

February 8, 2022

Ref: 42889.00

Mr. Brad Parsons Director of Design and Permitting Verogy 150 Trumbull Street, 4th Floor Hartford, CT 06103

Re: Wetland and Watercourse Delineation Report North Haven Solar One Portion of Parcel ID No. 009 700 Middletown Avenue, North Haven, CT

Dear Mr. Parsons,

At your request, Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc. (VHB) completed an on-site investigation to delineate the limits and extents of wetlands and watercourses for at the North Haven Solar One project property (Herein referred to as, 'Project Site' or 'Site'), located at 700 Middletown Avenue, North Haven, CT. The delineation was conducted pursuant to the Connecticut Inlands Wetlands and Watercourse Act as implemented under the Town of North Haven, Connecticut Inland Wetlands and Watercourse Regulations¹ (IWW Regulations). This report includes descriptions of site conditions, photographic documentation (Appendix A), and a Delineated Wetlands Map displaying the inland wetlands and watercourses identified within the Project Site.

BACKGROUND AND DUE DILIGENCE

Prior to visiting the Project Site, VHB performed a desktop review to evaluate existing conditions. Sources reviewed included: the U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey²; the CTECO Map Viewer³ to view the Connecticut Department of Energy and

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Engineers | Scientists | Planners | Designers

¹ Town of North Haven, CT. Regulations for the Protection and Preservation of the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses. Amended 1997.

² United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey.

³ Connecticut Environmental Conditions Online (CTECO) Map Viewer.



Environmental Protection (CTDEEP) wetlands data sets; and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) mapper⁴ to review the NWI wetland data set.

The 10-acre Project Site is located in the northeastern corner of a larger (124-acre) property located at 700 Middletown Avenue in the Town of North Haven, CT, Parcel ID No. 009 (Figure 1). The Project Site is a mix of active agricultural field and undeveloped woodland, which is bound to the north by residential properties, to the west by Mill Road, to the south by undeveloped woodland and to the east by an active agricultural field and the Muddy River.

Topography, Surface Waters and Soils

Topography onsite is split into two main sections: the majority of the Project Site generally slopes to the southeast from the north and west towards the Muddy River (Figure 2); while the northeast portion of the Site slopes to the west. Elevations range from 88 feet in the southern-central portion of the Site to 32 feet in the far southeastern corner of the Site. There is also a potential vernal pool located in the northwest side of the Site, adjacent to Mill Road.

As shown on Figure 3, the NRCS Web Soil Survey identified six different soil map units within the Project Site. A VHB soil scientist was able to generally confirm the presence of all six map units listed in Table 1, below.

Map Unit Symbol	NRCS Soil Map Unit	Landform	Drainage Class
5	Wilbraham silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Ground moraines, drumlins, hills, drainageways, depressions	Poorly drained
37C	Manchester gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes	Terraces, outwash plains, kames, eskers	Excessively drained
69B	Yalesville fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Ridges, hills	Well drained
77D	Cheshire-Holyoke complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very rocky	Till plains, hills	Well drained
78C	Holyoke-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes	Ridges, hills	Well drained
102	Pootatuck fine sandy loam	Flood plains (alluvium)	Moderately well drained

TABLE 1: NRCS Soils Identified Onsite

⁴ United States Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) mapper.



Wetlands

The NWI mapper wetland dataset identifies freshwater palustrine forested wetlands located within the western and southern portions of the Project Site (Figure 4). The CTDEEP wetland dataset identifies hydric soils along the western portion of the Project Site and alluvial and floodplain soils at the southeastern corner.

FIELD DELINEATED WETLANDS AND WATERCOURSES

VHB delineated wetlands within the Project Site on December 23, 2021.

Wetlands subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) are identified following criteria provided in the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region.* These criteria include dominance of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and evidence of wetland hydrology.

In contrast, the Connecticut Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Act (§22a-38 CGS) identifies wetlands as soils which are poorly or very poorly drained, or alluvial and/or floodplain soils. The Act also defines the term watercourses very broadly to mean rivers, streams, brooks, waterways, lakes, ponds, marshes, swamps, bogs and all other bodies of water, natural or artificial, vernal or intermittent, public or private. Intermittent watercourses are identified by a defined permanent channel and bank and the occurrence of two or more of the following characteristics:

- Evidence of scour or deposits of recent alluvium or detritus;
- The presence of standing or flowing water for a duration longer than a particular storm incident; and,
- The presence of hydrophytic vegetation.

Wetlands Description

As shown on Figure 5, VHB delineated three on-site freshwater wetlands. There were no watercourses identified within the Project Site.

Wetland classifications used to identify the type of wetland(s) occurring on the project site are based on guidance from the USFWS (Cowardin et.al. 1979)⁵. These are further qualified with the Hydrogeomorphic Method of wetland classification (Brinson, 1993)⁶.

⁵ Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet and E.T. LaRoe, 1979. Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Washington, D.C. FWS/OBS-79/31.

⁶ Brinson, M.M. 1993. A Hydrogeomorphic Classification for Wetlands. Tech. Rpt.WRP-DE-4, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, MS.



Please refer to Appendix B for USACE Wetland Delineation Data Forms which detail the evidence of hydrology, vegetation and soils present within each wetland.

Wetland 1

Wetland 1 consists of a freshwater palustrine forested slope wetland system (USFWS Class: PFO1E) and was delineated with an open loop of flags numbered WF1-099 to WF1-133 (see Photos 1 through 5 in Attachment A). This groundwater slope wetland is located along the northeastern side of the property, which is where the topography slopes to the west. The wetland is on a mild incline and drains into a ~12" corrugated metal culvert located in the far southwestern corner, which flows to the west under Mill Road. A stormwater drainage ditch is located at the southwestern corner of the wetland and appears to drain stormwater surface flow from the portion of the adjacent farm field located to the southeast. This wetland is fed by groundwater discharge and surface runoff from the farm field located to the east, the residential properties to the north and from Mill Road to the west. Soils within the wetland classified as Yalesville fine sandy loam well drained soil series. Dominate vegetation within this wetland community is outlined in Table 2, below.

Wetland 1 contains a Potential Cryptic Vernal Pool (PVP-1) located within a depressional area in the southern portion of the wetland, as shown on the attached Figure 5. The extent of PVP-1 was delineated in the field with a closed loop of flags numbered PVP1-100 to PVP1-120 (see Photos 3 through 5 in Attachment A). The delineation was performed during the colder winter months, and therefore there was no evidence during the site visit of the ecological species required to be present in order to verify its potential status as a vernal pool. The cryptic nature is due to multiple pooling areas potentially supporting amphibian breeding within the limits of the overall PVP we have identified on the figure that is within the larger boundary of a freshwater wetland.

Vegetation

Table 2 below provides a list of dominant vegetation species found on site. Due to the winter conditions, vegetation identification was limited.

Trees and Saplings							
Scientific	Common	Indicator	Upland	Wetland			
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	FAC	-	Х			
Quercus bicolor	Swamp White Oak	FACW	-	Х			
Shrubs / Herbaceous Plants							
Scientific	Common	Indicator	Upland	Wetland			
Lindera benzoin	Northern Spicebush	FACW	-	Х			
Cornus amomum	Silky Dogwood	FACW	-	Х			
Symplocarpus foetidus	Skunk cabbage	OBL	-	Х			
Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive fern	FACW	-	Х			

TABLE 2: Dominant Plant Species in Wetland 1



Despite the presence of well drained soils, soils plots taken in the field identified the soil as hydric under Federal criteria⁷ and wetland plant and hydrological indicators were present. As such, this wetland area is subject to the North Haven IWW Regulations and USACE jurisdiction under Section 404. Soils similar to the Yalesville series were observed in auger point samples taken within the wetland.

Wetland 2

Wetland 2 consists of a freshwater palustrine forested slope wetland system (USFWS Class: PFO1E) and was delineated with an open loop of flags numbered WF2-100 to WF12-106 (see Photos 6 and 7 in Attachment A). This groundwater slope wetland is located at the southeastern corner of the property, which is where the topography slopes to the south and east. The wetland is on a mild incline and drains to the south into the Muddy River located outside of the Project area. This wetland is fed by groundwater discharge and surface runoff from upland forested areas to the northwest and the farm field located to the north. Soils within the wetland classified as Pootatuck fine sandy moderately well drained soil series. Dominate vegetation within this wetland community is outlined in Table 3, below.

Vegetation

Table 3 below provides a list of dominant vegetation species found on site. Due to the winter conditions, vegetation identification was limited.

Trees and Saplings							
Scientific	Common	Indicator	Upland	Wetland			
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	FAC	-	Х			
Shrubs / Herbaceous Plants							
Scientific	Common	Indicator	Upland	Wetland			
Lindera benzoin	Northern Spicebush	FACW	-	Х			
Cornus amomum	Silky Dogwood	FACW	-	Х			
Symplocarpus foetidus	Skunk cabbage	OBL	-	Х			
Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive fern	FACW	-	Х			

TABLE 3: Dominant Plant Species in Wetland 2

Soils plots taken in the field identified the soil as hydric under Federal criteria and wetland plant and hydrological indicators were present. Wetland 2 also consists of alluvial flood-plain soils and are considered wetlands under the IWW Regulatory definition. This wetland area is subject to the North Haven IWW Regulations and USACE jurisdiction under Section 404. Soils similar to the Pootatuck series

⁷: United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2018. Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, Version 8.2. L.M. Vasilas, G.W. Hurt, and J.F. Berkowitz (eds.). USDA, NRCS, in cooperation with the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils.



were observed in auger point samples and the edge of the alluvium was identified assisted by a change in slope at the outwash terrace contact.

Wetland 3

Wetland 3 consists of a freshwater palustrine forested slope wetland system (USFWS Class: PFO1E) and was delineated with an open loop of flags numbered WF3-100 to WF3-121 (see Photos 8 and 9 in Attachment A). This groundwater slope wetland is located along the northeastern side of the property, which is where the topography slopes to the south and east. The wetland is on a moderate incline and drains into the southeastern corner of the wetland where it discharges to a farm field and access road outside of the Project area. There is no evidence of a stream channel inside Wetland 3 but the discharge does appear to concentrate and form a stream immediately offsite to the southeast. The flow appears to continue to the southeast where it ultimately drains into the Muddy River. This wetland is fed by groundwater discharge and surface runoff from the farm field to the west and forested areas to the north. Soils within the wetland classified as Wilbraham silt loam poorly drained soil series. Dominate vegetation within this wetland community is outlined in Table 4, below.

Vegetation

Table 4 below provides a list of dominant vegetation species found on site. Due to the winter conditions, vegetation identification was limited.

Trees and Saplings							
Scientific	Common	Indicator	Upland	Wetland			
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	FAC	-	Х			
Quercus bicolor	Swamp White Oak	FACW	-	Х			
Shrubs / Herbaceous Pla	ants						
Scientific	Common	Indicator	Upland	Wetland			
Lindera benzoin	Northern Spicebush	FACW	-	Х			
Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive fern	FACW	-	Х			

TABLE 4: Dominant Plant Species in Wetland 3

Soil plots taken in the field identified the soil as hydric under Federal criteria and wetland plant and hydrological indicators were present. Wetland 3 also consists of poorly drained soils and are considered wetlands under the IWW Regulatory definition. This wetland area is subject to the North Haven IWW Regulations and USACE jurisdiction under Section 404. Soils similar to the Wilbraham series were observed in auger point samples taken within the wetland.

Uplands

Uplands are present across the majority of the site and largely consist of active farm fields. Forested uplands are also present in the southern-central, southwestern, northeastern, and northwestern portions of the site. A band of strongly sloping Holyoke-Rock outcrop complex bisects the majority of the Project



area from southwest to northeast, which is the high point of the site. The uplands transition to the southeast into Cheshire-Holyoke complex and then eventually into a Manchester gravelly sandy loam at the far southeastern portion of the site. In the northwest, a Yalesville fine sandy loam slopes to the southwest and offsite. The majority of the Holyoke-Rock outcrop and Manchester gravelly sand complexes onsite are being used as active farm fields. The majority of the Cheshire-Holyoke complex and Yalesville series consist of forested area.

Vegetation

The majority of vegetation within uplands in the Project site consists of farmed corn (*Zea mays*). The forested areas were inclusive of herbaceous cover but were largely dominated by mature canopy trees. Dominant upland species are outlined in Table 5 – Dominant Upland Vegetation for a summary of species identified.

TABLE 5: Dominant Upland Plant Species

Trees and Saplings						
Scientific	Common	Indicator	Upland	Wetland		
Zea mays	Corn	-	-	-		
Quercus rubra	Northern red oak	FACU	х	-		
Quercus alba	White oak	FACU	Х	-		

SOIL MAP TYPES

A brief description of each of the six soil map units identified on the project site is presented below, including information from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) soil descriptions⁸.

Upland Soils

Manchester gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes (37C)

Manchester Soils

The Manchester series consists of very deep, excessively drained soils formed in sandy and gravelly glacial outwash and stratified drift. They are nearly level to steep soils on outwash plains, terraces, kames, deltas and eskers. Slope ranges from 0 to 45 percent. Saturated hydraulic conductivity is high or very high in the surface layer and subsoil, and very high in the substratum.

⁸ United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) soil descriptions. Internet site: https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/survey/).



Yalesville fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes (69B)

Yalesville Soils

The Yalesville series consists of moderately deep, well drained soils formed in a loamy till. They are nearly level to moderately steep soils on hills and ridges. Slope ranges from 0 to 50 percent. Saturated hydraulic conductivity is moderately high or high in the solum and high in the substratum. Depth to bedrock ranges from 51 to 102 cm.

Cheshire-Holyoke complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very rocky (77D)

Cheshire soils

The Cheshire series consists of very deep, well drained loamy soils formed in supraglacial till on uplands. They are nearly level through very steep soils on till plains and hills. Slope ranges from 0 through 60 percent. Saturated hydraulic conductivity is moderately high or high throughout.

Holyoke soils

The Holyoke series consists of shallow, well drained and somewhat excessively drained soils formed in a thin mantle of till derived mainly from basalt and red sandstone, conglomerate, and shale. They are nearly level to very steep soils on bedrock controlled ridges and hills. Slope ranges from 0 to 60 percent. Saturated hydraulic conductivity is moderately high to very high. Depth to hard bedrock ranges from 25 to 50 cm.

Holyoke-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes (78C)

The Holyoke series is described above.

Wetland Soils

Wilbraham silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes (5)

The Wilbraham series consists of poorly drained loamy soils formed in red lodgment till. These soils are very deep to bedrock and moderately deep to a densic contact. They are nearly level to gently sloping soils in drainageways and depressions of hills and drumlins. Slope ranges from 0 to 8 percent. Saturated hydraulic conductivity is moderately high in the surface layer and subsoil and low or moderately low in the dense substratum.

Pootatuck fine sandy loam (102)

The Pootatuck series consists of very deep, moderately well drained loamy soils formed in alluvial sediments. They are nearly level soils on floodplains subject to frequent to occasional flooding. Slope ranges from 0 to 3 percent. Saturated hydraulic conductivity is moderately high or high in the loamy upper layers and high or very high in the sandy substratum.



CONCLUSION

In summary, VHB delineated three wetlands and one potential cryptic vernal pool located within the 10-acre property, which are regulated by the Town of North Haven Inland Wetland Commission. The majority of the Project site is made up of uplands with regulated wetlands located in the northwest portion of the site, at the far southeast corner and along the majority of the western side.

If you have any questions or require additional assistance, please feel free to contact me at (860) 634-1878.

Sincerely, Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.

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Eric A. Olson Senior Wetland Scientist eolson@vhb.com

Jeffrey Shamas, CSS, SPWS, CE Director, Environmental Services jshamas@vhb.com

Figures:

Figure 1 – USGS Site Location Map

Figure 2 – Site Topography Map

Figure 3 – NRCS Soils Map

Figure 4 – NWI and State Wetland Map

- Figure 5 Delineated Wetlands Map
- Figure 6 FEMA Floodplain Map

Appendices:

Appendix A – Site Photograph Log Appendix B – Wetland Delineation Data Sheets

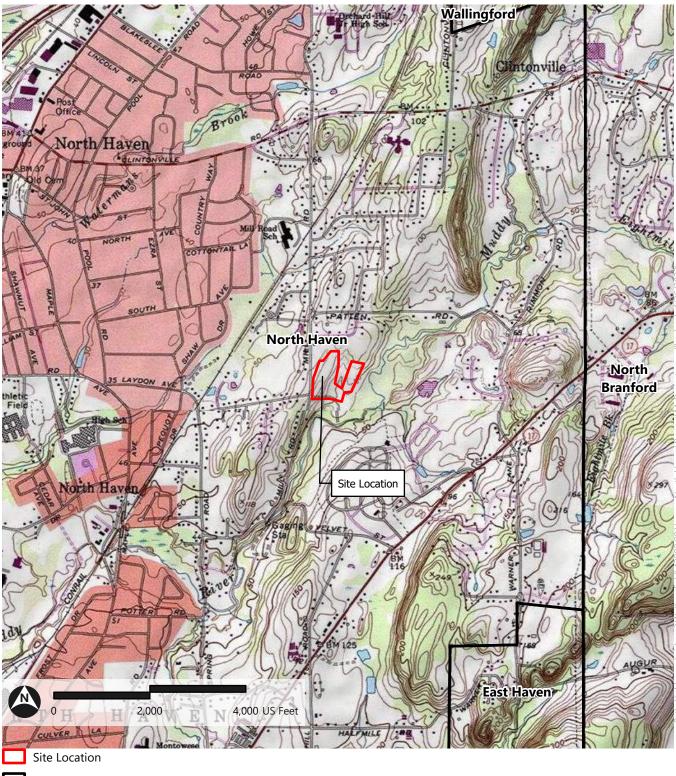


FIGURES

Figure 1: USGS Map

vhb.

Verogy North Haven | North Haven, CT



Town Boundary

Figure 2: Aerial Map Verogy North Haven | North Haven, CT



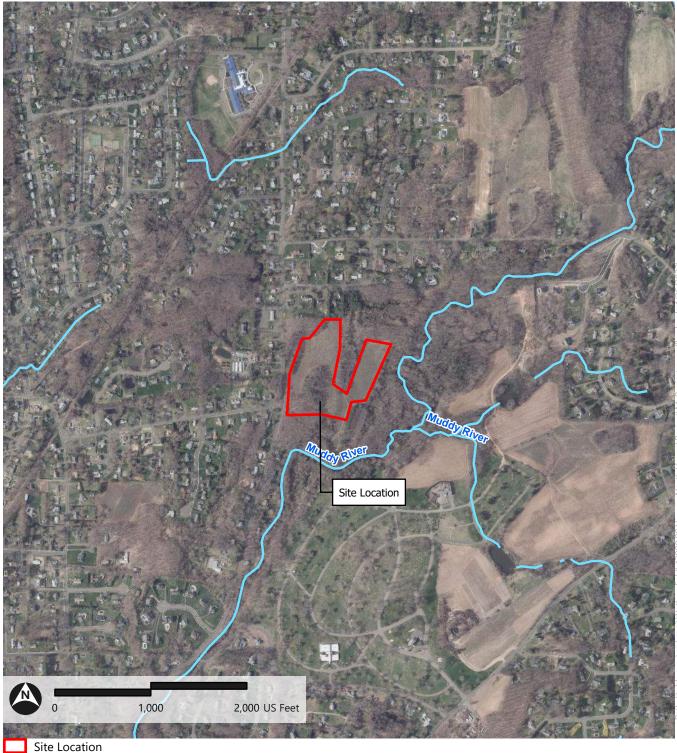


Figure 3: NRCS Soils



Verogy North Haven | North Haven, CT

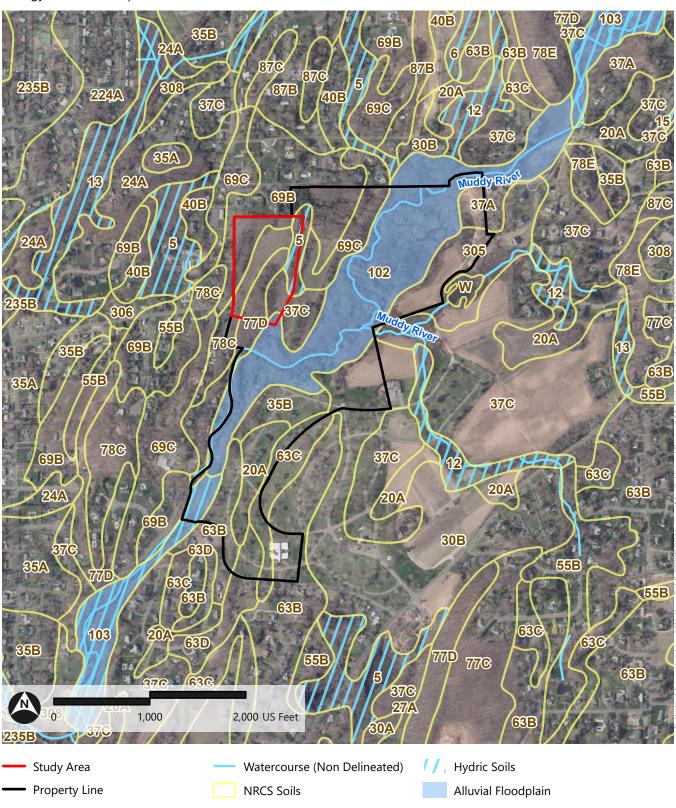


Figure 4: NWI Wetlands



Verogy North Haven | North Haven, CT

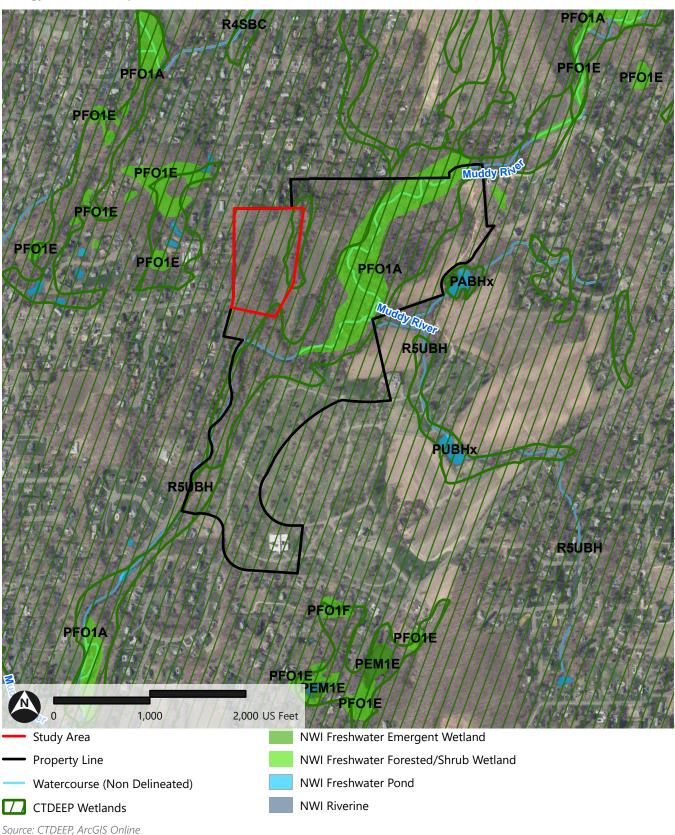
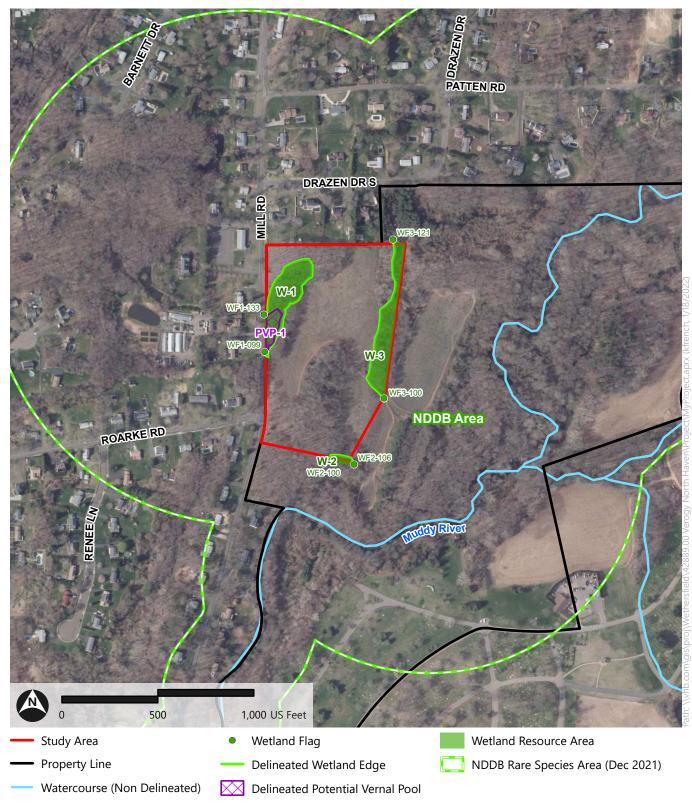


Figure 5: Delineated Wetlands

Verogy North Haven | North Haven, CT



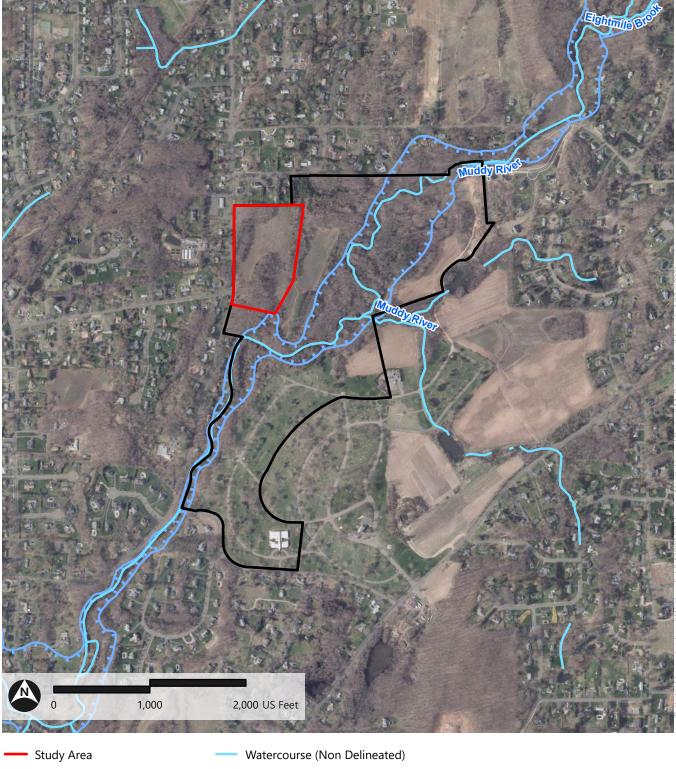


Source: VHB, ArcGIS Online

Figure 6: FEMA

Verogy North Haven | North Haven, CT





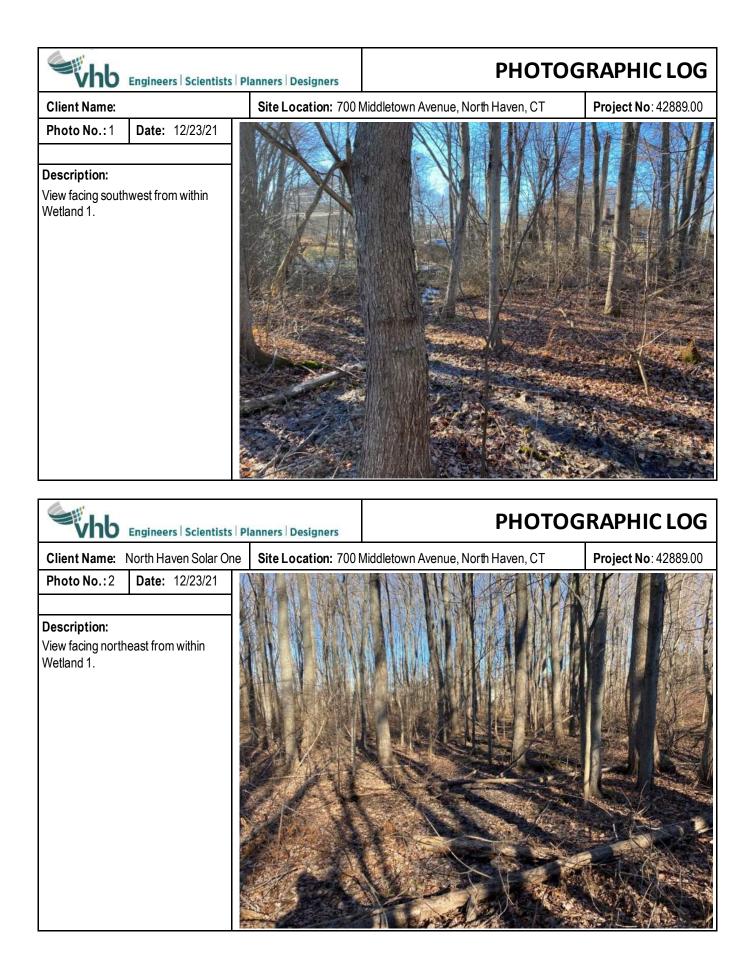
---- Property Line

FEMA 100-Year Floodplain

Source: CTDEEP, ArcGIS Online

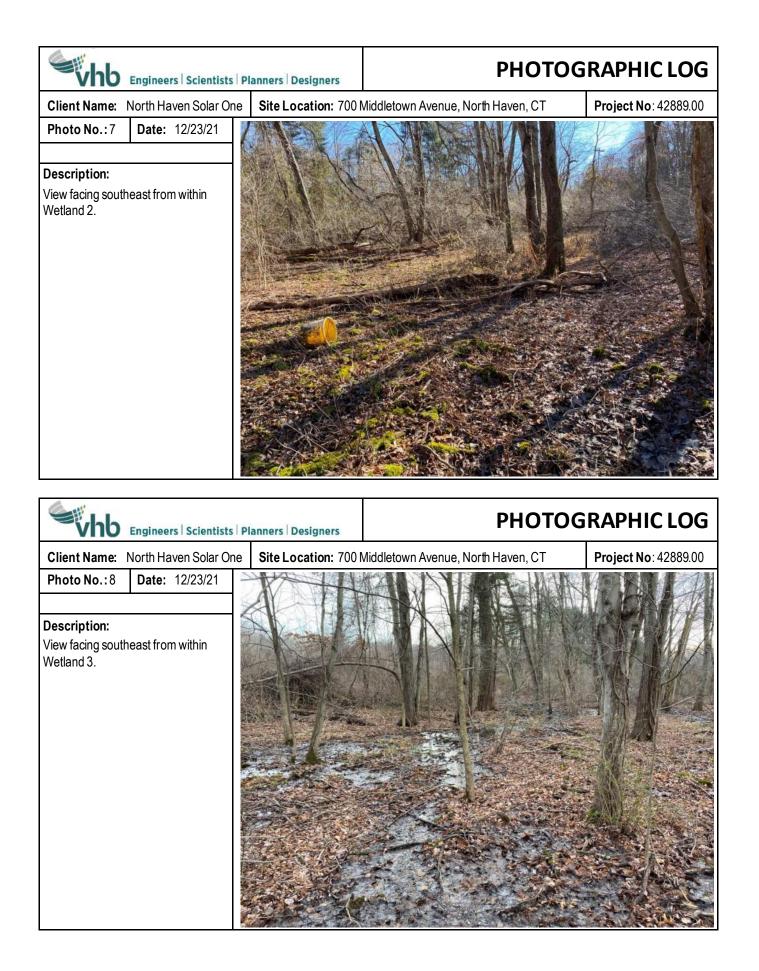


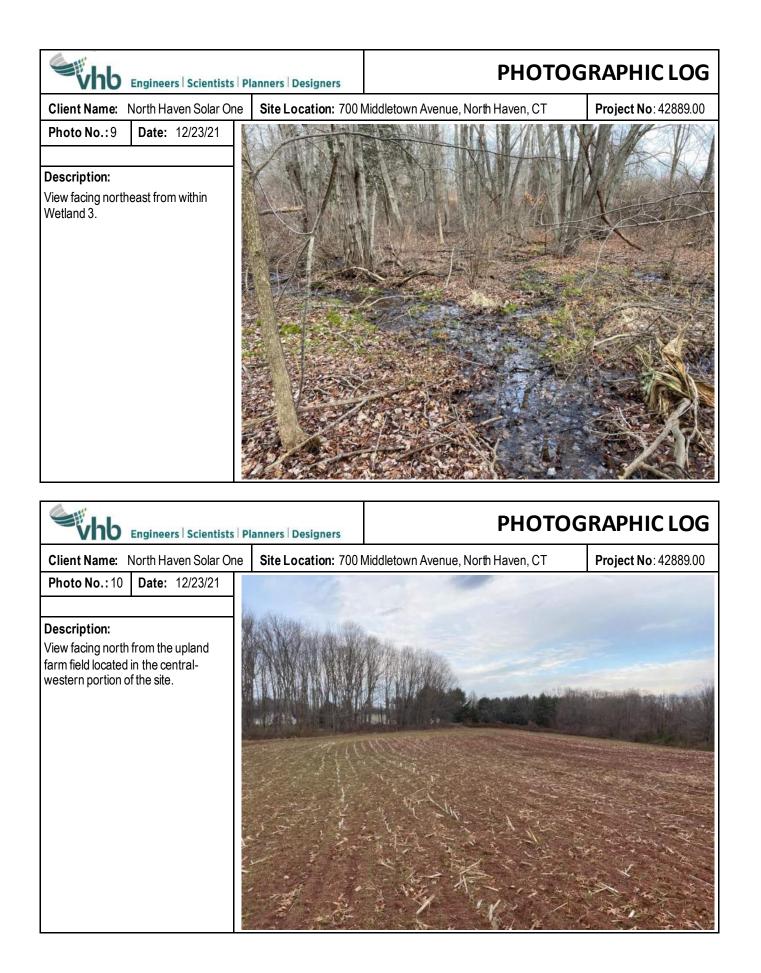
APPENDIX A: SITE PHOTOGRAPH LOG





Engineers Scientists P	anners Designers	рното	GRAPHIC LOG
Client Name: North Haven Solar One	Site Location: 700	Middletown Avenue, North Haven, CT	Project No: 42889.00
Photo No.:5 Date: 12/23/21			
Description: View facing southwest of a corrugated metal outlet culvert pipe located at the far southwestern corner of Wetland 1 and PVP-1, which flows under Mill Road to the west (in background of photo). Note: the pipe appears to be perched above the current water level.			
Engineers Scientists P	anners Designers	РНОТО	GRAPHIC LOG
Client Name: North Haven Solar One	Site Location: 700	Middletown Avenue, North Haven, CT	Project No: 42889.00
Photo No.:6 Date: 12/23/21 Description: View facing southwest from within Wetland 2. View facing southwest from within			







APPENDIX B: USACE WETLAND DELINEATION DATA SHEETS

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Applicant/Owner: <u>Verogy</u> nvestigator(s): <u>Eric Olson, VHB</u> _andform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Slope		City/County. North	laven	Sampling Date: 12/23/2021
				Sampling Point: WPL
		Section, To	wnship, Range:	
	Local r			Slope %: 1
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R, MLR			-72.838086	Datum:
			-	
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Yalesville fine sandy</u>		· · · · ·	NWI classification:	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the s		Yes <u>X</u>		explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hyd			nal Circumstances" pres	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hyd	drologynaturally problemat	tic? (If neede	d, explain any answers i	n Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attac	h site map showing sam	pling point loca	tions, transects, ir	nportant features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X No	Is the Sampled A	rea	
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X No	within a Wetland		No
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X No	If yes, optional We	tland Site ID: Wetland	d 1 - Wet Plot
HYDROLOGY				
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is req			Surface Soil Crack	· ,
X Surface Water (A1)	X Water-Stained Leaves (B	39)	X Drainage Patterns	
X High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		X Moss Trim Lines (I	
X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)	$\mathbf{C}(\mathbf{A})$	Dry-Season Water	
Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C Oxidized Rhizospheres o		Crayfish Burrows (on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron	• • • •	Stunted or Stresse	••••
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in		Geomorphic Positi	
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Shallow Aquitard (
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery ((s)	Microtopographic	
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface			X FAC-Neutral Test	
Field Observations:	. ,			. ,
Surface Water Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches):	12		
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches):	2		
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches):	0 Wetlar	d Hydrology Present?	Yes X No
(includes capillary fringe)				

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: WPL

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:		
1. Acer rubrum	80	Yes	FAC	Number of Dominant Species		
2. Quercus bicolor	20	Yes	FACW	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	6	(A)
3				Total Number of Dominant		
4		·		Species Across All Strata:	6	(B
5		·		Percent of Dominant Species		
6.				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:		_(A
7		Tatal Querra		Prevalence Index worksheet:		
	100	=Total Cover		Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	<u> </u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15	_)		54014	OBL species 10	x 1 = <u>10</u>	
1. Lindera benzoin		Yes	FACW	FACW species 65	x 2 = <u>130</u>	
2. Cornus amomum	15	Yes	FACW	FAC species 80	x 3 = <u>240</u>	
3.				FACU species 0	x 4 =	
4				UPL species 0	x 5 = 0	
5				Column Totals: 155	(A) 380	
6.				Prevalence Index = B/A		
7				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indic	ators:	
	35	=Total Cover		1 - Rapid Test for Hydroph	ytic Vegetation	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				X 2 - Dominance Test is >50	%	
1. Symplocarpus foetidus	10	Yes	OBL	X 3 - Prevalence Index is \leq 3.	0 ¹	
2. <u>Onoclea sensibilis</u> 3.	10	Yes	FACW	4 - Morphological Adaptation data in Remarks or on a	•	
4.		·		Problematic Hydrophytic V	egetation ¹ (Expl	lain)
5 6.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and we be present, unless disturbed or		/ mus
7.				Definitions of Vegetation Stra	ata:	
8.				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6	cm) or more in o	diam
9				at breast height (DBH), regardle		
10				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants	less than 3 in.	DBH
11				and greater than or equal to 3.2	28 ft (1 m) tall.	
12				Herb – All herbaceous (non-wo	odv) plants. red	ardle
	20	=Total Cover		of size, and woody plants less t		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15	_)			Woody vines – All woody vine height.	s greater than 3	.28 f
				neight.		
2				Hydrophytic		
3.				Vegetation	N	
4				Present? Yes X	No	
		=Total Cover				

SOIL

Depth	Matrix		Redo	x Featur	es			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-6	7.5YR 3/2						Loamy/Clayey	Fine sandy loam
6-16	7.5YR 2.5/1		10YR 5/6	10	C	M	Loamy/Clayey	Fine sandy loam
							<u> </u>	
				<u> </u>				
¹ Type: C=Co	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, N	IS=Mask	ed Sand	Grains.	² Location: PL=	Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil Histosol	(A1)		Polyvalue Belc		ce (S8) (I	.RR R,	2 cm Muck	Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
Black Hi	oipedon (A2)		Thin Dark Surf	,				ie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) y Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R `
	n Sulfide (A4)		High Chroma S		-			Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
	d Layers (A5)		Loamy Mucky					Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
	d Below Dark Surface	(A11)	Loamy Gleyed			(1,)		inese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R
	ark Surface (A12)	(((1))	X Depleted Matri		~_)			loodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149
	lucky Mineral (S1)		Redox Dark Su		6)			lic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149
	Bleyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark					Material (F21)
	edox (S5)		Redox Depres		• •			w Dark Surface (F22)
	Matrix (S6)		Marl (F10) (LR	•)			ain in Remarks)
	rface (S7)		iMail (F10) (LK	κ κ , ι)				
³ Indicators of	f hydrophytic vegetati	on and w	etland hydrology mu	ist be pre	esent un	ess distu	rbed or problematic	
Restrictive I	Layer (if observed):							
Type:	achoo);						Hudria Sail Dressort?	
Depth (ir							Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>X</u> No
	m is revised from Nor 2015 Errata. (http://w							ield Indicators of Hydric Soils,

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: North Haven Solar One		City/County: North I	Haven	Sampling Date: 12/23/2021	
Applicant/Owner: Verogy		· · · · <u>· · · ·</u>	State: CT		
Investigator(s): Eric Olson, VHB		Section To	wnship, Range:		
				Slope %: 5	
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R, MI			-72.837254	Datum:	
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Holyoke-Rock ou</u>	crop complex, 3 to 15 percent slope	S	NWI classification		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the	e site typical for this time of year?	Yes X	No (If no,	explain in Remarks.)	
Are Vegetation X, Soil X, or	Hydrologysignificantly disturb	bed? Are "Nor	nal Circumstances" pre	sent? Yes No X	
Are Vegetation X, Soil X, or	Hydrology naturally problema	tic? (If neede	d, explain any answers	in Remarks.)	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Att			tions, transects, i	mportant features, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes No X	Is the Sampled A	r03		
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes No X	within a Wetland		No X	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes No X		etland Site ID: Wetlan	·	
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedu Upland plot located in an active farm fie					
HYDROLOGY					
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators	(minimum of two required)	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is r	equired; check all that apply)		Surface Soil Crac	ks (B6)	
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B	39)	Drainage Patterns	s (B10)	
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		Moss Trim Lines ((B16)	
Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)		Dry-Season Wate	er Table (C2)	
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (0	C1)	Crayfish Burrows	(C8)	
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres o	on Living Roots (C3)	Saturation Visible	on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iro	. ,	Stunted or Stress	ed Plants (D1)	
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in	Tilled Soils (C6)	Geomorphic Posit		
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imager		<s)< td=""><td>Microtopographic</td><td></td></s)<>	Microtopographic		
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surfa	.ce (B8)		FAC-Neutral Test	(D5)	
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present? Yes					
Water Table Present? Yes					
Saturation Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):	wetlan	nd Hydrology Present?	? Yes <u>No X</u>	
(includes capillary fringe)	- menitering well periol photos, pro-	viewe increations) if	aveileble:		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge	s, monitoring well, aerial photos, pre-	vious inspections), if	avallable:		
Remarks:					

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling	Point:	UPL

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1.)	/0 00101	opeoles	Otatus	
2.					Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)
3					Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 1 (B)
5					Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0.0% (A/B
7.					Prevalence Index worksheet:
			=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:	15)				OBL species 0 x 1 = 0
1.					FACW species 0 x 2 = 0
2.					FAC species $0 \times 3 = 0$
3.					FACU species 0 x 4 = 0
4.					UPL species 70 x 5 = 350
5.					Column Totals: 70 (A) 350 (B
6.					Prevalence Index = B/A = 5.00
7.					Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
			=Total Cover		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Zea mays		70	Yes	UPL	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2.					4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supportir
3.					data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4.					Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5.					¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6.					be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7.					Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8 9					Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10					Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
11					and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12.					Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardles:
		70	=Total Cover		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:	15)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft ir height.
2.					
3.					Hydrophytic Vegetation
4.					Vegetation Present? Yes No X
			=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here	e or on a separ	ate sheet.)			

Plot is located in an active farm field. The corn staulks were cut at their base and not present at the time of the delineation.

Profile Description: (Describe to the dep		confirm the absence of indicators.)
Depth Matrix	Redox Features	2 Turbury Damada
(inches) Color (moist) %	Color (moist) % Type ¹ Loc	² Texture Remarks
0-14 5YR 3/3		Loamy/Clayey Fine sandy loam
¹ Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM Hydric Soil Indicators:	=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grain	s. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol (A1)	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R	
Histic Epipedon (A2)	MLRA 149B)	Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black Histic (A3)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLR	
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	High Chroma Sands (S11) (LRR K, L)	
Stratified Layers (A5)	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L	
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, I
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Depleted Matrix (F3)	Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 14
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	Redox Dark Surface (F6)	Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	Red Parent Material (F21)
Sandy Redox (S5)	Redox Depressions (F8)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
Stripped Matrix (S6)	Marl (F10) (LRR K, L)	Other (Explain in Remarks)
Dark Surface (S7)	—	_
³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and w	etland hydrology must be present junless d	isturbed or problematic
Restrictive Layer (if observed):	eacha nyarology maer be present, alless a	
Turner		
Туре:		
Depth (inches):		Hydric Soil Present? Yes No X

Soil plot located in an active, disturbed farm field.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: North Haven Solar One		City/County: North Haven	Sampling Date: 12/23/2021			
Applicant/Owner: Verogy			CT Sampling Point: WPL			
Investigator(s): Eric Olson, VHB		Section, Township, Range:				
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Slope	Local r	elief (concave, convex, none):				
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R, MLF		Long: -72.836924	Datum:			
Soil Map Unit Name: Pootatuck fine san			tion:			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the		Yes <u>X</u> No (If				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or H			present? Yes X No			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or H	/drologynaturally problemation	tic? (If needed, explain any answ	ers in Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Atta	ch site map showing sam	pling point locations, transect	s, important features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X No	Is the Sampled Area				
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X No	within a Wetland? Yes	X No			
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X No	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: We				
HYDROLOGY						
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			ors (minimum of two required)			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is re	· · · · · ·	Surface Soil C	()			
Surface Water (A1)	X Water-Stained Leaves (B Aquatic Fauna (B13)	· · · · ·	X Drainage Patterns (B10)			
High Water Table (A2) X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)		Moss Trim Lines (B16) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)			
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (0					
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres o		ible on Aerial Imagery (C9)			
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iro	n (C4) Stunted or Str	essed Plants (D1)			
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in					
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquit				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery						
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surfac	e (B8)	X FAC-Neutral	Test (D5)			
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes Water Table Present? Yes						
Water Table Present? Yes Saturation Present? Yes	NoXDepth (inches):NoDepth (inches):		ent? Yes X No			
(includes capillary fringe)						
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge,	monitoring well, aerial photos, pre-	vious inspections), if available:				
Remarks:						

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: WPL

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test	worksheet:		
. Acer rubrum	60	Yes	FAC	Number of Domin That Are OBL, FA	•	5	(A
}				Total Number of D Species Across A		5	(E
5.				Percent of Domina That Are OBL, FA	•	100.0%	<u> </u>
7				Prevalence Index	worksheet:		
	60	=Total Cover		Total % Cov	er of:	Multiply b	by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)			OBL species	30 x	.1 =3	0
. Lindera benzoin	20	Yes	FACW	FACW species	45 x	2 = 9	0
Cornus amomum	15	Yes	FACW	FAC species	60 x	3 = 18	30
				FACU species	0 x	4 = ()
				UPL species	0 x	.5= ()
				Column Totals:	135 (/	A) 30	00
j				Prevalence	Index = B/A =		2
				Hydrophytic Veg	etation Indica	tors:	
	35	=Total Cover			t for Hydrophyt		n
lerb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				X 2 - Dominanc		-	
. Symplocarpus foetidus	30	Yes	OBL	X 3 - Prevalence			
2. Onoclea sensibilis	<u></u>	Yes	FACW		ical Adaptatior		eunno
	10	165	TACW		narks or on a s	•	
				Problematic H	lydrophytic Ve	getation ¹ (Ex	cplain
5 5				¹ Indicators of hydr be present, unless			gy mi
				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:			
3.	_			Tree – Woody pla at breast height (I			n dian
				at breast neight (L	DDT), Tegardies	ss of neight.	
10							
10.				Sapling/shrub – and greater than o			
l0 1				and greater than of Herb – All herbac	or equal to 3.28 eous (non-woo	8 ft (1 m) tall dy) plants, r	egard
10		=Total Cover		and greater than o	or equal to 3.28 eous (non-woo	8 ft (1 m) tall dy) plants, r	egard
0 1 2 <u>Voody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size:15		=Total Cover		and greater than of Herb – All herbac	or equal to 3.28 eous (non-woo y plants less th	8 ft (1 m) tall dy) plants, r an 3.28 ft ta	egard II.
10	40	=Total Cover		and greater than of Herb – All herbac of size, and wood Woody vines – A height.	or equal to 3.28 eous (non-woo y plants less th	8 ft (1 m) tall dy) plants, r an 3.28 ft ta	egard II.
10	40)	=Total Cover		and greater than of Herb – All herbac of size, and wood Woody vines – A height.	or equal to 3.28 eous (non-woo y plants less th	8 ft (1 m) tall dy) plants, r an 3.28 ft ta	egard II.
11		=Total Cover		and greater than of Herb – All herbac of size, and wood Woody vines – A height. Hydrophytic Vegetation	or equal to 3.28 eous (non-woo y plants less th	8 ft (1 m) tall dy) plants, r an 3.28 ft ta	egard II.

SOIL	
------	--

Depth	Matrix	o the de		x Featu			nfirm the absence of i	nuiou(013.)		
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks		
0-10	10YR 2/1		i				Loamy/Clayey	Fine sandy loam		
10-16	2.5YR 3/2		10YR 6/8	5	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Fine sandy loam		
					·					
<u> </u>										
					·					
					·					
¹ Type: C=Co	ncentration, D=Depl	etion, RN	I=Reduced Matrix, M	IS=Masl	ked Sand	Grains.	² Location: PL	.=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.		
Hydric Soil I Histosol	ndicators:		Polyvalue Belo					r Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : xk (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)		
	ipedon (A2)		MLRA 1498		Ce (30) (I			airie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)		
Black His			Thin Dark Surf	,				cky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)		
	n Sulfide (A4)		High Chroma S				Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K			
	Layers (A5)		Loamy Mucky					Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)		
	Below Dark Surface	(A11)	Loamy Gleyed			(IX, E)		ganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)		
	rk Surface (A12)	, (, (, i, i))	X Depleted Matri		12)			: Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)		
	ucky Mineral (S1)		Redox Dark Si		-6)		Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)			
	leyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark				Red Parent Material (F21)			
	edox (S5)		Redox Depres				Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)			
	Matrix (S6)		Marl (F10) (LR	-	0)		Other (Explain in Remarks)			
	face (S7)			ιτι, Ε)						
³ Indicators of	hvdrophytic vegetat	ion and w	/etland hvdrologv mu	ust be pr	esent. un	less distu	irbed or problematic.			
	ayer (if observed):						·			
Type:										
Depth (in	ches):						Hydric Soil Present	t? Yes <u>X</u> No		
Remarks: Mapped Alluv	vial Soils									
Mapped Allu										

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: North Haven Solar C	Dne	City/County: North Haven	Sampling Date: 12/23/2021			
Applicant/Owner: Verogy		S	tate: CT Sampling Point: UPL			
Investigator(s): Eric Olson, VHB		Section, Township, Ra	nae:			
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.):	Slope Local r		Slope %: 5			
		Long: -72.83686				
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR		0				
Soil Map Unit Name: Manchester	gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slop	es NWI o	classification:			
, ,	on the site typical for this time of year?		(If no, explain in Remarks.)			
Are Vegetation X, Soil X	, or Hydrologysignificantly disturb	ed? Are "Normal Circums	stances" present? Yes No X			
Are Vegetation X, Soil X	, or Hydrologynaturally problema	tic? (If needed, explain a	ny answers in Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS -	 Attach site map showing sam 	pling point locations, tra	insects, important features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes No X	Is the Sampled Area				
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes No X	within a Wetland?	Yes No X			
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes No X	If yes, optional Wetland Site II				
HYDROLOGY						
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondar	y Indicators (minimum of two required)			
	e is required; check all that apply)		ce Soil Cracks (B6)			
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B	·	Drainage Patterns (B10)			
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		Moss Trim Lines (B16)			
Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)		Dry-Season Water Table (C2)			
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (0		Crayfish Burrows (C8)			
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres o	· · · ·	ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)			
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iro	· · ·				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in		d Soils (C6)Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3)			
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)					
Inundation Visible on Aerial In Sparsely Vegetated Concave			topographic Relief (D4) Neutral Test (D5)			
Field Observations:						
	No Y Donth (inches):					
	No X Depth (inches): No X Depth (inches):					
Saturation Present? Yes	' ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `	Wetland Hydrolog	gy Present? Yes No X			
(includes capillary fringe)						
	gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, pre	vious inspections), if available:				
· · · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· //				
Remarks:						
Remarks:						

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling	Point:	UPL

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1.)	/0 00101	opeoles	Otatus	
2.					Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)
3					Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 1 (B)
5					Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0.0% (A/B
7.					Prevalence Index worksheet:
			=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:	15)				OBL species 0 x 1 = 0
1.					FACW species 0 x 2 = 0
2.					FAC species $0 \times 3 = 0$
3.					FACU species 0 x 4 = 0
4.					UPL species 70 x 5 = 350
5.					Column Totals: 70 (A) 350 (B
6.					Prevalence Index = B/A = 5.00
7.					Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
			=Total Cover		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Zea mays		70	Yes	UPL	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2.					4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supportir
3.					data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4.					Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5.					¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6.					be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7.					Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8 9					Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10					Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
11					and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12.					Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardles:
		70	=Total Cover		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:	15)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft ir height.
2.					
3.					Hydrophytic Vegetation
4.					Vegetation Present? Yes No X
			=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here	e or on a separ	ate sheet.)			

Plot is located in an active farm field. The corn staulks were cut at their base and not present at the time of the delineation.

Profile Description: (Describe to the d	epth needed to document the indicator or co	onfirm the absence of indicators.)
Depth Matrix	Redox Features	
(inches) Color (moist) %	Color (moist) % Type ¹ Loc ²	Texture Remarks
0-16 7.5YR 3/3		Loamy/Clayey Fine sandy loam
·		
	M=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.	² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil Indicators:		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol (A1)	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R,	2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
Histic Epipedon (A2)	MLRA 149B)	Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black Histic (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA ² High Chroma Sands (S11) (LRR K, L)	149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
Stratified Layers (A5)	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Thick Dark Surface (A12)	Depleted Matrix (F3)	Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	Redox Dark Surface (F6)	Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	Red Parent Material (F21)
Sandy Redox (S5)	Redox Depressions (F8)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
Stripped Matrix (S6)	Marl (F10) (LRR K, L)	Other (Explain in Remarks)
Dark Surface (S7)		
³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and	wetland hydrology must be present, unless distu	urbed or problematic.
Restrictive Layer (if observed):		
Туре:		
Depth (inches):		Hydric Soil Present? Yes No X
Remarks:		

Soil plot located in an active, disturbed farm field.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: North Haven Solar One		City/County: North H	laven	Sampling Date: <u>12/23/2021</u>		
Applicant/Owner: Verogy		-		Sampling Point: WPL		
Investigator(s): Eric Olson, VHB		Section, To	wnship, Range:			
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Slope	Local r			Slope %: 1		
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R, MLF			-72.836011	Datum:		
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Wilbraham silt Ioan</u>		Vec. V	NWI classification			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the		Yes <u>X</u>		explain in Remarks.)		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or H				sent? Yes X No		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or H	ydrologynaturally problemat	tic? (If needed	d, explain any answers i	in Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Atta	ch site map showing sam	pling point loca	tions, transects, in	mportant features, etc.		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X No	Is the Sampled A	rea			
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X No	within a Wetland		No		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X No	lf yes, optional We	etland Site ID: Wetland	d 3 - Wet Plot		
HYDROLOGY						
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:				(minimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is re	· · · ·		Surface Soil Crack	. ,		
X Surface Water (A1)	X Water-Stained Leaves (B	(9)	X Drainage Patterns (B10)			
X High Water Table (A2) X Saturation (A3)	Aquatic Fauna (B13) Marl Deposits (B15)		X Moss Trim Lines (B16)			
X Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (0	21)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Crayfish Burrows (C8)			
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres o					
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iro	e ()				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in	Tilled Soils (C6)				
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)			
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery	(B7) Other (Explain in Remark	(s)				
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surfac	e (B8)		X FAC-Neutral Test	(D5)		
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes X						
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches):	 0 Wetlan				
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches):		d Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>X</u> No		
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge,	monitoring well, aerial photos, pre-	vious inspections), if	available:			
(33,	5 / 1 /1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Remarks:						

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: WPL

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Acer rubrum	70	Yes	FAC	
2. Quercus bicolor	30	Yes	FACW	Number of Dominant SpeciesThat Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:5(A)
3.			17.077	
				Total Number of DominantSpecies Across All Strata:5(B)
5.				
6.				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0% (A/B
7.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
	100	=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species $0 x 1 = 0$
1. Lindera benzoin	15	Yes	FACW	FACW species 65 x 2 = 130
2.				FAC species 80 x 3 = 240
3.				FACU species $0 x 4 = 0$
4.				UPL species 0 x 5 = 0
5.				Column Totals: 145 (A) 370 (B
6.				Prevalence Index = $B/A = 2.55$
7.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
	15	=Total Cover		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: 5)				X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Onoclea sensibilis	20	Yes	FACW	X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2				4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supportir
2				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4.				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5.				
6.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7.				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8.				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diamete
9.				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10.				Semling /should Manada plants loss than 2 in DDU
11.				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12.				
	20	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardles: of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15)				
1. Toxicodendron radicans	10	Yes	FAC	Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft ir height.
2.				
3.				Hydrophytic Vegetation
4.				Vegetation Present? Yes X No
	10	=Total Cover		
Pomarka: (Include photo numbers here or on a separ	ata abaat)			·

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Depth	Matrix		Redo	x Featur	es					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Rema	rks	
0-8	2.5YR 2.5/2						Loamy/Clayey	Fine sand	y loam	
8-14	10YR 2/1		2.5YR 4/4	40	С	Μ	Loamy/Clayey	Fine sand	y loam	
¹ Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Deple	etion, RM	Reduced Matrix, N	IS=Mask	ed Sand	Grains.	² Location: PL=	Pore Lining, M=Ma	ıtrix.	
Restrictive Layer (if observed):			Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 14 High Chroma Sands (S11) (LRR K, L) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) X Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8) Marl (F10) (LRR K, L)				Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 1498 Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 1498 Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) Other (Explain in Remarks)			
Type: Depth (i	nches):						Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X	No	
	rm is revised from Nor 2015 Errata. (http://w						2.0 to include the NRCS F p2_051293.docx)	Field Indicators of H		

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: North Haven Sola	ar One	City/County: North Haven	Sampling Date: 12/23/2021						
Applicant/Owner: Verogy			e: CT Sampling Point: UPL						
Investigator(s): Eric Olson, VHE	3	Section, Township, Range	a						
	Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Slope Local relief (concave, convex, none): Slope %: 5								
	RR R, MLRA 145 Lat: 41.377186	Long: <u>-72.836680</u>	Datum:						
Soil Map Unit Name: Cheshire-	-Holyoke complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes,	very rocky NWI clas	ssification:						
Are climatic / hydrologic conditio	ons on the site typical for this time of year?	Yes X No	(If no, explain in Remarks.)						
Are Vegetation X, Soil X	X, or Hydrologysignificantly distur	bed? Are "Normal Circumsta	nces" present? Yes No X						
Are Vegetation X, Soil X	X, or Hydrologynaturally problema	atic? (If needed, explain any	answers in Remarks.)						
SUMMARY OF FINDING	S – Attach site map showing sam	pling point locations, trans	sects, important features, etc.						
Hydrophytic Vegetation Presen	it? Yes No X	Is the Sampled Area							
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes No X	-	es No X						
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes No X	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:							
HYDROLOGY									
Wetland Hydrology Indicators	5:	Secondary In	ndicators (minimum of two required)						
Primary Indicators (minimum of	f one is required; check all that apply)	Surface	Soil Cracks (B6)						
Surface Water (A1)	e Patterns (B10)								
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		m Lines (B16)						
Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)		son Water Table (C2)						
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres Presence of Reduced In	on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)							
Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in								
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)								
Inundation Visible on Aeria									
Sparsely Vegetated Conca			utral Test (D5)						
Field Observations:	(-)								
	/es No X Depth (inches):								
	/es No X Depth (inches):								
Saturation Present? Y	res No X Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology	Present? Yes No X						
(includes capillary fringe)									
	um gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, pre	evious inspections), if available:							

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling	Point:	UPL

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1.	70 0000	Opecies	Olalus	
2.				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 1 (B)
5.				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0.0% (A/B
6 7				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0.0% (A/B Prevalence Index worksheet:
1.		=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot size: 15)				$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
				FACW species 0 $x^{2} = 0$
2				
2				
3				
4				UPL species 70 x 5 = 350
5				Column Totals: 70 (A) 350 (B
6				Prevalence Index = B/A = 5.00
7				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		=Total Cover		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Zea mays	70	Yes	UPL	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2				4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supportir data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
3 4				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8 9.				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10 11.				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12.				
	70	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardles: of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>15</u>) 1				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft ir height.
2 3				Hydrophytic Vegetation
4.				Present? Yes No X
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	rate sheet.)			

Plot is located in an active farm field. The corn staulks were cut at their base and not present at the time of the delineation.

Profile Descri	iption: (Describe t	o the dept	th needed to docu	ment th	e indicat	or or co	nfirm the absence o	of indicate	ors.)		
Depth	Matrix			<pre>< Featur</pre>							
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture		Remar	ks	
0-14	7.5YR 3/3						Loamy/Clayey		Fine sandy	/ loam	
		·									
·											
· ·		<u> </u>									
·											
				_							
·											
¹ Type: C=Con	centration, D=Deple	etion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, M	S=Mask	ked Sand	Grains.	² Location:	PL=Pore	Lining, M=Ma	trix.	
Hydric Soil In		*	,						lematic Hydri		
Histosol (A	A1)		Polyvalue Belov	w Surfa	ce (S8) (I	.RR R,	2 cm N	/luck (A10) (LRR K, L, M	ILRA 14	9B)
Histic Epip	oedon (A2)	-	MLRA 149B)				Coast	Prairie Re	edox (A16) (LF	R K, L, I	R)
Black Hist	ic (A3)		Thin Dark Surfa	ice (S9)	(LRR R,	MLRA 1	49B) 5 cm N	/lucky Pea	at or Peat (S3)	(LRR K,	L, R)
Hydrogen	Sulfide (A4)	-	High Chroma S	ands (S	511) (LRF	R K, L)	Polyva	lue Below	v Surface (S8)	(LRR K,	L)
Stratified L	_ayers (A5)	-	Loamy Mucky M	/lineral	(F1) (LRF	R K, L)	Thin D	ark Surfac	ce (S9) (LRR	K, L)	
Depleted I	Below Dark Surface	(A11)	Loamy Gleyed	Matrix (F2)		Iron-M	anganese	Masses (F12) (LRR K	, L, R)
Thick Dark	k Surface (A12)	-	Depleted Matrix	(F3)			Piedm	ont Flood	olain Soils (F1	9) (MLR /	4 149B)
Sandy Mu	cky Mineral (S1)	-	Redox Dark Su	rface (F	6)		Mesic	Spodic (T	A6) (MLRA 1 4	44A, 145	, 149B)
Sandy Gle	eyed Matrix (S4)	-	Depleted Dark	Surface	(F7)		Red Pa	arent Mate	erial (F21)		
Sandy Re	dox (S5)	-	Redox Depress	ions (F8	3)		Very S	hallow Da	ark Surface (F2	22)	
Stripped M	/atrix (S6)	-	Marl (F10) (LRI	R K, L)			Other	(Explain ir	n Remarks)		
Dark Surfa	ace (S7)	-									
³ Indicators of h	nydrophytic vegetatio	on and we	tland hydrology mus	st be pre	esent, un	less distu	Irbed or problematic.				
	ayer (if observed):		, , ,		,						
Type:											
Depth (inc	:hes):						Hydric Soil Pres	ent?	Yes	No	X
Remarks:							1				

Soil plot located in an active, disturbed farm field.