do that I'm happy to do that also and show them what we're doing. Again, legally I do not think once I pull that demo permit and apply for a renovation permit, you know, as I said this whole process would go away and then there are other obviously aspects to the permitting process that others could look at.

But, you know.

TODD LEVINE: Andy, it's Todd. I have a question. So in your investigation moving

forward if you were to find that the front elevation is worth keeping you would keep that form and you would -- I mean obviously you're relocating the front door.

ANDY GLAZER: Yes.

TODD LEVINE: But the form would remain; is that correct?

ANDY GLAZER: Yes. I mean, you know, the troubling piece is that bump-out. It doesn't lend itself. I'm going to take that -- but chances are if that is the front wall we would sister on to whatever studs are there and take it up probably a couple more feet to a typical -- something more in line of something like this this that -- I don't know if everybody can see this, but more a form like that so it's -- because this front, that could have been a porch for all we know. Typically when you have a small shed like that typically they're porches.

Now, I don't know, who knows whether that was a porch at one time. We won't know until we really get into it, but that front wall as I said I would probably scab onto, take it up to where I need to and then have to reframe my whole roof. The roof does not work the way it is

1	right now is that I can't see it, and I think
2	Brad and David saw it out there and they were
3	kind of like, you know, which is what and what is
4	where.
5	And so, you know, I don't have all the
6	answers. When I walk into these projects I
7	usually don't have all the answers. It's a
8	process that is worked out in the field.
9	TODD LEVINE: Thank you.
10	MARENA WISNIEWSKI: Did you have a
11	question?
12	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Marena, how are we
13	doing on time?
14	MARENA WISNIEWSKI: It is 12:21, so we
15	should probably move to public comment. However,
16	Margaret, you had one more question?
17	MARGARET FABER: A quick one, yeah.
18	So what is the extent of demolition
19	that can take place under renovation permits?
20	ANDY GLAZER: I think your plans spell
21	out what's to be removed, what's not to be
22	removed. And I don't mind submitting those, my
23	plans, you know, my working drawings which say,
24	okay, this to be removed, this to, you know, not
25	to, this is this. And so they spell out what's

1	to be removed and what's not to be removed.
2	MARGARET FABER: Thanks.
3	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay. Thank you,
4	Mr. Glazer. Appreciate the response to all those
5	questions.
6	Marena, let's open this up now to the
7	public speakers. Can you identify them so I can
8	write them down and we can catch their names in
9	the
10	MARENA WISNIEWSKI: Yes. I will
11	announce them as they come up to speak.
12	The first speaker is Tod Bryant.
13	TOD BRYANT: Good I guess afternoon
14	everyone. Thank you for allowing me to speak
15	here today. My name is Tod Bryant, I am
16	President of the Norwalk Preservation Trust. I
17	am also historic preservation consultant at
18	Heritage Resources. I've been working in the
19	field for about 20 years now.
20	I've got a couple of points before I
21	get into my comments. I have a deed research
22	that was done by Madeline Eckert who once lived
23	in the house. Her mother owned this house. And
24	it goes back to 1740. The land was brought in
25	1740 and then when it sold by Andrew Aiken and

1	when it's sold in 1746 it sold with a dwelling
2	house. So that chimney stack could easily be
3	from that 1740 era as could the fireplace with
4	the oven inside the hearth. And there might have
5	been something a little bit later but there's
6	continual mention of a dwelling house from 1746
7	on. So there's that.
8	Also, I'm sorry, Kathy, but I don't
9	think the burning of Norwalk got I don't think
10	they burned that far north. I think they didn't
11	get much further than the present day Cross
12	Street.
13	KATHLEEN MAHER: No, I don't think they
14	did but the people that survived had to go
15	someplace.
16	TOD BRYANT: Right. Oh, exactly.
17	Yeah, absolutely.
18	KATHLEEN MAHER: Yep. So there's
19	collateral there.
20	TOD BRYANT: Oh, yeah. Yeah. Well,
21	Randy Grieg's (phonetic) house for example where
22	there's I don't think there's a single piece
23	of wood in that house that was cut for it.
24	There's joist pockets everywhere.
25	And the other is I'm reading now

from section 7, page 2 of the National Register nomination. It says some of the period interpretive value of the district has been lost to changes but most of those changes are recognized as evolutionary and therefore contributing. So I think that this house is one of the things that they were talking about when they wrote that into the nomination.

It's not beautiful, it's a little

quirky to be -- as an understatement, but it is

what it is, and that's the whole point of

historic preservation. These houses don't have

to be perfect and they very often aren't, and the

nomination acknowledges the evolution of these

houses over time. This one is a little funky for

sure but it is acknowledged in the nomination.

Also, I hadn't seen any of either

Dave's drawings or Andy's current ones. And

Dave's drawings --

MARENA WISNIEWSKI: You have two minutes.

TOD BRYANT: Dave's drawings respect
the integrity of the house whereas Andy's current
plan is in fact demolition thinly veiled with an
attempt to claim it's historic preservation.

1	There would be nothing left of this house. It
2	would be totally rebuilt in some fantasy to
3	fit someone's fantasy. I don't believe that is
4	what the I don't believe that is historic
5	preservation. I believe it's new construction.
6	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Thank you, Mr.
7	Bryant.
8	Marena, next?
9	MARENA WISNIEWSKI: I did have someone
10	yesterday who wanted to speak named Georgette
11	Blau (phonetic) but I do not believe she is on,
12	however we may just want to give her one minute
13	to see.
14	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay.
15	MARENA WISNIEWSKI: And then I did have
16	a last minute registrant this morning. I don't
17	believe Georgette is on so we have a third
	Defreve deorgette is on so we have a third
18	speaker from this morning, Lee Grant, who I can
	speaker from this morning, Lee Grant, who I can
19 20	speaker from this morning, Lee Grant, who I can see.
19 20 21	speaker from this morning, Lee Grant, who I can see. CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Very good.
19 20 21 22	speaker from this morning, Lee Grant, who I can see. CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Very good. Lee, you're up. Unmute your computer
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	speaker from this morning, Lee Grant, who I can see. CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Very good. Lee, you're up. Unmute your computer so we can hear you please.

LEE GRANT: Did you want me to go
ahead?

CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Yes, please. You have five minutes if you would like it.

LEE GRANT: Okay. My name is Lee

Grant. The Silvermine Center historic district

met criterion A and criterion B for the National

Register, criterion A as a notable arts colony

and criterion B as part of the early industrial

history of Connecticut. In this case a mill

industry based on a lumber, grain, cider and

cotton.

1 Old Kings Highway, the Andrew Aiken house, is situated at the core of the district and is a contributing building. The house itself has not changed since the National Historic District was approved. Parts of it go back to circa 1746. The core district included the Red Mill, White Mill, Joseph Cocker cotton factory, aka Silvermine Tavern, and today's gray barns, Buttery Mill and the and the Andrew Aiken Mill. Of this following the interest in the area by the founders of the artist colony circa 1900, and because of these very mills their owner's houses and the artists' perception of the area as a sort

of New England, quote, fly in amber, the artists made an effort to reuse these old buildings as dwellings and studios and to celebrate them in their art.

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The Andrew Aiken house is beautifully situated on a long triangle of land between the Perry Avenue Stone Arch Bridge also on the National Register. The waterfall from Guthrie Pond and Old Kings Highway, you can see how close to the road it is in the photos. Certainly today's zoning setbacks would never again allow this siting, this dwelling house to prominent mill owner's family and during the artist colony a midwestern sculptor. It faces the Red Mill and the Cocker cotton factory. Once it also faced the White Mill across the Silvermine River flowing down from the waterfall. That mill was moved across the bridge to Perry Avenue to become a house. Of these mills only the Buttery Mill originally constructed in 1688 fell to the 1955 flood.

I ask you as a former president of the Norwalk Association of Silvermine Homeowners who paid for this district to be put in, a principal in establishing this district, a primary

1	researcher and a resident who finds the Andrew
2	Aiken House an evocative presence in the center
3	of the district, please preserve it as best you
4	can. It is this group of core buildings that
5	define the history and beauty of our area.
6	Thank you very much.
7	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Thank you. We
8	appreciate that.
9	Just taking some notes here. Hang on a
10	second.
11	(Pause.)
12	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay. Marena,
13	anybody else?
14	MARENA WISNIEWSKI: Those were all the
15	registered speakers.
16	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Okay. It's now
17	12:30. Do council members have any other
18	questions? Do you have sufficient information?
19	Christine, did you raise your hand?
20	Sara?
21	SARA NELSON: So this is Sara. So the
22	new plan that was presented today sort of opens
23	up some intriguing possibilities, but I feel that
24	the information presented because of it's sort of
25	late-breaking nature is not complete, so we're

1	spending a lot of time talking about what would
2	the massing be like, what do we know. And we're
3	sort of being asked to either refer or to take a
4	matter on blind faith that it's going to be
5	designed in an appropriate way, when part of what
6	we're dealing with is a 3-dimensional massing
7	that's sort of irregularity the vernacularness
8	of this house. And I'm troubled by this kind of
9	open-endedness at this moment in time up against
10	the demolition delay permit which is
11	necessitating a vote to refer. And I would love
12	to see more continued comment, evaluation of the
13	building than has happened at this point with
14	this new plan on the table.
15	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Yes, Margaret?
16	MARGARET FABER: I'm sorry. Yeah, so I
17	agree with Sara completely and I'm wondering if
18	we do refer it to the Attorney General's Office
19	won't the conversation continue there?
20	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Todd?
21	TODD LEVINE: Of course. Yes, it will.
22	MARGARET FABER: Right. Thank you.
23	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Anyone else? Yes,
24	Christine.
25	CHRISTINE NELSON: Unfortunately

without knowing what truly what the alternative is to the destruction of the exterior of the house I don't see that we have a choice other than to refer it to the Attorney General for further conversation.

The Historic Preservation Board found the house is still reasonable, that it's still contributing to the resource as a whole. And the alternative that was presented is really not a plan. It's basically a concept for which the conversation about its feasibility is -- it seems to be hopeful that there's some feasibility but it doesn't seem to be a necessary alternative to the destruction, and so I'm having a hard time seeing it as preservation despite Mr. Glazer's history and experience and passion for doing so.

ANDY GLAZER: If I could ask a question to all of you, what exactly would you call preservation? Just somebody give me an idea.

Windows, roofs, new shingles, siding, doorknobs.

I mean with all due respect to all of you, you know, I appreciate what you're doing and what you believe in because I do believe in that, but you really do not understand and no one can define for me, not Tod Bryant with all due respect to

him, what exactly preservation is. It's easy when you have a very clean structure. In this case where you've got multiple iterations and just because it was done in a 1920 or 40 or 50 or 60 does not make it, you know, viable in terms of what Lee Grant was talking about which is, you know, the historic area of Silvermine back then, and I do believe it is a 17 period structure.

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I mean this is a very subjective conversation that does not work in the field at all and, you know, again I'm going to -- you can go to the Attorney General, I really don't care. I'm going to follow this process the way I know I'm legally entitled to do, I'm -- you know, work and I'm agreeing to work with Todd if you will, Levine, and to that extent David and Brad, but I know this process better than most without sounding like a complete egotistical because I've done it. I've stood there and looked at how to make these things work and still maintain them. And it's a lot easier to stand far away and look through the window and make comments and judgments on things that people do without actually have to do the work with the cost of it, with the understanding of it and with the

workmanship that you have to do to preserve these things.

So it's a little frustrating, you know, and I know it's all well-intended, but you people are not in the field and you really -- not any of you can really define what's a legitimate preservation restoration. The secretary guidelines are very clear and I've read them all and I work with them closely and I will work with them closely on this one, but I am not going to be swayed by the Attorney General or anyone else who really has not participated in this process to do what is right by the historic nature of the structure or by building a viable house on a property that has to fit into a larger area that we're doing here.

KATHLEEN MAHER: And Tom? It's Kathy.

CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Yes, Kathy.

KATHLEEN MAHER: So I appreciate your passion, Mr. Glazer. Don't assume you're the only one that's in the trenches. But in light of that the conclusion of the National Register states regardless of changes over time the area retains cohesive 18th/19th Century representation existing in the built character of Silvermine.

1 So if there's no problem with you 2 taking this conversation to the Attorney General I recommend that we make the decision now. 3 4 ANDY GLAZER: And what is the Attorney 5 General going to do? 6 BRIDE SCHIDE: Well, Todd should weigh in on this. 7 8 TODD LEVINE: Yeah, I'm happy to kind 9 of go over it with you, Andy, but what is on the 10 table right now is that this body would be voting 11 to refer the matter to the Attorney General's 12 The Attorney General's Office would then 13 begin their own investigation on whether they have a prudent and feasible alternative to 14 15 demolition and if they do so potentially to put a 16 temporary or permanent injunction on the 17 destruction of the National Register resource. 18 BRAD SCHIDE: And I should just add, 19 append that, is what we typically do when the 20 Attorney General is involved doing his research 21 we all work together with the owner to try to 22 firm up and revise and get to what is feasible. 23 What Mr. Glazer has been talking about 24 is means and methods, once you get out in the 25 field there are things that you change and, you

know, again usually when the Attorney General is involved it usually does bring everybody together to look at possible solutions. So I thought I'd add that.

BETH ACLY: I thing as a commission here we have a pretty black and white decision to make whereas when it goes to the Attorney General the gray areas can be looked at a little more.

Is that fair?

ANDY GLAZER: I'm not sure what that means.

TODD LEVINE: Well, what it means is this body's role is to refer or not to refer.

It's binary. When we get to the Attorney

General's Office there is -- after it's referred to the Attorney General's Office and they do their investigation and you and I, Andy, will continue to try to find a solution that does not include the destruction of the resource. And there is some certainly negotiations through that process. That's what she means by, you know, a little more gray area.

ANDY GLAZER: I mean to be clear I am responding to the report that was written that said essentially there were three historic

1	elements that were definable in the structure;
2	foundation, floor boards, chimney. All those
3	will be part of my renovation plan. And quite
4	honestly if I pull my demo permit, which it will
5	be my intent, again I'm going to go through
6	you can refer whatever you want to the Attorney
7	General but I'm not asking to demolish a house.
8	Right?
9	TODD LEVINE: That would be correct.
10	Even if it's my understanding, and I'll refer
11	I'll talk to the Attorney General's Office to
12	make sure I'm correct on this, but if you
13	withdraw the demolition permit application which
14	you have ongoing
15	ANDY GLAZER: Right.
16	TODD LEVINE: and you know, we would
17	talk to the municipality to make sure it resets
18	the 120 days because if you come back in a month
19	from now saying you know what, I'm going back
20	with the demo permit
21	ANDY GLAZER: Yeah, I get that.
22	TODD LEVINE: the clock would not
23	continue. You would reside to 120
24	ANDY GLAZER: Understood.
25	TODD LEVINE: frankly. Then our

1 role here will be, you know, other than technical 2 assistance which we would be happy to continue to 3 provide to you, Andy, as you endeavor to save as 4 much as you can. 5 ANDY GLAZER: Yep. 6 TODD LEVINE: You know, there is no longer a lawsuit I believe. 7 8 ANDY GLAZER: Yeah. 9 TODD LEVINE: You withdraw the 10 demolition permit, you're no longer doing 11 destruction. 12 ANDY GLAZER: Yeah. And then I feel 13 quite honestly it would fall back on the 14 departments that I have to get approval from to 15 you. 16 Now, having said that I have no problem 17 with showing you, David, Brad what I'm doing 18 because I do value that insight and I'm not 19 looking, you know, with all due respect to Tod 20 Bryant, I am not here to surreptitiously come up 21 with a way to go around and, you know, and do 22 this. I take huge offense given the work I've 23 done with that type of comment. And I would 24 commit to, you know, to talking to you, Todd, to

the time -- I know you're busy, or David and Brad

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1	too as representatives of the state to show them
2	what I'm doing and listen to their ideas too.
3	Like I say, I don't have all the answers on this
4	one. I don't.
5	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Sara, you had a
6	question or a statement?
7	SARA NELSON: The only thing that I was
8	going to say is just going back to what it is
9	that we're charged with considering are there
10	pertinent feasible alternatives to demolition and
11	that is the basis by which we refer. And the
12	whole conversation today has involved that there
13	are probably many different pertinent feasible
14	alternatives to demolition, and I feel at this
15	point it's a simple matter of referral.
16	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Yes, Margaret?
17	MARGARET FABER: I couldn't agree more.
18	I see several feasible and prudent alternatives
19	to demolition and I feel much more comfortable
20	referring this to the Attorney General.
21	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Any other council
22	members? Marguerite?
23	MARGUERITE CARNELL: Tom, this is
24	Marguerite. I do agree with Margaret and with
25	Sara. I would also like to observe that it's

sometimes difficult for the public to understand that changes over time, iterative changes over time take on their own historical significance and so while I understand Mr. Glazer's instinct to you back to sort of the purity of, you know, what is the structure telling me, and in this case it's very muddy because there have be so many iterative changes. And although they may not all be aesthetically pleasing and they may not all have the same significance, I would like to encourage the applicant to consider some of the 1920s changes as acquiring their own significance over time as part of the Colonial revival movement.

ANDY GLAZER: I do that in every project I do because the projects I do date from all different times. And even when they are step-by-step, and with the tavern that was clearly the case. It did not look like Mt.

Vernon when it was originally built as the cotton factory. You work with what you have, you honor the best way you can in these sort of multi-iteration types of structure. As we say, you know, if it's Washington's headquarters in Princeton, well, that's pretty easy. It looks

like, it looks like it would look like.

And again in this case it's more of a, okay, what do we find here. It is a bit archeological where you're trying to understand what happened. In many cases people have cut headers, chopped out all kinds of structural elements and compromised. Are they legitimate or not. And then to that extent if we're treating all these iterations as pieces of history, well, they are. Unfortunately we're working in the aesthetic world too and the structural world of okay, well, they may be representative of a time but they sure as hell weren't a good representative of a time. They just didn't honor the original things.

My take on historical preservation is that the original structure is the original structures and to the extent that I can find them and work with them that happens to be my sort of mission with these. And if I'm lucky enough to get one where it's there, it's great. And then sometimes you have to dig and see. In this case we'll see if there are beams and corner posts and part of a post and beam that would have been part of a 1750s house, you can bet they'll still be

there as we continue to go through the support system of leaving them up and then working with them. But again, this is a field situation where you have to see what's there. We've all looked. We can only see so much.

CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Are there any other questions?

Okay. Mr. Glazer, I have a question for you. I know it's been asked and you've answered it but given the discussion in the last five or ten minutes I guess I feel I need to ask it again. Having heard the council members is there any way you'd be willing to delay the demolition of the building and work with staff to develop a feasible and prudent alternative to demolition?

ANDY GLAZER: That sounds like a motion. I would -- here's what I would agree to.

A, I will agree to pull my demolition permit. B,

I will work on my plans and consult and both

present to as I said, Todd, David and Brad as the representatives who have some understanding of the project, you know, where I am, what it might look like and quite honestly, get into work on the main box structure that we're all talking

1 Have them to the extent of their ability 2 come out to the site and look at and see what we have there and how we can make it work relative 3 4 to the plan we're working on. If you want me to 5 formally write that I'm happy to formally write 6 that. LEE GRANT: May I ask a question? 7 8 ANDY GLAZER: Fine with me, Lee. 9 LEE GRANT: Am I allowed to ask a 10 question? 11 CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Mrs. Grant, you can 12 ask the question but the Council is not obligated 13 to respond. 14 LEE GRANT: Okay. I'm just asking Mr. 15 Glazer would you take the building entirely down 16 to just the frame if you are working on it or 17 what is -- I have not seen any plan from you on 18 what would happen to it and we all know that you 19 had some very bad luck with a building you took 20 down to the frame in New Canaan which blew down 21 in a thunderstorm. So I am concerned that that 22 sort of thing not happen again. 23 ANDY GLAZER: Yeah, I'm not even going 24 to address that, Lee. You don't even understand 25 all the particulars on that project and I don't

1	need to explain. All the renovation work, all
2	the restoration work I've done, that was a unique
3	one. We were trying to do a high wire act there
4	to save a building that never should have been
5	saved because it was structurally deficient. And
6	we were trying to do something that cost a
7	tremendous amount and did not work. So that is
8	not the case, this has no relation to the that
9	and, you know I don't know. That's all I'm
10	going to say. That's ridiculous.
11	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Thank you. It's 10
12	to 1:00. I'm going to follow up with council
13	members.
14	Council members, do you feel there's
15	sufficient information to vote to refer this
16	matter to the Office of the Attorney General to
17	prevent unreasonable destruction of this historic
18	property? That is the motion that is in front of
19	us. So let me take a rollcall vote.
20	Beth Acly?
21	BETH ACLY: Aye.
22	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Beth Burgess?
23	BETH BURGESS: Aye.
24	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Marguerite Carnell?
25	MARGUERITE CARNELL: Aye.
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1	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: I abstain.
2	Margaret Faber?
3	MARGARET FABER: Aye.
4	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Leah Glaser? I'm
5	sorry, she's left. She left at 12:15.
6	Kathy Maher?
7	KATHLEEN MAHER: Aye.
8	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Christine Nelson?
9	CHRISTINE NELSON: Aye.
10	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Sara Nelson?
11	SARA NELSON: Aye.
12	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Sarah Sportman?
13	SARAH SPORTMAN: Aye.
14	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: And Ellen Zoppo.
15	ELLEN ZOPPO: Yes.
16	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Very good. The
17	motion passes. The motion has been referred to
18	the Office of the Attorney General.
19	Todd, will you please follow up with
20	Mr. Glazer and outline the process this point
21	forward with him?
22	TODD LEVINE: Yes.
23	Andy, I'll call you in a minute.
24	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: If there's no
25	further business and no objection I'd like a

1	motion to adjourn the meeting.
2	SARA NELSON: So moved.
3	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Who was that?
4	SARA NELSON: That was Sara, Sara
5	Nelson.
6	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Thank you.
7	MARGUERITE CARNELL: Marguerite.
8	Second.
9	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Thank you. And then
10	final rollcall vote of today's long meeting.
11	Beth Acly?
12	BETH ACLY: Aye.
13	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Beth Burgess?
14	BETH BURGESS: Aye.
15	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Marguerite Carnell?
16	MARGUERITE CARNELL: Aye.
17	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: I abstain.
18	Margaret Faber?
19	MARGARET FABER: Aye.
20	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Leah Glaser? Oops,
21	sorry, she's gone. That's what I get for not
22	crossing her out.
23	Kathy Maher?
24	KATHLEEN MAHER: Aye.
25	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Christine Nelson?
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CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Sara Nelson? SARA NELSON: Aye. CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Sarah Sportman? SARAH SPORTMAN: Aye. CHAIR TOM ELMORE: And Ellen Zoppo. CHAIR TOM ELMORE: And Ellen Zoppo. Bellen? Okay. Very good. Thank you everybody. Meeting is adjourned. (Proceedings concluded.) (Proceedings concluded.) 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	1	CHRISTINE NELSON: Aye.
CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Sarah Sportman? SARAH SPORTMAN: Aye. CHAIR TOM ELMORE: And Ellen Zoppo. Ellen? Okay. Very good. Thank you everybody. Meeting is adjourned. (Proceedings concluded.) (Proceedings concluded.) 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	2	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Sara Nelson?
SARAH SPORTMAN: Aye. CHAIR TOM ELMORE: And Ellen Zoppo. CHAIR TOM	3	SARA NELSON: Aye.
CHAIR TOM ELMORE: And Ellen Zoppo. Ellen? Okay. Very good. Thank you everybody. Meeting is adjourned. (Proceedings concluded.) 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	4	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: Sarah Sportman?
7 Ellen? 8 Okay. Very good. Thank you everybody. 9 Meeting is adjourned. 10 (Proceedings concluded.) 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	5	SARAH SPORTMAN: Aye.
8 Okay. Very good. Thank you everybody. 9 Meeting is adjourned. 10 (Proceedings concluded.) 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	6	CHAIR TOM ELMORE: And Ellen Zoppo.
9 Meeting is adjourned. 10 (Proceedings concluded.) 11	7	Ellen?
10 (Proceedings concluded.) 11	8	Okay. Very good. Thank you everybody.
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	9	Meeting is adjourned.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	10	(Proceedings concluded.)
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7	MEETING held before Thomas Elmore, Chair, in the
8	matter of 1 Old Kings Highway, Norwalk,
9	Connecticut, via Zoom Videoconference connection
10	on May 5, 2021.
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13	Suzanne Benoit, Transcriber Date: 05/20/2021
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